October 23, 1956

Mr. Tom Ludwig
2227 Whittle Springs Road
Knoxville, Tennessee

Dear Tom:

Your Community Looks At Itself

has been out of print for nearly two years. It is still a good thing though. I can send you for nothing four or five copies of the Greenville, South Carolina Survey, and do.

Otherwise, you will just have to make up your own questions, or shape them around some surviving copy of our pamphlet.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Pamphlets under separate cover.

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter

NL = Night Letter

LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

AA36 CTA241

1341. 22 PM 1 12

TO ATLANTA

CT KHC027 PD=KNOXVILLE TENN 22 1206P=

:DR GEORGE MITCHELL=

:THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL 63 AUBURN AVE NE ATLA=

=PLEASE MAIL ME 10 COPIES OF YOUR COMMUNITY LOOKS AT ITSELF AND INVOICE ME=

:TOM LUDWIG 2227 WHITTLE SPRINGS ROAD=

[do not have any more. T.C.]

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

Air mail

December 20, 1956

Reverend Edward A. Sheridan, S. J.
114 Mount Street
London W. 1, England

Dear Father Sheridan:

I have word today from Hodding Carter, asking for things to be sent you. And they come along, by air, separately.

Doubtless you will have within reach the files of the magazine Social Order, done at St. Louis University in Missouri. Father Bernard there has given much attention to matters of race relations, and is always wise and informed. Another thoughtful man is Father Foley, at Spring Hill College, Mobile, Alabama. His various books would be good for background, but there may be references to some of his more topical writings. Father Fichter at Loyola, in New Orleans, is greatly to be trusted in these matters. And we all esteem Father Twomey, also at Loyola. These are all Jesuit priests, and their writing should be accessible.

Of course the great man is LaFarge, and your files will turn him up on every page!

An able group in Chicago publish the magazine Community. 4223 South Indiana Avenue, Chicago 15, Illinois. This was formerly the Catholic Interracialist, and is published in the interest of the Friendship House movement. Excellent facts in the Interracial Review which George Hunton gets out for Father LaFarge, from 20 Vesey Street, New York 7, New York.

If we can clear up some points let us know; and we can be prompt!

I don't know whether you can turn up in London a file of a newish journal: Race Relations Law Reporter, published at Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tennessee. Authoritative on court decisions and on the (often silly) Southern state efforts at evasion. Lacking that you would be assisted by States' Laws on Race and Color by Pauli Murray, published by the Woman's Division of Christian Service of the Methodist Church, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York City in 1950.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

February 15, 1957

Mrs. Dorothy I. Andrews
Editor, OUR LITTLE MESSENGER
38 West Fifth Street
Dayton 2, Ohio

Dear Mrs. Andrews:

In answer to your letter of February 12, 1957, concerning the poem "The Teacher", as far as the Southern Regional Council is concerned you have permission to print the poem. However the usual proceedure in reprinting things of this nature is to obtain permission from the original source. As you will note from the pamphlet "Singers In The Dawn", the poems were taken from publications by three different publishers which are listed in the front of the pamphlet. I do not know which one of these "The Teacher" came from, but I suggest you write to the publishers listed to determine which one published this work originally and ask their permission for reprint.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:fc

RECEIVED FEB 14 1957

Geo. A. Pflaum, PUBLISHER, INC., 38 WEST FIFTH STREET, DAYTON 2, OHIO

February 12, 1957

Conference on Education and Race Relations
710 Standard Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

A poem "The Teacher" by Leslie Pinshey Hill came to my attention recently. It was listed as appearing in SINGERS IN THE DAWN. I am interested in obtaining permission to use it in a Teacher's Study Guide that accompany OUR LITTLE MESSENGER, a periodical for grades one, two, and three.

The following is the poem. May I have permission to use it?

The Teacher

Lord, who am I to teach the way
To little children day by day
So prone myself to go astray?

I teach them knowledge but I know
How faint they flicker and how low
The candles of my knowledge glow.

I teach them power to will and do
But only now to learn anew
My own great weakness thru and thru.

I teach them love for all mankind
And all God's creatures but I find
My love comes lagging far behind.

Lord, if their guide I still must be
Oh, let the little children see
The teacher leaning hard on Thee.

Sincerely yours,
Dorothy I. Andrews

Dorothy I. Andrews

Editor,
OUR LITTLE MESSENGER

DIA:gr

Geo. A. Pflaum, PUBLISHER, INC., 38 WEST FIFTH STREET, DAYTON 2, OHIO

February 19, 1957

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Thank you for your prompt reply to our inquiry about reprinting the poem "The Teacher." However, we did not see the poem in SINGERS IN THE DAWN. We saw only a mimeographed sheet with the poem and giving SINGERS IN THE DAWN as the source. Could you send us a copy of the pamphlet or a list of the original publishers of the material used in SINGERS IN THE DAWN so that we may write for permission?

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Dorothy I. Andrews gr

Dorothy I. Andrews

Editor,
OUR LITTLE MESSENGER

DIA:gr

Sent 2/20/57
fc

February 19, 1957

Miss Margaret C. McCulloch
Executive Secretary
Integration Service, Inc.
835 Walker Avenue
Memphis 6, Tennessee

Dear Miss McCulloch:

We are mailing to you, under separate cover, sample copies of several pamphlets we are distributing. Price is marked on each pamphlet. These pamphlets will be available for your proposed conference on consignment if you wish any of them.

Only one sample copy of New South is enclosed. Others are available on request.

I am very sorry, but we do not have much free material for distribution at this time.

Please let me know if I can be of help to you in selecting conference material.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:mm

MAILED:

Pro-Segregation Groups in the South
The South and the Supreme Court Decision
What the Supreme Court Said
Next Steps in the South
Changing Patterns in the New South

New South, February, 1956
What's Happening in School Integration
Three Views of the Segregation Decision

JC

INTEGRATION SERVICE, INC.
835 Walker Avenue
Memphis 6, Tenn.

February 11, 1957

Dear Sir:

At the end of March or in early April there will be an important local race relations conference in Memphis for which Integration Service has been requested to prepare an exhibit of materials. We have been asked to include reference and display materials and some free materials for distribution.

The Conference is a second annual conference sponsored by a local Negro college. It is well planned and will be invitational limited to 100-150 persons all of them leaders in some phase of community life. There will be three major discussion groups focussed on local race relations in employment, public school education and church positions and activities.

Do you have any suitable free materials which you could make available to us for free distribution at this time?--If so, we should be glad to have anywhere from 50 to 100 copies of each.

Would you be willing to send us some copies of inexpensive, suitable materials on consignment, say 50 copies each of items not over $.25 each?--If so, please send description and cost of items you would suggest. Do not send the materials themselves unless we order after seeing the descriptions.

Very truly yours,

INTEGRATION SERVICE INCORPORATED

Margaret C. McCulloch

Margaret C. McCulloch
Executive Secretary

57

March 6, 1967

Mr. Aubrey N. Brown, Editor
The Presbyterian Outlook
1 North Sixth Street
Richmond 19, Virginia

Dear Mr. Brown:

Your letters to Mr. Harold Fleming and to Dr. George Mitchell have been passed on to me to answer, and I am sending you some material which I hope will be helpful.

Under separate cover, we are mailing you copies of published cases of economic pressure or threats concerning desegregation during 1955-56. We would be able to furnish more details concerning most of these incidents should you desire them.

It is a little difficult to send you examples of encouraging situations without knowing the type of incidents you are interested in. However, included in the packet are several leaflets and publications which may give you some ideas. Included are two copies of our magazine, New South, which concerns religious aspects of the de-segregation controversy. Also included is an informational folder concerning a book, Integration North and South, which contains many encouraging instances in the de-segregation controversy. This may be obtained from Meridian Books or from our office.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:fc

JC

The Presbyterian Outlook

AUBREY N. BROWN, Editor
ERNEST TRICE THOMPSON, Co-editor
JAMES S. BROWN, Business Manager

1 NORTH SIXTH STREET • RICHMOND 19, VIRGINIA

March 4, 1957

RECEIVED MAR 6 1957

Mr. Harold Fleming
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming,

I am trying to collect some information about the development in the south in regard to desegregation of the schools and related movements and I wonder if you or someone in your office could help me at one point. What I should like to have would be two or three situations that you regard as encouraging in this effort and two or three situations that seem to you to give evidence of pressures at work in an unwholesome way toward individuals or groups that have taken a stand for desegregation.

If you can let me have any such information during this week I shall be deeply grateful to you.

Faithfully yours,

Aubrey N. Brown

ANB/dk

March 7, 1957

Mrs. Sally Eckell,
Jewish Community Relations Council,
260 S. 15th Street,
Philadelphia 2, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Eckell:

We have your request of March 7 for 20 copies of "The People Take the Lead" and "Pro-Segregation Groups in the South".

The Clearing House is completely out of both these publications. I am, however, referring your request to the publishing agencies, American Jewish Committee and Southern Regional Council and am sure that they will send the publications to you if they are able.

Sincerely yours,

Mary Alice Baldinger,
Executive Director

MAB/IZ

Mr. Harold Fleming,
Southern Regional Council,
63 S. Auburn Ave
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Harold:

Can you let her have the copies she asked for, as above?

Sincerely,
Mary Alice

March 14, 1957

Mrs. Sally Eckell,
Jewish Community Relations Council,
260 South 15th Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennyslvania

Dear Mrs. Eckell:

Mrs. Mary Alice Baldinger of the National Civil Liberties Clearing House has written to us concerning your request for copies of "Pro-Segregation Groups in the South." We are mailing you under separate cover copies of this report.

Cost for this is 5¢ per copy plus postage. A bill is enclosed.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

Tuesday

March 8, 1957

Miss Emma Kate Fisk
San Francisco Laboratories, Inc.
Suite 816 De Young Bldg.
690 Market Street
San Francisco 4, Calif.

Dear Miss Fisk:

We are mailing you under separate cover a copy of NEXT STEPS IN THE SOUTH, a copy of the latest issue of our monthly publication NEW SOUTH, and some description slips concerning other publications. We are very pleased at your interest in the Council and in the South. Enclosed is a descriptive folder concerning the Council.

As to Asa Carter, I do not know which phase of his career you read about in your local newspaper; but the latest is that he has been charged with assault with intent to murder in the connection with the shooting of two members of the Ku Klux Klan. He also has qualified to run as a candidate for the police commission of Birmingham.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write us. Again thanks.

Sincerely,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:fc
Encl.

SAN FRANCISCO LABORATORIES, Inc.

"ESTABLISHED 1915"

SUITE 816 DE YOUNG BLDG.
690 MARKET STREET

HOURS: 9 A. M. TO 7 P. M.
SATURDAY: 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.
PHONE DOUGLAS 4926

SAN FRANCISCO 4, CALIFORNIA

3-4-57

Rec'd

[redacted]D MAR 8 1957

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Will you please send me a copy of your booklet NEXT STEPS IN THE SOUTH? It was mentioned in the CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR. Do you have any monthly publications? I believe I heard Mr. Fleming on T.V. last year and it was very informative. I have been away from the South since 1925 and I am trying to understand their viewpoint.

Yours very truly,

Emma Kate Fisk

P.S. What did happen to Asa Carter? The newspapers here start the most interesting stories and then leave us high and dry.

DELIVERED MAR 8 1957

BILLED MAR 8 1957

Next steps
Feb NS
descriptive clips

File

Integration Service, Inc.
835 Walker Avenue
Memphis, Tennessee

March 8, 1957

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Thank you very much for the sample packet of materials.

We will use these for display at the Conference.

Last year's experience did not encourage us to take materials on consignment. Very few were sold and the handling by a small outfit was involved and relatively expensive.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Margaret C. McCulloch

Margaret C. McCulloch

March 15, 1957

Miss Barbara Koesy
3441 N.W. 16th Terrace
Miami, Florida

Dear Miss Koesy:

The pamphlet you ordered, "Unity Begins at Home," is not published by our Organization.

Enclosed is a descriptive folder of the Southern Regional Council and five of the publications we distribute.

If we can be of any help to you, please don't hesitate to write.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

enclosures:

3441 N.W. 16 Terr.,
Miami, Fla.

Dear Sirs:

I am a beginning teacher at Miami Edison Senior High School in Civics and Geography.

Would you please send me your publications?

Unity Begins at Home

Yours sincerely,

Barbara Koesy

April 3, 1957

Mr. P. A. Edwards
Office of Dean-Registrar
Morristown College
Morristown, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Edwards:

In answer to your letter of March 29, 1957 concerning, The Negro Potential, we had a small quantity of this book for distribution but we are unable to supply this book for general distribution.

The book is published by the Columbia University Press in New York. The price is $3.00. If you cannot get a copy in your local bookstore, I am certain that Columbia Press will mail you a copy.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

Morristown College

MORRISTOWN, TENNESSEE

OFFICE OF DEAN - REGISTRAR

March 29, 1957

P. A. EDWARDS

Southern Regional Council
62 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Please send me a copy of "The Negro Potential" by Ginzberg from the Columbia University Press. It is my understanding that you have them for distribution. I will be glad to pay the regular price. If you do not have them on hand please refer this letter to the proper place.

Yours truly,

P.A. Edwards

P. A. Edwards

PAE/alm

RACE RELATIONS DEPARTMENT
AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION DIVISION
BOARD OF HOME MISSIONS, CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES
FISK UNIVERSITY OFFICE
NASHVILLE 8, TENNESSEE

HERMAN H. LONG, DIRECTOR

Sent
6/25/57
JC

June 18, 1957

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

It was very good of you to write me some time ago about the availability of materials of the Southern Regional Council for our Race Relations Institute. You sent also a packet of materials for me to see. Many of these pamphlets and booklets we already have on file, inasmuch as in previous years we have used some of them in quantity.

At the present time I am writing to ask if it is possible for us to receive as many as 150 copies of the mimeographed report entitled "Summary of Recent Segregation Laws." You indicated that this would probably be brought up to date by June 15th of this year and therefore might be available for the Institute. If you have a supply on hand, please send them ahead and bill us for whatever costs are involved. I realize that even mimeographed materials do require the investment of resources of an agency.

With best of wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Herman

Herman H. Long

HHL/DM

June 27, 1957

Mrs. Mary F. Floyd
305 N. Greenwood Street
LaGrange, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Floyd:

Thank you for your request for materials. We are sending you, under separate cover, a collection of materials from the Southern Regional Council. The ladies in your group may secure this entire collection at one dollar per packet or they may secure individual pieces at the price listed on the covers.

If you are interested in any of this material, please write to me. We will appreciate any promotion you may give this material.

With best wishes for your workshop,

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

June 27, 1957

Mr. Henno Cronje
Union Theological Seminary
600 West 122nd Street
New York 27, New York

Dear Mr. Cronje:

Enclosed is a copy of the manuscript I promised to send you. This is only one chapter of a proposed book by the John Dewey Society. As you can see the manuscript is still in rough form, but maybe it will help you some.

Please let me know how your book is progressing from time to time.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

July 8, 1957

Miss Lorraine D. Piggott
Lexington Conference
Woman's Society of Christian Service
School of Missions
Kentucky State College
Frankfort, Kentucky

Dear Miss Piggott:

Thank you for your letter of July 4, concerning material from Southern Regional Council. I am sorry but we have very little free material for distribution at this time. The only free publication in quantity we have is, "Desegregation in the Baltimore City Schools." I am enclosing a copy under separate cover for your information. Should you desire quantity copies of this, please let me know.

Also I am sending under separate cover a sample packet of our material. This material may be secured at one dollar per packet or individual items may be secured at the price marked on the cover. If you can use any of this material, please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Packet mailed 7/8/57

Lexington Conference
Woman's Society of Christian Service
of
The Methodist Church

RECEIVED JUL 6 1957

5514 South Ellis Ave
Chicago 37, Ill.
July 4, 1957

Dear sir:

I shall be conducting a clinic on Christian Social Relations at the School of Missions of the Lexington Conference. Is there a possibility of securing some free literature from your organization? We have heard of your work and I was privileged to meet your former executive secy. Mr. Mitchell. We would appreciate any material you would send. We shall have in attendance women from Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Minnesota, Michigan, Kentucky. I shall need approximately 250 copies for use at the workshop and district conferences. If this is possible would you send them to me at the seat of the conference. Thank you for your consideration.

Yours sincerely,

(Miss) Lorraine D. Piggott
Lexington Conference
Woman's Society of Christian Service
School of Missions
Kentucky State College
Frankfort, Kentucky

Conference date
July 12th thru July17th

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1001 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N. W.
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

TELEPHONE DISTRICT 7-1717

July 9, 1957

Dear Miss Irving:

Many thanks for sending me a copy of your report on Negro Voter Registration. This kind of study is extremely valuable to us, and I very appreciate your having made it available to me.

I will be looking forward with interest to seeing copies of any further work the Council does in this or related fields. If there is any way in which we may be of help to you, please don't hesitate to call on me.

Sincerely yours,

William B. Welsh
Research Division

Miss Florence B. Irving
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

July 22, 1957

Mr. C. W. Hall
1401 Wooldridge Drive
Austin 3, Texas

Dear Mr. Hall:

Yes you may secure copies of "Three Views of the Segregation Decisions" and the November issue of "New South." "Three Views of the Segregation Decisions" sell for ten cents per copy and "New South" for twenty cents per copy. We have other pamphlets which might interest you but it is difficult to suggest material without knowing just what aspect of the desegregation question you plan to emphasize. Two other pamphlets I would suggest are "Next Steps in the South--Answers to Current Questions" and "What the Supreme Court Said" a pamphlet written by Professor Robert Leflar. Our publication "New South" deals with a variety of subjects concerning desegregation. One which may interest you is the May 1957 issue with the article by Dr. Charles Fairman "The Attack on the Segregation Cases." The additional pamphlets mentioned sell for twenty cents each except for "What the South Said" which sells for ten cents a copy.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

1401 Wooldridge Drive,
Austin 3, Texas,
July 18, 1957.

Southern Regional Council,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs:-

In view of the fact that I am scheduled to teach a course for one of our Methodist groups in the near future I am eager to secure the best material available on the problem of desegregation. I have read with appreciation "Three Views of the Segregation Decisions," also the November number of New South. Can I secure three copies of each of these within the next two weeks, and if so at what price?

Thanks for an early reply.

Yours sincerely,

C. W. Hall

C. W. Hall.

P. S. Have you other pertinent material which I could use with advantage?

July 23, 1957

Mr. A. J. Myers
U. S. News and World Report
24th and "M" Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Myers:

Pursuant to your request by telephone with Mr. Paul Anthony, we are sending you, under separate cover, some material concerning migration of Negroes. Actually we have very little of this kind of material on hand. I have been told of a person here in Atlanta who is doing an extensive study concerning this, but he is out of the city and will not return until August 1st. I shall contact him then and let you know what is available from this source.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

July 26, 1957

Miss Marilyn Schwartz
916 Carroll Street
Brooklyn 25, New York

Dear Miss Schwartz:

Your letter of July 21, 1957, concerning voting material has been referred to me. I am mailing you a copy of recent voting material prepared by the Southern Regional Council. We expect to publish a more extensive survey concerning the voting figures in a few weeks. The material is now at the printers. I will be glad to mail you a copy as soon as it is off the press.

There is no cost for the material mailed now and the published report should not cost more than twenty-five cents.

We do not have very much material on white voters, but I am sure you will not have too much trouble getting this type of material.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls. (2)

RECEIVED JUL 24 1957

916 Carroll Street
Brooklyn 25, N.Y.
July 21, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Conference
63 Auburn Avenue NE
Atlanta 3, Ga.

JC - Please handle.
HCF

My dear Mr. Fleming:

I was instructed to write to you by members of Senator Paul Douglas' staff. I am interested in procuring the data he used in his speech on the floor of the Senate and any additional information prepared by your organization on Negro voting (also white voting statistics if you have them). This is in preparation for a thesis I am doing on Civil Rights for Vassar College.

I should appreciate it if you would please forward this material to me at your convenience. If there is any fee involved I shall be glad to send it to you.

Thank you for your attention.

Sincerely yours,
Marilyn Schwartz

July 29, 1957

Government Printing Office
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

Please send us three copies of the Congressional Record for July 26, 1957. Bill us for cost.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

July 29, 1957

Mr. A. P. Tureaud
Encampment for Citizenship
Fieldston School
Fieldston Road
New York 71, New York

Dear Mr. Tureaud:

In accordance with your request of July 28, we are mailing you, under separate cover, copies of the informational brochure concerning the Southern Regional Council. Should you require additional information please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-rate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

WESTERN UNION

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1220

SYMBOLS

DL=Day Letter

NL=Night Letter

LT=Int'l Letter Telegram

VLT=Int'l Victory Ltr.

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

1966 JUL 29 AM 11 08

AA60

A KPA026 (A RNA005) (NP068) NL PD AR=NEW YORK NY JULY 28=

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNTIL=

63 AUBURN AVE ROOM 432 RN ATLA=

IN PREPARATION OF DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION IN CIVIL RIGHTS AND HUMAN RELATION DEALS FOR USE OF STUDENTS AT THE ENCAMPMENT FOR CITIZENSHIP, A SIX WEEKS INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG ADULTS, I REQUEST THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION EXACT NAME OF ORGANIZATION, ADDRESS, PURPOSE AND PROGRAM, RESOURCES (FILM, LITERATURE, SPEAKERS AND ACTIVITIES), STATE OR REGIONAL OFFICES. WE ARE REQUESTING THIS INFORMATION SO THAT YOUNG ADULTS HERE WILL HAVE ACCESS TO ORGANIZATIONS NATIONAL REGIONAL AND LOCAL FOR MORE ACTIVE CITIZEN PARTICIPATION. A SPEEDY REPLY WOULD BE GREATLY APPRECIATED=

A P TUREAUD ENCAMPMENT FOR CITIZENSHIP FIELDSTON SCHOOL FIELDSTON ROAD NEW YORK 71 NY=

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

July 31, 1957

Miss Sheila Kelley
Senator Javits Office
Room 311, Senate Office Building
Washington, D. C.

Dear Miss Kelley:

Enclosed is the material I promised you. The lawyer mentioned in the Columbus paper is Mr. Daniel Duke, Volunteer Building, Atlanta, Georgia. The telephone number is Jackson 3-7404.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lcc
Encls.

August 9, 1957

Mr. Philip L. Stone
Box 167
Mount Ayr, Iowa

Dear Mr. Stone:

Since Katherine Stoney is no longer with the Southern Regional Council, your letter of August 3, has been given to me to answer. I am mailing you some informational material concerning the Council, and I hope this will give you what you want. If we can be of additional help please do not hesitate to call on us.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Encls.: Toward the South of the Future
History and Aims of SRC

RECEIVED AUG 8 1957

Mount Ayr, Iowa
August 3, 1957

Miss Katherine Stoney, Sec.
Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Miss Stoney:

I am interested in obtaining information of the Southern Regional Council. I am interested largely in facts which could be turned into written form.

If you have any such information I would appreciate it if you would send it to me.

Yours sincerely,

Philip L. Stone
Box 167
Mount Ayr, Iowa

August 14, 1957

Mr. Paul Saasz
721 Kenwood Parkway
Minneapolis, Minnesota

Dear Paul:

Enclosed is a copy of our preliminary voting study which I promised you. It has caused quite a flurry across the nation since it was used by some senators in the civil rights debate.

Emory was sorry that he missed you the day you were by the office.

I hope things go well with you in your plans for future study, and I am sorry that I didn't get to know you better before you left Atlanta. Please send me your address when you reach Germany and I will try to drop you a line from time to time to keep you abreast of things on the southern front.

With very best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lcc

Encl.: (The Negro Voter In The South)

September 16, 1957

Mr. Bernadine McKenna
Acquisitions Department
The Library
The John Hopkins University
Baltimore 18, Maryland

Dear Mr. McKenna:

Thank you for your letter of September 11, requesting material of the Southern Regional Council. Yes we can put you down for a standing order for our material if you so desire. I would suggest that you subscribe to our monthly publication NEW SOUTH, a copy of which is enclosed. Some back issues of this magazine are available and will be sent on request.

Would your organization be interested in our special reports we put out from time to time? These reports are not printed but are mimeographed in quantity.

Again thanks and please let me know if I can be of additional help to you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

THE LIBRARY
THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY
BALTIMORE 18, MARYLAND

SEPTEMBER 11, 1957

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 AUBURN AVENUE
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

DEAR SIR,

FIRST OF ALL WE WOULD LIKE TO THANK YOU FOR YOU PROMPTNESS IN FILLING OUR REQUEST FOR A LIST OF YOUR PUBLICATIONS.

AS WE ARE VERY MUCH INTERESTED IN FILLING IN OUR HOLDINGS OF YOUR PUBLICATIONS, WE SHOULD LIKE TO KNOW WHETHER IT WOULD BE POSSIBLE TO PLACE A STANDING ORDER WITH YOU FOR PUBLICATIONS APPEARING AFTER A CERTAIN DATE. IF SO, WE COULD THEN LIMIT OURSELVES TO THE TASK OF CHECKING OUR COLLECTION FOR PAST PUBLICATIONS.

WE HOPE THAT YOU WILL BE ABLE TO ACCEPT A STANDING ORDER FROM US. PLEASE ADVISE US AS TO YOUR POLICY IN THIS MATTER AT YOUR EARLY CONVENIENCE.

SINCERELY,

Bernardine McKenna

BERNARDINE MC KENNA
ACQUISITIONS DEPT.

October 14, 1957

Miss Willie Lee Blackwell
Saint Augustine's College
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Miss Blackwell:

The Urban South [redacted] is by Rupert B. Vance and Nicholas J. Demerath and is published by the University of North Carolina Press. Your college Library should have a copy of this, but if not you might be able to obtain a copy from the city library in Raleigh.

I do hope this is some help to you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Saint Augustine's College
Raleigh, North Carolina

October 12, 1957

Mr. John Constable,
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Thank you so much for your kind letter and the booklet which you sent me not too long ago. Also the suggestions concerning the securing of other information were very much appreciated.

Mr. Constable, please inform me as to how I may be able to obtain the Urban South which you mentioned in your letter.

Thank you again for the information and I shall look forward to hearing from you.

Yours truly,

Willie Blackwell

Willie Lee Blackwell

MEMBER
UNITED NEGRO COLLEGE FUND

November 4, 1957

Miss Jean W. Scherr
Technical Service Librarian
Ball State Teachers College
Muncie, Indiana

Dear Miss Scherr:

No we do not have the title, "A Factbook on Higher Education in the South" in our list of publications.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

STATE OF INDIANA
BALL STATE TEACHERS COLLEGE
MUNCIE

THE LIBRARY

October 28, 1957

Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We should like to inquire if you have available for purchase the title listed below.

This is not an order but merely a request for information since all orders must be directed through our Business Office.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Very truly yours,

Jean W. Scherr

Jean W. Scherr
Technical Service Librarian

JWS:mm

Folger, John K. A factbook on higher education in the South.

November 20, 1957

Mr. J. M. Ellis
Attorney At Law
Oak Hill, West Virginia

Dear Mr. Ellis:

Thank you very much for your letter of November 18. We are mailing you, under separate cover, the six copies of America's Tenth Man as you requested.

I am sorry but we do not have copies of the two books you mentioned, and the book Understanding Our Neighbors is out of print.

However, if we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

J. M. ELLIS
ATTORNEY AT LAW
PHONE 257
OAK HILL, WEST VIRGINIA

RECEIVED NOV 20 1957

November 18th 1957

Southern Regional Council Inc.
Atlanta Ga.
63 Auburn Avenue N. E.

Thank you very much for 6 copies of Tenth Man. I am sending you check for$1.20 you will please send me 6 more copies.

We are having a stiff fight over the School question here I told an audiance what the Neggro had done in the past and what could be expected in the future if The Negro is given a chance. . Severy wanted to know where I got the informarion I told them I was asked to get a copy for some of them. .

I had a friend who served in the Legislature of West Virginia 1903. He wrote a book THE NEGRO AND THE SUNNY SOUTH " By Samuel Creed Cross,if you can get a copy of this book let me know.

I would also like to have a book MY UOUNG MASTER AND ANOTHER BROTHER GARDNER AND THE LIME KILL CLUB.

You will please send me 2 copies "UNDERSTANDING OUR NEIGHBORS.

Yours most hopefully.

J*M*E-
Ked-

J.M.Ellis

J M Ellis

Pub.

December 2, 1957

Mrs. Ruth E. Graham
453 West 164th Street
New York 32, New York

Dear Mrs. Graham:

We do not have a recent edition of America's Tenth Man. A fairly large illustrated book by that title was published recently by Twayne Publishers, Incorporated, 31 Union Square, West, New York 3, New York. The New York library should have a copy of this publication. The librarian there also probably can suggest other material for your use.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

RECEIVED DEC - 2 1957

Mrs. Ruth E. Graham
453 West 164th St.
New York 32, N. Y.

I am very interested to find out if you have any recent copies of America's Tenth Man or on a brief Survey of the Negro's part in American History. How much are they. Thank you for your kindness in this matter.

Sincerely yours
Mrs. Graham

Enclosures:
The South Of Promise
Congressional Record (Paul Douglas)
Special Report(Organization and Personnel in Human Relations)
NEW SOUTH (October and November)

December 12, 1957

Mr. James L. Wiggins
Associate Pastor
Spurgeon Methodist Church
1025 W. Memory Lane
Santa Ana, California

Dear Mr. Wiggins:

It certainly was a pleasant surprise to hear from you in this morning's mail. We here at the Council remember Mrs. Wiggins' difficulties in Gwinnett County last year, and we are pleased to know that things seem to be going well with the both of you now.

Enclosed is a Special Report which includes the names of persons and agencies engaged in Human Relations activities in the South. These groups are all dedicated to furthering desegregation progress. Although the major emphasis of some of these groups is not desegregation, all of them include this type of planning in their over all program. Also included are several brochures on the Council's work and several copies of NEW SOUTH.

If we can be of additional help in this or any other matters, please do not hesitate to write us.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Encls.

Spurgeon Methodist Church
1025 W. Memory Lane
Santa Ana, California

Mr. John Constable
The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

I am doing a study at the Southern California School of Theology on the racial problems of the South. The phase which I am covering relates to those individuals or agencies which seek to bring about social change through integration in the schools.

I wonder if you would be able to provide some help in this realm. What persons do you feel are doing much toward bettering the understanding in the South? (I am stressing Georgia in particular.) I note that the 80 ministers of Atlanta received much publicity recently in their signed statement. What organizations are formed to work as a unit for the cause of racial justice? I know that you are too busy to spend much time on these or similar questions but I would appreciate any contact you would be able to give.

My wife as a Gwinnett County school teacher was quite involved last year at this time. Yet, we love the people of Georgia and if possible I wish to return to Emory next year to further my study there.

Thanks ever so much for your kind help in this matter. If any printed matter is available I would be willing to pay, of course, the cost involved in making it available.

Gratefully yours,

James L. Wiggins

James L. Wiggins
Assoc. Pastor

Pu Blicat

January 6, 1958

Mr. Kenneth Edward MacWilliams
Winthrop J-12
Harvard University
Cambridge, Massachusetts

Dear Mr. MacWilliams:

Your letter of January 4, 1958, has been called to my attention. Dr. Mitchell has retired and is now living in Scotland. I am mailing you a copy of our most recent publication "The Negro Voter in the South" which will answer many of your questions. The only one it does not answer is question number five.

It is still too early to know just what effect the 1957 Civil Rights Act will have on Negro voting in the South. Two things will greatly affect the outcome of the bill. One is the success of Negro leaders inspiring persons to attempt to register and the other is the intensity with which the Federal government operates under this new law.

Certainly, if the Federal government is strong in putting this law into effect, Negroes will be encouraged to attempt to register more so than they have been in the past. This is so because, under this bill, finances may be provided to insure their civil rights and economic retaliation is much less likely.

The jury trial amendment as it was finally constituted will have a great effect too, because Negroes are certain to get fairer trials from judges than from all white Southern juries.

I hope this will help some and if we can be of additional aid, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable

JC:lec

Director of Information

Encl.

RECEIVED JAN - 6 1958

KENNETH EDWARD MacWILLIAMS
WINTHROP J-12
HARVARD UNIVERSITY
CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS

January 4, 1958

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, Northeast
Atlanta, Georgia

Attention: Mr. Mitchell

Gentlemen:

I am a student at Harvard College and am currently engaged in the process of writing my Senior Honors Thesis entitled, "Negro Disfranchisement". Last week I spoke for a great length of time with Mr. Ed Cooper of the NAACP in Boston. He gave me a good deal of information and also suggested that I contact you for additional material.

Would you be able to send me the following material regarding:

1. Copies of the registration forms and laws of the states of Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama.

2. How these laws and forms may be used in such a manner as to discriminate against Negro registration.

3. Are there pre-primaries which still exclude Negroes from participating.

4. How registration officials, by lethargy or otherwise, may prevent qualified Negroes from registering.

5. Your opinion of the effect of the 1957 Civil Rights Act - especially (a) the Attorney General's litigation-initiating power, (b) the end of the necessity form the exhaustion of administrative remedies, (c) the civil and criminal contempt power, and (d) the jury trial amendment.

6. Material illustrating the effectiveness of such organizations as the NAACP, the NNCM, the UL, southern churches, and White Citizen's Councils on securing or preventing Negro suffrage.

7. Any other material you feel might be helpful in my research.

If I could have this material as soon as possible it would help very much. Any assistance you can give me will be greatly appreciated. Thank you kindly.

Sincerely yours,

Kenneth E. MacWilliams

Kenneth E. MacWilliams

Materials sent:
Sample copies New South - 1957-58
Publication Listings (Sample)
25-Public Ethics and the Integration Question
Changing Patterns (Sample)
Next Steps in the South(Sample)
Three Views of the Segregation Decisions (Sample)
What the Supreme Court Said (Sample)

February 5, 1958

Miss Lucille D. Frost
Associate Secretary
Women's Fellowship
Missions Council of the
Congregational Christian Churches
19 South LaSalle Street
Chicago 3, Illinois

Dear Miss Frost:

At the request of Mrs. Tilly we are mailing you, under separate cover, some materials which we hope will help you on the Southern Mission Study Tour.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to call on us.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

JOHN H. IVES, *Chairman* HENRY SMITH LEIPER, *Minister and Executive Secretary* HAROLD B. BELCHER, *Treasurer*

MISSION COUNCIL

OF THE CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES

Interpretive Activities, Support and Services for the

AMERICAN BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS, THE BOARD OF HOME MISSIONS, THE COUNCIL FOR SOCIAL ACTION AND THE CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN SERVICE COMMITTEE

19 South LaSalle Street, Chicago 3, Illinois

LUCILLE D. FROST
Associate Secretary
Women's Fellowship

February 3, 1958

Mrs. Tilley
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilley:

We are planning to take a group on the Southern Mission Study Tour in April and would like as much information as possible to help us understand the racial situation in the south. Mr. James Lightbourne, Superintendent of the Southeast Convention suggested that you might be able to help us with some materials.

We hope to have twenty-four people in the group and would appreciate having materials for each one, providing there is no charge. In the event some of the materials are to be sold, I should like to see them before we order a quantity.

We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely,

Lucille D. Frost

Lucille D. Frost

February 10, 1958

Mr. Sol. H. Cohn
Counselor At Law
305 Broadway
New York 7, New York

Dear Mr. Cohn:

Our records do not reveal the name of the attorney in the South Carolina lynching case.

However, the Negro's name was Norris Dendy and the lynching was July 4, 1933 in Clinton, Laurens county, South Carolina. The Records and Research Department of Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Alabama might possibly be able to turn up the attorney's name for you. Tuskegee has kept rather complete records on lynchings.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

RECEIVED FEB 10 1958

SOL. H. COHN
COUNSELOR AT LAW
305 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 7, N. Y.

BEEKMAN 3-2412
2413

February 7, 1958

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Might your records indicate the name of the attorney in Walhalla, S.C., who in or about 1934 obtained evidence in the matter of the lynching of one Dendy and presented such evidence to the grand jury?

A client is interested in contacting him if he may be known to you.

Thank you for your courtesy in this matter.

Yours very truly,

Sol. H. Cohn

SHC:mh

February 10, 1958

Librarian
Bennett College
Millbrook, New York

Dear Madam:

Enclosed is a copy of our Publication Listings which might be of help to you in selecting some of our materials for your students' use.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

February 7, 1958

This library is anxious to secure for Sociology students material on the present South. We w ould appreciate any material you could send us.

Librarian Bennett College
Millbrook, New York

Other materials sent:
Changing Patterns
Next Steps
What the Supreme Court Said
Louisville Story

February 13, 1958

Reverend Richard E. Price, Jr.
First Baptist Church
Third and Downey
Radford, Virginia

Dear Mr. Price:

Thank you for your letter of February 11, and your request for some of our material. We are mailing you, under separate cover, twenty-five copies of the pamphlet "Three Views of the Segregation Decisions," twenty-five copies of the speech by our former president, Marion Wright, and twenty-five copies of our Publication Listings. We are also sending you some additional material for your own use. A good book, in case you do not already know of it, is "The Kingdom Beyond Caste" by Liston Pope. It is published by the Friendship Press, New York City.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate writing.

With best wishes for your conference.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

First Baptist Church
THIRD AND DOWNEY
Radford, Virginia

Richard E. Price, Jr.
Minister

February 11, 1958

The Director
The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I have been invited to lead a conference on "Viewing Racial Readjustments" at a statewide meeting of the young people of our Baptist Training Union. I would appreciate your sending me any free literature that you feel would be helpful to distribute to young people. If you have any free tracts available that would be pertinent for these young people I would appreciate 25 copies of each tract.

I should like also to get some copies of "Three Views of the Segregation Decisions" published by the Southern Regional Council in 1956. These were the papers given by William Faulkner, Benjamin Mays, and Cecil Sims. If these pamphlets are free, I would appreciate 25 copies of them also. If there is any charge for them please advise me, and I will try to place a separate order for them.

Thank you very much.

Cordially yours,

Richard E. Price, Jr.

Richard E. Price, Jr.

REP/bjb

JC - Lets send the following gratis -

25 Copies "Three Views"
25 Copies " MAW's Macon Speech"
25 Copies Publication List
and a leadership packet for him - FBR -

February 27, 1958

Mrs. Montez Albright
673 Piedmont, N. E.
Atlanta 8, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Albright:

Paul Anthony of our staff spoke to me concerning materials for your conference in April. I am certain that we can provide you with some good material for display purposes and some additional material which you might distribute individually. If you or your representative will write me or come by the office and let me know just how much material you will need, I am certain I can supply you with the suitable quantity.

Paul also said that you are negotiating with another magazine concerning the possibility of publishing your article, and so I will just hold on to my copy of the manuscript until we hear definitely what you have arranged.

Please let me hear from you soon, and thanks for your interest in the Council's Work.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Material sent:
New South (Feb. 1957 - Feb. 1958)
Next Steps in the South
What the Supreme Court Said
Three Views of the Segregation Decisions
The Church Statement
Publication Listings (25)
Marion Wright's Speech (25)

March 7, 1958

Reverend John W. Harkins
Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church
61 N. Washington Street
Greencastle, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Harkins:

Thank you for your letter of March 4, 1958, concerning Southern Regional Council literature.

You did not mention in your letter the quantity of material that you need. We are mailing you, under separate cover, twenty-five copies of a speech by our former president and twenty-five copies of our Publication Listings. I am also mailing you some material which might be useful as display material. If the delegates to your seminar wish copies of this material, it can be obtained from the Council.

With best wishes for your seminar.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

ZION EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH

GREENCASTLE, PENNA.

REV. JOHN W. HARKINS
61 N. Washington St.
Phone 425

March 4, 1958

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Our synod's department of social action is planning a one-day seminar on race relations, to be held at St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania on Tuesday, May 13, 10-4 o'clock.

My purpose is writing is to inquire about free literature for display and distribution at the seminar. Anything like tracts, hand bills, leaflets on fazes of human rights and liberties will be very helpful. I believe they would have to be free of charge.

If you have such literature available, kindly send to: (in time for distribution on May 13)

THE CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA SYNOD
The Board of Social Missions
2600 North Third Street
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

My sincere thanks for any help you can give.

Sincerely yours,

John W. Harkins

Material sent:
Pub. list
Economic Effect of School Closing
NEW SOUTH --July-August
Truth About Desegregation in Wash. Schools
Baltimore Story
Southerners and Schools
NEW SOUTH Promotion

August 24, 1959

Mr. Charles L. Robbins
Department of Sociology and Anthropology
University of Florida
Gainesville, Florida

Dear Mr. Robbins:

Thank you for your letter concerning Southern Regional Council material. Enclosed is a sample of our monthly publication NEW SOUTH plus some additional material the Council is distributing. The Publication Listings inclosed does not include some of our latest material, this material includes: Special reports, A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60; Waiting Room Practices in 21 Southern Cities; pamphlet, Economic Effect of School Closing; If the Schools Are Closed...A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan; Violence, Intimidation and Reprisal in the South's Racial Crisis.

If we can be of any help in providing material, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA
GAINESVILLE

COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & ANTHROPOLOGY

August 20, 1959

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable,

As instructor of a research-oriented course on the Negro in America at the University of Florida, I would appreciate being advised of all avaliable studies and information issued by your organization. My concern is for library as well as personal acquisition.

Sincerely,

Charles L. Robbins
Instructor, Social Science

August 26, 1959

Mrs. K. J. Harvey
Reference Librarian
Lansing Public Library
210 W. Shiawassee Street
Lansing 15, Michigan

Dear Mrs. Harvey:

Thank you for your request for information concerning Council publications.

Enclosed is a copy of our publications listing. Since this has been published, we have added the following publications:

Pamphlets:

"Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis," 40¢ per single copy; "The Economic Effects of School Closings," by Jim Montgomery, 10¢ per copy; and, "If the Schools are Closed...A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan," single copy on request.

Special Reports:

"Waiting Room Practices in 21 Southern Cities," (Mimeographed), 10¢ per copy; and, "A Background Study on Desegregation for 1959-60."

An additional pamphlet, "The Negro and the Ballot in the South" will be published next week.

We do not have a new edition of "The Constitution of Our Rights."

If we can be of any assistance, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/mf
Enclosures - 2.

August 27, 1959

Mr. E. P. Stephenson
Executive Director
Neighborhood House
1707 Truman Street
Richmond, California

Dear Mr. Stephenson:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of L-8 plus other of our L Reports.

Enclosed is a publication listing. Since this list was published, the Council has added the following material:

PAMPHLETS--"Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis," 40¢ per copy; "The Economic Effects of School Closing," 10¢ per copy; and "If the Schools Close...A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan," copy on request.

SPECIAL REPORTS (Mimeographed)--"A Survey of Waiting Room Practices in 21 Southern Cities," 10¢ per copy; "A Background Report on Desegregation for 1959-60," 20¢ per copy.

We have added your name to our L-Report list, which is free of charge. You may be interested in our monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH. An informational folder is enclosed.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSE

1707 TRUMAN STREET
RICHMOND, CALIFORNIA
Telephone BEacon 3-2656

OFFICERS

Roy Carter
President

Sherrill Luke
Vice President

E. P. Stephenson
Executive Director

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Maurice Barusch
Mrs. Edward Bush
Mrs. David Calfee
George D. Carroll
Roy Carter
Gilbert Cartwright
Mrs. William Chappell
Miss Kathleen Cirese
Craig Dill
Mrs. Thomas E. Edwards
Joseph Genser
Jay Gittelsohn
Ivan Goyak
Leon Greer
Mrs. Ted Harrison
James Kenny
Mrs. John T. Knox
Sherrill Luke
William Parker
P. T. Robinson, M. D.
Mrs Wilhelm Schaser
Miss Lillian M. Spears
S. A. Weeks, M. D.
Mrs. Sam Williams

August 24, 1959

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Would you please send us your recent report, "Race and Intelligence"(Report No. L-8, August 10, 1959). Do you have a bibliography of materials which you have published?

Sincerely,

E. P. Stephenson

E. P. Stephenson
Executive Director

EPS:mlb

September 2, 1959

Rev. A. Donald English
1532 West Boyd Street
Norman, Oklahoma

Dear Mr. English:

We have mailed you, under separate cover, forty copies of the Film Bibliography you requested. Since this is a revised edition of the earlier one we sent you, you may want to keep one for yourself.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Reverend A. Donald English
1532 West Boyd Street
Norman, Oklahoma
August 25, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Thank you so very much for the "Selected Film Bibliography" which I received in yesterday's mail.

As Director of Social & Economic Relations for the Norman District of the Oklahoma Conference of the Methodist Church, I would like to put this same bibliography into the hands of every pastor in my district. Would it be asking too much of you to send me forty copies of this bibliography? mailed 9-2-59

If these are available, please mail them to be immediately. Thank you in advance.

Sincerely,

A. Donald English

A. Donald English, Pastor
St. Stephen's Methodist Church
Norman, Oklahoma

P.S. Should there be a charge for these, please send the bill along with the order and I shall send a check by return mail.

September 2, 1959

Mr. Tommy Oglesby
Box 113
Winterville, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Oglesby:

Enclosed is a publications list and a descriptive folder of our monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH.

Since this list was published the Council has published the following:

Pamphlets--"Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis," 40¢ per copy; "The Economic Effects of School Closings," 10¢ per copy; "If the Schools Close... A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan," single copy on request; and "The Negro and the Ballot in the South," 40¢ per copy.

Special Reports (mineographed)--"A Survey of Waiting Room Facilities in 21 Southern Cities," 10¢ per copy; and "A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60," 20¢ per copy.

If we can supply you with any of these materials, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosure:
Publications List
NEW SOUTH folder

Box 113
Winterville, North Carolina
September 1, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., NE
Atlanta 3
Georgia

Gentlemen:

It would be most appreciated if you would send me a complete list of reports and pamphlets available through you, if such a list is available.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely,

Tommy Oglesby

September 16, 1959

Miss Vivian Irving
615 South East Street
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Miss Irving:

Thank you for your request. The check more than amply covers the cost of the pamphlets.

Mrs. Cook, our subscription clerk, informs me that you do not get our magazine NEW SOUTH; and so I am taking the liberty of sending you a year's subscription for the $2.00 you mailed.

Since you are interested in voting and other areas of the Council's work, I am adding your name to our complimentary mailing list.

The pamphlets you requested are being mailed under separate cover.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

September 17, 1959

Mrs. Loy Nelson
Riser Road
Ruston, Louisiana

Dear Mrs. Nelson:

Thank you for your letter and your request for the Perkins School of Theology Journal.

Unfortunately, we have only four copies of this Journal remaining. We are mailing these to you, under separate cover.

Since our subscription clerk tells me that you do not receive our monthly publication, NEW SOUTH, and since the donation you mailed more than covers the material mailed to you, I am taking the liberty of placing you on our subscription list for one year. I hope this is satisfactory with you.

Also included with the Journal is an assortment of material on race relations which may be of interest to you. This includes all of our latest material and some additional material which we distribute.

Please let me know if this arrangement is satisfactory.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

September 18, 1959

Mr. Bob Filene
330 E. 43rd Street
New York, New York

Dear Bob:

Elsie Richards asked me to send you a copy of our new voting study and so I am mailing you one under separate cover.

It was pleasant seeing you and the other work-campers this summer although the time was too brief to really get to know each other. I appreciate the interest you and the others showed in the Council's work.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

October 7, 1959

Miss Harriett Stull
Western Illinois University
Macomb, Illinois

Dear Miss Stull:

Thank you for your order for Council material and your subscription to NEW SOUTH. The material is being sent under separate cover.

We very much appreciate your interest in our work.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

September 30, 1959

Miss Harriet Stull
Western Illinois University
Macomb, Illinois

Dear Miss Stull:

Thank you for your letter inquiring about our material. It has been turned over to me.

The Council publishes a monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH, a copy of which is enclosed. From time to time, we publish other pamphlets.

We do not have a general mailing list for our publications other than our regular subscribers to NEW SOUTH, but our readers are kept informed of additional publications through NEW SOUTH. We also publish in NEW SOUTH digests of most of our miscellaneous publications.

Additional publications vary in price from 10¢ up according to the material involved.

We are mailing you a sampling of some of our recent literature with price marked on the cover.

If we can be of further aid to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

JC - For handling - HCF

WESTERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY
MACOMB, ILLINOIS

RECEIVED SEP 30 1959

September 28. 1959

Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I have notices that many articles that appear in magazines and newspapers refer to information on race relations that comes from the Southern Regional Council. I would like to know what publications this organization puts out and the cost of these materials so that I could buy them. I would appreciate this help in finding carefully prepared materials.

Sincerely,

Harriet Stull

(Miss) Harriet Stull

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

October 7, 1959

Miss Ruth Burr
Norwalk High School
East Avenue
Norwalk, Connecticut

Dear Miss Burr:

Thank you for your interest in our material.

Listed below is our most recent material.

"The Negro and the Ballot in the South," 40 cents per single copy.

"If the Schools Are Closed...A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan," 25 cents per single copy.

"Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis," 40 cents per single copy.

"A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60," (mimeographed), 20 cents per single copy.

"A Survey of Waiting Room Facilities in 21 Southern Cities," (mimeographed), 10 cents per single copy.

"The Economic Effects of School Closings," single copy free on request.

We are mailing to you, under separate cover, some recent copies of our monthly magazine NEW SOUTH. Readers are kept abreast of other new material through the pages of NEW SOUTH.

We are also mailing you some other sample material which might interest you.

Again, thanks for your interest.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

JC LEC: Cat 7 19 October 1959

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY LIBRARIES
MARGARET I. KING LIBRARY
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

In the event that you have copies of THE SEGREGATION DECISIONS (1956) available for distribution to research libraries on a complimentary basis, please be so kind as to send us a copy. We would like to be on your regular mailing list.

Faithfully yours,

Lawrence S. Thompson
Lawrence S. Thompson
Director of Libraries

JC Oct. 1, 1959

Please send list of publications and price list on materials regarding health housing education, civil rights of the negroes in the U.S.. We have some of your materials here but these are too old to be of value.

Send to
Miss Ruth Burr
Norwalk High School
East Avenue
Norwalk
Conn.

October 19, 1959

Miss Carol Wagenseil
2332 Woodland Avenue
Wantagh, New York

Dear Miss Wagenseil:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material which might be helpful to your class. There is no charge for the material.

Enclosed is a copy of a film bibliography with information on how to obtain the films. I would suggest "Face of the South" and "A City Decides" for your class.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc
Encl.

JC

October 16, 1959

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

In school at the present time we are discussing racial problems in the South. We feel that this situation should be discussed and thought about in our class.

We would appreciate your sending us a film regarding "Racial Problems In The South."

Do not hesitate to foward <u>any</u> <u>amount</u> of literature or other information that would be helpful in our discussion. A film, plus other information would be very much appreciated.

Sincerely,

Miss Carol Wagenseil

2332 Woodland Avenue
Wantagh, New York

Materials sent:

Three Views
Next Steps
Changing Patterns
The Negro Voter
The Negro and the Ballot
If The Schools Are Closed...

October 23, 1959

Mr. Lawrence S. Thompson
Director of Libraries
University of Kentucky Libraries
Margaret I. King Library
Lexington, Kentucky

Dear Mr. Thompson:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of THREE VIEWS OF THE SEGREGATION DECISIONS which you refer to on your card.

Also included is some additional material which might be of interest to your readers.

We are placing you on our mailing list for future materials. This does not include our monthly magazine described in the enclosed folder.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc
Encl.

October 27, 1959

Mr. D. Charles Pinkerton
413 North Monroe Street
Pittsfield, Illinois

Dear Mr. Pinkerton:

This is in reply to your letter of October 20, concerning your request for materials to be included in an index which you are preparing for business teachers. We are very sorry but we do not have the type of material you requested. Perhaps our organization has been mistaken for another.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Director of
Information

/lec

413 North Monroe Street
Pittsfield, Illinois
October 20, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am preparing an index of free and inexpensive teachers aids for typewriting, shorthand, and bookkeeping. This index will be distributed to other business teachers.

Do you have any material that you would like to have included in this index? I want to include only material that is now in print and that will be availabe for the next few years.

Please send me copies of any material you have and the prices for this material. Also specify if this material is available in quantity.

Very truly yours,

D. Charles Pinkerton

D. Charles Pinkerton

October 29, 1959

Mr. W. D. Workman, Jr.
915 Beltline Boulevard
Columbia, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Workman:

Thank you for your request for materials.

They are being mailed to you, under separate cover. We do not have the chronology printed in any other form than in New South.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

November 2, 1959

Mrs. O. L. Tucker
308 East Texas Avenue
Ruston, Louisiana

Dear Mrs. Tucker:

Following is the list of current materials concerning race relations published by the Southern Regional Council:

"The Negro and the Ballot in the South," 40 cents per single copy.

"Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis," 40 cents per single copy.

"A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60," (mimeographed), 20 cents per single copy.

"A Survey of Waiting Room Facilities in 21 Southern Cities," (mimeographed), 10 cents per single copy.

"The Economic Effects of School Closings," single copy free on request.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

JC

Ruston, La.
Oct. 28, 59

Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Ave.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

Will you please send me a description price list of publications available for a study on race relations, both religious and political.

Yours truly
Mrs. O. L. Tucker
308 East Texas Ave.
Ruston La.

November 25, 1959

Mrs. Darlene S. Teed
Librarian
Sparrows Point High School
Sparrows Point
Baltimore 19, Maryland

Dear Mrs. Teed:

We are enclosing the publications listing. Since this list was published we have added:

"The Negro and the Ballot in the South," 40 cents per single copy.

"Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis," 40 cents per single copy.

"A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60," (mimeographed), 20 cents per single copy.

"A Survey of Waiting Room Facilities in 21 Southern Cities," (mimeographed), 10 cents per single copy.

"The Economic Effects of School Closings," single copy free on request.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

SPARROWS POINT HIGH SCHOOL

SPARROWS POINT - BALTIMORE 19, MD.

OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL

November 19, 1959

Commission on Interracial Cooperation, Inc.
710 Standard Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Please send me your last listing of publications available to schools and libraries.

Thank you very much for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Darlene S. Teed

(Mrs.) Darlene S. Teed
Librarian

December 9, 1959

Miss Frances Reynolds, Librarian
Library, Research Division
National Education Association
1201 - 16th Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Miss Reynolds:

The publication you mentioned "Listing of Publications by Southern Regional Council" is out dated. However, enclosed is a recent mimeographed list of our publications plus some additional ones we distribute. This list has been prepared to send to libraries and the list contains many free publications in which you may be interested.

Please let us know if we can be of additional aid to you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Encl.

National Education Association

NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION nea OF THE UNITED STATES

1201 SIXTEENTH STREET, N.W
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.
ADAMS 4-4855

Dec. 7, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

We should appreciate receiving for the use of our Library, your publication(s) as follows:

TITLE OR DESCRIPTION	NO. OF COPIES	COST
Listing of Publications put out by Southern Regional Council	2 copies	PLEASE LET US KNOW COST BEFORE SENDING.

Thank you for your prompt attention.

Cordially yours,

Frances Reynolds

Librarian

PLEASE USE THIS MAILING ADDRESS:

Library, Research Division
National Education Association
1201 - 16th Street, Northwest
Washington 6, D.C.

Dear Sirs:

Please send me a list of the publications that you have available for distribution.

Sincerely yours,

Fred R. Yoder

Fred R. Yoder
Chairman Social Sciences
Campbellsville College
Campbellsville, Ky.

December 14, 1959

Miss Elizabeth Eddy
88 Morningside Drive
New York 27, New York

Dear Miss Eddy:

I have turned your request for population figures over to our director of research, Mr. Leslie Dunbar. You will probably be hearing from him or someone in the research department in the next few days.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

December 14, 1959

Mr. Julius Carter
Forward Times
P. O. Box 2962
218 West Dallas
Houston 1, Texas

Dear Mr. Carter:

In accordance with your request, we are placing your name on our mailing list for future news releases. However, it is doubtful whether we will be able to provide you with any news photographs since our news releases are such that no photographs are required.

With best wishes for your newspaper.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

FORWARD TIMES PROGRESSIVE PICTORIAL

POST OFFICE BOX 2962 CA 8-8267
218 WEST DALLAS HOUSTON 1, TEXAS

December 11, 1959

Southern Regional Conference
#63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am interested in receiving from you photographs and news releases about activities in your organization.

I am mainly interested in photographs because Forward Times will primarily be a pictorial publication.

Forward Times will be a weekly newspaper that will appear shortly after the first of the year.

Your attention and cooperation will be highly appreciated.

Cordially yours,

Julius Carter

Julius Carter

JC/ms

December 22, 1959

Mr. R. J. Tresolina
Professor of Government
Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Tresolina:

We are very sorry that the pamphlet you requested, INTIMIDATION, REPRISAL AND VIOLENCE IN THE SOUTH'S RACIAL CRISIS, is out of stock. However, we are enclosing our publication listings with the hope that we may be able to send you other publications. We are returning to you your 50¢ for the above pamphlet.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of
Information

/lec
Encl.

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AV[illegible] ORGIA
[illegible]-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

December 22, 1959

Mr. R. J. Tresolina
Professor of Government
Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Tresolina:

We are very sorry that the pamphlet you requested, INTIMIDATION, REPRISAL AND VIOLENCE IN THE SOUTH'S RACIAL CRISIS, is out of stock. However, we are enclosing our publication listings with the hope that we may be able to send you other publications. We are returning to you your 50¢ for the above pamphlet.

Sincerely,

Luel E. Cummings
(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of
Information

/lec
Encl.

Dear Miss Cummings:
I would appreciate receiving the publications mentioned as they would be extremely useful in my course on Civil Liberties. Thank you.
R. J. Tresolini

AMERICAN FRIENDS SERVICE COMMITTEE
INCORPORATED
Twenty South Twelfth Street, Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania
LOcust 3-9372

HENRY J. CADBURY
Chairman

CLARENCE E. PICKETT
Executive Secretary Emeritus

COLIN W. BELL
Executive Secretary

November 19, 1959

JC
Check with department.

R. J. Tresolini
Professor of Government
Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

Dear Friend:

Unfortunately we are out of copies of INTIMIDATION, REPRISAL AND VIOLENCE IN THE SOUTH'S RACIAL CRISIS. You may be able to secure a copy from the Southern Regional Council, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia.

We are enclosing a flier on our newest piece of literature, RACE AND CONSCIENCE IN AMERICA. We would be glad to send you a copy of this pamphlet. The price is 50¢ per copy.

Sincerely,

Bernice Smith

Bernice Smith
Community Relations Program

bs

Enclosure

10 v

January 7, 1960

Mr. R. E. Slayton, Superintendent
Longview Public Schools
Longview, Texas

Dear Mr. Slayton:

Thank you for your request for the two transcripts. We are mailing them under separate cover.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

January 11, 1960

Miss Marie Siedentopf, Acquis. Libr.
Matthews Library
Arizona State University
Tempe, Arizona

Dear Miss Siedentopf:

Yes we published a pamphlet "Changing Patterns in the New South." Recently, we began offering this pamphlet and others free of charge to libraries. And so, we are mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of the pamphlet without charge.

Enclosed is a list of other materials in which you may be interested.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosure

ARIZONA STATE
UNIVERSITY _____ TEMPE, ARIZONA

Matthews Library

January 6, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We understand that you made the following study. We would appreciate information on its availability and price.

Fleming, Harold C.--Changing patterns in the New South. 1955.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Truly yours,

Marie Siedentopf

Marie Siedentopf, Acquis. Libr.
Matthews Library

MS:jl

January 15, 1960

Mr. David Franke
2405 - 37th Street, N. W.
Washington 7, D.C.

Dear Mr. Franke:

The report which you requested in your letter of January 12, 1960, is out of print. However, we are enclosing a copy of NEW SOUTH which carried a condensation.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

DAVID FRANKE
2405 37TH STREET, N. W.
WASHINGTON 7, D. C.
TELEPHONE FEDERAL 3-5311

January 12, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I remember reading this summer about a study your group published, which listed the acts of racial violence in the South since the Supreme Court decision outlawing segregation in public schools.

I would like a copy of that report very much. Please let me know if it is still available, and what is the cost.

Sincerely,

David Franke

David Franke

January 18, 1960

Mrs. H. A. Abbott
905 Avenue M, S. E.
Winter Haven, Florida

Dear Mrs. Abbott:

Thank you for your letter concerning Southern Regional Council's material. Enclosed is a recent publications listing. If you would select the titles in which you are interested and mail the leaflet back to me, I will be glad to forward the material to you immediately.

Again thanks for your interest.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC;lec
Enclosures

Mrs. Harold A. Abbott
905 Ave. M, S.E.
Winter Haven, Florida

January 15, 1960

Southern Regional Council on Human Relations
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am interested in obtaining the most recent material available, booklets, pamphlets, etc., on Civil Rights as it pertains to the Southern population.

Will you kindly let me know what you have on hand, and the prices for said material. If you have any free literature, kindly forward it to me at once.

Yours truly,

Reba Abbott
(Mrs. H. A.)

Cherry Hospital
Goldsboro, N.C.
Jan. 22, 1960

Dear Miss Cummings:

Thanks for your very prompt reply to my request for listed literature. I am most greatful.

I am enclosing your listing of available materials have have checked the ones that I feel would best meet my needs. I shall look forward to receiving them.

Sincerely,

Gene A. Sass,
Clinical Psychologist

January 20, 1960

Mr. Gene A. Bass
Clinical Psychology Service
Cherry Hospital
Goldsboro, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Bass:

Thank you for your request concerning our materials. Enclosed is a listing of materials distributed by the Southern Regional Council. Please check the ones in which you are interested and return to the Council office, and we will be glad to send the material to you.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director
of Information

/lec
Enclosure
NS promotion

January 19, 1960

GOLDSBORO
JAN 18
3 30 PM
1960
N. C.

Gentlemen:

As the only state hospital for Negroes in North Carolina, we are interested in collecting extensive literature on the Negro. Will you please send us any free materials you have for distribution? We would appreciate a list of other Publications which we can order.

Gene A. Bass
Clinical Psychology Service
Cherry Hospital
Goldsboro, North Carolina

February 12, 1960

Miss Susan Ollila
4518 N. St. Louis
Chicago 25, Illinois

Dear Miss Ollila:

"Understanding Our Neighbors" is now out of print, but we are enclosing our publications listing from which you may find something of interest to your group. If so, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Enclosure

4518 N. St. Louis
Chicago 25, Illinois
February 5, 1960.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Gentlemen:

Would you please send me your pamphlet "Understanding Our Neighbors" and any literature available to a civics student on the study of America's Race Problem?

Thank you.

Yours truly,
Susan Ollila

February 12, 1960

Mrs. D. L. Lawson
234 - 8th Street, S. E.
Winter Haven, Florida

Dear Mrs. Lawson:

We have two pamphlets that are fairly recent concerning the Negro voter. One is The Negro Voter In The South; the other is The Negro And The Ballot. Enclosed is a publications listing which might be of help to you in your selection of materials.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lcc
Enclosure

Feb. 2, 1960

Dear Sirs:

What printed material do you have that would be available to a group studying the Negro vote in the South today? It seems I have seen several booklets you have published. Do you have a list of such publications & prices that you might send me?

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs W. L. Lawson
234-8th St., S.E.
Winter Haven, Fla.

February 12, 1960

Miss Mae I. Fitzgerald
Office of the Librarian
LeMoyne College
Memphis, Tennessee

Dear Miss Fitzgerald:

Thank you for your request for materials for your Conference. Enclosed is a publications listing which may be of use to you in your selection of materials. Please let us know which of this material will best suit your needs.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Enclosure

LeMOYNE COLLEGE
1870
CONSECRATION COURAGE TRUTH
FOUNDED BY THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN

February 5, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

LeMoyne College will be host to the forthcoming Annual Race Relations Conference this Spring.

We are writing at this date, asking for any free material which you could send us to be distributed at this Conference.

Appreciating your help, I am

Very truly yours,

Mae D. Fitzgerald

February 25, 1960

Mr. Roswell O. Sutton
Vice-President
Citizens Trust Company
212 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Sutton:

Your name has been put on the Southern Regional Council's mailing list as you requested. We very much appreciate your interest in our work.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Lucl E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director
of Information

/lec

February 24, 1960

Mrs. T. F. Slaughter
814 Island Avenue
Rocksford, Illinois

Dear Mrs. Slaughter:

Thank you for your request for materials. However, AMERICA'S TENTH MAN and SINGERS IN THE DAWN are both out of print. Enclosed is a listing of materials the Council now has. If you find anything on the list which may be of aid to you and your group, please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Enclosure

February 17, 1960
814 Island Ave.
Rockford, Ill.

Conference on Ed. and Race Relations
710 Standard Bldg.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

During the year of 1938 we received a pamplet published by you called, "America's Tenth Man." — A brief Survey of the Negro's Part American History. Do you have an up-to-date publication of this pamplet or a replacement of? —

Also there were other bulletins listed which were available. "Singers in the Dawn", brief anthology of Amer. Negro Poetry — "The Quest for Understanding." and 10 assorted bulletins on race relations.

At that time they were priced at .10 cents each.

I am working with a group of

young people who wants to study more about the Negro in America. We are preparing a program for public showing and hope to present a few of each from various areas of endeavors.

At the time the pamplet "Fourth Man" was offered in quantities per doz. at .20 cents. I don't know what they are today, but I would like one dozen and 1 each of the "Anthology" and "Quest for Understanding" as well as the assorted bulletins.

Please send immediately and I will pay C.O.D. or bill me and I will send check to you.

Thank you Sincerely,
Mrs I. F. Slaughter
814 Island Ave
Rockford, Ill.

P.S. Do you have pictures of outstanding negroes? Any movies? Film strips? Plays? Music?

Changing South
Cong. Record
Special Report
N/S

March 7, 1960

Mr. John P. Williams
Box 47
Montreat, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Williams:

Thank you for your letter and your interest in the Council and its work. We are mailing you, under separate cover, some materials concerning the Council and a sample of our publication NEW SOUTH.

You also might be interested in joining the North Carolina Council on Human Relations. Its director is Mr. Harry Jones and the address is 121 E. Third St., Room 209, Charlotte, North Carolina. I am sure Mr. Jones would welcome any participation you might feel free to give his organization. The Southern Regional Council works closely with the North Carolina Council.

As yet I have not seen the names of the senators mentioned in the paper either. If I can locate them for you, I will mail them at a later date.

Again thanks for your interest.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
cc/ Harry Jones

M O N T R E A T N C
Box 47

March 2nd, 1960

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 Auburn Ave N E
Atlanta Ga.

.....

Will you please give me information concerning the COUNCIL, and what is necessary to join in this work. Some of us who have been out of the South for sometime, had best get into a position to do our bit during these days ahead. They may be difficult.

Sincerely yours,

John P. Williams

John P. Williams

.....Do you happen to have a folder or something which will show the Senators--18 I believe, who are taking part in the filibuster. I have not seen their names anywhere, though you can hardly blame them for not wanting their positionx publicized. If they were being paid by the world forces against the US--they could not be rendering a greater service to them.

30 Conversions
30 N/S. folder & ent.

March 7, 1960

Mr. T. B. Maston
Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary
School of Theology
Seminary Hill
Fort Worth 15, Texas

Dear Mr. Maston:

Thank you for your letter requesting material from the Southern Regional Council. I am mailing you, under separate cover, thirty copies of a descriptive folder on the Council. Also, we are mailing thirty sample copies of NEW SOUTH.

Enclosed is a materials listing of the Council for your convenience, and if we can be of any additional aid please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lcc

SOUTHWESTERN BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY
SEMINARY HILL, FORT WORTH 15, TEXAS

CHRISTIAN ETHICS
T. B. MASTON
C. W. SCUDDER

March 3, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Aveneu, N. E.,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Gentlemen:

Do you have available a tract explaining the work of the Southern Regional Council? If so, I would like to have thirty copies to distribute to a class of mine which is studying race relations this semester. Also, if it is in harmony with the policy of the Council I would be very glad to have enough sample copies of The New South to distribute to each member of the class.

Thanking you, I am

Sincerely yours,

T B Maston

T. B. Maston

TBM/elk

March 8, 1960

Mr. Ellis H. Rece, Jr.
Administrative Assistant in
Public Relations
Paine College
Augusta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Rece:

Enclosed is a copy of our listing of materials. Only three items are listed for sale. If you desire, you might have a number of these on consignment.

Please let us know which ones you would be interested in for your conference.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosure

Paine College

ESTABLISHED 1882
AUSPICES METHODIST CHURCH AND
CHRISTIAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH
E. CLAYTON CALHOUN, PRESIDENT
Augusta, Georgia

February 18, 1960

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

As you may be aware, each year students from all over Georgia meet at Paine College as the Georgia Christian Student Conference. This year it is hoped that the conference will extend beyond the borders of our state.

As the conference draws students who are vitally interested in inter-racial affairs, we are anxious to provide a display which will acquaint them with Publications in the Field. We would appreciate it if you would:

1) Provide us with pamphlets on interacial matters. Please indicate whether or not these are to be simply displayed and returned, distributed free of charge, or sold on the "honor system." We will not have facilities for regular sales.
2) We would like to know of any books you feel "must" be displayed, just in case we missed them.
3) We would appreciate knowing of any other groups who would help us in this project.

We are shamelessly taking advantage of you in this matter, but we take courage because of your well-known concerns.

The conference is going to be held April 1-3. I am enclosing a program.

Sincerely,

Ellis H. Rece Jr.

Ellis H. Rece, Jr.
Administrative Assistant in
Public Relations

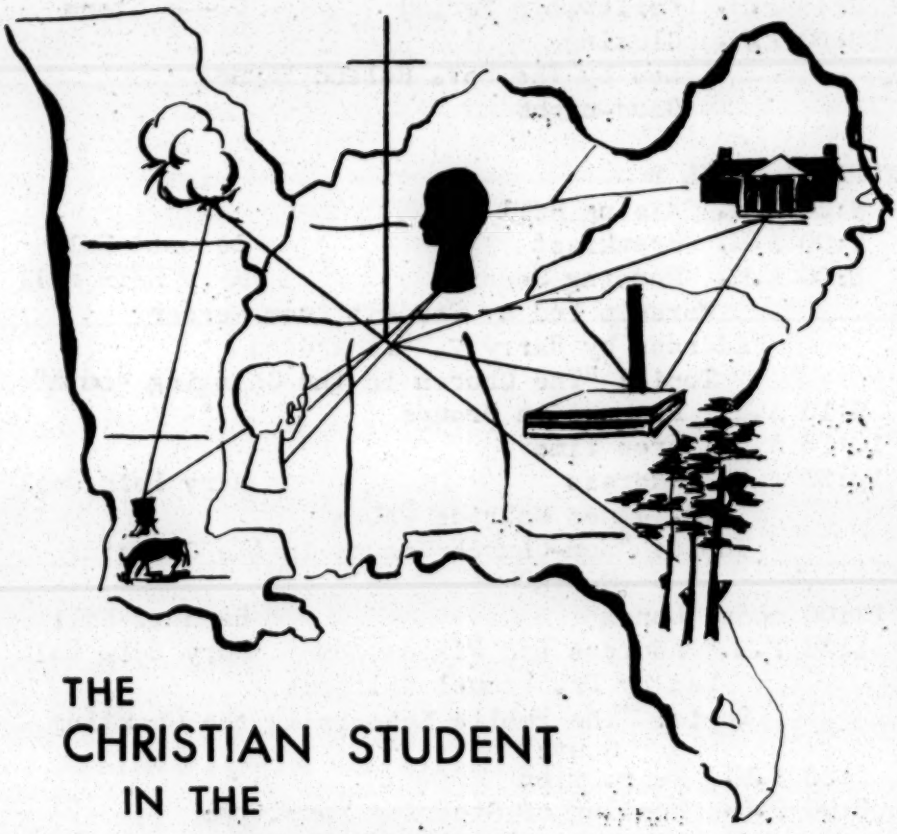
EHR:vr enc.

MEMBER UNITED NEGRO COLLEGE FUND FOUNDED 1944

STUDENT CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE

APRIL 1 - 2 - 3, 1960

PAINE COLLEGE - AUGUSTA, GA.



THE CHRISTIAN STUDENT IN THE CHANGING SOUTH

PROGRAM

FRIDAY, APRIL 1

6:00 P.M. Dinner — Bennett Hall
6:30 P.M. Registration — Mary Helm Hall
7:45 P.M. Recreation — Mary Helm Hall
Led by Student from Emory
8:45 P.M. Opening Session — Mary Helm Hall
Worship led by Student from Clark
Address by Mr. James McBride Dabbs
Topic: "The South Today!"
9:45 P.M. Fellowship Period — Co-Op Store
10:30 P.M. Closing
Led by The Rev. Roland Haynes
Good-night

SATURDAY, APRIL 2

6:30 A.M. Rising Bell
7:00 A.M. Breakfast — Bennett Hall
8:00 A.M. Morning Session — Mary Helm Hall
Worship led by Student from Mercer
Address by Harry V. Richardson
Topic: "The Church in the Changing South"
9:15 A.M. Discussion Groups
10:15 A.M. Free Time
10:30 A.M. Address — Mary Helm Hall
Mr. James McBride Dabbs
Topic: "Non-Church Groups in the Changing South"
12:00 noon Lunch — Bennett Hall
1:30 P.M. Address and Discussion — Mary Helm Hall
Led by Dr. Samuel Williams
Topic: "The Public Schools in the Changing South"
2:30 P.M. Recreation
3:00 P.M. Meeting of Steering Committee
Reading Room - Mary Helm Hall
5:30 P.M. Conference Dinner — Bennett Hall
Entertainment led by student from Paine
7:30 P.M. Fellowship — Carter Gym
8:30 P.M. Drama — Haygood Hall
"Christ in the Concrete City"
Presented by Westminster Fellowship Players

Following Drama, Fellowship Period in Co-Op

10:30 P.M. Closing

Led by the Rev. Roland Haynes

SUNDAY, APRIL 3

7:30 A.M. Rising Bell

8:00 A.M. Breakfast — Bennett Hall

9:00 A.M. Panel Discussion — Mary Helm Hall

Moderator- Student from Wesleyan

Participants - Student Delegates

10:00 A.M. Free Time

10:30 A.M. Closing Worship — Haygood Hall

Led by student from Paine

Sermon: Dr. Harry V. Richardson

12:00 noon Dinner — Bennett Hall

Adjournment

CONFERENCE LEADERS

Mr. James McBride Dabbs, a native of South Carolina is a farmer. He graduated from University of S.C. (A.B.) and Clark University (M.A.) For a number of years he taught English in several schools of the South. Mr. Dabbs is currently President of the Southern Regional Council. He is author of the book, The Southern Heritage.

Dr. Harry V. Richardson is President of Interdenominational Theological Center in Atlanta. Born in Florida, he is a graduate of Western Reserve University (A.B.), Harvard University (S.T.B.) and Drew University (Ph.D.) Prior to his present position, Dr. Richardson was Chaplain of Tuskegee Institute and President of Gammon Theological Seminary. In addition to being very active in church and community activities, Dr. Richardson has traveled extensively in Mexico, Europe, Japan and Africa.

The Reverend Samuel W. Williams is Pastor of Friendship Baptist Church and Professor of Philosophy at Morehouse College in Atlanta. For a number of years he has actively supported this Conference.

Cover

Appreciation is expressed to Miss Shirley Fincannon, for the drawing of this cover. Miss Fincannon, a graduate of Wesleyan is now employed in Nashville, Tennessee.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Conference Delegates are requested to read at least one of the following books:

The Southern Heritage by James McBride Dabbs
Stride Toward Freedom by Martin Luther King, Jr.
An Epitaph for Dixie by Harry Ashmore
The Strange Case of Jim Crow by C. Vann Woodward
Segregation-The Inner Conflict in the South by Robert Penn Warren
Segregation and the Bible by Everett Tilson

SPONSORSHIP OF CONFERENCE

The Student Christian Conference is an opportunity for all students from the many different churches to come together and be a part of the ecumenical movement among students. A Steering Committee composed of student and campus advisors plan the Conference each year. The Westminster Fellowship of the Synod of Georgia and the Georgia Methodist Student Movement help publicize the Conference. Everyone interested in ecumenicity is invited to attend.

REGISTRATION INFORMATION

Cost $5.00 Room and Board. $1.00 Registration fee. Linens furnished. Bring towels and soap.

Registration Please send $1.00 for each delegate to Dr. W. L. Graham, Paine College, Augusta, Georgia.

Deadline for Registration Monday, March 28th. No registrations can be received after this date.

Important Accommodations at Paine College are limited to fifty (50) students. Delegations from campuses are asked to include students from as many denominations as possible as to insure representation of many different churches.

March 14, 1960

Mrs. Jack Levy
110.6 Crystal Springs
Spartanburg, South Carolina

Dear Mrs. Levy:

Thank you for your request for materials. We are mailing the copies of NEW SOUTH and the NEGRO AND THE BALLOT under separate cover. Also enclosed is an informational brochure concerning the Council and some of its reports.

Yes you can subscribe to NEW SOUTH from France. The subscription price is $2.00 per year.

With very best wishes for your work.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

Spartanburg March 19th.

Dear Sir,

I am a french teacher in Spartanburg (exchange program) and I am working on a thesis about the race problem in the South (for a french Ph.D) The "Bethleem Center" in Spartanburg lent me several copies of "New South". Unfortunately, I can't keep them long enough to study the different questions which are interesting for me.

Would it be possible to purchase the volumes of 1958, 1959 and 1960? It would be a real help for me. I should like to get, also the report of Mrs Margaret Price (survey of negro voter registration) and the report written by Warren Gauerke and Donald Ross (the private school Plan).

Would you be kind enough to send me, if possible, this documentation.

I am also looking for statistics (about schools, professions, voter. registration etc ... in Spartanburg county). Would you know by chance any organization where I could get these informations? I have been living for 6 months in Spartanburg and actually I have not been able to get any statistics.

Please, excuse the trouble I give you and my too many questions. I should be very grateful for your help. Sincerely yours,

Odette Levy

P.S.
At the end of the school-year I'll go back to France. Could I receive "New South" in France?

Mrs Jack Levy
110.6. Crystal Springs
Spartanburg.
S.C.

Mrs Jack Levy
110-6 Crystal Springs
Spartanburg S.C.

SPARTANBURG
MAR 1960
5 00 PM
S.C.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E
Atlanta 3
Georgia.

AIR LETTER • AÉROGRAMME • PAR AVION

FIRST FOLD

SECOND FOLD

March 14, 1960

Mr. Ed Fuller
48 Blackstone Road
Attleboro, Massachusetts

Dear Mr. Fuller:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material which might be of aid to you for your paper.

We appreciate your interests; and if we can be of additional aid, please write us.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

Ed Fuller
48 Blackstone Road
Attleboro, Mass.

Dear Sirs:-

I am originally from Gainesville Florida, just above Ocalay (MISSPELLED, IT IS WHERE SILVER SPRINGS IS) I lived in Florida 9 years.

If you haven't guessed by now I am in Junior High. I am doing a report on Civil Rights. I happened to come across one of your books in the Library. I am rather short on time but wondered if you could send me any imformation on the subject.

Yours truly

ED FULLER

March 21, 1960

Mr. Lindsay Matthews
University Hotel
Nedlands, W. Australia

Dear Mr. Matthews:

Thank you for your query concerning materials of the Southern Regional Council. Enclosed is a sample copy of our monthly magazine plus a descriptive folder. Our other publications will be listed in this magazine from time to time.

Also enclosed is a listing of our current materials. If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Enclosure

Materials sent:
Congressional Record Reprint
Changing South
January, 1960, NEW SOUTH

March 29, 1960

Miss Marjorie Garrett
Texas College
Phillips Hall
Tyler, Texas

Dear Miss Garrett:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some informational material concerning the Southern Regional Council plus a sample copy of our monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH.

The Council does not have branches in Texas although some city human relations groups do work closely with the Council on occasions. I would suggest that you write to Mrs. James S. Crate, 8510 Ferris Street, Houston 35, Texas, for information concerning those councils.

If we can be of additional aid, please write.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

SC

Texas College
Phillips Hall
March 25, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemem:

As a member of the American History 305 class of Texas College, I would like very much for you to send as many pamphlers, books, or any kind of material on the Southern Regional Council.

Please send a list of the branches of you Council in Texas.

Thanks in advance.

Yours truly,
Marjorie Garrett
(Miss) Marjorie Garrett

Materials sent:

Changing South
Congressional Record Report
NEW SOUTH, July, Aug., Sept., Oct., Nov., Dec., 1959;
Jan, Feb. 1960
Race & Conscience
Background Report on School Desegregation
...With Justice For All
Public Opinion and Civil Rights
The Myths of Racial Integration

March 29, 1960

Mr. Roger Lee McNitt
444 North Stanford Way
Whittier, California

Dear Mr. McNitt:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material which might be of aid to you in your project.

If we can be of additional aid, please wite.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

SC

Roger Lee McNitt
444 North Stanford Way
Whittier, California
March 24, 1960

Gentlemen:

I am a senior at Whittier High School. In my government class I amvdoing a paper on "Our Best Approach to the Problem of Civil Rights in the U. S."

I would appreciate it very much if you could send me any copies of your publication "New South," or other material which you believe would assist me on this paper.

Yours truly,

Roger Lee McNitt

March 30, 1960

Mr. Harry B. Merican
5415 Connecticut Avenue
Washington 15, D. C.

Dear Mr. Merican:

Enclosed are the two pieces of material you requested. There is no charge.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

L-Reports 16, 17.
N/S Promotional leaflet

5415 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WASHINGTON 15, D. C.

March 28, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, 3, Georgia.

Gentlemen:

For the past several months, I have been engaged in a study of the desegregation process as it affects the public schools of the District of Columbia. It has come to my attention that you have recently released two reports which might be of considerable use to me. I refer to "Racial Differences in Academic Achievement" and "Desegregation and Academic Achievement." I should be obliged if you would send me a copy of each of these studies, at the above address, and bill me for the cost.

Sincerely yours

Harry B. Merican

Harry B. Merican

April 1, 1960

Mr. Leo Falardeau
Coleraine, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Falardeau:

We are enclosing some informational material concerning the Council plus a copy of our monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH.

I am also including a thumbnail sketch of some of our activities.

If we can be of additional aid, please write to us.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures
Congressional Record
The Changing South
January NEW SOUTH
New South Promotion

BOWES SEAL FAST

AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS OF OUTSTANDING QUALITY

5c

Leo Falardeau

Authorized Distributor

Phone 586 - Coleraine, Minnesota

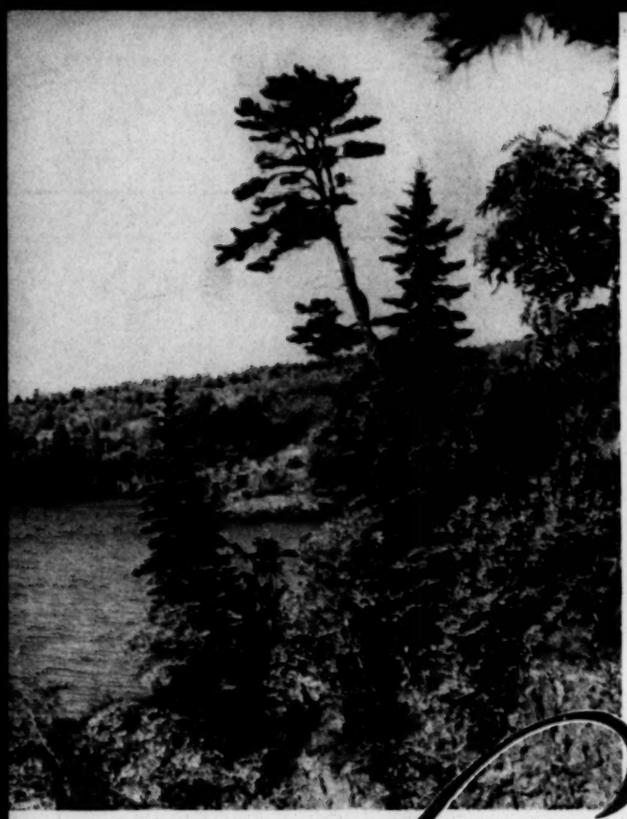
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave N.E.
Atlanta 3 Georgia

Gentlemen;

I am taking by correspondence from the U. of Minnesota a course in Racial & Cultural Minorities. Question #16 reads "If any of the organizations listed in this chapter are in your city, choose one of them, and interview somebody in authority; find out what the approach and program of the group are, what problems they face, How well they are succeeding in their aims, write a report on the organization (c. 1000 wds) The alternative was to write one of them.

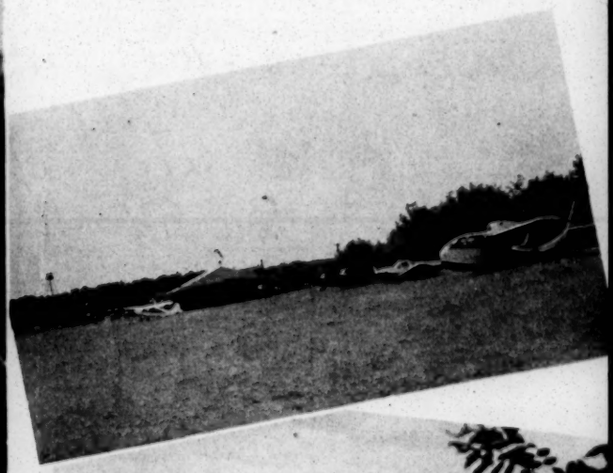
Any help you can give me will be greatly appreciated.

Yours very truly,
Leo Falardeau



The BEAUTIFUL VILLAGE of Coleraine IN MINNESOTA'S ARROWHEAD

WESTERN GATEWAY TO THE GREAT MESABI IRON RANGE



April 6, 1960

Mr. N. G. Simons
Administrator
Riverside Sanitarium and Hospital
Eight Hundred Young's Lane
Nashville 7, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Simons:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, four copies of the mimeographed report, "Religious Bodies and the Supreme Court Decision." The one, "The Churches Speak Out on the School Decision" is out of print.

Since we have a limited supply of this compilation, we are only able to send four copies.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

TELEPHONE CONGRESS 2-0454

Riverside . . .

SANITARIUM AND HOSPITAL

EIGHT HUNDRED YOUNG'S LANE
NASHVILLE 7, TENNESSEE

OFFICE OF THE
ADMINISTRATION

April 4, 1960

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

In recent weeks it was my priviledge to come into possession of one of your mimeographed pamphlets entitled, "The Churches Speak Out on the School Decision."

The editor of the Message Magazine, Elder James Dykes, has requisitioned my copy, and I am consequently writing to you to find out if this brochure is still available.

A couple of weeks ago the Regional Advisory Council of our denomination met here in Nashville, and at the time, considerable discussion was had relative to the advisability of our making an official pronouncement with respect to the convictions of our church in the matter of brotherhood, and the Supreme Court decision on segregation in the schools.

At the time, I quoted from several of the paragaphs found in your brochure, and a desire was expressed by a number of those present to have a copy of this brochure for their study.

I am wondering, therefore, if it might not be possible for me to obtain twelve (12) of those booklets. If so, kindly send me the twelve (12) by mail, together with your bill for the cost thereof.

Sincerely yours,

N. G. Simons

N. G. Simons
Administrator

NGS:srd

Material mailed:
Next Steps
What the S.C. Said
N.S. Oct., Nov., Dec., Jan., Feb., March
Three Views
Eco. Effects of School Closing
Prejudice and Society

Mailed 4-7-60

April 7, 1960

Mr. Eric Keele
Box 232, Seerley Baker
Cedar Falls, Iowa

Dear Mr. Keele:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, complimentary copies of Southern Regional Council's materials which may be of help to you in your project.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

April 4, 1960
Cedar Falls, Ia

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs;

A classmate and myself are preparing a paper on segregation of schools. We though maybe you could supply us with some real good information to use for references.

We are thinking about making it a pro and con paper using both sides of the story. Any information on this subject or anything pretaining to racial segregation which we can use would be greatly appreciated.

If there is a charge for booklets of pamphlets let us know, but please don't send material that will cost over a dollar or two.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,
Eric Keele

Address:
Eric Keele
Box 232, Seerley Baker
Cedar Falls, Ia

Sent separately:
The Negro and the Ballot
A Background Report on School Desegregation
If the Schools Are Closed...

Press list
4-18-60

April 12, 1960

Mr. Robert Walters
Program Director - WLRN
Box 163
Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Walters:

At your request, a copy of the Special Report on the student protests has been sent to you.

As Director of Information for the Council, I am placing your name on our press list which will entitle you to receive, free of charge, most of our reports and pamphlets as they are issued. This does not include NEW SOUTH, our monthly magazine, a copy of which is enclosed.

This issue of NEW SOUTH contains more information on the protest and I am also enclosing a copy of "A Human Appeal," which may be of interest to you.

Also, under separate cover, I am sending you some of our latest studies. If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Enclosures - 3

March New South
A Human Appeal
NS Promotional Piece

wlrn Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

6 April 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We have been referred to the Southern Regional Council as the most authoritative reporting service on the Southern integration-segregation struggle. In this connection, I am writing to request a copy of your recent Special Report on the student sit-in protest, as well as any supplements to the report which may be available.

MA-
send
4-12-60
sent. ma

This is the only report I am aware of, and thus I am making a specific request for it. However, I would appreciate any other material on the Southern racial conflict, with particular reference to the student situation.

Does the Southern Regional Council maintain any sort of a mailing list, or notification list for its new publications? If so, could you possibly include my name on it, and inform me of the cost of any publications issued?

WLRN is initiating a weekly program dealing with the racial problem in the South; it is for this reason that I am asking you aid. In addition to providing you own reports, would you willing to supply the names of any other groups which do work similiar to the Southern Regional Council?

I realize that I've asked for quite a lot ina very short letter, but any help you can provide will certainly be appreciated.

Sincerely,

Robert Walters

Robert Walters
Program Director

Mailing address:
Robert Walters
Box 163
Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pa.

5Ba

April 14, 1960

Dr. & Mrs. Robert D. Phillips
1309 Westwood Avenue
Richmond 27, Virginia

Dear Dr. & Mrs. Phillips:

Enclosed is some informational material concerning the Southern Regional Council.

We do not have a mass mailing list, but most of our publications and reports are listed in our monthly magaaine, NEW SOUTH, of which a sample copy is enclosed.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures - 5

Congressional Record
The Changing South
March New South
New South Promotional
The Collins address

April 12, 1960

Dear Sirs:

Please send information about the Council and put us on your mailing list.

Dr. & Mrs. Robert D. Phillips
1309 Westwood Ave.
Richmond, 27, Va.

April 21, 1960

Mr. Glenn O. Carey
Assistant Professor
English Department
State University of New York
State Teachers College
Cortland, New York

Dear Mr. Carey:

Enclosed is a copy of our listing of materials plus a copy of our latest pamphlet "The South and the Nation." You will note that "Three Views of the Segregation Decision" is still available.

If we can be of additional help, please write.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

JC - Please handle.
HCF

STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK
STATE TEACHERS COLLEGE
CORTLAND, NEW YORK

English Department
April 11, 1960

Director
The Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I am interested in receiving a list of your publications. I am especially interested in any publications that include speeches and essays by William Faulkner, Jonathan Daniels, Hodding Carter and other outstanding men of the South who have spoken or written about segregation and integration. In 1956, one of your publications entitled "Three Views of the Segregation Decision" especially interests me. Is this still available for purchase?

Sincerely yours,

Glenn O. Carey
Assistant Professor

April 22, 1960

Mr. George E. Barrett
Stahlman Building
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Barrett:

I am sending you, under separate cover, some material at the suggestion of Miss Louise Young.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

April 26, 1960

Mr. Ira Stephen Kry
Graduate Assistant
Panel Of Americans
33 East 68th Street
New York 21, New York

Dear Mr. Kry:

Thank you for your letter concerning materials of the Southern Regional Council. We are mailing you, under separate cover, a variety of things which may be of interest to you.

Please let us know if we can be of additional aid.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

NATIONAL COUNCIL
FOR THE
PANEL OF AMERICANS
33 East 68th Street, New York 21, New York • REgent 4-2254

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Rev. John M. Krumm
Chairman
Mrs. George D. Cannon
Stephen R. Currier
William vanden Heuvel
Walter Hirshon
William H. Kennedy, Jr.
Mrs. Robert E. Kintner
Gustave L. Levy
Mrs. Madeleine M. Low
William T. Rafael
Paul C. Sherbet
Frank A. Weil

Mrs. Dorothy S. Bauman
Executive Director
Marian Hargrave
Associate Director

April 22, 1960

Gentlemen -

We would greatly appreciate any information you might be able to send us about the work of the Council. In particular, bibliography, new materials, price lists, etc. Also, are reprints available of the April 3 article in the New York Times?

Sincerely yours,

Ira Stephen Kay
Graduate Assistant
Panel of Americans

JC

McPHERSON COLLEGE

DESMOND W. BITTINGER, *President*

McPHERSON, KANSAS

April 26, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

The first week of June, President Bittinger will be conducting on our campus a workshop in Race Relations. If you have any free pamphlet materials which will be useful for this workshop, we shall appreciate receiving it.

Thank you.

Yours truly,

McPherson College Library

Virginia Harris

Virginia Harris, Librarian

Mailed 4-29-60
material [illegible]

April 28, 1960

Mr. John Sweet
505 Bryn Mawr, S. E.
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Sweet:

In answer to your request, we are enclosing a listing of our materials. Please indicate which ones would be of interest to you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lcc
Enclosure

April 24, 1960

John Sweet
505 Bryn Mawr, S.E.
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Dear Sirs,

Would you please send me some material on racial prejudice.

Sincerely,
John Sweet

May 3 , 1960

Mr. Richard Leland
Teacher of Social Studies
Cody High School
18445 Cathedral Avenue
Detroit 28, Michigan

Dear Mr. Leland:

Enclosed is a publications listing of the Southern Regional Council. Please check the items in which you would be interested, and we will be glad to mail them to you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC;lec

S. M. BROWNELL
Superintendent of Schools

ARTHUR L. McGRATH
Assistant Superintendent

DETROIT PUBLIC SCHOOLS

CODY HIGH SCHOOL • 18445 CATHEDRAL AVENUE • DETROIT 28, MICHIGAN • VErmont 6-6584

HERMAN G. SCHUMACHER, Principal
RAYMOND AGREN, Assistant Principal
LUCY C. DUCK, Assistant Principal

JC

April 26, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

The Human Relation Club of Cody High School is interested in developing a library of resource materials. The library would be used by members of the club and be available to the 142 faculty members of Cody High School.

Will you please supply us with a complete listing of the materials published and made available by your organization. The club would appreciate your sending one copy of each free publication to give our library a substantial start.

Yours sincerely,

Richard Leland

Richard Leland
Teacher of Social Studies

May 4, 1960

Mr. Samuel Hill, Jr.
2619 Benvenue Avenue
Berkeley, California

Dear Mr. Hill:

Enclosed is some informational material concerning the Southern Regional Council. Also included is a list of materials and a sample copy of our monthly publication NEW SOUTH.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC;lec
Encls.

Charging Inuit
Cosigns. Record
Mard 11/5
N/S Bryno.

4-28-60

Mr Harold C. Fleming
The Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir,
please send me any information that you may have concerning your program.
If you have any literature that you can send to me please do pertaining to the material you publish.
Do you publish a Journal?

Respectfully,
Samuel Hill Jr

2619 Benvenue Ave
Berkeley Calif.

n.y.t.
c/o the Constitution advertising,
805 peachtree st. n.E.
atlanta

Materials sent:
South and the Nation
What the S. C. Said
Negro and the Ballot
Three Views
If the Schools Are Closed/..
NS Promotional
New South/Dec., Jan., Feb., March, April

May 12, 1960

Miss Polly Berrien
Skidmore College
Saratoga Springs, New York

Dear Miss Berrien:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some materials published by the Southern Regional Council. Some sample copies of our monthly magazine are included. Enclosed is a publications listing.

If there is additional materials desired, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Encl.

May 9, 1960

JC

SKIDMORE COLLEGE

Dear Sirs:

We received your address as a source of information regarding the integration movement. We have formed a Civil Rights for Negroes council here on campus and our sub committee devoted to communications is anxious to receive as much information as possible in order to inform the student body as accurately as possible — hence no one, we hope, will be able to say "you Northerners don't know what it

is really like down here."

Please send us any pertinent publications you may have available and — many thanks!

Sincerely,
Polly Berrien

send to:

Polly Berrien
Skidmore College
Saratoga Springs, N.Y.

Moreland's Mrs Report

May 13, 1960

Miss Anne Corry
Young Christian Students
College Headquarters
1700 W. Jackson Boulevard
Chicago 12, Illinois

Dear Miss Corry:

Your request for materials from the Southern Regional Council has been referred to me. We are placing your name on our mailing list for future material except our monthly publication NEW SOUTH. If your organization wishes to receive NEW SOUTH, subscription fee is $2.00 per year.

With best wishes in your work.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

May 23, 1960

Sister Mary Patrick, C. D. P.
Associate Director
Our Lady of the Lake College
San Antonio 7, Texas

Dear Sister Patrick:

Enclosed is a list of our materials. Please let me know which ones of these you can use. In addition we have two new pamphlets which are not listed here. They are enclosed for your information.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures - 3

Surplus against
Spirit of the Nation
Maternal Letting

Providence High School
1215 N. St. Mary's St.
San Antonio 2, Texas

Gentlemen:

From June 4 to July 15 at Our Lady of the Lake College in San Antonio, Texas, there will be a Human Relations Workshop sponsored by the National Conference of Christians and Jews. Educators from the Southwest will come from various races, creeds, and professions to become members of the group.

Funds are available to purchase material pertinent to the workshop. Please send to the ~~above~~ college in my name any catalogs or lists of publications you think will assist us. However, please, do not send any charged materials unless we order at a later date.

Any and all free materials you distribute will be exhibited on displays where about 600 teachers of the Southwest attend the regular summer session.

We are especially in need of material of recent date which deals specifically with human relations, minority groups, and institutions for the advancement of better understanding among various groups.

Please give this your personal consideration and help to make this venture a success.

Mail all packages and correspondence to

Sister Mary Patrick, C. D. P.
Our Lady of the Lake College
San Antonio 7, Texas

You will be remembered in my prayers for any help you give.

Sincerely,

Sister Mary Patrick

Sister Mary Patrick, C. D. P.
Associate Director

Your generous response last summer was very gratifying. May I hope for a repeat of your help? Please send other new materials (if free). Our united efforts are bearing visible results in this locality towards better understandings. Thank you.

May 23, 1960.

Mrs. Cynthia D. Alexander
873 Hutchinson Street
Montgomery, Alabama

Dear Mrs. Alexander:

Thank you for your check covering the balance on the material you ordered from us. We do appreciate your effort in selling this material and I am pleased it was of some benefit to your Club.

If we can be of additional aid in the future, please let us know.

Again thanks and best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lcc

873 Hutchinson Street
Montgomery, Alabama
May 5, 1960

posted 5/17/60 BCC

The Southern Regional Council

Atlanta, Georgia

CR
A 29 75
RHA

Gentlemen:

Please find enclosed my check in the amount of $29.75 as payment of the balance due on the account of $70.00 for the pamphlet which you so graciously allowed the October Club of The Dexter Avenue Baptist Church to sell for its financial project. I apologize for the delay in settling this account.

The terms as stated by the lady with whom I had correspondence was thirty-five cents per copy for the Council with our having permission to sell them at whatever price we chose. We were fortunate in being able to finally dispose of most of the copies at seventy-five cents each thus giving our club a nice profit. We do appreciate this opportunity given by you.

I might state that everyone who bought a copy was quite enthusiastic about having the information for his file-reference.

Yours very truly,

Cynthia D. Alexander

Cynthia D. Alexander

Enclosure-check

May 25, 1960

Mr. Lindsay Matthews
University Hotel
Nedlands, West Australia

Dear Mr. Matthews:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the materials you requested plus some additional items which might be of interest. There is no charge for this material.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Send "free"

5-23-60
Dew

University Hostel
Nedlands
West Aust
18.5.60

Dear Mr Constable,

Thank you for your reply to my letter of enquiry into the Southern Regional Council's publications. I am not sure yet of the procedure of subscribing to "New South", and am waiting on the Post Office to inform me of the means of meeting exchange difficulties.

However, I would like to take advantage of your offer of free publications. I will seem greedy, for apart from our newspaper coverage – which is hopelessly meagre and unreliable, we get absolutely no literature on this topic, and the importance of understanding some of inter-racial troubles is becoming greater each day, and especially to us, with the Aborigines and the New Guinea natives.

Would you, then, send me

1. The Negro Voter in the South M. Price
2. Changing Patterns in the New South SRC
3. Three Views of Segregation Decisions SRC
4. Next Steps in the South, Answers etc SRC
5. Race & Suffrage in the South since 1940 SRC
6. Safety, Security, & the South AF Miller
7. Wanted: The South's future for the Nation R.B. Vance
8. The Condition of our Rights SRC
9. The Negro in our Economy WH Hughes
10. Industrialization: Accent on the South B.D Segal
11. We Open the Gate Nat. Labor Service
12. The Negro and the Ballot
13. The South and the Nation P.T.O.
14. The Church in Area of Race Relations
15. Ap.-March - N.S

I realise that this lot will cost something in postage. Could you let me have them provisionally, trusting me to come good when I find the issue on exchange?

Yours faithfully

Lindsay Matthews.

Sent - 3/23/60
BCC

FIRST FOLD HERE

AEROGRAMME

By Air Mail · Par Avion

PERTH
19MAY
1960
WA AUST

COM'LTH RO
CORRECT ENRO
COMPULSO

10D
AUSTRALIA

Mr J. Constable

Southern Regional Council Inc

Room 432

63 Auburn Ave, N.E.

Atlanta 3

Georgia USA

SECOND FOLD HERE

SENDER'S NAME AND ADDRESS.

L. Matthews

University Hostel

Nedlands

West. Australia

NO TAPE OR STICKER MAY BE ATTACHED.

IF ANYTHING IS ENCLOSED AEROGRAMME WILL BE SENT BY ORDINARY MAIL.

SLIT HERE

SLIT HERE

University Hostel
Nedlands
WAustralia.
14.3.60

The Chairman,
Southern States Regional Council
Dear Sir,

Recently I read a "Current Affairs Bulletin" from the University of Sydney on "The Status of the American Negro". The author appended a list of reading, suggesting that one "keep up to date on this question" by subscribing to the publications of the above council. I am interested in the plight, and the improvement of minority groups, and feel that it will be the US who, willingly or otherwise, will lead the world in resolution of this problem, of their problem.

Could you give me information of your publications - frequency, subscription etc - please.

Yours faithfully,

Lindsay Matthews

May 27, 1960

The H. W. Wilson Company
950 University Avenue
New York 52, New York

Dear Sirs:

You may list the pamphlet "The Southern Regional Council Reports The Changing South" in your VERTICAL FILE INDEX as free of charge to libraries.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

May 23, 1960

Gentlemen: 2d card

We recently received for review your pamphlet(s) entitled:

Southern regoinal council reports on
the changing south

We are considering listing this in the VERTICAL FILE INDEX, but to do so we must have the retail postpaid price. Please provide us with this information, or if the pamphlet is free to libraries may we be so advised. Is it available in sufficient quantity to fill requests which may result?

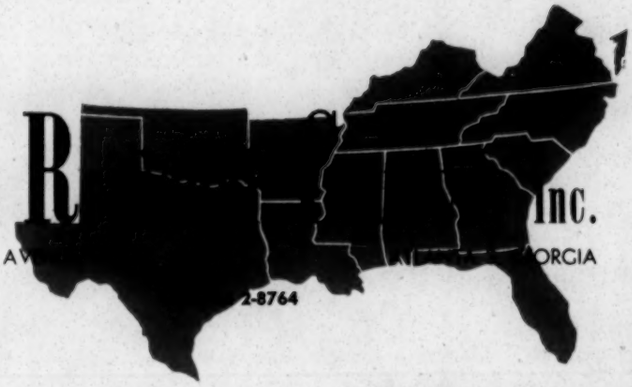
Now for immediate listing

VERTICAL FILE INDEX

The H. W. Wilson Co. 950 University Ave. New York 52

****

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT



Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AV[illegible] [illegible]ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date 5/26/60

To: HCF

From: JC

Subject: THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL REPORTS THE CHANGING SOUTH

THE VERTICAL FILE INDEX has requested permission to list this publication for their readers. They ask permission to list it as free or, if necessary, for a price. This is a service to libraries and when free materials have been listed, we have received a good many requests. However, we have about 2,500 copies of this pamphlet remaining and it might be good publicity. I think it would be good to list it, free of charge. What do you think?

OK
HCF

[illegible] pamp SRC [illegible]
[illegible] Vertical Index 92 of [illegible]

Mrs. W. B. Hembree, 1417 Clinch Ave.
Knoxville, Tenn. was a delegate
with me to the regional meet-
ing, in October, of The Fellowship of
the Concerned. She would like very
much to receive your literature.
May I thank you for sending it
to me? It is very interesting, timely
and educational. Many people read
my bulletins. Al Griffin
(Mrs (not Mr) Will. W. Griffin
Knoxville, 19.
8

June 3, 1960

Mrs. C. W. Coffey
56 Thrasher Street
New Orleans 24, Louisiana

Dear Mrs. Coffey:

We are sending you via railway express the materials you requested plus some additional things we think might be of help. I also called HOPE and asked them to send you a sample packet of their materials.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

With best wishes to you in your fight for the public schools.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

June 8, 1960

Rev. P. J. Molloy, Moderator
Catholic Interracial Council of St. Louis
5017 Northland
St. Louis 13, Missouri

Dear Mr. Molloy:

Enclosed is a listing of materials available from the Southern Regional Council. Also included are our two latest publications; "The South And The Nation," and "The Church In Areas Of Racial Tension." They sell for 15¢ and 10¢ respectively.

Please let us know if you can use any of the material listed.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls. - 3

SC

Catholic Interracial Council of St. Louis

5017 NORTHLAND ST. LOUIS 13, MISSOURI PHONE: FO. 7-3700

BOARD OF CONTROL
Fr. P. J. Molloy
Fr. J. W. Schumacher

1960
Dr. Edward L. Grant
A. F. Sydnor
Chas. F. Vatterott, Jr.
Dorothy Mattingly

1961
Mrs. James Mowrey
Mrs. Frank Otey
Mrs. C. Sealey
Mrs. M. Nenninger

1962
Ellsworth Evans
Henry Geerling
Kenneth Hall
Steven Fitzgerald
Mrs. Powell B. McHaney and
Miss Virginia M. Moerschel

OFFICERS
Fr. P. J. Molloy
Moderator
Mr. Ellsworth Evans
President
Mr. Henry Geerling
Vice-President
Mrs. Nicholas Schneider
Secretary
Dr. Edward L. Grant
Treasurer
Miss Victoria Cothran
Ex. Sec. Treas.

June 1, 1960

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

On August 25th thru 28th the Catholic Interracial Council of St. Louis will host the National Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice,Convention.

It is our desire to supply each delegate to the Convention with a folder containing pamphlets, flyers, etc., supplying information on the various agencies working for Interracial Justice.

We are anticipating a registration of between 250 and 300 delegates, and would appreciate any literature which you might have to offer.

Cordially yours,
Catholic Interracial Council of St. Louis
Local Arrangements- Committee
Miss Virginia M. Moerschel, Co-chairman

P.J. Molloy
Rev. P.J. Molloy, Moderator

HOST TO THE CONVENTION OF
THE NATIONAL CATHOLIC CONFERENCE FOR INTERRACIAL JUSTICE
August 25th–26th–27th–28th, 1960

June 8, 1960

Mr. Clarence W. Olmstead
Associate Professor
University of Wisconsin
Madison 6, Wisconsin

Dear Mr. Olmstead:

"Next Steps in the South" is out of print but we are in the process of revising it. It should be ready early next week at the latest and a copy will be mailed to you.

Enclosed is a publications listing and a copy of our latest issue of NEW SOUTH.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

MA - write onto Dr
send immediately OK

JC

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN
MADISON 6

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

1 June 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I would very much like to obtain a copy of "Next Steps in the South; Answers to Current Questions" which, I believe, contains a map of non-white population in the South. Would you please send me a list of your publications. I am interested in materials useful for the teaching of the geography of the South, including its human and land resources, its culture, economy, problems and progress.

Sincerely yours,

Clarence W. Olmstead

Clarence W. Olmstead
Associate Professor

DeWitt Guidance & Counseling Center
280 Rivington Street, N. Y. 2, N. Y.

Gentlemen:

Please include the name of our agency on your permanent mailing list for free literature.

Yours truly,

Robert A. Yangas

Robert A. Yangas,
Counselor

7/5/60

STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK

AGRICULTURAL AND TECHNICAL INSTITUTE
AT MORRISVILLE

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

June 28, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We would appreciate it very much if you would place our Library on your permeanent mailing list to receive copies of your publishing lists and any other free material you may distribute.

Very truly yours,

Gene Magner

Gene Magner
Librarian

GM:bjj

Materials list.
Sent all available
literature from list
6/29/60 - BOC

June 29, 1960

Mr. Joe Templeton, Director
Mobile Public Library
Mobile, Alabama

Dear Mr. Templeton:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, free materials you requested.

We do not maintain a general mailing list, but our publications are listed in our monthly magazine NEW SOUTH a sample copy of which is enclosed.

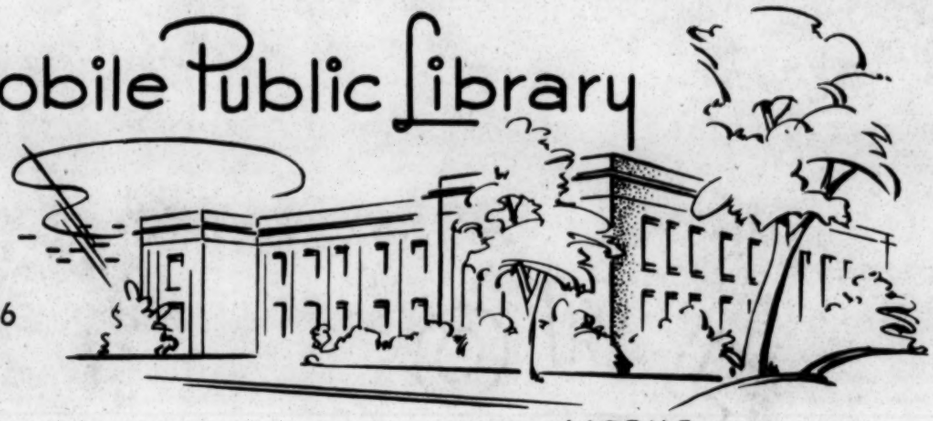
If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Mobile Public Library



INFORMATION is our Business! Call HEmlock 8-1696

OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN

MOBILE, ALABAMA

June 27, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send us a copy of all previous free publications that you still have in your files for mailing. We would also appreciate being put on your mailing list for future publications. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Joe Templeton
pa

Joe Templeton
Director

JT:pa

June 29, 1960

Mr. Howard E. Jensen
143 Pinecrest Road
Durham, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Jensen:

Your request has been turned over to Miss Marge Manderson in the research department. Miss Manderson will write you concerning any information she can turn up within the next few days.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

July 1, 1960

Mr. Ralph E. Smeltzer
Director
Peace and Social Education
General Brotherhood Board
Church of the Brethren
1451 Dundee Avenue
Elgin, Illinois

Dear Mr. Smeltzer:

We are mailing you and the Regional Secretary, under separate cover, the Morland report and the article by Rev. Tarplee. Both reports sell for ten cents each.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Bernice C. Cook
Clerk

/bcc
cc: Regional Secretary

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN

General Brotherhood Board

Norman J. Baugher • General Secretary

BRETHREN SERVICE COMMISSION
W. Harold Row, Executive Secretary
1451 Dundee Avenue, Elgin, Illinois, SHerwood 2-5100

June 27, 1960

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I have just read in the minutes of the Mass Media Committee of CCD that you have put out a report on lunch counter desegregation in the three southern cities, which report was prepared by Kenneth Norland.

Would you please send me a copy of this report and also send a copy of it to our Regional Secretary of the Southeastern Region, Church of the Brethren, Bridgewater, Virginia. Please indicate to each of us the cost of a quantity order of this report, in case we should want to send it to our pastors and other local church leaders in the Southeastern Region.

Sincerely yours,

Ralph E. Smeltzer

Ralph E. Smeltzer
Director
Peace and Social Education

RES/eh

P.S. We would also appreciate your sending to each of us a copy of the article by Rev. Cornelius C. Tarplee of the National Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church on "The Church in Areas of Racial Tension," indicating again the cost of a quantity order.

cc: Samuel Hurley

Hazel Peters, Administrative Assistant

PEACE COUNSELOR
Ora Huston

PEACE AND SOCIAL EDUCATION
Ralph E. Smeltzer, Director

SOCIAL WELFARE
James Renz, Director

VOLUNTEER SERVICES
Joel Thompson, Interim Director

INTERNATIONAL SERVICE
W. Harold Row, Director

July 1, 1960

Mr. Paul B. Snider
Chairman
Department of Journalism
Bradley University
Peoria, Illinois

Dear Mr. Snider:

Thank you for your letter of June 20. Enclosed are two informational pieces concerning the Council which might be of interest to you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls. - 2

BRADLEY UNIVERSITY
PEORIA, ILLINOIS

DEPARTMENT OF JOURNALISM

June 20, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave., NE
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Gentlemen:

Thank you for "Racial Crisis and The Press". I'll put it aside, though, until I figure out who and what is the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

Care to help me?

Sincerely,

Paul B. Snider
Chairman

July 6, 1960

Mr. M. B. Wade
Associate Professor
Social Science Department
Tennessee Tech
Cookeville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Wade:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: THE FIRST SIX YEARS. Additional copies may be secured at 35¢ or 30¢ for quantity orders.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Social Science Dept.
Tennessee Tech
Cookeville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Constable:

I recently saw a copy of "School Desegregation: the First Six Years," which was published by you. I am wondering if it would be possible to secure extra copies of this publication and what the cost would be. I would at least like to have a copy for myself. Please let me know about this at your convenience. Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

M. B. Wade

M. B. Wade, Asso. Prof.
Social Science Dept.(Sociology)

Materials mailed:

Congressional Record
SRC Reports the Changing South
Toward a Solution of the Sit-in Controversy
March and May, 1960 issues of NEW SOUTH
NEW SOUTH promotional piece

July 12, 1960

Miss Betty Stephens
Encampment for Citizenship
Fieldston School - Fieldston Road
Riverdale 71, New York

Dear Miss Stephens:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some informational material and pamphlets of the Southern Regional Council.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc

Encampment for citizenship
Fieldston Road
Riverdale 71 N.Y.

Dear Sir,

I am a camper at the Encampment for citizenship and as a project, I have undertaken the study of the Southern Regional Council because I am faintly acquainted with their work in Charlotte N.C. and would like to know more as to the history, primary functions and the areas they most focus their work.

I am very interested in this organization and would like to receive all or any information pertaining to this organization.

Sincerely
Betty Stephens

Materials sent: "Sit-In's"
Collins Report
Tarplee Report
Racial Crisis and the Press

(put on press list and complimentary NEW SOUTH) 7/25/60

July 19, 1960

Mr. D. Parke Gibson
Public Relations
2631 Seventh Avenue
New York 39, New York

Dear Mr. Gibson:

Your letter concerning publications of the Southern Regional Council has been referred to me. We are placing your name on our mailing list for all our news releases and related publications.

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some recent publications of the council.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bee

H.F. - Douglas-Talmadge exchange - in which T is given the last word - is interesting

JC - pls let EW have article to file after your reply

AUDUBON 1-4868

D. PARKE GIBSON
PUBLIC RELATIONS
2631 SEVENTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 39, NEW YORK

June 10, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

If memory serves me correctly, while I was promotion manager of EBONY Magazine, the Council published a newsletter or issued reports periodically.

Currently I am establishing my own public relations firm, offering services in the Negro community, and write to learn if I may be placed on your mailing list to receive published materials.

If there is a charge for such services, please advise me.

Attached is a final proof of an article that I will be publicizing in the Negro community, in behalf of the July issue of The Reader's Digest. You may find it of some interest.

Looking forward to hearing from you, I am

Cordially yours,

D. Parke Gibson

D. Parke Gibson

DPG/m-w

1 Enc.

July 19, 1960

Miss Hazel L. Dunnings
Associate Director
Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc.
National Headquarters
1814 M Street N.W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Miss Dunnings:

We are sorry, but we do not have free material in the quantity you desire for your convention. We are mailing you, under separate cover, some materials on the "Sit-In's" which we could let you have at cost. The mimeographed material and the NEW SOUTH are available to you at ten cents each.

Please let me know if you wish any of this material.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc

DELTA SIGMA THETA SORORITY, INC.

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS • 1814 M STREET, N.W. • WASHINGTON 6, D.C.

J.C. let me know what else to include. sec

July 12, 1960

ELOISE A. JONES
Executive Director

HAZEL L. DUNNINGS
Associate Director

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, a National Organization dedicated to public service, will convene in Chicago, August 14-21, 1960, in its 27th National Convention. We anticipate 1,000 delegates in attendance.

We would appreciate receiving free literature from you pertaining to education, job opportunities and concerns of today's youth. Especially, we would appreciate receiving reprints of, The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960.

If this request is granted, please ship booklets to, Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Attention: Miss Hazel L. Dunnings c/o Palmer House Hotel, Chicago, Illinois. These books should not arrive before August 1st and no later than August 6.

Enclosed is a brochure which further explains our organization, in this matter.

Very truly yours,

Hazel L. Dunnings

Hazel L. Dunnings
Associate Director

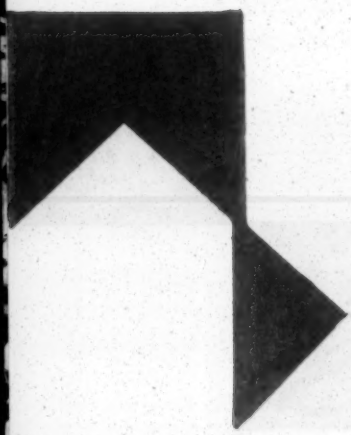
HLD/oms

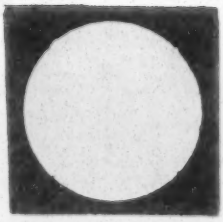
cc: Maude Watkins
Eunice H. Nelson

GRAND CHAPTER

JEANNE L. NOBLE, National President • GERALDINE P. WOODS, First National Vice President • GLORIA D. RANDLE, Second National Vice President • ANNE L. CAMPBELL, National Secretary • VIVIAN E. WASHINGTON, National Treasurer • SADIE T. M. ALEXANDER, Legal Adviser BERNICE H. BELL, Director-Central Region • DOROTHY S. PROCTOR, Director-Eastern Region • ELLEN T. LAW, Director-Farwest Region FRANCES FLIPPEN, Director-Midwest Region • CECIL EDWARDS, Director-Southern Region • HELEN RICHARDS, Director-Southwest Region LEOLA K. WILLIAMS, Chairman-Finance Committee • FRANKIE FREEMAN, Chairman-Nominating Committee • M. ELIZABETH CARNEGIE, Chairman-Publications and Public Relations • KARA V. JACKSON, Chairman-Projects Committee • NELLIE G. ROULHAC, Chairman-Personnel Committee • DOROTHY P. HARRISON, Past National President • SARA-ALYCE WRIGHT, Chairman-Yancey Commission • DOROTHY I. HEIGHT, Co-Chairman-Golden Anniversary Committee • GWENDOLYN HIGGINBOTHAM, Co-Chairman-Golden Anniversary Committee

DELTA SIGMA THETA





Dedicated

TO PUBLIC SERVICE

Organized FOR SERVICE....

DELTA SIGMA THETA was founded in 1913 by 22 Howard University undergraduates. These youthful students demonstrated a vital concern for social welfare, academic excellence and cultural enrichment during Delta's first year of existence. They marched down Constitution Avenue in the Nation's Capital with other women's groups in an effort to gain suffrage for women. De-emphasizing the social side of sorority life they demanded high scholastic attainment as a condition for membership and embarked upon an ambitious program of cultural and educational activities. As a result, Delta Sigma Theta is today a public service organization dedicated to a program of sharing membership skills and organizational services in the public interest.

OFFICERS

Dr. Jeanne L. Noble
National President

Miss Eloise A. Jones
Executive Director

Dr. Geraldine P. Woods
First Vice President

Miss Gloria Dean Randle
Second Vice President

Dr. Anne L. Campbell
Secretary

Mrs. Vivian E. Washington
Treasurer

Dr. Sadie T. M. Alexander
Legal Adviser

Miss Bernice H. Bell
Director, Eastern Region

Mrs. Dorothy Shaed Proctor
Director, Eastern Region

Mrs. Ellen T. Law
Director, Farwest Region

Mrs. Frances Flippen
Director, Midwest Region

Mrs. Cecil Edwards
Director, Southern Region

Dr. Helen Richards
Director, Southwest Region

Mrs. Leola K. Williams
Chairman, Finance Committee

Attorney Frankie Freeman
Chairman, Nominating Committee

Mrs. M. Elizabeth Carnegie
Chairman, Publications and Public Relations Committee

Dr. Kara V. Jackson
Chairman, Projects Committee

Mrs. Nellie G. Roulhac
Chairman, Personnel Committee

Mrs. Sara-Alyce Wright
Chairman, Yancey Commission on Undergraduate Concerns

Miss Dorothy I. Height
Co-Chairman, Golden Anniversary Committee

Mrs. Gwendolyn H. Higginbotham, *Co-Chairman, Golden Anniversary Committee*

Mrs. Dorothy P. Harrison
Past National President

Miss Hazel L. Dunnings
Associate Director

People People People

A NEED FOR closer association among college women and for concerted action on vital public matters sparked Delta's founding. The organization offers social and cultural programs, but even more it offers a unique opportunity for public service—meeting real community needs—and the accompanying satisfaction derived from accepting social responsibility in the public interest.

MEMBERSHIP OF Delta Sigma Theta has grown from its 22 Negro founders to 25,000 women of all races. It has 250 chapters in 38 states and in the Republic of Haiti. It has awarded over $600,000 in scholarships and spends over $30,000 annually on its public service projects. Its services have ranged from work with counselors for minority youth to donating milk, ambulances and bookmobiles; and from conducting mental health clinics to equipping hospital wards from Georgia to Africa.

National Headquarters, 1814

THERE ARE 25,000 members of Delta Sigma Theta, located throughout the United States and in the Republic of Haiti. This public service force is composed of schoolteachers, school principals, college professors, guidance workers, scientists, mathematicians, administrators, authors, lawyers, concert artists, doctors, social workers, actresses, librarians, proprietors, wives and mothers.

NOW CENTERED around its five public service projects and scholarship grants, Delta's program has included a National Vigilance Committee established in 1927 to promote minority rights and a Public Affairs Committee to keep members informed. Held in many communities, Delta's annual Jabberwock is a creative, cultural festival of drama, music and dance. Each chapter still observes May Week, established in 1921 to emphasize the value of higher education for women.

W., Washington 6, D. C. – REpublic 7-3811

DELTA

PUBLIC

DELTA'S FORMULA FOR ORGANIZATIONAL ACTIVITY IS A CREATIVE BLEND OF PUBLIC SERVICE AND COMRADESHIP. BEGINNING WITH THE THEME "INVEST IN EDUCATION," DELTA HAS MAINTAINED ITS NATIONAL SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM SINCE 1921. IT IS ONE OF EIGHT NATIONAL ORGANZATIONS SUPPORTING THE AMERICAN COUNCIL ON HUMAN RIGHTS, A SOCIAL ACTION AGENCY FOUNDED IN 1948, AND IS A NATIONAL AFFILIATE OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF NEGRO WOMEN. DELTA'S MOST IMPORTANT PROGRAM IS ITS FIVE PUBLIC SERVICE PROJECTS–LIBRARY, JOB OPPORTUNITIES, MENTAL HEALTH, VOLUNTEERS FOR COMMUNITY SERVICE AND INTERNATIONAL.

PROJECTS—LIBRARY, JOB OPPORTUNITIES, MENTAL HEALTH, VOLUNTEERS FOR COMMUNITY SERVICE AND INTERNATIONAL.

INDIAN
OCEAN
PACIFIC
AFRICA
NORTH
AMERICA

SERVICE PROJECTS

Library

Seeing the need for library facilities for minorities in Southern areas, Delta Sigma Theta initiated in 1937 a library project. The organization sent to rural Georgia a bookmobile which for many was an "education-mobile." Recognizing the importance of this service, the State of Georgia underwrote the bookmobile's operating costs. Upon being presented the bookmobile as a gift from Delta, Georgia adopted the program completely. The bookmobile earned for Delta the coveted American Library Award. The organization also sponsored book baskets, book reviews, adult reading classes, films and story-telling hours in an "each-one-reach-one manner". Current emphasis is on motivating wider reading among school children by stimulating their interest in books and ideas. This Delta project is called "Ride The Winged Horse," so named because children are awarded replicas of horses upon reaching pre-determined goals. This project won a special Certificate of Merit, a Community School Improvement Award, presented by B. V. D., textile manufacturers.

Jobs

Concerned that Negroes were forced into relatively few occupations in an American economy facing serious manpower shortages, Delta Sigma Theta initiated a job opportunities project. In 1941 it began a series of job opportunities clinics for high school and college seniors throughout the country, informing the Negro youth about the world of work. Delta has recently expanded these activities to include—a series of *Guidance Workshops* for homeroom teachers of ninth grade students, *Conferences for Professional Guidance Counselors* in recently desegregated communities and *Parent Clinics* that disseminate information and motivate parents to raise the aspiration level of Negro students.

Volunteers

Impressed with the community services of welfare agencies and aware that 90 per cent of their personnel are volunteers, Delta Sigma Theta set out to make its select womanpower available to them. The organizations aided are the *Young Women's Christian Association of the United States*, the *American National Red Cross*, the *National Urban League*, the *Girl Scouts of the United States* and the *United Community Funds and Councils*. By formal agreement and national planning with these agencies Delta women are enabled to share their skills and services as board members, committee members and active volunteers.

Volunteers

Impressed with the community services of welfare agencies and aware that 90 per cent of their personnel are volunteers, Delta Sigma Theta set out to make its select womanpower available to them. The organizations aided are the *Young Women's Christian Association of the United States*, the *American National Red Cross*, the *National Urban League*, the *Girl Scouts of the United States* and the *United Community Funds and Councils*. By formal agreement and national planning with these agencies Delta women are enabled to share their skills and services as board members, committee members and active volunteers.

Mental Health

Foreboding statistics on mental health led Delta Sigma Theta to the realization that mental health is everybody's business. After a national consultation with leading mental health authorities, the organization embarked on a massive program of disseminating information to increase public knowledge and awareness of mental health problems. Delta held leadership conferences to inform its membership of mental health needs. Members visited mental institutions, talked with patients and provided equipment such as television sets, clothing and books. The organization held a mental health workshop at Topeka, Kansas where it was aided by the resources of the famous Menninger Foundation. Lincoln University in Jefferson City, Missouri gave academic credit for Delta's mental health workshop there and plans to continue the course each year. Leading authorities have helped Delta outline methods of approach and application in solving America's foremost health problem.

International

Recognizing the prominent role an organization of college women should assume in achieving international understanding and peace, Delta Sigma Theta established its international project to express concern for and interest in people throughout the world. Delta helped rehabilitate and build roads for a Haitian village stricken by Hurricane Hazel. It grants annual scholarships to two students at the Delhi School of Social Work in Delhi, India. The new Chania Medical Center being erected in Kenya as Africa's first native-operated hospital will have a maternity wing named for Delta Sigma Theta, which donated equipment to the Center.

State Teachers College

Dickinson, North Dakota

Would you please send me materials that describe the purpose and nature of your organization? Your putting my name on your mailing list to receive news releases and review copies of your reports, studies, etc. is especially desired.

I am particularly interested in items that reflect developments and challenges of the times. Your news items will be cited whenever they can be used.

Sincerely,

W. Ferron Halvorson

W. Ferron Halvorson
Director of Publications

WFH:ng

Please address all materials to:

W. Ferron Halvorson
Box 570
Dickinson, North Dakota

Mass Media Dist — L.E.C.

Sent 7/29/61 Ecc

Origins & Aims
Changing South

8/5/61

BUY "DAKOTA MAID" FLOUR

8-22-60 Cat. #8

Dear Sirs -

Please put on your mailing list: Mr. Richard Wolfe
c/o Antioch College -
Yellow Springs
Ohio

and bill us for his membership
(George & Bee Wolfe 7901 Carroll Ave Takoma Park Md)

Materials sent:
Materials on Sit-ins
News Release
Negro And the Ballot
Desegregation: First Six Years

August 12, 1960

Mr. Ed Edwin
10 Bank Street
New York 14, New York

Dear Mr. Edwin:

Thank you for your letter and your request for materials. We are placing you on our mailing list and are mailing you, under separate cover, some back items which may be of interest. This list will not include our monthly publication NEW SOUTH, a copy of which is enclosed.

Please let me know if we can be of any additional aid to you in any of your future projects.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl. (NEW SOUTH - June)

8/12/60

JC

Ed Edwin

10 Bank Street
New York 14, N. Y.
August 10, 1960

Phone: Watkins 9-6541

Director of Public Relations
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Would it be possible to be placed on your permanent press list for your reports, surveys, and any fact sheets which you may distribute — including the recent one on lunch counter desegregation?

For your records, here are my reporting and writing credits:

NBC News 1960 Convention Staff, both conventions, with assignments including coverage of Freedom Marchers for both TV and radio.

CBS News: special radio reports on founding convention of the Negro American Labor Council and the NAACP national convention, both 1960.

TV Guide: "The Man Who....An appraisal of some key delegations," July 9, 1960, page 12. A return article on assignment for a campaign issue, parts of which will deal with civil rights affairs.

Esquire: assigned article on conduct of the presidential campaigns.

Outlines in circulation but not yet accepted: Adam Clayton Powell; the Black Supremecists; the Negro American Labor Council; the emergent Negro leadership.

Many thanks.

Sincerely yours,

Ed Edwin

L.E.C. – Cat. #8

THE CITY OF NEW YORK
COMMISSION ON INTERGROUP RELATIONS
80 LAFAYETTE STREET • NEW YORK 13, N. Y. • REctor 2-5300

DR. ALFRED J. MARROW
CHAIRMAN

DR. FRANK S. HORNE
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

COMMISSIONERS
JUAN AVILES
MICHEL CIEPLINSKI
WILLIAM DEAN EMBREE
REV. LELAND B. HENRY
CHARLES H. KERRIGAN
VINCENT LACAPRIA
THEOPHILUS LEWIS
DAVID H. LITTER
PEARSON E. NEAMAN
MARY L. RILEY
JUAN SANCHEZ
MARIETTA TREE
LESTER A. WALTON
CHARLES S. ZIMMERMAN

ROBERT F. WAGNER
MAYOR

August 19, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue North East
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Would you please send me a copy of your recently released six-year report on school desegregation.

May I request, too, that you place my name on your mailing list so that I will receive future copies of your releases and reports.

Thank you.

Yours truly,

Irving Goldaber

IG:mbh

Irving Goldaber
Assistant Director

What category? – 8

9/8/60

August 25, 1960

Mr. Irving Goldaber
Assistant Director
The City of New York
Commission on Intergroup Relations
80 Lafayette Street
New York 13, New York

Dear Mr. Goldaber:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of the pamphlet "SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: The first six years" as requested.

We are also placing your name on our mailing list to receive future copies of our releases and reports.

Again, thank you for your interest.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc

August 25, 1960

Mr. Wesley J. Prieb
Tabor College
Hillsboro, Kansas

Dear Mr. Prieb:

In reply to your letter dated August 23, regarding the pamphlet "Religious Bodies and the Supreme Court Decision," we are very sorry our supply is now exhausted.

You may wish to write direct to the Alabama Council on Human Relations, 1218 Comer Building, Birmingham 3, Alabama and perhaps they may be able to help you.

If we can be of further help to you please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc

TABOR COLLEGE

HILLSBORO, KANSAS

Office of the Dean

August 23, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Several years ago I visited your offices in Atlanta and secured a copy "Religious Bodies and The Supreme Court Decision," which was compiled by the Birmingham Council on Human Relations, July 31, 1957. This is a very valuable document, but my copy was imperfect. Pages 18 and 19 are missing, and these are exactly the pages I need. We are making a careful study of the resolution passed by the Lutheran Church--Missouri Synod on "Race Relations in National and World-Wide Church Work." This resolution was passed at the convention in St. Paul, Minnesota, June 2--30, 1956. I have the first two pages of this resolution; I would like to know what the last page contains. Would it be possible for you to send me a copy of this particular resolution? Your help in this matter will be appreciated very much. I have been assigned the task of writing a statement for the Mennonite Brethren Church on race relations.

Sincerely yours,

Wesley J. Prieb

Wesley J. Prieb

CHECK IN LIBRARY FILE

GREAT NECK LIBRARY • 14 ARRANDALE AVENUE • GREAT NECK, N. Y.

Dear Sir: Date 8/29/60

If your publication listed below is available for free distribution, will you be good enough to send us ~~a copy~~? two copies -

School Desegregation - the first six years.

Sent 1 complimentary copy -

9/18/60

If we are not already on your mailing list, will you please add our name? Thank you.

Reference Librarian.
Joseph Covino

August 29, 1960

Mr. John H. Deer
Executive Secretary
State Sovereignty Commission
State Capitol Building
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Deer:

Enclosed is some information concerning our pamphlets and our monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH. If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures - 2

J.C.

LOUISIANA
STATE SOVEREIGNTY COMMISSION
STATE CAPITOL BUILDING
BATON ROUGE

JOHN H. DEER
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

August 19, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We would appreciate receiving from you information relative to literature that you may have available, either in the form of pamphlets or any regular periodicals which you have that we might well be interested in subscribing to.

Yours very truly,

STATE SOVEREIGNTY COMMISSION

JHDeer

JOHN H. DEER
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

JHD:nw

NATIONAL
GUARDIAN
the progressive newsweekly

197 E. FOURTH STREET • NEW YORK 9, N. Y. • ORegon 3-3800

August 29, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please send copies of your recent report on school desegregation.

Please add my name to your mailing list.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Joanne Grant

Joanne Grant

10/8/60

Sent 1 copy
9/1/60
BCC

August 29, 1960

Mr. Keith Goldhammer, Director
Bureau of Educational Research
Oregon School Study Council
University of Oregon
Eugene, Oregon

Dear Mr. Goldhammer:

You may purchase copies of "Lunch Counter Desegregation in Corpus Christi, Galveston, and San Antonio, Texas" for 10¢ per copy. Enclosed is a materials listing including prices.

You may also be interested in our monthly magazine NEW SOUTH, a copy of which is enclosed.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

OREGON SCHOOL STUDY COUNCIL
SCHOOL OF EDUCATION
UNIVERSITY OF OREGON
EUGENE, OREGON

August 22, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I have just had an opportunity to read your report of May 10, 1960 entitled "Lunch Counter Desegregation in Corpus Christi, Galveston, and San Antonio, Texas." This report is a very excellent analysis of community action in the improvement of social conditions within the community. I think that the members of the Oregon School Study Council would find it a tremendously valuable report to study. I should appreciate learning from you how we might secure 50 copies for distribution to our membership.

I presume that there are other reports on desegregation that you have available and I would very much appreciate having a list of them and the cost for them.

Very sincerely yours,

Keith Goldhammer

Keith Goldhammer, Director
Bureau of Educational Research

KG:er

J. Michael Barrier
Delta Tau Delta
Northwestern University
Evanston, Illinois

August 31, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

To whom it may concern:

May my name please be placed on the SRC's mailing list?

I am especially interested in obtaining a copy of the annual report issued on August 19, if any are still available.

Thanks,

Yours,

Mike Barrier

Mike Barrier

Sent copy 9/2/60
BCC

10/8/60

August 31, 1960

Mr. James M. Wood, Jr.
Rt. 2, Box 364 A
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Wood:

We are mailing your organization, under separate cover, some sample copies of our materials. I have passed your chairman's name on to Paul Rilling, our Director of Field Activities, who is our representative in this area of work. Some of this material can be supplied free of charge when it is being used by the committee. Please let me know of any specific materials you might wish, and I will see that they are supplied.

You may also be interested in writing to two New Orleans Committees for public schools and receiving their materials.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Enr. N/S. promotions

September 19, 1960

Mr. Hadley Harper
419 - 5th Street
Philena Apts.
Cheney, Washington

Dear Mr. Harper:

We are placing your name on our mailing list for future reports of the Council. This does not include our monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH, which is $2.00 per year. It will include all our news releases, reports and pamphlets other than NEW SOUTH.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of Information

/lec

United Student Christian Foundation

At Eastern Washington College of Education
Isle-Land Student Union, Box 698, Cheney, Wash.

The Reverend Hadley Harper, pastor-director
Residence BElmont 5-4936

Religious Office—Student Union Room 201
Telephone BElmont 5-4085

September 14, 1960

Southern Regional Council
41 Exchange Place,
Atlanta, Georgia

8

Gentlemen:

I would like to be placed on the mailing list of the Southern Regional Council.

Sincerely,

Hadley Harper

Hadley Harper
419 - 5th Street
Philena Apts
Cheney, Washington

ns 1, 2-00

The United Campus Ministry is supported by local, state and national funds of six denominations. The United Student Christian Foundation is the official student organization of the Baptist (American), Christian (Disciples) Episcopal, Methodist, Presbyterian U. S. A. (United), Congregational Christian and Evangelical and Reformed (United Church of Christ).

Affiliated with—Department of Campus Christian Life of National Council of Churches
—National Student Christian Federation
—World Student Christian Federation

September 30, 1960

Mr. George H. Hahner
Colby Union High School
Colby, Wisconsin

Dear Mr. Hahner:

In reply to your request, we are mailing you, under separate cover, some material of the Southern Regional Council. We also are putting you on our mailing list for selected future pamphlets and reports. This will not include NEW SOUTH, our monthly magazine, the subscription fee of which is $2.00 per year.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

WOODROW E. TESMER, President GUY DORAZIO, Clerk E. W. SCHULZ, Treasurer

MARCE FOSTER, Director
DR. J. W. KOCH, Director
ANSEL MESSER, Director
FRANK JORDAN, Director

Colby Union High School

E. B. SASSE, Principal
Colby, Wis.

September 26, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

As a teacher of social studies I endeavor to bring issues of national prominence before my students in an impartial manner, using materials that provide them with factual information about the subject of inquiry. On the Negro problems facing the South and the country as a whole I find it increasingly difficult to find pertinent current material of an unbiased nature. Noting that Mr. P.D. East, publisher of the Petal Paper, continually refers to reports of the Southern Regional Council, I would like to appeal to the Council for source materials that I may use in both my American History and American Problems classes.

Very truly yours,

George H. Hahner

George H. Hahner

October 3, 1960

Mr. Roland B. Westerlund
Sociology Department
St. Lawrence University
Canton, New York

Dear Mr. Westerlund:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some descriptive materials of the Council.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Director of Information

/lec

Congressional Record
Changing Society

September 27, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

At present I am compiling a descriptive list of organizations which deal with questions of civil rights and civil liberties. It is my purpose to use this list as a teaching aid and as a research tool.

I would appreciate it if you would send to me any available literature which describes your organization, its objectives, its program, and its accomplishments.

Sincerely,

Roland B. Westerlund

Roland B. Westerlund

Sociology Department
St. Lawrence University
Canton, New York

October 5, 1960

Mr. Robert A. Haber
President
Students For Democratic Society
112 East 19 Street
New York 3, New York

Dear Mr. Haber:

We are placing your name on our all purpose mailing list which will enable you to receive future reports of the Southern Regional Couhcil. This does not include our monthly publication NEW SOUTH, subscription fee of which is $2.00 per year.

We also are mailing you some descriptive materials concerning the Council plus a listing of some of our materials.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Cong. Record
Changing South
Millennial Century

L D
1·9 0·5

STUDENTS FOR DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

112 East 19 Street
New York 3, New York
Algonquin 4-5865

STUDENT DEPARTMENT OF THE
LEAGUE FOR INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY

AC

September 22, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Would you please put the Students for a Democratic Society on your mailing list and insure that we receive copies of all reports, publications, and bulletins that you issue. We would appreciate also a list of past reports available and some information about the Southern Regional Council, perhaps your last annual report.

Thanking you for your kind attention, I am

Yours truly,

Robert A. Haber

Robert A. Haber
President

RAH/JW

October 17, 1960

Mr. Peter S. Humber
Box 7417
College Station, Texas

Dear Mr. Humber:

We are enclosing a listing of our publications. Please check the ones in which you are interested and we will mail them to you.

Thank you for the kind comments about our work.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Director of
Information

/lec
Encl.

Box 7417
College Station, Texas
October 14, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am currently a student at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas and am very interested in the problems of desegregation.

Several weeks ago I wrote my representative, the Honorable Paul J. Kilday, for further information on this vital problem and he sent me several pamplets among which was your " School Desegregation: The First Six Years " .

Since I am speaking to a group here in the near future on the conflicts, the problems, and the progress in desegregation, I would appreciate any information you can give me. My personal finances are rather limited but if you will quote me the prices of those pamplets which you must charge for I can possibly afford some of them.

May I take this opportunity to commend you for the fine work which you are doing. Education of the people is the key to solving this problem and you are certainly contributing a great deal towards that end.

Sincerely yours,

Peter S. Humber

Peter S. Humber

Long Range Report
Charles Powell
Mid Pressure

October 28, 1960

Mr. Terry Lamm
Box 212, Cranbrook School
Bloomfield Hills, Michigan

Dear Mr. Lamm:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material concerning our organization as requested.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Terry Lamm
Box 212,
Cranbrook School
Bloomfield Hills,
Michigan

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

I wonder if you would be considerate enough to send me some literature on your organization. Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Terry Lamm

Terry Lamm

November 18, 1960

Mr. Dick Bennett
Department of English
Montana State University
Missoula, Montana

Dear Mr. Bennett:

Enclosed is some material concerning the Southern Regional Council and its work. The address of the Mississippi Citizens' Council is 813 Plaza Building, Jackson, Mississippi.

If we can be of additional help to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.
Changing South
Congressional Record Reprint
Desegregation; First 6 Yrs.

MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY

MISSOULA

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH

November 8, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Because I am a Southerner with a long time interest in the activities of such organizations as yours, I have been asked to present a talk before the Montana Forum here at the University on the subject of the Southern moderate. Do you have any materials which might help me present a full picture of your efforts and of the efforts of people who share your goals? I want the people here to know about the Councils of Human Relations, newspapers, and individuals who have pursued a responsible approach to equal opportunity for all people in the South. And could you include the address of the Mississippi or Alabama or Georgia White Citizens' Council, so that I may illustrate some statements and ideas held by those people.

Yours sincerely,

Dick Bennett

Dick Bennett

MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY IS A UNIT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA, THE OTHER COMPONENT INSTITUTIONS OF WHICH ARE MONTANA STATE COLLEGE AT BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHOOL OF MINES AT BUTTE, WESTERN MONTANA COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AT DILLON, EASTERN MONTANA COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AT BILLINGS, AND NORTHERN MONTANA COLLEGE AT HAVRE

November 18, 1960

Miss Nancy G. Self
6481 El Roble Street
Long Beach 15, California

Dear Miss Self:

Enclosed is some material concerning the Southern Regional Council. We appreciate your interest; and if we can be of any additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

Changing South
Cong. Record Reprint
Deseg: First 6 Yrs.

JC. Please handle.
H.

RECEIVED
NOV 14 1960

6481 El Roble Street
Long Beach 15, California
November 9, 1960

Gentlemen:

I am preparing a term report to be given to a Christian Ethics class at Southern California School of Theology. I have chosen from several possibilities a topic concerned with the social philosophy regarding interracial fellowship.

I would be most grateful for information you can send me about the historical development of your organization, its purposes, its programs, its personnel, its policies --in short, any pertinent information will be most appreciated.

Since I am working under something of a time limit, the most expedient response will be greatly appreciated. If there are references that might be sought out from the library, I would be glad to know of unusual sources.

If there is a cost involved, I can arrange a modest investment for materials.

Most sincerely,

Nancy G. Self
6481 El Roble St.
Long Beach 15, Calif.

Just Copy Reina Report
Changing South
Let Mo

November 23, 1960

Mrs. Harriett Adams
1122 Ridge Avenue
Atlanta 15, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Adams:

Enclosed are several informational pieces concerning the Council and its work. Also enclosed is a sample copy of one of our issues of NEW SOUTH, published monthly.

In view of your interest in this type of organization you may be interested in contacting the Georgia Council on Human Relations, the state level group of this type. Its address is 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., the telephone number is JAckson 5-4063. You may talk with Dr. W. C. Cowart the executive director or Mrs. W. T. Know the office secretary. I am certain they would welcome your interest and your cooperation.

We here at the Council appreciate your interest and if we can be of additional aid in supplying materials, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

November 21, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Kindly send me information concerning your organization.

My contact with your organization derives from the phamplets one procures thru the service offered readers of Curret magazine.

I have not been in the city of Atlanta too long, having established residence here from New York City.

And it is a deep desire of mine to establish laison with an excellent bi-racial organization such as you portray in your disseminated literature.

If I can work with you in any manner to help resolve race relations intelligently, I shall be extremely pleased to offer my services.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Adams

Harriett Adams

November 28, 1960

Mr. Talbot Patrick
Editor and Publisher
Evening Herald
P. O. Box 711
Rock Hill, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Patrick:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, sixteen copies of "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement." Since you ppupose to distribute this to key persons, there is no charge.

I am certain this must be the same George McMillan you knew, and we will pass on your regards to him at the earliest opportunity.

We appreciate your interest; and if we can supply any additional materials, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

November 28, 1960

Miss Grace C. Lee, Editor
Correspondence Publishing Company
7737 Mack Avenue
Detroit 14, Michigan

Dear Miss Lee:

We are placing your name on our mailing list for copies of our publications, and we are enclosing "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement."

We do appreciate your interest in the organization; and if we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

November 28, 1960

Mr. Sidney D. Paley
Department of History
Samuel J. Tilden High School
Tilden Avenue and East 57th Street
Brooklyn 3, New York

Dear Mr. Paley:

Enclosed is some material concerning Southern Regional Council and its activities.

We are mailing under separate cover the copy of "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement" you requested.

Thanks for your interest; and if we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

JC
MA-file

BOARD OF EDUCATION CITY OF NEW YORK
SAMUEL J. TILDEN HIGH SCHOOL
TILDEN AVENUE AND EAST 57th STREET
BROOKLYN 3, NEW YORK

ABRAHAM MARGOLIES, Principal Telephone DIckens 6-5300

November 22, 1960

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I should appreciate your sending me a copy, if available, of the report: "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement," by George McMillan. Extracts from the report were printed in yesterday's New York Times.

I should also appreciate your sending me information describing the organization of the Council and the scope of its activities.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,
Sidney D. Paley
(Department of History)

December 5, 1960

Miss Josephine Piechocki
601 West Buckthorn
Inglewood, California

Dear Miss Piechocki:

We have placed your name on our mailing list, as requested and are enclosing a copy of our publications listing.

We thank you for your interest; and if we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Director of Information

/lec
Encls.

December 7, 1960

Mr. Henry Clark
430 Canner Street
New Haven, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Clark:

Enclosed is a listing of some of our most recent materials which are available from the Council.

The Council published a monthly magazine, subscription price two dollars a year, which also enables you to keep abreast of other publications we publish.

We appreciate your interest in the Council's work; and if we can be of ~~any~~ help in sending you any of the materials listed, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

430 Canner St.
New Haven, Conn.
November 29, 1960

Dear Sirs:

I am a student at the Yale Graduate School of Religion, ~~and~~ I am working for a Ph.D. in Social Ethics. I should like very much to be on your mailing list, and to know what publications you have available that I could buy, or what bibliographical information you could send me that might help me learn more about the South. I will be willing to reimburse you for whatever costs are entailed, and in years ahead I hope to be able to support your fine work with work and financial help, for I plan to teach in the South.

Cordially, Henry Clark

December 7, 1960

Miss Ruth Evans
Box 1001
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

Dear Miss Evans:

Enclosed are some informational pieces concerning the Council which you might find useful for your paper.

In addition, enclosed are some specific answers to some of your questions which are not covered in the printed matter.

If we can be of additional help, please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

JC - Pls handle.
H.

Box 1001
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama
November 28, 1960

Secretary
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I am a student at Tuskegee Institute and I am writing a paper on "The Role of the Southern Regional Council in the Socio-Economic Problems of the South."

I propose to answer the questions on the attached list. Would you be kind enough to forward information relative to the questions? If there is a charge for booklets, pamphlets, etc., I shall be happy to pay for cost of same.

Thank you for any consideration given this request.

Very truly yours,

Ruth Evans

(Miss) Ruth Evans

THE ROLE OF THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL IN THE
SOCIO-ECONOMIC LIFE OF THE SOUTH

1. What is the Southern Regional Council?

2. When was the Council organized?

3. What is the role of the Southern Regional Council in socio-economic life of the South?

4. Who conceived the idea of the organization of the Council, and what are the objectives?

5. To what extent has the Council been effective in its endeavor?

6. Are members of the Council selected or screened? if not, who may become a member?

7. When matters which will affect the well-being of a community or state are ironed out by the Council, to whom are the suggestions presented and what are the procedures for implementing suggestions?

8. Who is the spokesman for the Organization?

9. Does this organization have influential power in formulating laws and procedures for executing laws on state and/or national levels?

10. Is this Organization politically influenced?

11. How is the cost of the Organization financed?

12. What is the future outlook and growth of this Organization?

13. What is the ratio of white and non-white members?

14. Where is the main office located?

15. Is this Organization responsible for a publication? Is the publication distributed weekly, monthly, quarterly, etc.?

16. Are members of the Council subjected to economic reprisal?

17. How many branches of the Southern Regional Council are there, and in what states are they located?

18. What is the basic means of communication - who presents problems for suggestion?

19. What is the essence of the Council's by-laws or constitution?

Material s sent: Desegregation: First Six Years
Background Report on School Desegregation
H. F.'s New York Times Reprint
E. P's "Atlantic" Monthly Report

December 7, 1960

Miss Barbara Houle
354 N. E. 110th Street
Miami 38, Florida

Dear Miss Houle:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material on desegregation.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

354 N.E. 110th Street
Miami 38, Florida
December 2, 1960

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St. N.W.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

To Whom It May Concern:

Could you please send me any information you may possibly have on integration or segregation in the South. I am doing a research paper titled, "Will the South Accept Integration?" If you have any pamphlets on issues occurring in the South or on different opinions of Southerners, or the like, it would be a great help for me.

Thank you for your trouble, it is most appreciated.

Very truly yours,
Miss Barbara Houle

December 8, 1960

Mr. Emerson Wright
2 Pocahontas
Xenia, Ohio

Dear Mr. Wright:

Enclosed is informational material concerning the Council.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

Copy of report
1. Sources
Dir of Cons

JC - Please handle. 2 POCAHONTAS
HCF Xenia Ohio

Dear Sir:

I have heard favorably of your organization
Will you please send information about the
progress it is making?

Sincerely
Emerson Wright

December 16, 1960

Mr. S. D. Kletzien
319 S. Chester Road
Swarthmore, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Kletzien:

Thank you for your interest in the Council and its publications. Enclosed is a brief description of the Council plus a sample copy of our monthly magazine NEW SOUTH. A NEW SOUTH subscription also entitles you to notice of other publications. A contribution to the Southern Regional Council entitles you to NEW SOUTH plus the other publications.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

S. D. KLETZIEN
319 So. Chester Road
Swarthmore, Pa.

Dear Sir,

Please send me information on your magazine "New South" and your other publications.

Thank you,

S. D. Kletzien

December 28, 1960

Mr. S. Stiffler
Hiram College Library
Hiram, Ohio

Dear Mr. Stiffler:

Enclosed is a listing of our materials. In addition, we publish a monthly magazine NEW SOUTH, a sample copy of which is enclosed.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

Dear Sir,

Please send us a list of your publications, if available, and put us on your mailing list for any free publications which are available for distribution.

S. Stiffler
Hiram College Library
Hiram, Ohio

Materials sent:
Desegregation: The first 6 yrs.
Negro and the ballot
H. Flemings' reprint
Three Views

December 28, 1960

Miss Charlotte Polans
145 N. 16th, Apt. 204
Corvallis, Oregon

Dear Miss Polans:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some materials which might be of aid to you in preparing for your paper.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Charlotte Polans
145 N. 16th Apt 204
Corvallis, Oregon

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave N.E
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Gentlemen:

I am writing my Senior theme in high school on the middle class Negro and any information you can give me on his political, economic, and social progress in the South will be greatly appreciated. Also any other reference sources you could name would help me a great deal. Thank You very much.

Sincerely,
Charlotte Polans

Charlotte Polans
145 N. 16th. Apt. 204
Corvallis, Oregon

January 9, 1960

Miss Elizabeth Freeman
25 Park Street
New Haven 11, Connecticut

Dear Miss Freeman:

Enclosed are some informational pieces concerning the Council which might be useful for your paper.

We thank you for your interest in the Council; and if we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of Information
/lec
Encls.

SC

Yale University
January 2, 1961

The Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St., N.W.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear sir:

I am preparing an oral report on the organization and activities of the Southern Regional Council for a socialogy class. I am familiar with your publication, The New South.

I would be most grateful for any information which would increase my understanding of the Council's composition and functions. Thank you very much for your time and assistance.

Sincerely yours,

Elizabeth Freeman

Elizabeth Freeman
25 Park Street
New Haven 11, Conn.

Materials sent:
Desegregation: First 6 years
Oct/Nov/Dec New South
Harold Fleming's reprint
Eliza Paschall's reprint
A Man Had Two sons
If the schools are closed
Action Patterns

January 10, 1960

Mrs. Dora E. Revely
132 E. Main Street
Danville, Kentucky

Dear Mrs. Revely:

Thank you for your interest in NEW SOUTH and the Council's other material.

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material which may be of interest to you and your group.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

132 E. Main St.
Danville, Ky
Jan. 6th, 1961.

Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

The Christian Social Relations Committee of the United Church Women of Danville, Ky. has read your magazine "The New South" and were very much impressed with it. We would like for you to send us any booklets or printed information that you may have that would help us in a study of the problems of our community.

Thank you for what you may send.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Dora E. Reveley

~~Sent~~/ Materials sent:
Desegregation: First Six Years
Fleming and Paschall's reprints
Action Patterns
L'Ville Story
Baltimore Story
Oct/Nov/Dec New South
Three Views
Changing Patterns

January 10, 1964

Mrs. Leslie W. Emary
116 Fernwood Drive
Rutherfordton, North Carolina

Dear Mrs. Emary:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material to Mrs. Graves as you requested.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

116 Fernwood Drive,
Rutherfordton, N.C.
January 9th, 1961.

Southern Regional Council,
Room 201, 5 Forsythe St., NW,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Gentlemen:

Being interested in the matter of Race Relations in the South, particularly for the report in a Service Club coming up on the 20th of this month, I have been referred to your Office by the Southern Education Reporting Service in Nashville.

They sent me some helpful information in the Educational Field, but I also need some in a more General developing pattern to add to theirs.

Prompt reply and any information you may have for such a matter will be greatly appreciated.

Very respectfully yours,

Mrs. Leslie W. Emary

Mrs. Leslie W. Emary

January 10, 1960

Mr. Steve Ritzwolter
4009 Hartwood
Fort Worth, Texas

Dear Mr. Ritzwolter:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material concerning the Southern Regional Council.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Material sent:
Changing South
Congressional Record Reprint of SRC

Jan 4

Dear Sir:

Please send me some information about Southern Regional Council.

Thank you

~~Steve Rifwoller~~

To:

4009 Hartwood

Fort Worth, Texas

January 10, 1960

Mr. Edward B. Rettig
31 1879 Hall
Princeton University
Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Rettig:

Thank you for your interest in the Council. We are placing your name on our mailing list for all materials excluding NEW SOUTH, our monthly magazine, a copy of which is enclosed. Subscription to this magazine is two dollars per year. Also enclosed is a listing of our materials, and we are mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of the background report on school desegregation.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

31 1879 Hall
Princeton University
Princeton, New Jersey
January 3, 1961

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Richard Rettig suggested that I write you and ask for the following things:

1. That you put me on your mailing list.
2. That you send me a list of publications put out by the Southern Regional Council in the last year.
3. That you send me any materials provided cost free. Especially, if possible, I would like the report on school desegregation.

If it is possible for you to do these things for me, I would be very appreciative. Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,
Edward B. Rettig
Edward B. Rettig

January 13, 1961

Miss Madeline O'Donnell
Houston, Minnesota

Dear Miss O'Donnell:

We are sending you, under separate cover, some material concerning the Southern Regional Council.

When you have read this, you may have additional questions. If so, please feel free to write me concerning specifics.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

Houston, Minnesota
January 9, 1961

Gentlemen:

Will you please send me some of your literature and material which will help answer the following questions.

1. What is the approach + program of your group?
2. What of problems do you face?
3. How well are you succeeding in your aims?

Sincerely
Miss Madeline O'Donnell
Houston, Minnesota

January 13, 1961

Miss Elizabeth Freeman
25 Park Street
New Haven 11, Connecticut

Dear Miss Freeman:

Thank you very much for the two-dollar contribution and for your kind remarks concerning the Southern Regional Council in your letter to my secretary, Miss Cummings.

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some examples of our recent publications. These may be distributed to the students.

In answer to your questions, our consultant program is very flexible and we call in "experts" for specific program needs. That is, a Social Scientist, who can answer specific problems of school administrators, would be employed to consult with school boards and/or superintendents. Another example of our consultant work is that of Mr. J. J. Brewbaker, former superintendent of Norfolk, Virginia, schools. Mr. Brewbaker was superintendent at the time of desegregation of the Norfolk schools, and his services are now available to the Council and to school men throughout the South. This consultant service is usually on request.

"Close cooperation with the press, etc." means that we offer our research and information services to any member of mass media. The Council's facilities and materials are in frequent use by the press. Some of the results of this can be seen in the pamphlet "The Changing South," which you received from Miss Cummings. The pamphlets, sent under separate cover, are recent examples of Council research.

As to distribution, New South is usually distributed through paid subscriptions. Other pamphlets are distributed to key leaders who

might be interested in the specific material. For instance, material on economics would be sent to Chambers of Commerce and other businessmen; material on schools would be sent to school superintendents and other educators.

Mr. Dabbs has been president of the Council since November, 1957. He is a farmer in South Carolina and is active as a layman with the Presbyterian Church.

Again thanks for your interest, and I hope this will help you in preparing your paper.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

January 18, 1961

Mr. R. Grann Lloyd
Managing Editor
The Negro Educational Review
P. O. Box 478
Nashville 2, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Lloyd:

Mrs. Albright of our research staff has indicated you may be interested in receiving our materials. In addition to putting your name on the research mailing list, we are adding your name to NEW SOUTH, our monthly publication, on an exchange basis.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Sent 1-17-61
materials list

700 Lamy Lane
Monroe, Louisiana
January 13, 1961

The Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.
Dear Sir:
Please send me a list of material you have for celebrating Negro History Week.

Yours truly
Mrs. Hilda Martin

THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
ANN ARBOR
UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

ON BEHALF OF THE REGENTS
OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
I HAVE THE HONOR
TO RETURN GRATEFUL ACKNOWLEDGMENT FOR
THE GIFT DESCRIBED BELOW

Frederick H Wagman
DIRECTOR

TO Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Southern Regional Council
Numbers 13, 15 and 16

Westfeldt, Wallace
Settling a Sit-in

New South
March, 1960

The Chrsitian Century Editorials
August 24, 1960

January 18, 1961

FHW:jc

January 18, 1961

Mr. Michael Murphy
3011 Clifton Avenue
Cincinnati 20, Ohio

Dear Mr. Murphy:

Your letter to Mr. McGill has been referred to me.

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material concerning desegregation in the South. We hope this will be of some aid to you in your studies.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

1/17/61

Dear John:

Do you have some material you could send this student for Mr. McGill?

Thanks,

Grace L.

1-3-61

3011 Clifton Ave.
Cincinnati 20,Ohio

Dear Sir:

I am a student at the University of Cincinnati in the School of Education and we are starting to take up a study of race relations in education.

When I lived in Atlanta, I gained great respect for you and your editorials. I wonder if you could send me some information, pro or con, concerning race mixing in Georgia and Atlanta. Any information that you might send will be greatly appreciated.

Yours truly,

Michael Murphy

Michael Murphy

January 26, 1961

Mrs. F. H. Berry
1314 So. Cushman Avenue
Tacoma 5, Washington

Dear Mrs. Berry:

Enclosed is our publications listing. Please check the ones in which you are interested and we will mail them to you.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Director of Information

/lec
Encl.

1314 So. Cushman Ave.
Tacoma 5, Wash.
Jan. 21, 1961

Southern Regional Association
63 Auburn Ave S. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

Please send any information or literature you have on racial relations to, Mrs. M. H. Berry at the above address. Thank you,

Mrs. M. H. Berry.

P.S. Interested in pamphlets on achievments of Negroes during the past decade.

January 26, 1961

Mrs. R. D. Brown
Boggs Academy
Keysville, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Brown:

Enclosed is a publications listing of the Council. Please let us know if any of this material would be of aid to you in your class.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

Boggs Academy
Keysville, Ga.
Jan. 21, 1961

Gentlemen,

Please send me some free materials and a catalog of inexpensive pamphlets and/or filmstrips relating to religious education for high school youth.

Yours truly,
(Mrs.) R. D. Brown.

January 26, 1961

Mr. Ferris Baker
Associate Professor
Sociology Department
Hendrix College
Conway, Arkansas

Dear Mr. Baker:

Enclosed is some material concerning the work of the Southern Regional Council.

NEW SOUTH, our monthly magazine is two dollars per year. A copy of the magazine is enclosed free of charge.

The twenty cents you mentioned in your letter was evidently inadvertently left out since we did not receive it.

Please let me know if we can be of any additional aid.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

HENDRIX COLLEGE

CONWAY, ARKANSAS

Jan 24, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

Please send me information concerning the work of the Southern Regional Council, especially how to get on the mailing list to receive its regular organ of information. Enclosed is 20¢ for which I wish to receive the pamphlet "New South".

Thank you.

Ferris Baker

Ferris Baker
Assoc. Professor
Sociology Department

January 27, 1961

Mr. Wilbur E. Aysgar
Department of Social Science
Jersey City State College
Jersey City 5, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Aysgar:

Miss Marge Manderson has given me your letter concerning publications of the Southern Regional Council. Enclosed is a recent publications listing plus a descriptive brochure concerning NEW SOUTH.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

State of New Jersey
JERSEY CITY STATE COLLEGE
JERSEY CITY 5, N. J.

MICHAEL B. GILLIGAN, PRESIDENT

January 23, 1961

Miss Marge Manderson
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Miss Manderson:

The material which you sent me as enclosures with your letter of December 15, proved to be of definite assistance to me in preparing for our human relations forum. They also served to bring me closer to date in the work of your Council as an information sharing agency.

Your suggestion that I write to the American Jewish Committee in Miami was helpful for it brought a summary sheet of human rights, as well as a new contact which I deem helpful.

Our college library does not purchase your publications and as I feel it should, would you kindly send a list, including subscription rates for the New South? Thank you again.

Sincerely,

Wilbur E. Gysgar

Dept. of Social Science

put on N.S. list
$2.00 - m.o. posted
2/3/61
BOC

February 3, 1961

Mr. Joseph W. Fennell
2427 - 15th Avenue, South
St. Petersburg, Florida

Dear Mr. Fennell:

Thank you for your letter and your interest in the Southern Regional Council.

The Council does not have memberships, as such, but in exchange for the two dollars you kindly mailed us, we are placing your name on our mailing list for our monthly publication NEW SOUTH.

The Council has a working relationship with the Florida Council on Human Relations. The Florida group may have a local chapter near you. I suggest you write Mr. William Williams at 4241 S.W. 109 Court, Miami 55, Florida, for information concerning the Florida group.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
cc: William Williams

2427-1576-one Sep
St. Petersburg, Florida

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
c/o Post Office
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Personal:

I am hereby enclosing $2.00 for Membership in "Southern Regional Council". Please give me credit for Membership, and give the following information:

I. What is the Name & Address of local Chapter.

II. When is the National, Regional, District or local Conventions.

Respectfully Yours,
Joseph W. Fennell
1st Lt. Ad, Retired

BC: put on complimentary NEW SOUTH and return letter to LEC

February 3, 1961

Mr. Sam Stringfellow
News Director
Harrison County Broadcasting Company
Marshall, Texas

Dear Mr. Stringfellow:

Thank you for your letter concerning our materials.

We have a regular mailing list with most of our pamphlets sent out with a news release. We have placed your name on this list and, in the future, you will receive releases and publications of the Council. We are also placing your name on our list for NEW SOUTH, our monthly publication.

In answer to your last question, we are mailing you, under separate cover, some materials on the sit-ins and some other items which might be of interest to you.

If we can be of any additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

put on complimentary
2/3/61
BC

put on stencil list 2/7/61

KMHT music news sports

STATION OF THE STARS

1450 KC FULL TIME NON-DIRECTIONAL TEXAS STATE NETWORK

HARRISON COUNTY BROADCASTING COMPANY • MARSHALL, TEXAS • TELEPHONE WEbster 5-7826

"SALES THROUGH THE AIR"

Feb. 1, 1961

Southern Regional Council,
5 Forsyth St. N.W., Room 201,
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

We are attempting to build up our lines of information in order that we may more effectively report news, in particular news dealing with integration and segregation and related subjects.

It has been suggested that we contact you, and ask if you will furnish us with a basic file on your Council, its history, purposes, plan of procedure, etc., and advise us of your ability to furnish news media with information regularly or on request. A list of your publications and your regular schedule of publications and news releases would be valuable.

If you do distribute material on a regular mailing list, we would like to be included.

If you have, in particular, issued any report on the Negro student sit-ins here last March and April, or if that has been included as part of a report on that movement, we would like to have a copy of it.

Thanking you in advance for your attention, I am,

Yours cordially,

Sam Stringfellow

Sam Stringfellow,
News Director.

February 8, 1961

Mrs. Carl L. Moser, President
The Virginia Council of United Church Women
Rt. 2, Box 46-3
Manassas, Virginia

Dear Mrs. Moser:

We are enclosing a listing of our materials, both free and cost items. Please let us know which ones you would like for your conference and in what quantity. The materials listed in category two may be taken on consignment.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

The Virginia Council of United Church Women

A Department of The Virginia Council of Churches

MRS. CARL L. MOSER, *President*
Route 2, Box 46-3
MANASSAS, VIRGINIA

February 6, 1961

Southern Regional Council:
Atlanta Ga.

Dear Sir:

Please be so kind as to send any free printed matter that you have available for distribution at our annual meeting of Virginia Council of United Church women, to be held in St. Mark's Lutheran Church, Roanoke, Va., March 20-22, 1961. We will be glad to pay any postage.

Also we would be willing to have on hand any paid materials, provided we could have them on consignment.

Please send to St. Mark's Lutheran Church,1008 Franklin Rd., Roanoke, V marked "Va. U. C. W. Annual Meeting, in care of Mrs. Rowan"

Yours truly,

Constance H. Moser

Need expect between 125 + 150

February 9, 1961

Miss Emily Squires
170 Main Hall
Randolph-Macon Woman's College
Lynchburgh, Virginia

Dear Miss Squires:

Enclosed is some informational material on the Southern Regional Council.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

Miss Emily Squires
170 Main Hall
Randolph-Macon Woman's College
Lynchburg, Virginia

Southern Regional Council
Room 201, 5 Forsyth St., N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am to make a report on the Southern Regional Council for my sociology class and would appreciate any information you could give me on this matter -

Sincerely,

Emily Squires

February 10, 1961

Mr. W. L. Mole
5219 Skidway Road
Savannah, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mole:

We are enclosing a listing of our materials, both free and cost items. Please let us know which ones you would like and in what quantity, and we will mail them to you.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of Information

/lec
Encl.

2/9/61

Gentlemen:

I would appreciate any free literature you may have. Also a list of chargable items.

Respectfully,

W. L. Mole

W. L. MOLE
5219 SKIDAWAY RD.
SAVANNAH, GA.

February 10, 1961

Mrs. Alice Hasse, Librarian
Cornell Joint District No. 2
Cornell, Wisconsin

Dear Mrs. Hasse:

We are enclosing a listing of our materials. Please let us know which ones you would like for the library and we will mail them to you.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of Information

/lec
Encl.

B. L. Shackleton, Member
George Blanchard, Member
W. J. Stowell, H. S. Principal

Dr. E. J. Mittermeyer, President
Robert Ash, Clerk
Clarence Hoffman, Treasurer

CORNELL JOINT DISTRICT NO. 2

O. T. PREMO, Superintendent

CORNELL, WISCONSIN

February 7, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send us material on Segregation for our high school library.

Thank you sincerely,

Alice Hasse (Mrs.)

Alice Hasse, Librarian

February 10, 1961

Mr. M. J. Senter
Director of Education
Government of American Samoa
Pago Pago, American Samoa

GAS/4A
DE:MJS:fm
Serial: 570

Dear Mr. Senter:

As you requested, we are placing your name on our mailing list.

Also enclosed is a materials listing of items we now have on hand. If any of these items are of interest to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

GOVERNMENT OF AMERICAN SAMOA
PAGO PAGO, AMERICAN SAMOA

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

In reply refer to:
GAS/4A
DE:MJS:fm
Serial: 570

February 3, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We would be pleased to be placed on your permanent mailing list to receive your literature as published and your periodical, "New South."

These materials will be of much assistance to us in our teacher-training program for American Samoan teachers who have never been away from their island home.

Postage rates to American Samoa are the same as rates in the states as this is a U.S. island possession.

Thank you for this service.

Sincerely yours,

M J Senter

M. J. SENTER
Director of Education

put on New South
Complimentary 1 yr.
2/10/61
BCC

2/17/4

February 13, 1961

Miss Virginia Provence
306 E. Eakin Street
Blacksburg, Virginia

Dear Miss Provence:

I am sorry, but we do not have copies of the two books you mentioned. I am certain if you cannot find these in your local book store you could obtain copies by writing the publishers.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

306 E. Eaton St.
Blacksburg, Sc.
Feb. 10, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

Please send me a copy of Brooks Hays, "A Southern Moderate Speaks" 1959, Chapel Hill University of North Carolina. Also send me a copy of Ralph McGill, "A Church, A School" 1959, Nashville Abingdon.

I hope these can come right away as I have a report to make on them. If there is any cost. I will pay it. I thank you very much for your attention to this.

Most sincerely,
Virginia Provence

February 13, 1961

Miss Emma Jane Roode
Box 186
New Knoxville, Ohio

Dear Miss Roode:

Enclosed is a listing of our materials. Please indicate which ones would be of interest to you for your project and we will be glad to fill your order.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

2-11-61

Dear Sirs:

Would you please send me any materials your organization may have available (such as pamphlets, etc.)

I am writing a term paper for school and am interested in any information I may obtain.

Thank you

Emma Jane Poole
Box 186
New Knoxville, Ohio

February 13, 1961

Mr. Lewis Roebuck
11014 Waxwing
Houston 35, Texas

Dear Mr. Roebuck:

Enclosed is a listing of our materials. If any of these items are of interest, we will be glad to supply you with the needed copies.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

HARRIS COUNTY DEMOCRATS
FAIRFAX 3-8144 ☆ 2703 MAIN ST.
HOUSTON, TEXAS

February 10, 1961

Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

The Issues Committee of the Harris County Democrats is interested in obtaining material on current social and economic problems for distribution and sale to members of this organization. We need from 10 to 200 copies of each piece of literature.

Would you please furnish me a list of the materials you have available along with other pertinent information as to price and shipping instructions.

Sincerely,

Lewis Roebuck

Lewis Roebuck
11014 Waxwing
Houston 35, Texas

LR/am

February 13, 1961

Mr. Richard L. Warren
Indian Springs School
Route 1
Helena, Alabama

Dear Mr. Warren:

Thank you for your interest and your letter of February 10. Enclosed is a listing of our materials which may be of interest to you. We do not have an index to NEW SOUTH, but we do have most of the issues available. A few are now out of stock.

If we can be of additional aid in supplying materials, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

INDIAN SPRINGS SCHOOL
ROUTE I
HELENA, ALABAMA

February 10, 1961

Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir;

Do you have a list of back issues of the New South and of special reports you have issued in the past ten years? If so, I would appreciate a copy; our class in world history is making a special study of the desegregation issue and the material that I have on hand from your office is proving to be most valuable.

Sincerely yours,
Richard L. Warren
Richard L. Warren

February 16, 1961

Miss Pauline D. Ucci
Social Studies Teacher
Darien High School
Darien, Connecticut

Dear Miss Ucci:

Enclosed is a listing of some of our materials. If any of these would be of aid to you, please let us know the number desired.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

1/30/61

Dear Sirs

Please send as soon as possible any free literature which you have on the race problem in America for my Contemporary Social Issues classes who are currently studying minority problems. I am especially interested in the pamphlet, Understanding Our Neighbors. Mail to: Miss Pauline D. Ucci
SOCIAL STUDIES TEACHER
DARIEN HIGH SCHOOL
DARIEN, CONN.

(I have 70 students)

February 16, 1961

Mr. J. J. Cordell
Superintendent of Schools
Albany, Georgia

Dear Mr. Cordell:

In response to your telephone request of this morning, enclosed is some material concerning the Council and some samples of our materials. Also included is a list of our board members.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Encls.

Changing South
Short History of SRC
South and the Nation
Desegregation: First 6 years
L-22

February 17, 1961

Mrs. Norma Krause Herzfeld
811 Hyde Road
Silver Spring, Maryland

Dear Mrs. Herzfeld:

Thank you for your letter. We are mailing you a copy of the publication, under separate cover.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

MRS. NORMA KRAUSE HERZFELD
811 HYDE ROAD
SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT
THE CATHOLIC REPORTER, KANSAS CITY

THE CATHOLIC TRANSCRIPT, HARTFORD
THE PILOT, BOSTON
THE CENTRAL CALIFORNIA REGISTER, FRESNO

February 14, 1961

Mr. John Constable, Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

I would appreciate it very much if you would send me a copy of your recent report on the powers of the presidency to combat discrimination.

Thank you for your very kind attention.

Sincerely yours,

Norma Krause Herzfeld

Norma Krause Herzfeld

March 7, 1961

Mr. Edward G. Conroy
Executive Vice President
Youngstown Metropolitan Area Development
Citizens' Committee, Inc.
903 Union National Bank Building
Youngstown 3, Ohio

Dear Mr. Conroy:

In accordance with your request, we are placing you on our mailing list for materials of the Southern Regional Council.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

8

YOUNGSTOWN METROPOLITAN AREA DEVELOPMENT
CITIZENS' COMMITTEE, INC.
903 Union National Bank Building
Youngstown 3, Ohio

Gentlemen:

It would be appreciated if you would place this organization on your mailing list for publications which you release on an exchange basis. We should be glad to place your organization on our mailing list. We should also appreciate information relative to agency or other memberships available in your organization.

-- EDWARD G. CONROY
Executive Vice President
Member, G.R.A.

March 7, 1961

Mr. Jitsuichi Masuoka
Chairman
Department of Social Science
Fisk University
Nashville 8, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Masuoka:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the requested copies of the L-Reports. We also are placing your department on our mailing list for future such reports.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

March 1, 1961

Mr. William Nosofsky
The Evening Program
Hofstra College
Hempstead, New York

Dear Mr. Nosofsky:

Enclosed is a listing of materials available at the Southern Regional Council. If any of these items suits your purpose, please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

HOFSTRA COLLEGE
HEMPSTEAD, NEW YORK

February 24, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta
Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I would appreciate obtaining for distribution to members of a graduate class any materials which you make available to educational groups. There are twenty-five (25) students in my group.

"Teaching Human Relations" is the title of the course we are offering.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,
William Nosofsky
The Evening Program

March 9, 1961

Mr. Webster L. Simons, Jr.
Rector
St. Michael's School
Bon Air 35, Virginia

Dear Mr. Simons:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, a number of copies of an informational piece concerning the Southern Regional Council.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

JohnCConstable
Director of Information

JC:lec

IC

ST. MICHAEL'S SCHOOL
BON AIR 35, VIRGINIA

March 7, 1961

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsythe Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

A group of interested people connected with our parish day school have asked general questions concerned with the purpose and program of the Southern Regional Council. Can you supply me with such general information which I might distribute to them?

Thank you very much.

Faithfully,

Webster L. Simons, Jr.

Webster L. Simons, Jr.
Rector

WLS/bd

March 13, 1961

Vertical File Index
The H. W. Wilson Company
950 University Avenue
New York 52, New York

Dear Sir:

In response to your card concerning prices for Southern Regional Council materials, "Racial Crisis and the Press" is thirty cents per copy; "Toward A Solution of the Sit-In Controversy" by Margaret Price is ten cents per copy. We have sufficient quantity of both publications to supply requests.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

3d card

MAR 3 1961

Gentlemen:

We recently received for review your pamphlet(s) entitled:

Racial crisis and the press, by Spearman & Meyer

Toward solution of the sit-in controversy, by M.Price (Sp rep)

We are considering listing this in the VERTICAL FILE INDEX, but to do so we must have the retail postpaid price. Please provide us with this information, or if the pamphlet is free to libraries may we be so advised. Is it available in sufficient quantity to fill requests which may result?

Now for immediate listing

VERTICAL FILE INDEX

The H. W. Wilson Co. 950 University Ave. New York 52

March 17, 1961

Mr. Abram Eisenman
The Savannah Sun and
Savannah Shoppers' Guide
121 West York Street
Savannah, Georgia

Dear Mr. Eisenman:

In accordance with your request, we are placing you on our mailing list for materials of the Southern Regional Council.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of Information

/lec

March 17, 1961

Miss Terry Ann Kadel
Randall, Kansas

Dear Miss Kadel:

Enclosed is some material concerning our organization which you requested for your research paper. This material was selected by our research department in answer to the questions in your first paragraph.

In regard to the questions in the second paragraph: (1) The Council does not operate on a membership basis; (2) and (3) Our funds come from foundations, other organizations and individuals interested in this type of work, and our expenditures vary according to projects planned and funds available for such work; (4) Since we are not a membership organization, we do not have dues. Subscription to our monthly magazine is two dollars per year; (5) We are a non-political organization and therefore do not employ lobbyists; (6) Most of the church groups on a national level; other minority groups such as the Anti-Defamation League, the American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress and the NAACP.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

Randall, Kansas
October 4, 1961

Dear Sir:

I am writing a research paper for American Government on Negro Interest Groups and their oppositions. I would appreciate any information that you could send me on this subject.

Here are some important questions that I need information on: (1) How do these interest groups affect legislation? (2) How do they affect public opinion? (3) How do they influence their own members? (4) What are the stands they have taken or are taking on important issues? (5) Who are the interest groups opposing these Negro groups? (6) and what methods have they used or are using against the Negro interest groups?

I would also like to know: (1) How many members are in your interest group? (2) How you get your money to operate? (3) How much money do you spend annually? (4) Do you have dues if so how much are they? (5) How many lobbist do you employ and what are their salaries? (6) and what other interest groups tend to side with you on most issues?

P.S. Will you please send this information as soon as possible - my report is due March 27, 1961. - Thank you.

Yours truly,
Terry Ann Hader

MA -

select some few matters more or less relevant to the 2nd ¶ of this wretched letter, & give them with the letter to TC for reply to the questions in the 3rd ¶

JC

March 24, 1961

Dear Sir,

I belong to the Young Christian Workers from Immaculate Conception parish in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. I am writing for information about minority groups and I would also like some information about your organization.

If you can, could you possibly get this information to me by Tuesday March 28 as that is when we will have our meeting.

Thank you very much.

Very Sincerely Yours.
Mary Poulist

Mary Poulist
954 W. Oklahoma Ave
Milwaukee 15, Wis.

Publication entry &
Changing Minutes moved
3/27/61

March 29, 1961

Mr. Jennings Wood, Chief
Exchange and Gift Division
The Library of Congress
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Wood:

Concerning your request of March 22, 1961, we are mailing you, under separate cover, one copy each of our current publications and a copy of our latest list of materials.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Processing Department
Exchange and Gift Division
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe Street N.W.
Room 201
Atlanta, Georgia

Refer to: LRS/Libn.
March 22, 1961

Gentlemen:

The staff of our Legislative Reference Service has asked me to request the following material to be used in replying to inquiries from Members of Congress:

1 copy of any current publication or price list you may have available

This material is in addition to any which you may have already sent the Library. For your convenience, I am enclosing a self-addressed mailing label which will bring the material to the Library without further postage. We are hoping that the material may be received either as a gift or on an exchange basis. In the event that it is not available, or available only by purchase, please notify the Service Librarian, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress, Washington 25, D. C.

We shall be most grateful for any assistance you can give us with our request.

Sincerely yours,

Jennings Wood, Chief
Exchange and Gift Division

Enclosure

April 3, 1961

Miss Mary Pouliot
c/o Dr. J. C. Drewitz
956 West Oklahoma Avenue
Milwaukee 15, Wisconsin

Dear Miss Pouliot:

Enclosed is some informational material about the Southern Regional Council. The Council is not a membership organization but is directed by a board of directors composed of white and Negro southerners. We do have a monthly magazine which is available to individuals on a subscription basis. A descriptive folder is enclosed.

I hope this reaches you by the date you specified, but it has been delayed due to the Easter holiday.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

JC

DR. J. C. DREWITZ
956 WEST OKLAHOMA AVENUE
MILWAUKEE 15, WISCONSIN

HUMBOLDT 3-6210

Dear Sir,

I appreciated very much the promptness in receiving the information on your organization last week. Thank you very much.

This week I would like to know about your organization itself. Could you tell me a little about the start and background of this group and also how many members are in it now and what kind of people make up the members, for instance, barbers, housewives, young people, etc.. How did an organization like this have

DR. J. C. DREWITZ
956 WEST OKLAHOMA AVENUE
MILWAUKEE 15, WISCONSIN

HUMBOLDT 3-6210

it's beginning.

I hope you understand my request because I never was very tactful with words. If it is possible could I please get this information also by Tuesday April 4.

Thank you again for your trouble. After next Tuesday I'm sure I will be ordering a number of the pamphlets that you sent me information about. Thank you very much.

Sincerely,

Mary Poulist
c/o Dr. J. C. Drewitz
956 W. Oklahoma

April 5, 1961

Mr. Herman Stone, Jr.
841 Lane Avenue
Jackson, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Stone:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the material we have which might best answer your needs in regard to North Carolina. This is skimpy, but I would suggest that you write Mr. Harry S. Jones, director of North Carolina Council on Human Relations, 121 East Third Street, Room 209, Charlotte, North Carolina. He would be able to give you some more specific information.

With best wishes for your work there in Jackson.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

S.A.

Background Reports
Reports - 15

841 Lane Avenue
Jackson, Tennessee
April 4, 1961

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

For the past few months a bi-racial group of citizens of Jackson has been working toward a peaceful settlement of racial problems here in this city. Although no attempt has been made to desegregate the schools, we know that such a move is inevitable. In an attempt to prepare the citizens for that day, we are making a study of cities in which desegregation of the schools has been accomplished.

I have been asked to gather information on the State of North Carolina. I am therefroe requesting of you any information you might have on desegregation of the schools in any city of the state. We are primarily interested in finding out how the individual cities accomplished the program.

Thank you for any assistance you might be able to give this committee.

Sincerely yours,

Herman Stone, Jr.

Herman Stone, Jr.

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

JC

EXCHANGE AND GIFT DIVISION

Refer to: A
April 10, 1961

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201, 5 Forsyth Street, S.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

The Librarian of Congress has requested me to acknowledge, with many thanks, the material mentioned below, which we have credited to your exchange account.

Sincerely yours,

Jennings Wood

Jennings Wood, Chief
Exchange and Gift Division

The material received:

16 Misc. publications.

April 10, 1961

Mr. Barry Bingham
President & Editor-in-Chief
The Courier-Journal
The Louisville Times
Louisville 2, Kentucky

Dear Mr. Bingham:

Your letter of April 7, is being directed to the attention of our research department. I am certain they will supply you with whatever materials they have and also advise you about future services of this kind. You should be hearing from them in the very near future.

With best wishes to you and for continued progress in Louisville.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

BCC
one the 2
pamphlet + the
letter OK C LEC
sent & billed 4/18/61
BCC

April 18, 1961

Miss Virginia Combothekras
Barnard College
Columbia University
New York 27, New York

Dear Miss Combothekras:

Under separate cover, we are mailing you a copy of "The Negro and the Ballot" which was published since the earlier study you mentioned. The map you mentioned is out of print. The research department is now in the process of up-dating the map based on the 1960 census; but as yet, we do not know when this will be available.

Also enclosed, under separate cover, is a copy of "Federal Executive and Civil Rights." The cost is fifty cents per copy.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Barnard College
Columbia University
New York 27, New York
April 14, 1961

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

I would like to know if you have done any additional studies since your article on the Negro voter in the South, which appeared in New South, September 1957, Volume 12, Number 9.

If I recall correctly, the maps in this issue showed the Negro population concentration in the South as based on the 1950 census. Have you any maps based on the 1960 census? I would prefer to have up-to-date maps, but if theones in theNew South are the latest, I would appreciate your sending me two copies of the maps themselves, or else two copies of the New South.

I would also like to purchase a copy of your recent publication, The Federal Executive and Civil Liberties if it is not more than $2.50. I will be most happy to pay you for these immediately.

Any other information or advice you can give me will be most welcome. Thank you.

Yours very truly,

V. Combothekras

Virginia Combothekras

June 29, 1961

Mr. Joe Schore, Director
Michigan Labor Committee for
Human Rights
163 Madison Avenue, Suite 225
Detroit 26, Michigan

Dear Mr. Schore:

Under separate cover we are sending you the requested 50 copies of "This I Believe." The cost to us is .02 per copy or $1.00 for the shipment.

Please call on us at any time that we might be of help.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/sm

FOAM BOND

Michigan
LABOR COMMITTEE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS
163 MADISON AVENUE, SUITE 225 • WOodward 2-7196 • DETROIT 26, MICHIGAN

June 26, 1961

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

I have recently had the opportunity to read your "I Believe" by Dr. Haywood Hill.

In my opinion, this is an excellent statement that should receive a broader distribution. I would appreciate receiving 50 copies of this address and I would be happy to send a check for the cost involved.

Thank you for keeping me informed. Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Joe Schore

Joe Schore
Director

JS:ei

WALTER P. REUTHER — PATRICK V. McNAMARA
Honorary Co-Chairmen

AUGUST SCHOLLE
State Chairman

BILL GOODE
Director

CAROLINE DAVIS
TOM DOWNS
JUDAH DROB
ALEX FULLER
ROBERT HILL
BARNEY HOPKINS
GEORGE LYONS
FRANK MARQUART
MIKE NOVAK
TED OGAR
WILLIAM H. OLIVER
MARTHA REYNOLDS
BRENDAN SEXTON
THOMAS SHANE
BENNIE SMITH
M. SPITZER
DON STEVENS
FLORENCE SWEENEY
MYRA WOLFGANG
Representing the Jewish Labor Committee
JOSEPH BERNSTEIN
DR. SHMARYA KLEINMAN

MARVIN MELTZER — DON SLAIMAN — ELEANOR P. WOLF
Consultants

July 7, 1961

Rev. W. Carroll Brooks
P.O. Box 208
Staunton, Virginia

Dear Mr. Brooks:

Your letter of July 5, to John Constable has been referred to me, since Mr. Constable is no longer with the Council and I am taking his place.

We are mailing you, under separate cover, fifty copies of "This I Believe" which you requested. There is no charge.

If we can be of any additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

REV. W. CARROLL BROOKE
P. O. BOX 208
STAUNTON, VIRGINIA

July 5, 1961

Mr. John Constable
New South
Southern Regional Council
Room 201, 5 Forsyth St., N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear John:

I am wondering if it would be possible for me to get about fifty (50) copies of "the notable address" by Dr. Hayward N. Hill, entitled "This I Believe." It appeared in the April edition of the New South. I notice that it was inserted so that it may be in pamphlet form. If you have them, please send them to me and notify me of the cost and I will send you a check.

I hope that you and the staff have a very good summer.

Faithfully yours,

Carroll Brooke

July 10, 1961

Miss Elsie Hernandez
497 W. Washington
Sunnyvale, California

Dear Miss Hernandez:

We are sending you, under separate cover, several of our publications and pamphlets which I hope will help you and your friends in your studies and themes.

Good luck in your research and conclusions.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

SUNNYVALE SCHOOL DISTRICT
656 East Maude Avenue
Sunnyvale, California
REgent 6-4981

BOARD OF EDUCATION
James Duvaras, Jr., President
Walter Miller, Clerk
Margaret De Bernardi, Member
Lawrence Didier, Member
Harold Shields, Member

Henry S. Molino
Acting Superintendent

MORSE SCHOOL
707 Morse Avenue
Sunnyvale, California
REgent 9-1423
Claytor E. Chantrill, Principal

Dear Sirs,

We are attending a summer school session, And in this session we are taking a History Course.

Our ~~ind~~ ~~imstur~~ teacher has chosen the topic "Segregation in the 1900's. and we were wondering if you could send us some free information on anything that has to do with Negro's in this day and age especially on Segregation. Send enough information for three girls

(over)

SUNNYVALE SCHOOL DISTRICT
656 East Maude Avenue
Sunnyvale, California
REgent 6-4981

BOARD OF EDUCATION
James Duvaras, Jr., President
Walter Miller, Clerk
Margaret De Bernardi, Member
Lawrence Didier, Member
Harold Shields, Member

Henry S. Molino
Acting Superintendent

MORSE SCHOOL
707 Morse Avenue
Sunnyvale, California
REgent 9-1423
Claytor E. Chantrill, Principal

please. Please send this information to

Elsie Hernandez
497 W. Washington
Sunnyvale, California

We appreciate this very much

yours Sincerly
Cheryl Rogers
Elsie Hernandez
Gail Hansen

P.S. Please send this information within three weeks.

July 10, 1961

Mr. Fred Faia
3214 West 66th Place
Chicago 29, Illinois

Dear Mr. Faia:

We are mailing you our monthly publication NEW SOUTH plus other literature which might be of interest. Also enclosed is a publications listing. If you find that you can use any of these publications, please let us know and we will be glad to mail them free of charge.

We are placing your name on our mailing list to receive future reports of the Council. c c e 7-11-61

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

CHICAGO LAWN METHODIST CHURCH
St. Louis & 63rd
Chicago 29, Illinois

June 29, 1961

Gentlemen:

I have been elected chairman of the Commission of Christian Social Concerns of our church. I would appreciate your keeping my name on file for any literature or information that would be useful in the carrying out of this Commission.

Thanking you in advance for your kind assistance.

Very truly yours,

Fred Faia

Fred Faia
Chairman Of The
Christian Social Concerns
Of The Chicago Lawn Methodist Church

My address is as follows:

Fred Faia
3214 West 66th Place
Chicago 29, Illinois

July 10, 1961

Mr. John R. Bodo, Chairman
Department of Practical Theology
San Francisco Theological Seminary
San Anselmo, California

Dear Mr. Bodo:

I selected several of our publications and studies, including our monthly magazine NEW SOUTH, to send you, for which there is no charge. I am also enclosing a listing of our publications. In case there are other publications which you might like we will be glad to send them without charge.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

Department of Practical Theology
San Francisco Theological Seminary
San Anselmo, California

June 27, 1961

Dear Sir:

Our Library Committee, engaged in a thoroughgoing review of our periodical subscription policy, has asked me to secure sample copies of a limited number of broadly representative American periodicals in order to determine which ones to add to our subscription list.

Would you favor us with a courtesy copy of the current issue of your periodical at your earliest convenience? Would you be able to add one or two other recent issues which, in your judgment, contain particularly significant comment on our contemporary American culture?

I sincerely hope that it will be possible for you to accede to this request and wish to assure you in advance of our warm appreciation.

Very truly yours,

John R. Bodo

John R. Bodo Th.D.
Chairman
Department of Practical Theology
San Francisco Theological Seminary (United Presbyterian)
San Anselmo, California

July 11, 1961

Mr. James L. Gohlston
400 - 21st Street, N. E.
Apt. 3
Washington 2, D. C.

Dear Mr. Gohlston:

I am answering your letter for Dr. Dunbar and am sending under separate cover what publications and information we have which you want for your thesis.

However, Dr. Dunbar wants me to tell you that we know of two others who have done theses on the Southern Regional Council. One University of North Carolina student wrote about the Council in 1950, and Will Alfred at Emory did the same thing in 1960.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

ML
please see

400 21st Street, N. E.
Apartment 3
Washington 2, D. C.
July 9, 1961

Mr. Leslie Dumbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dumbar:

I, James L. Gohlston, am a graduate student at Howard University, Washington, D. C. I expect to obtain my Masters' degree in economics in June of 1962.

Dr. Jacob Seidenberg, a Professor at Howard and myself have chosen the "Development of the Southern Regional Council" as the topic of my proposed thesis.

I shall appreciate immensely if you will give me the benefit of your experience and position in the organization.

The answers to the following questions would initiate my thesis: (1) What circumstantances gave rise to the founding of the Southern Regional Council; (2) what is the purpose of the organization; (3) how many and who are the members of the body; (4) is the membership growing.

These answers and other information you think would be helpful will be greatly appreciated.

Respectfully yours,

James L. Gohlston

James L. Gohlston

already 2 Master's ~~will allred~~
D.C. to 1950 —
Every to 1960 — Well allred

July 11, 1961

Mr. J. W. Witcher
Grand Lodge Representative
Industrial District Lodge 33
International Association of Machinists
1100 Clay Street
Marietta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Witcher:

We are sending one copy of "The South and the Nation" for which there is no charge. Enclosed also is a listing of our publications , some of which might interest you. To your union we can send a single copy of any of our publications without charge and will be very glad to do so.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

Marietta
8-3385

INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT LODGE 33

International Association of Machinists
A. F. of L.

~~1100 Waverly Way~~
Marietta, Georgia

1100 Clay Street

July 10, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send one (1) copy of "The South and the Nation".
We understand that there is no charge for single copies.

Yours very truly,

J. W. Witcher

J. W. Witcher
Grand Lodge Representative

JWW.dm

July 13, 1961

Rev. Henry W. Heaps, Pastor
The First Presbyterian Church
218 Dunellen Avenue
Dunellen, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Heaps:

We will be glad to send you a good supply of our pamphlet "This I Believe." They are two cents a copy, which is cost to us, if you want them in quantity.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

REV. HENRY W. HEAPS
MINISTER

REV. ALLEN A. RUSCITO
ASSISTANT MINISTER

The First Presbyterian Church
Dunellen, New Jersey

CHURCH OFFICE: 218 DUNELLEN AVENUE
PLYMOUTH 2-5870

July 10, 1961

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We have a copy of "This I Believe" by Haywood N. Hill, M.D. on file.

We would like to know if additional copies of this pamphlet are available. If so, kindly let us know the cost and if there is a limited quantity.

Sincerely,

Henry W. Heaps

Henry W. Heaps, Pastor

HWH:c

24 - cost

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

LONGWOOD COLLEGE
ESTABLISHED 1884
FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA

July 16, 1961

Mr. John Constable, Director of Information,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Constable:

Sometime ago you gave me your permission to attempt to get Dr. Hill's article reprinted in our local newspaper. I have delayed a long time waiting on a friend who promised to give me a copy of the article. It seems foolish to wait any longer.

Will you be so good as to send me a copy or reprint. Upon receipt I will proceed. I will let you know the outcome of this effort.

Yours sincerely,

C. G. Gordon Moss

C. G. Gordon Moss

1 copy — 7-18-61 — CO

July 17, 1961

Mr. Jacque Stahlman
P. O. Box 1116
Natchez, Mississippi

Dear Mr. Stahlman:

We are sending you several of our publidations which should help you in your work on "Progress in Christian Relationships."

Let us know if we can help you any further.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

July 15, 1961
P.O. Box 1116
Natchez, Miss.

Southern Regional Council
Room 201
5 Forsyth St.
N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am doing a unit on "Progress in Christian Relationships" and would appreciate your sending me some information on integration. My address is: Jacque Stahlman
P.O. Box 1116
Natchez, Miss.

Yours truly,
Jacque Stahlman
Jacque Stahlman

SRC

July 17, 1961

Miss Genny Maier
397 0 3rd Avenue South
St. Cloud, Minnesota

Dear Miss Maier:

We are sending you our history of the Southern Regional Council and our listing of publications. If you see anything else you think you could use, please let us know and we will be delighted to send you copies.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

St. Cloud, Minnesota
397 - 3rd Ave South
July 11, 1961

Southern Regional Council
68 Auburn N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs,

May I please request any and all information pertaining to the history, functions, action taken, concrete results, and future program of the Southern Regional Council in any and all fields such as political, social, educational, religious, economical.

Thank you for your prompt consideration.

Sincerely yours,

Benny Maier, GCW Member
397 - 3rd Ave So.
St Cloud, Minn

July 17, 1961

Mr. Dick R. Kinser
1172 N. Leighton Drive
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Kinser:

We are sending you by special delivery mail some material that you may find useful for your workshop.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Director of
Information

/lec

Arkansas College
Batesville, Arkansas
July 12, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sir:

I am conducting a workshop for the Senior High Adult Advisers for Louisiana Presbytery during the week of July 24th and would appreciate any program material that you might send. We are concerned in the areas of Christian Witness, Faith, Outreach, Citizenship, and Fellowship.

I am aware of the late date in requesting such material and appreciate any action that you are able to take.

Sincerely yours,

Dick R. Kinser

Dick R. Kinser
Assistant Professor of Christian Education

Please send to:

Mr. Dick R. Kinser
1172 N. Leighton Drive
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

July 17, 1961

Mr. Howard Dooley
5731 Howe Street
Pittsburgh 32, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Dooley:

We are delighted to send you these publications which may help you in your debate on Federal Aid to Education. As a strictly non-political, tax-exempt organization, however, we have no policy on Federal Aid or any other legislation. We do believe that equality of education and opportunity is practicable and important in the South. You will find these ideas further discussed in some of the reports and publications we are sending you.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

CENTRAL CATHOLIC FORENSIC SOCIETY
Central Catholic High School
4720 Fifth Avenue
Pittsburgh 13, Pennsylvania

Rec'd 7/12/61

July 8, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

With the beginning of the fall school term, the high school forensic leagues of the nation will commence debating the issue of Federal Aid to American Public Education and its possible implications. In order to compile a valid case on the state of this nation's school system, we of the Pittsburgh Chapter will require a veritable mountain of up-to-date information and opinion.

We would greatly appreciate it if you could furnish us with a policy statement illustrating your view toward the question of Federal Aid and its possible effects on segregation in southern public schools. Do you belive that "equalization of educational opportunity" will be practicable in the south in view of the racial discrimination now prevalent in some areas? Any other information which you have available for release will be very welcome. Thankyou.

Very truly yours,

CENTRAL CATHOLIC FORENSIC SOCIETY

Howard Dooley

Howard Dooley
President

NB: please mail reply c/o:

Howard Dooley
5731 Howe Street
Pittsburgh 32, Pa.

HD: mk IIIB

25A

July 20, 1961

Mrs. C. A. Dupree
Executive Director
Negro Community Council, Inc.
3411 Nalle Street
Houston 4, Texas

Dear Mrs. Dupree:

It is interesting to have your letter about the Negro Community Council and its work. We will be very glad to see your literature.

We certainly will put the Council on our mailing list. I am passing on to our director, Leslie Dunbar, your suggestion for "coordinated activity."

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

Sep. 20, 1961

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION

TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

SF-1201 (4-60)

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter

NL = Night Letter

LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

327P EST SEP 20 61 AB366 OB205

O SFF321 PD AR SAN FRANCISCO CALIF 20 1253P PDT

LESLIE W DUNBAR, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNSEL

5 FORSYTH ST NORTHWEST ATLA

PLEASE ADVISE RETURN WIRE COLLECT WHETHER ATLANTA BILTMORE HOTEL ACCEPTS NEGRO GUESTS, WITHOUT DISCRIMINATION OR SEGREGATION, IN ROOMS, RESTAURANT, AND OTHER FACILITIES

EDWARD HOWDEN EXECUTIVE OFFICER CALIFORNIA'S FETC 455 GOLDEN GATE AVE ROOM 3232 SAN FRANCISCO.

file

Following wire sent collect - 4:15 p.m. - Sept. 20

Atlanta Biltmore Hotel segregated except occasional private events.

Leslie W. Dunbar

PA

(Req. for info.)

September 22, 1961

The Reverend W. J. McPeak
219 West 132 Street
New York 29, New York

Dear Mr. McPeak:

Since Mr. Dunbar is out of the city for an extended period of time he asked me to check on your request for information and respond to your recent letter.

We are preparing a report on those cities in the South where we are certain that lunch counter facilities have been opened to all customers. We will be happy to send you a copy when completed if you would like to have it.

While we do not keep records as to the policies of specific chains it can be said that generally each of the national chains follow the policy of acting together, or not at all. We do not take exception to this since it is a very understandable course of action and quite possibly a wise one, however, it has been our experience that many businesses and industries controlled outside the region are overly cautious in determing the degree of change, if any, that specific Southern communities are prepared to accept.

In this regard also, frequently the policy of "conforming to the practices of the community in which we do business" lends strength to the status quo rather than serving as the "neutralist" position which it first appears to be.

Further, the rather obvious but frequently violated fact that change brought about quietly allows for a great deal of progress that is not possible after issues become a matter of public argument. From the point of desirable social change <u>and</u> that of good business, many community tensions and business losses could have been avoided if the

To: Mr. W. J. McPeak
September 22, 1961

merchants concerned had quietly served all customers rather than allowing the matter to become one of public display and argument. It is somewhat pathetic - and ironic - to see a community follow the proper and logical course of action only after subjecting itself to tensions, bitterness, loss of business, and the like.

While remarkable progress has been made during the past year this yet remains a problem, and will inevitably yet become an issue, in a majority of Southern towns and cities. Certainly this has an obvious implication of a continuing problem for the variety store chains.

It might also provide an excellent opportunity for joint, constructive action on the part of the national chains; choosing together communities, situations, and timing that would allow considered judgement ahead of time under the most desirable of community and business climates.

Should this idea have any degree of acceptance among the chains, there is within our organization, and others, a number of calm and rational persons who would be available to assist.

I hope this is of some slight value to you. Please call on us at any time that we might possibly be of help.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mbb

DM

Dear Mr Dunbar

At the suggestion of Dr Worrell of the NAACP I am writing to request specific information regarding the policy of S H KRESS INC in their southern chain stores.

As a stockholder of Kress and one who is interested in interracial justice I would use any information or suggested policy changes you might care to send me to influence the internal policy of the Company on the national level.

Please consider this a private communication.

I would appreciate a prompt reply - positive or negative.

Thank you

Robt W J McPeak
219 W 132 St
NY 29 NY

pleadings
sent on
this

See Requests for Materials

October 5, 1961

Miss Florabelle Ludington
Librarian
Mount Holyoke College
South Hadley, Massachusetts

Dear Florabelle:

Some time soon I am going to write you a decent letter just because I want to. For the time being let me just acknowledge yours of September 18.

I have asked our mail room to send one of each thing we have in stock; (except, our magazine New South, of which only some selected issues will be sent); for most of them there will be no charge. If Victoria would like additional copies of anything we may be able to supply them; also, I shall see that you are put on the mailing list for the remainder of the academic year; would you like to be for longer?

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb

MOUNT HOLYOKE COLLEGE
SOUTH HADLEY, MASSACHUSETTS

WILLISTON MEMORIAL LIBRARY

September 18, 1961

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
1529 Berkeley Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

I understand that you and Peggy saw the Curtis Smiths this summer and that all goes well with the family. My affectionate greetings to all of you.

This note should really go to your office. The second semester seminar in Political Science is to deal with integration-segregation. Victoria Schuck would like all your reports and publications, even the mimeographed ones. If there is a charge, please bill us in duplicate.

Yours,

Flora Belle

Flora B. Ludington
Librarian

FBL:lc

March 16, 1962

Miss Vivian Gordon
Coordinator of Research
Committee on Education and Labor
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Miss Gordon:

Thank you for your kind letter of March 15. I am sending you, enclosed, our L-Report 23A which is a revised list of desegregation institutions, as of September 1961.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

MEMBERS:
DOMINICK V. DANIELS, N.J.
CHAIRMAN
EDITH GREEN, OREG.
JAMES ROOSEVELT, CALIF.
HERBERT ZELENKO, N.Y.
JOHN H. DENT, PA.
RALPH J. SCOTT, N.C.
CHARLES S. JOELSON, N.J.
PETER FRELINGHUYSEN, JR., N.J.
ROBERT P. GRIFFIN, MICH.
PETER A. GARLAND, MAINE
JOHN M. ASHBROOK, OHIO

Committee on Education and Labor

ADAM C. POWELL, N.Y., CHAIRMAN

Subcommittee on Integration in Federally Assisted Education

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Washington 25, D.C.

DEBORAH WOLFE
DIRECTOR
JAMES BRANIGAN
COUNSEL
429 HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
EXTENSION 5257

March 15, 1962

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

We wish to thank you for appearing before the Subcommittee on March 6 and for the very fine statement you presented. Your testimony has been very valuable to the Subcommittee.

If you have issued a listing of desegregation in higher education in Southern and border states more recent than the January 24, 1961, list (Report L-23), we would appreciate receiving a copy for use in our study.

Please address your reply to my personal attention.

Sincerely yours,

Vivian V. Gordon

VIVIAN V. GORDON
Coordinator of Research

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

VVG:aeh

PA - action - BP.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

DR. CHARLES E. CLELAND, Chairman
REV. LEA EARL ACUFF
MR. ALTON F. FLAGG
REV. ROBERT E. JAMES
DR. FORREST LACEY
MRS. JOAN LIVINGSTON
DR. RALPH MARTIN
MRS. CECIL MILES
DR. C. M. PROUDFOOT
MR. SAMUEL A. ROSEN
MRS. NEAL B. SPAHR
REV. ROBERT WEST

Knoxville Area Human Relations Council

602 EMPIRE BUILDING
Knoxville 1, Tennessee

MAIL ADDRESS:
P. O. BOX 1011
KNOXVILLE 1, TENN.
PHONE: 524-0357

May 23, 1962

RECEIVED
MAY 24 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

At the suggestion of Dr. James A. Colston, I am writing to find out if you have available reprints of the following article which appeared in NEW SOUTH for April 1961:

THIS I BELIEVE, by Dr. Haywood N. Hill

If copies of this article are available, please give us the price per hundred.

If you could send us a packet of subscription cards and/or information about NEW SOUTH, I think we have some members who would like to subscribe.

Also, will you please enter a subscription to NEW SOUTH in the following name and bill him for the cost:

Rev. William A. Adams
Pastor
Park City Methodist Church
2460 Parkview Avenue at Chestnut
Knoxville 17, Tenn.

I will be leaving this office on May 31 for the summer and there will be no regular person in the office and I would, therefore, like to hear from you as quickly as possible.

Sincerely yours,

Louise Blackwell

Louise Blackwell
Staff Secretary

May 25, 1962

Miss Louise Blackwell
Knoxville Area Human Relations
Council
602 Empire Building
Knoxville 1, Tennessee

Dear Miss Blackwell:

We do have reprints of THIS I BELIEVE available, in answer to your request of May 23. The cost would be $2.00 per hundred copies.

Also, under separate cover we are mailing you several dozen New South subscription blanks as you request.

Rev. Adams has been added to the New South mailing list and should receive his first copy and be billed in the near future.

Please feel free to call upon us if we can be of further usefulness.

Sincerely,

BP:s

(Mrs.) Barbara Patterson

PRAIRIE VIEW AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE

PRAIRIE VIEW, TEXAS

May 25, 1962

Division of
INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

IM-for info
FA done

RECEIVED
MAY 28 1962

The Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I shall be grateful if you will furnish me with two copies of the report: "The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South: Houston, and two copies of the report: "The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South: Chattanooga.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Very truly yours,

Alvin I. Thomas

Alvin I. Thomas, Director
Division of Industrial Education

vnw

Info. request

1.00 Cash
Misc. Literature
10/22/62
RHA

VIA AIR MAIL

October 22, 1962

Dr. Elbert DeCoursey
Director, Biomedical Research
Trinity University
San Antonio, Texas

Dear Dr. DeCoursey:

At the request of Mrs. Marg-Riette M. Hamlett we are sending you the enclosed material, prepared by the Southern Regional Council.

Please let us know if we can be of further help.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:nm
Enclosures

1. Three Views
2. New South - Nov. '62
3. Racial Violence & Law Enforcement

SAME LETTER SENT TO:

1. The Rev. Frank R. Neff, Professor of Religion, Trinity Univ.
2. Dr. Charles N. Burrows, Chairman, Sociology " "

MRMH

P. O. Box 2655
San Antonio, Texas

Oct. 19, 1962

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth St. N.W., Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Mr. Anthony:

You sent me a fine supply of material on your Council last July. After looking it all over, I sent the brochure containing Faulkner's address to THE TEXAS OBSERVER a liberal weekly in Austin, in the hopes they would "take notice." If they have used anything, I haven't seen it.

The rest I presented to our own public library and they did display some of it and filed the rest.

Now I'm trying to arrange for a speaking engagement for Mr. Dabbs at Trinity University. (It is short notice and it may not work out but) Will you please rush one copy each of the brochure with Faulkner's address (I didn't keep the title) and a copy containing the President's address of The New South (and any other one piece you think important--but not too much) to

Dr. Elbert DeCoursey, Director Biomedical Research
Trinity University, San Antonio, Texas

Dr. Charles N. Burrows, Chairman Sociology

The Rev. Frank R. Neff, Prof. of Religion

all at Trinity. I'm enclosing a $1.00 bill for air-mail postage.

Whether Dr. Dabbs comes or not, we'll wake them up to the SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL--which they didn't know about.

Thanks for your prompt attention.

Sincerely yours
Marg-Riette M. Hamlett

P.S. I could make good propaganda use of two copies each of the brochures if so many are available. But need not send them airmail.

A note enclosed saying these are being sent at my request might get them a more personal reading.

Mrs. Marg-Riette M. Hamlett
P. O. Box 2655, San Antonio

November 6, 1962

Mrs. Mary-Riette M. Hamlett
P. O. Box 2655
San Antonio, Texas

Dear Mrs. Hamlett:

The materials you requested are being sent under separate cover.

Best regards.

Sincerely yours,

PA:A

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

6 copies each:
Fleming, "A Southern View of the South"
N.Y.Times reprint, "Leaders in South Act to Ease Bias"
Pittsburg Post-Gazette, "A Southerner's Words Supply Rebuttal"

10-24-62

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Thanks for sending the material as requested to the men at Trinity University. Yes, we knew of Dr. Dabbs coming to Houston and tried to arrange a "quick date" for him to come here: but it didn't work out for now. However, we are planning to catch him (we hope) the next time'round.

In addition to the 2 "President's Address" numbers of THE NEW SOUTH and the brochures containing Faulkner's address to the Council, I could use from 3 to 6 extra copies of the New York Times Book Review reprint of ~~XXX~~ H arold C. Fleming's A SOUTHERN VIEW OF THE SOUTH, and The NYT reprint (Wed. Dec. 25, 1957) "Leaders in South Act to Ease Bias." (And/or reprints from LIFE or TIME about THE SOUTHERN HERITAGE. And I'll do my best with each piece.

Sincerely

Marg-Rhette M. Hamlett

November 27, 1962

Mr. Lee Nichols
1301 South Peninsula Drive
Daytona Beach, Florida

Dear Mr. Nichols:

I was glad to get your letter of November 20. I have spoken with Dr. Lincoln and he will be sending to you a couple of later papers of his about the Black Muslims. Enclosed with this letter are some articles you may have missed.

A later book than Eric's is by E. U. Essien-Udom, titled Black Nationalism and published this year by the University of Chicago Press. I have not read this but I am told it is extremely interesting.

In the November 17 New Yorker there is a long article by James Baldwin which, in part, treats of the Black Muslims; I found it most helpful in guiding my own thinking.

I do think, in answer to your question, that there is reason not only for Detroit industrialists but for all of us to be alarmed by the growth of Black Muslims. It seems to me that this movement spreads as more and more Negroes become conscious of an alienation from American society. I suspect there is only one adequate preventative against Negro Americans turning toward Black Muslims (or other so-called nationalists) or toward anti-American expressions of one kind or another, and that is for us to complete the process of integration. This includes legal integration but it also includes the establishment within the Negro populace, especially in the large cities, of a realistic belief that they do have a self interest in the institutions of American life.

Our information is that the Black Muslim temple in Atlanta has not grown much and that in other southern cities

there is not great strength, but Dr. Lincoln can inform you much more expertly.

Please let us know if we can be of any further help.

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A
CC: Dr. Eric Lincoln

Leslie W. Dunbar

Enclosures:

Alex Haley, "Mr. Muhammad Speaks," Readers Digest, March 1960
Harry Ashmore, "Negro Ghettos in the North," Atlanta Constitution, May 11, 1960
Nat Hentoff, "Black Nationalism in the U. S.," Current, September 1960
Charles West, "Negro Race Supremacists Are Moving South," Winston-Salem Journal & Sentinel, Sept. 11, 1960
Bayard Rustin, "Race Tension in the Ghetto Unites Integrationists and Black Muslims," New America, Sept. 22, 1961
Robert Spike, "The Black Muslims," Christianity & Crisis, May 29, 1961
Book Reviews, The News Leader, November 12, 1962, Morroe Berger reviews Lomax, The Negro Revolt, Ahmann, The New Negro, E. U. Essien-Udom, Black Nationalism, under title "The New 'New Negro'"

P.S. There is a chapter on the Black Muslims in Louis Lomax's The Negro Revolt.

Research mailing list

Lee Nichols
1301 South Peninsula Drive
Daytona Beach, Florida

November 20, 1962.

Leslie W. Dunbar, director,
Southern Regional Council,
5 Forsyth, N.W.,
Atlanta, 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Dunbar,

Last week I was talking with Bill France, president of the Daytona International Speedway. He had recently returned from Detroit, where he had been in conferences with officials of the Ford Motor Company, General Motors and of other auto-related industries. He said that these leading Detroit industialists were all concerned about the phenomenal growth of the Black Muslims, and were equally as concerned that there had been no Negro counter-action against what they (the industrial leaders) regard as an anti-Christian and anti-American movement.

In connection with my work at Bethune-Cookman College as chairman of a special committee of the Board of Trustees for studies on future development, I began a study of the movement. The latest material, however, which so far is available to me is the book by C. Eric Lincoln entitled "The Black Muslims in America."

Is there any later or any fuller reliable data on the movement? Has Dr. Lincoln continued his studies? Is there justification for Detroit industrialists to be alarmed by growth of the Black Muslims? In addition to answers to the three questions, will you please give me whatever guidance is at your disposal for a further study of the movement?

Indidentally, I learned in a letter from Jaunita Greene, staff writer on the Miami Herald, that the Black Muslims had penetrated Miami and that although the movement was small, they had the respect of the Negro leaders there because of "their dedication and austerity."

I am writing my old friend, Dr. Mays, on the subject.

Sincerely yours,

Lee Nichols

Lee Nichols.

November 27, 1962

Mr. John Macdonald
Queens College
Cambridge, England

Dear John:

We do indeed remember you well. The requested materials and several other pieces have been sent. If convenient, we would like to have copies of your articles as they appear.

Call on us anytime.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/hs

PA: sent him 11/20/62

second ALBANY, 2 latest New Souths,

publication list, recent L-Reports

and the Student Newspaper sheet

bp

Cost of Air mail

Queens' College,
Cambridge,
England.
12.11.62

Dear Mr. Anthony,

During our investigation of the racial scene in the South this summer, you will doubtless recall that we visited the SRC and you were kind enough to give us a large number of your leaflets, which have given us excellent background material.

After having caught up with the college work I should have done in the vacation, I am now sorting out all the large amount of literature we accumulated, and find that my knowledge of the school desegregation which took place this September is a little sparse, as we were moving around during this period, so our newspaper cuttings of this are usually local and disjointed: knowing that the SRC did a report on this in '60-'61, which covered the situation then, I wonder if you have produced anything similar for this year; it would be a great help and I would thus be most grateful if you could send me a copy. Also we spent some time in Albany with Howard Zinn, who was doing a second report on the scene there for you - if this is out, it would help me if you could enclose this also.

After we left you, we covered a lot of ground (Atlanta - Americus - Albany - Birmingham - Jackson - N. Orleans - L. Charles - Little Rock - Memphis - Oxford, Miss. - Miss. Delta - Chicago - Niagara Falls - N. York), met an extraordinary variety of people, and learnt a good deal more about this many-sided problem from all points of view - becoming, I think, more tolerant as time went on. I know I shall remember this stay in the US vividly for a long time to come, and can only hope that my articles will merit the trouble and time taken on our behalf by so many people, not least of all yourself and the SRC, which I hope will continue to play a major rôle in the solution of the problems of the South

Once again,

Thanks,

John Macdonald.

P.S. If there is any other new material that you think might help us, could you put it in as well, if it doesn't make the postage too unreasonable.

Sender's name and address: J. B. MACDONALD,
QUEENS' COLLEGE,
CAMBRIDGE,
ENGLAND.

AN AIR LETTER SHOULD NOT CONTAIN ANY ENCLOSURE ; IF IT DOES IT WILL BE SURCHARGED OR SENT BY ORDINARY MAIL.

Second fold here

BY AIR MAIL
PAR AVION
AIR LETTER
AEROGRAMME

CAMBRIDGE
4 NOV
1962

Post
MAK
GIFT MESSENGERS

Mr. Paul Anthony,
Southern Regional Council,
5, Forsyth St.
Atlanta,
Ga.
USA

Info. requests

November 29, 1962

Mr. Tobias Simon
Simon & Rosen
706 Ainsley Building
14 N. E. First Avenue
Miami 32, Florida

Dear Mr. Simon:

Thank you for your letter of November 23. We are sending enclosed a copy of the Albany Report, together with a couple of other things.

We released the Albany Report after much thought. We have never before seen fit to mount in this way public criticism against federal policies and actions. We would not have done so at this time were Albany merely a local phenomenon (even though we have the deepest sympathy for the individuals who have been engaged there). We decided to make our statement because of apprehensions, which amount almost to convictions, that what has happened in Albany is likely to be repeated elsewhere and to be the most persistent kind of civil rights controversy over the next few years. In this sense I think that Albany is even more important than the University of Mississippi. That posed tremendous Constitutional issues, which simply had to be met and resolved. I am hopeful at this time that there will not be another such recurrence. But I cannot be hopeful at this time that there will not be recurrences of the Albany pattern, and unless we have a more forthright policy, the whole cause of racial relations in the South could be horribly messed up by its spread.

We don't lightly criticise. We were, for example, just about the only liberal organization in the country which publicly defended the Attorney General's plea for a "cooling off" during the Freedom Rides. Moreover, last Spring we released our report on Executive Support of Civil Rights which was generally commendatory of the Kennedy Administration. You will note, however, in it on pages 17-19 that we expressed last March essentially the same concerns about the Administration's policy in Albany that has been elaborated in the recent report. I might add that these are matters we have from time to time discussed informally with the Justice Department.

Thank you again for writing to us, and we would be most interested in your further comments.

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A

Leslie W. Dunbar

Enclosures:
Albany Report
The Freedom Ride
The Federal Executive and Civil Rights
Executive Support for Civil Rights

Info. request

Office of the
Administrative Assistant
CLARK COLLEGE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

file

December 3, 1962

Mr. Lee Nichols
1301 South Peninsula Drive
Daytona Beach, Florida

Dear Mr. Nichols:

In response to a call from Dr. Leslie Dunbar of the Southern Regional Council I am pleased to forward to you a recent paper on "Extremist Attitudes in the Black Muslim Movement". This is a paper presented before the American Psychological Society meeting in St. Louis last September 1. A more recent article originally entitled "The Black Muslim as a Protest Movement" appears in the current issue of the Progressive Magazine under the title "The Black Muslim". I have asked the editors to forward a copy to you. This article is an abbreviated rendering of a paper read at the recent conference on "Law Enforcement and Racial and Culture Tensions at the School of Criminology at the University of California.

I do hope that these papers will be helpful to you, and I shall be pleased if you will write me if I can be of any further help.

Very truly yours,

C. Eric Lincoln
Professor of Social Relations

CEL:dkn
cc: Dr. Leslie Dunbar

COPY

Info. requests

December 27, 1962

Mr. Jack Levine
203 West 90th Street
New York 24, New York

Dear Mr. Levine:

We are sending under separate cover the materials which you request in your letter of December 26. This includes Howard Zinn's two Albany reports and the other publications we have issued that have commented on the role of the Federal Government since the new administration took office.

Thank you for writing. I hope we shall meet some time soon. I will try to look you up when in New York.

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A

Leslie W. Dunbar

Mailed separately:

The Federal Executive and Civil Rights
Executive Power and Civil Rights
The Freedom Ride
Zinn, Albany, 1961
. Albany, 1962
A Study of Negro Farmers in South Carolina

203 West 90th Street
New York 24, N. Y.
December 26, 1962

Mr. Leslie Dunbarr
Sourthern Regional Council
7 Forsythe Street, N.W.
Atlanta 5, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbarr:

I have read of your recent report to the President on the situation in Albany Georgia , in the New York Times, with great interest and agree with your evaluation of the F. B. I. 's role in the civil rights field.

I am a former F. B. I. agent and am greatly concerned with the F. B. I. 's handling of civil rights investigations in the South. I am preparing a magazine article for Harpers which will discuss this issue and I would be interested in seeing your complete "Albany Report" together with any other information which your organization may have available with respect to the Federal Governments role in enforcing the Civil Rights statutes.

When you are next in New York, I would be most happy to discuss these matters with you personally.

Very sincerely yours,

Jack Levine

Jack Levine

Rt 2 Box 364A
Baton Rouge, La.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen,

The "Citizens Organization for Public Education" has recently been organized in Baton Rouge. Keeping the public schools open is our sole objective. We are very interested in obtaining background literature and information relating to our purpose, for distribution to our members and friends. Would you please send me, at the above address, a list of titles and prices of the literature you distribute.

Please place our organization on your mailing list for future releases relating to school desegregation.

Citizens Organization for Public Education
P.O. Box 14604, Southeast Station
Baton Rouge, La.

9/2

Should you wish to correspond with our chairman he is

Dr. L. M. Addison
625 - Woodhaven Dr.
Baton Rouge, La.

Sincerely yours,
James M. Wood Jr.

Dupo
~~Ed~~ Ed

November 19, 1954

Mr. D. Anthony Matricaria
73 Howard Ave.
Ansonia, Conn.

Dear Mr. Matricaria:

Dr. Mitchell asked me to answer your recent letter concerning a proposed research project assessing underlying causes of Negro-white friction resulting from abolition of public school segregation.

Neither Dr. Mitchell nor I are acquainted with any research identical to that you outlined.

If you have not already done so, I suggest that you check with one or more of the following persons who have done recent research in school desegregation and would be acquainted with research that it is progress:

Dr. Kenneth B. Clark, Associate Professor of Psychology
College of the City of New York
New York, N. Y.

Dr. J. Milton Yinger
Oberlin College,
Oberlin, Ohio

Dr. Marion Thompson Wright
Professor of Education
Howard University
Washington, D.C.

We will look forward to reading the results of your study at a later date.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

rec'd 11/11/54

D. Anthony Matricaria
73 Howard Avenue
Ansonia, Connecticut

10 November 1954

Dr. G. S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am a student in the Graduate School, Department of Education, Yale University, a Ph.D. candidate in the process of obtaining approval for a dissertation problem dealing with Negro-white segregation. Specifically, part of the work involved in the submitted outline entails interviewing white children who protested against integration, in one or more localities recently the scenes of overt antagonism to public school integration. It is planned to interview the parents, etc., of such involved children, as well.

The solution to the problem contemplates bringing to light the true causes underlying Negro-white friction resulting from Federal abolition of State public school segregation. One of the primary objectives will be to prove the thesis that the white man's Negro-undesirability concept is unwarranted on the basis of scientific fact.

The fact that this Negro-undesirability concept is among most educated individuals known to be a myth, is conceded. But it is hoped the procured data will indicate how education can best help to eliminate such a concept from the minds of the masses.

Studies pertaining to segregation of one type or another have, I realize, previously been made. However, I have not, as yet--in examining the publications listed in the Yale library catalog files--encountered any study of the type proposed by me.

I have been asked, by faculty advisors, to make certain that no study identical to that proposed by me has previously been made. My present anxiety, therefore, is over the possibility that there may exist studies, previously made and of a similarity great enough such as would constitute my efforts a duplication of previous research, which might not come to light in my preliminary survey.

Hence, I should very much appreciate your informing me of any study or studies of the type mentioned with which you are familiar and/or which have come to your attention. President Robert P. Daniel of Virginia State College, Petersburg, Virginia, has informed me you may be able to supply the information I am seeking.

Any help you may render will be valued highly.

Respectfully yours,

D. Anthony Titatricaria

December 21, 1954

Miss Marylyn Wassman
4914 Tennessee Avenue
Chattanooga 9, Tenn.

Dear Miss Wassman,

Mr. Ralph McGill has asked us to answer your request for information on race relations.

We have no single publication covering the whole field of race relations, but we do have various publications covering many aspects of the question. These are itemized on the enclosed publications list, and we will be glad to have your order for those which will be particularly helpful to you.

Meanwhile I am sending you separately a copy of our recent pamphlet which summarizes the issues raised by the Supreme Court decision on public school segregation.

Answers for Action

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF/rnf
encl. SRC Publications List

December 29, 1954

Mr. Lewis Jones
Tuskegee Institute
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

Dear Mr. Jones:

I have some ideas to communicate about the 1955 Tuskegee Report on Violence.

If you can telephone me, either Friday morning, December 31st, or at the end of next week, say January 7th, I expect to be around. The office phone is Walnut 1821. Call me collect.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF

. . . . . RNF . . . . . .

RA:

Please enclose bill.

March 25, 1955

Miss Camille C. Lenz
706 E. Cheves Street
Florence, S.C.

Dear Miss Lenz:

We are glad to have your recent letter asking for subjects on an interracial radio panel. Of course my suggestions will have to be quite general since I am not informed about the panel participants, the sponsoring group, or the community climate. However, the following are several possible subjects which you might consider:

(1) What has been the experience of communities that had desegregated their schools in recent years? (Main source Schools in Transition, by Williams and Ryan, University of North Carolina Press.)

(2) What do the churches say about segregation and integration? (Sources: Southern Regional Council material, local ministers.)

(3) What would compliance with the Supreme Court decision mean in our community? (How many schools and children affected, facilities needed, community housing pattern, etc. This would necessarily have to be based on your local factfinding, but see Southern Regional Council's Answers for Action.)

(4) What changes have taken place in Southern race relations since World War II? (See Southern Regional Council's Changing Patterns.)

One of your main sources should be The Negro and the Schools by Harry Ashmore, University of North Carolina Press. As you request, I am sending you Southern Regional Council publications that might be helpful, including those specifically mentioned above. You will note that both The Negro and the Schools and Answers for Action include brief bibliographies.

We will be glad to assist you in any way that we can.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF;rnf
Under separate cover:
Changing Patterns
Answers for Action
The Churches Speak

706 E. Cheves Street
Florence, S. C.
March 14, 1955

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

MAR 16 1955

Gentlemen:

Would you be good enough to list two or three subjects that would be interesting and helpful in preparing a community for desegregation if discussed by an inter-racial panel, on the air?

If you will do this together with furnishing a bibliography so that proper preparation can be made, I shall be very appreciative. I shall be glad to buy from your publications whatever is necessary to make this presentation.

Very truly yours,

(Miss) Camille C. Lenz

P.S. Please tell me what the percentage of people was that held slaves in in South.

MRS. M. V. HUNT, SECRETARY REV. ODELL G. HARRIS, DIRECTOR-CHAPLAIN L. R. BYWATERS, TREASURER

Fort Valley College Center
P. O. BOX 490
Fort Valley, Georgia

March 29th,

1955

Mr. Frederick B. Routh, Ass. Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Routh :

Thank you for your letter of the 28th relative to materials I requested on the subject, Prejudice, Its Effect."

I sincerely appreciate your christian attitude, your suggestion as to the difference between prejudice and discrimination, and the suggested list of books.

I shall use all of them and shall do my best to help prepare some study materials for the people of the Fourth Province to the very best of my ability.

Again, thankin you and with best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,
Odell G. Harris
Odell G. Harris

OGH:mvh

GSM

Under separate cover:
Answers for Action
The Churches Speak
Christian Conscience
Changing Patterns

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

March 28, 1955

Rev. Odell G. Harris
Fort Valley College Center
P.O. Box 490
Fort Valley, Georgia

Dear Rev. Harris:

We have received your letter of March 25th saying that you have been asked to serve on a committee of the Department of Christian Social Relations of the Province of Sewanee of the Episcopal Church which is to study "Prejudice, its Effects."

As an Episcopalian, I am pleased to see the Holy Mother Church take up this question. It has long been my personal belief that not only our church but Christiandom as a whole has shown a remarkable lack of Christian concern about the problems of race relations. It is reassuring to find that we are rediscovering our Christian responsibility to our fellow man.

In making this study, I would suggest that it would be helpful to clearly define the difference between prejudice and discrimination. When I was teaching at the University of Miami in the Department of Human Relations I used these definitions:

Prejudice: A pattern of attitudes adverse to an individual, a group or a situation.
Discrimination: A pattern of actions adverse to an individual, a group or a situation.

I believe at this time our real problem is discrimination. If we stop acting in a discriminatory manner toward our fellow man, our attitudes toward him are bound to change. Certainly there is an important role for the church to play in creating a Christian attitude for all the children of God. It is equally or even more important for Christian people to act in accordance with their beliefs.

I am enclosing with this letter a short list of books and pamphlets which I believe would be of assistance to you in spelling out solutions to the problems your committee will face. I am also sending you under separate cover several of our publications from the Southern Regional Council.

With every good wish for the success of your committee and with the sincere hope that it will face these critical times with forthright honesty; it must be remembered that Jesus Christ did not promise that the role of the church or of Christians would be an easy one but rather He said: "Take up your cross and follow me."

Sincerely yours,

Frederick B. Routh
Assistant Director

FBR:rnf

Allport, Gordon W.	ABC's of Scapegoating (Freedom Pamphlet) Anti-Defamation League, 1948
	The Nature of Prejudice, Beacon Press, Boston 1954
American Council on Race Relations	Studies in Reduction of Prejudice Arnold Rose, Chicago, 1948
Fineberg, S.A.	Punishment without Crime, Doubleday & Co., N.Y.
MacIver, R.M.	The More Perfect Union, MacMillan, N.Y., 1948
Powdermaker, H.	Probing our Prejudices, Harper & Bros., N.Y., 1944
Rose, A.M.	Race Prejudice and Discrimination, Readings in Intergroup Relations in the U.S., Knopf, N.Y., 1951
United Nations	The Main Types and Causes of Discrimination Secretary General's Memo, Commission on Human Rights, N.Y., 1944

MRS. M. V. HUNT, SECRETARY REV. ODELL G. HARRIS, DIRECTOR-CHAPLAIN L. R. BYWATERS, TREASURER

Fort Valley College Center
P. O. BOX 490
Fort Valley, Georgia

MAR 28 1955

March 25th,
1955

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir :

I have been asked to serve on a committee of the Department of Christian Social Relations of the Province of Sewanee which comprise the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, and Mississippi, to help prepare a study course on desegregation. I have been assigned the specific subject, "Prejudice, Its Effects." This material is to be used by the Episcopal Church in the above named States.

I am wondering whether it would be possible for me to get from you some materials bearing on the subject, "Prejudice, Its Effects"aand als o whether you would be kind enough to recommend some other materials on the subject. I should be most grateful to you for whatever help you may be able to give me. I shall be very glad to pay for whatever material you may be able to provide.

Thanking you and with very best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

Odell G. Harris

Odell G. Harris

OGH:mvh

Allport, Gordon W. — ABC's of Scapegoating - (Freedom Pamphlet) Anti Defamation League - 1948

The Nature of Prejudice Beacon Press, Boston - 1954

Am. Council on Race Relations — Studies in Reduction of Prejudice (Arnold Rose) Chicago '48

Finebarg, S.A. — Punishment without Crime Double Day & Co, NY -

Mac Iver, R.M. — The More Perfect Union, Mac Millan N.Y. 1948

Powdermaker, H. — Probing our Prejudices Harper & Bros, NY - '44

Rose, A.M. — Race Prejudice & Discrimination; Readings in Intergroup Relations in the US; Knopf NY '51

United Nations — The Main Types & Causes of Discrimination Sec'y Gen'l's Memo Commission on Human Rights, NY 1948

June 15, 1955

Mrs. J. E. Rigby
1440 Brightsridge Drive
Kingsport, Tennessee

Dear Mrs. Rigby:

Thank you for your letter of June 13, 1955, asking for literature on race relations.

I am sending you, under separate cover, our publications list; a sample copy of our monthly magazine, New South; one of our pamphlets, "Answers for Action," and information on our publication, "Changing Patterns in the New South." I hope these will be of help to you.

Also, you may be interested in knowing that each of the states you mentioned in your letter has an active organization, affiliated with the Southern Regional Council, which is working in the field of race relations. I am attaching a list of addresses of these organizations for your information.

Again, thank you for your interest.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Editorial Assistant

encl.

ADDRESSES OF STATE ORGANIZATIONS AFFILIATED WITH SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

The Rev. Robert E. Hughes, Executive Director
Alabama Council on Human Relations
Moore Building, Room 206
Montgomery, Alabama

Mr. Nat Griswold, Executive Director
723½ East 13th Street
Arkansas Council on Human Relations
Little Rock, Arkansas

Mr. Milton Conrad Vigo, Executive Director
Louisiana Council on Human Relations
Board of Trade Annex Building, Room 303
New Orleans 12, Louisiana

Mrs. M. S. Lyells, Executive Director
Mississippi Council on Human Relations
1104 Lynch Street
Jackson, Mississippi

Dr. Haskell Miller, Acting Chairman
Tennessee Council on Human Relations
Department of Sociology
University of Chattanooga
Chattanooga, Tennessee

Answered June 15 - ga.
For file

JUN 14 1955

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS
155 East 44th Street
New York 17, New York

GIRL SCOUTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Dixie Region V
Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennessee

Address reply to:
NATIONAL BRANCH OFFICE
1594 Madison Avenue
Memphis 4, Tennessee
Telephone 7-1020

1440 Brightridge Drive
Kingsport, Tennessee
June 13, 1955

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Room 432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Will you please inform me as to what type of literature or services you make available to other organizations in regards to the developments in race relationships and integration.

We have a Temporary Regional Committee of the Girl Scouts which is trying to stay abrest of the developments in all fields of the subject, particularly in Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Tennessee.

I will appreciate having this information this week, if it is possible. Thank you very much.

Yours truly,
Blanche Rigby
Mrs. J.E. Rigby

June 15, 1955

Mr. Victor B. Howard
8300 North Wisner Avenue
Niles (Chicago) 31, Illinois

Dear Mr. Howard:

Your letter of June 11, 1955, to the Atlanta Urban League, requesting literature on race relations, has been referred to me.

I am mailing you, under separate cover, our publications list; a copy of our pamphlet, "Answers for Action," and information on our publication, "Changing Patterns in the New South." Also, I am enclosing a copy of our monthly publication, New South.

Please let me know if I can be of further help to you.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Editorial Assistant

encl.

ans. 6/15/55 gc

file

JUN 15 1955

June 14, 1955

Dear Mr. Howard:

Thank you for your letter of June 11th in which you requested literature concerning segregation in public schools.

Your letter has been referred to Dr. George Mitchell, Director of the Southern Regional Council, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., who will be happy to share with you any information he may have.

If we can be of further help, please write us again.

Cordially yours,

Mrs. Myrtle T. Mickens
Office Manager

Mr. Victor B. Howard
83 North Wisner Avenue
Niles (Chicago) 31, Illinois

COPY

8300 North Wisner Avenue
Niles(Chicago) 31, Illinois
June 11, 1955

Atlanta Urban League
239 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I would appreciate a copy of any literature you may have published concerning segregation or the Supreme Court decision on segregation in the public schools, or other problems of race relations.

Sincerely,

Victor B. Howard

Victor B. Howard

July 1, 1955.

Mr. Wladimir Borowski
1934 Florence St.
Detroit 3, Michigan

Dear Mr. Borowski:

In Dr. Mitchell's absence from the office, your letter of June 27 has come to my attention.

We have a great deal of material in print on race relations, more particularly race relations in the South.

Enclosed is a complete publications list. If you will let us know which publications will be most helpful to you, we should be glad to send them. Meanwhile, I enclose a copy of the latest issue of our publication New South.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF/vc

Encs. 2

And you will know the truth,
and the truth will make you free...
John 8, 31.

І пізнаєте правду, —а правда
вас визволить!.. Івана 8, 31

UKRAINIAN EVANGELICAL-REFORMED CHURCH
in Detroit, Michigan

Address for correspondence: Rev. W. Borowsky,
1934 Florence St., Detroit 3, Michigan, Phone UN. 1-2849

УКРАЇНСЬКА ЄВАНГЕЛЬСЬКО-РЕФОРМОВАНА ЦЕРКВА
В ДЕТРОЙТІ, МІЧІҐАН

Адреса для листування: Rev. W. Borowsky
1934 Florence St., Detroit 3, Michigan, Phone UN. 1-2849

The Church Council:
Rev. W. Borowsky, Minister
M. Lewizky, President
P. Gonchar, Vice-President
O. Karanec, Secretary
I. Petraszczuk, Treasurer
A. Jaciuk, Member
K. Tschyrwa, Member

Церковний Комітет:
В. Боровський, Пастор
М. Левицький, Голова
П. Гончар, Заступник Голови
О. Каранець, Секретар
І. Петращук, Скарбник
А. Яцюк, Член
К. Чирва, Член

JUN 29 1955

June 27, 1955

Mr.George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir,

Not long ago I received a letter from Dr. Benjamin E.Mays, where he directs me to you with following suggestion:

"If you want data on discrimination against the colored people in the United States, you should get some written material. I believe you could get exactly what you want if you write to Mr. George Mitchell...I believe he will give you the printed documents which you need in working out an article."

I will be very grateful to you if you would be so kind to send me these informations.

With kindest regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

W Borowsky

Wladimir Borowsky, Minister

December 1, 1955

Circulation Department
THE CHARLOTTE OBSERVER
Charlotte, North Carolina

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of the November 24, 1955 issue of The Charlotte Observer. I am enclosing fifteen cents to cover cost and mailing.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosure

December 1, 1955

Miss Marilyn Shapiro
89 Clark Avenue
Chelsea 50, Massachusetts

Dear Miss Shapiro:

We are sending you copies of our publications list, the contents of Changing Patterns in the New South, a recent issue of New South and our publication, The Negro in our Economy. If you desire other publications from our list we shall be glad to forward those to you.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosure

December 1, 1955

Miss Margariete Montague
645 Mervyn Avenue
Santa Rosa, California

Dear Miss Montague:

I am sending you a copy of our publication, The Negro in Our Economy, the contents of Changing Patterns in the New South and our publications list.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosures

December 1, 1955

Circulation Department
DURHAM MORNING-HERALD
Durham, North Carolina

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of the November 21, 1955 issue of the Durham Morning Herald. I am enclosing fifteen cents to cover cost and mailing.

Very truly yours,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosure

Information

December 1, 1955

Mrs. Peggy H. Wesley
209 N. Campbell Street
Daytona Beach, Florida

Dear Mrs. Wesley:

Your letter indicated that you were developing a study on the "Effect of the Geographic Aspect on the Economy of the South." If you would clarify the topic I would be glad to determine if we have any helpful materials.

I am enclosing copies of our publications list, a statement of our objectives, and the contents to Changing Patterns in the New South.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosures

Info - Race relations - general

ROSS WILLIAMS
ATTORNEY AT LAW
5990 SOUTHWEST 48TH STREET
MIAMI 43, FLORIDA

December 13, 1955.

Southern Regional Council,
710 Standard Building,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

RECEIVED DEC 15 1955

Gentlemen:

A recent letter on the editors page of the Macon Telegraph mentioned a work of Dr. Eleaxer about the accomplishments in America of colored citizens. I inquired of Congressman Rogers about the book mentioned in the letter. He wrote me about two books or pamphlets. I send you his letter to me for your information. Please send me a copy each of the publications mentioned. Please return Congressman Rogers letter to me.

Sincerely,

Ross Williams

December 15, 1955

Mr. Ross Williams
5990 Southwest 48th St.,
Miami 43, Florida

Dear Mr. Williams:

Your letter of December 13, 1955, concerning information, has been referred to me.

We do not have copies of the pamphlet you mentioned, but we are mailing you a copy of our publication, "America's Tenth Man," under separate cover.

Payment for this publication is 10¢ either in coin or stamps.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Editorial Assistant

JC:mef

Info -

April 17, 1956

Miss Alice N. Fenimore
Box 343, Route #4
Ceraopolis, Pennsylvania

Dear Miss Fenimore:

Dear my goodness! In so much red tape we all slipped up and here it is April 16th and your term paper was due the 15th!

I am mighty sorry. I send you some back issues of our magazine. I have high school daughters myself, and I know that the night before the paper is due they slap something together and that is it! And furthermore they haven't got time to go and read anything about that matter after the bloomin'paper is in. But I send you something to read anyway.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Under separate cover:
New South, Oct - Dec. '55
Jan - Mar. '56

cc: Mr. Ralph McGill

RECEIVED APR 12 1956

April 11, 1956

Miss Alice N. Fenimore
Box 343, Route #4
Coraopolis, Pennsylvania

Dear Miss Fenimore:

You will please pardon me if I say I couldn't possibly begin to answer you in less than 10,000 words. What I am going to do is send your letter to the Southern Regional Council in Atlanta, with a copy of this letter, and ask them to send you available pamphlets.

Sincerely yours,

Ralph McGill

Ralph McGill

RM:gl

cc: Southern Regional Council

Box 343 R.D.# 4
Coraopolis, Pa.
April 6th, 1956

Dear Sir:

As a senior in high school I am required to write by April 15th, a term paper of 10,000 words on the subject of "The Intergreation Plans of the South". In finding this information I am asking for your aid. I would like to ask a few s specific questions and if you could answer any others I would be most greatful. However if you find this to be impossible then please send to me six newspapers of six different weeks. I will accept all postal charges.

he following are the questions I wished answered.

1. What, in short, are the four plans offered by the south today?
2. What are the attitudes of the people both Negro and White?
3. Are the Negros in favor of segreation or do they favor intergration?
4. Would the Negro be satisfied with equal education, religios training, and living conditions?
5. Are the political and non political people agreed upon these plans? Please explain our answer.
6. Does the Negro realize the heartach he will suffer th through non reconition of the White?

In answering these questions you have helped me a great deal for which I would like to thank you in advance.

Most sincerely yours,
Alice N Fenimore
(Miss) Alice N. Fenimore

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

May 3, 1956

Mr. Willis Mack Fitzpatrick, Jr.
1075 Third Street
Salem, Oregon

Dear Mr. Fitzpatrick:

Ralph McGill sent me over your letter just today. I note, as McGill has noted, that you needed the information by April 25th. I have college young'uns myself and I know that nothing is deader than a theme turned in.

Howsomever, I am a plodder and I tread out an answer:

(1) Read the book I am mailing called The Strange Career of Jim Crow.

(2) See pages 12 and 13 of Changing Patterns.

(3) Roughly two million whites, one million Negros.

(4) Hatred is rare, disregard is common.

(5) Immense.

(6) Everybody. Mostly prosperity.

(7) Dig up in your library recent issues of the Journal of Negro Education published at Howard University, Washington, D. C.

(8) Of course the white people pay a majority of the taxes. But Negro people pay heavily in the sales taxes and as a concealed item in their rents.

(9) An education -- no. The best available education -- assuredly yes.

(10) A good many church publications have been decent. Our Southern Regional Council maggie called New South tells the truth.

If you can, you should send us about $1.00 for the publications and the postage.

My apologies for having been so slow, but not my fault.

Sincerely,

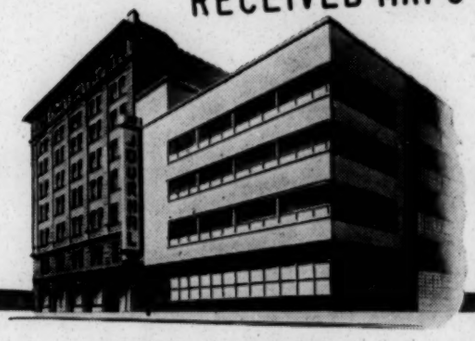
George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Under Separate Cover:
The Strange Career of Jim Crow
Changing Patterns in the New South
New South, Sept. thru Nov. '55
Jan., Feb., & Apr. '56

cc: RHA

RECEIVED MAY 3 1956

The Atlanta Journal
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION
PUBLISHED BY
ATLANTA NEWSPAPERS, INC.
BOX 4689



RALPH McGILL
Editor, Atlanta Constitution

ATLANTA 2, GEORGIA

May 1, 1956

Dear George:

I simply haven't the time to answer all these questions, each one of which would require several hundred words. Do you know if you have two or three pamphlets which would, in general, cover these queries?

Cordially,

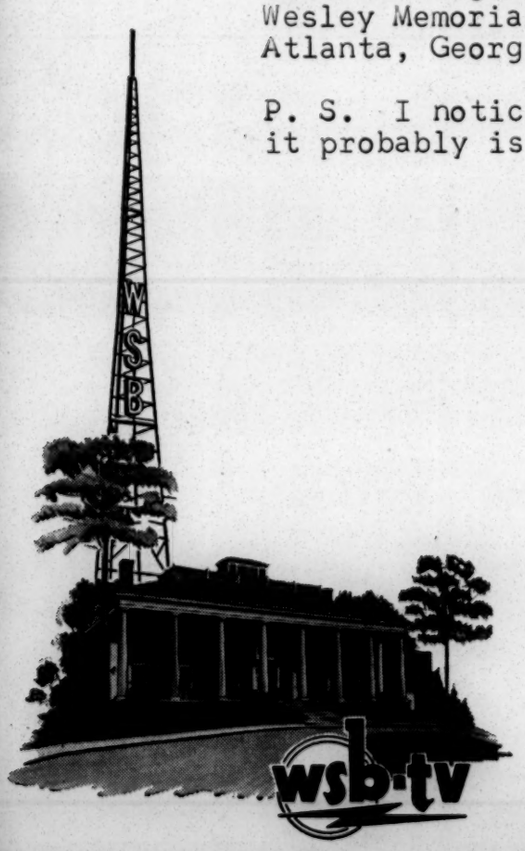
Ralph McGill

Ralph McGill

RM:gl

Dr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Building
Atlanta, Georgia

P. S. I notice he mentions the 25th is the due date; so it probably is too late any way.



1075 3rd. St.
Salem, Oregon
April 6, 1956

Ralph McGill, Editor
Constitution
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

As a student at Oregon College of Education, in Monmouth, Oregon, Ibecame imterested in the plight of the white southerner in the desegregation movement. Consequently, I resolved to wrete a term paper, in English Composition, that would bring to light some of the views of the people in the south.

In writing such a paper I have found it extremely difficult to obtain any reference material that is southern in sentiment.

If you know of, or ould supply any material that would answer some of the following questions, I would greatly appreciate your sending this to me in the self addressed envelope that is enclosed.

(1) Why did segregation start and what were the re sons for it? (economic and moral.)
(2) Do you know of any "Jim Crow" practices, in voting, that could be considered unfair to the colored race, in your state?
(3) How does the population compare, white to colored, in your state?
(4) Does the average southerner hate the negro and disregard his nee ds?
(5) What has been the educational developement of the megro to this period?
(6) Who, or what organization was responsible for it?
(7) How does the amount of money payed to white schools compare to that payed to colored schools?
(8) What race pays the majority of the taxes that are distributed to education?
(9) Has there been any cases of a negro being deprived of an education because of insufficient facilities?
(10) Are there any articles, from the south, upholding the Supreme Courts decision on segregation?

Your sending me this material promptly will be very greatly appreciated, as this assignment is due on the 25th. of April, 1956.

Very truly yours,

Willis M. Fitzpatrick Jr.

Willis Mack Fitzpatrick Jr.

MEMORANDUM

July 16, 1956

TO: GBM

FROM: HCF

RE: Attached letter from Charles E. Higbie

We have little in print that deals directly with press handling of civil rights. Race in the News comes readily to mind but it is way out of date.

We have followed newspaper practices in a general way, of course, and we have several thousand clippings which could be used in evaluating such reporting. The Southern Education Reporting Service has some thousands more.

As they proceed with the study, perhaps we could help by setting down our own observations.

If you want me to write him about this when I'm back in the office, I will.

HCF:mbo

New South, October, 1954 (Menefee)
" " March through September, 1956
Changing Patterns
Three Views of the SEgregation Decision
Next Steps in the South

Dupo

October 9, 1956

Robert L. Barrus
Route Two
Burnsville, North Carolina

Dear Robert Barrus:

I send you the article that resulted from Menefee's tour. Menefee is an awfully good guy. Teaches now at Berea -- as he did then; but since then he is be-Doctored.

He found four, five, or six, counties in the Appalachian area with school superintendents who watered at the mouth to desegregate. I am careful not to know which particular counties they were. But each of these men said that the maintenance of a separate Negro school was costing them ten or fifteen thousand dollars a year which the county could ill afford.

Four or five years ago I caused a young history graduate student at Emory to read all the books about the agitated 1850s in the Appalachian area. I wanted to see if as the controversy grew the mountainy people saw themselves consciously in a role as protectors of freedom. When the boy got through we discussed it. Query: "Did you find anywhere the note of human brotherhood?" Answer: "Nowhere." Query: "What note was struck?" Answer: "The right to do what we think best." Now that you can build on. This or that Southern governor may be foaming: I think cool-headed hill dwelling people will find some polite phrase for telling Excellency to go chase himself.

Study the map I send along in the book with the blue streak across it. Then you will see what can happen. Other pamphlets helpful. Hope you read 'em!

Do hook up with Harry Jones and the North Carolina Council on Human Relations.

You must also find a way to keep step most closely with what John Alexander is doing for the AFSC at their Greensboro office. I assume you know; if you don't holler for him pronto.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Publications under separate cover.

Route Two
Burnsville, North Carolina
October 5, 1956

Mr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

RECEIVED OCT 8 1956

Dear George Mitchell:

A number of us in this community are interested in doing what we can to assist any movement toward improved race relations, particularly in regard to school integration. We see little inclination toward making progress, on the part of school administrators but we have an idea that there may be some prospects for change. I have been intouch with the N.C. Council on Human Relations and intend to become a member soon. I am writing now to you for some specific information.

A couple of years ago I believe that Robert Menefee made a tour of this section investigating prospects for integration. Is there anything in his findings that could be shared with us? When I speak collectively I am referring to our Friends Meeting (Celo). The Meeting has asked me to gather what information I can.

You might suggest that we approach directly those persons with responsibilty for our school system. There has been some such discussion but we cannot go far at this point since as newcomers in this area where new ideas are slow to take hold we tend to be somewhat suspect, even on matters much less controversial than race relations. There are many concerned citizens of our acquaintance, however, who are looking in the same direction that we are. Perhaps, if we were aware of all the facts that may be had we could lend more encouragement to any movements for progress. There is even the possibility that our county teachers' association (I am an elementary teacher) may be ready to take some action. At least there are a number of teachers who have been quite outspoken.

We will be glad for anything you can tell us. Would you please send some material about the Council and any of its recent activity. Our Meeting became interested in it when the Friends Journal carried an articile mentioning the Council as one of the agencies receiving funds from the Fund for the Republic.

Sincerely Yours,

Bob Barrus

Robert L. Barrus

December 14, 1956

Mrs. Charlotte R. French
150 Fifth Avenue
New York 11, New York

Dear Mrs. French:

Your order of 300 copies of the special report on "Pro-Segregation Groups In the South" has been received, and this is to advise you that this order is forthcoming and should be in your hands in plenty of time.

I hope you will have a wonderful Christmas for you so deserve it.

With deepest appreciation for what you have meant to me through the years, I remain

Yours sincerely,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

MET:fc

our Mon...

We have very little fre...
organization, but most of our publi...
near-cost .

If you are interested in any of the publications or any ad...
information, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

Director of Information

Director of Information

JC:cj

enclosures:

March 22, 1957

Miss Virginia Hardwick, Secretary,
Sub-Committee on Integration Education
Knoxville College
Knoxville, Tennessee

Dear Miss Hardwick:

Thank you very much for your letter of March 15, 1957 concerning publications by the Southern Regional Council. Enclosed is an information brochure concerning the Council and a sheet describing some of our recent publications and a sample copy of our Monthly Publication, NEW SOUTH.

We have very little free material since we are a non-profit organization, but most of our publications are distributed at or near-cost .

If you are interested in any of the publications or any additional information, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

enclosures:

RECEIVED MAR 2 1 1957

Knoxville College
Knoxville, Tennessee
March 15, 1957

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Exec. Dir.
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E. Rm. 452
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

We understand that your organization is one which is greatly interested in the improvement of human relations. We are assuming, therefore, that you have published articles on the subject of integration. We would like for you to send us the titles and the price list of any recent articles which you have published. We would also appreciate any free literature which you distribute.

We are planning to distribute this material to our students as a part of our educational program.

Sincerely yours,
Sub-Committee on Integration Ed.
(Miss) Virginia Hardwick
Virginia Hardwick, Secretary

WOMAN'S DIVISION OF CHRISTIAN SERVICE
OF THE
BOARD OF MISSIONS OF THE METHODIST CHURCH

150 FIFTH AVENUE April 25, 1957 NEW YORK 11, N. Y.

DEPARTMENT OF CHRISTIAN SOCIAL RELATIONS

CHAIRMAN
MRS. A. R. HENRY
608 WILSON AVENUE
MENOMONIE, WIS.

STAFF
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
THELMA STEVENS

ASSOCIATE SECRETARIES
MRS. CLIFFORD A. BENDER
ETHEL L. WATKINS

CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES:
MRS. J. RUSSELL HENDERSON
110 N. CEDAR STREET,
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

MRS. RALPH T. WILSON
ROUTE 3,
LAURENS, S. C.

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Thanks so much for the additional packets which came to my office recently. I shall make good use of them. Please send along the bill when it is available.

With every good wish, I am

Sincerely yours,

Thelma Stevens

Thelma Stevens

TS:vp

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN

General Brotherhood Board

Norman J. Baugher • General Secretary

BRETHREN SERVICE COMMISSION
W. Harold Row, Executive Secretary
22 South State Street, Elgin, Illinois, SH 2-2434

Inger

May 13, 1957

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Friends:

We understand that you have available an excellent packet of materials on race relations in the South. We would like to have a copy of this packet. Could you send us one and also an invoice regarding its cost?

Sincerely yours,

Ralph E. Smeltzer

Ralph E. Smeltzer
Director
Social Education

RES/eh

SOCIAL EDUCATION
Ralph E. Smeltzer, Director
Dan West, Leadership Training

Hazel Peters, Administrative Assistant

SOCIAL ACTION
Ora Huston, Director

RELIEF AND REHABILITATION
W. Harold Row, Director

May 15, 1957

Mr. Ralph E. Smeltzer, Director,
Social Education,
General Brotherhood Board
22 South State Street
Elgin, Illinois

Dear Mr. Smeltzer:

Thank you for yourorder of May 13, 1957. We are mailing you under separate cover the packet of materials you requested. Enclosed is a copy of the invoice and a list of the price of each individual item. This material can be ordered as a packet or separately.

The New South contained in the packet is the latest issue and unless otherwise specified, would be the current issue each time a request is filled. The mimeographed material is revised from time to time and so is usually current at the time it is mailed.

Also, included is an informational pamphlet concerning the Southern Regional Council which may be of interest to you.

Again, thank you for your interest.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

enclosures:

Separate cover:

pamphlet~~s~~ : Toward the South of the Future/SRC

Phi Beta Sigma Fraternity, Inc.

National President, Att'y. Hutson L. Lovell
240 Broadway, New York 7, New York

First National Vice-President, Roswell O'Neil Sutton
212 Auburn Avenue N. E., Atlanta 3, Georgia

Second National Vice-President, Ezekiel Bell
5757 University Avenue, Chicago 37, Illinois

National Executive Secretary, William E. Doar, Jr.
1105 Prospect Place, Brooklyn 13, New York

National Treasurer, R. A. Hester
2526½ Elm Street, Dallas, Texas

National Director of Bigger & Better Business,
Dr. Robert J. Hill, 1426 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Baltimore, Maryland

Office of
ATT'Y. ROBERT L. WILLIAMS
National Director of Social Action
Box 213, Florida A & M University
Tallahassee, Florida

National Commercial Counsellor, James A. Jackson
312 Manhattan Avenue, New York 26, New York

Editor of THE CRESCENT, Dr. William H. Pipes
805 Cherry Lane, Michigan State Univesity,
East Lansing, Michigan

National Director of Education, Charles E. Trout
Box 607, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

National Director of Social Action,
Att'y. Robert L. Williams
Box 213, Florida A & M University,
Tallahassee, Florida

National Historian, Dr. W. Sherman Savage
Lincoln University, Jefferson City, Missouri

National Director of Publicity, J. Benjamin Horton, Jr.
3617 West Kentucky, Louisville 11, Kentucky

April 9, 1958

Mr. John Constable, Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georga

Dear Sir:

This is to thank you for your kindness in sending to our Dallas Conclave, fifty copies of "Public Ethics and the Integration Question." The material was enlightning and informational.

Yours very truly,

Robert L. Williams
National Social Action Director

RLW/keg

"Culture for Service and Service for Humanity"

File Information Requests

August 1, 1962

Mr. Frank J. Donner
Donner, Perlin & Piel
342 Madison Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Mr. Donner:

In reply to your letter of July 30 we do have material collected over the years that we believe would be of interest to you. We would be glad to make it available to your assistant at any time he could come to Atlanta. If you would let me know a few days ahead of his visit, we would endeavor to have it in convenient form. We shall also, of course, be glad to discuss any questions he may have while here.

Although I think we probably have enough stuff to make the trip worthwhile, I don't want you to think that we have anything like an exhaustive collection. In fact, the local office of the Anti-Defamation League keeps closer tabls on the right-wing groups and more complete files than we do. To what degree this office shares its materials with the New York office of ADL, I don't know. At any rate, I think your assistant, when he comes to Atlanta, would want to spend time at the ADL office and perhaps also at the American Jewish Committee in Atlanta.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

DONNER PERLIN & PIEL

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

342 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

FRANK J. DONNER
MARSHALL PERLIN
ELEANOR JACKSON PIEL
SANFORD M. KATZ

MURRAY HILL 2-8288

CABLE: DONKIPP

July 30, 1962

Mr. Leslie Dunbar, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
10 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I am writing you for help in connection with two projects in which I am currently engaged:

1. I am completing a book on the Ultra Right in the United States and (2) I am making a collection of documents on the Ultra Right on behalf of the Princeton University library for use by scholars of this phenomenon.

While my research has broadly covered most of the United States, I have very little material or information about right wing groups in the South and the role of such groups in the present race controversies in the South.

I have been told that the Southern Regional Council does have files dealing with this subject. I am most anxious to inspect such material and if possible make copies for my Princton project.

Could you please tell me whether such material would be accessible and when it would be convenient to inspect it? I have an assistant whom I could send to Atlanta for this purpose.

Sincerely yours

Frank J. Donner

Frank J. Donner

FJD:d

Present staff list sent them 1-16-56, with Anna Holden's new address.

GOVERNMENTAL RESEARCH ASSOCIATION, INC.

RHINELANDER 4-5790

684 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK 21, N. Y.

GRA

RECEIVED FEB 9 1956

February 6, 1956

MEMO RE LISTING 1956-57 GRA DIRECTORY

The 1956-57 edition of the GRA Directory of Organizations and Individuals Professionally Engaged in Governmental Research and Related Activities is scheduled for release in May 1956.

On the enclosed card is the information on your organization which appeared in the 1954-55 edition of the Directory. Please check the entries, make appropriate changes, and return the card to GRA as soon as possible.

We particularly desire to include in our new volume all of your organization's executive and research personnel. Should the enclosed entries contain the name of a person who is no longer connected with your organization, please let us have his new address.

In order to make for a more useful volume, if there are governmental research or related agencies in your area not included in the 1954-55 Directory, please send us their names and addresses in order that we may invite them to participate in this project.

Your prompt co-operation in replying to this initial request will be greatly appreciated.

Elsie V. Haas
Secretary

Enclosure

BASIC INFORMATION ON ORGANIZATIONS CONCERNING SEGREGATION

Date: February 8, 1956

NAME OF ORGANIZATION: Southern Regional Council, Inc.

ADDRESS: 63 Auburn Ave., N.E. Atlanta 3, Georgia

RANKING OFFICER: Marion A. Wright, President, Top Knot, Linville Falls, N.C.
(name) (title)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: George S. Mitchell Executive Director
(name) (title)

1. Number of Individual members: 80 Board Members Annual dues: None

2. Number of organization members: 12 Affiliates Annual dues: None

3. Number of States in which members reside: 13

4. Number of Counties in which members reside: ___ Total counties in State: ___
(Answer only if Members reside in one State)

5. Stand on Segregation: Favor Segregation of races: ___
Racial Public Services
Favor/Integration of races: xxxx

6. Purpose of Organization: To attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

7. Past Activities of Organization: (List meeting, publications, rallies, etc.)
See grey leaflet herewith

8. Activities Planned for Future: We are attempting to establish in each of twelve Southern States state-wide voluntary human relations agencies to assist the transition to fuller democracy in the South.

9. Other Officers and influential members of organization:

a) Gordon B. Hancock, Vice-President, P.O. Box 6056, Richmond, Virginia
(name) (title or identification)

b) Albert W. Dent, Vice-President, Dillard University, New Orleans 22, La.

c) Carter Wesley, Vice-President, Box 3086, Houston, Texas

d) Leonard Haas, Counsel, Suite 601, Haas-Howell Building, Atlanta, Georgia

10. Other organizations affiliated or working with your group: None

a) ___

b) ___

___ Executive Director
(Signature) (Title)

Files

STerling 3-8060

CQ WEEKLY REPORT
AND ANNUAL ALMANAC

Congressional Quarterly News Features

1156 Nineteenth Street, N. W. Washington 6, D. C.

THE AUTHORITY ON CONGRESS

RECEIVED FEB 2 1956

January 30, 1956

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am writing to enlist your cooperation with Congressional Quarterly News Features in placing before the public accurate information concerning organizations participating actively in the solution of the problem of segregation of races in the United States.

To assure accuracy Congressional Quarterly is writing directly to organizations interested in the segregation problem. For your convenience CQ has devised a short form designed to provide parallel information for each participating group. We hope you will use the enclosed envelope for returning the information to CQ. We would welcome any additional material explaining your activities or objectives.

Congressional Quarterly is the authoritative reporting service on the Congress of the United States. Since 1945, CQ has served as a link between the local newspaper and the Nation's Capital, reporting the facts accurately and concisely. CQ's clients -- over 200 newspapers and over 600 national organizations of all shades of opinion -- testify to the unbiased nature of our reports.

We are attempting to include as many groups as possible in our project and would endeavor to contact any other groups working on segregation for which you could supply addresses.

In mailing materials you might publish later, if you add: Attn: Dept. O to the above address, your materials will go directly to the editor responsible for handling news concerning your organization.

Sincerely yours,

Thomas N. Schroth

Thomas N. Schroth
Executive Editor

Enclosures

Inf. See

April 24, 1956

Mr. Henry M. Bain, Jr.
4117 Leland Street
Chevy Chase 15, Maryland

Dear Mr. Bain:

Thank you for your letter of April 19 reminding me of my promise to send you material describing the program of the Southern Regional Council. The reason for my delay in doing so was that I lost your address and had no idea on my return to Atlanta who had requested the material.

I am turning your request over to our Assistant Director for Information who will send you a detailed statement on the history of the Southern Regional Council and something about its current program and twelve State-affiliated organizations.

I am also sending you under separate cover some of our publications for your consideration and for any files you may be building. Sorry about the delay and I trust this will help you in the study in which you are assisting Prof. Harold Laswell for the Robert Marshall Civil Liberties Trust.

Sincerely yours,

Frederick B. Routh
Assistant Director

FBR:mef

USC
What Kind of South Do You Want?
Publications list, Southern Regional Council
Wanted: The South's Future for the Nation
What The Supreme Court Said...
Race and Law Enforcement
The Schools and the Courts
Changing Patterns in the New South
New South, August, 1954; Jan., Feb., March., April, 1956

HCF

HENRY M. BAIN, JR.
RESEARCH IN ADMINISTRATION AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS
4117 LELAND STREET
CHEVY CHASE 15, MARYLAND

OLIVER 4-6453

April 19, 1956

Dr. Frederick B. Routh
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Routh:

May I remind you of your promise to send me some material describing the program of the Southern Regional Council? I am sure it would be very useful in the study with which I am assisting Professor Harold Lasswell for the Robert Marshall Civil Liberties Trust.

Sincerely yours,

Henry M Bain Jr

May 3, 1956

Mr. Thomas J. Clagett
Yale Divinity School
409 Prospect Street
New Haven 11, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Clagett:

Sam Slie and I are good friends.

I mail you up separately Changing Patterns in the New South. Answers for Action is a peach of a pamphlet, but miserably it is plumb out of print and I have not even got file copies I can send you. I expect you could turn up one somewhere around your library.

The answer to the man Cook is sent with the pamphlet.

We have not been much bothered with communists over the years because communists didn't like us because we are practical rather than doctrinaire. I can only recall out of my own knowledge two persons who were probably communists who ever were members of the Southern Regional Council, and after a year or two each of them quit paying dues and that was the end of it. Most of our people are pretty good at knowing who is a communist and who is not, and a reasonable care has been pervasively exercised not to put people who don't agree with us into positions of responsibility in SHC. I can only think of one, or at the farthest stretch two, persons who have ever been on our Board who have at the time or even subsequently shown suspicionable left-wing leanings.

As for what self-styled superpatriots may rake up out of the House UnAmerican Committee's raw files -- fudge!

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Under separate cover:
Changing Patterns in the New South
"The Attack on Free Opinion"

Yale Divinity School
409 Prospect Street
New Haven 11, Conn.
April 30, 1956

Dr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue NE
Atlanta, Georgia

RECEIVED MAY 2 1956

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Rev. Samuel Slie of the New England Student Christian Movement suggested that I write you for information on the Southern Regional Council, and also for two pamphlets: Answers for Action--Schools in the South, and Changing Patterns in the New South. I am working with students in this area and plan to use the material in program groups studying needs of persons in the South and parallel needs in the North (in the area of racial concern).

In a seminar at Yale Divinity School, on Christianity and Communism, I am seeking enlightenment on the experience of reformist groups in working with Communist and Communist-tinctured individuals and groups within and outside these organizations. Can you work with such? Within what framework and limitations? How and with what expectancies? And what critical reply do you make to attacks made upon you in these respects? I now have on my desk, for example, a statement on the Southern Regional Council, made by the Attorney General of Georgia. In addition to whatever literature you can send, I should appreciate some relatively concise distillation of what you would reply in these matters to the members of this seminar as we seek a critically objective perspective.

Very sincerely yours,

Thomas J. Clagett

Thomas J. Clagett

May 7, 1956

Occupant
528 William Street
Macon, Georgia

Dear Sir:

In answer to your letter of May 4, 1956, please write to us again and tell us just which publication or book you are interested in. Enclosed is a publications list.

Incidentally in your letter we would appreciate a signature. You neglected signing your previous letter.

We will be glad to send you any publication listed in the enclosed folders.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Information Service

JC:e
encs.

Rec'd 5/5/56

528 William St.
Macon, Ga.
May 4, 1956

Dear Sir:
I am writing you to ask you to send me one are your Negro Literature Book. please send as early as possible.

Info - see
~~[illegible]~~

May 22, 1956

Mr. R. C. Boyce
Guilford Building, Inc.
Greensboro, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Boyce:

Nice to have your letter.

The grey leaflet called "Southern Regional Council" gives many facts in short space. The red and grey one called Changing Patterns excerpts the best of what we have printed in the last seven or eight years. And the last three or four copies of New South give current views.

We have a North Carolina affiliate called the North Carolina Council on Human Relations. Harry Jones is the Director at 121 East Third Street, Room 209, Charlotte.

Tartt Bell in your city knows us well, and many other Greensboro people.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Under separate cover:
Grey Leaflet
Changing Patterns in the New South
New South, March through May, '56

GUILFORD BUILDING, INC.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

JULIAN JOHNSTON
BUILDING MANAGER

May 16, 1956

RECEIVED MAY 18 1956

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am interested in learning more about the work which has been and is being done by your organization in the promotion of the betterment of racial understanding. I would appreciate your sending me any brochures or information which you might have concerning your program.

Yours truly,

R. C. Boyce

R. C. Boyce

bp

Letter of Inc
Info

June 26, 1956

Mr. Amos T. Hall
108 Greenwood Street
Tulsa, Oklahoma

Dear Mr. Hall:

Had a nice letter from Mr. Christopher C. Mercer, Jr., from Little Rock. He said you were interested in the possibility of getting an Oklahoma Council on Human Relations going.

I can put in a little history that will help make the picture clear. Our Southern Regional Council has always thought of Oklahoma as one of the Southern states. You will see that we include it in our map of the Southern region. Dr. Howard W. Odum's book from the University of North Carolina years ago so included Oklahoma.

When the Southern Regional Council was formed in 1944 (on the base of the old Commission on Interracial Cooperation) we expected to build some membership in Oklahoma. As the years rolled by, we turned up with a total of nine members. Dr. O. D. Duncan of Stillwater was on our board for nearly all the period from 1944-45. Pretty often he came to the board meetings.

When in 1954 we asked for and succeeded in getting a goodly sum from the Fund for the Republic toward establishing human relations councils in the South, we received enough money to do it in twelve states only, not in thirteen. And the one we left off was Oklahoma. We suppose that you people are far enough along to work the matter out yourselves without subsidy.

The offer we made to the other states is enough money to enable them to pay one or one and a half or two full-time professional staff persons, plus a clerk, for most of three years. Thereafter they have to stand on their own. I send a copy of our original Memorandum #1, which outlines this arrangement.

The other twelve states now have such an organization. Here is a list of them.

I would say six or seven of them are doing admirably, and four or five of them are limping.

At the present time Jimmy Stewart in Oklahoma City is our board member for Oklahoma.

I have been out to Oklahoma City once or twice, and have the acquaintance of a good many people whom you will know there. I remember that Mr. J. B. Blayton of this city has a brother-in-law who lives in Oklahoma City.

We could advise you and travel out to help you get started and come back once or twice for nursing visits. But we have got all we can do to stagger under the load of this other twelve, and there isn't any money that we could devote to subsidizing Oklahoma. I still think Oklahoma can put together a staff and office on its own.

And I warmly urge that Oklahoma do so.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encls - Memo #1
List of Affiliated Organizations

cc: Mr. Christopher C. Mercer
FBR

*We all along expected not to help Oklahoma. I don't wish to blame the Fund for the Republic for what was SRC's decision & request.

September 18, 1956

Dr. Philip G. Davidson, President
University of Louisville
Louisville, Kentucky

Dear Dr. Davidson:

Professor C. H. Parrish suggested that we send you the enclosed information in reference to the Southern Regional Council.

We are happy to take this means of getting you further acquainted with the activities of the Council.

Sincerely yours,

G. S. Alexander,
Administrative Assistant

GSA:fc
Encl:
1. List of Present Board Members
2. List of Board Members 1944-April 1956.

cc: Dr. C. H. Parrish
University of Louisville
Louisville, Kentucky

Under separate cover:

Toward the South of the Future
NCCHR brochure
New South, March thru Sept. '56
SRC - Brief Account of its Origins & Aims

October 11, 1956

Mr. William Beekman Huger
Nine Cedarcliff Road
Asheville, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Huger:

I send a background document on the origins of the Southern Regional Council, and a simple leaflet which gives something on objectives and the leading officers.

Marion A. Wright is at no great remove, at Linville Falls. He withdrew from a law practice in Conway, S. C. some years ago, and lives on a mountaintop. One other Vice-President should be listed, Paul D. Williams of Richmond, Va. Paul Williams is Vice-President of a publishing firm, and is a leading Southern Catholic layman.

Gordon Hancock taught Economics at Virginia Union University for many years, and was and is also a Baptist minister. Carter Wesley runs a string of Negro newspapers in Texas. Mr. Dent is President of Dillard University. Mr. Clement is President of Atlanta University. Mr. Haas is a lawyer in private practice. I am sometime of Richmond.

I send also some recent issues of our magazine, New South, from which you can gather our stand on current matters.

The Council has as proper members only the seventy-five or so persons who are members of its Board of Directors. The Council itself assists in each of a dozen Southern states an organization working at improving race relations, called in many cases the Alabama Council on Human Relations, or the South Carolina one, etc. In North Carolina we help the North Carolina Council on Human Relations, of which Mr. Harry Jones, at 121 East Third Street, Room 209, Charlotte, is Executive Director. I hope you will be in touch with Harry Jones, and if you like what the North Carolina Council on Human Relations does, join in with them. Here's a leaflet from them.

We greatly value the support of the National Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

9 Cedarcliff Rd.
Asheville, NC

RECEIVED OCT 10 1956

Southern Regional Council Inc
Wesley Memorial Bldg.
Atlanta,Ga.

Gentlemen,

Your organization has come to my attention thru some literature of the Episcopal Church from which I gathered that they are giving you moral and perhaps financial support.I would be grateful if you would be good enough to send me some of your Literature setting forth objectives, back ground accomplishments and what you require for membership. I would like to know the names of your officers and some of your supporters.

I Thank you.

Wm Beekman Huger

Wm.Beekman Huger

October 17, 1956

Mr. J. Q. Mahaffey, Editor
The Texarkana Gazette
315-317 Pine Street
Texarkana, U. S. A.

Dear Mr. Mahaffey:

I learn from Paul Simmons of AP here that you would like information about the Southern Regional Council.

To supplement what Paul will be writing you, I'm enclosing several items on the Council's background and activities.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director, Information

RECEIVED OCT 13 1956

Hof- for your info

October 11, 1956

Mr. J. Q. Mahaffey, Editor,
Texarkana Gazette
Texarkana, USA

Dear Mr. Mahaffey:

I have your letter of October 4th inquiring as to the ratio composition of Southern Regional Council in order that you may be assisted in evaluating New South. This arouses my curiosity. I should like very much to know if the value which you attach to New South is based entirely upon its merits as a publication, or if your evaluation is somewhat associated with the color of the skins which house the brains which produce the contents of New South.

I had always been under the impression the reputation of a publication depended somehow upon its excellence. We are quite content to be judged by that standard.

Yours very truly,

M. A. Wright

MAW:ejg

Texarkana Gazette
TEXARKANA DAILY NEWS
MORNING EVENING SUNDAY
Associated Press and United Press Leased Wires
RADIO STATION KCMC

CLYDE E. PALMER
PRESIDENT AND PUBLISHER
J. Q. MAHAFFEY
EDITOR
PAUL T. MORGAN
BUSINESS MANAGER
TEXARKANA NEWSPAPERS, INC
KCMC. INC.

Two Good Newspapers in a Good Territory

315-317 PINE STREET
TEXARKANA, U. S. A.

October 4, 1956

Mr. Marion A. Wright, President
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Wright:

For some time we have been receiving the magazine "New South", the masthead of which says that it is published by the Southern Regional Council.

We would like to know if the Southern Regional Council is made up of white persons or Negroes or both. This information will assist us in evaluating your magazine.

Very truly yours,

J. Q. Mahaffey

J. Q. MAHAFFEY

JQM:dh

RECEIVED JAN 31 1957

JEFFERSON CITY, TENN
JAN 30
8 - AM
1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Director of Information,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

JC - please handle.
HCF

CARSON-NEWMAN COLLEGE
JEFFERSON CITY · TENNESSEE

January 28, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Director of Information,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Fleming:

In my sociology class, ethnic groups 434, I have been assigned the task of reviewing the Southern Regional Council before the class.

In order that I might have the proper information would you be so kind as to send me any information concerning the history, organization, purpose and accomplishments of the Southern Regional Couuncil and any other information that you think would be helpful. I am to make the report Feburary 14th, so if you will be so kind as to send it as soon as possible I certainly would appreciate it.

Thanking you again for your trouble.

Sincerely yours,

Richard Plyler

Richard Plyler, Pres.,
Columbian Literary Society.

Box 465
Carson-Newman College
Jefferson City, Tenn.

February 5, 1957

Mr. Richard Plyler
Carson-Newman College
Jefferson City, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Plyler:

We have mailed you, under separate cover, some material concerning the Southern Regional Council. If we can be of any additional help, please do not hesitate to write us.

Sincerely,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:fc

April 4, 1957

Mr. Charles J. Mumford, Dir.,
Department of Political Science,
Southern Maryland Free State Library Association
P. O. Box 1493
Annapolis, Maryland

Dear Mr. Mumford:

In answer to your letter concerning material from the Southern Regional Council, enclosed is a list of our Board of Directors and the latest two (2) copies of our Monthly Publication, NEW SOUTH.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

enclosures:

JC - What do we know about this? HCT

SOUTHERN MARYLAND FREE STATE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

— In the heart of old historical Annapolis —

P. O. Box 1493
ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

- HISTORICAL SECTION
- CIVIL LIBERTIES SECTION
- CURRENT AFFAIRS SECTION

CHARLES J. MUMFORD, DIRECTOR

March 19, 1957

RECEIVED MAR 22 1957

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

In order to bring our records up-to-date, please kindly send our Civil Liberties Section your recent releases and a list reflecting current members of your Board of Directors and National Committee.

Thank you very much.

Gratefully,

Charles J. Mumford

CHARLES J. MUMFORD, Director
Department of Political Science

CJM/kgk

"Educate and inform the whole mass of the people. They are the only sure reliance for the preservation of our liberty."
—Thomas Jefferson

Dupmailing

April 10, 1957

Miss Patricia Ann Stodghill
c/o Burton, Route 9, Box 809-C
Tucson, Arizona

Dear Miss Stodghill:

Thank you for your Post Card of April 4th requesting information concerning our Organization. We are sending you, under separate cover, some informational material about our Organization; a sample copy of our monthly publication, NEW SOUTH and some information concerning some of our latest publications.

The Council does not have memberships as such, but many people in the South are members of our State affiliates which are described in the information we are sending to you. As you will note, we do not have an affiliate in Arizona. However, persons outside of the South, may subscribe to our publication and can participate in our work through contributions.

Again, we very much appreciate your very kind interest and if we can be of additional help, please write to us.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

separate cover:

Pamphlet - Jobs

April 4, 1957

Dear Sirs,

Please send me any printed data pertinent to your organization's work and membership application. I would also appreciate latest issue of "The New South". Thank you.

Patricia Ann Stodghill
c/o Burton, Rt. 9, Box 809-C
Tucson, Ariz.

September 9, 1957

Mr. Robert Horwitz
Assistant Professor of Political Science
Michigan State University
East Lansing, Michigan

Dear Mr. Horwitz:

We are enclosing the carbon copy of the revised write-up on our organization for the Supplement to CIVIC EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

We sincerely hope this copy is not too late for publication and please excuse the delay.

Sincerely,

(Miss) L. E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director
of Information

lec

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY

OF AGRICULTURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE • EAST LANSING

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

August 26, 1957

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

We are anxiously awaiting the return of the carbon copy of the revised write-up on your organization for the Supplement to CIVIC EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES. Our publication deadline is September 20th, and all approved copy must be in our hands by that date.

Sincerely yours,

Robert Horwitz

Robert Horwitz
Assistant Professor

file

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
East Lansing, Michigan

Department of Political Science

July 25, 1957

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Conference
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Enclosed is the write-up for your organization as it will appear in the Supplement to CIVIC EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES: A DIRECTORY OF ORGANIZATIONS, to be published in January 1958.

Where changes in the material have been quite extensive, the complete section is being reprinted, but some suggested changes we have not deemed consequential enough to warrant the reprinting of substantial portions of the old copy. The necessity of limiting the entire Supplement to no more than 75 pages forces these space restrictions on us. We are sure that you will understand, but if you disagree with our judgment in eliminating certain particular changes, please feel free to discuss the changes with us. The deadline for submission of corrected copy is August ~~15~~ 30.

The Supplement is to be published by Wayne State University Press and it is my understanding that it and remaining copies of the 1954 Directory can be purchased by writing to:

Mr. Harold A. Basilius, Director
Wayne State University Press
Wayne State University
Detroit 2, Michigan

We apprecaite your cooperation in helping us complete this task of revision as quickly and effectively as possible.

Sincerely yours,

Robert Horwitz

Robert Horwitz
Assistant Professor
of Political Science

sl

July 22, 1957

Mr. Robert Horwitz
Assistant Professor of Political Science
Michigan State University
East Lansing, Michigan

Dear Mr. Horwitz:

Your letter to Dr. George S. Mitchell of July 16, has been referred to me. Enclosed is a copy of the information you would like included in CIVIL EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES: A DIRECTORY OF ORGANIZATIONS.

Thank you for your interest.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC. (1944); Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta 3, Georgia; Marion A. Wright, president; Harold C. Fleming, executive director.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: 80 directors including Negro and white educators, religious leaders, businessmen, and civic leaders. No general membership.

FINANCIAL SUPPORT: Contributions from foundations, church bodies, labor and business organizations, and individuals; proceeds from sale of publications.

PERSONNEL: 13 at headquarters.

PROGRAM: Works to promote, through research and action programs, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South. Education and action programs are undertaken by individuals and in local groups. The council distributes material to local groups, consults with public and private officials, and serves as a meeting ground for the discussion of interracial problems; works through mass media to counteract appeals to prejudice and violence; provides a program adapted to the particular needs of the South; translates research findings into practical situations and actions; emphasizes the development of young Southern leadership of all races; cooperates with other organizations, including religious groups and state councils on human relations.

PUBLICATIONS: Monthly magazine, NEW SOUTH; pamphlets.

RECEIVED JUL 18 1957

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
East Lansing, Michigan

Department of Political Science

July 16, 1957

RECEIVED JUL 18 1957

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Some months ago we attempted to contact you regarding the adequacy of the write-up on your organization's citizenship education activities, as they were described in the 1954 edition of CIVIC EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES: A DIRECTORY OF ORGANIZATIONS. We have not heard from you in response to our inquiry and are anxious to contact you directly, since the deadline for submission of corrected copy is August 15, and we want to be sure that the write-up on your organization is satisfactory to you.

In the event that you do wish to have us revise the write-up, the following information may be of interest and assistance to you. New or changed information on your organization will be included in the 1958 Supplement to the Directory. This will be a publication of some 75 pages, designed to be used only in conjunction with the 1954 edition of the Directory. Since readers will have an opportunity to read the existing write-up on your organization, we should appreciate only supplemental data designed to either correct information which is out of date, or to describe additions in the work of your program since 1954. We want to keep the material in the Supplement as brief as possible, and would appreciate your cooperation in restricting changes in your write-up to important considerations. However, should your program have undergone such major changes in recent years that the existing write-up is totally inadequate, we should, of course, be glad to consider the inclusion of a completely revised write-up.

The Index of the Supplement will contain page references both to your write-up in the present Directory as well as to the fresh information contained in the Supplement. Since every reader will have both publications at hand, you can be assured that full information on your organization will be available.

For your convenience in checking the adequacy of your organization's present write-up, we are enclosing a copy of it from the 1954 edition of the Directory. If changes are minor you may indicate them by appropriate notations in the margin of the write-up or mounting sheet. If changes

are substantial, e.g., major deletions or additions under the category of PROGRAM or PUBLICATIONS, we should appreciate your typing out the fresh copy in the exact form in which it should appear in print.

You will have a final opportunity to check the proposed copy on your organization before it is submitted to the printer in August but, again, may I suggest that time is short at this point. Hence, we should appreciate your giving this renewed request the promptest possible attention.

The Supplement will be published in January, 1958, by Wayne State University Press. It is our understanding that remaining copies of the 1954 edition of the Directory are being distributed by the same press. Inquiries regarding purchase of either the Directory or the Supplement should not be directed to us, but to

Mr. Harold A. Basilius, Director
Wayne State University Press
Wayne State University
Detroit 2, Michigan

Assuring you of our appreciation for your cooperation in helping us complete this task of revision as quickly and effectively as possible, we are,

Sincerely yours,

Robert Horwitz

Robert Horwitz
Assistant Professor of
Political Science

sl

RECEIVED JUL 18 1957

Southern Regional Council, Inc. (1943); Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E., Atlanta 3, Georgia; Marion A. Wright, president; George S. Mitchell, executive director.

MEMBERSHIP: 3,500 individuals. Agreement with the principles of the council is a membership requirement. Members resident in the South have full voting privileges; those resident outside the South are enrolled as associate (nonvoting) members.

FINANCIAL SUPPORT: Membership fees; contributions from church bodies, foundations, labor and business organizations; proceeds from the sale of publications.

PERSONNEL: 5 at headquarters.

PROGRAM: Works to promote, through research and action programs, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South. Education and action programs are undertaken by individuals and in local groups. The council distributes materials to local groups, consults with public and private officials, and serves as a meeting ground for the discussion of interracial problems; works through mass media to counteract appeals to prejudice and violence; provides a program adapted to the particular needs of the South; translates research findings of universities and other centers into practical situations and actions; emphasizes the development of young southern leadership of all races.

PUBLICATIONS: Periodical, pamphlets.

NOTE: If there are a number of corrections to be made in the above copy, would you be so kind as to type up the material, double-spaced?

RH

October 2, 1957

Miss Janet Edwards
Ellabelle, Georgia

Dear Miss Edwards:

In reply to your letter of September 30, 1957, concerning information, I wonder if you intended your letter to go to the Methodist Church or to our organization.

I am enclosing a brief resume concerning the Council. If you would like information from our organization, please write me in greater detail the type of information in which you are interested.

If you are interested in material concerning Methodist youth, I would suggest you write to Mrs. Phyllis Stough Heybach, at 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

Ellabelle, Georgia
September 30, 1957

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please send me some information on the attitudes of young people. This information will be helpful in our MYF work.

Yours truly,
Janet Edwards

RECEIVED OCT 2 1957

I-5KC

October 2, 1957

Reverend Sigismund A. Laing, Minister
Beth Salem Presbyterian Church
Corner Sixth Street and Fourth Avenue
Columbus, Georgia

Dear Mr. Laing:

Enclosed is informational material concerning the Southern Regional Council and the Georgia Council on Human Relations. For information concerning the League of Women Voters, I suggest you write the League of Women Voters of Georgia, 78 Marietta Street, N. W., Atlanta.

Also enclosed is a copy of our monthly publication NEW SOUTH.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

Beth Salem Presbyterian Church
Corner Sixth Street and Fourth Avenue
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA
SIGISMUND A. LAING, Minister
Residence: 636 Third Avenue
Phone FA 7-1858

RECEIVED OCT 1 1957

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

Please send me information regarding the League of Women Voters, and the Council on Human Rights, or any other literature available on Civil Liberties.

Yours very truly,
Sigismund A. Laing

October 3, 1957

Mr. Norman Hansen
19 Evergreen Avenue
Fords, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Hansen:

Enclosed is some informational material concerning the Southern Regional Council and its work.

It is difficult to fill your order for information in your recent letter without more detailsconcerning the type of material you are interested in.

As the enclosed information indicates, we are a Human Relations Organization, engaged in the work of race relations in the South. We have information concerning the role of persons who are trying to pave the way for peaceful integration. This information is in the form of clippings from newspapers and periodicals. If this is the type of information in which you are interested, we can supply you with brief sketches concerning the roles played by Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr. of Montgomery and Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth of Birmingham, etc.

Please let us know if this is the type of information you desire.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls. Toward The South of the Future
History and Aims of SRC

Gentlemen:-

Could you please send me information on attitudes of the peacemaker - Could you also make me a copy of a test about this topic - My address is:-

Mr. Norman Hansen
19 Evergreen Avenue
Fords, New Jersey

October 11, 1957

Miss Paula Henderson
1500 W. Center
Searcy, Arkansas

Dear Miss Henderson:

In reply to your card of October 10, 1957, concerning information, I wonder if you intended your letter to go to the Methodist Church or to our organization.

I am enclosing a brief resume concerning the Council. If you would like information from our organization, please write me in greater detail the type of information in which you are interested.

If you are interested in material concerning Methodist youth, I would suggest you write to Mrs. Phyllis Stough Heybach, at 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia.

Sincerely,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:fc
Encl.

BEAUTIFUL BULL SHOALS LAKE
IN THE OZARKS

Created by a Mammoth Dam across the White River, Bull Shoals Lake covers an area of 71,240 acres and has a shoreline of 1,056 miles.

Its location in the beautiful Ozarks of Arkansas and Missouri, makes this one of the great recreation areas in the United States.

EKTACHROME BY BROCK

O.9—DISTRIBUTED BY OZARK POST CARD PUBLISHERS, BOX 455, MONETT, MO.

"EKTACHROME" REPRODUCTION FROM KODACHROME OR EKTACHROME ORIGINAL—"EKTACHROME" IS A TRADE MARK OF EASTMAN KODAK CO.

POST CARD

Please send me information on attitudes.

Send to - Paula Henderson
1500 W. Center
Searcy, Arkansas

Sincerely,
Paula Henderson
M.Y.F. Program Chairman

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

February 10, 1958

Miss Helen Thomas
71 Deepwood Drive
Chappaqua, New York

Dear Miss Thomas:

Dr. Mitchell has retired from Southern Regional Council and your letter to him has been referred to me.

Enclosed is an informational folder concerning Southern Regional Council and its views. Two other publications which might help you also are enclosed. These are "Three Views of the Segregation Decisions" and "Next Steps in the South." The cost of these publications is thirty cents, which may be remitted in coins or stamps. Also enclosed is our Publication Listings which may be of additional help to you.

If we can be of further help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls.

71 Deepwood Drive
Chappaqua, New York
February 7, 1958

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

I am writing a term paper on the Southern side of the segregation issue. I would appreciate any information or opinions you might have on the subject.

Thank you.

Sincerely,
Helen Thomas

file

request for Info-file

Box 522
Guilford College
North Carolina
February 26, 1958

Mr. Fred Routh
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Routh:

I appreciate very much your sending me the packet of material for my sociology term paper at the request of my father. The material will be of much help in my work.

Thank you again.

Sincerely,
Martha Mackie

February 19, 1958

Miss Martha Mackie
P.O. Box 353
Guilford College
Guilford College, North Carolina

Dear Martha Mackie:

At the request of your father, Wade Mackie, we are sending you, separately, a packet of materials on the Southern Regional Council.

We understand you are doing a paper for Dr. Gordon Lovejoy. Amohg the materials sent is a thermofax copy of a brief memo we sent Dr. Lovejoy on the contrast between the work in 1936 and in 1957. Since this would now be his frame of reference about our work I assume it would be helpful to you in your paper if you had a copy.

Best regards.

Cordially,

Frederick B. Routh
Assistant Director

FBR:fcl

SOUTHCENTRAL REGIONAL OFFICE

ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE

Of B'nai B'rith

606 COMMON STREET, ROOM 401, NEW ORLEANS 12, LA.

JC - Please handle HCF done - JC. file

RECEIVED JUN 11 1959

SOUTHCENTRAL REGIONAL ADVISORY BOARD

LABEL A. KATZ
Chairman

NEW ORLEANS ADVISORY BOARD

SAMUEL I. ROSENBERG
Chairman

IRWIN SCHULMAN
Regional Director

NATIONAL COMMISSION

HENRY EDWARD SCHULTZ
Chairman

MEIER STEINBRINK
Honorary Chairman

BARNEY BALABAN
A. G. BALLENGER
HERBERT H. LEHMAN
LEON LOWENSTEIN
WILLIAM SACHS
BENJAMIN SAMUELS
MELVIN H. SCHLESINGER
JESSE STEINHART
Honorary Vice-Chairmen

JOSEPH COHEN
JEFFERSON E. PEYSER
MAX J. SCHNEIDER
Vice-Chairmen

BENJAMIN GREENBERG
Treasurer

HERBERT LEVY
Secretary

BENJAMIN R. EPSTEIN
National Director

BERNARD NATH
Chairman, Executive Committee

PAUL H. SAMPLINER
Vice-Chairman, Executive Committee

STAFF DIRECTORS

NATHAN C. BELTH
Press Relations

OSCAR COHEN
Program

ARNOLD FORSTER
Civil Rights

ALEXANDER F. MILLER
Community Service

J. HAROLD SAKS
Administration

LESTER J. WALDMAN
Executive Assistant

June 9, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Periodically I receive publications from the SRC and I want to take this opportunity to thank you and the boys for keeping me informed.

I just received your latest reports Nos. L-1 through L-4. I could use another ten of these if you could spare them, please.

By the way, you have convinced me - I no longer think the Southern Regional Council is communistic.

I hope to get to Atlanta some time this summer and will certainly drop in to see you if I can make it.

Kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Irwin Schulman

IS:mlh

"L" Rpts

June 16, 1959

Mr. James C. Evans
Civilian Assistant
Office of the Assistant Secretary
of Defense
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Evans:

Thank you for your letters just received.

Your good opinion of our recent reports is much appreciated. We have long been convinced that economic self-interest is ultimately going to play an important part in Southern adjustment. The "L" reports are a modest part of the effort to evoke those values. They are being sent to Chamber of Commerce leaders, as well as editors and other opinion-makers in the region. We shall see that you continue to receive these and other materials as they are issued.

You may be interested in the enclosed reports, which has had prominent notice in the press following its public release yesterday.

I, too, was glad our paths crossed at the SSSP meeting and will hope to see you again soon.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. Violence Report

P. S. George Mitchell's address is simply Glencoe, Argyll, Scotland.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

MANPOWER, PERSONNEL AND RESERVE

12 June 1959

RECEIVED JUN 15 1959

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Our congratulations upon the series of occasional reports instituted with Report #L-1, April 27, 1959. I hope we are qualified to receive all the reports in this series as they are issued.

Those concerned with ideologies may decry economic determinism, but no one can deny its existence and its potency. While not overlooking other factors, we consider it highly significant that there is a strong thread of the economic running through these reports. As long as the dollar sign is dominant, such may prevail where appeals centering around human returns go unheeded.

The problem of 'plant location' has been continuously before us since the inception of World War II, as you know. Without denying the claims of many areas, we have always contended for better and better climate for those in uniform sworn to the defense or our country. Much attention has been centered upon location in favorable climates, limited to temperature and humidity, -- whereas we have contended for the totality of climate as bearing upon morale, and including many of the factors outlined in the Reports.

We are confident that all of your work, including this new series of reports, is in the national interest and hope to continue to receive the Reports. We were glad to see you at the Seminar of the Society for the Study of Social Problems, and hope that all continues to go well.

Sincerely yours,

James C. Evans

JAMES C. EVANS
Civilian Assistant

Enclosures

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

MANPOWER, PERSONNEL AND RESERVE

12 June 1959

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Our congratulations upon the series of occasional reports instituted with Report #1-1, April 27, 1959. I hope we are qualified to receive all the reports in this series as they are issued.

Those concerned with ideologies may decry economic determinism, but no one can deny its existence and its potency. While not overlooking other factors, we consider it highly significant that there is a strong thread of the economic running through these reports. As long as the dollar sign is dominant, such may prevail where appeals centering around human returns go unheeded.

The problem of 'plant location' has been continuously before us since the inception of World War II, as you know. Without denying the claims of many areas, we have always contended for better and better climate for those in uniform sworn to the defense or our country. Much attention has been centered upon location in favorable climates, limited to temperature and humidity, -- whereas we have contended for the totality of climate as bearing upon morale, and including many of the factors outlined in the Reports.

We are confident that all of your work, including this new series of reports, is in the national interest and hope to continue to receive the Reports. We were glad to see you at the Seminar of the Society for the Study of Social Problems, and hope that all continues to go well.

Sincerely yours,

JAMES C. EVANS
Civilian Assistant

Enclosures

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

June 24, 1959

Dr. Gordon W. Lovejoy
Assistant Director
National Conference of Christians
and Jews
P. O. Box 8507
Guilford College, North Carolina

Dear Doc:

Harold is away for the week. Therefore, I am responding to your letter of the 18th.

Many thanks for your kind words on the "L" reports. Under separate cover we are sending you 18 copies of L 1-4 at no charge, and more are available if needed.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Administrative Assistant

PA/mf

RECEIVED JUN 22 1959

THE NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF CHRISTIANS & JEWS, INC.

Founded 1928

P. O. BOX 8507, GUILFORD COLLEGE, N. C.

~~PROGRAM DIRECTOR~~
SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION
GORDON W. LOVEJOY

NATIONAL CO-CHAIRMEN
BENJAMIN F. FAIRLESS
JAMES F. TWOHY
ROGER WILLIAMS STRAUS

PRESIDENT
LEWIS WEBSTER JONES

EXECUTIVE VICE-PRESIDENT
STERLING W. BROWN

TREASURER
HERBERT J. OSBORNE

June 18, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Flemming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I am so impressed by your Report No. L 1 - 4 that I would like to get 18 additional copies. Please send them to me and if there is any charge let me know.

Sincerely yours,

Gordon

Gordon W. Lovejoy
Assistant Director

GWL:nwn

"—TO PROMOTE JUSTICE, AMITY, UNDERSTANDING AND COOPERATION AMONG PROTESTANTS, CATHOLICS AND JEWS, AND TO ANALYZE, MODERATE AND FINALLY ELIMINATE INTERGROUP PREJUDICES WHICH DISFIGURE AND DISTORT RELIGIOUS, BUSINESS, SOCIAL AND POLITICAL RELATIONS, WITH A VIEW TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A SOCIAL ORDER IN WHICH THE RELIGIOUS IDEALS OF BROTHERHOOD AND JUSTICE SHALL BECOME THE STANDARDS OF HUMAN RELATIONSHIPS." (NCCJ BY-LAWS)

June 24, 1959

Mr. Edwin J. Lukas
American Jewish Committee
386 Fourth Avenue
New York 16, New York

Dear Mr. Lukas:

Harold is away from the office to the week. Therefore, I am responding to your letter of the 17th.

We are grateful for your comments on the "L" reports. An additional 12 copies of those reports completed thus far is being sent to you under separate cover. There is no charge, and more are available if needed.

Sent this date

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Administrative Assistant

PA/mf

Send them + acknowledge

THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE

386 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 16, N. Y. *Cable Address,* "WISHCOM, NEW YORK"

Telephone MURRAY HILL 5-0181

HERBERT B. EHRMANN, *President*
FREDERICK F. GREENMAN, *Chm., Executive Board*
MILTON WEILL, *Chm., Administrative Board*
WILLIAM ROSENWALD, *Chm., Nat'l. Advisory Council*
MAURICE GLINERT, *Treasurer*
ARTHUR D. LEIDESDORF, *Associate Treasurer*
JULIUS S. LOEWENTHAL, *Secretary*
JOHN SLAWSON, *Executive Vice-President*

JACOB BLAUSTEIN, *Honorary President*
IRVING M. ENGEL, *Honorary President*
JOSEPH M. PROSKAUER, *Honorary President*
HERBERT H. LEHMAN, *Honorary Vice-President*
SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF, *Honorary Vice-President*
RALPH E. SAMUEL, *Honorary Vice-President*
HORACE STERN, *Honorary Vice-President*
FRED LAZARUS, JR., *Hon. Chm., Nat'l. Advis. Council*
ELY M. AARON, *Chicago, Vice-President*

JOSEPH M. BERNE, *Cleveland, Vice-President*
MAX H. BLOCK, *Seattle, Vice-President*
JULIUS H. COHN, *Newark, Vice-President*
WILLIAM P. ENGEL, *Birmingham, Vice-President*
MARTIN GANG, *Los Angeles, Vice-President*
JACK A. GOLDFARB, *New York, Vice-President*
J. M. KAPLAN, *New York, Vice-President*
JAMES MARSHALL, *New York, Vice-President*
BARON deHIRSCH MEYER, *Miami, Vice-President*
A. M. SONNABEND, *Boston, Vice-President*

June 17, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

RECEIVED JUN 19 1959

Dear Harold:

The first of your series of occasional reports, touching on the effect of the school closings on the economy of the South, is extremely impressive - and potentially very useful.

Would I be asking for more than I am entitled to if I were to request an additional dozen copies? Should there be a cost involved, let me know and I will send you a check.

Warm regards.

Cordially,

Ed

Edwin J. Lukas

EJL:ss

June 29, 1959

Mr. Charles Goodrum, Librarian
Legislative Reference Service
The Library of Congress
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Goodrum:

Thank you for your letter of June 24. I am glad that the copies of "Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence" had such a timely delivery and are proving useful. We are sending you separately another half-dozen complimentary copies.

If the demand should continue to outrun the supply, don't hesitate to let me know.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

RECEIVED JUN 29 1959

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE SERVICE

June 24, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63rd Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you so much for thinking of us with the copies of "Intimidation, Reprisal and Violence." They arrived on my desk within an hour after the receipt of a half dozen requests for the title from Members of Congress. We now have the copies circulating from one office to another.

I am sure there is going to be a continuing need for and interest in the study during the next few months, so if you could spare us any additional copies we would be most grateful. For that purpose I am enclosing a self-addressed mailing label which will bring them to us without further postage. We are permitted to spend up to 25¢ per unit for material of this nature, so if a charge is necessary, please notify me and I will give you an order for a specific number.

Thanks again for thinking of us at the time the study was released; it permitted us to respond while the publication was centered in the Congressmen's interest.

Sincerely,

Charles A. Goodrum

Charles A. Goodrum
Librarian
Legislative Reference Service

Enclosure

Mailed separately: 100 copies Violence Report & billed at 35¢ ea.

July 6, 1959

Mr. Jacob Schlitt
Field Representative
Jewish Labor Committee
25 East 78th Street
New York 21, New York

Dear Jake:

Thanks for your letter concerning the report on "Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence." We are sending you 100 copies today.

I'm glad to know the report has had attention in the labor press. It is in heavy use in Washington, where it has drawn enough blood to provoke an attack by Herman Talmadge -- an encouraging sign.

All the best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

JEWISH LABOR COMMITTEE

ATRAN CENTER FOR JEWISH CULTURE
25 EAST 78th STREET • NEW YORK 21, N. Y. • LEHIGH 5-3700

ADOLPH HELD
Chairman
DAVID DUBINSKY
Treasurer
ISIDORE NAGLER
Secretary
JACOB PAT
Executive Secretary
NATHAN CHANIN
Chairman, Office Committee
BENJAMIN TABACHINSKY
National Campaign Director
EMANUEL MURAVCHIK
National Field Director

Vice-Chairmen
SHELLEY APPLETON
MORRIS BLUMENREICH
ISRAEL BRESLOW
HARRY BURAKOFF
JOSEPH DORFMAN
MOE FALIKMAN
HARRY FISHER
BENJAMIN GEBINER
MARTIN GERBER
DAVID GINGOLD
I. H. GOLDBERG
PAUL L. GOLDMAN
HARRY GREENBERG
MURRAY GROSS
DR. LOUIS HENDIN
SAMUEL HERSHKOWITZ
JULIUS HOCHMAN
LOUIS HOLLANDER
LOUIS HYMAN
EPHIM JESHURIN
BENJAMIN KAPLAN
JOSEPH KESSLER
MORRIS KOVLER
EDWARD KRAMER
CHARLES KREINDLER
I. LEVIN-SHATZKES
MARX LEWIS
ABRAHAM MILLER
ISAIAH M. MINKOFF
NATHANIEL M. MINKOFF
DAVID NISNAVITZ
SAUL RIFKIN
JACOB ROBERTS
GEORGE RUBIN
ELEANOR SCHACHNER
JOSEPH SCHLOSSBERG
MATTHEW SCHOENWALD
DR. SAMUEL SILVERBERG
ABRAHAM SNYDER
WILLIAM STERN
LOUIS STULBERG
JOSEPH TUVIM
JUDAH TYBERG
MAY VLADECK-BROMBERG
OSSIP WALINSKY
MEYER WEINSTEIN
WILLIAM WOLPERT
MAX ZARITSKY
CHARLES ZIMMERMAN
JACOB T. ZUKERMAN

July 1, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

We are sorry that we did not place an order for "Intimidation, Reprisal and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis" earlier. However, we would appreciate it if you could send us one hundred copies, and bill us accordingly.

We are all very delighted about the coverage it has received in the press. Even the current Labor Reports editorial makes reference to it.

Sincerely yours,

Jake

Jacob Schlitt
Field Representative

JS:gs
oeiu-153

ISIDORE AXELROD, Cleveland
HARRY BERGER, Philadelphia
JOSEPH BERNSTEIN, Detroit
MORRIS BIALIS, Chicago
PHILIP BLOCK, Boston
J. A. CHERNIAK, Winnipeg
HARRY DORDICK, Philadelphia
JOSEPH DUNTOV, Miami
DOROTHY DWORKIN, Toronto
JACOB EDELMAN, Baltimore
MAX FEDERMAN, Toronto
JOSEPH GREENFIELD, Boston
NICHOLAS KIRTZMAN, Cleveland
ABRAHAM KIRZNER, Toronto
DR. SHMARYA KLEINMAN, Detroit
PHILIP KRAMER, Boston
TEVYA MAISEL, Mexico City
NATHAN MALYN, Pittsburgh
MICHAEL MERLIN, Atlanta
LOUIS ORLIKOW, Winnipeg
SAMUEL OSHRY, Los Angeles
SAMUEL OTTO, Los Angeles
MORRIS POLIN, Chicago
HYMAN A. REIFF, Montreal
WILLIAM ROSS, Philadelphia
MICHAEL RUBINSTEIN, Montreal
ARTHUR SCHECHTER, Grand Rapids
DAVID SCHIER, Chicago
JOSEPH SCHWARTZ, Philadelphia
MAX SEGAL, Philadelphia
BERNARD SHANE, Montreal
JACOB SIEGEL, Chicago
MAURICE SILCOFF, Montreal
SIDNEY STARK, Pittsburgh
ISIDORE STENZOR, Los Angeles
BESS TOPOLSKY, Pittsburgh
MEYER WEINTRAUB, Los Angeles
SAMUEL WEISBERG, Cleveland
MAX WOHL, Cleveland
JOSEPH WOLMAN, Baltimore
JOSEPH ZACHARIAS, Mexico City

Mailed separately: 3 copies Violence Report

July 6, 1959

Mr. Alan Reitman
Assistant Director
American Civil Liberties Union
170 Fifth Avenue
New York 10, New York

Dear Alan:

Thanks for your letter concerning the report on "Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence." I am sending you three copies for office use.

Unfortunately, the supply of promotion copies has been exhausted by distribution to the mass media, interagency lists, and other key persons. However, I sent Arnie Aronson 100 copies for CCD distribution; since we had covered many of the CCD agencies already, he may have enough extra to circularize your affiliates. Do give him a ring.

All the best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Ernest Angell
Daniel Bell
Lyle B. Borst
Dorothy Dunbar Bromley
Ralph S. Brown, Jr.
Lisle C. Carter, Jr.
John B. Danby
William A. Delano
Edward J. Ennis
Morris L. Ernst
John F. Finerty
Osmond K. Fraenkel
Walter Frank
Lewis Galantiere
Walter Gellhorn
Julian E. Goldberg
Louis M. Hacker
August Heckscher
John Hersey
Frank S. Horne
B. W. Huebsch
Sophia Yarnall Jacobs
John K. Jessup
John Paul Jones
Dorothy Kenyon
Dan Lacy
Edward O. Miller
Walter Millis
James O'Gara
Gerard Piel
Elmer Rice
George Soll
J. Waties Waring
Howard Whiteside
Edward Bennett Williams

NATIONAL COMMITTEE
Chairman
E. B. MacNaughton (Ore.)
Vice-Chairman Emeritus
Bishop Edward L. Parsons (Calif.)
Vice Chairmen
Francis Biddle (D.C.)
Pearl S. Buck (Penna.)
Howard F. Burns (Ohio)
Prof. Albert Sprague Coolidge (Mass.)
Prof. J. Frank Dobie (Texas)
Lloyd K. Garrison (N.Y.)
Dr. Frank P. Graham (U.N.)
Palmer Hoyt (Colo.)
Dr. Karl Menninger (Kans.)
Loren Miller (Calif.)
Morris Rubin (Wisc.)
Lillian E. Smith (Ga.)
Mrs. Sadie Alexander (Penna.)
Thurman Arnold (D.C.)
Clarence E. Ayres (Tex.)
Roger N. Baldwin (N.Y.)
Alan Barth (D.C.)
Dr. Sarah Gibson Blanding (N.Y.)
Catherine Drinker Bowen (Penna.)
Prof. Julian P. Boyd (N.J.)
Van Wyck Brooks (Conn.)
John Mason Brown (N.Y.)
Prof. James R. Caldwell (Calif.)
Dr. Henry Seidel Canby (Conn.)
Prof. Robert K. Carr (N.H.)
Prof. Allan Knight Chalmers (Mass.)
Stuart Chase (Conn.)
Grenville Clark (N.H.)
Dr. Rufus E. Clement (Ga.)
Prof. Henry Steele Commager (Mass.)
Morris L. Cooke (Penna.)
Prof. George S. Counts (N.Y.)
Prof. Robert E. Cushman (D.C.)
Melvyn Douglas (N.Y.)
Prof. Thomas H. Eliot (Mo.)
Walter T. Fisher (Ill.)
James Lawrence Fly (Fla.)
Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick (N.Y.)
Prof. Ralph F. Fuchs (Ind.)
Prof. Willard E. Goslin (Tenn.)
Prof. Mark DeW. Howe (Mass.)
Quincy Howe (N.Y.)
Dr. Robert M. Hutchins (N.Y.)
Gerald W. Johnson (Md.)
Dr. Mordecai W. Johnson (D.C.)
James Kerney, Jr. (N.J.)
Benjamin H. Kizer (Wash.)
Dr. John A. Lapp (Ill.)
Mrs. Agnes Brown Leach (N.Y.)
Max Lerner (N.Y.)
Prof. Robert S. Lynd (N.Y.)
Prof. Robert Mathews (Ohio)
Dr. Millicent C. McIntosh (N.Y.)
Dr. Alexander Meiklejohn (Calif.)
Harry C. Meserve (N. Y.)
Sylvan Meyer (Ga.)
Donald R. Murphy (Iowa)
Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer (N.J.)
John B. Orr, Jr. (Fla.)
Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam (D.C.)
James G. Patton (Colo.)
A. Philip Randolph (N.Y.)
Elmo Roper (N.Y.)
John Nevin Sayre (N.Y.)
Prof. Arthur Schlesinger, Jr. (Mass.)
Dr. Edward J. Sparling (Ill.)
Prof. George R. Stewart (Calif.)
Mrs. Dorothy Tilly (Ga.)
Prof. Edward C. Tolman (Calif.)
William W. Waymack (Iowa)
Stanley Weigel (Calif.)
William L. White (Kans.)
Aubrey Williams (Ala.)
Marion A. Wright (S.C.)
Dean Benjamin Youngdahl (Mo.)

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

170 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 10, N. Y.
Founded 1920 ORegon 5-5990 Incorporated

Ernest Angell, *Chairman, Board of Directors and the Corporation*
Dorothy Dunbar Bromley, August Heckscher, Elmer Rice, *Vice Chairmen*
Edward J. Ennis, Osmond K. Fraenkel, *General Counsel*
Dorothy Kenyon, *Secretary*, B. W. Huebsch, *Treasurer*
John Haynes Holmes, Norman Thomas, *Directors Emeritus*

Patrick Murphy Malin, *Executive Director*

Alan Reitman, *Assistant Director*
Leanne Golden, *Executive Assistant*
Rowland Watts, *Staff Counsel*
Melvin L. Wulf, *Assistant Staff Counsel*
Jeffrey E. Fuller, *Assistant Director*
Marie M. Runyon, *Membership Secretary*
Irving Ferman, *Washington Office Director*
Louise C. Floyd, *Administrative Assistant*
Roger N. Baldwin, *Adviser, International Work*

July 2, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Congratulations on a fine report on the instances of violence, intimidation and reprisal in the South arising from the racial crisis. It received fine treatment here in New York, and I hope to use the release myself in our weekly news service. By chance, do you have three or four extra copies for our use in the office, and do you plan to make a broad-scale distribution? I think our 28 affiliates might like to have a copy. Do you have a grant for a free distribution or are you planning to sell the reports?

Best wishes.

Cordially,

Alan

Alan Reitman
Assistant Director

JC
LWD
MF (file + copy to BM)

City Public Schools
NASHVILLE 3, TENN.

July 16, 1959

RECEIVED
JUL 20 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E., Rm. 432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I wish to thank you for the sheets of information which I received yesterday concerning the "Davis Report" and the public school situation in Washington, D. C.

Yours very truly,

Wm. Henry Oliver

Wm. Henry Oliver
Superintendent of City Schools

WHO:jw

August 5, 1957

Mr. Charles A. Goodrum, Librarian
Legislative Reference Service
The Library of Congress
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Goodrum:

Since Harold Fleming is on vacation, your letter of August 1, 1957 has been referred to me.

Enclosed are three copies of the Voting Report which I hope will eliminate the shortage.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls. (3)

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

RECEIVED AUG 5 1957

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE SERVICE

August 1, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you so much for the three copies of "The Negro Voter in the South," which you recently sent us. As you probably know from telephone conversations with Members, it has created considerable interest on the Hill, and our copies are all now in heavy use.

I am writing in the hope that you might be able to give us an additional three copies to help carry the load. If such a gift is possible, we would be pleased to have you use the enclosed label which will bring the pieces to us without further postage.

Thank you so much for your past courtesies and for your consideration of this present request.

Sincerely,

Charles A. Goodrum

Charles A. Goodrum
Librarian
Legislative Reference Service

Enclosure

August 6, 1959

Mr. William L. Dawson, M. C.
Room 1510
House Office Building
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Dawson:

We are pleased to send you two copies of our survey of waiting room practices in 21 southern cities as you requested.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

WILLIAM L. DAWSON, M. C.
FIRST DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

CHICAGO ADDRESS:
315 EAST 35TH STREET
CALUMET 5-7073

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C.

31 July 1959

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Will you be good enough to send me two copies of your survey report on the elimination of segregation at Airports, Bus Terminals, etc.

Sincerely yours,

William L. Dawson

WILLIAM L. DAWSON, M.C.

Send reply to:

Room 1510 House Office Bldg.
Washington 25, D. C.

hold till
Mr Pitchaday

August 6, 1959

Mr. P. Indritz, Counsel
Room 115
George Washington Inn
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Indritz:

We are pleased to send you the enclosed copy of our waiting room survey of 21 southern cities, as you requested.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Congress of the United States
Committee on Government Operations
House of Representatives

Room 115,
George Washington Inn

July 29, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3 Georgia

Gentlemen:

A few days ago you announced the results of a survey concerning changes in segregation patterns in airport terminals, bus terminals, and railroad stations.

It would be appreciated if you could provide me with a copy of your survey and report.

Sincerely yours,

P. Indritz

P. Indritz
Counsel

hold till St Vote
cleared up

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter

NL = Night Letter

LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

AA45 RB360

R HPA267 DL PD=HIGH POINT NCAR 13 323PME= 1959 AUG 13 PM 3 50

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL=

63 AUBURN AVE NORTHEAST ATLA= Sent by RHA

AFFSC HAS NO MORE COPIES, INTIMIDATION REPRISAL AND VIOLENCE. PLEASE SHIP TWENTY COPIES TO RAY FARABEE, SOUTHERN STUDENT HUMAN RELATIONS SEMINAR, USMSA, CLARK HALL, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGNE, ILL. NEEDED AUGUST 17 IF POSSIBLE. ALSO, COULD YOU SEND THE KOINONIA STORY RECORD=

MAX HEIRICH.

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

August 14, 1959

Mr. R. Freeman Butts
Teachers College
Columbia University
New York 27, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Butts:

Professor Donald Green of Emory University has requested that we send you this.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a
Enclosure: If the Schools are Closed

TEACHERS COLLEGE
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
NEW YORK 27, N.Y.

WILLIAM F. RUSSELL PROFESSOR
IN THE
FOUNDATIONS OF EDUCATION

August 10, 1959

Dr. Donald Ross Green
Professor of Teacher Education
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Professor Green:

I have just read in The New York Times a report of your study with Professor Gauerke entitled "If the Schools Are Closed."

I would appreciate it very much if you could send to me or tell me where I could obtain a copy of the study.

It sounds extremely interesting and important. Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

R. Freeman Butts

R. Freeman Butts

RFB:pa

Does this meet your criteria of interest?

DRG

by Donald Green
LWH

August 14, 1959

Professor Hugh H. Smythe
2225 Fifth Avenue
New York 37, New York

Dear Professor Smythe:

We are sending you today under separate cover the report you requested, If the Schools Are Closed, and another recent report, a background summary on school desegregation in the southern states for 1959-60.

Thank you for your interest, and we hope you will find the materials helpful in your work.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm., Sec., Research

BROOKLYN COLLEGE
BROOKLYN 10, NEW YORK

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY
AND ANTHROPOLOGY

USE HOME ADDRESS

SMYTHE
2225 Fifth Avenue
New York 37, N. Y.

August 11, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

In connection with our work here on race relations and the school integration problem, I wonder if you would be good enough to send us a copy of the recently issued report:

IF THE SCHOOLS ARE CLOSED
by
Donald Ross Green and
Warren E. Gauerke

This was brought to our attention by a newsstory in the New York Times of August 10.

Appreciating your courtesy, I am

Sincerely yours,
Hugh H. Smythe
Hugh H. Smythe,
Assistant Professor

HHS/s

P.S. Since school is now closed for the summer, I would appreciate your writing me at my home address, above.

Backgrounds
Just gathering

August 17, 1959

Professor Lawrence A. Cremin
Head of Department of Social and
Philosophical Foundations
Teachers College
Columbia University
New York 27, New York

Dear Professor Cremin:

We are pleased to send you the requested copy of the Green-Gauerke pamphlet. If, after reading it, you would have a few minutes to write us your comments we would be grateful.

For whatever interest it may have in your work, we are enclosing also a copy of our recent analysis of the present status of school desegregation in the South.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD/blc

TEACHERS COLLEGE
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
NEW YORK 27, N.Y.

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND
PHILOSOPHICAL FOUNDATIONS

August 13, 1959

file

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

On Monday, August 10, the New York Times carried an account of a study, sponsored by you, entitled "If the schools are closed: A critical analysis of the private school plan," conducted by Dr. Donald Ross Green and Dr. Warren E. Gauerke.

As a professor of education whose special field is the history of education in American culture, I am most interested in having a copy of this study. Would you be good enough to send me one, if they are available, or let me know how they may be obtained. If there is any charge, I would be most willing to pay it.

Thanking you for any attention you may be able to give this request, I am

Sincerely yours,

Lawrence Cremin

Lawrence A. Cremin
Professor of Education
Head of Department

STATE OF FLORIDA
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
TALLAHASSEE

LEROY COLLINS
GOVERNOR

RECEIVED AUG 19 1959

August 18, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you so much for your letter of August 13 and the enclosed report regarding the status of school desegregation.

It was thoughtful of you to take the time to provide me with this information and the confidence you express in the approach I have tried to take toward the solution of our desegregation problem means a great deal to me.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely,

LeRoy Collins

Governor

LC:kgs

file

August 19, 1959

Mr. Cranford H. Burns
Superintendent
Mobile Public Schools
City and County
Superintendent's Office
Mobile, Alabama

Dear Mr. Burns:

Thank you for your good letter of August 18. I shall convey your compliments to Messrs. Green and Gauerke.

We are pleased to send, as requested, seven copies of the pamphlet.

Sincerely,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD/blc
Enclosures, 7

MOBILE PUBLIC SCHOOLS
CITY AND COUNTY
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE
MOBILE, ALABAMA

C.V. ref

August 18, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I wish to acknowledge, with gratitude, complimentary copy of bulletin, If The Schools Are Closed", written by Donald Ross Green and Warren E. Gauerke. Please extend my congratulations to these gentlemen for a job well done.

The information presented in this bulletin needs the attention of Superintendents and Boards of Education throughout the South. I need seven additional copies to meet our needs in Mobile--five for the Board, one for our Assistant Superintendent in Charge of Pupil Personnel and one for our attorney. If there is a charge please bill same to Board of School Commissioners, Mobile, Alabama

Sincerely,

Cranford H. Burns
CRANFORD H. BURNS
SUPERINTENDENT

CHB:g

HF ✓
MF - for file

DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
OFFICE OF EDUCATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

9-1-59

August 20, 1959

Professor Warren E. Gauerke
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Professor Gauerke:

We have read the news note in "Time" describing your new publication entitled, "If the Schools Are Closed. . ." If copies are available we would appreciate your sending two copies to the Office of Education for our use.

Sincerely yours,

Clayton D. Hutchins

Clayton D. Hutchins, Chief
School Finance Section

September 3, 1959

Mr. Clayton D. Hutchins, Chief
School Finance Section
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare
Office of Education
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hutchins:

At the request of Professor Gauerke, we are pleased to send you two copies of our pamphlet, If the Schools Are Closed... We are also taking the liberty of enclosing a copy of our background report on school desegregation for 1959-60.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a
Enclosures: If the Schools Are Closed, 2
Background Report

August 20, 1959

Mr. Creed C. Black
Executive Editor
Savannah Morning News
Savannah, Georgia

Dear Mr. Black:

We are glad to have your letter of August 18 requesting two copies of our recent background report on school desegregation. They are being mailed separately, along with one or two other recent publications which you may not have seen. I am also adding your name to our mailing list.

My friend and the Council's consultant, Col. Benjamin Muse of Virginia, was recently in Nashville and told me of your new position with the Savannah papers. I wish you every success and hope that you will call on us whenever any of our materials or information might be helpful.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/sl

bc: Col. Benjamin Muse

sent: "If the SchoolsClose"
Waiting Room Survey
2 background memos
L reports to date

HCF

Savannah Morning News
SAVANNAH EVENING PRESS
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

CREED C. BLACK
President and Executive Editor

RECEIVED AUG 20 1959

August 18, 1959

Southern-Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Will you please send me two copies of the special report discussed in the enclosed story?

I would appreciate it if you would also place my name on your regular mailing list.

Sincerely,

CB/jh

Creed C. Black

MF

8/20/59

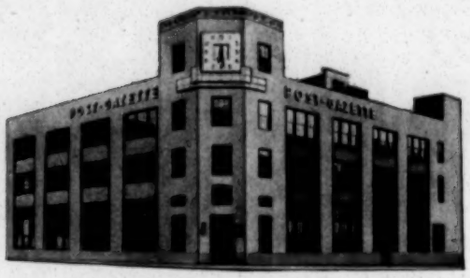
Following are names of pastors attending the Gammon summer school who, when I spoke there, requested the information or materials indicated:

Rev. A. M. Mayes P. O. Box 372 Fairfield, Texas	Violence report, info on interracial activity in Texas; ask PR if it's worth notifying Tex.CHR of him and him of it. Also send New South blurb.
Rev. J. E. Harris F-20 Lincoln Court Lakeland, Fla.	Violence report, New South blurb, and info on Fla. Council. Have PR send his name to Bill Williams.
Rev. D. L. Bright P. O. Box 83 Lawtey, Fla.	Same as Harris
RevWalter E. Williams 17 W. Wood Lane Rockville, Md.	Violence report, New South blurb, Cong. Rec. reprint on SRC
Rev. Crawford L. Trader 420 E. Dover Street Easton, Md.	Same as Williams

Letter sent 9/28/59 SM

HCB

ATLANTIC 1-6100



Pittsburgh Post-Gazette

One of America's Great Newspapers

PITTSBURGH 30, PENNSYLVANIA

August 20, 1959

Mr. Paul Anthony
Administrative Assistant
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Paul:

Thank you for your letter of August 18 and the kind words.

The Special Report, "A Background on School Desegregation for 1959-60," must have gone astray. I didn't get a copy. I did receive a memo containing a correction and was on the point of writing you to say I would like to have the report.

Sincerely,

John

John Lofton

The report has just come, so please disregard this paragraph.

Savannah Morning News
SAVANNAH EVENING PRESS
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

CREED C. BLACK
Vice President and Executive Editor

August 21, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Many thanks for your prompt response to my request for the two copies of your recent background report of school desegregation. I have not received them yet, but assume they will be along soon.

By coincidence, Colonel Muse and his wife were in Savannah last night and were in our home with a group of the people from our papers. It was the first word I had of his connection with your organization and I was pleased to learn of his interesting assignment.

I appreciate being placed on your mailing list and will look forward to your material. I hope to be in Atlanta for a few days this fall and will try to see you then. Meanwhile, if your travels bring you this way, we would be happy to have you pay us a visit.

Sincerely,

CB/jh

Creed C. Black

MORRIS LEWIS, JR., INDIANOLA
PRESIDENT

BRUCE C. AULTMAN, HATTIESBURG
VICE PRESIDENT

H. C. ROBERTS, CANTON
TREASURER

JC - Are they on your C of C L list? HCF

MISSISSIPPI ECONOMIC COUNCIL

Mississippi's State Chamber of Commerce

M. B. SWAYZE, GENERAL MANAGER

PHONE FLEETWOOD 5-4721 • P. O. BOX 1849 • STANDARD LIFE BUILDING • JACKSON 5, MISSISSIPPI

L.S. ✓
N.C.T. ✓

August 24, 1959

Southern Regional Council
61 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

If copies are still available, we would like to obtain the pamphlet "If The Schools Are Closed."

Thank you very much for this assistance.

Sincerely,

Carl Black, Jr.

Carl Black, Jr.
Assistant General Manager

CB:lg

Sent 8/26/59 B.C.

Yes, but the C of C only got the news release on L-8A, thus the request. JC.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS 1959-60

ANDERSON, FRED A., JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
GLOSTER

AULTMAN, BRUCE C., PARTNER
SIMRALL, AULTMAN AND POPE
HATTIESBURG

BATTON, A. A., CASHIER
PORT GIBSON OIL WORKS
PORT GIBSON

BELL, FRANK E., PRESIDENT
PLANTERS HARDWARE, INC.
WOODVILLE

BONDS, WILLIAM RUSSELL
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
IUKA

BOURLAND, E. C., PRESIDENT
BANK OF AMORY
AMORY

BURNETT, D. S., PRES. AND GEN. MGR.
REX PLAZA HOTEL
TUPELO

BURROW, JOE B., CASHIER
MERCHANTS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
BAY ST. LOUIS

CASHMAN, LOUIS P., SR., EDITOR & PUBLISHER
VICKSBURG EVENING POST
VICKSBURG

CHRISTIAN, C.D., PARTNER
RANDALL AND CHRISTIAN
MERIDIAN

CLARK, CHESTER A., PARTNER
CLARK-NELMS FORD COMPANY
BROOKHAVEN

CLAYTON, HUGH N.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
NEW ALBANY

COLMER, DONALD, PUB. REL. REP.
PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION
HATTIESBURG

CONERLY, CECIL E.
CHANCERY CLERK
TYLERTOWN

COOPER, OWEN, EXEC. VICE PRESIDENT
MISSISSIPPI CHEMICAL CORPORATION
YAZOO CITY

CORBAN, HARRY L., PARTNER
CORBAN AND CORBAN, ATTORNEYS
FAYETTE

COVINGTON, E. G., JR., VICE PRESIDENT
THE PROGRESSIVE BANK
SUMMIT

COX, R. BOWEN, OWNER
EUREKA THEATRE
BATESVILLE

DALE, JOSEPH, PARTNER
DALE AND WILSON, ATTORNEYS
PRENTISS

DAVIS, SIDNEY D., PRESIDENT
PEOPLES BANK
MENDENHALL

DEWEESE, FENTON B., VICE PRESIDENT AND SALESMAN
A. DEWEESE LUMBER COMPANY
PHILADELPHIA

DICKEY, JAMES E., PLANT MANAGER
MONTICELLO MANUFACTURING COMPANY
MONTICELLO

DUNHAM, CLIVE F., DEAN
SCHOOL OF COMMERCE & BUSINESS ADM.
UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
UNIVERSITY

EBERT, GORDON F., PRESIDENT
J. A. OLSON COMPANY
WINONA

EGGER, JOHN F., DIVISIONAL MANAGER
INVESTORS DIVERSIFIED SERVICES, INC.
MERIDIAN

EVANS, HARRISON, OWNER
E. F. NUNN AND COMPANY
SHUQUALAK

FAIR, CHARLES D., PARTNER
LIVINGSTON AND FAIR, ATTORNEYS
LOUISVILLE

FARESE, JOHN B.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ASHLAND

GASTON, R. T., SR., VICE PRESIDENT
CALHOUN COUNTY BANK
CALHOUN CITY

GUEST, W. R., SR.
PASCAGOULA

HAGA, JOHN B., PRESIDENT
CULLANDER MACHINERY CO., INC.
BELZONI

HENRY, JOHN R., PRESIDENT
MERCHANTS AND FARMERS BANK
COLUMBUS

HOUSTON, W. H., JR., PARTNER
W. H. HOUSTON AND SON
TUNICA

JOHNSON, RUSS M., CHAIRMAN EXEC. COM.
DEPOSIT GUARANTY BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
JACKSON

KEETON, JOHN T.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
GRENADA

KENNEDY, S. C., OWNER
S. C. KENNEDY STORES
STATE LINE

KLINE, CHARLES, SECRETARY-TREASURER
KLINE MERCANTILE COMPANY
ANGUILLA

KYLE, S. H.
FARMING & LIVESTOCK
CLARKSDALE

LAKE, ALBERT, ATTORNEY
WYNN, HAFTER, LAKE AND TINDALL
GREENVILLE

LEWIS, MORRIS, JR., PRESIDENT
THE LEWIS GROCER COMPANY
SUNFLOWER FOOD STORES
INDIANOLA

LINDSEY, RUSSELL, SECRETARY-TREASURER
GRAVES, LINDSEY AND MCLAURIN, INC.
LAUREL

LITTLEJOHN, E. P.
REAL ESTATE
WEST POINT

MANN, W. MERLE, PRESIDENT
WORTMAN AND MANN, INC.
JACKSON

MARTIN, BURKETT H., PARTNER
DENT, WARD, MARTIN AND TERRY
VICKSBURG

MCFARLAND, ROBERT H., PARTNER
MCFARLAND AND MCFARLAND, ATTORNEYS
BAY SPRINGS

MCINNIS, E. W., SR., PRESIDENT
STATE BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
COLLINS

MCMULLAN, PAUL W., PRESIDENT
NEWTON COUNTY BANK
NEWTON

MCPETERS, LIDDON, EXEC. VICE PRES.
THE SECURITY BANK
CORINTH

MILLER, W. C., OWNER
MILLER AUTO SUPPLY
SENATOBIA

MILNER, J. K., PRESIDENT AND MANAGER
COAST COCA-COLA BOTTLING COMPANY
GULFPORT

MITCHELL, C. L., PRESIDENT
MITCHELL ENGINEERING COMPANY
COLUMBUS

MORRIS, L. A., PARTNER-MANAGER
MORRIS INSURANCE AGENCY
FOREST

MORRISON, H. L., VICE PRESIDENT
COLUMBUS AND GREENVILLE RAILWAY CO.
OKOLONA

MORROW, R. D., SR., PARTNER
R. D. MORROW AND SONS
BRANDON

NEWSOM, R. R., PARTNER
NEWSOM BROTHERS CONTRACTORS
COLUMBIA

OSBERG, JOHN A., GENERAL MANAGER
ROCKWELL MANUFACTURING COMPANY
TUPELO DIVISION
TUPELO

PAXTON, A. G., PRESIDENT
A. G. PAXTON COMPANY
GREENVILLE

PEABODY, HOWARD B., JR., MANAGER
R. F. LEARNED AND SON, INC.
NATCHEZ

PITTS, LEWIS B., GEN. MGR. SOUTHERN DIST.
CONTINENTAL CAN COMPANY, INC.
ROBERT GAIR PAPER PRODUCTS GROUP
JACKSON

RAY, R. L., EXEC. VICE PRESIDENT & CASHIER
MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS BANK
TCHULA

RIDDELL, TALLY D., ATTORNEY
RIDDELL AND DABBS
QUITMAN

RINEHART, FRANK M., PRES. & GEN. MGR.
DELTA BRICK AND TILE COMPANY, INC.
INDIANOLA

ROBERTS, H. C., OWNER
ROBERTS INSURANCE AGENCY
CANTON

ROGERS, NAT S., PRESIDENT
DEPOSIT GUARANTY BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
JACKSON

SIMPSON, FRANK D., PRESIDENT
BANK OF FLORA
FLORA

SLEDGE, H. L., OWNER
NEHI BOTTLING COMPANY
CLEVELAND

SMITH, FRED B.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
RIPLEY

SMITHSON, J. R., PRESIDENT
THE ATTALA COMPANY
KOSCIUSKO

STAUB, J. E., PRESIDENT
J. E. STAUB AND COMPANY
FULTON

STEVENS, B. M., JR., PRESIDENT
RICHTON TIE AND TIMBER COMPANY
RICHTON

THOMAS, E. V., OWNER
BEASLEY-THOMAS COMPANY
BILOXI

THOMPSON, EUGENE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
MARKS

VANN, FRED J., OWNER
H. N. YOUNG AND COMPANY
CORINTH

WADE, GEORGE K., PRESIDENT
WADE HARDWARE COMPANY
GREENWOOD

WATKINS, VAUGHAN, PARTNER
WATKINS, PYLE, EDWARDS AND LUDLAM
JACKSON

WATTS, L. A.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
PASCAGUOLA

WHITE, LEE W., PRESIDENT
LEE W. WHITE-DISTRIBUTOR
POPLARVILLE

WILBOURN, JAMES C., PARTNER
WILBOURN, WILBOURN AND LORD
MERIDIAN

WILLIAMS, B. FRANK, PRES. & DIRECTOR
BANK OF YAZOO CITY
YAZOO CITY

WILSON, C. E., PRESIDENT
LAMAR COUNTY BANK
PURVIS

WISE, J. D.
S. & W. POULTRY INDUSTRIES
HAZLEHURST

Info only. File
attach Richmond
News Leader
editorial

August 27, 1959

Mr. James J. Kilpatrick, Editor
The Richmond News Leader
Richmond 13, Virginia

Dear Mr. Kilpatrick:

This will acknowledge your letter of August 25 requesting a copy of "If the Schools Are Closed..."

I am glad to send you the enclosed copy with our compliments.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

JAMES JACKSON KILPATRICK
Editor

RICHARD JAMES WHALEN
Associate Editor

JOHN COOK WYLLIE
Book Editor

ANN LLOYD MERRIMAN
Editorial Art Director

THE RICHMOND NEWS LEADER
RICHMOND 13, VIRGINIA

EDITORIAL OFFICES

August 25, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I noticed in Time Magazine this week an account of a 40-page pamphlet published by you, "If the Schools Are Closed..."

I would greatly appreciate your courtesy in sending a copy of this pamphlet to me. I will of course be happy to pay for it.

Sincerely yours,

James J. Kilpatrick

James J. Kilpatrick
Editor

JJK:am

August 25, 1959

Professor Thomas I Emerson
Law School
Yale University
New Haven, Connecticut

Dear Professor Emerson:

We are mailing you today under separate cover our latest publications: If the Schools are Closed..., "A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60", and all of a series of "L" reports, 1 through 8. We will have a report on voting practices in the south out about August 30th, and will put your name on our mailing list to receive this and other future publications.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

YALE UNIVERSITY
LAW SCHOOL
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

THOMAS I. EMERSON

August 19, 1959

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright, Research
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Albright:

I wonder if you can send me a copy of the report recently issued and titled, "If the Schools are Closed: A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan". Please let me know if there is any charge for this.

Is there any way in which I can be put onyour mailing list to receive reports such as the above, so that I will not have to write for each one separately?

Thanking you in advance.

Sincerely,

Thomas I. Emerson

Thomas I. Emerson

TIE/rw

To D -
send him
- back numbers & report ✓
- background report ✓
- G & S pamphlet ✓
put him on list for all stuff - my
write my signature - tell him so

August 26, 1959

Mr. Stanley Elam, Editor
Phi Delta Kappan
International Headquarters Building
Eighth and Union,
Bloomington, Indiana

Dear Mr. Elam:

At Ross Green's request we are pleased to send you a copy of the pamphlet which he and Warren Gauerke have done for us.

I was interested in your mention of Dean White's statement. Over the past few months we have read two preliminary versions of this and have been eagerly awaiting its release. I think you will find, however, that it is not similar to the Green-Gauerke analysis, being much shorter, more generalized, and more in the nature of a manifesto.

Some time back, Phi Delta Kappa was good enough to send us a quantity of Action Patterns in School Desegregation, which we have tried to distribute usefully. Let me now say that we would be happy to send you a number of this pamphlet if you would have any plans for it.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Enclosure: If the Schools Are Closed...

JOHN C. WHINNERY.....President
123 South Montebello Blvd.
Montebello, California
CHARLES R. FOSTER.....First Vice President
University of Florida
Gainesville, Florida
A. G. CLARK.....Second Vice President
316 Dalzell Avenue, Ben Avon
Pittsburgh 2, Pennsylvania
GORDON I. SWANSON.....Recording Secretary
University Farm, University of Minnesota
St. Paul 1, Minnesota
RUSSEL S. MERKEL.....Comptroller
Indiana Central College
Indianapolis 27, Indiana

PHI DELTA KAPPA

A professional education fraternity connected with approved colleges and universities of graduate rank maintaining schools, colleges, or departments of education

International Headquarters Building
EIGHTH AND UNION, BLOOMINGTON, INDIANA

MAYNARD BEMIS
Executive Secretary

STANLEY M. ELAM
Editor

JULES V. HARCOURT
Business Manager

August 19, 1959

Dr. Donald Ross Green
1689 Cornell Road
Atlanta 6, Georgia

Dear Dr. Green:

It was gratifying to read in this week's TIME magazine about your report, "If the Schools Are Closed..." I note that both you and Dr. Gauerke are members of Phi Delta Kappa.

I should very much like to have at least one copy of the report along with any comments you care to make. I wonder if a copy has been sent to Dean J. B. White at the University of Florida, Gainesville. Dr. White was working on a statement that must be somewhat similar to yours when I last saw him at the NEA convention in St. Louis.

I will undoubtedly mention your pamphlet in the October issue of the PHI DELTA KAPPAN if I receive the copy early enough.

Most cordially,

Stanley Elam

Stanley Elam
Editor, Phi Delta Kappan

SE:rg

cc: Dean J. B. White
College of Education
University of Florida
Gainesville, Florida

Golden Anniversary

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH

HONORARY CHAIRMAN
Dwight D. Eisenhower, President
of the United States

HONORARY VICE CHAIRMAN
Arthur S. Flemming, Secretary
Health, Education and Welfare

NATIONAL CHAIRMAN
Mrs. Rollin Brown

CONFERENCE DIRECTOR
Ephraim R. Gomberg

August 26, 1959

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you for the additional report "If the Schools Are Closed" forwarded with your letter of August 19th, which we are glad to have so that we may draw upon it as needed in preparing material for the White House Conference on Children and Youth.

Sincerely,

Harold Orlans

Harold Orlans
Director of Conference Studies

330 Independence Ave. S.W., Washington 25, D.C. EXecutive 3-6300

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Address Reply to the
Division Indicated
and Refer to Initials and Number
JMFR, Jr:MP:emb
72-0

AUG 2[illegible]959

RECEIVED AUG 3 1 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We were very interested indeed to receive from you a copy of the Southern Regional Council release for Sunday, August 30, 1959, of a statement about the Council's full report on the voting survey entitled "The Negro and the Ballot in the South," by Margaret Price. We note that the full report will be published next week. We shall be very grateful to you if you will let us have several copies of the report.

3 additional copies sent Sept 9, 1959

Thank you for your, as usual, fine cooperation.

Sincerely,

JOSEPH M. F. RYAN, JR.
Acting Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

By: Henry Putzel, Jr.

HENRY PUTZEL, Jr., Chief,
Voting & Elections Section

C
MF-file

THE SPARTANBURG DAY SCHOOL
Box 2444 Station A
Spartanburg, South Carolina

Harry J. Groblewski
Headmaster

August 31, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Cash

For the enclosed one dollar, please send us 5 copies of your pamphlet, <u>If the Schools Are Closed.....</u>

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

H. J. Groblewski

HJG:et

Sent + posted 9/2/59 BCC

TIME
INCORPORATED

TIME · LIFE · FORTUNE
SPORTS ILLUSTRATED
ARCHITECTURAL FORUM
HOUSE & HOME
EDITORIAL OFFICES
RHODES-HAVERTY BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

August 31, 1959.

RECEIVED SEP 1 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Dear Harold:

Thank you for the extra copy of the school desegregation report. I also read with interest the release on "The Negro And The Ballot In The South." I hope we can get a copy of the full report soonest. Like Editor Kilpatrick, we are prepared to pay.

Best regards,

Spence

Spencer L. Davidson
Bureau Chief

SLD:ll

ELLIS M. JAMES, *Real Estate*

SALES :: RENTALS
207 FLATIRON BUILDING PHONE MA 2-3221
NORFOLK 10, VIRGINIA

MA
MF - file

August 31, 1959

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Thank you for the copy of the Green-Gauerke pamphlet on the private school plan, and for the L-Reports.

I would indeed be very interested in receiving other Council publications, and hope you will place me on your mailing list for same.

Thanks again.

Very truly yours,

Ellis M. James

Ellis M. James

August 26, 1959

Mr. Ellis M. James
207 Flatiron Building
Norfolk 10, Virginia

Dear Mr. James:

At the request of Dr. D. R. Green, we are pleased to send a copy of the pamphlet by Green-Gauerke on the private school plan. We are particularly gratified at the interest of one who has acted decisively in the school controversy.

I am taking the liberty of sending you a set of what we call "L-Reports" and we are placing you on our mailing list to receive subsequent issues of them.

If you would be interested in receiving other Council publications, let us know.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a
Enclosures: If the Schools Are Closed...
L-Reports, 1 through 8

ELLIS M. JAMES, *Real Estate*

SALES :: RENTALS
207 FLATIRON BUILDING PHONE MA 2-3221
NORFOLK 10, VIRGINIA

August 22, 1959

Dr. Donald Ross Green
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Green:

I would like to obtain a copy of the report on segregation in the South recently put out through the Southern Regional Council. I note by Time and your picture (and your cohort) therein that the report is quite pertinent and comprehensive. Your assistance in obtaining a copy would be much appreciated.

So that you may know my interest is more than idle curiosity, I shall identify myself by the fact that I was the man who instituted Federal suit here last fall against Virginia 's Governor Almond to reopen the schools closed under the State's massive resistance laws. We are still in bad shape here - much worse than press reports indicate - and you will find I believe that Virginia is actually the hub and core of this entire race problem.

Again, my appreciation for your help.

Very truly yours,

Ellis M. James

Ellis M. James

mt L-8-A

August 31, 1959

Mr. Doyle E. Carlton
Mabry, Reaves, Carlton, Fields & Ward
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
P. O. Box 3239
Tampa, Florida

Dear Mr. Carlton:

At the request of Professor D. R. Green, of Emory University, we are pleased to enclose a copy of the pamphlet If the Schools Are Closed...

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF:a

letter
2 forming sig

MABRY, REAVES, CARLTON, FIELDS & WARD
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
TWELFTH FLOOR FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
P. O. BOX 3239
TAMPA, FLORIDA
TEL. 2-8095

ARTHUR L. ANDERSON
1907-1953

GIDDINGS E. MABRY
O. K. REAVES
DOYLE E. CARLTON
D. WALLACE FIELDS
DAVID ELMER WARD
EDWARD B. ROOD
MICHEL G. EMMANUEL
WM. REECE SMITH, JR.
MARVIN GREEN
JOSEPH A. MCCLAIN, JR.
A. BROADDUS LIVINGSTON
THOMAS L. MARR
M. TERRY MCNAB
HARVEY V. DELZER

August 24th, 1959.

Emory University,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Gentlemen:

I would like very much to have the pamphlet issued by Messrs. Green and Gauerke entitled "If the Schools are Closed."

The publication in TIME magazine brought this to my attention.

I shall be glad to pay whatever the cost is.

Sincerely yours,

Doyle E. Carlton

DEC:ES

Doyle E. Carlton.

August 31, 1959

Mr. Stewart Carlton
Dean of Boys
Vero Beach High School
Vero Beach, Florida

Dear Mr. Carlton:

At the request of Professor D. R. Green, of Emory University, we are pleased to enclose a copy of the pamphlet If the Schools Are Closed...

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a
Enclosure:

letter
See
my

Indian River County Public Schools

Vero Beach High School

VERO BEACH, FLORIDA

J. A. THOMPSON
Superintendent

H. DRENNEN BROWNE
Supervising Principal

PERKINS MARQUESS
Principal

August 25, 1959

Donald Ross Green
Professor of Education
Emory University
Emory University, Ga.

Dear Sir:

The article concerning your pamphlet, If Schools Are Closed, in Time magazine several weeks ago was extremely interesting. I have been asked to speak at Rotary in the near future. Your study will make it possible to implant, among the thinking men of our community, many new thoughts on this question of private schools.

If possible, I would like very much to obtain a copy of your study. Please advise me on this purchase.

Very truly yours,

Stewart Carlton

Stewart Carlton
Dean of Boys

gm

August 31, 1959

Mr. W. R. Savage, Jr., Superintendent
Suffolk Public Schools
Suffolk, Virginia

Dear Mr. Savage:

We are pleased to send you the six copies of If The Schools Are Closed...that you requested in your letter of August 26th. There will be no charge for the pamphlets.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a
Mailed separately:
6 copies, If the Schools Are Closed

letter
for sig

SUFFOLK PUBLIC SCHOOLS

SUFFOLK, VIRGINIA

Office of the Superintendent

August 26, 1959

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send us six (6) copies of "If The Schools Are Closed".

Upon receipt of invoice mailed to

W. R. Savage, Jr., Superintendent
Suffolk City Schools
Suffolk, Virginia

prompt payment will be made.

Thank you for your attention to this order.

Sincerely,

W. R. Savage, Jr.
Superintendent

msw

RICHARD B. RUSSELL
GEORGIA

WILLIAM M. BATES
PRESS SECRETARY

United States Senate
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Sept. 3, 1959

September 1, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I have been particularly interested in a couple of your recent reports, specifically those on integration and voting.

If I am still eligible in my present position to obtain your material, I would greatly appreciate receiving those two reports.

With best personal regards, I remain

Sincerely,

Bill Bob

Mrs. James D. Wyker
Meadowlark
Berea, Kentucky

Serving as
Minister-at-Large
Dept. of Social Welfare
United Christian Missionary Society
(Christian Churches)

September 1, 1959

M.F.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

RHA 9/2/59

Enclosed find my check for $1.00 for which please send me four copies of your July-August 1959 NEW SOUTH. It is excellent and should be widely distributed.

Very sincerely yours,

Mossie Allison Wyker

Mrs. James D. Wyker

MAW:rmr

Enc.

Sent & posted 9/2/59 S.C.C.

September 1, 1959

Mr. Alfonso Morriconi
R.D. 1
Telford, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Marriconi:

We are happy to send you the Report L-8, "Race and Intelligence" which you requested, and appreciate your telling us that mention of it appeared in the Christian Science Monitor on August 21st. There is no charge for this report.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

8/25/59

Gentlemen:

I have read with interest a review (X) of your report on question of alleged innate differences in intelligence between negroes and whites based on statements by psychologists and anthropologists.

Please send me a copy of the report and bill me.

Very truly yours

Alfonso Morriconi

R. D. 1, Telford, Pa.

(X) Read in the Christian Science Monitor of 8/21/59

September 1, 1959

Dean William O. Penrose
School of Education
University of Delaware
Newark, Delaware

Dear Dean Penrose:

At the request of Professor D. R. Green, we are sending you a copy of the pamphlet If the Schools Are Closed... There is no charge.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

UNIVERSITY OF DELAWARE
NEWARK, DELAWARE

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION

August 20, 1959

Prof. Donald Ross Green
School of Education
Emory University,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Prof. Green:

Will you please send and bill me for a copy of the pamphlet by you and Prof. Gauerke entitled, If the Schools Are Closed?

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

William O. Penrose, Jr.

William O. Penrose,
Dean

WOP:er

JC sent separate mailing.

September 3, 1959

Mr. William M. Bates
Press Secretary
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Bill:

You're more than eligible to receive our stuff.

We're sending you separately the two reports you requested and a few other recent items of possible interest.

Let me know any time our files or materials might contain information you need.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

WILLIAM B. HARTSFIELD
MAYOR

W. W. BURNS
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

CITY OF ATLANTA

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

September 4, 1959

RECEIVED SEP 8 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Thanks for your letter of the 3rd, enclosing a copy of the printed leaflet, under HOPE's imprint, containing the excerpt from Governor Almond's speech. I shall appreciate it if you will send me several more copies.

Best wishes.

Yours very truly,

W B Hartsfield
Mayor

6 copies sent Sept. 8, 1959

September 4, 1959

Mr. Maynard Bemis
Executive Secretary
Phi Delta Kappa
Eighth and Union
Bloomington, Indiana

Dear Mr. Bemis:

We are pleased to send you fifty-five copies of our publication, If the Schools Are Closed, for your distribution. Your willingness to send this to your top-echelon, public-school minded officers in the 17 most affected states is appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

MA
MF-file

JOHN C. WHINNERY.....President
123 South Montebello Blvd.
Montebello, California
CHARLES R. FOSTER.....First Vice President
University of Florida
Gainesville, Florida
A. G. CLARK.....Second Vice President
316 Dalzell Avenue, Ben Avon
Pittsburgh 2, Pennsylvania
GORDON I. SWANSON.....Recording Secretary
University Farm, University of Minnesota
St. Paul 1, Minnesota
RUSSEL S. MERKEL.....Comptroller
Indiana Central College
Indianapolis 27, Indiana

PHI DELTA KAPPA

A professional education fraternity connected with approved colleges and universities of graduate rank maintaining schools, colleges, or departments of education

International Headquarters Building
EIGHTH AND UNION, BLOOMINGTON, INDIANA

MAYNARD BEMIS
Executive Secretary

STANLEY M. ELAM
Editor

JULES V. HARCOURT
Business Manager

August 31, 1959

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Director of Research
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Mr. Stanley Elam passed on to me your letter of August 26, together with your publication If the Schools Are Closed. Mr. Green and Mr. Gauerke did an excellent job in their analysis of this issue.

We appreciate your offer of a number of copies of this pamphlet if we can see a use for it. I think immediately of two groups to whom I would like to make it available. The first would include 15 copies for our top-echelon officers in the seventeen most affected states. These men are public-school minded and would read the publication with an open mind. It would, in fact, help them in their efforts to avoid ill-considered action which would result in closing our public schools. The second use would involve a supply of 40 copies for one of our major program committees which will be considering means of strengthening the public schools at our biennial council meeting this December. Materials will be supplied to that committee sometime in October in order that previous study may support the decisions they reach in December. I trust that the suggested 55 copies may be available to us.

Cordially yours,

Maynard Bemis

Maynard Bemis
Executive Secretary

mailed 55 copies
9-2-55

MB:cj

September 7, 1959

Mr. Meredith Amick
Executive Director
Batesburg-Leesville Chamber of Commerce
Batesburg, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Amick:

We are pleased to send you a copy of our pamphlet, If the Schools Are Closed, as you requested.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

MA
HF
MF-file

LWD-sig
CC Ben
Muse
+ thermofax

BATESBURG-LEESVILLE
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
BATESBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA
PHONE KE 2-4339 • P. O. BOX 349

September 4, 1959

sent CC to BM

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen,

I have studied with much interest the analysis dated August 24 on a phamphlet entitled "If the Schools are closed, a critical analysis of Private School Plan", by Dr. Donald Ross Green and Dr. Warren E. Gauerke.

I note that there are copies available to interested groups, single copy free, and additional copies at 25¢ each.

Please send me a copy for detailed study. If I find that additional copies are needed for a group study of this problem, I will order them later.

This is something that is of vital concern to all of us and it seems that the proper solution has not been found to answer the threat of forced racial integration. Any information that deals with this subject is of interest to every resident in the South.

Cordially,

Meredith Amick

Meredith Amick
Executive Director

AFTER FIVE DAYS RETURN TO

BATESBURG-LEESVILLE
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

P. O. BOX 349
BATESBURG, S. C.

BATESBURG
SEP 4
1959
5 PM
N. C.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

MF. file

LWD sig.

CHARLESTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

CHARLESTON, S. C.

September 8, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send us ten (10) copies of your recent publication, If the Schools are Closed.... You may bill this school district for the cost. School District No. 20, 67 Legare St.

no charge

Sincerely,

Thomas A. Carrere

Thomas A. Carrere
Acting Superintendent

TAC/tc

September 10, 1959

Mr. Thomas A. Carrere
Acting Superintendent
Charleston Public Schools
Charleston, S. C.

Dear Mr. Carrere:

We are pleased to send you ten copies of If the Schools Are Closed..., as you requested. There will be no charge for the pamphlets.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Mailed separately:
10 copies, If the Schools Are Closed

JAMES C. DAVIS
5TH DIST., GEORGIA

1109 HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

HOME ADDRESS:
STONE MOUNTAIN, GEORGIA

COMMITTEES:
POST OFFICE AND CIVIL SERVICE
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

MF - file
Info Reg. file

September 8, 1959

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I have noted in the Sunday, August 30th issue of the Atlanta Journal and the Atlanta Constitution, reference to publication of your report entitled "The Negro and the Ballot in the South." Please mail me two copies of your report. The newspaper account did not state any cost for these reports but should there be any charge, please bill me and I will send my check to cover the amount.

Sincerely yours,

James C. Davis

JCD:eb

sent with bill
no letter

Sent & billed
9/10/59
BCC

a. mf

September 9, 1959

Miss Rosetta Gardner
National Student Secretary
Southern Region
Suite 301
41 Exchange Place, S. E.
Atlanta 5, Georgia

Dear Miss Gardner:

Thanks for your good letter of September 8. I too enjoyed and benefited from the Lake Forest meeting and only wish I could have made a greater contribution to the group's thinking and planning.

Enclosed are six copies of our "L" report on the Washington schools.

Call on us any time we may be able to be of assistance to you and your fellow staff members.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures - 6.

Cr. ref.

Young Women's Christian Association of the United States of America
National Student YWCA

YWCA — 600 Lexington Avenue, New York 22, N. Y. — PLaza 3-4700 — Cable: Emissarius, N. Y.

RECEIVED SEP 9 1959

Southern Region
Suite 301, 41 Exchange Place, S.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia
Telephone: Jackson 5-2372

Chairman
Judith F. Hine
Indiana University

Vice Chairmen
Mae C. King
Bishop College
Sonja J. Muelder
Boston University
Marlene Oeschger
Ohio Wesleyan University

Chairman Administrative Committee
Mrs. William Genne

Executive
Edith M. Lerrigo

Associates
Odile Sweeney
Administration and Personnel
Margaret Edmunson Norton
Leadership Development
Jean M. Whittet
Program Development
Celestine L. Smith, Ed. D.
Consultant in Human Relations
Theodora Ninesteel
National Support and Leadership Development
Helen Baird
Administrative Assistant

President, National Board
Lilace Reid Barnes

General Secretary (ad interim)
Mildred H. Esgar

September 8, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Room 432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I want you to know how very happy I was to meet you at our Human Relations Staff Study Consultation held at Lake Forest, Illinois last month. The information and the suggestions which you brought to us were very helpful and I think that all of us wished we could have had you with us for a longer time.

I have just read the Southern Regional Council News Number L-6 under date of July 3, 1959 entitled "The Davis Report and the Truth About the Public School Situation In Washington, D.C." The copy which I read was circulated by the Community Division Office and has been returned to them. However, I should like to have copies for use in my work with the students in the region. Would it be possible for you to send me six copies to the above address.

I shall look forward to the pleasure of seeing you again.

Sincerely yours,
Rosetta E. Gardner

Rosetta Gardner
National Student Secretary
Southern Region

RG:fd

September 10, 1959

Mr. Lawrence V. Willey, Jr.
Executive Director
Center for Field Studies
Harvard University
Spaulding House, 20 Oxford Street
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Dear Mr. Willey:

At the request of Professor D. R. Green, we are sending you two copies of our pamphlet, If the Schools Are Closed... There will be no charge. If additional copies are ordered, the charges will be .25 per copy.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

Mailed separately:
2 copies, If the Schools Are Closed...

MF-file
Info reg. file

HARVARD UNIVERSITY

GRADUATE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION

CENTER FOR FIELD STUDIES

SPAULDING HOUSE, 20 OXFORD STREET
CAMBRIDGE 38, MASSACHUSETTS

August 27, 1959

Dear Professor Green:

Reading in the August 24 issue of Time, I found the very interesting article describing the work which you and Professor Gauerke have been doing on the feasibility of private school plans in public schools of the South. I believe that a pamphlet entitled "If the Schools Are Closed" has been prepared as a result of your study. I would appreciate very much your sending me a copy of this booklet if it can be made available to me and my colleagues here in the Center for Field Studies. In the event there are any charges for printing and handling such a document, please do not hesitate to include an invoice.

Looking forward to receiving the booklet, I remain

Sincerely yours,

Lawrence V. Willey, Jr.
Executive Director
Center for Field Studies

Professor Donald R. Green
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

LVW:blw

MA
MF-file

MISSISSIPPI SOUTHERN COLLEGE

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND PSYCHOLOGY — DEAN

STATION A • BOX 24 • HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI

Info Request File

September 10, 1959

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Will you please send me a copy of the brochure by Greer and Gaverke entitled, "If the Schools are Closed."

Sincerely yours,

Ralph S. Owings

Ralph S. Owings, Dean
School of Education
and Psychology

RSO/sd

September 14, 1959

Professor Ralph S. Owings, Dean
School of Education and Psychology
Mississippi Southern College
Station A, Box 24
Hattisburg, Mississippi

Dear Dean Owings:

We are happy to mail you today a copy of our pamphlet, If the Schools Are Closed... by Professors Green and Gauerke.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

Enclosed:
If the Schools Are Closed...

September 10, 1959

Mrs. Sandra G. Dahm, Secretary
Turnbull Estate Planning Associates
Life Insurance Building
Charlottesville, Virginia

Dear Mrs. Dahm:

We are mailing you today (separately) three copies of our pamphlet, If the Schools Are Closed... There will be no charge. We are also enclosing our mimeographed report L-8A, which gives in brief some of the information in the pamphlet. If additional copies of the pamphlet are ordered, there will be a charge of .25 per copy. Copies of L-8A are free.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

Enclosure: L-8A
Mailed separately: 3 copies, If the Schools Are Closed...

MF-file

PROVIDENT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA

TURNBULL *Estate Planning* ASSOCIATES
LIFE INSURANCE BUILDING
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

KNOX TURNBULL, C. L. U.
GENERAL AGENT

TELEPHONE 2-5104

September 3, 1959

Mr. Donald R. Green and
Mr. Warren E. Gauerke
Emory University
Atlanta 22, Georgia

Gentlemen:

In the August issue of TIME magazine there was an article containing the name of your forty-page pamphlet, "If the Schools are Closed".

Would it be possible for you to send us several of these pamphlets? If so, we shall be glad to send a check upon receipt of your bill.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Sandra G. Dahm

Sandra G. Dahm
Secretary

see L8A

3 ~ 4
+ 8-A

.25, (8-A, 2)

core CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY

A National Organization with affiliated local groups working to abolish racial discrimination by direct, nonviolent methods

38 Park Row COrtlandt 7-0408 New York 38, New York

317 West Bartlette Street
Sumter, South Carolina
September 15, 1959

RECEIVED SEP 16 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Please send me one copy of The Negro And The Ballot In The South, By Margaret Price. When you send the copy, let me know what the price and I shall send it back to you immediately.

I trust the work of the Council is moving along smoothly. I am enjoying my work with the Congress of Racial Equality.

Warmest regards to you the staff and your family.

Sincerely,
James T. McCain
James T. McCain

MF - Pls send him free copy "Compliments" card
Sent 9/17/59

OFFICERS

Charles R. Oldham, *Chairman*
Henry Hodge, *Vice Chairman*
Anna Holden, *Secretary*
Lula Farmer, *Treasurer*

Regional Representatives:
Sayuri Buell
James Farmer
Walter Hayes
George M. Houser
Herbert C. Kelman

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Roger N. Baldwin
Allan Knight Chalmers
Harold Gibbons
E. Stanley Jones
Martin Luther King
Will Maslow
Dorothy Maynor
A. J. Muste
A. Philip Randolph
Ira DeA. Reid
Arnold M. Rose
George S. Schuyler
Lillian Smith
Howard Thurman
Goodwin Watson
Charles S. Zimmerman

STAFF

Gordon R. Carey, *Field Secretary*
James T. McCain, *Field Secretary*
James Peck, *CORElator Editor*
James R. Robinson, *Executive Secretary*

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR AND CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

GEORGE MEANY, PRESIDENT
WM. F. SCHNITZLER, SECRETARY-TREASURER

WALTER P. REUTHER
WM. C. BIRTHRIGHT
DAVID DUBINSKY
EMIL RIEVE
MAURICE A. HUTCHESON
L. S. BUCKMASTER
RICHARD F. WALSH
JAMES A. SUFFRIDGE
PAUL L. PHILLIPS
GEORGE M. HARRISON
JAMES B. CAREY
CHARLES J. MacGOWAN
WM. L. McFETRIDGE
A. J. HAYES
JACOB S. POTOFSKY
LEE W. MINTON
O. A. KNIGHT
PETER T. SCHOEMANN
HARRY C. BATES
WM. C. DOHERTY
DAVID J. McDONALD
JOSEPH CURRAN
JOSEPH D. KEENAN
A. PHILIP RANDOLPH
JOSEPH A. BEIRNE
KARL F. FELLER
L. M. RAFTERY

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

GEORGE MEANY
WALTER P. REUTHER
GEORGE M. HARRISON
JAMES B. CAREY
HARRY C. BATES
DAVID J. McDONALD
DAVID DUBINSKY
WM. F. SCHNITZLER

815 SIXTEENTH STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON 6, D.C. NATIONAL 8-3870

September 15, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

RECEIVED SEP 16 1959

Dear Harold:

Thank you for sending me copies of two reports and thank Emory Via for suggesting it. I would like to order 25 of each of the reports on the attached list for the Civil Rights Department.

Hoping to see you one of these days.

Fraternally yours,

Don Slaiman

Don Slaiman
Assistant Director
Department of Civil Rights

Handled by WD

DS:cr

enc: 1

September 16, 1959

Mr. Lawrence W. Towner
707 Maupin Place
Williamsburg, Virginia

Dear Mr. Towner:

As you requested, we mailed you 50 copies of If the Schools Are Closed, and two copies of The Negro and the Ballot in the South. We hope they arrived in time for your study group meeting on the 16th.

The private school study usually is .25 each, but we are making you a special price of $6.25 in view of your using it as study group material. There is no charge for the two copies of the voting survey; additional copies will be .40 each.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

pkg mailed
9-11-59

M.A.
MF-file

Fl. 6-7337

8 Sept. 1959
707 Maupin Pl.
Williamsburg, Va

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

MA - can we give him a cut-rate price?

Sirs: please send me 50 copies of your recent study of the cost of private schools and 2 of your study on negro voting (New York Times, 8/30/59). I would like to have them before Sept. 16 if possible as our interracial study group meets then. It is the first meeting of the fall & we want to have some good material. Please bill me, or send C.O.D. of your paper.

Cordially yours
Lawrence W. Towner
LAWRENCE W. TOWNER

12.5D
6.29

September 16, 1959

Mr. Edmund D. Campbell
Douglas, O'Bear and Campbell
Southern Building
Washington 5, D.C.

Dear Mr. Campbell:

We are pleased to mail you two copies of our recent publication, If the Schools Are Closed..., as you requested. There is no charge to you. We are also enclosing copies of what we call "L-reports", 1 through 10, and hope you will find them interesting.

We are putting your name on our mailing list to receive the L-reports and all subsequent publications of the research department.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Enclosures:
(2) If the Schools Are Closed
L-Reports, 1 through 10

MA - letter for my signature
MF - file

LAW OFFICES
DOUGLAS, OBEAR & CAMPBELL
SOUTHERN BUILDING
WASHINGTON 5, D. C.
NATIONAL 8-2155

CHAS. A. DOUGLAS (1862-1939)
HUGH H. OBEAR
EDMUND D. CAMPBELL
J. A. MARSHALL
BENJ. W. DULANY
RONALD E. MADSEN

JOHN C. RISTINE
ASSOCIATE TAX COUNSEL

September 10,1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia.

Gentlemen:

no charge

I shall appreciate it if you can send to me a couple of copies of your recent publication "If the Schools are Closed".

For your information, I was one of the attorneys representing the plaintiffs in the case of James v. Almond which, as you know, was tried in the Federal Court in Norfolk last year.

If you have a regular mailing list, I shall be happy to have you put my name on it.

do so - catch up with Report

Sincerely yours,

Edmund D. Campbell

EDC:vp

LWD✓
JCR
MF

Arkansas Gazette.
LITTLE ROCK
ARKANSAS

OFFICE OF THE
PUBLISHER

RECEIVED SEP 18 1959

Info Requests

September 16, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I appreciate being placed on the list to receive the "L" series of the Southern Regional Council, and have reviewed the first nine of these reports with great interest.

Sincerely yours,

Hugh B. Patterson, Jr.

Hugh B. Patterson, Jr.

HBP:mnm

JC

JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS., CHAIRMAN
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO.
JOHN L. MC CLELLAN, ARK.
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
PHILIP A. HART, MICH.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.
WILLIAM LANGER, N. DAK.
EVERETT MC KINLEY DIRKSEN, ILL.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
KENNETH B. KEATING, N.Y.

SUBCOMMITTEE:
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO., CHAIRMAN
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
JOHN L. MC CLELLAN, ARK.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
WILLIAM LANGER, N. DAK.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.

CHARLES H. SLAYMAN, JR.
CHIEF COUNSEL AND STAFF DIRECTOR

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
SUBCOMMITTEE ON CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS
(PURSUANT TO S. RES. 62, 86TH CONGRESS)

September 17, 1959

M.F.

Is this guy on our L list?
HCD

Info Requests

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Would you please enter my subscription for one year for two copies of the magazine NEW SOUTH, and bill the Constitutional Rights Subcommittee, U. S. Senate, Washington 25, D. C.

Sincerely yours,

Charles H. Slayman, Jr.

Charles H. Slayman, Jr.
Chief Counsel and Staff Director

CHS:lg

Put on New South for 2 copies
S.C.

September 17, 1959

Professor H. M. Somers
Chairman, Department of Political Science
Haverford College
Haverford, Pa.

Dear Professor Somers:

We are pleased to send you the three copies of The Negro and the Ballot in the South which you requested for your students.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Mailed separately:
(3) The Negro and the Ballot

MA - letter only
MF - file

HAVERFORD COLLEGE
HAVERFORD, PA.

September 14, 1959

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Thank you very much for sending me a copy of your excellent study, The Negro and the Ballot in the South by Margaret Price.

I would very much like to give my students an opportunity to read this monograph. In order to do so I would like to have about three copies available for them in the library. Would it be possible for you to supply us with copies for that purpose?

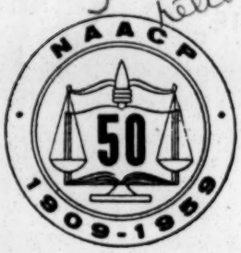
Thank you for your cooperation.

Faithfully,

H. M. Somers

H. M. Somers
Chairman, Department of Political Science

LWD ✓
SCV
return to H.F.



GEORGIA STATE CONFERENCE OF BRANCHES
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE

Please direct reply to:
859½ Hunter Street, N. W.
Room 107
Atlanta 14, Georgia
Telephone: MUrray 8-8869

President
W. W. Law
2009 Florence Street
Savannah, Georgia
ADams 4-6030

Secretary
Dr. C. Clayton Powell
864½ Hunter Street, S. W.
Atlanta 14, Georgia
JAckson 2-5027

Treasurer
E. E. Moore
971 Tebeau Street
Waycross, Georgia
ATwater 3-7981

First Vice President and Voter Registration Chairman
John H. Calhoun, Atlanta

Second Vice President and Housing Chairman
Ralph Quarterman, Allenhurst

Third Vice President and Membership Committee Chairman
Reverend P. A. Patterson, Savannah

Fourth Vice President and Chairman of Finance and Fund-Raising
John Wesley Dobbs, Atlanta

Assistant Secretary
Miss Rosetta Williams, Decatur

Committee Chairmen

Legal Redress
Attorney D. L. Hollowell, Atlanta

Education
Attorney Austin T. Walden, Atlanta

Church Work
Reverend Jesse W. Cook, Marietta

Labor and Industry
James Tyson, Savannah

Special Projects
Hosea L. Williams, Savannah

Public Relations
Walter J. Leonard, Atlanta

Youth Conference President
Benny A. Wright
Morris Brown College
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Youth Advisors
Mrs. L. S. Stell, Jr.
1116 West 51st Street
Savannah, Georgia
Mr. Thomas E. Harris
414 Felton Drive, N. E.
Atlanta 12, Georgia

Field Secretary
Reverend Amos O. Holmes

RECEIVED SEP 21 1959

2009 Florence Street
Savannah, Georgia
September 18, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Just saw copies of your excellent recent publications. I am urgently requesting a copy of each of the following and if there is an accompanying charge, please bill me for same:

(1) IF THE SCHOOLS ARE CLOSED —
A critical analysis of the Private School Plan
by Donald Ross Green and Warren E. Gauerke

(2) INTIMIDATION REPRISAL AND
VIOLENCE IN THE SOUTH'S RACIAL CRISIS

Very truly yours,

Westley W. Law

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE

20 WEST 40th STREET, NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

LOngacre 3-6890

NATIONAL OFFICERS

President
Arthur B. Spingarn

Chairman of the Board
Dr. Channing H. Tobias

Vice-Chairman of the Board
Dr. Robert C. Weaver

Vice-Presidents
M. T. Blanton
Dr. Judah Cahn
Norman Cousins
John Wesley Dobbs
Grace B. Fenderson
Lewis S. Gannett
Oscar Hammerstein, II
John Hammond
Dr. John Haynes Holmes
Dr. William Lloyd Imes
Dr. Allen F. Jackson
Hon. Ira W. Jayne
Eugene M. Martin
Dr. O. Clay Maxwell
L. Pearl Mitchell
Hon. Wayne Morse
T. G. Nutter
A. Philip Randolph
Ike Smalls
Bishop W. J. Walls
Andrew D. Weinberger

Treasurer
Alfred Baker Lewis

Assistant Treasurer
Hon. Theodore Spaulding

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Roy Wilkins — *Executive Secretary*
Robert L. Carter — *General Counsel*
John A. Morsell — *Assistant to the Executive Sec'y*
Clarence Mitchell — *Director, Washington Bureau*
Henry Lee Moon — *Director, Public Relations*

Branch Department

Gloster B. Current — *Director*
Lucille Black — *Membership Secretary*
Ruby Hurley — *Southeastern Regional Secretary*
Franklin H. Williams — *West Coast Regional Sec. Counsel*
Herbert Wright — *Youth Secretary*

Branch Field Secretaries

H. D. Anderson
Calvin D. Banks
Everett Brandon
Colin Cromwell
Serena E. Davis
Medgar W. Evers
Gertrude Gorman
Amos O. Holmes
Clarence A. Laws
Charles A. McLean
Tarea H. Pittman
Robert W. Saunders
E. C. Washington, Jr.

Mildred Bond — *Life Membership Campaign*
Herbert Hill — *Labor Secretary*
James W. Ivy — *Editor, the Crisis*
Edward J. Odum — *Church Secretary*
Jack Wood — *Special Assistant for Housing*

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Atlanta, Ga. — Dr. Benjamin E. Mays
Baltimore, Md. — Lillie M. Jackson, Carl Murphy
Boston, Mass. — Kivie Kaplan
Camden, N. J. — Dr. Ulysses Wiggins
Charlotte, N. C. — Kelly M. Alexander
Chicago, Ill. — Earl B. Dickerson, Wm. Robert Ming, Jr.
Cincinnati, Ohio — Hon. Theodore M. Berry
Cleveland, Ohio — Dr. Nathan K. Christopher
Columbia, S. C. — Rev. James Hinton
Detroit, Mich. — Dr. James J. McClendon, Walter Reuther
East Orange, N. J. — Samuel Williams
Flint, Mich. — Dr. J. Leonides Leach
Fort Worth, Texas — Dr. George D. Flemmings
Greenwich, Conn. — Alfred Baker Lewis
Kansas City, Mo. — Hon. Carl R. Johnson
Little Rock, Ark. — Daisy Bates
Lake Charles, La. — Doretha Combre
Los Angeles, Calif. — Dr. H. Claude Hudson, Loren Miller
Meridian, Miss. — C. R. Darden
Nashville, Tenn. — Z. Alexander Looby
New York, N. Y. — Dr. Algernon D. Black, Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, Hon. Hubert T. Delany, Max Delson, Dr. Buell Gallagher, George K. Hunton, Hon. Herbert H. Lehman, Eleanor Roosevelt, Amy E. Spingarn, Arthur B. Spingarn, Dr. Channing H. Tobias, Dr. Robert C. Weaver
Oak Bluffs, Mass. — Dr. S. Ralph Harlow
Oklahoma City, Okla. — Roscoe Dunjee
Philadelphia, Pa. — Dr. Harry J. Greene, Hon. Theodore Spalding
Pittsburgh, Pa. — Betty Lou Glaser, Daisy E. Lampkin, Jessie M. Vann
Richmond, Va. — Dr. J. M. Tinsley
Savannah, Ga. — Westley W. Law
Stamford, Conn. — Jackie Robinson
Washington, D. C. — Dr. W. Montague Cobb, Rt. Rev. Stephen Gill Spottswood

NATIONAL LEGAL COMMITTEE

Lloyd Garrison, New York, N. Y., *Chairman*

Atlanta, Ga. — A. T. Walden
Birmingham, Ala. — Arthur D. Shores
Boston, Mass. — Herbert E. Tucker, Jr.
Cambridge, Mass. — Benjamin Kaplan
Charleston, W. Va. — T. G. Nutter
Chicago, Ill. — Earl B. Dickerson, Sidney A. Jones, Jr., Karl N. Llewellyn, Wm. Robert Ming Jr., Loring B. Moore
Cincinnati, Ohio — Hon. Theodore M. Berry
Dallas, Texas — W. J. Durham
Erie, Pa. — William F. Illig
Houston, Texas — Arthur J. Mandell
Ithaca, N. Y. — Milton R. Konvitz
Kansas City, Mo. — Hon. Carl R. Johnson
Los Angeles, Calif. — Robert W. Kenny, Loren Miller
Nashville, Tenn. — Z. Alexander Looby
New Orleans, La. — A. P. Tureaud
New York, N. Y. — Charles Ballon, Harry Bragg, Bartley Crum, Morris L. Ernst, Osmond K. Fraenkel, James Marshall, Louis Pollak, Shad Polier, Samuel I. Rosenman, Jawn Sandifer, Andrew D. Weinberger, Herman Zand
Philadelphia, Pa. — William Coleman
Richmond, Va. — Oliver W. Hill, Spottswood W. Robinson, III
Sacramento, Calif. — Nathaniel Colley
St. Louis, Mo. — Sidney R. Redmond
Tulsa, Okla. — Amos T. Hall
Washington, D. C. — George E. C. Hayes, George M. Johnson, Edward P. Lovett, James M. Nabrit, Frank D. Reeves, Ruth Weyand
Wilmington, Del. — Louis L. Redding

NATIONAL HEALTH COMMITTEE

Dr. W. Montague Cobb, Washington, D. C., *Chairman*

Dr. Joseph B. Robinson
Dr. Edward L. Young
Dr. Ulysses Wiggins
Dr. A. M. Mackel
Dr. A. W. Mercer
Dr. Nathan Christopher
Dr. James E. Levy
Dr. James J. McClendon
Dr. J. Leonidas Leach
Dr. Allen F. Jackson
Dr. Murray B. Davis
Dr. A. Porter Davis
Dr. Emory I. Robinson
Dr. Maurice F. Rabb
Dr. Ernest R. Alexander
Dr. Viola W. Bernard
Dr. Russell L. Cecil
Dr. Harold L. Ellis
Dr. Henry C. Falk
Dr. Myra Logan
Judge Myles A. Paige
Dr. C. B. Powell
Dr. Theodore M. Sanders
Dr. Robert S. Wilkinson
Dr. A. C. Terrance
Dr. Harry J. Greene
Dr. J. M. Tinsley
Dr. Harry T. Penn
Dr. James Aldrich
Dr. Arthur Townsend, Jr.
Dr. C. Austin Whittier
Dr. R. C. Bryant
Dr. Millard Dean
Dr. Joseph G. Gathings
Dr. C. Herbert Marshall
Dr. Edward C. Mazique

Official Organ: The Crisis

September 22, 1959

Mr. Westley W. Law
2009 Florence Street
Savannah, Georgia

Dear Mr. Law:

In reply to your letter of September 18, I am sending you separately copies of the recent publications requested. I am glad to send them with our compliments.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

MF

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter

NL = Night Letter

LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

AA07 DB343 Info requests

D AUA571 PD=FAX AUSTIN TEX 22 353PMC= 1959 SEP 22 PM 5 11

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL=

63 AUBURN AVE NE ATLA=

PLEASE SEND US SIX COPIES OF "THE NEGRO AND THE BALLOT IN THE SOUTH" BY MARGARET PRICE AND BILL US FOR SAME=

SHERMAN A MILES DIRECTOR LEGISLATIVE AND POLITICAL ACTIVITIES TEXAS STATE AFL-CIO 402 W 13 ST AUSTIN TEX.

Sent 9/23/59

JA 2-8764
Da 525p

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

September 23, 1959

Mr. Francis M. Wilhoit
Department of Government
University of Miami
Coral Gables 46, Florida

Dear Mr. Wilhoit:

You should have received by now a copy of our latest voter registration report. I have also asked that you be placed on our mailing list to receive future publications.

It is good to hear from you again after so long a time. I hope your dissertation in published form will enjoy the respect and attention it deserves.

Whenever you are in Atlanta, be sure to pay us a call.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

LWDV
JC

UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI
CORAL GABLES 46, FLORIDA

Return HCF for reply

RECEIVED SEP 16 1959

Dr. Francis M. Wilhoit
U. of Miami Govt. Dept.
Coral Gables 46, Florida

DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT

September 14, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Please do

I am trying to get my dissertation ("The Politics of Desegregation in Georgia") ready for publication and would appreciate it if you would send me a copy of your latest publication, THE NEGRO AND THE BALLOT IN THE SOUTH. I have been told that this is an excellent survey.

I would also appreciate it if you would put me on your mailing list. When I was writing my thesis, I often heard from you; we seem to have lost touch.

OK. 9/17/59 JC

Thanks for your many past kindnesses and services and highest regards.

Very sincerely,

Francis M. Wilhoit

Francis M. Wilhoit,
Dept. of Government

FMW/mj

September 24, 1959

Mr. Charles H. Slayman, Jr.
Chief Counsel and Staff Director
Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights
of Committee on the Judiciary
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Slayman:

We are pleased to send you the pamphlets you requested. There is no charge.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Mailed separately:
6 - The Negro Voter in the South
2 - Three Views of the Segregation Decisions
2 - What the Supreme Court Said
2 - Changing Patterns in the New South
1 - Safety, Security, and the South

MF file

LWD

JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS., CHAIRMAN
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO.
JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
PHILIP A. HART, MICH.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.
WILLIAM LANGER, N. DAK.
EVERETT MCKINLEY DIRKSEN, ILL.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
KENNETH B. KEATING, N.Y.

SUBCOMMITTEE:
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO., CHAIRMAN
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
WILLIAM LANGER, N. DAK.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.

CHARLES H. SLAYMAN, JR.
CHIEF COUNSEL AND STAFF DIRECTOR

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
SUBCOMMITTEE ON CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS
(PURSUANT TO S. RES. 62, 86TH CONGRESS)

September 17, 1959

Info Requests

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me the latest editions of the following:

6 copies	THE NEGRO VOTER IN THE SOUTH, Margaret Price(1959)
2 copies	THREE VIEWS OF THE SEGREGATION DECISIONS
2 copies	WHAT THE SUPREME COURT SAID, Robert A. Lefflar
2 copies	CHANGING PATTERNS IN THE NEW SOUTH
1 copy	SAFETY, SECURITY, AND THE SOUTH, Miller & Hill.

Please bill the Senate Constitutional Rights Subcommittee, 104B Senate Office Building, Washington 25, D. C.

Sincerely yours,

Charles H. Slayman, Jr.

Charles H. Slayman, Jr.
Chief Counsel and Staff Director

CHS:lg

September 25, 1959

Dr. E. Clinton Gardner
School of Theology
Emory University
Atlanta 22, Georgia

Dear Dr. Gardner:

In Mr. Fleming's absence, I am pleased to send you three copies of "If the Schools are Closed," with our compliments.

If additional copies are needed, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF

EMORY UNIVERSITY
ATLANTA 22, GEORGIA

CANDLER SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY

September 24, 1959

RECEIVED SEP 25 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

If copies of the report by Professors Green and Gauerke entitled "If the Schools are Closed: A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan" are available for distribution, please send me three (3) of the same. I would like one copy for personal use and two for use in the Library.

If there is a charge for this report, please inclose a bill for the above copies.

Sincerely yours,

Clinton

E. Clinton Gardner

ECG:ej

September 25, 1959

Mr. Vernon A. Eagle
Executive Director
New World Foundation
120 South La Salle Street
Chicago 3, Illinois

Dear Mr. Eagle:

In Mr. Fleming's absence I am responding to your letter of yesterday.

Your request for "If the Schools are Closed" and our special background report is appreciated. However, I must report that our supply of the latter is thoroughly exhausted. We are making a special effort, in the next day or so, to do a second running of the Background Report and, at that time, I shall be happy to send five copies on to you.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF/
P. S. I am sending on to you today the five copies of "If the Schools are Closed."

THE NEW WORLD FOUNDATION
120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO 3, ILLINOIS

RECEIVED SEP 25 1959

VERNON A. EAGLE
Executive Director

September 24, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Would you be good enough to send us five copies of your "If the Schools are Closed" and your Special Report of August 10, 1959 entitled "A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60." I would like to send these to the members of our Board.

Best regards,

Vernon

September 25, 1959

Mrs. June Barnes
Turnbull Estate Planning Associates
Life Insurance Building
Charlottesville, Virginia

Dear Mrs. Barnes:

We are mailing you today the requested 18 copies of If the Schools Are Closed...; thank you for the check in payment.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

Mailed separately:
18 - If the Schools Are Closed

MF, file

PROVIDENT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA

TURNBULL *Estate Planning* ASSOCIATES
LIFE INSURANCE BUILDING
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

KNOX TURNBULL, C. L. U.
GENERAL AGENT

TELEPHONE 2-5104

September 24, 1959

Mrs. Edward A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432 - 63 Auburn Avenue, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Albright:

Please send me eighteen (18) copies of the booklet, "If the Schools are Closed".

Enclosed is a check for $4.50 to cover charges for the booklets.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

June Barnes

(Mrs.) June Barnes
Secretary

Mailed - 9-25-59

4.25
.18
2.00
.25
$4.50

MF file

September 25, 1959

Mr. J. Irving E. Scott
Director of Education in Negro Schools
The Board of Public Instruction
of Duval County
P. O. Box 4756
Jacksonville 2, Florida

Dear Mr. Scott:

We are pleased to mail you today the requested 100 copies of Report L-8, "Race and Intelligence".

On the chance that you may not have seen them, we are taking the liberty of enclosing Reports L-6 and L-10.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Adm. Sec., Research

Enc: L-6, L-10
Mailed separately:
100 copies L-8

BOARD MEMBERS
MARTINEZ BAKER — RAYMOND A. DAVID — WM. L. QUEEN — NED P. SEARCY — A. E. STOKES
TRUSTEES
MORGAN F. JONES JAMES M. CHUPP MARVIN C. HARDIN, JR.

THE BOARD OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
OF DUVAL COUNTY

ISH BRANT
SUPERINTENDENT

NEW COUNTY COURTHOUSE, P. O. BOX 4758
JACKSONVILLE 2, FLORIDA

L. O. CALHOUN
DIRECTOR OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS

September 24, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Will you please mail to me 100 extra copies of the statement on "Race and Intelligence" - Report No. L-8?

Appreciating your prompt reply, I am

Very truly yours,

J. Irving E. Scott

J. Irving E. Scott
Director of Education in Negro Schools

JIES:vcg

Sent 100 copies
9-25-59
mga

HcF
MF-file

WASHINGTON D.C. SEP 29 '59 U.S. POSTAGE 04

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

CBS NEWS

Broadcast House, Washington 16 Emerson 2-9300

WASHINGTON BUREAU
Howard K. Smith

Sept. 29, 1959

Dear Mr. Constable,

In the absence of Mr. Smith who is currently on assignment in India, I would like to thank you for your kindness in sending us the literature that we had requested from your office.

As you know, Mr. Smith used some of this information in preparing one of his analyses on the Doug Edwards program.

Thank you again.

Sincerely,

Patricia Dobroski

Patricia Dobroski
Secretary

pd

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Howard K. Smith

WASHINGTON BUREAU *Broadcast House, Washington 16, D. C.*

WINSTON-SALEM JOURNAL
TWIN CITY SENTINEL
JOURNAL SUNDAY AND SENTINEL
PIEDMONT PUBLISHING COMPANY, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

MF - Please send with my compliments. H.

2 October 1959

Sent 10/7/59 mf.

RECEIVED OCT 5 1959

Dear Harold:

Could you send me another copy of your report on "The Negro and the Ballot in the South"? I'll appreciate it.

Sincerely yours,

Reed Sarratt

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

October 8, 1959

Professor Hayden C. Bryant
Director, Teacher Education
Mercer University
Macon, Georgia

Dear Professor Bryant:

We are pleased to mail you today the requested two copies of If the Schools Are Closed. There is no charge. If additional copies are desired, the cost is .25 each.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Mailed separately:
2 - If the Schools Are Closed

MF
spec. file

MERCER UNIVERSITY
MACON, GEORGIA

October 7, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I understand that you are the publishers of the pamphlet, "If the Schools are Closed" by Drs. Green and Gauerke. I would like to have two copies of this work and shall appreciate it if you will send them to me. If there is any charge for the the pamphlet, I, of course, expect to pay it.

Yours truly,
Hayden C. Bryant
Hayden C. Bryant, Director
Teacher Education

HCB:bsp

HF ✓
BM
MF-file

City Public Schools
NASHVILLE 3, TENN.

October 15, 1959
(Dictated October 13, 1959)

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I wish to thank you for your letter of October 7 and for the materials which you sent me. I find both reports very interesting. Every good wish to you.

Yours very truly,

Wm. Henry Oliver

Wm. Henry Oliver
Superintendent of City Schools

WHO:mm

MA - letter only file
MF

Republican National Committee

1625 EYE STREET, NORTHWEST • WASHINGTON 6, D. C. • NATIONAL 8-6800

THRUSTON B. MORTON
CHAIRMAN

October 16, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send to us a copy of the most recent survey which you have made on the subject of Negro registration in Southern states. From press reports I believe that you issued something on this matter about six weeks ago. We shall be happy to pay any charges involved upon receipt of this document.

Sincerely yours,

William B. Prendergast

William B. Prendergast,
Associate Director of Research

WBP:B

MA. send-no charge ✓ of
HE - know these people. no. ✓
MA - file

LAW OFFICES
COVINGTON, KILPATRICK & STOREY
SUCCESSORS TO LEON & DEAN COVINGTON
DEMPSEY-COVINGTON BUILDING
200 FIFTH AVENUE
ROME, GEORGIA

LEON COVINGTON
1889-1949
DEAN COVINGTON
JAMES B. KILPATRICK
BRYAN M. STOREY

CHARLES J. DRIEBE

TELEPHONE
8131 — 7554

October 21, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me one copy of your recent publication "The Negro and the Ballot in the South". Should there be any charge, let me know.

Yours very truly,

Charles J. Driebe

Charles J. Driebe

CJD/f

October 21, 1959

Mr. William B. Prendergast
Associate Director of Research
Republican National Committee
1625 Eye Street, Northwest
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Mr. Prendergast:

We are pleased to mail you our pamphlet, The Negro and the Ballot in the South, which was released the first week of September 1959. There is no charge.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Mailed separately:
The Negro and the Ballot

October 21, 1959

Professor Robert Runo
Department of Political Science
Roosevelt University
430 South Michigan Avenue
Chicago 5, Illinois

Dear Professor Runo:

We are pleased to mail you, under separate cover, the requested 15 copies of The Negro and the Ballot in the South. There is no charge, since you are using them in one of your classes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD;a

Mailed separately:
15 - The Negro and the Ballot

MA - letter
MF - file

Roosevelt University
430 SOUTH MICHIGAN AVENUE
CHICAGO 5, ILLINOIS

TELEPHONE
WABASH 2-3580

October 15, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am considering using your 1959 booklet The Negro and the Ballot in the South by Margaret Price in one of my classes this current semester. How much would 15 copies cost?

Sincerely,

Robert Runo (per JM)

Robert Runo
Associate Professor of
Political Science

rr:jm

reply: no charge for the number for class use

HF ✓
MF file

THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA
COLLEGE OF EDUCATION
ATHENS, GEORGIA

October 24,1959

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Director of Research
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I appreciate very much your cordial and helpful letter of October 20, 1959, furnishing further suggestions concerning sources of information about non-public schools. I am confident that your suggestions will be of value to us as we continue our investigation of private schools in Georgia.

Cordially yours,

James E. Greene

James E. Greene, Chairman
Division of Graduate Studies
College of Education

JEG:hm

cc: Dean J. A. Dotson
Dr. James Owen
Dr. Doyne M. Smith
Mr. Aubrey Finch
SSU File

the mysterious but interesting study goes on.
(why so many c.c's?)
They're building a dossier.
H.

MA - letter my reg
MF - file

Halifax County Public Schools

OFFICE OF DIVISION SUPERINTENDENT

Halifax, Virginia

October 24, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I seem to have in my file Reports # L - 6, 8, 9, and 10, but am short on the first 5 and report #7. If you have these copies available, I would appreciate it if you will forward same to me.

Cordially yours,

R. L. Lacy

R. L. Lacy
Division Superintendent

RLL/fhv

October 26, 1959

Mr. R. L. Lacy
Division Superintendent
Halifax County Public Schools
Halifax, Virginia

Dear Mr. Lacy:

We are pleased to send you copies of our Leadership Reports one through five and report No. L-7.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Mailed separately:
L Reports 1-5, and 7

JC ✓
PR ✓
MA - file

Women's Emergency Committee
FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS
P. O. BOX 3244 FOREST HEIGHTS STATION
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

October 28, 1959

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

We again assure you of our deep appreciation of your interest in our Little Rock Report - and our gratitude for your sending this information to so many places we could not hope to reach. You may be interested to know that we have had orders for the complete report from two Chambers of Commerce - Greensboro, N. C. and Temple, Texas, and I suspect we owe this to you.

Thank you for sending us the five copies of your Report L - 11. We would be very happy to have ten more copies if they are still available.

And could you say to Mr. John Constable that we are indeed interested in the reprint from the Atlanta Journal of October 22 - and appreciate his thoughtfulness in sending it to us.

There is another message you might deliver for us to one of your field representatives - Mr. Rilling. I am sorry to have missed his call, but Mrs. Samuel, our Executive Secretary, gave us an enthusiastic report of his visit. He was much impressed with a cartoon of Governor Faubus entitled Commonwealth College - Class of '32 and asked that we obtain copies for him. We find they are not available at the moment but a re-run is anticipated and as soon as we can obtain them, we'll send them along.

If it is a nuisance for you to deliver these messages, please do say so frankly and we'll gladly write Mr. Constable and Mr. Rilling directly.

Thank you again for all your kindness to us.

Sincerely yours,

Vivion L. Brewer

Mrs. Joe R. Brewer
Chairman

DEMOCRATS OF TEXAS

P. O. BOX 198 AUSTIN 62, TEXAS

MRS. R. D. RANDOLPH
HOUSTON
CHAIRMAN

ALEX DICKIE, JR.
DENTON
VICE-CHAIRMAN

CREEKMORE FATH
AUSTIN
SECRETARY-TREASURER

October 29, 1959

MA - letter only
MF - file

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I would like to get three copies of your pamphlet, "The Negro and the Ballot in the South," by Margaret Price.

Will you please send three copies to me at P.O.Box 198, Austin 62, Texas. If there is any cost, just let us know and we will send you a check by return mail.

no charge

Sincerely,

Creekmore Fath

Creekmore Fath
Secretary-Treasurer

October 30, 1959

Mr. Creekmore Fath
Secretary-Treasurer
Democrats of Texas
P. O. Box 198
Austin 62, Texas

Dear Mr. Fath:

We are pleased to mail you, separately, three copies of The Negro and the Ballot in the South, as you requested. There is no charge; if additional copies are ordered, they will be .40 each.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Special file

EMORY UNIVERSITY
EMORY UNIVERSITY, GEORGIA

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

October 30, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Please accept my personal thanks to you and the members of your staff in the pamphlet, "The Negro and the Ballot" by Margaret Price. I appreciate your thoughtfulness in this matter very much and am using this material in class.

With kindest personal regards.

Sincerely yours,

Lynwood M. Holland

LMH/lc

Lynwood M. Holland
Chairman

Materials sent:
Latest New South
New South Promotion
Negro and the Ballot
Violence Report
If the Schools Are Closed...
Economic Effects of School Closings
Why are You Fearful?

November 2, 1959

Rev. Gordon E. Watt
Church of God in Christ, Inc.
78 Olney Street
Providence, Rhode Island

Dear Mr. Watt:

Thank you for your letter concerning the Council and its work. I am sending you, under separate cover, some information on the Council plus some of our recent literature. I am also placing your name on our mailing list for future material.

You may be interested in our magazine, New South, the latest copy which I am enclosing. The mailing list I have placed you on entitles you to receive all of our material excluding New South.

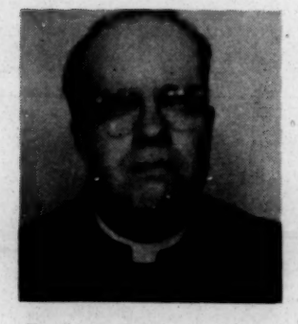
Best wishes for you and your organization.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC;lec

Tel. DExter 1-0255
Mailing Address Box 1103
Executive Secretary
Nova Scotia, Canada
District Superintendent of R. I.
Northern District
Public Relations Director
New England
Dominion of Canada
Editor and Publisher
of
"The Church of God
in Christ Messenger"



Rev. Gordon E. Watt
Says —
"God Wants YOU in
His Service"
Assistant Pastor
Christ Holy Temple
Providence, R. I.

Blessed is he that considereth the poor. The Lord will deliver him in the time of trouble. Psalm 41:1

REV. GORDON E. WATT
CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST, INC.
OFFICE and STUDY, 78 OLNEY STREET
PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

Oct. 30, 1959

Dear Sir;

Would like to receive information and literature concerning the "Southern Regional Council".

For the past several years I have been quite active in trying to break down racial prejudice. It is difficult but I never give up.

I have organized "The American Committee For Human Relations" which holds Forums and Group discussions to try to educate people about other races.

Would like to receive your literature and hear from you.

Sincerely

Rev. Gordon E. Watt
Founder & Director
"The American Committee For Human Relations".

Special file

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN
SOUTH HALL
MADISON 6, WISCONSIN

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

3 November 1959

Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Sir:

I should like first to thank you very much indeed for sending me a copy of your Report to the Southern Regional Council, dated October 19, 1959, which I read with great interest.

I noted in your Report a reference on p. 14 to a publication of your organization entitled, INTIMIDATION REPRISAL AND VIOLENCE IN THE SOUTH'S RACIAL CRISIS. As a professor of constitutional law whose major interest is in the civil rights field, I would like to have a copy of this study, and I would appreciate your sending me one. Of course, if there is a charge, I shall be glad to pay: please bill me accordingly.

Mailed 11/5/59 mf.

Sincerely yours,

David Fellman

David Fellman
Professor

E72's addition to our "Friends" list
mf.

Correspon

Jacksonville Free Public Library
101 EAST ADAMS ST., JACKSONVILLE 2, FLORIDA

November 3, 1959

Mrs. Marge Manderson
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Manderson:

Thank you for your letter of October 30 with its enclosures.

We owe you another vote of thanks for an excellent research job. Our Reference Department was very pleased to receive this information.

If the newspaper uses an editorial based on your facts, I will be sure to send you a clipping.

Thank you again for your prompt assistance.

Sincerely yours,

Gretchen Conduitte
(Mrs.) Gretchen Conduitte
Community Relations Librarian

GC/scg

MA - send invoice
MF - file

COUNTY OF BEXAR

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

ALBERT A. PEÑA, JR.
COMMISSIONER PRECINCT NO. 1
SAN ANTONIO 5, TEXAS

NOVEMBER 9, 1959

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 AUBURN AVE N E
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

DEAR SIR:

PLEASE SEND ME A COPY OF THE NEGRO AND THE BALLOT IN THE SOUTH BY MARGARET PRICE AND BILL ME LATER.

VERY TRULY YOURS,

Albert A. Peña Jr

ALBERT A PENA, JR
COUNTY COMMISSIONER
PRECINCT # 1

AP/JI

November 13, 1959

Mr. Albert A. Pena, Jr.
County Commissioner, Precinct No. 1
San Antonio 5, Texas

Dear Mr. Pena:

We are mailing you under separate cover the requested copy of The Negro and the Ballot in the South. There is no charge, to you; additional copies will be .40 each.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Administrative Secretary
Research

Copy of letter given to LWD for action
PA

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

November 16, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Commission on Civil Rights is contemplating a study of racial discrimination in public transportation including facilities at terminals. It is our understanding that your Council has published a special report entitled "Waiting Room Practices in 21 Southern Cities". We would appreciate it very much if you would forward a copy of this report together with any other information you have available concerning current practices of racial discrimination in public transportation. We would particularly like to know which southern states make a distinction between intra and inter state travel. The states for which we are seeking information are:

Alabama	Oklahoma
Arkansas	North Carolina
Georgia	South Carolina
Florida	Tennessee
Kentucky	Virginia
Louisiana	Texas
Mississippi	

Information regarding desegration activities in public transportation in the above states will also be appreciated.

Your cooperation in this matter will materially aid the Commission in its study.

Sincerely yours

Rufus C. Kuykendall

Rufus C. Kuykendall
Assistant Director
Office of Laws, Plans
and Research

VIA AIR MAIL

November 18, 1959

Mr. Theodore Leskes
The American Jewish Committee
Institute of Human Relations
165 East 56th Street
New York 22, New York

Dear Ted:

Our most recent material on Negro suffrage is the enclosed report. We have a goodly supply, so I am sending 100 copies to Dean Hyman with our compliments.

I have been invited to the Seminar, which sounds quite interesting, and suppose I will attend.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Voting Pamphlet)

THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE

Institute of Human Relations • 165 East 56 Street, New York 22, N. Y. • Plaza 1-4000 • Cable Wishcom, New York

November 11, 1959

Dear Harold:

The University of Buffalo is planning a Seminar on Civil Rights for some time in the middle of December. One of the sessions will be devoted to a discussion of the problem of voting rights.

Has the Southern Regional Council produced any pamphlets or mimeographed material on the subject of voting rights which might be useful as a background piece for such a Seminar? If so, would it be possible for you to send 100 copies to: Dean J. D. Hyman, University of Buffalo, School of Law, Buffalo 2, New York?

Spoke 11/18/59

If the Southern Regional Council does not have any such material available, do you know where we may secure it?

Warmest personal regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

Ted

Theodore Leskes

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

TL:fbw

HERBERT B. EHRMANN, President
FREDERICK F. GREENMAN, Chm., Executive Board
MILTON WEILL, Chm., Administrative Board
WILLIAM ROSENWALD, Chm., Nat'l. Advisory Council
MAURICE GLINERT, Treasurer
ARTHUR D. LEIDESDORF, Associate Treasurer
JULIUS S. LOEWENTHAL, Secretary
JOHN SLAWSON, Executive Vice-President

JACOB BLAUSTEIN, Honorary President
IRVING M. ENGEL, Honorary President
JOSEPH M. PROSKAUER, Honorary President
HERBERT H. LEHMAN, Honorary Vice-President
SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF, Honorary Vice-President
RALPH E. SAMUEL, Honorary Vice-President
HORACE STERN, Honorary Vice-President
FRED LAZARUS, JR., Hon. Chm., Nat'l. Advis. Council
ELY M. AARON, Chicago, Vice-President

JOSEPH M. BERNE, Cleveland, Vice-President
MAX H. BLOCK, Seattle, Vice-President
JULIUS H. COHN, Newark, Vice-President
WILLIAM P. ENGEL, Birmingham, Vice-President
MARTIN GANG, Los Angeles, Vice-President
JACK A. GOLDFARB, New York, Vice-President
J. M. KAPLAN, New York, Vice-President
JAMES MARSHALL, New York, Vice-President
BARON deHIRSCH MEYER, Miami, Vice-President
A. M. SONNABEND, Boston, Vice-President

November 23, 1959

Mr. J. G. Towles
P. O. Box 7343
Dallas 9, Texas

Dear Mr. Towles:

Enclosed is some information concerning the Council plus a copy of our latest publication NEW SOUTH.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec
Enclosures

P. O. Box 7343
Dallas 9, Texas
November 19, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Will you please send me literature about your Organization.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,
J. G. Cowles

LWD ✓
JC ✓
Please return for filing
mf

December 9, 1959

Mr. C. A. Hicks
Supervisor of Instruction
Department of Education
State of Arkansas
Education Building
Little Rock, Arkansas

Dear Mr. Hicks:

In response to your request of December 7, I am happy to send you separately two copies of our publication "If the Schools Are Closed" by Professors Green and Gauerke. These are sent to you with our compliments.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Dear Mr. Hicks:

In response to your request of December 7, I am happy to send you separately two copies of our publication "If the Schools Are Closed" by Professors Green and Gauerke. These are sent to you with our compliments.

Sincerely yours,

HCF

MF-- Please send pamphlets separately.

Letter should be seen by LWD + JC + filed in significant requests file.

State of Arkansas
DEPARTMENT of EDUCATION
EDUCATION BUILDING LITTLE ROCK

December 7, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Secretary
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Please send me two copies of the recent study made by your organization entitled "If the Schools are Closed--A Critical Analysis of Private School Plan."

Remittance for the cost of this material will be forwarded on receipt of bill.

Very truly yours,

C. A. Hicks

C. A. Hicks
Supervisor of Instruction

CAH:zw

MA
sent 12-28

DYERSBURG CITY SCHOOLS
J. C. Maddox, Superintendent
DYERSBURG, TENNESSEE

BOARD OF EDUCATION
DR. J. M. GUTTERY, President
GERON BROWN
FRED CHILDRESS
O. B. LOCKLEAR
CHARLES MOORE
P. C. RHEA

December 12, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me the full text of the program, "Did You Find That There Was Much Difference In The Ability Of Negro Children To Receive And Profit By Instruction, featuring Omer Carmichael. I would also like to have a transcript of Dr Hansen's program.

Sincerely,

J. C. Maddox, Superintendent
Dyersburg City Schools
Dyersburg, Tennessee

LWD ✓
PA
MF
MA ✓

F.Y.I.

THE FIELD FOUNDATION, INC.
250 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 17

December 21, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

May I have five additional copies of Report No. L-13 on Dr. Carmichael?

Best wishes for Christmas.

Sincerely,

Max

Maxwell Hahn
Executive Vice President

Noted w/ ||

next year!

December 21, 1959

Mr. Reed Sarratt
Piedmont Publishing Company
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Dear Reed:

I am glad to send you the enclosed copy of the interview with Superintendent Hansen on an Atlanta television station. The text of the Carmichael telecast will be ready in a day or two, at which time I will forward a copy to you.

Sent mf 12/24/59

My best regards and good wishes of the Season.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Hansen transcript)

WINSTON-SALEM JOURNAL
TWIN CITY SENTINEL
JOURNAL SUNDAY AND SENTINEL
PIEDMONT PUBLISHING COMPANY, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

18 December 1959

Dear Harold:

I found the excerpts from Superintendent Carmichael's television discussion most interesting, and would like to have the full texts of his interview and of the one with Superintendent Hansen.

Seasons greetings.

Sincerely yours,

Reed Sarratt

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

MA
ans 12-28

RACE RELATIONS DEPARTMENT

AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION DIVISION
BOARD OF HOME MISSIONS, CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES
FISK UNIVERSITY OFFICE
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

HERMAN H. LONG, DIRECTOR

JOHN HOPE, II
DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

December 21, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Would you be good enough to send to the Race Relations Department one copy each of the following:

Full text of the program of televised panel discussion in Atlanta on September 13, on which Dr. Omer Carmichael was a panelist.

Transcript of Dr. Carl Hansen's program on May 3.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

H. M. Perry

(Mrs.) H. M. Perry
Administrative Secretary

MA
sent - 12-28

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

December 21, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We would very much like to obtain one (1) copy each of the full text of the program and the transcript of Dr. Hansen's televised panel discussion on the subject; "Did you find that there was much difference in the ability of Negro children to receive and profit by Instruction?"

A self-addressed label is enclosed for your convenience. If there is any charge for this material, please address your bill to the Commission on Civil Rights, 726 jackson Plact, N.W., Washington 25, D.C.

Thanking you in advance for your help, I am

Sincerely yours,

Garland W. O'Donnell

(Mrs) Garland W. O'Donnell
Commission on Civil Rights
Library

/gwo
Encl: 2

AMERICAN FRIENDS SERVICE COMMITTEE, Incorporated

Baton Rouge Office • 1608 Government Street • Baton Rouge 2, La. • DI 2-2157

December 21, 1959

MA
sent 12-28

(please keep a record on number requests we get for these)

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please send me single copies of full text of Dr. Owen Carmichael and other panelist's September 13, 1959 TV. discussion. Also single copies of transcript of Dr. Carl F. Housin's program.

Sincerely,

Wade Mackie

Wade Mackie

WM/ygc

MA

DENISON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Office of the Superintendent
H. W. Goodgion

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING
800 South Mirick Avenue
DENISON, TEXAS

Telephone
Homestead 5-4244

Sent 12-28

December 21, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Thanks very much for sending a copy of Report No. L-13, dated December 15, 1959.

I found it most interesting and would like very much to have a copy of the transcript of Dr. Hansen's program.

Very truly yours,

H. W. Goodgion

H. W. Goodgion
Superintendent of Schools

al/

MA ✓
MM ✓ LWD ✓
Ltr to MF (file)

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

MANPOWER, PERSONNEL AND RESERVE

22 December 1959

Dear Dr. Fleming:

We thank you for Report L-13 which adds significantly to our volume containing this series of reports.

We hope you can furnish us with one copy each of the full text of the interviews with Dr. Hansen and with Dr. Carmichael. I am sure these will prove to be increasingly valuable.

Mc
Sent
1/60

In this connection you must be gratified with the impact of the Socio-Economic rationale as set forth in Report L-11, as such findings become manifest to citizens in all parts of the country.

The relevance of the People-to-People items may seem remote. However, as we express our good will abroad, our motivation is frequently questioned in view of news items of social import from the States. From this point of view you may find these People-to-People notes interesting.

The item in the REGISTER is not our own. We have protested the capitalization, but have not been disposed to take issue otherwise with this treatment of our area of concern.

Seasons greetings and we hope that all goes well.

Sincerely yours,

JAMES C. EVANS
Civilian Assistant

Enclosures

Dr. Harold G. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

file

City Public Schools

NASHVILLE 3, TENN.

December 23, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I wish to thank you for the copy, which I received today, of Dr. Carmichael's statement made at a television panel discussion in Atlanta. It is very interesting. Thanks again.

Yours very truly,

Wm. Henry Oliver

Wm. Henry Oliver
Superintendent of City Schools

WHO:jc

G. MENNEN WILLIAMS
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN

COMMISSION
HARRY J. KELLEY, CHAIRMAN
ALEX FULLER, VICE CHAIRMAN
MRS. ANNE H. COOK, SECRETARY
REV. FR. JOHN F. FINNEGAN
LOUIS ROSENZWEIG
REV. ALLAN A. ZAUN

MA
ent-12-28

FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES COMMISSION

129 MASON BUILDING
LANSING, MICHIGAN

900 CADILLAC SQUARE BUILDING, DETROIT 26, MICHIGAN
TELEPHONE: DETROIT WO 2-6680 — EXT. 43 LANSING: IV 5-8144 — EXT. 453

Please Reply: Detroit December 23, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Friends:

Thank you for your report number L-13 just received. Not only was the content interesting but extremely relevant to a project undertaken by a research committee of which I am a member. This committee is concerned with the general area of teaching practices in intergroup relations situations and is anxious to obtain material providing any clues and insights in this matter.

In order to save SRC some money, I am having the above report mimeographed in our office for the use of all the committee members. Could you also supply us with one or more copies of the full text of the program, particularly the interview with Dr. Carl Hansen? If it is possible, please send us ten copies; if not, provide me with one copy of each and I shall again duplicate them here.

send 10 if you think you

Thanks for placing my name on your mailing list for receipt of the many valuable things which originate in your office. In this way, I need not wait until these things get sifted through Fred's accumulation and eventually find their way to me.

Sincerely,

Fran Cousens

Mrs. Frances R. Cousens
Director of Research

FRC:mw

Dear Sirs,

I shall appreciate your sending me some 10 each copies of the full text of Report No. 13 and also the same number of Dr. Hansen's report . If I am asking for too many please send just the number that you can spare.

This courtesy on your part will certainly be appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Paul M. Munro

Paul M. Munro
Supt. Public School
Lynchburg, Va.

OK

sent 12 28 1959

E. H. FLETCHER, CHAIRMAN
GREENSBORO, FLA.

CECIL V. BUTLER
HAVANA, FLA.

H. E. MORGAN
QUINCY, FLA.

JOHN C. HINSON
QUINCY, FLA.

COLEMAN BEVIS
CHATTAHOOCHEE, FLA.

BOARD OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Gadsden County

QUINCY, FLORIDA

M. D. WALKER
SECRETARY AND COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT

ANNETTE S. BRADLEY
FINANCE OFFICER

December 29, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I would like to receive a copy of the full text of the program held on September 13, 1959 in which Mr. Omer Carmichael appeared on a televised panel discussion in Atlanta.

I would also like to have a copy of the transcript of the program held on May 3, 1959 in Washington, D.C., in which Dr. Carl F. Hansen was interviewed by a panel.

Thanking you, I am,

Sincerely,

M. D. Walker

M. D. Walker,
County Superintendent

MDW/mjs

12-31-59
mga

MA
1-8-80
ant

BOARD OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
JACKSON COUNTY

J. D. MILTON
SUPERINTENDENT AND SECRETARY

MARIANNA, FLORIDA

December 31, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please send me one copy of the full text of the television program of September 13, 1959, in which Mr. Omer Carmichael participated in a panell discussion of desegregation of schools in Louisville, Kentucky. Please send me also a transcript of the interview of Dr. Carl F. Hansen on May 3, 1959.

Sincerely yours,

J. D. Milton

J. D. Milton
County Superintendent

JDM:tp

MA

1400 Greenwich Street
San Francisco 9

January 3, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Geoggia

Dear Sirs:

Could you send me at the above address a copy of the transcript from Dr. Carl F. Hansen's discussion of desegregation in Washington, D.C.?

Yours,

Christopher Jencks

Christopher Jencks
Education Editor, The New Republic

sent book
1-8-60
JMA

M.F. ✓
replied & reports sent
12-7-59 - SC

Longview Public Schools

Office of the Superintendent

Longview, Texas

January 5, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of the full text of the program, Report No. L-13. I would also like to have the complete transcript of Dr. Hansen's program.

Sincerely yours,

R E Slayton
ijd

R. E. Slayton

RES:ijd

MA

CITY
SANTA BARBARA ~~JUNIOR~~ COLLEGE
On the ~~xxxxx~~ Mesa
SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

January 11, 1960

Dear Sirs:

I would appreciate your sending me a copy of your report No. L-13, as well as a copy of the full text of the program on the Louisville public school story. I would also appreciate a copy of the transcript of Dr. Hansen's program.

Do you have a list of reports and similar material that is available for distribution? Much of it should prove most useful for my sociology courses, wherein we deal rather extensively with questions and problems about race.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Henry H. Bagish

Henry H. Bagish

Class of Service

This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter

NL = Night Letter

LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

AA64

.GO JAN 12 AM 11 51

A WA032 PD=FAX WASHINGTON DC 12 1132AME=

HAROLD FLEMING DIRECTOR , SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL=

63 AUBURN AVE N E ATLA=

PLEASE SEND 100 COPIES "DID YOU FIND THAT THERE WAS MUCH DIFFERENCE IN THE ABILITY OF NEGRO CHILDREN TO RECEIVE AND PROFIT BY INSTRUCTION" TO ME AT SHERATON HOTEL, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, TO ARRIVE BY JANUARY 17=

GEORGE T GUERNSEY ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION

Sent 6/12/68

Sent #13

MF - Please have these sent. HCF

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

MF file

January 13, 1960

Mr. James F. Redmond
Superintendent
Orleans Parish School Board
703 Carondelet Street
New Orleans 12, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Redmond:

We are mailing you today the requested twelve copies of our pamphlet, If the Schools Are Closed... There is no charge.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

MA
NC
LWD any

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD
OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT
703 CARONDELET STREET
NEW ORLEANS 12, LA.

JAMES F. REDMOND
SUPERINTENDENT

January 7, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

A copy of the pamphlet, "If The Schools Are Closed" has come to my attention. I would like to order a dozen copies. If there is a charge, please bill me directly as Superintendent of the Orleans Parish Public Schools.

Sincerely,

James F. Redmond

James F. Redmond
Superintendent

JFR:mtr

Charlottesville Public Schools
406 Fourteenth Street
Charlottesville, Virginia

January 19, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am writing to request that you send me ten copies of Report No. L-14, A REPORT FROM VIRGINIA, issued January 15, 1960.

I wish to distribute a copy of this report to each member of our School Board.

Cordially yours,

Fendall R. Ellis

Fendall R. Ellis,
Superintendent.

FRE/ds

January 21, 1960

Mr. Fendall R. Ellis
Superintendent
Charlottesville Public Schools
Charlottesville, Virginia

Dear Mr. Ellis:

We are mailing you today the requested ten copies of Report No. L-14, A Report From Virginia.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Director of Research

LWD:a

Mailed separately:
10 - L-14

THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

BOARD OF CHRISTIAN EDUCATION
WITHERSPOON BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA 7, PA.
Telephone: PENNYPACKER 5-6722

February 16, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

In one of the Southern Regional Council's recent Reports a reference was made to the total number of school districts that have voluntarily desegregated--that is without a court order.

We seem to have misplaced that report, and I should be most grateful to you for another copy of the same. Barring that, could you send me the figures as they were stated in that report--with the date as of which they were true?

Cordially yours,

Ben S.

H. B. Sissel
Associate Secretary
Department of Social Education and Action

HBS:hw

Ans by note 2/19/60 by HCF w/ "L" rept #1, 2 enclosed

February 22, 1960

Mr. John G. Feild
Legislative Secretary to Senator Hart
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear John:

Thanks for your note. I have sent you copies of our two printed reports on Negro registration and voting and have added your name to our various mailing lists. Since we are nothing if not prolific, this means that your check and/or wpb will be more chocked than ever.

I hope to see you again soon when we are not rendered unwontedly mute by so many loquacious lawyers. Meanwhile, all the best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

P. S. -- Never mind the 25¢. We'll wait till we can hit you with something bigger.

HCF

PHILIP A. HART
MICHIGAN

United States Senate
WASHINGTON, D.C.

February 16, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, Northeast
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

It was wonderful to see you again at South Bend, but the time was too short. Why don't you come up to Washington and help get this fight over with. If you can't do that, you could at least pass the ammunition! How about sending me a copy of The Negro Voter in the South?

Sent 2/19

With best wishes,

Cordially,

John

add to friends list

John G. Feild
Legislative Secretary to
Senator Hart

P.S. If I have to send you the twenty-five cents, I will!

EDITORIAL RESEARCH REPORTS

Richard M. Boeckel *Bertram Benedict*

~~1011 TWENTIETH STREET, N. W.~~ • *ESTABLISHED 1923* • *WASHINGTON 6, D. C.*

1156 19th St N.W.

MA
letter mg

February 28,1960

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta
Georgia

Gentlemen:

Could you send us at your very earliest opportunity a copy of the report released on Feb. 27 on the current demonstrations against the refusal to serve Negroes at lunch counters in the South. We are preparing a report for our 300-odd newspaper clients on developments in race relations, including some discussion of the factors which have set off or stemmed violence in race relations in the past, and should like to refer to your document directly rather than from the newspaper clippings we have.

We would also like to include a section on police methods in curbing violence in race relations. Any material you might have or could cite which could point to the training of police officers or the application of various principles in police action which would tend to prevent violence would also be greatly appreciated. Thank you very much for whatever help you can give.

Sincerely yours,

Helen B. Shaffer

Helen B. Shaffer

March 4, 1960

Miss Mary Laing
News Editor
American Broadcasting Company
7 West 66th Street
New York 23, New York

Dear Miss Laing:

We are happy to send you, as requested, the two enclosed copies of our Special Report on the student protests.

If our informational staff can be of further service to you, Mr. Daly, or any of your reporters who may be in the South, feel free to call on us.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures - 2.

American Broadcasting Company

7 WEST 66TH STREET · NEW YORK 23, N.Y.

SUSQUEHANNA 7-5000

March 2, 1960

Gentlemen:

We have read your article, "The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960" and would appreciate it if you would send us two additional copies for possible use on The John Daly News Show.

Yours truly,

Mary Laing
News Editor

HAL THURMOND
BOX 319
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

March 7 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me ten copies of your recent report on "sit-ins".

I am enclosing a check for $10.00 which I trust will cover the cost involved.

My congratulations to you on such a timely and factual report!

Sincerely yours,
Hal Thurmond, Chm.
Kentucky Advisory Committee
to the Civil Rights Commission.

3-15-60

Mailed 3 copies
revised edition
Mga

~~(LWH) F.Y.I. &~~
action.
HCF ✓

SACRAMENTO STATE COLLEGE
6000 JAY STREET
SACRAMENTO 19, CALIFORNIA

March 10, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I have just received and read a copy of your February 25 report on The Student Protest Movement. It is an excellent job and answers a great many questions about which I have had little or no information.

Could you spare an extra copy since I wish to place one in our library? If there is any charge, please let me know.

Cordially yours,

Wilson

C. Wilson Record
Associate Professor of Sociology

CWR:vlo

THE LIBRARY
RANDOLPH-MACON WOMAN'S COLLEGE
LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA

March 15, 1960

Mrs. Mildred Flowers
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Flowers:

Thank you very much for the material on the Council. It is just what our students need and will be much used.

Sincerely yours,

Mary R. Breazeale

Mrs. W. M. Breazeale
Reader's Consultant

March 7, 1960

Mrs. W. M. Breazeale
Reader's Consultant
The Library
Randolph-Macon Woman's College
Lynchburg, Virginia

Dear Mrs. Breazeale:

Thank you for your letter of March 1 in which you make request for materials about the Southern Regional Council.

I am enclosing reprints from the Congressional Record and the Journal and Guide which give a brief history of the Council, and a copy of our recent publication, "The Changing South," which describes the Council's work with the press.

If we can be of further assistance to you, please write us.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF
Enclosures - 3.

JC - would you like to handle this?

THE LIBRARY
RANDOLPH-MACON WOMAN'S COLLEGE
LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA

Rec'd 3/2/60

March 1, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Street, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We would like to receive your annual reports and any other material you may have dealing with your organization - its founding, functions, etc. Some of our sociology students are writing papers in this field. We shall be very grateful for this material.

Sincerely yours,

Mary R. Breazeale

Mrs. W. M. Breazeale
Reader's Consultant

VIA AIR MAIL

March 16, 1960

Mr. J. Ray Shute
J. R. Shute Company
Monroe, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Shute:

Harold Fleming is away from the office for the week. Therefore, I should like to acknowledge your letter of the 11th.

The 100 copies of the revised Special Report are being mailed to you under separate cover. John Constable advises me that his article will appear in the March issue of New South. He will see that you receive 100 copies as soon as they are available. There is no charge for these materials since we are sure you will see to it that they are well used.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/mf

Rec'd 3/14/60

J. R. SHUTE CO.

MONROE, N. C.

11 Mar. '60

Dear Harold: Well, we are back from Mexico + were greeted with two snow storms! In January I addressed Ala. Council on Human Relations at Mobile. Full house, about 40% Negro. Lights went out about 2/3 thru my lecture - but no trouble.

X Would it be possible for me to get 100 copies of "The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960", 2nd edition + same number of "New South" in which the article based on John Constable's studies will appear? I wish to place them where they will help. If there is any charge for these items, please advise me + I'll send check.

As ever,

J Ray Shute

March 16, 1960

Mr. Irwin Schulman
Regional Director
Anti-Defamation League
606 Common Street, Rm. 401
New Orleans 12, Louisiana

Dear Irv:

Harold is away from the office for the week so I answer your letter of the 14th.

Thanks for the good words about the Special Report; they will be passed on to Les Dumbar and his staff.

Under separate cover we are mailing the 25 copies of the Report. More will cost you good money.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/mf

SOUTHCENTRAL REGIONAL OFFICE

ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE

Of B'nai B'rith

606 COMMON STREET, ROOM 401, NEW ORLEANS 12, LA.

SOUTHCENTRAL REGIONAL ADVISORY BOARD
ROBERT N. BANKS
Chairman

NEW ORLEANS ADVISORY BOARD
SAMUEL I. ROSENBERG
Chairman

IRWIN SCHULMAN
Regional Director

NATIONAL COMMISSION
HENRY EDWARD SCHULTZ
Chairman
MEIER STEINBRINK
Honorary Chairman
BARNEY BALABAN
A. G. BALLENGER
HERBERT H. LEHMAN
LEON LOWENSTEIN
WILLIAM SACHS
BENJAMIN SAMUELS
MELVIN H. SCHLESINGER
JESSE STEINHART
Honorary Vice-Chairmen
JOSEPH COHEN
JEFFERSON E. PEYSER
MAX J. SCHNEIDER
Vice-Chairmen
BENJAMIN GREENBERG
Treasurer
HERBERT LEVY
Secretary
BENJAMIN R. EPSTEIN
National Director
BERNARD NATH
Chairman, Executive Committee
PAUL H. SAMPLINER
Vice-Chairman, Executive Committee

STAFF DIRECTORS
NATHAN C. BELTH
Press Relations
OSCAR COHEN
Program
ARNOLD FORSTER
Civil Rights
ALEXANDER F. MILLER
Community Service
J. HAROLD SAKS
Administration
LESTER J. WALDMAN
Executive Assistant

March 14, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Just a short note to tell you and your staff what an excellent job I thought you all did on the history and roundup of the "sit downs" in your recent publication.

To show you how highly I think of this particular piece, I am wondering if you could send me 25 copies for my use in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi. If you are overloaded with them, I could use as many as 50, but I won't be a hog and ask for too many.

Once again, congratulations on a job well done.

Kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Irwin Schulman

IS:sh

HCF: Ben was in our labor category. Since they do not get all our reports, I've shifted him to interagency list.

JC

Ben Segal should get all our stuff. Please arrange.

HCF

March 17, 1960

Mr. Ben Segal, Director
Education Department
I. U. E., AFL-CIO
1126 Sixteenth Street, N.W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Ben:

Harold is away for the week, so in the interest of time, I am answering your letter of the 15th.

Under separate cover we are sending an updated Special Report on the Student Protest Movement. Included also is a recent issue of the Citizens' Council. If you need more of this kind of material, let us know. We have plenty, of course, though this particular paper is being sent since we have several copies.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/mf

JAMES B. CAREY
President
AL HARTNETT
Secretary-Treasurer

Philip Murray Building

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF ELECTRICAL, RADIO AND MACHINE WORKERS

AFFILIATED WITH THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR and CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

EXECUTIVE 3-6094
1126 SIXTEENTH STREET N. W., WASHINGTON 6, D.C.

March 15, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming, Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I hope you and the family are well.

I would like very much to get the statement that you folks issued on the sitdown demonstrations in the South. Also, any other material or information that you have on the current Southern scene would be helpful. I would also like to have any copies of a current or near current issue of the White Citizen's Council paper or any other similar material put out by any of the hate groups.

Thanks for your help on this.

Best wishes and kindest regards.

Sincerely yours,

Ben Segal, Director
Education Department

liu 1746 aflciol
bds/jlr

P.S. I have talked to Vic Reuther and Paul Sifton of the UAW about the money for the South Carolina conference. I have also written to Siceloff.

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

MARCH 18, 1960

PA:

An assistant of Wm. Swan's called you just after you left for lunch. He asked that we send 60 copies of the Stallings report. I caught Les before he left and he said that J. Hope has been sent 20 already - so we cut the order to 40 instead. The attached telegram will indicate how I handled it from there on in.

M. Flowers

DOMESTIC SERVICE	
Check the class of service desired; otherwise this message will be sent as a full rate telegram	
FULL RATE TELEGRAM	
DAY LETTER	
NIGHT LETTER	

$

S

E

WESTERN UNION

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1206 10-51

INTERNATIONAL SERVICE	
Check the class of service desired; otherwise the message will be sent at the full rate	
FULL RATE	
LETTER TELEGRAM	
SHIP RADIOGRAM	

NO. WDS.-CL. OF SVC.	PD. OR COLL.	CASH NO.	CHARGE TO THE ACCOUNT OF	TIME FILED
			SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL	

Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

MARCH 18, 1960

MR. WILLIAM H. SWAN
COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
726 JACKSON PLACE, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CUTTING ORDER OF 60 COPIES OF SRC'S EDUCATION REPORT TO 40. JOHN HOPE HAS BEEN SENT 20 FOR CONFERENCE. ORDER SENT TODAY VIA AIR MAIL. POST OFFICE ADVISES YOU PICK UP AT KNOXVILLE AIRPORT - NO DIRECT SERVICE INTO GATLINBURG.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

March 17, 1960

Sent 12 copies

Dear Mr. Anthony:

The twenty-four copies of the Special Report arrived this morning. They have been in great demand. I hate to impose upon you, but if it would be at all possible I would appreciate it if you could send me two dozen more. They should be addressed as follows:

William H. Swan
State Advisory Committee Div.
Commission on Civil Rights
Mountain View Hotel
Gatlinburg, Tennessee

and marked, "Please hold."

I shall look forward to meeting you sometime in the near future, ~~and~~ with kindest personal regards to Harold Fleming.

Sincerely yours,

William H. Swan
Consultant

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

MA - letter only
MF file

WILLIAM A. LUFBURROW
ATTORNEY AT LAW
SOUTHERN FINANCE BLDG.
AUGUSTA, GA.

March 19, 1960

Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Dear Sirs:

The Atlanta Journal carried a story on the 14th instant about two reports issued by your office, having to do with findings of a school survey and the other about standards and integrated schools.

If one each of the reports is available to the public, the writer will appreciate your sending them to him.

In addressing same, please use my P. O. Box No. 634, Augusta, Georgia.

Thank you.

Yours truly,
W. A. Lufburrow
W. A. Lufburrow

wal:m

M. 7. file

SOUTHWESTERN BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY
SEMINARY HILL, FORT WORTH 15, TEXAS

CHRISTIAN ETHICS
T. B. MASTON
C. W. SCUDDER

March 21, 1960

Mr. John Constable,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
63 Auburn Avenue, n. E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Constable:

I want to thank you very much for the materials that you sent in response to my recent request. They have already been distributed to the members of my class and I hope that growing out of that you will get some new members for the Southern Regional Council.

Sincerely yours,

T B Maston

T. B. Maston

TBM/elk

Catering Employee

Official Journal of the Hotel & Restaurant Employees and Bartenders International Union (AFL-CIO)

FREDERICK B. SWEET
MANAGING EDITOR, DIRECTOR PUBLIC RELATIONS

ROOM 1021, 525 WALNUT STREET
CINCINNATI 2, OHIO • MAin 1-0300-1-2-3-4

March 23, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Att: Mr. Fleming

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I have been glancing through the excellent montage of newspaper cuttings in which the Council reports the changing South.

There I find reference to a recent Council publication, The Negro and the Ballot in the South, by Margaret Price. I will be grateful indeed to you for a copy of Miss Price's study.

MF to send 2/28 Sent wf

I am trying to gather detailed relevant material bearing on the question of whether or not a means can be found to enforce, through the Federal Courts, Section 2 of the Fourteenth Amendment. This is the section requiring reduction in the number of representatives in the House from the states in proportion to the number of persons, qualified by age and citizenship, who are denied the ballot.

Cordially,

Frederick B. Sweet

Frederick B. Sweet

FBS:cge

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 AUBURN AVENUE N.E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

CAPE
KAAP
Ostrich farm at Oudtshoorn.
Volstruisplaas, Oudtshoorn.

CSPC 43 Framworthy

POSTCARD copyright

POSKAART kopiereg

March 23

Dear Harold,
What a time to arrive!
Can you conveniently send the last 2 reports on student sit-ins to my son at Chapel Hill
F. William Loescher
504 Oakes Ave
Carboro, N.C.
Hope the conditions will soon find you out here for us
~~All the~~ best Frank L

MF –
Pls do – with our compliments.
HCF

Address:
Adres:

Mr. Harold C Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave NE
Atlanta 3 Georgia
USA

FRAMEWORTHY PUBLICATIONS
P.O. Box 6244/Posbus 6244 Johannesburg South Africa/Suid-Afrika

MARKLAND, JHB.

Sent 3/30/60 MF

Correspondence file!

STATE OF FLORIDA
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
TALLAHASSEE

LEROY COLLINS
GOVERNOR

April 5, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Our office is in receipt of six copies of the Southern Regional Council's Special Report on "The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960."

We find this report very interesting and the Commission has requested that we order an additional twelve copies for distribution throughout the State.

Sent.

Please forward these copies to my attention. Any charge for this service will be promptly handled.

As local bi-racial committees are formed throughout the State, we anticipate a possible requirement for additional copies of this report in bulk quantity. Would these be available through your office?

Sincerely,

William N. Rose

WILLIAM N. ROSE
Staff Assistant for
Governor's Commission on
Race Relations

WNR:gs

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

PROCESSING DEPARTMENT
EXCHANGE AND GIFT DIVISION

April 6, 1960
Refer to: LRS/Librn.

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

The staff of our Legislative Reference Service has asked me to request the following publication to be used in replying to inquiries from Members of Congress:

MM - sent 4-13-60
MF - file

Three copies of "Desegregation and Academic Achievement" (Report No. L-17, March 14, 1960).

This publication is in addition to any which you may have already sent the Library. For your convenience, I am enclosing a self-addressed mailing label which will bring the material to the Library without further postage. We are hoping that the publication may be received either as a gift or on an exchange basis. In the event that it is not available, or available only by purchase, please notify the Service Librarian, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress, Washington 25, D. C.

We shall be most grateful for any assistance you can give us with our request.

Sincerely yours,

Jennings Wood

Jennings Wood
Chief,
Exchange and Gift Division

Enclosure

Apr. 8, '60

Dear Harold,

Could you spare two copies of The Student Protest Movement?

If so, I will surely appreciate your sending them to me at my home address.

Regards,

Billy

MF - Pls do.

HCH

Sent 4/11/60 mf.

Lwd
File
Return to me

April 8, 1960

Mr. W. H. Frey
Puritan Chemical Company
916-32 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta 18, Georgia

Dear Bill:

Many thanks for your good letter of April 5. Nothing could please us more than to think our materials are proving helpful to you and others like you.

We are mailing today the reports you requested us to send Mr. Shugart.

I hope to see you again one day soon.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

PURITAN CHEMICAL COMPANY

916-932 ASHBY STREET, N.W., ATLANTA 18, GEORGIA · TRINITY 2-0721

April 5, 19609

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Harold:

Sent 3/8/60 wf

I will greatly appreciate it if you will send five copies of Report No. L-16, 2/26/60, Racial Differences in Academic Achievement, and five copies of Report No. L-17, 3/14/60, Desegregation and Academic Achievement, to:

Mr. Curtis B. Shugart
2234 Crescent Ave.
Charlotte, N. C.

Curt will use this material in post-confirmation groups in the Episcopal Church, and in inter-faith work.

It might interest you to know that I find your reports most helpful in the few discussions I have been able to have with the reasoning individuals in the South who are anxious to find a solution to some of these problems, and to know what the facts really are.

Sincerely,

Bill

W. H. Frey

WHF:mq

Sent 4/15/60 HCF

FLOYD M. IRVIN
Star Route
Eustis, Florida

Apr 13 1960

Dear Sir.

I would like a copy of the
od. "An Appeal for Human Rights."
Could you send me a copy or tell me
how to get one.

Thank
Floyd W Irvin

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE
Department of Sociology and Anthropology
HANOVER · NEW HAMPSHIRE

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

April 14, 1960.

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave. N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Sent 4/19/60

Professor Paul Foreman of the University of Alabama kindly showed me on a recent visit to Hanover his copy of the Council's special report, The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960, together with the supplement to that report that you recently got out.

I would very much appreciate having a copy of the special report and the supplement. Kindly let me know if there is a charge for this.

Sincerely yours,

G. F. Theriault

George F. Theriault,
Professor of Sociology;
Chairman.

GFT:MEW

April 14, 1960

Mr. Rainer Hagen
Washington Bureau
1092 National Press Bldg.
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hagen:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of our Student Protest Special Report.

We also are placing you on our mailing list for future such reports. This does not include our monthly publication, NEW SOUTH, a copy of which is enclosed.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc
Encl.

(Dictated by Mr. Constable, signed in his absence)

NORDDEUTSCHER RUNDFUNK
Gemeinnützige Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts

NDR

Hamburg 13 · Rothenbaumchaussee 132-134

Telefon: Sammelnummer 44 10 31
Fernschreibnummer: 021 1793
Deutsche Bank Hamburg
Postscheckkonto: Hamburg 200200
Telegramm-Adresse: Nordfunk

Abteilung
Washington Bureau
1092 National Press Building
Washington, D.C.
Bitte in der Antwort angeben

Southern Regional Committee on Race Relations
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Ihr Schreiben | Ihr Zeichen | Unser Zeichen | Datum
April 11, 1960

Dear Sirs,

As we heard, you issued surveys on the recent sit-down movement. As correspondents of the German radio we are very much interested in seeing these reports. Please send us a copy of each of them and if possible put us on your mailing list for any reports which may appear in the future.

Very truly yours,

Rainer Hagen

(Rainer Hagen)

BC. please send.

LEC. Put on press cards and mass media list.

4-18-60

Gesetzlicher Vertreter des Norddeutschen Rundfunks ist der Intendant. Der Norddeutsche Rundfunk kann auch von zwei vom Intendanten bevollmächtigten Personen vertreten werden. Einzelheiten über Umfang und Dauer der Vertretungsmacht enthalten die Vollmachtsurkunden, Auskünfte erteilt der Justiziar des Norddeutschen Rundfunks, Hamburg 13, Rothenbaumchaussee 132.
Wir bitten, alle Zuschriften ausschließlich an den Norddeutschen Rundfunk und nicht an Einzelpersonen zu richten.

Materials mailed to Phyllis Greene and Mr. Avrahm Mezerik at request of Joe Wilkins

The South and the Nation - Collins
If the Schools are Closed
Congressional Record Reprint
SRC Reports the Changing South
Apr. 1 (Revised) Student Protest Movement
March New South
"L" Reports: 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17.

17 Apr 1960

MF - Please handle this & enclose card as indicated. H

387 Milledge Avenue
Athens, Georgia
April 17, 1960

Dear Harold:

Frankly, I'm thoroughly provoked with this young woman -- in Atlanta, for the purpose she says, and not placing the SRC high enough on her agenda to get around to it, then writing back from Montgomery for spoon-feeding.

Nonetheless, we should respond. If you will have a package of -- in your words -- "the most recent and obvious things" sent her, I'll appreciate it. And as she asks, a similar package should also go to her colleague, who happens to be Avrahm Mezerik. Lifting them out of the scratches at the bottom of the card, here are the addresses:

packets sent 4/19/60 mf

Miss Phyllis Greene
245 East 44th Street
New York 17, N. Y.

Mr. Avrahm Mezerik
United Nations -- Room 491
New York 17, N. Y.

Phyllis Greene is an attractive young woman, of about thirty, a Southerner -- from Texas. She's smart -- inspite of the fact that one would never guess it from this card, has done secretarial work for one or more foreign delegations at the UN, and is now with

Avrahm, doing research work for his publication with which you are probably familiar. It's a top flight thing, selling for something like a $100 a year -- which price contributes to my aforesaid irritation!

Blessings on you -

Josephine Wilkins

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Joaquin, Best Regards Apr 11, 1960

I am on a tour of the South collecting material to write about the integration story. I was in Atlanta today, but could not finish with other appointments in time to stop at your office. Therefore, I wonder if you would be kind enough to send me some of your material so that I will have it to write with when I return to NY (in about 2 wks). I'm interested in factual material & whatever else you judge would be good. Then would you also send a duplicate of your selections to my colleague at UN, who is also writing & broadcasting on the subject? Many thanks →

PHYLLIS & REGRE
245 E. 44 St.
NYC 17

ZVONKO LETICA
YUGOSLAV RADIO-TV
RM 491
UN, NY

April 18, 1960

Miss Florence Sytz
Unitarian Fellowship for Social
Justice
First Unitarian Church
1800 Jefferson Avenue
New Orleans 15, Louisiana

Dear Miss Sytz:

Thank you for your letter and check as acting chairman of the Unitarian Fellowship. We shall be glad to enter a New South subscription, and to see that other pertinent materials are sent.

With the thought that you might like to have a set of our publications to date on the public school question, I am sending a packet separately.

A receipt is enclosed.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

April 18, 1960

JC

MF
April 18, 1960

Please add the following organization to your "All-Purpose" mailing list and to New South (paid) - contribution of $10.00 received 4/14/60.

Unitarian Fellowship for Social Justice
First Unitarian Church
1800 Jefferson Avenue
New Orleans 15, Louisiana

P. S. -- I've mailed today a packet of materials, including latest New South.

FLORENCE SYTZ
1347 MOSS ST.
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

April 11, 1960

Dear Mr Fleming:

The members of the New Orleans chapter of the Unitarian Fellowship for Social Justice are interested in desegregation and in keeping the Orleans Parish schools open.

As acting chairman of this group I am enclosing a check for $10. The group wishes to ~~subscribe~~ receive for a year your bulletin and for the remaining $8.00 to ~~receive~~ purchase copies of materials you will select for us on desegregation and on keeping the public schools open. One copy of each piece of material will, on the whole, be sufficient as we will circulate the material. Thanks!

RHH 4/18/60

Sincerely,

Florence Sytz

(over)

PS. Please send your bulletin and the materials to the Unitarian Fellowships for Social Justice, First Unitarian Church, 1800 Jefferson Ave, New Orleans (15) La.

Please send a receipt for the $10 to the Unitarian Fellowship for Social Justice, First Unitarian Church, 1800 Jefferson Ave, New Orleans (15) La.

RHA:

Please initial ltr. and pull check from Mrs. Sytz. Also, please see that John Constable received the attached memo.

O.K.
RHA

Mailed 4/19/60 to Steven J. Whitman:

"The South and the Nation" - Collins
"...With Justice for All" - ADL Pamphlet
"If the Schools are Closed" - Green/Gauerke Pamphlet
Congressional Record Reprint
SRC Reports The Chaning South
Apr. 1 (Revised) Student Protest Movement
March New South
"L" Reports:
#3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17.

File

STEVEN J. WHITMAN
CORNELL UNIVERSITY
ITHACA, NEW YORK

Rec'd 4/19/60

16 April 1960

MR. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming,

I am working on the final stages of a research report entitled "Civel Rights and the Negro."

I have heard of the work of your organization and would appreciate, at your earliest convenience, any literature, publications or suggestions on the subject, which may be helpful.

Sent packet attached

Thank you for your attention.

Respectfully yours,

Steven J. Whitman

Steven J. Whitman

THE FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY

TALLAHASSEE

DIRECTOR OF UNIVERSITY RELATIONS

LEC
Please send 1st class
JC

April 27, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, Northeast
Atlanta - 3, Georgia

Dear John:

Please send me a couple of copies of the full report on the student protest movement.

Thank you so much.

Sincerely,

John

John A. Griffin

JAG/gp

mailed 4-29-60

ALA Country

JC

LEC: Please send—

MOBILE, ALABAMA
MAY 10, 1960

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 AUBURN AVENUE N. E.
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

DEAR SIR:

WILL YOU KINDLY SEND ME A COPY OF THE STUDENT SIT DOWN DEMONSTARTION. I AM A MEMBER OF THE CHR. mailed 5-12-60

YOURS TRULY,

Ernest L. Koen

ERNEST L. KOEN

May 11, 1960

Mrs. Fannie McFall
Acting Secretary to the Librarian
Fisk University
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Mrs. McFall:

The following publication which you requested from us is now out of print:

"Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis."

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF

FISK UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE 8 TENNESSEE

OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN

May 7, 1960

President
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

We would like to request two copies of the following:

Friends, Society of... Intimidation, Reprisal, and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis. 1959

If there is any charge please bill us.

Sincerely yours,

Fannie McFall

(Mrs)Fannie McFall
Acting Secretary
to the Librarian

Ruth B. Hawes — deceased

Richmond

Enclosures:

New South Promotion piece
Congressional Record Reprint
SRC Reports the Changing South

May 12, 1960

Mr. J. D. Shadoan
202 Hillcrest Avenue
Lexington, Kentucky

Dear Mr. Shadoan:

In response to your recent letter, I am happy to send you the enclosed material describing the Southern Regional Council and its activities.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures

May 4, 1960

J.D. Shadoan
202 Hillcrest Ave.
Lexington, Kentucky

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Exec. Sec.
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Was just looking through The World Almanac and saw where your council was listed. Would appreciate very much if you would send me some information regarding its perpose. Thank you very much.

Very sincerely,

J.D. Shadoan

J.D. Shadoan

Memo FROM THE DESK OF **HAROLD FLEMING**

Sent 5/20/60

Please send, with my card –

Background rept on Schools

" " " ~~Sit-ins~~

~~Voting rept~~

~~Collins speech~~

~~Turpleé speech~~

~~Last 3 New South~~

~~Changing South in Print~~

WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
PULLMAN, WASHINGTON

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

May 14, 1960

Mr. H. C. Fleming
Atlanta, Georgia,

Dear Mr. Fleming,

I have just recently read your stimulating article in the New York Times Magazine section of April 3, 1960 and I want to thank you for expressing these views.

As an American who will be living in India during the next academic year I know I will be asked many questions about what is happening in the south. I would, therefore, appreciate your sending me any literature the Southern Regional Conference has at its disposal. I am trying to gather as many facts as I can so that I may present the truest possible picture. Thank you so much!

Herbert J. Wood
Professor of History

May 27, 1960

Mr. Philip P. Elmore, Jr.
Housing Services Secretary
The Urban League of Philadelphia
1611 Pine Street
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Elmore:

We are pleased that you feel the publication "Intimidation, Reprisal and Violence..." is a useful one. It is with great regret that I have to tell you that our supply of the pamphlet has been completely exhausted for some time. We have only a file copy or two left in this office.

In view of the fact that you are working with Mr. Taylor, I take it that the American Friends Service Committee is similarly devoid of copies. If this is the case, it might be worthwhile to inquire of the Department of Racial and Cultural Relations, National Council of Churches, New York City. While I strongly suspect that they too have exhausted their supply, it is possible that they haven't.

I am sorry that I can't be of more help, but hope we may be of service to you in the future.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

FOUNDED 1907 INCORPORATED 1918

The Urban League of Philadelphia

(FORMERLY THE ARMSTRONG ASSOCIATION OF PHILADELPHIA)

AFFILIATED WITH THE NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE
MEMBER OF THE UNITED FUND OF THE PHILADELPHIA AREA

Your UNITED DOLLARS SUPPORT OUR WORK

1611 PINE STREET • PHILADELPHIA 3, PA. • PHONE: KINGSLEY 5-2607

W. THACHER LONGSTRETH, *President*
DR. WILLIAM H. GRAY, JR.
DR. IRA DE A. REID
Vice-Presidents
LEWIS J. CARTER, JR., *Executive Director*
MRS. DUDLEY M. PRUITT, *Secretary*
MRS. FLORENCE MADISON HILL, *Treasurer*
WALTER A. GAY, JR., ESQ., *Solicitor*

May 19, 1960

Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Our agency has had the pleasure of reviewing your publication, "Intimidation Reprisal and Violence in the South's Racial Crisis". It is such an excellent comprehensive study of a problem so sensitive and extensive in its' latitude and scope, we feel we must request you to consider placing with us thirty copies for distribution to appropriate media.

Mr. Richard Taylor, of local area office, American Friends Service Committee, and I are working together on several projects. He told me to mention this to you and also that he referred us to you.

I hope you are in good health and able to throw the full weight of your energies into the good program your agency supports.

Sincerely,

Philip P. Elmore, Jr.

Philip P. Elmore, Jr.
Housing Services Secretary

PPE Jr/agb

****

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[illegible] [illegible]ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date May 27, 1960

To: _____ From: _____

Subject: Rev. William H. Geren, Dogwood Hills Baptist Church, 2431 Ben Hill Road, Atlanta, Georgia (Friend of MR. BRUCE WILSON)

Sent following materials this date:

Feb., Mar., April, NEW South
Douglas & Bolling Congressional Record Reprints
L Reports #16 & 17
HCF New York Times Reprint
Ken Morland Special Report
SRC Special Report on Student sit-ins

Enclosures:
L-Reports #5,6,8, 8A, 12-17
Also: New South,

May 30, 1960

Mr. Glenn F. Webb, Manager
Laurinburg Chamber of Commerce
P. O. Box 349
Laurinburg, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Webb:

Many thanks for your welcome letter of May 23 and for the information about the Committee on Community Betterment. It is very heartening to us to learn of this constructive leadership in race relations by the business community of Laurinburg.

By all means, feel free to call on us at any time for advice or assistance that we may provide you and your organization.

Enclosed are copies of the L-Reports which you have not received. I might explain that we have circulated to chambers of commerce only those that we felt would have some special relevance for such organizations. From now on, I shall see that you receive all of our periodic mailings, including New South.

Cordially yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures

Laurinburg Chamber of Commerce, Inc.

P. O. BOX 349 • LAURINBURG, NORTH CAROLINA

LAURINBURG ★ All America City

K. J. SHAW, PRESIDENT
GLENN F. WEBB, MANAGER

May 23, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I have read with interest you periodic reports and it occured to me that you should know that our organziation has had an inter-racial committee for more than a year. It is called; Committee on Community Betterment. There are ten white and ten negroes on the committee and we meet once a month.

It was founded on the basis that problems affecting the races cannot be solved unless we establish a channel of communication to afford frank, critical and realistic discussions. A few weeks ago a sit-in demonstration was averted because of a plea by one of the negro members of the committee. Perhaps the most significant progress of the committee has been in meeting together regularly.

The purpose of this letter is to let you know of the existance of our group and also to see if we might seek your valuable advice and counsel from time to time.

I have the following reports and wonder if you could send the missing ones. Also, we would like to receive your monthly magazine, New SOUTH.

Should be sent:
L-5, 6, 8, 8A, 12-17

No. L-1, 4-27-59
L-2, 4-27-59
L-3, 5-11-59
L-4, 5-18-59
L-7, 7-24-59
L-10, 9-15-59
L-11, 10-12-59

Sincerely yours,

Glenn F. Webb

Glenn F. Webb, Manager

MF - Pls send with my card HH.

N. A. A. C. P. LEGAL DEFENSE AND EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC.

10 Columbus Circle, New York 19, N. Y.

JUDSON 6-8397

June 3, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Flemming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Flemming:

Will you be kind enough to send me the following reports of the Southern Regional Council.

✓ 1. Report No. L-11 - October 12, 1959
"Little Rock Report....What Has Happened Since the School Crisis?"

out of Stock 2. Report No. L-9 - September 1, 1959
"The Private School Answer to the Desegregation Crisis". The Virginia Experience.

✓ 3. Report No. L-14 - January 15, 1960
"A Report from Virginia".

✓ 4. Report No. L-7 - July 24, 1959
"Governor Almond (Virginia) on the Importance of Public Schools."

✓ 5. Report No. L-5 - June 12, 1959
"Public Schools and the Economy of Virginia."

✓ 6. Report No. L-10 - September 15, 1959
"Education and Income."

✓ 7. Report No. L-8 - August 10, 1959
"Race and Intelligence."

✓ 8. Report No. L-17 - March 14, 1960
"Desegregation and Academic Achievement."

✓ 9. Report No. L-15 - February 1, 1960
"Types of Desegregation Plans."

✓ Sent 6/6/60 mf.

Contributions are deductible for U. S. Income Tax Purposes

National Officers

President
DR. ALLAN KNIGHT CHALMERS

Secretary
MRS. CHAUNCEY L. WADDELL

Executive Officer
THURGOOD MARSHALL
Director - Counsel

National Officers

Vice President
HON. FRANCIS E. RIVERS

Treasurer
MRS. THORNBURG COWLES

Board of Directors

DR. WILLARD W. ALLEN
Baltimore, Md.

HON. HOMER BROWN
Pittsburg, Pa.

CHARLES BUCHANAN
New York, N. Y.

DR. GEORGE CANNON
New York, N. Y.

DR. ALLAN KNIGHT CHALMERS
Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM T. COLEMAN, JR.
Philadelphia, Pa.

MRS. THORNBURG COWLES
New York, N. Y.

BARTLEY CRUM
New York, N. Y.

JOSEPH DAVIS
New York, N. Y.

ADRIAN DeWIND
New York, N. Y.

DR. HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK
Bronxville, N. Y.

DR. JOHN HOPE FRANKLIN
Brooklyn, N. Y.

WALTER GELLHORN
Englewood, N. J.

AMOS T. HALL
Tulsa, Okla.

HON. WILLIAM H. HASTIE
Philadelphia, Pa.

HANS W. HUBER
Red Bank, N. J.

MRS. PHILIP C. JESSUP
New York, N. Y.

BENJAMIN KAPLAN
Boston, Mass.

JOHN G. LEWIS, JR.
Baton Rouge, La.

THE VERY REV. PAUL MOORE, JR.
Indianapolis, Ind.

SHAD POLIER
New York, N. Y.

BISHOP FRANK MADISON REID
Kittrell, N. C.

HON. FRANCIS E. RIVERS
New York, N. Y.

MRS. SAMUEL I. ROSENMAN
New York, N. Y.

DR. CHARLES H. THOMPSON
Washington, D. C.

MRS. CHAUNCEY L. WADDELL
New York, N. Y.

CHARLES S. ZIMMERMAN
New York, N. Y.

"COMMITTEE OF 100"

Roger N. Baldwin
Albert E. Barnett
Robbins W. Barstow
Viola W. Bernard
Leonard Bernstein
Eugene Carson Blake
Sarah Gibson Blanding
Justice Jane M. Bolin
Van Wyck Brooks
Fred L. Brownlee
Ralph J. Bunche
Charles Bunn
Muriel M. Buttinger
Mrs. Samuel McCrae Cavert
Allan Knight Chalmers
Grenville Clark
Bernard C. Clausen
Rufus E. Clement
Fanny Travis Cochran
James Bryant Conant
Albert Sprague Coolidge
George S. Counts
Henry Hitt Crane
Albert Edward Day
Albert C. Dieffenbach
Caxton Doggett
Ralph Ellison
Morris L. Ernst
H. William Fitelson
Harry Emerson Fosdick
John Hope Franklin
Buell G. Gallagher
Harry D. Gideonse
Mary Barnett Gilson
Roland B. Gittelsohn
Frank P. Graham
Morton S. Grossman
Joseph F. Guffey
John Gunther
Herman Hailperin
Oscar Hammerstein II
S. Ralph Harlow
Hornell Hart
James G. Heller
Harrison Hires
Bishop Henry W. Hobson
John Haynes Holmes
Sidney Hook
George K. Hunton
Mrs. Raymond V. Ingersoll
Mrs. Henry A. Ingraham
Ruth Ellington James
Mordecai W. Johnson
Horace M. Kallen
Kivie Kaplan
Frank Kingdon
Freda Kirchwey
John Howland Lathrop
Bishop W. Appleton Lawrence
Herbert H. Lehman
Henry Smith Leiper
Max Lerner
Alfred Baker Lewis
Archibald MacLeish
Leopold Mannes
Benjamin E. Mays
Robert J. McCracken
Karl Menninger
Paul Moore, Jr.
Carl Murphy
Reinhold Niebuhr
Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam
George L. Paine
Bishop Edward L. Parsons
Palfrey Perkins
Irving Pflaum
James A. Pike
A. Philip Randolph
Frederick E. Reissig
Carl T. Rowan
John L. Saltonstall, Jr.
William H. Scheide
Guy Emery Shipler
George N. Shuster
Mrs. Harper Sibley
Lillian Smith
Arthur B. Spingarn
Telford Taylor
Norman Thomas
Channing H. Tobias
Charles J. Turck
William H. Vanderbilt
Mrs. Chauncey L. Waddell
Bruno Walter
Bradford Young

The "Committee of 100," a voluntary cooperative group of individuals headed by Dr. Allan Knight Chalmers has sponsored the appeal of the N.A.A.C.P. Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc. since 1943, and has called for public subscription of $200,000 during 1959 to enable the Fund to put into operation a program designed to make desegregation a reality throughout the United States.

You perhaps know that I have had in my office each one of the reports now requested. A mutual friend of ours was anxious to have the information contained in these reports and I obligingly sent the gentleman my copies, thus this request.

Please feel free to send me a bill covering the cost of the reports now needed.

Sincerely yours,

John W. Davis
Special Director
Teacher Information and Security

Enclosure - HCF's NYT article
Mailed separately: School Desegregation pamphlet
and 14 copies of Student Protest Report
Billed for postage only

June 14, 1960

Miss Nora R. Booth, Director
International Conferences and Seminars
American Friends Service Committee
20 South 12th Street
Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania

Dear Miss Booth:

We are pleased to send you 14 copies of our special report on the student protest movement. There is no charge, except for postage.

This is our only publication that bears directly on student activities or non-violence. I am sure you are in touch with the several organizations, such as the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, CORE, and NSA, which are immediately concerned with these activities.

As you may know, SRC's materials deal with many aspects of race relations in the South. As an example, I am also sending you a copy of a new pamphlet titled School Desegregation: The First Six Years. If material of this kind would be useful to your student group as general background, let me know.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
P. S. -- The reprint enclosed may have some relevance as an interpretation of the South's role on the international scene.

AMERICAN FRIENDS SERVICE COMMITTEE
INCORPORATED
Twenty South Twelfth Street, Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania
LOcust 3-9372

HENRY J. CADBURY
Honorary Chairman
HAROLD EVANS
Chairman
CLARENCE E. PICKETT
Executive Secretary Emeritus
COLIN W. BELL
Executive Secretary

MF - pls send + return ltr to me for acknowledgement. No bill except for postage. HCF

June 10, 1960

cc: Jean Fairfax

Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold Fleming:

The American Friends Service Committee is sending a group of students this summer to a Seminar which will be held in the Soviet Union under the auspices of the Committee of Youth Organizations. We are at the present time trying to collect some short but useful pamphlets which these individuals can read before they leave. In addition to learning something about the Soviet Union and Youth Organizations in the U.S.S.R., we are eager that they have as clear a picture as possible of the current situation in the United States in respect to integration. It seems to us that it would be highly important if they could develop some understanding of the non-violent philosophy behind many of the efforts being made in the South; in addition we would like them to know as much as possible about the student activities.

The Friends Committee on National Legislation has mentioned particularly to me a pamphlet entitled, "Student Protest Movement". Would it be possible for us to have 14 copies of this pamphlet? If there is a charge for them or for postage to send them, we will be glad to remit immediately.

At the same time, if you have any special suggestions of other reprints of articles or pamphlets which interpret the non-violent philosophy and its application to processes of integration I would very much welcome receiving appropriate references or sample copies.

I will be checking with Jean Fairfax when she returns from a trip next week. It seems worthwhile to order this one pamphlet now and also to ask for your advice in respect to others.

Thank you very much for any help you can give me.

Very sincerely,

Nora R. Booth

Nora R. Booth, Director
International Conferences and Seminars

NRB/aet

June 14, 1960

Mr. Anthony Higgins
Associate Editor
The News-Journal Company Wilmington Morning News
Wilmington 99, Delaware

Dear Mr. Higgins:

We are glad to make the changes in our mailing list that Creed Black has suggested. I hope you will feel free to call on us whenever you have any special needs for information that we can supply.

Please give my best regards to Creed Black.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

The NEWS-JOURNAL Company
PUBLISHERS
WILMINGTON MORNING NEWS · JOURNAL · EVERY EVENING

WILMINGTON 99, DELAWARE
TELEPHONE: OLYMPIA 4-5351

June 8, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Alburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Creed Black, formerly of the Savannah papers, now our Executive Editor, asks me to write to you as follows:

1. Please take his name off your mailing list for Savannah.

2. Please put me on your list for all your publications including the magazine "New South."

Please bill us for whatever charges there are.

Yours sincerely,

Anthony Higgins

Anthony Higgins
Associate Editor

AH/jl

June 15, 1960

Miss Sarah Neblett
#9, The Circle
Cornell University
Ithaca, New York

Dear Miss Neblett:

At the request of Miss Katharine Lumpkin I am sending you the enclosed copy of "The Tragic Fellowship of Southerners," a reprint of a recent speech by our president, Mr. James M. Dabbs. We hope that this brochure will be of interest, and we will be glad to share with you any other of our materials upon request.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF
Enclosure - 1.

MF - Please do
H

Katharine DuPre Lumpkin

Aurora, New York

June 12, 1960

Mr. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Will you kindly send a copy of
James M. Dabbs "The Tragic Fellowship of Southerners" to
Miss Sarah Neblett
9 The Circle
Cornell University
Ithaca, N. Y.

And many thanks,

Sincerely yours,

Katharine DuPre Lumpkin

EMalosures: Student Protest Movement Report
March 1960 New South - (JC's article on sit-ins)
Appeal for Human Rights

June 17, 1960

Mother Mary T. Clark
Moderator of S. A. A.
Manhattanville College of the
Sacred Heart
Purchase, New York

Dear Mother Clark:

It is a pleasure to send you the enclosed material on the student "sit-in" protests.

If we can be of any further service to you or to the Social Action Affairs Congress, you have only to let me know.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures - 3.

cc: Father Louis Twomey

MANHATTANVILLE COLLEGE OF THE SACRED HEART
PURCHASE, NEW YORK

June 17, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Reverend Louis Twomey S.J. of New Orleans has recommended your name for information relative to the recent sit-down strikes. If at all possible we would greatly appreciate receiving any available information on this issue within the week as this will be compiled into a booklet form to be presented at the Social Action Affairs Congress in Louisville, Kentucky. Kindly forward this information to:

Catherine Chamberlain, 1426 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Ill.
Mary Ann Dick, 106 Strathmore Avenue, Syracuse, New York
Mother M. Clark, Manhattanville College, Purchase, New York

We would appreciate receiving all additional information on this interracial question when available. Thanking you in advance for your kind consideration in this matter, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Mary T. Clark R.S.C.J.

Mother M. Clark
Moderator of S.A.A.

June 17, 1960

Mr. H. M. Bell
Editorial Department
Greensboro Daily News
Greensboro, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Bell:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of June 15, to Mr. John Constable, who is away on vacation.

We are enclosing a copy of the publication, "School Desegregation: The First Six Years" as requested, and wish to thank you for your kind comment. We are also placing your name on our mailing list to receive future publications, releases, etc.

Again thanks for your interest and best wishes.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Mr. Constable

/lec
Encl.

GREENSBORO DAILY NEWS
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT

June 15, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Constable:

I have seen a copy of your excellent publication, "School Desegregation: The First Six Years." If possible, I would like to have a review copy.

I would also like to request that you place my name on your mailing list to receive releases, reports and publications from your office.

Thank you for your co-operation.

Sincerely,

H. M. Bell

H. M. BELL

ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW ORLEANS
ARCHBISHOP'S RESIDENCE
2809 SOUTH CARROLLTON AVENUE
NEW ORLEANS 18, LOUISIANA

HF
MF - file
Sent by M.A. w/out Change
M.S.

June 21, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

Please send one dozen copies of the pamphlet entitled: SCHOOL DESEGREGATION, THE FIRST SIX YEARS, to the above address with statement of the cost. Remittance will be forwarded promptly.

Very truly yours,

Archdiocese of New Orleans
2809 S. Carrollton Avenue
New Orleans 18, La

June 22, 1960

Mr. Joseph J. Brady
Director of Public Relations
Hampton Institute
Hampton, Virginia

Dear Mr. Brady:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter to Mr. Constable, who is away on vacation.

We thank you very much for your kind comment concerning the May issue of NEW SOUTH, and are mailing you, under separate cover, ten additional copies as requested. We are also substituting your name on our mailing list in the place of Mr. Beatty's. I am sure Mr. Constable will be happy to see the news release you sent him.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Again thanks and best wishes.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Mr. Constable

/lec

HAMPTON INSTITUTE
HAMPTON, VIRGINIA

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC RELATIONS

June 20, 1960

Dear Mr. Constable:

Congratulations on an excellent May issue of New South.

Two requests: Is it possible to obtain ten additional copies of this issue? Would you please remove Barton Beatty's name from your mailing list and substitute mine in its place?

The enclosed news release is forwarded for your information. Dr. Robinson has received many reactions to this article.

Sincerely,

Joseph J. Brady

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

JJB:awb

Enc.--1

MEMBER UNITED NEGRO COLLEGE FUND FOUNDED 1944

P.O. Box 24 - MONROE N.C.

NEWEST, LARGEST AND MOST
LUXURIOUS HOTEL IN MIAMI BEACH

BEAUVILLE

550 FT. ON THE OCEAN AT 67TH STREET

600 incomparable guest rooms and suites • 2 pools • 2 night clubs • 3 dining rooms • ice skating rink • 9-hole short golf course • complete shopping plaza • 100% air-conditioned

MONROE JUN 20 5 30PM 1960 N.C.

Dear Harold:
Could you possibly spare 100 copies of May issue of New South for selective distribution? Will certainly appreciate.
Very truly yours,
J Ray Sheets

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Sent 6/22/60 [illegible]

June 22, 1960

Mr. Cornelius Cotter
Assistant Staff Director
Commission on Civil Rights
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Cotter:

We are enclosing three additional copies of the May 1960, edition of New South as requested in your letter of June 20, to Mr. Constable.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Mr. Constable

/lec
Enclosures - 3

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

June 20, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
New South
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Kindly send me three additional copies of the May, 1960 edition of New South, vol. 15, no. 5, entitled, "School Desegregation: the first six years."

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Cornelius P. Cotter

Cornelius Cotter
Assistant Staff Director

June 22, 1960

Miss Elizabeth C. Welborn
Office of the Librarian
Lander College
Greenwood, South Carolina

Dear Miss Welborn:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of June 21, to Mr. John Constable, who is away on vacation. However, I am mailing the pamphlet, School Desegregation: the first six years, to the women listed in your letter.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Mr. Constable

/lec

Same letter mailed to:
Mrs. Azile Feltcher, 807 Edgefield St., Greenwood, S.C.
Mrs. A. D. Abercrombie, 203 Melrose Terrace, Greenwood, S.C.

June 22, 1960

Mrs. J. H. Clyburn, President
American Association of University Women
603 Watford Street
Greenwood, South Carolina

Dear Mrs. Clyburn:

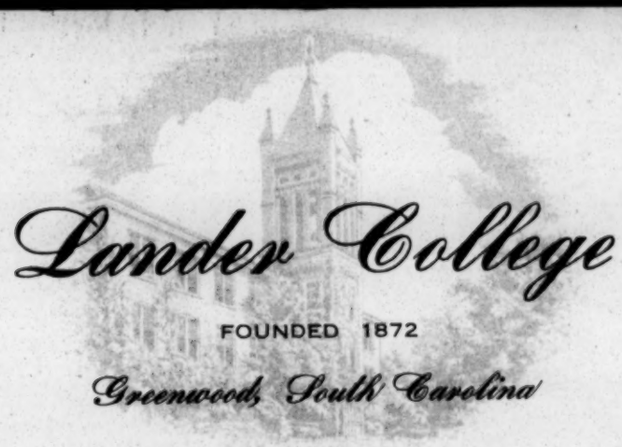
Miss Elizabeth C. Welborn has requested that we send you a copy of our publication, School Desegregation: the first six years.

We hope the enclosed pamphlet will be of interest to you.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director
of Information

/lec
Encl.



OFFICE OF THE
LIBRARIAN

June 21, 1960

Mr. John Constable, Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

School Desegregation: the first six years, I find, has much concise information in it that should be in the hands of some of the members of our local American Association of University Women. Please send a copy to the following:

Mrs. J.H.Clyburn, Pres. A.A.U.W.
603 Watford St.
Greenwood, S.C.

Mrs. Azile Fletcher
807 Edgefield, St.
Greenwood, S.C.

Mrs. A.D.Abercrombie
203 Melrose Terrace
Greenwood, S.C.

Thank you very much.

Very sincerely,
Elizabeth C. Welborn
Elizabeth C. Welborn

6-24-60

Another wire, taken over telephone

Library of Congress, Washington D.C.

30 copies School Desegregation.

Phil mailed out Saturday morning.

MA

HF

MF file

Materials sent:

NEW SOUTH (Jan. - June '60)
The South and the Nation
Racial Crisis and the Press
The SRC Reports the Changing South
Pierce Report
Morland Report
Dunbar Report
The Tragic Fellowship of Southerners
APPEAL for the mos P-3 no

June 24, 1960

Mr. Robert Kuttner
Research Laboratories
Institute of Living
200 Retreat Avenue
Hartford 2, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Kuttner:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some recent issues of NEW SOUTH as requested in your letter of June 22. We are also including materials on the sit-ins, and other literature distributed by the Council in which you might be interested.

If we can be of additional assistance, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Lucl E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of
Information

/lec

INSTITUTE OF LIVING
TWO HUNDRED RETREAT AVENUE
HARTFORD 2, CONNECTICUT

RESEARCH LABORATORIES

6/22/60

Dear Sirs:

I would appreciate some recent issues of New South and other samples of literature distributed by the Southern Regional Council. I am especially interested in material dealing with the recent sit-in lunch counter demonstrations.

Thank you,

Robert Kuttner, Ph.D.

FYI mb

June 24, 1959

Mr. Stuart B. Carter
Attorney-at-Law
Fincastle, Virginia

Dear Mr. Carter:

Thank you for your kind letter of June 19th. We are glad that you have found our recent mailings interesting, and will be happy to see that you continue to receive them. Please feel free to call on us for such other assistance as we may be able to provide.

You should begin receiving New South shortly.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

RECEIVED JUN 22 1959

STUART B. CARTER
ATTORNEY AT LAW
FINCASTLE, VIRGINIA

June 19, 1959

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Thanks so much for sending me Reports numbered L-1, 2, 3 and 4.

You are correct in assuming I am interested in the reports and your organization.

Please enter a year's subscription for me to your magazine "New South" and send it to me at my home address which is Route # 1, Buchanan, Virginia.

Please bill this office for the subscription above mentioned.

I shall be delighted to receive your reports from time to time and may a little later write you for suggestions on the school integration problem.

With every good wish for the success of your organization, I am

Yours sincerely,

Stuart B. Carter

Stuart B. Carter
(State Senator)

SBC:mp

MF - Please send.
HCF
Sent 6/28/60

Southern Education Reporting Service

P. O. BOX 6156 ACKLEN STATION
1109 NINETEENTH AVE., SOUTH
NASHVILLE 12, TENNESSEE

Publishers of
SOUTHERN SCHOOL NEWS
CYpress 1-1262

OFFICERS:

FRANK AHLGREN
CHAIRMAN

THOMAS R. WARING
VICE CHAIRMAN

EDWARD D. BALL
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

FRANK AHLGREN
EDITOR
MEMPHIS COMMERCIAL APPEAL
MEMPHIS, TENN.

EDWARD D. BALL
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
SOUTHERN EDUCATION
REPORTING SERVICE

HARVIE BRANSCOMB
CHANCELLOR
VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE, TENN.

LUTHER H. FOSTER
PRESIDENT
TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE
TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE, ALA.

COLEMAN A. HARWELL
EDITOR
NASHVILLE TENNESSEAN
NASHVILLE, TENN.

HENRY H. HILL
PRESIDENT
GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE
NASHVILLE, TENN.

C. A. McKNIGHT
EDITOR
CHARLOTTE OBSERVER
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

CHARLES MOSS
EXECUTIVE EDITOR
NASHVILLE BANNER
NASHVILLE, TENN.

GEORGE N. REDD
DEAN
FISK UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE, TENN.

DON SHOEMAKER
EDITORIAL PAGE EDITOR
MIAMI HERALD
MIAMI, FLA.

BERT STRUBY
EDITOR
MACON TELEGRAPH
MACON, GA.

THOMAS R. WARING
EDITOR
CHARLESTON NEWS & COURIER
CHARLESTON, S. C.

HENRY I. WILLETT
SUPT. OF SCHOOLS
RICHMOND, VA.

June 24, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you for your letter of June 17. We are writing NAIRO for a copy of their directory, and it should prove helpful.

Cordially,

Marvin Wall

Marvin Wall
Acting Executive Director

MW/tc

PS: We would appreciate a dozen or so extra copies of your "Racial Crisis and the Press" if you have them to spare. mdw

June 24, 1960

Mr. James F. Redmond
Superintendent
Orleans Parish School Board
703 Carondelet Street
New Orleans 12, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Redmond:

In response to your wire we are mailing today the requested 12 copies of School Desegregation: the first six years, parcel post special handling. At .20 each, this would be $2.40.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Administrative Secretary
Research

CLASS OF SERVICE
This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS
DL = Day Letter
NL = Night Letter
LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

AA38 NSA139

1960 JUN 24 AM 10 48

NS AUA005 PD=AU NEW ORLEANS LA 24 920A CST=

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL INC=

63 AUBURN AVE NORTH EAST ATLA=

PLEASE SEND ONE DOZEN COPIES "SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: THE FIRST SIX YEARS" IMMEDIATELY. BILL ME=

JAMES F REDMOND SUPT ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD
703 CARONDELET ST NEW ORLEANS 12 LA=.

PV 2.40

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

****

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[redacted] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[redacted]ORGIA
[redacted]-5764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date 6/27/60

To: MF From: HCF

Subject: Materials Promised to YWCAers

Please send with my card L-6 and L-16 to each of the following:

Dr. + Mrs. Edward L. Askren
170 Laurel Forest Cir., NE, Atlanta

only Mrs. Mr. is a bigot. → MRS. Lloyd McEachern
320 Hines Terrace
Macon, Ga.

Mrs. George W. Vinzant
Vicksburg, Miss.
(Also enclose mimeo'd SRC history + Changing South)

Sent 6/27/60 mt.

COPY

June 27, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I would like to have copies of your Special Reports on the student sit-in demonstrations.

Specifically, I would like copies of the following:

"The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960", published February 25, 1960; "Legal Rights and Privileges", published April 7, 1960; "Toward a Solution of the Sit-In Controversy", published May 31, 1960; and any other reports or literature which you may have published on this subject.

Please send reports in my name to the above address.

Sincerely yours,

J. Delmas Escoe
Assistant Counsel

JDE:z

June 28, 1960

Reverend Albert N. Wells
Laurinburg Presbyterian Church
Laurinburg, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Wells:

Your letter of June 22 is most welcome, and we have sent with our compliments the additional copies of the "L" reports which you requested.

It is both pleasant and heartening to learn of the constructive efforts that you and other community leaders are carrying on in Laurinburg. Benjamin Muse has written me of the fine visit he had there recently.

I hope that you and your co-workers will feel free to call on us at any time for any information or service we can supply.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
cc: Mr. Benjamin Muse

Laurinburg Presbyterian Church

Laurinburg, North Carolina

Albert N. Wells, Minister

June 22, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Room 432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Attention: Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am writing to ask that you send me the following reports prepared by the Southern Regional Council:

(1) Report No. L-8 of August 10, 1959, entitled "Race and Intelligence"

(2) Report No. L-13 of December 15, 1959, entitled "Did you Find There Was Much Difference?"

I would appreciate your sending me two copies of each of these if it is possible.

Mr. Glen F. Webb has been in touch with you regarding our local committee on Community Betterment. It is my privilege to serve as chairman of this committee and I have been greatly impressed with the opportunity afforded us. We were heartened by the visit of Mr. Muse last week. Mr. Muse is from Virginia and spent an entire day in Laurinburg meeting with members of our committee. His visit helped us to see the place of this committee within the over-all evolution of race relations in the south. The above reports will be of great help to me in my own small part in this endeavor. I have read all the ones you sent to Mr. Webb and have already found occasion to use the above two. If there is any charge for these please do not hesitate to let me know.

With every good wish and a prayer for God's blessing upon your work, I am

Sincerely,

Albert N. Wells

Albert N. Wells

ANW:lb

Sent 4 copies each

L8 } 6-23-60
L13 } M.A.

June 28, 1960

Mr. Charles K. Coates
The Nashville Tennessean
Nashville 1, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Coates:

Thank you for your letter and your interest in our publications. We are placing your name on our press list which will entitle you to all of our publications with the exception of NEW SOUTH, a sample copy and a descriptive folder of which are enclosed.

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the copies of RACIAL CRISIS AND THE PRESS. There is no charge.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:led
Enclosures - 2

IN THE HEART OF TVA

MORNING-SUNDAY — ESTABLISHED 1812

THE NASHVILLE TENNESSEAN

SILLIMAN EVANS, JR.,
Publisher

NASHVILLE, 1 TENNESSEE

June 27, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Gentlemen:

Off and on for some while I have borrowed Southern Regional Council publications from other reporters on the staff of the Tennessean. I would prefer to receive these publications directly and therefore ask that my name be added to your regular mailing list.

Also, if possible, I should like to obtain three copies of the recent "Racial Crisis and the Press."

If there are any costs in connection with either request, please advise me.

Yours truly,

Charles K. Coates

Charles K. Coates

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ernest Angell
Daniel Bell
Lyle B. Borst
Ralph S. Brown, Jr.
Lisle C. Carter, Jr.
John B. Danby
William A. Delano
Edward J. Ennis
John F. Finerty
Osmond K. Fraenkel
Walter Frank
Lewis Galantiere
Walter Gellhorn
Julian E. Goldberg
Louis M. Hacker
August Heckscher
Frank S. Horne
B. W. Huebsch
Sophia Yarnall Jacobs
John Paul Jones
Dorothy Kenyon
Dan Lacy
Edward O. Miller
Walter Millis
James O'Gara
Gerard Piel
Elmer Rice
George Soll
J. Waties Waring
Howard Whiteside
Edward Bennett Williams

NATIONAL COMMITTEE

Chairman
E. B. MacNaughton (Ore.)

Vice-Chairman Emeritus
Bishop Edward L. Parsons (Calif.)

Vice Chairmen
Francis Biddle (D.C.)
Pearl S. Buck (Penna.)
Howard F. Burns (Ohio)
Prof. Albert Sprague Coolidge (Mass.)
Prof. J. Frank Dobie (Texas)
Lloyd K. Garrison (N.Y.)
Dr. Frank P. Graham(U.N.)
Palmer Hoyt (Colo.)
Dr. Karl Menninger (Kans.)
Loren Miller (Calif.)
Morris Rubin (Wisc.)
Lillian E. Smith (Ga.)

Mrs. Sadie Alexander (Penna.)
J. Garner Anthony (Hawaii)
Thurman Arnold (D.C.)
Clarence E. Ayres (Tex.)
Roger N. Baldwin (N.Y.)
Alan Barth (D.C.)
Dr. Sarah Gibson Blanding (N.Y.)
Catherine Drinker Bowen (Penna.)
Prof. Julian P. Boyd (N.J.)
Van Wyck Brooks (Conn.)
John Mason Brown (N.Y.)
Prof. James R. Caldwell (Calif.)
Dr. Henry Seidel Canby(Conn.)
Dr. Robert K. Carr (Ohio)
Prof. Allan Knight Chalmers (Mass.)
Stuart Chase (Conn.)
Grenville Clark (N.H.)
Dr. Rufus E. Clement (Ga.)
Prof. Henry Steele Commager (Mass.)
Prof. George S. Counts (N.Y.)
Prof. Robert E. Cushman (D.C.)
Melvyn Douglas (N.Y.)
Prof. Thomas H. Eliot (Mo.)
Victor Fischer (Alaska)
Walter T. Fisher (Ill.)
James Lawrence Fly (Fla.)
Prof. Ralph F. Fuchs (Ind.)
Prof. Willard E. Goslin (Tenn.)
Prof. Mark DeW. Howe (Mass.)
Quincy Howe (N.Y.)
Dr. Robert M. Hutchins (Calif.)
Gerald W. Johnson (Md.)
Dr. Mordecai W. Johnson (D.C.)
James Kerney, Jr. (N.J.)
Benjamin H. Kizer (Wash.)
Dr. John A. Lapp (Ill.)
Mrs. Agnes Brown Leach (N.Y.)
Max Lerner (N.Y.)
Prof. Robert S. Lynd (N.Y.)
Prof. Robert Mathews (Ohio)
Prof. Wesley H. Maurer (Mich.)
Dr. Millicent C. McIntosh (N.Y.)
Dr. Alexander Meiklejohn (Calif.)
Harry C. Meserve (N.Y.)
Sylvan Meyer (Ga.)
Donald R. Murphy (Iowa)
Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer (N.J.)
John B. Orr. Jr. (Fla.)
Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam (D.C.)
James G. Patton (Colo.)
A. Philip Randloph (N.Y.)
Elmo Roper (N.Y.)
Prof. Arthur Schlesinger, Jr. (Mass.)
Dr. Edward J. Sparling (Ill.)
Prof. George R. Stewart (Calif.)
Mrs. Dorothy Tilly (Ga.)
Jose Trias-Monge (Puerto Rico)
William W. Waymack (Iowa)
Stanley Weigel (Calif.)
William L. White (Kans.)
Aubrey Williams (Ala.)
Marion A. Wright (N.C.)
Dean Benjamin Youngdahl (Mo.)

American Civil Liberties Union

156 ~~170~~ FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 10, N.Y. • ORegon 5-5990

Founded 1920
Incorporated

40th Anniversary

Ernest Angell, *Chairman, Board of Directors and the Corporation*
August Heckscher, Elmer Rice, *Vice-Chairmen*
Edward J. Ennis, Osmond K. Fraenkel, *General Counsel*
Dorothy Kenyon, *Secretary*
B. W. Huebsch, *Treasurer*
Morris Ernst, John Haynes Holmes, Norman Thomas, *Directors Emeritus*

Patrick Murphy Malin, *Executive Director*
Alan Reitman, *Associate Director*
Rowland Watts, *Legal Director*
Marie M. Runyon, *Membership Director*
Louise C. Floyd, Leanne Golden, Lillian F. Mate, *Executive Assistants*

Roger N. Baldwin, *International Work Adviser*
Dorothy Dunbar Bromley, *Assistant Director*
Melvin L. Wulf, *Asst. Legal Director*
Arthur Pearlroth, *Editorial Consultant*

File Requests

June 29, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Executive Director
The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Congratulations on the splendid pamphlet, "School Desegregation - The First Six Years." It has all the answers to questions raised by so many people and it is extremely well written. Please express our appreciation to all those concerned with the project. Would you have an extra 30 copies handy for distribution to ACLU affiliates? And what would be the cost for bulk orders?

Cordially yours,

Alan

Alan Reitman
Associate Director

June 29, 1960

Mr. P. B. Young, Publisher
The Journal and Guide
719 East Olney Road

Dear Mr. Young:

I am pleased to send you, with our compliments, ten copies of our recent publication Racial Crisis and the Press. While the actual comparative analysis of the selected newspapers was done independently by Professor Spearman, everyone concerned with the planning of the study felt without question that the Journal and Guide was an obvious choice for inclusion.

We were pleased to note the generous story on the publication in the Journal and Guide dated July 2.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Ack memo 6/29/60

P. B. YOUNG PUBLISHER

Journal and Guide

MADISON 5-3686

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE GUIDE PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.

719 EAST OLNEY ROAD
NORFOLK 1, VIRGINIA

June 27, 1960

Mr. Harold Flemming, Director
The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Flemming:

I am interested in procuring ten copies of the brochure entitled Recial Crises And The Press.

If you will have ten copies sent to me at Box 209, Norfolk 1, Va., marked for my personal attention, I will greatly appreciate it. Please send me the bill covering the cost of same.

I have made a cursory examination of this brochure, and I think it is very interesting, and Messers. Spearmen, and Myers deserve credit for their work.

Thanking you in advance for your kind consideration, I am,

Yours sincerely,

P. B. YOUNG
Publisher

PBY:mm

Return Corps file

Materials sent:
Price Report
Morland Report
Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960
March 1960 NEW SOUTH

June 29, 1960

Mr. J. Delmas Escoe
Assistant Counsel
Committee on the Judiciary
Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Escoe:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, copies of materials on the student sit-in demonstrations you requested plus some additional ones not included in your letter.

We have placed your name on our special mailing list to receive any future materials of this kind.

Thank you for your interest.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS., CHAIRMAN
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO.
JOHN L. MC CLELLAN, ARK.
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
PHILIP A. HART, MICH.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.
EVERETT MC KINLEY DIRKSEN, ILL.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
KENNETH B. KEATING, N.Y.
NORRIS COTTON, N.H.

SUBCOMMITTEE:
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO., CHAIRMAN
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
JOHN L. MC CLELLAN, ARK.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.

CHARLES H. SLAYMAN, JR.
CHIEF COUNSEL AND STAFF DIRECTOR

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
SUBCOMMITTEE ON CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS
(PURSUANT TO S. RES. 233, 86TH CONGRESS)

June 27, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I would like to have copies of your Special Reports on the student sit-in demonstrations.

Specifically, I would like copies of the following:

"The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960", published February 25, 1960; "Legal Rights and Privileges", published April 7, 1960; "Toward a Solution of the Sit-In Controversy", published May 31, 1960; and any other reports or literature which you may have published on this subject.

Please send reports in my name to the above address.

Sincerely yours,

J. Delmas Escoe
Assistant Counsel

JDE:z

June 29, 1960

Reverend Clyde C. Frazier, Jr.
Lake Vista Methodist Church
6645 Spanish Fort Boulevard
New Orleans 24, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Frazier:

"If the Schools Are Closed..." and "The Economic Effect of School Closing" are Southern Regional Council publications. The first is available at 25¢ per copy. The second is virtually exhausted; I am mailing you with our compliments twenty of our remaining thirty copies.

"Can We Afford to Close Our Public Schools?" is available from the Anti-Defamation League. I suggest you request them of Mr. Schulman, director of the ADL's New Orleans office at 606 Common Street.

If you would like to order copies of "If the Schools Are Closed..." or if the Southern Regional Council can be of other assistance to you, let us hear from you.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Lake Vista Methodist Church

6645 Spanish Fort Boulevard
New Orleans 24, Louisiana

Clyde C. Frazier, Jr.
Minister

Mary Dodgen
Educational Assistant

June 27, 1960

6 copies Common Street
Int-School Man

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We are anxious to obtain copies of the following:

(1) We would like to have a small quantity of "If the Schools Are Closed...." by Donald Ross Green and Warren E. Gauerke.

(2) We need a larger quantity of "The Economic Effect of School Closing" by Jim Montgomery.

(3) We are particularly interested in securing from 225 to 250 copies of "Can We Afford to Close Our Public Schools?", a statement by Southern Educators.

30 Copies
Have to be ordered from ADL

Can you give us any information as to where we may order this material? If so, we would appreciate very much hearing from you at your early convenience.

Very truly yours,

Clyde Frazier, Jr.

Clyde C. Frazier, Jr.

CCF, Jr/jw

July 6, 1960

Mr. Mark F. Hawthorne
Superintendent
Anderson Public Schools
Anderson, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Hawthorne:

I fear that the similarity between this organization's name and that of the Southern Regional Education Board has bred some confusion -- a fairly common occurrence. Dr. Anderson is the director of SREB; School Desegregation: The First Six Years is an SRC publication.

In any case, I am happy to send you separately copies of some of the listed publications that may be of interest to you and your associates. Call on us any time we can be of service.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

For Materials sent see items checked on attached Bibliography.

MARK F. HAWTHORNE, SUPT.

ANDERSON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER FIVE
ANDERSON, SOUTH CAROLINA

July 1, 1960

Dr. Anderson, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Anderson:

On Monday we received the bulletin mailed from your office entitled School Desegregation: the first six years. On page 32 and thereafter are listed suggested material for further reading.

If it is in keeping with your policy to share copies, we shall be glad to have you send such material as you deem of value for being read by interested individuals here. Thank you for your cooperation and assistance.

It was good to see you again at the Daytona conference. I appreciate your suggestion there.

Very sincerely yours,

Mark F. Hawthorne

Mark F. Hawthorne
Superintendent

MFH/otg

We are not unmindful of the difficulties confronting Virginia and other Southern States following the Brown decision of May 17, 1954. It is not for us to pass upon the wisdom of state legislation, but it is our duty to apply constitutional principles in accordance with the decisions of the United States Supreme Court, and when state legislation conflicts with those constitutional principles, state legislation must yield. Irrespective of what may be said by those in public life, we are gratified to note that counsel for the defendants, including the Attorney General of Virginia, concede that the decisions of the United States Supreme Court are not only binding upon this court, but also constitute the law of the land.

* * *

Tested by these principles we arrive at the inescapable conclusion that the Commonwealth of Virginia, having accepted and assumed the responsibility of maintaining and operating public schools, cannot act through one of its officers to close one or more public schools in the state solely by reason of the assignment to, or enrollment or presence in, that public school of children of different races or colors, and, at the same time, keep other public schools throughout the state open on a segregated basis. The "equal protection" afforded to all citizens and taxpayers is lacking in such a situation. While the State of Virginia, directly or indirectly, maintains and operates a school system with the use of public funds, or participates by arrangement or otherwise in the management of such a school system, no one public school or grade in Virginia may be closed to avoid the effect of the law of the land as interpreted by the Supreme Court, while the state permits other public schools or grades to remain open at the expense of the taxpayers. In so holding we have considered only the Constitution of the United States as it is unnecessary, in our opinion, to pass upon the specific provisions of the Constitution of Virginia which deal directly with the free public school system of the state. We do not suggest that, aside from the Constitution of Virginia, the state must maintain a public school system. That is a matter for state determination. We merely point out that the closing of a public school, or grade therein, for the reasons heretofore assigned violates the right of a citizen to equal protection of the laws and, as to any child willing to attend a school with a member or members of the opposite race, such a school-closing is a deprivation of due process of law. It follows, therefore, that the defendants must be permanently enjoined from enforcing or attempting to enforce the statutes in question as the same may apply to the public schools of the City of Norfolk.

* * *

In the event the State of Virginia withdraws from the business of educating its children, and the local governing bodies assume this responsibility, the same principles with respect to equal protection of laws would be controlling as to that particular county or city. While the county or city, directly or indirectly, maintains and operates a school system with the use of public funds, or participates by arrangement or otherwise in the management of such a school system, no one public school or grade in the county or city may be closed to avoid the effect of the law of the land while other public schools or grades remain open at the expense of the taxpayers. Such schemes or devices looking to the cutoff of funds for schools or grades affected by the mixing of races, or the closing or elimination of specific grades in such schools, are evasive tactics which have no standing under the law.

* * *

We are told that, because the schools are closed to *all alike*, both white and colored, there is no discrimination and hence there is no violation of the Fourteenth Amendment. This premise is totally unsound. The discrimination here complained of is the denial of the right of white children to attend public schools which are closed by action of the Governor pursuant to an unconstitutional law enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, while other white children living in the same state, and within the same political subdivision, are enjoying the educational opportunities afforded them at the expense of all taxpayers, including the parents of the white children locked out of the six schools. We need hardly discuss the factor of race to arrive at the conclusion that this is not equal protection of laws.

For Further Reading

(Readings marked with asterisk are available from the Southern Regional Council, either free or at a small charge, for as long as supplies last.)

FOR MORE INFORMATION ON QUESTION NUMBER	READ
1.	*J. T. Fey, "Segregation in the Schools," *New South*, September, 1954. *R. A. Leflar, *What the Supreme Court Said* (reprinted from *Southern School News*, June, 1955). *Cecil Sims, " The Segregation Decision: A Lawyer's View," in *Three Views of the Segregation Decision.* See also 3(b).
2.	Senator J. S. Cooper, "The Role of Public Officials," *Notre Dame Lawyer, Symposium*, 1959. *M. A. Wright, *Public Ethics and the Integration Question.* *Attorney-General Malcolm Seawell of North Carolina, "North Carolina at Crossroad," New South, January, 1959. *Irving Carlyle, "Law Is to be Obeyed," *New South*, January, 1957. See also 3(b).
3.	*Charles Fairman, "The Attack on the Segregation Cases," *New South*, May, 1957 (reprinted from *Harvard Law Review*, November, 1956). (a) *"A Chronology of Principal Cases on Segregation," *New South*, October, 1959. C. H. Pritchett, "The Supreme Court and Segregation," *Concern*, December 25, 1959. (b) Herbert Hill and Jack Greenberg, *Citizen's Guide to De-Segregation*, 1955. Boston. Beacon.
4.	The American Jewish Congress issues an annual summary and analysis of *The Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Decisions of the U. S. Supreme Court;* these have been prepared for the 1956-57, 1957-58, 1958-59 terms. See also 3(a), 8(a).
5.	See *Aaron v. Cooper*, page 27 of this pamphlet.
6.	*Attorney-General W. P. Rogers, "U. S. Policy on Desegregation," *New South*, October, 1958.
7.	*Sidney Hook, *Democracy and Desegregation* (available from the Tamiment Institute, 7 East 15th, N. Y. 3, N. Y.).
8.	(a) **A Background Report on School Desegregation for 1959-60*, SRC Special Report (also, same for 1958-59). (b) A series of valuable field reports has been published by the Anti-Defamation League; subjects: Sturgis, Ky.; Clinton, Tenn.; Beaumont and Mansfield, Tex. G. B. Johnson, "New Ways on the Campus," *New South*, February, 1955. *Southern School News*, April, 1960. *Helen Fuller, "Southerners and Schools" (a series of articles from the *New Republic*, January-February, 1959). H. C. Fleming and John Constable, *What's Happening in School Integration*, Public Affairs Pamphlet No. 244.
9.	*A. M. Secrest, "Moderation Is Key to South's Dilemma," *New South*, February, 1960. See 10(a).
10.	(a) *D. R. Green and Warren Gauerke, *If the Schools Are Closed . . . A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan.* *Excerpts from remarks of Assistant Attorney-General Odum of Florida, SRC Report L-7.
11.	*Can We Afford to Close Our Public Schools?*, a statement of 33 Southern educators (available from the Anti-Defamation League.) *L. A. Thompson, "Virginia Education Crisis and Its Economic Aspects," *New South*, February, 1959. Jim Montgomery, *The Economic Effect of School Closing.*

Save Our Schools, A Roundup of Southern Press Opinion (available from the Anti-Defamation League.)
*SRC Reports L-2, L-3, L-4, L-5, L-7, L-10, L-11, L-14; all of these short reports deal with the economic effects of the schools crisis.
Little Rock Report, by the Women's Emergency Committee to Open Our Schools (condensed in SRC Report L-11).

12. *Jane Reif, *Crisis in Norfolk.*
*W. M. Lightsey, *The Virginia Committee for Public Schools.*
*Nat Griswold, "Arkansans Organize for Public Schools," *New South,* June, 1959.
*Paul Rilling, "Virginians Support Public Schools," *New South,* July-August, 1959.
*"Georgians Resist Closed Schools," *New South,* April, 1959.

13. (a) *Herbert Wey and John Corey, *Action Patterns in School Desegregation.*

14. *K. B. Clark, "Observations on Little Rock," *New South,* June, 1958.
(a) J. D. Grambs, *A Guide to School Integration,* Public Affairs Pamphlet No. 255.
*SRC Policy Statement, December 6, 1959.

15. See 13(a).

16. (a) *C. S. Johnson, "A Southern Negro's View of the South," *New York Times Magazine,* September 23, 1956. (Excerpts reprinted in *New South,* December, 1956.)
*B. E. Mays, "Why an Atlanta School Suit?" *New South,* October, 1950.
*J. N. Popham, "The Southern Negro: Change and Paradox," *New York Times Magazine,* December 1, 1957 (reprints available from SRC).
(b) *M. A. Wright, *The Southern Dilemma.*
(c) *J. M. Dabbs, "The South's Man Across the Table," *New South,* June, 1957.
(d) *H. V. Richardson, "What the Negro Wants," *New South,* January, 1956.
J. H. Robinson, ed., *Love of this Land.* 1956. Philadelphia: Christian Education Press.
See also 24(a).

17. *F. J. Stallings, *Racial Differences in Academic Achievement.*
*Excerpts from remarks of Omer Carmichael, SRC Report L-13.
**Desegregation and Academic Achievement,* SRC Report L-17.
*Erwin Knoll, *The Truth About Desegregation in Washington's Schools.*
**The "Davis Report" and the Truth About the Public School Situation in Washington, D. C.,* SRC Report L-6.
✓ **The Washington School Story,* SRC Special Report.
✓ **The Louisville School Story,* SRC Special Report.
C. F. Hansen, *Addendum: A Five-Year Report* (published by the Anti-Defamation League).

18. **New South,* November, 1956 contains several authoritative statements on biological traits.
**Race and Intelligence,* SRC Report L-8.
R. D. North, "The Intelligence of American Negroes," *Research Reports* (published by the Anti-Defamation League).
See also 21(b), 24(c), 30(a).

19. *Margaret Dages, "Teacher Integration in St. Louis," *New South,* December, 1955.
A. W. Spruill, "The New Teacher in the Process of Desegregation of Schools," *Journal of Negro Education,* Winter, 1960.

20. See 21(a), (b); 30(a).

21. (a) *Journal of Negro Education,* Yearbook Number, Summer, 1959.
(b) *Children, Together* (published by the American Jewish Congress).
See also 30(a).

22. Milton Mayer, "The Issue is Miscegenation," *The Progressive,* September, 1959.
See also 23(a), 30(a).

23. *"Migration and Desegregation," *New South,* November, 1959.
(a) *The Myths of Racial Integration* (published by the American Jewish Congress).

(over)

24. *W. D. Campbell, "The Role of Religion in Segregation Crisis," *New South*, January, 1960.
*M. A. Wright, *Segregation versus the Space Age.*
**A Mike Wallace Interview with James McBride Dabbs.*
*M. L. King, Jr., "The Current Crisis in Race Relations," *New South*, March, 1958 (reprinted from *Presbyterian Outlook*, February 10, 1958).
(a) *B. E. Mays, "The Moral Aspects of Segregation," in *Three Views of the Segregation Decisions.*
(b) Harry Fleischman, *Let's Be Human*, 1960. N. Y. Oceana.
(c) Marie Jahoda, "What Is Prejudice?" *Look*, May 24, 1960.
(d) *Race and Conscience in America*, a review prepared for the American Friends Service Committee.
See also 16(a), (b), (c), (d); 27(a).

25. *G. B. Johnson, "The Impending Crisis of the South," *New South*, May, 1953.
See also 24(b).

26. (a) *LeRoy Collins, *The South and the Nation.*
Merrimon Cunniggim, "The Southern Temper," *New South*, July-August, 1958 (reprinted from *Perkins School of Theology Journal*, Spring, 1958).
*George Mitchell, "The Face of the South" (map talk).
R. W. Patrick, *Race Relations in the South*, 1958 (available from Florida State Teachers Asso., Box 1211, Tallahassee).

27. *Statements of several ministerial groups have been reprinted and are available on request.
(a) *C. C. Tarplee, *The Church in Areas of Racial Tension.*
*Ralph McGill, "The Agony of the Southern Minister," *New York Times Magazine*, September 27, 1959.
Y. M-J. Congar, *The Catholic Church and the Race Question* (published by UNESCO).
See also 27(d).

28. *Intimidation, Reprisal and Violence*, a report of the American Friends Service Committee, National Council of the Churches of Christ, and the Southern Regional Council.
*Marge Manderson, "Solid South . . . Or Else," *New South*, April, 1960.
*M. A. Wright, *Public Ethics and the Integration Question.*
*Wilma Dykeman and James Stokely, "McCarthyism Under the Magnolias," *The Progressive*, July, 1959.
See also 8(b).

29. *T. C. Cothran, "The South's Potential and Responsibility for National and World Leadership," *New South*, June, 1960.
*H. C. Fleming, "A Southern View of the South," *New York Times Magazine*, April 3, 1960 (reprints available from SRC).
See also 26(a).

30. *H. F. Williams, "The Moderate," *New South*, October, 1958.
(a) **Emotional Aspects of School Desegregation* (this is a shortened and simplified version of an earlier report issued by the Group for the Advancement of Psychiatry).
R. A. Goldwin and Don Shoemaker, *The Case of the Lively Ghost* (available from the American Foundation for Political Education, 19 South LaSalle St., Chicago 3, Ill.).
R. B. McNeill, *A Georgia Minister Offers a Solution for the South* (available from the American Jewish Committee).
William Peters, *The Story Nobody Tells You About the South* (available from the American Jewish Committee).
See also 14(a), 21(b).

July 12, 1960

Mr. Joe Templeton
Director
Mobile Public Library
Mobile, Alabama

Dear Mr. Templeton:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, copies of back issues of NEW SOUTH from 1954 to the present issue. Some issues are out of print but we hope this will be sufficient for your needs.

We also are placing your name on our NEW SOUTH subscription list as you requested. We do appreciate your interest.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc

Mr. Joe Templeton
Director
Mobile Public Library
Mobile, Alabama

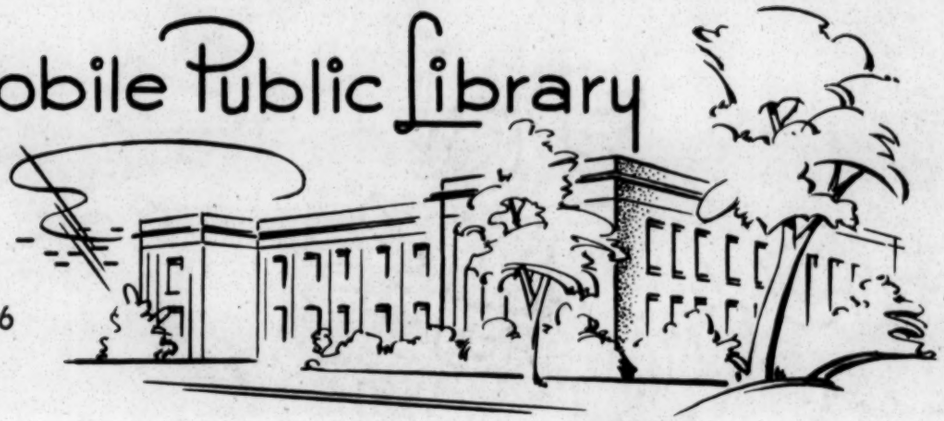
7/12/60

Copies of available issues of NEW SOUTH from 1954 to June, 1960 ..

1954 ..	Jan, Feb., March, April-May, Aug., Sept. Oct., Nov., @ .10 each	$0.80
1955 ..	Jan.,(free) Feb., March, April, May, June July-Aug., Sept., Oct., Nov. @ .10	.90
1956 ..	Jan., Feb., March, April, May, June, July-Aug., (free) Sept., Oct., Nov., ... @ .20 each	1.80
1957 ..	Feb., March, April, May, June, July-Aug., Sept. (free) Oct., Nov., Dec. ..... @ .20 each	1.80
1958 ..	Jan., Feb., March, April, May, June, July-Aug., Sept., Oct., Nov., Dec. ..... @ .20 each or $2.00 for 11 issues	2.00
1959 ..	January through December issues	2.00
1960 ..	January through June @ .20	.60
Plus NEW SOUTH subscription from 7/60-6/61		2.00
	Total	$11.10

THANK YOU

Mobile Public Library



INFORMATION is our Business!
Call HEmlock 8-1696

OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN

MOBILE, ALABAMA

July 7, 1960

M. 7 (copy - file)

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Thank you very much for sending us the free materials published by the Southern Regional Council. We are placing these in our files for reference use. Please place our library on your subscription list for the NEW SOUTH and bill accordingly. We would also appreciate receiving as many back issues as possible so that we will be able to maintain a complete file of your publication. (one copy of each back issue) Thank you very much for taking care of this matter.

Sincerely,

Joe Templeton

Joe Templeton
Director

JT:pa

July 19, 1960

Sister Marie Augusta, SND
Sociology Department
Emmanuel College
400 The Fenway
Boston, Massachusetts

Dear Sister Marie Augusta:

We shall be happy to have you receive our materials and to respond to any specific request for information that you might have occasion to direct to us.

As a beginning, I am sending you separately some of our more recent reports.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

for materials sent see Interoffice Memo dtd. July 19, 1960

EMMANUEL COLLEGE
400 THE FENWAY
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

July 6, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

It is at the suggestion of Professor Pettigrew that I am writing you to ask to be put on the mailing list for information concerning the desegragation developments. I am a doctoral candidate in the Social Relations department at Harvard and a teacher of sociology at Emmanuel college. Our students are very interested in the Negro question. Some are ardent and active members of EPIC and others need some more information to establish a basis for their commitments. We have a real opposition party too that we would like to work on. Back copies of material sent out during this year will be appreciated also.

Since Professor Pettigrew and I think very much alike on the problems of integration and he finds your position so close to his own I am quite interested in contacting you as a channel of constant information on current happenings.

Sincerely yours,

Sister Marie Augusta SND

Sister Marie Augusta SND
Sociology department

HCS

CITY OF GREENSBORO

NORTH CAROLINA

OFFICE OF
CITY ATTORNEY

19 July 1960

M. F. To file

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, New York

Gentlemen:

Please send me copies of your reports on the recent lunch counter "sit-in" demonstrations.

Yours very truly,

Jack Elam

Jack Elam
City Attorney

JE:vs

July 21, 1960

Mr. Jack Elam
City Attorney
City of Greensboro
NORTH CAROLINA

Dear Mr. Elam:

Enclosed are copies of various reports on the student movement. In view of your interest, we are placing your name on our list for future reports of this type.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bec
Encl.

JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS., CHAIRMAN
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO.
JOHN L. MC CLELLAN, ARK.
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
PHILIP A. HART, MICH.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.
EVERETT MC KINLEY DIRKSEN, ILL.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
KENNETH B. KEATING, N.Y.
NORRIS COTTON, N.H.

SUBCOMMITTEE:
THOMAS C. HENNINGS, JR., MO., CHAIRMAN
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
JOHN L. MC CLELLAN, ARK.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, NEBR.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.

CHARLES H. SLAYMAN, JR.
CHIEF COUNSEL AND STAFF DIRECTOR

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
SUBCOMMITTEE ON CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS
(PURSUANT TO S. RES. 233, 86TH CONGRESS)

July 28, 1960

Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Sirs:

Thank you for sending me a copy of the pamphlet, "Settling a Sit-in."

I am enclosing a copy of a letter I wrote you on June 27th. Two days later (June 29) you replied that you were mailing me, under separate cover, copies of the material requested, plus some additional ones not included in my letter. Since I have not yet received this material, will you please check to see whether or not it was mailed? It may have possibly been lost or misplaced.

I appreciate your putting my name on your mailing list.

Sincerely yours,

J. Delmas Escoe

J. DELMAS ESCOE
Assistant Counsel

JDE:MB
Enclosure (1)

August 1, 1960

Mr. J. Delmas Escoe
Assistant Counsel
Committee on the Judiciary
Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Escoe:

We are very sorry that you did not receive the materials mailed to you on June 29, however, we are enclosing the requested material in this mailing.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Luel E. Cummings
Secretary to Mr. Constable

/lec
Enclosures: 4

August 8, 1960

Mr. John I. Brooks
Sunday Editor
The Virginian-Pilot
Norfolk 1, Virginia

Dear Mr. Brooks:

We are placing your name on our mailing list to receive our various reports. We do appreciate your interest and your kind comments.

If we can be of additional help, please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Courtable
Director of Information

JC:lec

MF
Comp file

The Virginian-Pilot
MORNING AND SUNDAY
ESTABLISHED 1865 • • • NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA

TELEPHONE MADISON 5-1431
NORFOLK 1, VIRGINIA

August 5, 1960

Information Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sir:

I would appreciate being placed on your mailing list for releases and surveys concerning interracial and other social problems in the South.

This material will be very helpful to me in assigning projects to our writers. I have seen a number of your surveys which were mailed to my colleague, Luther J. Carter, our education writer, and I am convinced you are doing a splendid job.

Congratulations, best wishes -- and keep up the good work.

Yours sincerely,

John I. Brooks

John I. Brooks
Sunday Editor

M.F.

LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY
LIBRARY
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

August 15, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue E
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

The University Library wishes to thank you for The Louisville Story by Omer Carmichael and Weldon James, which you have so kindly presented to its collection.

Sincerely,

Jean Ericson M.L.

Jean Ericson
Gifts & Exchange Librarian

JE:mtl

8/22/60

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

U. S. INFORMATION SERVICE

P.O. Box 8168 Causeway,
Salisbury
Rhodesia & Nyasaland
August 15, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council Inc.,
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3,
Georgia.

Dear Mr. Fleming:

This is just to acknowledge the receipt of your material and to thank you once again for being so helpful.

I have been disseminating this to the interested organizations, and will keep you informed how it relates to the problems here in Africa.

Sincerely yours,

Arthur G. Cable Jr.

Arthur G. Cable Jr.
Cultural Affairs Officer.

AGC/hat

File

U. S. INFORMATION SERVICE

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

This was attached to corresp. to Frank Loescher. Maybe you want to acknowledge.

7 July 1960

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you for your letter of June 28th, and we will be most grateful for any material you are able to send us.

I realize that you have innumerable problems of your own, so I am somewhat abashed at intruding the problems of Africa on you, but we are most anxious to do all we can here while there is still time, and any assistance will be very sincerely appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Arthur G. Cable Jr.

Arthur G. Cable Jr.
Cultural Affairs Officer

American Consulate General
P. O. Box 8168 Causeway
Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia
Federation of Rhodesia and
Nyasaland

via air mail

June 28, 1960

Mr. Arthur G. Cable, Jr.
Cultural Affairs Officer
The Foreign Service of the U.S.A.
P. O. Box 8168
Causeway
Salisbury
Rhodesia and Nyasaland

Dear Mr. Cable:

We shall be happy to supply any materials we can that will assist you in advising private industry on interracial activity.

I am mailing separately a selection of publications that may be more or less relevant. It is only proper for me to emphasize that we have no certain formula to offer, even for the Southern United States. Most of our progress in race relations is being made under the pressure of Federal court rulings, Executive orders, boycotts and other forms of direct protest by Negroes themselves. The main contribution of organizations like ours is to exert some influence on the side of positive reactions to these pressures. One of the most useful devices here is to describe and analyze the experience of a community or state in such form that leadership elsewhere in the South can draw the obvious lessons. These object lessons can, of course, be either positive or negative; but most of them these days deal with adjustments (or non-adjustments) to pressures of the sort I have mentioned.

Mr. Arthur G. Cable, Jr.
June 28, 1960

One word of amplification on a publication I am forwarding separately -- titled "Greenville's Big Idea." This booklet recounts a successful experience in race relations before the Supreme Court's school desegregation decision. It yielded fine results for a time, but later the situation deteriorated. While I think you will find the self-survey technique, as used there, instructive, I would not want to give you the impression that Greenville has continued to progress harmoniously since 1950.

At the moment, I can think of no other source of materials and advice to suggest. But if we can be of any further service in any way, do feel free to call on us.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Separate mailing:

Price/Morland sit-in reports
Copy of Cody Fowler Report - Ho. Commission
Greenville's Big Idea
Helen Hill Miller's article
Westfeldt ~~&&&&~~ Nashville Community Relations Conference brochure

HCF –

would you like to reply to this, or shall I hold for Les?

M.A.

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

P.O. Box 8168,
Causeway,
Salisbury,
Rhodesia andNyasaland,

June 10, 1960.

Dear Sirs:

I have been asked by one of the larger Mining Companies in Northern Rhodesia to help them in setting up inter-racial organizations similar to those that have been most successful in the South. I realize this is a very vague request, but I am most anxious to help them, as racial outbursts and disturbances are increasing on the Copperbelt and private industry is taking the initiative in trying to do something about it. Would you have any suggestions, ideas, pamphlets, literature, or knowledge of other sources I could turn to, that would help me in assisting those companies that are anxious to contribute to a more harmonious relationship between the African and the European? I would be most grateful for any assistance you could offer me.

Sincerely yours,

Arthur G. Cable Jr.

Arthur G. Cable Jr.
Cultural Affairs Officer

The Southern Regional Council,

Story of N'ville
Comm Rels Conf
Price Sit-in report
Moreland report
Fowler report
Greenville's Big Idea
Helen Miller article

AGC/pd

P.O. Box 8168,
Causeway,
Salisbury,
Rhodesia and Nyasaland,

June 10, 1960.

Dear Sirs:

I have been asked by one of the larger Mining Companies in Northern Rhodesia to help them in setting up inter-racial organizations similar to those that have been most successful in the South. I realize this is a very vague request, but I am most anxious to help them, as racial outbursts and disturbances are increasing on the Copperbelt and private industry is taking the initiative in trying to do something about it. Would you have any suggestions, ideas, pamphlets, literature, or knowledge of other sources I could turn to, that would help me in assisting those companies that are anxious to contribute to a more harmonious relationship between the African and the European? I would be most grateful for any assistance you could offer me.

Sincerely yours,

Arthur G. Cable Jr.
Cultural Affairs Officer

The Southern Regional Council,

AGC/pd

Placed on all-purpose list
8/19/60

August 19, 1960

Mr. Andrew Bennett
Assistant to the Secretary-Treasurer
International Union of Electrical,
Radio and Machine Workers
1126 Sixteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Mr. Bennett:

As requested in your letter of August 11, we have placed your name on our general mailing list. Feel free to call on us at any time we can be of service to the I. U. E.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

JAMES B. CAREY
President
AL HARTNETT
Secretary-Treasurer

Philip Murray Building

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF ELECTRICAL, RADIO AND MACHINE WORKERS

AFFILIATED WITH THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR and CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

EXECUTIVE 3-6094
1126 SIXTEENTH STREET N. W., WASHINGTON 6, D.C.

August 11, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I should like to request that I be placed on your mailing list for all releases and publications.

Yours very truly,

Andrew Bennett

Andrew Bennett
Assistant to the
Secretary-Treasurer

mh

August 19, 1960

Mr. Olan Nalley
Executive Secretary
Committee on Human Relations
320 Park Avenue
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Dear Mr. Nalley:

I trust the materials we sent to you several days ago will prove helpful.

Feel free to call on us any time we can furnish information that will assist the work of your committee.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/sm

Return for reply

STATE OF OKLAHOMA
EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS

J. HOWARD EDMONDSON
GOVERNOR

OKLAHOMA CITY
August 4, 1960

COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RELATIONS
320 PARK AVENUE

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Governor's Committee on Human Relations would like to obtain a copy of the publication, Settling a Sit-In by Wallace Westfeldt. It is my understanding that your office distributes this publication, and other books and pamphlets on the subject of integration.

Please send us a copy of this book C.O.D. and list of materials such as books, pamphlets, films, et cetera which you feel will be useful to our Committee. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Olen Nalley

Olen Nalley
Executive Secretary

ON/p

Mr. Harold Fleming, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Separate mailing: 9/15/60

Augus t 7, New Release on 27 Southern cities opening lunch-counters
"Settling a Sit-in" - Westfeldt
The South and the Nation - Collins
The Negro and the Ballot - Price
Selected Film Bibliography - SRC
The Student Protest Movement'
Lunch-Counter Desegregation in Texas - Morland
Toward a Solution of the Sit-in Controversy- Price

August 23, 1960

Prof. Milton R. Konvitz
New York State School of
Industrial and Labor Relations
Cornell University
Ithaca, New York

Dear Prof. Konvitz:

Thank you for your request for a copy of our latest report on school desegregation for 1960-61. We are mailing you, under separate cover, a complimentary copy of same.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

B. C. Cook (Mrs.)
NEW SOUTH CLERK

M.F.

NEW YORK STATE SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL AND LABOR RELATIONS
A UNIT OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK
CORNELL UNIVERSITY
ITHACA, NEW YORK

August 21, 1960

Gentlemen:

Kindly send me, at once, a copy of your latest report on school intergration, reported on in this morning's "New York Times". Kindly send bill for same.

Sincerely yours,

Prof. Milton R. Konvitz

sent via Air mail
8/23/60

September 26, 1960

Mr. Holgate Young
Financial Secretary
Local 189, AFT
6313 W. Halbert Road
Bethesda 14, Maryland

Dear Mr. Young:

Unfortunately, our supply of Wallace Westfeldt's pamphlet is nearing exhaustion. We are sending you separately, however, one hundred (100) copies with our compliments. I hope this limited number will at least partly meet your needs.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Workers Education Local 189
American Federation of Teachers, AFL-CIO

Sept. 19, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We are interested in distributing the pamphlet on the Nashville sit-ins written by Wallance Westfeldt.

We would like to order 250 copies, if you have them available.

If there is any charge send the bill to me at the address indicated below.

Yours truly

Holgate Young

Holgate Young
Financial Secretary
Local 189, AFT

6313 W. Halbert Road
Bethesda 14, Maryland

LWD ✓
MM-✓
MF-file

September 26, 1960

Professor August Meier
Department of History
Morgan State College
Coldspring Lane and Hillen Road
Baltimore 12, Maryland

Dear Professor Meier:

We are pleased that you feel the New South article on bi-racial conventions will be of value to the Executive Council of the Southern Historical Association.

We are sending you separately, with our compliments, thirteen (13) copies of that issue.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

MORGAN STATE COLLEGE
COLDSPRING LANE AND HILLEN ROAD
BALTIMORE 12, MARYLAND

9/19/60

September 17, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Exec. Dir.
Southern Regional Council
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

As one of those who has been endeavoring to get the Southern Historical Association to meet in hotels where its Negro members will be welcome, I have found the article on "Biracial Conventions" in the September 1960 issue of NEW SOUTH of great value.

I would like to send a copy of this article (or the issue of NEW SOUTH in which it appears) to each of the thirteen members of the Executive Council of the Southern Historical Association (since it is the executive council which decides on a site for the annual convention). Would you please let me know what the charge for 13 copies would be?

20¢ ea.
JC

Sincerely yours,

August Meier

August Meier
Dept. of History

Reading file
(Attach to file copy later)

September 30, 1960

The Rev. John S. Lyles
First Presbyterian Church of Dunbar
15th Street and Myers Avenue
Dunbar, West Virginia

Dear Mr. Lyles:

Yesterday we mailed you a packet of our materials which we believe will be helpful to you in preparing the three vesper programs on the topic of Progress in Christian Relationships. I am enclosing some "case material" on areas where there has been progress, and I have included accounts of church and religious groups (or individuals) that have taken the initiative in improving racial relations. Since all of this is from published reports, you are free to quote from any of it in any way you wish.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Administrative secretary
Research

Enclosures:
Statistics on lunch-counter integration
Formation of Human Relations Committees (in the South)
Thermafax newsclips on: Housing
Employment
Schools
integrated church camps
Mailed separately: 9/29 " " membership
New South, Sept. 1959 "Survey of Waiting Room Facilities"
Sept. 1960 "Biracial Conventions and the South"
McGill reprint, "Agony of the Southern Minister"
Christian Century ed., "Let Us Kneel in Together"
Tarplee, Church in Areas of Racial Tension
Campbell, A Man Had Two Sons
Dabbs, "Immorality of Racial Segregation"
School Desegregation, "The First Generation"
Student Protest Movement; Price, Westfeldt, and Patrick

LWD Return to WF

MA - please do
9-30-60
MA

September 26, 1960

Rev. John S. Lyles
The First Presbyterian Church of Dunbar
15th Street and Myers Avenue
Dunbar, West Virginia

Dear Mr. Lyles:

That is indeed an impèsing assignment you have been given by the Southern Presbyterian Board of Christian Education. We will be glad to give you any help we can in filling it.

I am asking our research staff to pull together such materials as we have in our files that you may find useful for this purpose. You should be hearing from them soon. Meanwhile, I am enclosing copies of the two Atlanta ministers' manifestoes.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures - 2.

9/19/60

The First Presbyterian Church of Dunbar

FIFTEENTH STREET AND MYERS AVENUE
DUNBAR, WEST VIRGINIA

JOHN S. LYLES, MINISTER

September 16, 1960

DONALD K. BROWN, CLERK

Change of Address Card
Sent 9/19/60

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Recently I accepted an assignment for our Southern Presbyterian Board of Christian Education: to write three vesper programs for our Senior High magazine (used throughout our Church) on the topic of Progress in Christian Relationships. From the prospectus: "This unit will help Seniors to become acquainted with the progress that is being made in interracial relationships and the further steps that must be taken in terms of Christian answers to racial injustices and conflicts in our society; to understand and accept their responsibilities as a part of the contribution that Christians and the Church make to the resolving of this issue."

As you can see, this is a large order for programs that are supposed to be used from Maryland to Texas! What I need most specifically is case material on areas where there has actually been progress - not only within the churches but schools, housing, employment, public facilities, etc. Of course it would be especially valuable to get accounts of churches which have taken the initiative in improving racial relations rather than waiting until a situation is forced on them, such as the current "kneel-ins." Any information which you could furnish along these lines would be deeply appreciated; also whether I am free to use names, places, quotations, or must disguise and paraphrase. I would also like to have a copy of the Manifesto issued by the Atlanta ministers.

Thank you very much, Mr. Fleming.

Faithfully yours,

John S. Lyles

John S. Lyles

via air mail

October 7, 1960

Mr. Hugh Y. Bernard, Jr.
Law Librarian
The George Washington University
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Mr. Bernard:

We have your letter of October 5 requesting copies of our 1954-55 New Souths dealing with the Negro and recreation facilities in the South.

Mr. Fleming is away from the office until next week, so I am taking the liberty of answering for him since I feel that your letter warrants an immediate reply.

I have checked our files thoroughly and am sorry to report that we find no record of an earlier letter from you requesting back issues of New South. However, since much time has elapsed, I am rushing a copy each of the April-May 1954 and April 1955 New Souths so that Mr. Baker's research can proceed.

Thank you for writing to us and we shall be glad to furnish any further help that we can.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to Mr. Fleming

MF
Enclosures - 2.

cc: Mr. Wallace Baker

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

LAW LIBRARY

October 5, 1960

RECEIVED
OCT 7 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Asst. Director for Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia:

Dear Mr. Fleming:

On August 31, 1960, this Law Library wrote your organization, attention Mr. Fleming, via air mail, requesting certain issues of the NEW SOUTH for 1954-55 and later dates, containing articles and charts relating to access of Negroes of the South to parks and recreation facilities.

This material, we informed you, was for use of Mr. Wallace Baker, a member of our Law Faculty, in a research study in which he is engaged. The material in question was, we informed you, unavailable on loan from the Library of Congress or other sources here.

To date this library has received no reply or acknowledgement to our letter to your organization.

Please let us know if the material requested is available. If there is a charge for the publications, please inform us so we make an order for the same.

Thank you for this courtesy.

Sincerely yours,

Hugh Y. Bernard Jr.

Hugh Y. Bernard, Jr.
Law Librarian

cc: Mr. Wallace Baker

October 21, 1960

Mr. James Cook
386 Vallejo Street
San Francisco 11, California

Dear Mr. Cook:

In addition to the materials sent to you yesterday, by Mr. Fleming, our research staff has pulled together some materials dealing with resistance groups in the South which I am sending on to you.

The South Strikes Back, by Hodding Carter, published by Doubleday and Co., Garden City, New York, 1959, deals extensively with this subject. You may want to refer to this work. Meanwhile, you have been added to our general mailing list to receive future SRC publications.

If the Council can be of any further service to you, please do not hesitate to call on us.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF
Enclosures

James Cook
386 Vallejo St.
San Francisco 11, Calif.

(Send material & put on all-purpose mailing list.)

1. Hate gps & ldrs
2. Positive types
3. Core material on crisis communities.

✓ 3. Norfolk pamphlet-Reif
Sit-in reports by
✓ Price
✓ Westfeldt
✓ Morland
✓ Griswold article in NS
✓ Hist. Va. CPI
✓ Background Report.
NYT - Nef article

W. L. SNELL

National Printing Company
971 Peachtree St. • NE • Atlanta 9, Georgia

Printers & Lithographers • TRinity 5-7081

Refer: Hodding Carter III, The South Strikes Back

Doubleday & Co
Garden City, N.Y.

1959

October 26, 1960

Professor Lawrence B. deGraaf
Orange County State College
800 North Cypress Avenue
Fullerton, California

Dear Professor deGraaf:

We are pleased that you have found our materials helpful and have asked that your college library subscribe.

Your name has been added to our mailing list.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

MF - For reply

ORANGE COUNTY STATE COLLEGE
800 NORTH CYPRESS AVENUE
FULLERTON, CALIFORNIA

October 21, 1960

RECEIVED
OCT 25 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am a professor of United States history at Orange County State College and am completing a dissentation on Negro migration, 1930 to 1950. In both of these areas I am very interested in contemporary events in the South, particularly as they pertain to inter-racial activities.

Recently, one of my colleagues brought to my attention your periodical publication New South and the Special Reports, and I found them to have material of particular value to my major field of study and my activities with human relations groups.

I have asked our school library to order both your periodical and your reports, and I would appreciate receiving copies of each myself.

Sincerely,

Lawrence B. deGraaf

Lawrence B. deGraaf

yh

We are pleased that you have found our materials helpful and have asked that college library subscribe. Your name has been added to our mailing list.

Sincerely,

HCF

MF Please do

The Methodist Church

ATLANTA DISTRICT-WEST — NORTH GEORGIA CONFERENCE

LESTER RUMBLE, DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT

409 WESLEY MEMORIAL BUILDING

63 AUBURN AVENUE, N.E.

ATLANTA 3, GA.

PHONE JA. 5-7734

RES. TR. 3-3041

RECEIVED OCT 28 1960

October 27, 1960

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Friends:

Thank you very much for your letter addressed to the Trustees of the Wesley Memorial Building and received this morning. We were so sorry that you felt it necessary to move from Wesley Memorial. We have appreciated your being here, and there is a vacuum left on that end of the building because of your absence.

However, I see your viewpoint in moving--particularly after I had a glimpse of your very nice quarters there on Forsyth. That is a very central place, closely related to depots and near other places that will make your work more easily done. In addition, you are all on one floor.

Best of wishes to you as you continue your work in human understanding and justice.

Sincerely,

Lester Rumble

Lester Rumble

LR/sl

November 1, 1960

Dr. Celestine L. Smith
Consultant on Human Relations
National Student YWCA
600 Lexington Avenue
New York 22, New York

Dear Dr. Smith:

We shall be glad to place your staff members, as listed, on our general mailing list.

Aside from our monthly publication New South, we have no predictable schedule of reports or releases. We issue quite a few in the course of a year, but the frequency is determined by day-to-day programming in terms of the changing situation.

In any case, we hope our materials will prove helpful to you and your co-workers.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

YWCA

National Student Young Women's Christian Association of the U.S.A.

600 LEXINGTON AVENUE
NEW YORK 22, N.Y.
PLAZA 3-4700
CABLE: EMISSARIUS, N.Y.

Chairman
CONNIE L. MILLIKEN
Union Theological Seminary

Vice Chairmen
MARGEE GRIMES
Wilson College
JANE MEREDITH
Randolph-Macon Woman's College
BEVERLY SAVAGE
Farmington State Teachers College

Chairman Administrative Committee
MRS. WILLIAM GENNÉ

Executive
MRS. MARGARET EDMUNSON NORTON

Associate in Administration
ODILE SWEENEY

Associates
JEAN M. WHITTET
Program Development
RUTH SHINN
Personnel and Training
ANNIE-KATE GILBERT
National Support

Consultant in Human Relations
CELESTINE L. SMITH, ED. D.

Administrative Assistant
HELEN BAIRD

President, National Board
LILACE REID BARNES

General Secretary
EDITH M. LERRIGO

October 26, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

At the recent annual council meeting of our National Student YWCA it was recommended that all of our regional offices become centers of information regarding work being done in the area of Human Relations.

We are hereby writing to you to request that members of our headquarters and field staff be placed on your mailing list for reports and newsreleases. A mailing list is enclosed for this purpose.

We would greatly appreciate a reply from you regarding the frequency of reports we might expect from your organization. We would also appreciate your letting us know if our staff can be placed on your mailing list.

Sincerely yours,

Celestine L. Smith
mk

Celestine L. Smith
Consultant on Human Relations

CLS/mr
Enc.

Copy of list passed on to BC, JC, LEC

FOR REPORTS ON HUMAN RELATIONS

Mailing List
National Student YWCA Staff

HEADQUARTERS STAFF

Dr. Celestine L. Smith Miss Jean Whittet	National Board 600 Lexington Avenue New York 22, New York

REGIONAL OFFICES

Miss Frances Jones Miss Barbara Thompson	National Board YWCA, 410 South Michigan Avenue Chicago 5, Illinois
Mrs. Mary M. Cuthbertson	Middle Atlantic Region YWCA 3601 Locust Street Philadelphia 4, Pennsylvania
Miss Sara Guy	Student Christian Movement 1145 Massachusetts Avenue Cambridge 38, Massachusetts
Mrs. Joslyn Crawford	New York State SCM McBurney YMCA 215 West 23d Street New York, New York
Mrs. Gladys Lawther	Pacific Northwest Student YWCA 831 S. W. Sixth Avenue Portland 4, Oregon
Miss Elizabeth Blakesley	Pacific Southwest Student YWCA 715 South Hope Street Los Angeles 17, California
Miss Theodora Ninesteel	National Student YWCA 1269 Topeka Avenue Topeka, Kansas
Miss Rosetta Gardner Miss Ella Baker	National Student YWCA 41 Exchange Place, Suite 301 Atlanta 3, Georgia
Miss Lenice Larkin Mrs. Edna Anderson	Southwest Council of SCA 3012 Maple Avenue Dallas 4, Texas

HF
MA file

JACKSON
Madison County

Chamber of Commerce

BOX 1710
JACKSON, TENN.

November 2, 1960

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Please send us a single copy of each of the following:

Margaret Price, Toward a Solution of the Sit-in Controversy, May 31, 1960

Kenneth Morland, Lunch Counter Desegregation in Corpus Christi, Galveston, and San Antonio, Texas, May 10, 1960

Clarence H. Patrick, Lunch-Counter Desegregation in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, July 25, 1960

Wallace Westfeldt, Settling a Sit-in (Nashville, Tennessee), July, 1960

We would appreciate your prompt reply.

Sincerely,

J. W. Perry

J. W. Perry,
General Manager

JWP/cb

November 4, 1960

Mr. J. W. Perry, General Manager
Chamber of Commerce
Box 1710
Jackson, Tenn.

Dear Mr. Perry:

We are pleased to mail you, today, the requested copies of reports on the sit-ins. I am enclosing our latest L-Report with the thought that you may find it of some interest.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Administrative Secretary
Research

Enclosed: L-20
Mailed separately:
Price, Toward a Solution of the Sit-in Controversy
Morland, Lunch-Counter Desegregation in Corpus Christi, Galveston, and San Antonio, Texas
Patrick, Lunch-Counter Desegregation in Winston-Salem, North Carolina
Westfeldt, Settling a Sit-in (Nashville, Tenn.)

386 Vallejo St.
San Francisco 11
November 5, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 201
5 Forsyth St., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Fleming:

My sincere thanks to you and Mrs. Flowers for sending me the very helpful assortment of material and for placing me on your general mailing list for future Council publications.

I have been in touch with Stanley Jacobs of the Anti-Defamation League and Harry Winton of the American Jewish Committee in San Francisco and have gained from them the names of Justin Finger of the ADL and Charles Wittenstein of the AJC as possible sources for material on resistance groups. I am writing them and would appreciate it if, when you are perhaps talking with them in the next few days, to let them know that I am not a synagogue-bomber or a devotee of Gerald L. K.

I'll have some further questions and perhaps requests for material in coming days, and I'll be looking forward to seeing you again in February or early March.

Meanwhile, if you run into any other information which you think might be helpful to my project, either directly or indirectly, I would be grateful for it.

Cordially,

Jim Cook
James Cook

ADL

SOUTHCENTRAL REGIONAL OFFICE

ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE OF B'NAI B'RITH

606 COMMON STREET, ROOM 401, NEW ORLEANS 12, LA.

SOUTHCENTRAL REGIONAL ADVISORY BOARD

ROBERT N. BANKS
Chairman

NATIONAL COMMISSION

HENRY EDWARD SCHULTZ
Chairman

MEIER STEINBRINK
Honorary Chairman

BARNEY BALABAN
A. G. BALLENGER
HERBERT H. LEHMAN
LEON LOWENSTEIN
WILLIAM SACHS
BENJAMIN SAMUELS
MELVIN H. SCHLESINGER
JESSE STEINHART
Honorary Vice-Chairmen

BENJAMIN GREENBERG
Treasurer

HERBERT LEVY
Secretary

BENJAMIN R. EPSTEIN
National Director

November 11, 1960

IRWIN SCHULMAN
Regional Director

RECEIVED
NOV 14 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Room 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Would you please have 3 each copies of the following special reports sent to me at your earliest possible convenience:

SRC-15, May 10, 1960
SRC-16, May 31, 1960
SRC-13, February 25, 1960

Thank you and kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Irwin Schulman

IS:sh

Being sent today
HF

Set-in
Reports

Mrs. David Nieman
3640 Cloudland
Dr., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Hate lit. originating in Ga. or Atlanta.
+ copy of Wall St Jnl article on New Orleans
Fri. Nov. 18, 1960.

Sent Nov. 22, 1960

file Nope

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
JOSEPHINE WILKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, VICE-PRESIDENT AND CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[illegible] [illegible]ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

HCF -

Mrs. Neiman (H.O.P.E.) could not come by the office to see this hate material. She also said that she wanted the originals for her exhibit purposes, and asked if we could keep the copies and lend her the originals for about two months, so I'm letting her borrow from the files a few originals as well as copies of some others. I'll make a note to check with her in a couple of months. Do you have the Wall Street Journal article which she wanted?

MM

Rec'd
HF
MF. file

EVENING HERALD

TALBOT PATRICK
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY
ROCK HILL, S. C.

P. O. BOX 711

TELEPHONES: 3161
AREA CODE 803
327-7161

November 25, 1960

Requests file

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

JC replied

Dear Mr. Constable:

Can we get sixteen copies of "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement" and, if so, what is the cost to us?

After reading this through carefully, I believe we should quietly provide a copy to each member of City Council, the City Manager, the Chief of Police, to members of the School Board in this area, the Sheriff, the Chiefs of Police in several smaller cities in the area, and a couple of other concerned officials.

Incidentally, I think I knew George McMillan in the office of War Information before he went into the Marines in World War II. If it is the same George McMillan and you have an opportunity, please give him my regards.

Sincerely,

Talbot Patrick

TP/js

November 28, 1960

Miss Eleanor B. Sturgis
Editorial Department
Current
177 East 71st Street
New York 21, New York

Dear Miss Sturgis:

Thank you for your letter of November 21st in which you request a copy of our publication "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement." A copy of the same is being mailed to you separately.

If we can be of any further assistance to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF

MF - Please send

CURRENT

177 East 71 Street New York 21

YU 8-7900

November 21, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
Room 201, 5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The editors of CURRENT would very much like to see a copy of your publication, "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement" by George McMillan.

If you are unable to send us a copy of this study, would you please let us know. This service will be greatly appreciated.

Yours sincerely,

Eleanor B. Sturgis

Eleanor B. Sturgis
Editorial Department

City of St. Petersburg, Florida

"THE SUNSHINE CITY"

COUNCIL-MANAGER GOVERNMENT

DIVISION OF POLICE

1300 FIRST AVE. NORTH

E. WILSON PURDY
CHIEF OF POLICE

November 28, 1960

The Southern Regional Council
Atlanta
Georgia

Gentlemen:

It would be appreciated if you would send to the attention of the writer, the report, "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement," by George McMillan.

In the event there is a charge for this article, please let us know.

Very truly yours,

E. Wilson Purdy

E. Wilson Purdy
Chief of Police

EWP:gek

November 29, 1960

Mr. E. Wilson Purdy
Chief of Police
1300 First Avenue North
St. Petersburg, Florida

Dear Mr. Purdy:

We are pleased to mail you today the requested copy of our report, Racial Violence and Law Enforcement, by George McMillan. There is no charge.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Administrative secretary
Research

For MF Special File: November 28, 1960

Chief Herbert Jenkins of the Atlanta Police Dept. telephoned today and requested 25 copies of the McMillan Racial Violence and Law Enforcement pamphlet for a meeting and discussion he is having this afternoon.

MA

November 29, 1960

Mr. James E. Wolfe
Director
Research and Education
International Union of United Brewery Workers
of America
2347 Vine Street
Cincinnati 9, Ohio

Dear Mr. Wolfe:

Thanks for passing along the request from Miss Martinek, and for your review of "Racial Crisis and the Press" which inspired it.

We appreciate your interest in SRC's materials and hope you will call on us whenever we can be of service to you or the Union.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

November 29, 1960

Miss Victoria Martinek
361 Chester Street
Uniondale, New York

Dear Miss Martinek:

Your letter of November 18th in which you request a copy of "Racial Crisis and the Press" has been forwarded to us by Mr. James Wolfe.

A copy of the booklet is being sent to you separately.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF

361 Chester Street
Uniondale, N. Y.
November 18, 1960

Dear Mr. Wolfe,

Please send me the pamphlet entitled, "Racial Crisis and the Press."

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Victoria Martinuck

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED BREWERY, FLOUR, CEREAL, SOFT DRINK AND DISTILLERY WORKERS OF AMERICA

Affiliated with AFL – CIO, U.S.A., C.L.C., Canada

2347 Vine Street
Cincinnati 19, Ohio
GArfield 1–9700

James E. Wolfe, Director
Research and Education

November 22, 1960

Prof. Harold C. Fleming,
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Fleming:

Enclosed you will find a copy of a letter from a Miss Victoria Martinek, requesting a copy of "Racial Crisis and the Press", which I briefly reviewed in the AFL-CIO News and Views (copy enclosed). I suppose the young lady contacted me rather than the Southern Regional Council because my name was included in the opening paragraph.

I would appreciate it if you would send a copy to Miss Martinek.

Sincerely,

James E. Wolfe

James E. Wolfe

JEW:rb

Enclosures

Request file

November 29, 1960

Mr. Bernard Weisberg
Gottlieb and Schwartz
231 South LaSalle Street
Chicago 4, Illinois

Dear Mr. Weisberg:

Thank you for your letter of November 22 in which you request a copy of our publication "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement." Under separate cover, I am mailing, with our compliments, a copy to you today.

If we can be of any further assistance to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF

MF - Please send

LAW OFFICES OF

GOTTLIEB AND SCHWARTZ

231 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET

CHICAGO 4

TELEPHONE ANdover 3-1188

H. N. GOTTLIEB
(1923-1948)

CLAUDE A. ROTH
LEROY WEIS
STANLEY A. KAPLAN
HERBERT L. STERN, JR.
BENJAMIN M. BRODSKY
JACK JACOBS
CHARLES D. STEIN
BERNARD WEISBERG
CHARLES A. LIPPITZ
ROBERT A. SIMON
ELLIOTT I. GOODMAN
MARK S. LIEBERMAN

CALIFORNIA PARTNER

ARTHUR N. GREENBERG
8907 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

OLEANDER 5-6950

CHARLES K. SCHWARTZ
HARRY E. SMOOT
OF COUNSEL

November 22, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I read in the New York Times of November 21 of Mr. McMillan's report on "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement." I would very much appreciate receiving a copy of this report. Please let me know if there is any charge.

Very truly yours,

Bernard Weisberg

Bernard Weisberg

BW:eh

November 29, 1960

Mr. Harold W. Solomon
Yale University Law School
New Haven, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Solomon:

Thank you for your letter of November 23rd in which you request a copy of our publication "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement." A copy of the same is being mailed to you separately.

If we can be of any further assistance to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred Flowers
Secretary to the Director

MF

MT - Pls send

YALE UNIVERSITY
LAW SCHOOL
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

November 23, 1960

Harold C. Fleming, Esq.
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
60 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I would be obliged if you would send me a copy of the report, "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement", by George McMillan, published on November 20, 1960, according to a news story in the New York Times. The report appears to be quite relevant to teaching and research projects in which I am engaged presently.

Thank you for your courtesy.

Very truly yours,

HWSolomon

Harold W. Solomon

HWS:gp

The Brookings Institution
Washington 6, D. C.

1775 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.

28 November 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Thanks very much for the helpful information you have given us both by phone and through the mail.

If this program progresses in the direction I indicated, as I hope and believe it will, we shall be in touch with you again.

Sincerely,

George

George W. Grier
Senior Staff

GWG/lml

File Requests

November 30, 1960

Mr. Howard D. Samuel
Executive Director
The Sidney Hillman Foundation, Inc.
15 Union Square West
New York 3, New York

Dear Mr. Samuel:

The pamphlet in which you are interested is "Racial Crisis and the Press." It has two sections, one written by Sylvan Meyer, the other by Walter Spearman, Professor of Journalism at the University of North Carolina. I am sending you three copies of it, under separate cover.

It occurs to me that you might like to see our publications regularly; accordingly, I am adding your name to our mailing list.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Put on All-Purpose Mailing List - 11/30/60 WF

THE SIDNEY HILLMAN FOUNDATION
INC.

15 UNION SQUARE WEST, NEW YORK 3, N Y · PHONE ALGONQUIN 5 7800

November 25, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
Room 201
Forsyth St., N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I understand that Sylvan Meyer, editor of the Gainesville (Ga.) Daily Times, wrote a pamphlet under your auspices discussing newspaper coverage of the intergration issue in the South. Could we have three copies of this pamphlet?

Thanks in advance and with best wishes, I am

Fraternally yours,

Howard D. Samuel
Executive Director

JC
MF-file

THE SUNDAY TIMES
OF LONDON

3501 RODMAN STREET, N. W. WASHINGTON 8, D. C.

CABLE ADDRESS: KEMNEWS, WASHINGTON TELEPHONE: EMERSON 3-5950

HENRY BRANDON
WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT

Mailed 3-15-60

12.3.1960.

Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3,
Georgia.

Dear Sir,

I would very much appreciate if you could send me your last report on the "sit-in" demonstrations and also put me on your mailing list. Mr Douglas Cater was good enough to draw my attention to your last report.

Many thanks in advance.

Yours sincerely,

Henry Brandon

Chief, North American Bureau

International Association of Machinists

1300 CONNECTICUT AVE. WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

ADAMS 2-6309

Office of the
GENERAL VICE PRESIDENT

L.W.S.
MF-file

December 6, 1960

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I have received a copy of your new pamphlet entitled "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement". I think this is an excellent pamphlet, and we would appreciate it if you could send us 10 copies for distribution to various union staff in the South.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

Marjorie Bailey

Marjorie Bailey
Education Associate

MAB/df

sent 12/7/60
BCC

HF ✓
HA - file for mail
MF

December 8, 1960

Saul Silverman called from Tallahassee, and when I told him you and Harold were out of town he decided to speak with me. He said things were not so good in Tallahassee, this is the third day of the picketing. The police are letting the white hoodlums move in, and then trying half-heartedly to disperse them. The power structure is "frozen" and people are afraid to speak out again. He wanted to know who in Tallahassee had received the McMillan pamphlet. Said he had been sitting at his desk wondering what he could do, and in came the pamphlet. I asked John to get on the line, and John told him the pamphlet had gone to police chiefs in cities of 25,000 and to the civil rights advisory groups and to SRC subscribers, which would take in some of the human relations people in Florida.

Mr. Silverman is going to talk with people about getting a list of power structure and ministerial group names for us to mail the pamphlet to. He said some of these people who would not now talk to him would read things, he had found. He thought this might help.

He thinks the situation there is precarious and that things are boiling beneath the surface so that there could be quite a thing building up.

Apt. - He called back, gave John list of names, & John is getting the pamphlet sent to them today airmail. JC will give you list when he is finished with it.

Air mailed 12/7/60 Racial Violence & Law Enforcement
L.B. Cummings

Mr. J. D. Williamson, President
Tallahassee Chamber of Commerce
Box 710
Tallahassee, Florida

Mr. Franklin H. Deller, Manager
Tallahassee Chamber of Commerce
Box 710

Dr. Simon M. Davidian, President
Ministerial Association
720 Bivins Street

Attorney William Harris
Midyette Moore Building

Dr. Doak S. Campbell
1001 High Road

~~MEX~~
J. Velma Keen
Box 1528

Dr. J. David O'dea
Box 3024, M.S.S.

Dr. Edward Hartz
School of Social Work
Florida State University

Dr. Robert G. Walker
2107 Monticello Drive

Dr. Harold G. Sanders
First Baptist Church

Stanmore Cawthon
Florida State News Bureau
Florida Development Commission

Jack W. Simmons, Sr.
Alberta Crate and Box Company
Box 1170

L. Grant Peeples
State Development Commission
Carlton Building

Mrs. Sylvia Carothers , Director
Florida Children's Commission
Caldwell Building

Dean R. R. Oglesby
Florida State University

Lt. Colonel Reid Clifton, Assistant Director
Department Public Safety

Dr. Gordon Blackwell
Florida State University

Editor
Tallahasse Democrat

Eugene Boyce
Florida State University
Rabbi A. M. Granison
Temple Israel

Dr. Glenn James
Trinity Methodist Church

Rev. Davis Thomas
First Presbyterian Church

R. J. Fennell
Alberta Crate Company

Joe Franklin
Modern Cleaners

Dr. James Husdon
Florida A & M University

Rev. Daniel Steed
Bethel Baptist Church

Mrs. Nero Pender
702 S. Gay Street

Rev. Thomas B. Barrett
307 Lakeshore Drive

Rev. G. Washington
106 North Bronough Street

Statesboro and Bulloch County
CHAMBER of COMMERCE

Where Nature Smiles and Progress Has The Right of Way

Post Office Box 333 ● Statesboro, Georgia ● Phone PO43115

December 13, 1960

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please send us 30 copies of the report, "To Florida Leaders In Civic, Religious, And Business Affairs", on racial relationships, by Mr. Cody Fowler.

Sincerely yours,

Albert R. Gibson

Albert R. Gibson,
Executive Manager

ARG:jh

December 14, 1960

Mr. Albert R. Gibson
Executive Manager
Chamber of Commerce
Statesboro and Bulloch County
P. O. Box 333
Statesboro, Georgia

Dear Mr. Gibson:

We are mailing you today, under separate cover, the requested 30 copies of our report L-22, the Fowler Committee report.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Administrative Secretary
Research

January 3, 1961

Mr. Thomas W. Young
President
Journal and Guide
719 East Olney Road
Norfolk, Virginia

Dear Mr. Young

We are pleased to know that you like the report L-22, and will see that it reaches the right people in Norfolk.

Under separate cover, we are sending you twenty-five (25) copies.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/mf

P. B. YOUNG PUBLISHER

Journal and Guide

MADISON 5-3686

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE GUIDE PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.

719 EAST OLNEY ROAD
NORFOLK 1, VIRGINIA

December 29, 1960

Mr. Paul Anthony
Administrative Assistant
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Paul:

The Fowler Commission Report (L-22, December 9, 1960) is such an excellent and enlightened treatment of the problems of the South that I should like to place copies in the hands of 20 or 25 influential people here in Norfolk.

If they are available, please send me a small quantity.

Happy New Year.

Sincerely,

Tom

Thomas W. Young
President

ed

1/4/61

Gentlemen:

I found your organization listed in the 1961 calendar published by the War Resisters League as among those working for civil rights. Please send me information on your program.

Cong. record
1/9/60 wf

Sincerely yours,

Peter Steele

Peter Steele
680 Steamboat Rd.
Greenwich, Conn.

January 9, 1961

Mr. George T. Guernsey
Assistant Director of Education
Department of Education
A. F. L. - C. I. O.
815 Sixteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear George:

Thank you for forwarding Mr. Denny's request for a copy of Racial Crisis and the Press. We are sending him a copy with the notation that you have asked us to.

Best personal regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR AND CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

GEORGE MEANY, PRESIDENT
WM. F. SCHNITZLER, SECRETARY-TREASURER

WALTER P. REUTHER
WM. C. BIRTHRIGHT
DAVID DUBINSKY
EMIL RIEVE
MAURICE A. HUTCHESON
L. S. BUCKMASTER
RICHARD F. WALSH
JAMES A. SUFFRIDGE
PAUL L. PHILLIPS
GEORGE M. HARRISON
JAMES B. CAREY
CHARLES J. MACGOWAN
WM. L. MCFETRIDGE
A. J. HAYES
JACOB S. POTOFSKY
LEE W. MINTON
O. A. KNIGHT
PETER T. SCHOEMANN
HARRY C. BATES
WM. C. DOHERTY
DAVID J. MCDONALD
JOSEPH CURRAN
JOSEPH D. KEENAN
A. PHILIP RANDOLPH
JOSEPH A. BEIRNE
KARL F. FELLER
L. M. RAFTERY

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

GEORGE MEANY
WALTER P. REUTHER
GEORGE M. HARRISON
JAMES B. CAREY
HARRY C. BATES
DAVID J. MCDONALD
DAVID DUBINSKY
WM. F. SCHNITZLER

815 SIXTEENTH STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON 6, D.C. NATIONAL 8-3870

Deparment of Education

January 6, 1961

RECEIVED
JAN 9 1961

Mr. Harold Fleming
Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Will you please see that the pamphlet mentioned in the enclosed letter is mailed to Mr. Denny in Colorado? Thanks.

Fraternally yours,

George

George T. Guernsey
Assistant Director of Education

GTG:kr
oeiu#2afl-cio
Enclosure

THE STATE OF COLORADO
ANTI-DISCRIMINATION COMMISSION
328 STATE SERVICES BUILDING 1525 SHERMAN STREET
DENVER 3, COLORADO ACOMA 2-9911 EXT. 2621

COMMISSIONERS

GENE MANZANARES
CHAIRMAN
DENVER

MRS. ARTHUR BALLANTINE, JR.
DURANGO

ROBERT C. KEELER
LONGMONT

EDWARD MILLER
DENVER

FRANKLIN R. STEWART
PUEBLO

GEORGE J. WHITE
PUEBLO

MRS. TOR HYLBOM
COLORADO SPRINGS

• • •

ROY M. CHAPMAN
DIRECTOR

JOHN I. SINKLEY
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

EDWARD TERRONES
FIELD REPRESENTATIVE

GALLOWAY H. DENNY
FIELD REPRESENTATIVE

MARY McLUCAS
FIELD REPRESENTATIVE

RECEIVED
EDUCATION
JAN 6 1961

January 3, 1961

Mr. George T. Guernsey
Assistant Director
Department of Education
AFL - CIO
815 Sixteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Sir and Brother:

Please forward me a copy of Racial Crisis and The Press, by Walter Spearman and Sylvan Meyer.

Fraternally,

Galloway H. Denny

Galloway H. Denny
Field Representative

GHD:srt

January 9, 1961

Mr. Ronald A. LaCouture, Chairman
Department of Police Administration and
Public Safety
St. Petersburg Junior College
St. Petersburg 10, Florida

Dear Mr. LaCouture:

We are grateful for your favorable comment on our publication "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement" by George McMillan. I am sending you separately two (2) copies of the booklet with our compliments.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

ST. PETERSBURG JUNIOR COLLEGE
ST. PETERSBURG 10, FLORIDA

January 6, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Exec. Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
N.W. Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Thanks to the Tampa Police Department, I have recently been fortunate enough to read a copy of Mr. George McMillan's book "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement." This is truly a most timely and well presented piece of literature.

Being much interested in law enforcement, I would like to request that you forward to me, if possible, two copies of this book - one for my own library and which I should like to present to the Chief of Police here in St. Petersburg. Please bill me for both copies. Thank you.

Very truly yours,

Ronald A. LaCouture, Chairman
Department of Police Administration and Public Safety

ral/sl

M
cor. & file

January 18, 1961

Mr. Herbert A. Aurbach
Research Specialist
Commission on Human Relations
518 City-County Building
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Aurbach:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the material you requested.

We wonder if you might be interested in receiving copies of the leadership reports and other materials from time to time; if so, please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

M.F. Corp file

City of Pittsburgh

Pennsylvania

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR
JOSEPH M. BARR
MAYOR

518 CITY-COUNTY BUILDING
TEL.—ATLANTIC 1-3900 EXT. 480

COMMISSIONERS
EMERY F. BACON
DOMINIC F. DORNETTO
JAMES A. JORDON
T. Z. KORSAK
DR. ERNEST V. MAY
FREDERICK C. MCKEE
DEAN N. R. H. MOOR
MSGR. A. J. PAULEY
MRS. L. J. REIZENSTEIN
BRANCH RICKEY, SR.
DR. CHARLES P. ROBSHAW
JOSEPH H. SABEL
MRS. JONAS E. SALK
ROLAND M. SAWYER
J. ALFRED WILNER

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
GEORGE W. CULBERSON

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS

January 16, 1961

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Constable:

I would appreciate obtaining copies of the following publications of the Southern Regional Council.

"Desegregation and Academic Achievement" (Report # L-17)

Stallings, Frank H. Atlanta and Washington; "Racial Differences in Academic Achievement" (Report No. L-16)

Tarplee, Cornelius C. "The Church in Areas of Racial Tension"

Moreland, Kenneth, "Lunch-Counter Desegregation in Corpus Christi, Galveston, and San Antonio, Texas"

Price, Margaret "Toward a Solution of the Sit-in Controversy"

Your assistance in this matter will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Herbert A. Aurbach

Herbert A. Aurbach
Research Specialist

HAA/dg

January 24, 1961

Mr. Nathan Perlmutter
Anti-Defamation League
330 Seybold Building
Miami 32, Florida

Dear Nate:

We're pleased that you feel Racial Violence and Law Enforcement is a useful piece of work. I am sending you separately, with our compliments, the twelve (12) copies you requested.

The price of the pamphlet is .25 per single copy, and .20 each for fifty or more copies. The reason for this modest reduction for single and quantity orders is that we set the individual price at near cost.

If you find opportunities for broader distributions, do let me know.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

FLORIDA REGIONAL OFFICE

ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE

Of B'nai B'rith

330 SEYBOLD BUILDING, MIAMI 32, FLORIDA, FRANKLIN 3-6306

REGIONAL BOARD

LEONARD L. ABESS
Honorary Chairman

PAUL SEIDERMAN
Chairman

JUDGE MILTON A. FRIEDMAN
FRANK G. KLEINFELD
JUDGE SAM I. SILVER
Vice Chairmen

SAM A. GOLDSTEIN
Treasurer

BENJAMIN MEYERS
GEORGE J. TALIANOFF
Trustees

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

BURNETT ROTH
Chairman

WILLIAM ALPER
HON. ABE ARONOVITZ
AL BLOCK
JACK FINK
HON. RICHARD E. GERSTEIN
HARRY GOODMARK
DAVID GORMAN
PAUL JEFFREY
GEORGE KRONENGOLD
MRS. ARTHUR LAUFMAN
DR. IRVING LEHRMAN
E. ALBERT PALLOT
A. DAVID RAYVIS
AL L. SCHNEIDER
MRS. BERNARD SUPWORTH
MORRICE UMAN

BURNETT ROTH
National Commissioner

NATHAN PERLMUTTER
Executive Director

ARTHUR SPIEGEL
Program Director

NATIONAL COMMISSION

HENRY EDWARD SCHULTZ
Chairman

MEIER STEINBRINK
Honorary Chairman

BARNEY BALABAN
A. G. BALLENGER
HERBERT H. LEHMAN
LEON LOWENSTEIN
WILLIAM SACHS
BENJAMIN SAMUELS
MELVIN H. SCHLESINGER
JESSE STEINHART
Honorary Vice-Chairmen

JOSEPH COHEN
JEFFERSON E. PEYSER
MAX J. SCHNEIDER
Vice-Chairmen

BENJAMIN GREENBERG
Treasurer

HERBERT LEVY
Secretary

BENJAMIN R. EPSTEIN
National Director

BERNARD NATH
Chairman, Executive Committee

PAUL H. SAMPLINER
Vice-Chairman, Executive Committee

STAFF DIRECTORS

NATHAN C. BELTH
Press Relations

OSCAR COHEN
Program

ARNOLD FORSTER
Civil Rights

ALEXANDER F. MILLER
Community Service

J. HAROLD SAKS
Administration

LESTER J. WALDMAN
Executive Assistant

January 18, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I have read "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement" by George McMillan and want to commend you on a uniquely fine piece of literature in the field of the role of the police in racial situations.

Would you please send us and bill us,for a dozen copies. I would appreciate also you advising me whether you have discount prices for larger quantities and if so, what those discounts are.

My thought is that I should like to encourage some persons in Jacksonville to either subsidize a copy for each member of the Chamber of Commerce there or to encourage the Chamber to purchase the pamphlet for broad distribution.

Looking forward to the receipt of the copies and again congratulations on a truly fine work.

Sincerely,

Nate

Nathan Perlmutter

NP/ra

cc: Art Levin
Oscar Cohen
Alex Miller

(To be routed in order numbered)

Date 2-20-61

PLEASE CHECK, DATE AND FORWARD

HCF

PA

MA

1 LWD ✓

MM

EW

SM

PR

JC

LEC

MET

BC

RHA

PP

WF

2 MF

3 FILE — Commendation

February 20, 1961

Lieutenant P. P. Woodson
Personnel and Training Officer
Department of Public Safety
City of Richmond
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Lieutenant Woodson:

We are pleased that you feel our publication "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement," by George McMillan is a useful piece of work. You may be interested to know that many other law enforcement officials in the South have requested copies, and the Atlanta Police Force is using the report in its training program for all of the city's 800 policemen.

I am sending you separately twelve (12) copies of the booklet, without charge, for use with your staff officers.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

CITY OF RICHMOND

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
CHIEF OF POLICE
ZONE 19

February 16, 1961

RECEIVED
FEB 20 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I have read with deep interest the booklet entitled "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement." The Richmond Bureau of Police is interested in furnishing staff officers with a copy of the publication.

Sent 2-20-61

Please inform me as to the cost of 12 publications. The article by Mr. McMillan should be required reading for every law enforcement officer. The area that this article embraces is most timely.

Very truly yours,

P. P. Woodson

Lieutenant P. P. Woodson
Personnel and Training Officer

ppw

LWDV
PA
PRV
ME

CITY OF RICHMOND

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
CHIEF OF POLICE
ZONE 19

February 24, 1961

RECEIVED
FEB 27 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Richmond Bureau of Police is deeply grateful to you and the Southern Regional Council for making twelve copies of your publication "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement" available for our use. We will distribute these booklets to staff officers.

We feel confident that portions of this material will be used in our Training Program.

Very truly yours,

Lieutenant P. P. Woodson
Training Division

PPW:lms

MF -
Please
send.
HCF
Mailed 3/27/61

THE FIELD FOUNDATION, INC.
250 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 17

March 23, 1961

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I would appreciate having 12 copies of Southern Regional Council's booklet "This I Believe" by Haywood N. Hill, M.D., for distribution to our board.

Sincerely,

Max

Maxwell Hahn
Executive Vice President

Sent in care of
John Griffin
PA Lost Name + address

May 1, 1961

Dear Mr. Cox:

Recently John Griffin asked us to send you any material that we might have on the law and sit-ins. Enclosed are several pieces of material on that subject.

If we can be of additional help, please call on us.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/mf

Encls: "The Law + the Sit-ins", Constance Motley from Social Action, Jan. 1961

"Diner Store Demonstrations..." Daniel Pollitt, Duke Law Journal Reprint

1722 Prince St.
Tallahassee, Fla.
May 8, 1961

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St., N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Just a quick note to thank you for the material on the legal questions involved in sit-in demonstrations. It was a very pleasant -- and helpful -- surprise, since John Griffin wrote you on his own initiative.

Most kind of you both, and again -- thanks!

Sincerely,

James T. Cox

James T. Cox

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C.

June 7, 1961

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Thanks very much for sending me the collection of materials on private schools, which I had requested from Mr. Harold Fleming. I appreciate your promptness.

Sincerely,

Benjamin H. Read
Legislative Assistant to
JOSEPH S. CLARK

BHR:cm

June 8, 1961

Mr. Albert Vorspan
Commission on Social Action of Reform Judaism
838 Fifth Avenue
New York 21, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Vorspan:

Under separate cover we are sending you the requested 75 copies of the Special Report, The Freedom Ride. The shipment is being made by parcel post, special handling, and should reach you in time for your meeting on June 19.

Please call on us at any time that we can be of assistance.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:A

Commission on Social Action of Reform Judaism

Union of American Hebrew Congregations & Central Conference of American Rabbis

National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods • National Federation of Temple Brotherhoods • National Federation of Temple Youth

838 FIFTH AVENUE • NEW YORK 21, N. Y. • REGENT 7-8200

June 6, 1961

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

May we have, as quickly as possible, 75 copies of your Special Report, "The Freedom Ride"?

We should like to have it in time for a meeting of our Commission on June 19. The Commission on Social Action of Reform Judaism is made up of people from every part of the United States, and I am certain that this Report can help to clear up any confusion that may have resulted from the various newspapers.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this request.

Sincerely,

Albert Vorspan

Albert Vorspan

AV:rh

September 20, 1961

Miss Margaret Tammen
Assistant Director for Research
Department of Town and Country Church
and Indian Work
Board of National Missions
475 Riverside Drive
New York 27, New York

Dear Miss Tammen:

Enclosed are three copies of our map showing the distribution of non-white population in 1960. Additional copies are available at .05 per copy.

The only other map which we have is one prepared about 10 years ago showing population distribution in 1950. A copy of this is enclosed, (in the back of the booklet "Answers for Action.") Since this is one of the two remaining copies in our files, would you please return it to us when possible.

Your inquiry has been turned over to our research department and they will send you some other materials, which may be helpful.

Best wishes on your important concern. Please call on us at any time that we might be of help.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mm
Enclosures

BOARD OF NATIONAL MISSIONS
OF THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

475 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEW YORK 27, N. Y. RIVERSIDE 9-2200

September 12, 1961

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Following up on correspondence which you have had with Mr. Bill Jeanes, who was a summer student worker in our Office for Field Survey, I am particularly interested in the map you plan to publish showing the 1960 distribution of nonwhite people in counties of the South.

We would like to obtain at least one copy of the 1960 map and would be glad to know if there is any charge for it.

Also, do you publish any other maps, e.g., showing the change between 1950 and 1960 in nonwhite population distribution? We are studying our churches in the South in relation to economic and social trends in the area and should be glad to know of other materials which would be of assistance to us.

Sincerely yours,

Margaret Tammen

Margaret Tammen
Assistant Director for Research
Department of Town and Country Church
and Indian Work

MT:ek

Request for Mate

September 22, 1961

Miss Helen B. Shaffer
Editorial Research Reports
Congressional Quarterly Service
1156 Nineteenth Street, N.W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Miss Shaffer:

Enclosed is the requested copy of "Racial Violence and Law Enforcement"; also a copy of the recent article by Ralph McGill on the role, policies, and use of this study.

We are sharing your letter with George McMillan.

Please call on us at any time that we might be of help.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mbb
cc: George McMillan

Editorial Research Reports

Congressional Quarterly Service

1156 Nineteenth Street, N. W. Washington 6, D. C.

September 20, 1961

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta
Georgia

Gentlemen:

Could you please send me a copy of your report, Racial Violence and Law Enforcement, which was released last November.

Editorial Research Reports is preparing a report on crime in the cities and police measures for keeping order in the cities and we should like very much to review the S.R.C. study for reference in one section of our report. The reports we issue are mailed out to our clients, some 350 daily newspapers around the country, and are intended as a service to the editorial writers on the papers.

We would appreciate your sending us a copy promptly. Thanks very much.

Sincerely yours,

Helen Shaffer

Helen B. Shaffer,
Editorial Research Reports

P.S. George McMillan, author of the report, according to the New York Times, is an old friend of mine from the days when he lived in Washington and ~~both worked~~ we for the same daily newspaper.

Mailing List

September 28, 1961

LWD

Mailing List Change:

Please remove from mailing lists the following name as he is no longer with them.

Larry Moore's
The Field Foundation
250 Park Avenue
New York 17, New York

Completed
WT

Pauley

September 29, 1961

Miss Ethel J. William
Assistant Professor
Community Organization Sequence
Howard University
Washington 1, D. C.

Dear Miss Williams:

Enclosed is a listing of the publications currently available from the Council. If you would like to include any of these materials in your kits we will be happy to make a limited number available without cost.

Also enclosed is an issue of our monthly magazine.

Please call on us if any of these materials seem appropriate.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mbb

Enc. -2-

PA

HOWARD UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON 1, D. C.

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK

September 26, 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

The Community Organization Sequence of the School of Social Work, Howard University, includes Kits of case studies for classroom analysis and discussion.

We would appreciate the opportunity to include in our course of study, case histories on and about the program, projects and activities of your organization.

It is understood that all Agency material is confidential and the records are to be made available to students only on a loan basis by the School.

Thank you for your help.

Sincerely yours,

Ethel J. Williams

Ethel J. Williams
Assistant Professor
Community Organization
Sequence

EJW:mm

National Civil Liberties Clearing House

1637 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE N.W. • WASHINGTON 6, D. C. • DUPONT 7-6300

Requests for material

Advisory Board
FRANCIS BIDDLE, Chairman
DOUGLAS M. BLACK
GRENVILLE CLARK
DR. ROBERT E. CUSHMAN
EMERSON GREENAWAY
SIDNEY HOLLANDER
WALTER P. REUTHER

•

Chairman
DR. FRED S. BUSCHMEYER
(National Council of Churches)

•

Vice Chairmen
CIVIL LIBERTIES
LAWRENCE SPEISER
(American Civil Liberties Union)

CIVIL RIGHTS
CLARENCE MITCHELL
(National Association for the Advancement of Colored People)

HUMAN RIGHTS
ROY H. MILLENSON
(American Jewish Committee)

INTELLECTUAL FREEDOM
DR. LOUIS JOUGHIN
(American Association of University Professors)

•

Secretary
WILLIAM L. TAYLOR
(Americans for Democratic Action)

Treasurer
MOE HOFFMAN
(National Jewish Welfare Board)

•

Administrative Committee
KENNETH M. BIRKHEAD
(Research and Education Committee for a Free World)

HERMAN EDELSBERG
(Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith)

THOMAS E. HARRIS
(AFL-CIO)

GERMAINE KRETTEK
(American Library Association)

OLYA MARGOLIN
(National Council of Jewish Women)

THEODOR SCHUCHAT
(Social Legislation Information Service)

PAUL SIFTON
(United Automobile Workers of America, AFL-CIO)

ALAN BARTH
ELEANOR BONTECOU
CHARLES A. HORSKY

•

Executive Director
MARY ALICE BALDINGER

September 29, 1961.

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council,
5 Forsyth St., N. W.,
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Leslie Dunbar:

I am deeply impressed by Dr. Daniel C. Thompson's The Case for Integration which the Clearing House office received from you this morning.

Would it be possible for me to have 50 copies for distribution to our associated organizations?

I congratulate you, too, on the Freedom Rides issue of New South -- and especially (if you don't mind my saying so) on the soundness of your own analysis. It was a pleasure to read an article that so well combined good sense and good writing.

Sincerely yours,

Mary Alice Baldinger

Mary Alice Baldinger,
Executive Director.

20

October 5, 1961

Miss Mary Alice Baldinger
Executive Director
National Civil Liberties Clearing House
1637 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W
Washington 6, D C

Dear Miss Baldinger:

Thank you for your gratifying comments regarding our July-August New South (and especially, of course, your reference to my article)

We are sending, under separate cover, the requested 50 copies of "The Case For Integration".

Best wishes,-

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb
bcc; D Thompson

Mailing

October 3, 1961

Rk William Fillmore LWD

Please make the following mailings:

1. 165 copies of "The Case for Integration

To: Mr. Arnold Aronson
National Community Relations Advisory Council
55 West 42nd Street
New York, New York

Pending

2. 125 copies of the montage on New Orleans

To: Mr. Arnold Aronson
Same address as above

(when you receive the new order)

3. 50 copies of "The Case for Integration"

To: Miss Mary Alice Baldinger
Executive Director
National Civil Liberties Clearing House
1637 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E.
Washington, 6, D. C.

4. 1 copy each of every SRC publication now in stock - except New South -

To: The Library
Mount Holyoke College
South Hadley, Mass.

(Please show me the list of things before packing.)

Labels attached for each of the above.

Mailing

October 5, 1961

William Fillmore MBB

6 "The Case For Integration"

Please send six (6) copies of Thompson's "The Case For Integration" to the following address:

Mr. P. B Young, Sr.
Editor and Publisher
Journal and Guide
719 East Olney Road
Norfokl, Virginia

Label attached.

After you have mailed this order please return this memo to me with your signature and date of mailing for my files.

MBB

Completed
out

P. B. YOUNG PUBLISHER

Journal and Guide

MEMBER AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS

TELEPHONE 53686

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE GUIDE PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.

719 EAST OLNEY ROAD
NORFOLK 1, VIRGINIA

September 28th, 1961

Southern Regional Council
5, Forsythe Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Ga.

For the Attention of Mr. Harold C. Flemming

Dear Mr. Flemming:

mmB - Please send

If convenient, I wish you would send me a half-a-dozen copies of "The Case For Integration," by Dr. Daniel C. Thompson.

I have a few special friends whom I should like to see this brochure.

Yours sincerely,

P. B. Young, Sr.
Editor/Publisher

PBY/pab

HOWARD UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON 1, D. C.

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK

October 10, 1961

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsythe Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Thank you for your kind offer to help with our material for the Community Organization Sequence.

I have checked the attached listing for articles which could be used in our Kits.

There are 70 (seventy) students in the class, so that some of the articles which you have to limit could be reproduced, if we could have your permission to do so.

Sincerely yours,

Ethel J. Williams

Ethel J. Williams
Assistant Professor
Community Organization
Sequence

EJW:mm
Enclosure

Paul Anthony sent the kits.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Room 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

CURRENT MATERIALS AVAILABLE

____ THE FEDERAL EXECUTIVE AND CIVIL RIGHTS, a 48-page report sent to President John F. Kennedy with an 18-point proposal on executive power in furthering civil rights. 50¢ single copy; 35¢ each in quantities of 50 or more.

____ RACIAL VIOLENCE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT, by George McMillan, 32 pages Southern Regional Council. A study of racial violence and law enforcement in Chattanooga, Little Rock, and Montgomery. 25¢ single copy.

____ SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: THE FIRST SIX YEARS, 35 pages, Southern Regional Council. This short pamphlet sets forth, in question and answer form, the facts confronting the South and the meaning for its citizens. 30¢ single copy; 25¢ each in quantities of 50 or more.

____ RACIAL CRISIS AND THE PRESS, Walter Spearman and Sylvan Meyer, an analysis of the treatment of racial news by the press. 30¢ single copy; 25¢ for quantity copies.

____ THE SOUTH AND THE NATION, by Leroy Collins, former Governor of Florida, "a picture of the material advance of the South in recent years, of unusual educational efforts and successes, of a growing but wise use of government, and of the possible return of the South to her early position of national leadership." 15¢ single copy.

✓ THE CHURCH IN AREAS OF RACIAL TENSIONS, by the Reverend Cornelius Tarplee, Associate Secretary for Intergroup Relations, National Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church, an address given before the National Convocation of the Church in Town and Country in Louisville, Kentucky. 10¢ single copy.

____ IF THE SCHOOLS ARE CLOSED...A CRITICAL ANALYSIS OF THE PRIVATE SCHOOL PLAN, by Warren E. Gauerke and Donald Ross Green, 40 pages, 1959, The Southern Regional Council. 25¢ single copy.

✓ TOWARD A SOLUTION TO THE SIT-IN CONTROVERSY, by Margaret Price, a round-up of events in the sit-in controversy including an analysis of methods used to solve the problem in some cities. (mimeographed) 10¢ single copy.

____ LUNCH-COUNTER DESEGREGATION IN CORPUS CHRISTI, GALVESTON, AND SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, by Kenneth Morland. (mimeographed) 10¢ single copy.

5 ✓ THE STUDENT PROTEST MOVEMENT, a Special Report prepared by the research department of the Southern Regional Council. 10¢ single copy.

_____ THE NEGRO AND THE BALLOT and THE NEGRO VOTER IN THE SOUTH, both by Margaret Price; and RACE AND SUFFRAGE IN THE SOUTH SINCE 1940; three treatments of registration and voting by Negroes, published by the Southern Regional Council. 40¢ for three-pamphlet packet; 35¢ for quantity copies.

_____ WHAT THE SUPREME COURT SAID, by Prof. Robert A. Leflar, 12 pages, reprinted from Southern School News. A critical analysis of the Supreme Court school decisions. 10¢ single copy; 8¢ for quantity copies.

LEADERSHIP (L) REPORTS (periodic reports, listed below, concerning race relations and related subjects; single copy free; quantity rates on request).

_____ L-5 — PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE ECONOMY OF VIRGINIA, excerpts from a talk by Dr. Louis T. Rader, General Manager, Special Control Dept., General Electric Co., Waynesboro, Virginia, June 12, 1959.

_____ L-6 -- THE "DAVIS REPORT" AND THE TRUTH ABOUT THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SITUATION IN WASHINGTON, D. C., July 3, 1959.

_____ L-7 -- GOVERNOR ALMOND (VIRGINIA) ON THE IMPORTANCE OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, July 24, 1959.

_____ L-8 -- RACE AND INTELLIGENCE, August 10, 1959.

✓ L-11 -- LITTLE ROCK REPORT. . .WHAT HAS HAPPENED SINCE THE SCHOOL CRISIS?, October 12, 1959.

_____ L-13 -- "DID YOU FIND THAT THERE WAS MUCH DIFFERENCE IN THE ABILITY OF NEGRO CHILDREN TO RECEIVE AND PROFIT BY INSTRUCTION?", a question and answer session with the late Dr. Omer Carmichael, then Superintendent of Louisville Public Schools, December 15, 1959.

_____ L-15 -- TYPES OF DESEGREGATION PLANS, February 1, 1960.

_____ L-16 -- ATLANTA AND WASHINGTON: RACIAL DIFFERENCES IN ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT, by Frank H. Stallings, Associate Professor of Education, University of Louisville, January 26, 1960.

_____ L-17 -- DESEGREGATION AND ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT, March 14, 1960.

70 ✓ L-20 -- PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH RACE RELATIONS COMMITTEES, October 25, 1960.

OK ✓ L-21 -- PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, by H. McKinley Conway, Jr., president of Conway Publications, Inc., publishers of industrial magazines and business guides, November 30, 1960.

____ L-22 -- A REPORT BY THE FOWLER COMMISSION ON RACE RELATIONS, a biracial commission appointed by former Governor Collins of Florida to supply leadership on issues of race relations, December 9, 1960.

____ L-23 -- DESEGREGATION IN HIGHER EDUCATION, January 24, 1961.

____ L-24 -- EXCERPTS FROM AN ADDRESS BY MALCOLM BRYAN, PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF ATLANTA, CONCERNING RACIAL PROBLEMS AND ECONOMICS, February 16, 1961.

20 ✓ ACTION PATTERNS IN SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: A GUIDEBOOK, by Herbert Wey and John Corey, 276 pages, 1959, Phi Delta Kappa Commission Project. Single copy free, quantity requests considered.

OK ✓ THE LOUISVILLE STORY, by Omer Carmichael and Weldon James, 173 pages, 1957, Simon and Schuster, detailed account of Louisville's desegregation of schools. Single copy free, quantity requests considered.

____ SOUTHERNERS AND SCHOOLS, by Helen Fuller, reprinted from The New Republic, 1959. A series of seven articles concerning the South and desegregation. Single copy free; quantity requests considered.

____ THE TRUTH ABOUT DESEGREGATION IN WASHINGTON'S SCHOOLS, by Erwin Knoll, 22 pages, 1958, reprinted from The Washington Post and Times Herald. Single copy free; quantity requests considered.

OK ✓ THE EASY CHAIR, by Harry S. Ashmore, 6 page leaflet, reprinted from Harper's Magazine, June 1958. Concerning the story behind the Little Rock headlines. Single copy free, quantity requests considered.

OK ✓ CHANGING PATTERNS IN THE NEW SOUTH, 120 pages, Southern Regional Council. A collection of more than 40 articles from NEW SOUTH magazine, 1946-55, tracing the far-reaching trends in Southern race relations. It contains the story of new practices in voting, law enforcement, government, the press, libraries, travel, the armed forces, education and the public schools and other topics. Single copy free, quantity copies for payment of postage.

____ THREE VIEWS OF THE DESEGREGATION DECISIONS, 29 pages, 1956, Southern Regional Council. The pamphlet includes three papers presented before the 21st annual meeting of the Southern Historical Association. The papers were presented by William Faulkner, Nobel prize winner for literature; Dr. Benjamin Mays, President of Morehouse College; and Cecil Sims, lawyer of Nashville, Tenn. Single copy free, quantity copies for payment of postage.

OK ✓ DESEGREGATION IN BALTIMORE CITY SCHOOLS, 32 pages, The Maryland Commission on Interracial problems and Relations and the Baltimore Commission on Human Relations. Single copy free, quantity copies for payment of postage.

OK ✓ SOUTH CAROLINIANS SPEAK, 89 pages, compiled by the Reverend John B. Morris and others. A collection of short essays concerning race relations by South Carolina "moderates." Single copy free, quantity copies for payment of postage.

October 17, 1961
Air Mail

Miss Vera Galligher
317 North Brooks Street
Madison 5, Wisconsin

Dear Miss Galligher:

Your letter of the 8th has been called to my attention since Harold Fleming is no longer with the Council. (He is now Executive Vice President of the Potomac Institute, 1501 Eighteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.) In the interest of time I will respond to some of your questions. After that, I will send a copy of your letter to Mr. Fleming. You should still call on him since, during the period with which you are concerned, he had a close working relationship with most of the liberal editors in the region.

Your subject is very good, though on further investigation you may find it necessary to go beyond 1955 in your investigation. Much of the most valuable leadership of Southern editors was given after that time.

Several of the editors you mention have had some formal connection with SRC. Among them:

Ralph McGill was one of the five incorporators of SRC,
Harry S. Ashmore was a member of the Council (Board) 1951-54,
Virginius Dabney (who has become somewhat associated with segregationist forces in the past few years) was active in the founding of SRC, and a member from 1944 to 1951,
Herbert Davidson, Editor and Publisher of the Daytona Beach (Florida) News-Journal has been a member of the Council since 1948,
Alfred D. Mynders (Chattanooga, Tennessee, Times) was a member of the Council from 1945 to 1955,
Hodding Carter has been a member of the Council since 1945.

To: Miss Vera Galligher
October 17, 1961

Under separate cover we are sending you - by first class mail - several pieces of material that may be of interest. At a later date perhaps we can give you some more meaningful help. And, our research department will be happy to be of any possible assistance. Most of our files for the period in which you are interested have been transferred to the Atlanta University Library. However, these materials, and others at the Atlanta University, should be of value if you can arrange to make use of them. For the period since 1955, our clipping files should have on hand many of the materials in which you are interested.

We look forward to hearing from you again.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mbb

cc: H.C. Fleming
Enc.
Changing patterns in the New South
The Easy Chair, Harry S. Ashmore
Agony of the Southern Minister
Racial Crisis and the Press
Racial violence and Law Enforcement
Southern View of the South
Are Southern Ministers Failing the South
The Freedom Ride
Board List, SRC
Reports the Changing South-SRC

317 North Brooks Street
Madison 5, Wisconsin
October 8, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Your probably receive many letters from students with varying requests. Though the one I am making is a rather large one, I would be most appreciative if you would seriously consider it.

While looking for a master's thesis topic, I became very interested in the part Southern white intellectuals have played in improving the welfare of the Negro. (The general theme which most of the people in our seminar are following is "The Intellectual and Social Welfare.") Realizing that in a master's thesis, it would be impossible to treat such a wide subject, I began reading a few things to find what time period and which group of people it might be best to work with. While doing this reading, I came across a short report on "Race in the News" in a 1955 New South published by the Southern Regional Council. The article set me to thinking about the various Southern editors who I knew were well-known for their liberal opinions. After spending some time going through our card catalogue and periodical guides and reading a number of articles I was convinced the subject of "Southern Editors and their Efforts to Improve the State of the Negro" would be a good one. My major professor, Merle Curti of the University of Wisconsin History Department, received the idea with great enthusiasm.

We decided it might be best to work with a selected group of perhaps six to eight editors (with their permission) and to limit the time covered to their period from about 1943-44, i.e., the time during the war when many people began to emphasize the discrepancies in our practice of democracy, particularly as it applied to the Negro and continuing through 1955, in order to get some of the work done after the 1954 Supreme Court school decision. I may find this to be too wide a time span, but if so, it can be further limited. In doing this study, I would consider the stands taken by the various editors in their editorials, the policy of the paper toward Negro news,

and also the participation of the editors in such organizations as the Southern Regional Council.

In the above mentioned publication, I found that you were the Assistant Director of Research for SRC in that year. I thought you would be able to help me. If you will do so, there are several things I would like to ask now--but more questions will arise as I do my research.

1. Can you send me a copy of the pamphlet RACE IN THE NEWS? The university library does not have one and I will be happy to pay for it. Has the SRC other publications similar to this one which may be helpful?

2. Which Southern editors have participated in the activities of the SRC either as executive officers or members? What have been their major contributions made through this organization?

3. In what other organizations of this type have editors participated? Do these organizations have bulletins or reports that could be consulted?

4. On which editors would you suggest that I concentrate my attention? (I have written to and read some material on Hodding Carter, Virginius Dabney and Ralph McGill.)

5. Do you think the proposed dates are good ones? If not, what period would you suggest as being more suitable?

The first chapter of my thesis is due November 7. My plans are to have a general introduction and because research time will not permit otherwise, I will have to take each editor separately rather than treating the subject chronologically. With the introduction, I hope to submit a section on Ralph McGill--whose paper the Wisconsin Historical Society takes. (Obtaining the papers of the various editors may be difficult, but I am hoping that through inter-library loan, I can get the most important ones.) In the final presentation of the thesis, however, it might be best to present it either by topic or chronologically. Do you have any suggestions on this?

Perhaps you wonder how I became so interested in this subject. I am a Southerner, my home being near Sanford, North Carolina, and attended a Southern school (Woman's College in Greensboro, 1957-1961). Dr. Richard Bardolph, very fine teacher and author at that school, is primarily responsible for my interest in this subject.

This is asking a great deal, I realize, but the paper has already come to mean much to me--though I have only begun to do the reading and research. If you agree to help, there will be many, many other things I would like to ask. Professor Curti wants the thesis completed by June which means that a lot of work must be done in a short time. Any help and suggestions that you give will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Vera Galligher

(Miss) Vera Galligher

HOWARD UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON 1, D. C.

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK

October 31, 1961

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsythe Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Thank you very kindly for the three boxes of material you sent for our community organization classes.

We deeply appreciate your generosity and support of our class project.

Sincerely yours,

Ethel J. Williams

Ethel J. Williams
Assistant Professor
Community Organization
Sequence

EJW:mm

Pending

December 13, 1961

WF MBB

Mail -"Annealing"

Please send 50 copies of Annealing of the South to the following address:

Miss Mary Alice Baldinger
Executive Director
National Civil Liberties Clearing House
1637 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Label attached.

Phil says it was mailed

Requests

December 14, 1961

Mr. James Arnott
125 Blue Earth Street
Mankato, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Arnott:

Your letter to Mr. Fleming has been called to my attention since he is no longer with the Council.

The Council has not published a report entitled, "Within Our Reach". However, under separate cover we are sending you several publications which may be of some help to you.

As a tax-exempt organization, the Council does not support any proposed legislation.

Please call on us if we can be of additional help.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:jl

125 Blue Earth Street
Mankato, Minnesota
December 3, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

On December 1 on the NBC telecast of "Here and Now" I was most fortunate to listen to your organization's report on the economic and educational problems of the South.

However, to come to the point is that I am a member of the Mankato High School debate team and we are debating the proposition of Federal Aid to Education. Within our debate case we are using the South as an example of where by if economic conditions are to improve significantly so must educational conditions and quality. I do not know whether or not if your organization stands as in favor of federal aid to Southern education, but I am aware that you have published a report entitled Within Our Reach in which information pertaining to Southern economics and education. If it is possible that you could send me a copy of this booklet, or your opinion on the issue of federal aid to Southern education it would be of much assistance to our debate case, and highly appreciated. If you are not sending free copies to debaters, then would you please send me the price of Within Our Reach.

Sincerely yours,
James Arnott
James Arnott

Requests

December 14, 1961

Miss Mayte Way
Agnes Howard Hall
W. Va. Wesleyan College
Buckhannon, West Virginia

Dear Miss Way:

Your letter to Mr. Fleming has come to my attention since he is no longer with the Council.

Under separate cover we are sending you several of our publications which I trust will be of help to you. Enclosed is a listing of all of our publications currently available.

If we can be of further help please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:jl
enc.

Agnes Howard Hall
W.Va. Wesleyan College
Buckhannon, W.Va.
December 3, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am compiling information upon the attitudes and ideas for and against intergration in the public schools of the United States. I feel that your organization can give me vital information for the research paper I must write on this subject.

I would appreciate it very much if you would send me some information upon the Southern Regional Council, its viewpoints on intergration, and the work it is doing concerning it.

I am willing to pay for any pamphlets, etc. that you would be able to send me, as the Southern Regional Council will be of extreme importance to my research paper.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,
Mayte Way
(Miss) Mayte Way

Memo from **LESLIE W. DUNBAR**

Sent 11/23/62

JF — pls send, no change

JM — pls send ~~[illegible]~~ to again

PA — write + have filed

LAURIE PRITCHETT
CHIEF OF POLICE

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE
CITY OF ALBANY
GEORGIA

HE. 2-2344
HE. 6-2037

January 22, 1962

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I request that eight copies of the Special Report on Albany, Georgia, written by Howard Zinn, Professor of History and Social Science of Spelman College be forward to my office. Any charge that might be incurred please forward this also. Thanking you in advance for any and all courtesies and assuring you this departments full cooperation in all matters of mutual interest.

Respectfully

Laurie Pritchett
Chief of Police

P:a

June 4, 1962

Mr. Tony Princiotto
City Room
The Plain Dealer
1801 Superior Avenue
Cleveland 14, Ohio

Dear Mr. Princiotto:

Under separate cover we are sending you several pieces of material pertaining to Washington.

As you undoubtedly found in your trip through the South, the Davis Report on the Washington schools has been circulated widely and effectively in the region. Contrary to this report, we think the real story of what has happened to this school system in the past few years is one that deserves a great deal of attention. Some of the material being sent deals with this subject. One of the "L-Reports" being sent, L-6, refers to a report by Superintendent of Schools Hansen - Miracle of Social Adjustment (since up-dated) which you should obtain.

L-25, "New Census Look at Cities and Race," may offer another idea you would want to explore.

I am told the District of Columbia Department of Welfare issues an annual report which contains a wealth of information on the city.

When you get to Washington I hope you will talk with Harold C. Fleming, former director of the Southern Regional Council and now Executive Vice-President of the Potomac Institute, 1501 - 18th Street, N. W. I think he would be helpful.

If we can be of further help, let us know. And, if your earlier series becomes available in any convenient form, we would like very much to have a copy.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/mmj

Separate mailing:

"The Truth About Desegregation in Washington's Schools"
L-25, "New Census Look at Cities and Race"
L-6, "The 'Davis Report' and the Truth About the Public School Situation in Washington, D. C."
Fortune Reprint of Mar. 1962, "The City and the Negro" - Silberman
L-16, "Racial Differences in Academic Achievement" - Stallings
Special Report (SRCD - "The Washington School Story" - Hansen
Executive Support of Civil Rights -

THE PLAIN DEALER

STERLING E. GRAHAM
PRESIDENT

THOMAS V. H. VAIL
VICE PRESIDENT

F. WILLIAM DUGAN
GENERAL MANAGER

WRIGHT BRYAN
EDITOR

OHIO'S LARGEST MORNING AND SUNDAY NEWSPAPER
1801 SUPERIOR AVE.
CLEVELAND 14, OHIO

PUBLISHED BY
THE
FOREST CITY
PUBLISHING COMPANY
CLEVELAND 14, OHIO

May 30, 1962

Mr. Paul Anthony,
Assistant to the Director,
Southern Regional Council,
Atlanta, Ga.,

Dear Mr. Anthony,

I believe you will recall my visit with you in March while I was traveling through parts of the South for a series of stories on race relations. You were helpful to me then, and I hope you may find it possible to be of further assistance without too much inconvenience.

The stories I wrote appeared in March, some 17 of them. I wish I could send you some clips but, as of this date, we have not yet got around to publishing them in some sort of booklet form.

I am interested in following up the series and am thinking in terms of exploring as fully as I can the situation in Washington. I have come across some material on school conditions there but would appreciate any material your group may have that could prove helpful to me by way of background before I visit Washington.

Your own ideas, off the record as they were when I spoke to you, again would be appreciated.

Thanking you, I am

~~Sincerely~~
Ted Princiotto

Ted Princiotto
City Room,
The Plain Dealer

file - ??

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STUDENTS
МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫЙ СОЮЗ СТУДЕНТОВ
UNION INTERNATIONALE DES ETUDIANTS
國際學生聯合會 اتحاد الطلاب العالمي
UNION INTERNACIONAL DE ESTUDIANTES
MEZINÁRODNÍ SVAZ STUDENTSTVA

PRAHA 2, VOCELOVA 3, ČSR TEL.: 23-56-41, 24-24-22, 24-28-32 TELEGR.: UNISTUD PRAHA

DEPT. LB/AG/Pa PRAHA

17. VI. 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar,
Executive Director,
The Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Room 201
Atlanta 3
Georgia, U.S.A.

RECEIVED
JUN 12 1962

MI
what in this about?

Dear Mr. Dunbar,

Thank you for the selection of documents and articles and for the sheet concerning the Southern Regional Council and its aims and services, all of which has provided us with much valuable material for our information and for use in our publications.

I hope we shall continue to keep in touch in the future and would be particularly interested in receiving your monthly magazine, New South, in return for our World Student News, also published monthly.

While wishing you all success in your future work,

I remain,

Yours sincerely,

Abu Gidary
Abu Gidary
for the Secretariat
of the IUS

IUS · MCCUIE · PRAHA-ČSR

Pmt 01 - 1558 58

NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER
Governor

BRUCE CATTON
Chairman

JOHN HOPE FRANKLIN
Vice Chairman

CARL HAVERLIN
Secretary

MAJOR-GENERAL A. C. O'HARA
Chief of Staff
to the Governor

JOHN CRAWFORD ADAMS
ELMER T. BARNETT
WALTER A. CAPITAIN
[illegible] de RAY
[illegible] GLOVER
PAUL D. HARRIS, JR.
RICHARD W. LAWRENCE, JR.
COL. MARCH
MARTIN RAMBACK
FELIPE H. TORRES
MRS. LILA ACHESON WALLACE

THOMAS E. MULLIGAN, JR.
Executive Director
ERICH BORRES
Research Associate
CLARENCE W. MILLER
Administrative Assistant

NEW YORK STATE
Civil War Centennial Commission
STATE CAPITOL, ALBANY, N. Y. P. O. BOX 1861
145 WEST 57TH STREET NEW YORK 19, NEW YORK

January 7, 1963

File
Request for
Prop Materials

Miss Margaret Long,
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
5 Forsyth St., N.W.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Miss Long:

We should be most grateful to Mr. Dunbar and yourself if we could have twenty-five (25) copies of "A Hundred Years Later" prepared by the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

With deep appreciation, I am,

Sincerely,

T E Mulligan Jr

Thomas E. Mulligan, Jr.

Sent
1-10-63

March 21, 1963

Mr. Samuel Schulman
Head, Civilian Personnel Branch
Department of the Navy
Headquarters United States Marine Corps
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Schulman:

I am chagrined that I know so little about the various branches of our military -- most particularly when only abbreviations are used. However, I realized my mistake shortly after mailing the letter and the ten copies of "Plans for Progress," and immediately rectified it by sending an additional ten copies to the U. S. Army Material Command from which the request had come.

If you would be good enough, therefore, to return the copies which you are holding, I would be most appreciative.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

IN REPLY REFER TO
ABG-ctj
19 March 1963

Mrs. Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Johnson:

The ten copies of your report "Plans for Progress: Atlanta Survey" were received along with your letter of 13 March 1963. I will be very happy to get them into the right hands providing you assist me by mailing me a copy of the telegram you received.

Sincerely yours,

SAMUEL SCHULMAN
Head, Civilian Personnel Branch

CLASS OF SERVICE
This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION
TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

SF-1201 (4-60)

SYMBOLS
DL = Day Letter
NL = Night Letter
LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

309A EST MAR 13 63 AA112
A LLA156 GOVT NL PD TDA PWS WASHINGTON DC 12
L DUNBAR SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
5 FORSYTH ST NORTHWEST ATLA
3-4526 FROM AMCSA-IR PLEASE FURNISH THIS HEADQUARTERS 10 COPIES
OF YOUR SPECIAL REPORT "PLANS FOR PROGRESS: ATLANTA SURVEY
" DATED JANUARY 1963
HQ USAMC.

10 copies mailed 3/12/63

RECEIVED
MAR 13 1963

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
HEADQUARTERS, U. S. MARINE CORPS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C., ABG

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

WASHINGTON 34 D.C.
MAR 19 8-PM 1963

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
NAVY DEPARTMENT
Remember
PREVENT
FOREST FIRES

AIR MAIL

Mrs. Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

UNITED STATES MARINES

22

THE ORIGINS OF THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

"In the troubled days following World War I, race conflict and the lawlessness of terror organizations reached such proportions that the need for new techniques of restoring harmony could not be ignored. To meet this need, interracial committees were formed in cities and towns throughout the South. It was found that by bringing together influential members of both races grievances could be aired, mutual problems discussed, and a meeting of minds effected. This method had such beneficial results that interracial committees became an established part of the life of the South in the early 'twenties. Their influence became Southwide through the formation of the Commission on Interracial Cooperation, a central organization with headquarters in Atlanta.

The Commission helped organize, extend, and guide the work of State and local interracial committees. It assisted them in making their influence felt by newspapers, civil authorities, churches, school officials, police administrators, and health officers. It gave much attention to factual analysis of the problem of lynching and other forms of interracial violence. Its auxiliary, the Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching, did much to educate public opinion in the causes and possible remedies for such violence.

From these early activities, the Commission built up a body of acquaintance and confidence that has been an increasing asset through the years. The traditional barrier between the races was broken down to allow an interchange of ideas and mutual trust. The notion of cooperative action by people of good will, both white and Negro took root and has continued to grow. In its twenty-five years of operation, the Commission made the meeting of white and Negro citizens for the discussion of common problems an accepted practice almost everywhere in the South. It marshalled thousands of Southern churchwomen in opposition to lynching and other injustices, brought new light to bear on race relations, issued two million copies of pamphlets and leaflets,

and symbolized the faith of the Southern white people and Negro people in the processess of mutual agreement and cooperation.

In 1939 the leaders of the Commission began to explore the possibility of expanding the activities of the organization to permit a broader attack on the problems of the South. In October, 1940, the Commission instructed its executive committee to "take whatever steps are necessary to carry out the plans for the formation of a council on "Southern regional developement," which would include in its program "the work of the Commission and other activities connected with the economic, educational, and social development of the South."

Meanwhile the efforts of other progressive Southerners were leading them to a similar purpose. The first movement in that direction took place when a group of Southern Negro leaders met in Durham, North Carolina, on October 20, 1942, to set forth "just what the Negro wants and is expecting of the post-war South and nation," and to enlist the aid of interested white Southerners. The result of this historic conference was a comprehensive statement covering the following areas: Political and Civil Rights, Industry and Labor, Service Occupations, Education, Agriculture, Military Service, and Social Welfare and Health. Many social thinkers regarded the Durham statement as the most hopeful pronouncement on race relations that had come out of the South in the last 75 years.

In April, 1943, a group of Southern white leaders met in Atlanta to consider the statement of the Durham conference. These white leaders found the statement "so frank and courageous, so free from any suggestion of threat and ultimatum," and so demonstrative of good will, that they gladly pledged their cooperation. "The need," they concluded, "is for a positive program arrived at in an atmosphere of understanding, cooperation, and mutual respect."

Representatives of both the Durham and Atlanta conferences met in Richmond in June, 1943, to work out further details. The Durham statement was adopted as a general guide to action, and a continuing committee was appointed to devise practical means of approach. As a result of these efforts, the Southern Regional Council was chartered as a corporation by the State of Georgia in January, 1944. At the Charter meeting, the Commission on Interracial Cooperation met and formally merged its program and assets with those of the Council. The organizing meeting of the Council was held in response to a "call" issued by some of the South's finest leadership, including:

C. H. Gillman, Georgia Director, C.I.O.
George L. Googe, Southern Director, AFL
M. Ashby Jones, Baptist minister
Ryland Knight, Baptist minister
Rabbi David Marx, The Temple, Atlanta
Bishop Arthur J. Moore, The Methodist Church
Ralph McGill, The Atlanta Constitution
Stuart R. Oglesby, Presbyterian minister
Rt. Rev. Gerald P. O'Hara, Catholic Bishop of Savannah-Atlanta
Dean S. Paden, President, King Hardware Company
J. McDowell Richards, President, Columbia Theological Seminary
Bishop John Moore Walker, The Protestant Episcopal Church
Goodrich C. White, President, Emory University

Following the deliberations of this group and a subsequent conference with Southern Negro leaders, the SRC was chartered, the incorporators being Bishop Arthur J. Moore, Ralph McGill, Dr. Rufus E. Clement, Dr. Charles S. Johnson, and Dr. Howard W. Odum.

A strong and democratic Council had been established "to attain through research and action the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the region."

July 15, 1969

MEMORANDUM

TO: THE STAFF

FROM: JOYCE MEEKINS

RE: THE REMOVAL OF NEWSCLIP FOLDERS FROM THE RESEARCH DEPARTMENT.

Listed below are the 1969 newsclip folders which have been removed from the files by unknown staff members. All staff members who have taken files ('69 and otherwise) without properly checking them out are asked to return those files no later than July 16, 1969, and to always check them out in the future.

We realize that many of you will not have completed your work. Nevertheless, we urge you to return the files anyway so that additional information can be placed in them. Then, you may check them out properly.

The checkout list is located on the wall above the desk in the filing room which is adjacent to the Xerox machine room.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter, and for your cooperation.

1. Community Organization, Development, Surveys, etc.
2. Education Higher South
3. Hunger, Surveys, etc.
4. Labor South
5. Labor Mississippi
6. Labor North Carolina
7. Law Enforcement - Riot Control and Reports
8. Legal Defense General
9. Legal Defense Juries
10. Legal Defense Lawyers Committee
11. Media and Entertainment

12. Media and Entertainment - McGill
13. Medical Care General
14. Medical Care South
15. Politics General
16. Politics South
17. Politics Alabama
18. Politics Arkansas
19. Politics Florida
20. Politics Georgia
21. Politics Louisiana
22. Politics Mississippi
23. Politics North Carolina
24. Politics South Carolina
25. Politics Tennessee
26. Politics Texas
27. Politics Virginia
28. Politics Georgia - (Atlanta Mayor's Race)
29. Resistance Groups - KKK General

TO: PA
NM ✓

FROM: JSmith

Attached is a proposed letter which might bring in some requests for excess publications if sent quickly. If it is to be sent, somebody should designate to whom: Board, Publications Service, all Research in one or two states, selected libraries. Additionally, presumably a list will be drawn up showing what we have (I don't know this but the attached shows what I think is available).

While this letter type of endeavor is no good if not done now, you or others may have other ideas such as calling all colleges or libraries in the Atlanta area. I have made plans and cleared in the usual fashion to be on vacation I think the last week in ~~August.~~ July.

7-6-71

PUBLICATIONS

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

5 FORSYTH ST., N.W., ATLANTA, GA. 30303

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
5 Forsyth St., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga. 30303

PUBLICATIONS LIST

Spring 1969

PUBLICATIONS SUBSCRIPTION SERVICE - All publications released for a one-year period. (Does NOT include subscription to NEW SOUTH.) Yearly.....$5.00

NEW SOUTH, quarterly magazine published by the Southern Regional Council.

Yearly.....$3.00
Quarterly issues.....$1.00

(Prior to 1966, NEW SOUTH was published eleven times yearly and all volumes since its inception through 1967 (Vol. 1-22, 1946-1967) are available on microfilm for $33. An order may be placed with Serials Publications, University of Michigan, 300 N. Zeeb Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 48106. Single available issues prior to 1966 may be ordered from SRC at 20¢ each.)

(Bulk prices apply for 10 or more copies.)

1969

COOPERATIVES AND POOR PEOPLE IN THE SOUTH. An evaluation of nine coops operating in the South, by Al Ulmer. .30
bulk .20

~~RACE MAKES THE~~ DIFFERENCE. An analysis of sentence disparity among black and white offenders in Southern prisons. .30
bulk .20

CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS, SOUTHWIDE CONFERENCE OF BLACK ELECTED OFFICIALS. Includes major address at first such regional conference, December 1968.) .75
bulk .60

BLACK ELECTED OFFICIALS IN THE SOUTHERN STATES. Roster of black elected officials after Fall 1968 general elections. .25
bulk .20

1968

RADICALISM: SOUTHERN STYLE: A Commentary on Regional Extremism of the Right. by Reese Cleghorn. Published jointly by SRC and The American Jewish Committee. .50
bulk .40

VOTER REGISTRATION IN THE SOUTH, Summer 1968. A breakdown by county of white-Negro registration in the eleven southern states. .25
bulk .20

KNOW YOUR NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENT. Joint publication of the N. C. Voter Education Project and the Voter Education Project of SRC. .25
bulk .20

LAWLESSNESS AND DISORDER: Fourteen Years of Failure in Southern School Desegregation. .40
bulk .30

THE DELTA PRISONS: PUNISHMENT FOR PROFIT. A special report on the prison systems of Arkansas, Mississippi, and Louisiana. .30
bulk .20

EVENTS AT ORANGEBURG. A report based on study and interviews in Orangeburg, South Carolina, in the aftermath of tragedy. By Pat Watters and Weldon Rougeau. .30
bulk .20

BLACK YOUTH IN A SOUTHERN METROPOLIS. A study of socio-economic characteristics, attitudes, and values of Negro high school students in Atlanta. January 1968. .50
bulk .40

1967

THE PRESENT DILEMMA OF THE NEGRO by Kenneth B. Clark. An address before the 1967 Annual Meeting of the Southern Regional Council. NC

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE: TO WHAT END? A study of the southern state policies and practices which regulate public assistance in 97 of the nation's 100 poorest counties. November 1967. .30
bulk .20

ON THE NATIONAL CRISIS: A statement by the Southern Regional Council. August 1967. NC

HUNGRY CHILDREN. A report by a team of six eminent physicians on the health and living conditions of Negro children in rural Mississippi. .30
bulk .20

1967 (Cont'd.)

~~ATLANTA HOUSING~~ STUDY (includes map, below). .50
bulk .40

ATLANTA RESIDENTIAL PATTERNS (map). .25

~~HOW TO CONDUCT A REGISTRATION CAMPAIGN~~. .25
bulk .20

KNOW YOUR GEORGIA GOVERNMENT. .25
bulk .20

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS. Illustrated statement of citizens' and law enforcement officers' rights in cases of suspected law violation. Published by the American Civil Liberties Union of Georgia. .25
bulk .20

MORE MONEY FOR YOU? Your Rights Under the Minimum Wage Law. .15
bulk .08

MR. MAYOR - SLUM GHETTOS IN YOUR TOWN. A guideline for city officials in facing the total problems of slums. .50
bulk .40

NEIGHBORHOODS - WHERE HUMAN RELATIONS BEGIN. Experiences and evaluation of three interracial neighborhoods. .50
bulk .40

1966

~~NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION.~~ Guidelines for groups trying to build stable interracial neighborhoods. .30
bulk .20

~~THE CONTINUING CRISIS.~~ A report on race-related violence in the South, published jointly by SRC and the American Jewish Committee. .60
bulk .40

SCHOOL DESEGREGATION 1966: THE SLOW UNDOING. An examination of school desegregation in the twelfth year since the Supreme Court decision against racially separate schools. Includes a narrative account of the southern assault on the federal guidelines and a critique of the guidelines' potential. .40
bulk .30

1966 (Cont'd.)

~~PUBLIC ASSISTANCE~~ IN THE SOUTH. Statistical analysis. .30
bulk .20

A CITY SLUM -- POOR PEOPLE AND PROBLEMS. A report on an attempt to build a community organization around local self-interest issues in a southern city. .30
bulk .20

WHAT HAPPENED IN THE SOUTH, 1966. An analysis of the effect of the Negro vote in the 1966 general elections. .05

1965

SEPTEMBER 1965 SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: OLD PROBLEMS UNDER A NEW LAW. A survey of southern school desegregation in the year after the enactment of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 including state-by-state statistics and problems faced under Freedom of Choice Plans. .30
bulk .15

RACIAL DISCRIMINATION IN THE SOUTHERN FEDERAL COURTS. A revealing report on the exclusion of Negroes from juries and employment in southern federal courts. .20
bulk .10

THE MIGRANT FARMER: A PSYCHIATRIC STUDY. An unusual look by Harvard University psychiatrist Dr. Robert Coles into the lives and problems of migrant farm families. .30
bulk .20

BLACK BELT SCHOOLS: BEYOND DESEGREGATION. A study by four Georgia educators with their sample suggestions of unusual programs for curing rural education problems. .30
bulk .20

1964

THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, 1944-1964. How, why and by whom the SRC was organized; statement of policy and aims; statement of views. .20
bulk .15

~~THE PRICE WE~~ PAY. Samples the costs -- chiefly money -- incurred by the South's resistance to equal opportunity. Produced in cooperation with Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith. .75
bulk .50

1964 (Cont'd.)

WHAT HAPPENED IN THE SOUTH? An analysis of the Negro vote in the 1964 Presidential election. .05

1963

SOUTHERN SCHOOLS: TOKEN DESEGREGATION AND BEYOND, by J. Kenneth Morland. Sponsored jointly by SRC and Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith. .50
bulk .35

~~THE ECONOMIC~~ STATUS OF NEGROES: IN THE NATION AND IN THE SOUTH, by Vivian W. Henderson. "Unless unforseeable, 'revolutionary' changes take place in Negro manpower utilization and development, the Negro citizen will remain the 'forgotten man' in America's affluent society." .25
bulk .15

~~A STUDY OF NEGRO~~ FARMERS IN SOUTH CAROLINA. Brief description of federal agricultural programs for Negro farmers in the Deep South. .10
bulk .05

1962

THE NEGRO AND EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES IN THE SOUTH: HOUSTON, report based on survey by Prof. Art Gallagher, November, 1961; ~~ATLANTA,~~ Prof. Carl Holman, research coordinator, May, 1962; ~~CHATTANOOGA~~, Dr. Major J. Jones, research coordinator, February, 1962. each .20
set .50
bulk each .15

1961

THE FEDERAL EXECUTIVE AND CIVIL RIGHTS, a 48-page report sent to President John F. Kennedy with an 18-point proposal on executive power in furthering civil rights. February 1961. .35
bulk .25

THIS I BELIEVE, by Haywood M. Hill, M.D. Eloquent message a southern Presbyterian elder delivered to his church school class. Single copy only Free

1960 (and earlier)

WHAT THE SUPREME COURT SAID, a commentary on the school desegregation decree of 1954. .10
bulk .05

1960 (Cont'd.)

MAP, showing percentage of non-white population in counties of southern states as of 1960. .25
bulk .20

~~IF~~ THE SCHOOLS ARE CLOSED . . . A Critical Analysis of the Private School Plan, Warren E. Gauerke and Donald Ross Green. 1959 .15
bulk .10

LEADERSHIP REPORTS

(All mimeographed unless otherwise noted; single copy free.)

L-16 ATLANTA AND WASHINGTON: RACIAL DIFFERENCES IN ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT, Frank H. Stallings, Associate Professor of Education, University of Louisville, 1960.

L-26 ADDRESS BY GENERAL LUCIUS D. CLAY. Remarks on the industrial climate of Georgia. 1961.

L-27 THE HARD OR THE EASY WAY? Aspects of the option taken in parts of Virginia and North Carolina not to desegregate schools. 1961.

L-28 ORGANIZATIONS SUPPORTING THE STUDENT PROTEST MOVEMENT. 1961.

L-29 AMERICAN ANTHROPOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION RESOLUTION ON RACE. Scientists reject theories of Negro racial inferiority. 1961.

L-30 A POSITIVE PLAN TO HELP SOLVE OUR RACIAL DILEMMA. Reprint from Jackson (Mississippi) State Times, November 1961; and BIRMINGHAM FACES A HARD DECISION, reprint from the Birmingham (Alabama) News, October 1961.

L-31 SLIPPING SEGREGATION: NEGROES WIN LOWERING OF MORE BARRIERS IN SOUTH. Reprint from Wall Street Journal, January 1961.

L-32 REFUTATION OF "RACE AND REASON," Dr. William P. Sullivan, Asst. Professor of English, McNeese State College, Lake Charles, Louisiana. 1962.

L-33 A STATEMENT OF RECOMMENDED POLICE POLICY RESULTING FROM THE NEW YORK UNIVERSITY GRADUATE SCHOOL OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION CONFERENCE on "The Challenge of Desegregation for American Police Executives." 1962.

LEADERSHIP REPORTS (Cont'd.)

L-34 DESEGREGATION IN SOUTHERN PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS. Report on Catholic dioceses in 11 states. May 1962.

L-34A DESEGREGATION IN SOUTHERN PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS. August 1963.

L-35 STATE COMMISSIONS ON HUMAN RELATIONS: Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, West Virginia. 1962.

L-36 RICHMOND QUIETLY LEADS WAY IN RACE RELATIONS. Reprint from The Washington Post. 1962.

L-41 EXCERPTS FROM SPEECHES OF GOVERNOR BERT COMBS OF KENTUCKY AND SECRETARY OF COMMERCE LUTHER T. HODGES. Both speeches concern national need for development of a deeper understanding of the meaning of practical human brotherhood. 1963.

L-44 CHARLOTTE HAS BUILT ITS INTEGRATION ROAD: A DIFFERENT WAY, L. M. Wright, Jr., city editor of Charlotte Observer. The story of quiet, organized desegregation of public facilities without demonstrations. 1963.

L-46 VOICE OF THE PEOPLE: 'AT THIS VERY LATE HOUR.' -- A letter co-authored by two citizens of Birmingham, James A. Head and Charles P. Zukoski, Jr., reprinted from The Birmingham News, Sept. 30, 1963.

L-47 THE QUESTION FROM JACKSONVILLE. Description of Jacksonville racial outbreak of 1964.

REPRINTS

(Single copy free unless otherwise noted)

New South, Summer 1967. "Sorrow Song in Black and White," Vera Rony. A sensitive account of the agricultural labor movement in the South in the 1930's. bulk .20

New South, Winter 1967. "What Happened after You Desegregated the White School," Mark Chesler. bulk .20

Harvard Business Review, March-April 1963. "Business--Next Target for Integration?" John Perry. .20
bulk .15

The Washington Post, 10-7-62. "The South's Pattern of Violence Has Changed," George McMillan.

Virginia Quarterly Review, Autumn 1961. "The Annealing of the South," Leslie W. Dunbar. .10
bulk .07

Reprints (Cont'd.)

The New York Times, 4-1-60. "A Southern View of the South," Harold Fleming.

The New York Times Magazine, 9-27-59. "The Agony of the Southern Minister," Ralph McGill.

The Washington Post, 1958. "The Truth About Desegregation in Washington's Schools," reprints in reply to Davis Committee report.

Harper's, June 1958. "The Easy Chair," Harry S. Ashmore (Little Rock).

Speech delivered April 1958. "Segregation versus the Space Age," Marion Wright.

. . . . . .

Southern Regional Council Says Segregation Will Fail

ATLANTA (AP)—Segregationists will fail in their efforts to preserve all-white public schools but their efforts will damage many persons and institutions, the Southern Regional Council says in a special report.

The council said the past year's events in Arkansas and Virginia forced the recognition that there are only three alternatives: Desegregation; abolition of public schools or the near-miracle of a disintegration of the pressures for reform.

"By counter-offensive against supporters of desegregation" the report said, "the present Southern political and social leadership will do what it can to bring off the miracle. Unless the signs of the times are in mad disarray, it will not succeed.

"But the endeavor will bring damage to many persons and institutions and values which stand in its path, and Americans of all sections ought to be alert to the threat."

The council is an organization working for improvement in race relations.

It's review of the 1958-59 school year showed no desegregation in schools in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina.

Varying degrees of resistance held desegregation to minimal levels in Arkansas, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

With the exception of Texas, only 206 Negroes were in attendance with white pupils during the past year in eleven Southern states. In Texas, an estimated 3,250 Negroes were in desegregated classes.

The report said a mass of legislation has been passed to curb activities of the National Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People.

"The aim of this legislation has been to block Negro entrance to the courts by enfeeblement of the NAACP — regardless of whether this has been achieved, much of the NAACP's energies and money have been diverted to defending itself rather than combating segregation."

Desegregation has won some acceptance in the Upper and Middle South but opposition has delayed a more vigorous effort to penetrate the Deep South, the report said.

It added that with the crisis past in Virginia, 1959-60 should provide the first chance for a year of quiet advancement in the upper and middle states.

The hard core of resistance — Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina — may soon be the only states where segregation remains a political issue.

The council said there would be still another stage before the final isolation of the hard core — the attempt by some of the cities within these five states, Atlanta and New Orleans being the most likely, to secede. Federal judges have allowed each another year, postponing until 1960 the final contest.

"Both cities, but particularly Atlanta, contain influential elements that seek local option to handle the problem free of dominance by their state governments. . . . desegregation in some of the chief cities of the Deep South will therefore, probably occur after another year and the climactic struggle to make it succeed will have strong, perhaps decisive local supporters."

MA, letter may die
MF

SMITH, MOORE, SMITH, SCHELL & HUNTER
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
SUITE 700 JEFFERSON STANDARD BUILDING
GREENSBORO, N. C.

JULIUS C. SMITH
BEVERLY C. MOORE
McNEILL SMITH
JULIUS C. SMITH, III
BENJAMIN H. HUNTER
BRAXTON SCHELL
STEPHEN P. MILLIKIN
ALICE WATKINS COREY
JOHN J. DORTCH
RICHMOND G. BERNHARDT, JR.
CHARLES E. MELVIN, JR.
DAVID M. CLARK
RICHARD T. TUGGLE

TELEPHONE BROADWAY 3-8265
P. O. BOX 868

Please send me 25 copies of "The Student Protest Movement - Winter 1960" SRC 13, Feb 25, 1960.

I can use them. Bill me, if necessary.

→ McNeill Smith
Box 868
Greensboro, N.C.

October 3, 1966

Superintendent of Documents
U. S. Government Printing Office
Washington, D. C., 20402

Dear Sir:

Please send us one copy of EQUALITY OF EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY, OE-38001, price $4.25.

Enclosed are coupons to cover this cost.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Glenda Bartley

GB/km

Enclosure

cc: Ruth Alexander

file — Set up folder "1965-1966 Requests for Src Materials + Publications"

November 29, 1965

BC PA

Please send 50 copies of the Special Report on School Desegregation to Anna Holden, Dept. of Health, Ed., and Welfare, label attached.

Thanks.

November 29, 1965

Miss Anna Holden
Department of Health, Education and Welfare
#2304, Tempo S
6th and Jefferson Drive, S.W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Anna:

The supply of the school desegregation Special Report is exceeding the supply but under separate cover we are sending 50 copies. If this won't do let us know -- we may print extra copies.

Thanks for the information and advice. We'll remember it but it certainly isn't encouraging.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA:mm

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
OFFICE OF EDUCATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

11/12/65

Dear Paul,

Thanks so much for sending the copies of the Special Report on School Desegregation ("Old Problems under a New Law").

Could you send 100 more copies? If this demand is excessive, cut down to reasonable size. We have distributed all those you sent & I'm sure we'll use that many more if we have them.

You would do well to take a harder look at EEOP & other people to pressure the President. Things are about as bad as they can get & I see no hopeful signs. Nearly everyone

exept our research staff is marking time - It is time to rewrite the "guidelines" for next year + plan the next steps, not to mention the need to act on pending complaints. Without a great deal more outside pressure, the whole Program will collapse (if it hasn't already). I took a job with this Program after much hesitation + with great skepticism - now I can hardly wait to get back to the streets (not that I have stopped CORE activity on local issues) Anything you can do to encourage public criticism of the Program + lay the blame on the President will help - Just don't quote me as suggesting this -

Thanks again + best wishes -

Tell any old timers hello.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden

#2304, Tempo S
6th + Jefferson Drive SW
Washington, DC 20202

Henry Schwarzchild -
1156 - 5th Ave.

School Desegregation - Report

School - Air Mail

Sent
11/1/65

File
Requests for pubs.
1965

File Requests for SRC Materials (see Materials file in file cabinet #5)

MEMORANDUM December 6, 1965

To: BCCook

From: MMJohnson

Bernice,

Please package up and mail the following materials to:

(3 copies each) Southern Justice Report
~~Radata~~
Special Report on
School Desegregation
Black Belt report

to:

Mr. J. D. Hatch
Spelman College
Atlanta, Georgia

(Send the same reports - one copy each- to):

Mrs. Corrie Spencer
P. O. Box 329
Sociology Department
Morehouse College

Mr. James A. McShane
Atlanta University
Atlanta, Georgia

Mrs. Lucy C. Grigsby
Atlanta University
(Labels attached)

. . —

3 Copies of each report S.V.P. to —

J D ~~Atlatch~~ Natch
Spelman College
Atlanta 3 Ga

. . James A. McShane
Atlanta University
Atlanta Ga.

Mrs. Lucy C. Grigsby
Atl. Univ
Atl. Ga.

Mrs. Carrie Spencer.
P.O. Box 329
Zoölogy Department
Morehouse College

Bank Street College of Education
69 BANK STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y. 10014
CURRICULUM CONSULTATION SERVICE 103 East 125 Street New York, N.Y. 10035 · 831-1200 Extension: 48

ES
MJ - file

Rec'd 1/17/66

January 13, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Ga. 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Thank you for your letter of December 28th and for the publications prepared by your group. We are studying them now.

I hope that the packet which we sent to you has arrived. I am enclosing a list of all of the materials which we have prepared for distribution, should you want any duplicates of those sent or samples of some not included in our mailing to you.

If any of the services which we offer seem to be of value to your work or might be helpful to schools with which you are acquainted, please do not hesitate to write to us.

Best wishes to you in your efforts.

Sincerely,

Joyce Goodrich

Joyce Goodrich
Assistant Director

CURRICULUM CONSULTATION SERVICE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED BY THE BANK STREET COLLEGE OF EDUCATION UNDER A CONTRACT WITH THE EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM OF THE U.S. OFFICE OF EDUCATION

BANK STREET COLLEGE OF EDUCATION
69 Bank Street • New York, N. Y. 10014

Curriculum Consultation Service

103 East 125 Street • New York, N. Y. 10035 • 831-1200 • Extension 48

PUBLICATIONS AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION:

For copies, place a check before the title.

Communication and Leadership Aids

... Curriculum Questions for Equal Educational Opportunity
... A Concept of Consultation
... School Project on Consultation Skills
... Roles in Discussion Groups
... The Poor Don't Want to be Middle Class

Bibliographies

... For Effecting Change in Education via Supervisory Personnel
... Books on the Consultation Process
... Suggested Books on the Negro - For Professional Libraries
... Americans All - an Intercultural Bibliography for Easy Reading at High Interest Level
... List of Bibliographies Concerned with the Education of Disadvantaged Children and Youth

Curriculum Worksheets

... The Beginning Teacher - Problems of Routines and Controls
... Games for Language Practice
... Home Study Assignments - a New Look
... Social Studies - Early Childhood Education for Children 5-8
... Studying the Home and Family

In Preparation

... Bibliography for Teachers of English as a Second Language
... Materials for Individualized Instruction in Elementary School

CONSULTATION AND VISITATION

Available upon written request giving specific details of the situation, including the number of teachers, and/or children involved. May include visitation and observation in New York City, or provision of consultants in the home community. There are no fees for services.

- -

FOR INCLUSION ON THE MAILING LIST.

Name_____ Position_____

School, Program, Project_____

Address_____

CURRICULUM CONSULTATION SERVICE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED BY THE BANK STREET COLLEGE OF EDUCATION UNDER A CONTRACT WITH THE EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM OF THE U.S. OFFICE OF EDUCATION

December 28, 1965

Miss Joyce Goodrich
Assistant Director
Curriculum Consultation Service
Bank Street College of Education
69 Bank Street
New York, New York 10014

Dear Miss Goodrich:

Under separate cover we are sending you two recent SRC publications related to education; "Black Belt Schools"and "School Desegregation September 1965"; also several items about the Council itself.

Thank you for the information about your work. We look forward to receiving the materials and to reading them.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Enc.

Pd per 98

January 18, 1966

Mr. James C. Brewer
732 Yale Avenue
Swarthmore, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Brewer:

We are sending you under separate cover a copy of Southern Justice. Please consider this letter your bill for 30¢.

Should you wish to be added to our mailing list, we have a special category receiving all of our publications at the cost of $5.00 per year. Please advise and you will be placed on our mailing list immediately.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

J Smith

Rec'd 11/8/65

To: Mr. Ed Lewis

732 Yale Avenue
Swarthmore, Pa.
November 4, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

I would appreciate it if I could be added to your mailing list. If it is necessary to become a member, will you send me the proper forms?

I am particularly interested in the recent publication entitled "Southern Justice," and would appreciate your sending it to me at my home address.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Jim Brewer

James C. Brewer

JCB:h

Please ret. to files

February 4, 1966

Mr. Clark Gable Ward
Attorney at Law
5303 Lyons Avenue
Houston, Texas 77020

Dear Mr. Ward:

The copies of our report, Southern Justice, are being sent to the persons listed in your letter with the notation that this is done at your request.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

CLARK GABLE WARD
ATTORNEY AT LAW
5303 LYONS AVENUE
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77020
ORchard ~~X X X X~~
4-8465
RESIDENCE
HILLCREST 7-5577

Rec'd 1/31/66

January 27, 1966

The Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Re: Southern Justice:
On Indictment

Dear Sir:

Reference is herewith made to the above publication which I have read several times. I am wondering if you would be kind enough to send a copy to each of the persons listed below who are Judges of General Jurisdiction here.

If any charge is involved please bill me at my office. Also you may indicate that the publications are being made available courtesy of the committee on education, Department of Christian Social Relations, Episcopal Diocese of Texas, of which I am chairman.

Thanking you in advance I am

Sincerely,

Clarke G. Ward

Clarke Gable Ward
CGW:lll

Hon. Lewis Dickson
Hon. Miron Love
Hon. E. B. Duggan
Hon. Wendell Adom
Hon. Jack Smith
Hon. C. W. Mills
Hon. Arthur C. Lesher
Hon. Ben Morehead
Hon. W. Sears McGee
Hon. Ben F. Wilson
Hon. Byron Johnson
Hon. Bert H. Tunks
Hon. Phil Peden
Hon. Arnold Krichamer
Hon. Fred Holy
Hon. Sam Davis
Hon. Bill Elliot
Hon. W. A. Bill Hatten
Hon. Ben C. Woodhall
Hon. William M. Holland
Hon. Thomas J. Stovall, Jr.
Hon. George Cire
Hon. John L. Compton
Hon. Wilmer B. Hunt

The attached is being sent to you at the request of Mr. Claud Sable Ward, chairman, Committee on education of the dept of christian social relations, Episcopal Diocese of Georgia.

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St., N.W.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

See Request for Publications

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT

Baldinger, Mrs. Mary Alice
Nat'l. Civil Liberties Clearing House

REGARDING

Request for 75 copies of NOVEMBER NEW SOUTH, "Violence" for distribution

DATE
February 4, 1966

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT

National Civil Liberties Clearing House

February 15, 1966

Mr. Robert Thornley Stump
Box 495
Juniata College
Huntingdon, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Stump:

Under separate cover we are sending you one copy each of Transition Without Tragedy and Southern Justice.

Transition Without Tragedy is somewhat out of date but it does still have sound information in it. Additional copies of both of these publications are available if you have need of them.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

PA ?

2-14-66

Robert T. Stump
Box 495
Juniata College
Huntingdon, Pa.
February 11, 1966

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street North West
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Recently, while I was helping with voter registration work in Selma, I happened to discover a manual which you have prepared entitled: Transition Without Tragedy. In the short time I had to look through this work I was very impressed with the presentation and was struck, simultaniously with a realization that this information would be useful in other fields of public education as well as in promoting an understanding of the nature of prejudice in the Southern community. Is there any way I might be able to obtain a copy of Transition Without Tragedy to use here in my work? I would appreciate having this available to myself and other members of the college in their work in the community.

My interest also focused upon another booklet of yours, Southern Justice: An Indictment. Might I also be able to acquire a copy of this straightforward statement?

With gratitude,

Robert Thornley Stump

Robert Thornley Stump

Rec'd 2/24/66

Est send without bill

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY EAST LANSING • MICHIGAN 48823

THE LIBRARY

February 22, 1966

Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Alanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Would it be possible for me to have a copy of the following publications for the reference collections at Michigan State University Library?

1. Chattanooga: The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South.
2. Houston: The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South.
3. Muse, Benjamin. Memphis.
4. A Study of Negro Farmers in South Carolina.
5. Watters, Pat. Brunswick.
6. Marland, J. Kenneth. Token Desegregation and Beyond.
7. Law Enforcement in Mississippi.
8. Mase, Benjamin. Louisville.
9. Watters, Pat. Charlotte.
10. Atlanta: The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South.
11. Henderson, Vivian W. Economic Status of Negroes : in the Nation and in the South.
12. Patterson, Barbara. The Price We Pay.
13. Coles, Robert. Desegregation of Southern Schools: A Psychiatric Study.

If there is a charge for these publications, will you please let me know so that an order may be sent in advance of shipment? Please address materials to me as below.

Thank you so much for this help. With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Esther Loughin

Esther Loughin
Reference Dept, Michigan State University Library, East Lansing, Michigan

file
request for SRC publications

March 8, 1966

Mr. Mike Coleman and Miss Ele Chassy, Inspectors
Office of Economic Opportunity
Fourth Floor
Lowich Building
Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Mr. Coleman and Miss Chassy:

Under separate cover I am mailing a copy of the map you requested, copies of other publications, a list of recent publications, and information about the quarterly, New South.

Your name has been placed on our publications list

Sincerely,

Glenda Bartlby
Research

1-A
JB

Mailed separately:
Population map
Encounter with the Future
Employment Study of Houston
The Migrant Farmer
Neighborhood Stabilization
A City Slum--Poor People and Problems
Publications list

MEMO TO ED LEWIS
FROM GLENDA BARTLEY

Paul says put these folk on the inter-agency mailing list No charge

VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT

The Voter Education Project of SRC plans to administer a three year project in citizenship participation. The project's goal is to bring persons previously allienated from the political process -- primarily Negro Southerners -- more fully into the political life of their communities. It is hoped this will be accomplished through three basic programs -- voter registration, citizenship education, and leadership training.

Specifically, one approach to leadership training calls for scholarships to college students to allow them time to work in citizenship education and voter registration. Through state-wide, intra-state regional and regional meetings we plan to conduct leadership training conferences for grass-roots leaders, both acknowledged and potential. There are plans to utilize southern campuses for workshops and to mount voter education materials on private and federal betterment efforts where feasible. Our research effort will document techniques, develop needed materials, encourage effective reportage by participants, and interpret events through frequent publications.

We have assurances of cooperation in implementing these programs, from the five major civil rights agencies and expressions of serious interest from many local organizations. Since grants of funds and personnel assignments will be arranged directly with these groups, we require only a core of staff -- project director, secretary, fiscal officer, research aide, and for the foreseeable future, a field director. Resources which cut across special interest boundaries are provided the project by an Advisory Committee, which held its first meeting December 30, 1965.

file - ~~SRC~~ (Requests for SRC publications)

John Hope

U.S. Office of Education -

7th & Jefferson Dr. S.W.

20202

1. Inter-agency list
2. 18 population distribution map
3. 1 copy press release of new guidelines.

Sent 3/14/66.
MY

Free
Requests for Sec. Jules + Materials

March 17, 1966

Mr. George Engstrom
Assistant Chief
Program Development Branch
Division of Social Services
Children's Bureau
Department of Health, Education and Welfare
Washington, D. C. 20201

Dear Mr. Engstrom: RE: 12:SS

In reply to your letter of March 10, 1966, I am pleased to have sent to you, under separate cover, twelve copies of Coles', The Migrant Farmer. There is no charge for these.

If we may be of any further assistance to you, please let us hear from you.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ

MEMORANDUM March 17, 1966

To: BBCook

From: MMJohnson

Bernice,

Please ~~pass~~ package up 12 copies of Coles' **THE MIGRANT FARMER** and send to Mr. Engstrom, Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, Washington. (Label attached)

thanx, mmj

MJ - please send

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
WELFARE ADMINISTRATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

CHILDREN'S BUREAU

March 10, 1966

In reply refer to
12:SS

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I have read with great interest The Migrant Life, by Dr. Robert Coles, Consultant, Southern Regional Council. I would like to share this material with other staff members and, if possible, would appreciate you sending me twelve copies.

If there is a charge for this service, kindly let me know in advance.

Sincerely yours,

George Engstrom

George Engstrom, Assistant Chief
Program Development Branch
Division of Social Services

File "Requests for Sec Publications"

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT

NEW SOUTH subscriptions (28 plus 3 complimentary subs)

REGARDING

DATE

March 23, 1966 memo from PA to Janet Smith and March 16 ltr. from Oscar Cohen, ADL, New York

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT

Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith - Oscar Cohen

March 7, 1966

Mr. Paul M. Debusman
Order Librarian
Southern Baptist Theological Seminary
2825 Lexington Road
Louisville, Kentucky 40206

Dear Mr. Debusman:

I have been asked by the Trevor Arnett Library at Atlanta University to fill your request for a copy of Dr. B. R. Brazeal's, Studies of Negro Voting in 8 Counties in Georgia and 1 in South Carolina. I am pleased to send these to you, enclosed.

Dr. Brazeal's studies were the basis of two of our subsequent studies on Negro voting: The Negro Voter in the South and The Negro and the Ballot, both by Mrs. M. Price. I am sending a copy of each in the hope that they may be useful to you.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ
Enclosures - 3.

cc: Mrs. Bessie Briscoe

file -
Requests for
Src publications
Cy. of Henderson study

March 24, 1966

Mrs. Joan F. Smith
Texas Woman's University
Department of Sociology
Denton, Texas 76204

Dear Mrs. Smith:

Under separate cover we are sending you a copy of Dr. Henderson's study. Additional copies are available if you have need of them. The cost would depend on the number ordered, but we are very flexible about these matters, since the object is to get the material in circulation.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Separate Mailing - Henderson's Economic Status
Winter 1966 New South w/flyer

COPY

Office of The President
CLARK COLLEGE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30314

March 22, 1966

Mrs. Joan F. Smith
Texas Woman's University
Department of Sociology
Denton, Texas 76204

Dear Mrs. Smith:

I am forwarding your letter of March 19 to Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director of the Southern Regional Council, with the request that he respond to it.

Sincerely yours,

Vivian W. Henderson
President

VWH:sm

TEXAS WOMAN'S UNIVERSITY

DENTON, TEXAS 76204

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

RECEIVED
MAR 21 1966
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE

March 19, 1966

Miss Vivian W. Henderson
Fisk University
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Miss Henderson:

I recently read the abstract from The Economic Status of Negroes: In the Nation and In the South which was included in Poverty and Human Resources Abstracts, Vol. 1, No. 1., 1966. This sounds like exactly the kind of materials I need in preparing lectures for a course in minority group relations which I shall be teaching this summer. If you could inform me as to how I could purchase a copy of pamphlet #3 in the "Toward Regional Realism" Series, I would be much obliged.

Thank you for your coöperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Joan Smith

Joan F. Smith (Mrs.)

File
Requests for SRC publications
Cr. rep - Slum report
Ulmer's - Neighborhood
Smith - Slum legislation

March 24, 1966

Mrs. Penelope L. Wright
National Association of Intergroup
Relations Officials
2027 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Penny:

We are delighted to send you, under separate cover, six (6) copies each of our last two special reports. No charge.

For general circulation each report costs .30 per copy or .20 in bulk. Perhaps when next we are together we can work out something on sending all these materials to NAIRO.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

MEMORANDUM March 24, 1966

To: BCCook

From: MMJohnson

Bernice,

Please package up and send 6 copies each of Al Ulmer's Slum report and Moreland Smith's Neighborhood Stabilization report to Mrs. Penelope L. Wright, NAIRO (label attached)

thanx, mmj

NAIRO

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF INTERGROUP RELATIONS OFFICIALS
2027 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N.W. ● WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036 ● 387-7050
JOHN HOPE II, PRESIDENT FREDERICK B. ROUTH, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MARCH 22, 1966

MR. PAUL ANTHONY, EXEC. DIR.
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
5 FORSYTH ST., N.W.
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

DEAR PAUL:

SRC'S SPECIAL REPORTS "A CITY SLUM - POOR PEOPLE AND PROBLEMS", AND "NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION: A PROGRAM" CAME IN THE MAIL TODAY.

I AM TREMENDOUSLY IMPRESSED WITH THEM AND WOULD LIKE VERY MUCH TO HAVE SIX COPIES OF EACH IF POSSIBLE. I WOULD BE VERY GLAD TO PAY FOR THEM AS I WANT THEM FOR MY PERSONAL USE. A COUPLE OF PEOPLE IN THE OFFICE TODAY HAVE ALREADY TAKEN A LOOK AT THE REPORTS AND HAVE ASKED IF THEY ARE FOR SALE. COULD SOMEONE LET ME KNOW PLEASE. THANKS.

GIVE MY LOVE TO MY BROTHER THE NEXT TIME YOU HAVE DINNER WITH HIM. (EDWARD LADD IN CASE YOU HAD FORGOTTEN)!

CORDIALLY,

Penny

(MRS.) PENELOPE L. WRIGHT

30
30

PRESIDENT
JOHN HOPE II
U.S. OFFICE OF EDUCATION
WASHINGTON, D.C.

PRESIDENT ELECT
JOHN A. BUGGS
L.A. COUNTY COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS

VICE PRESIDENTS
ARTHUR LEVIN
THE POTOMAC INSTITUTE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

MRS. CHARLOTTE MEACHAM
AMERICAN FRIENDS SERVICE COMMITTEE
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

TREASURER
PAUL M. RILLING
COMMISSIONERS' COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
WASHINGTON, D.C.

SECRETARY
DR. ABRAHAM F. CITRON
JEWISH COMMUNITY RELATIONS COMMITTEE
CINCINNATI, OHIO

GENERAL COUNSEL
JOSEPH B. ROBISON
AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ALEXANDER J. ALLEN
NEW YORK URBAN LEAGUE
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DR. HELEN E. AMERMAN
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF L.A.
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

PAUL ANTHONY
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

CLARENCE D. COLEMAN
NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

GEORGE CULBERSON
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

DAVID DANZIG
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

LLOYD DAVIS
HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C.

JOHN G. FEILD
U.S. CONFERENCE OF MAYORS
WASHINGTON, D.C.

IRVING GOLDABER
N.Y.C. COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

PHILIP HAYASAKA
SEATTLE HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

EDWARD MARCINIAK
CHICAGO COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

JOSEPH MONSERRAT
PUERTO RICO LABOR DEPARTMENT
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

JOHN McKNIGHT
U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

EDWARD RUTLEDGE
NAT'L COMMITTEE AGAINST DISCRIMINATION IN HOUSING
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

GEORGE SCHERMER
SCHERMER ASSOCIATES
WASHINGTON, D.C.

DONALD S. SLAIMAN
AFL-CIO
WASHINGTON, D.C.

A. MACEO SMITH
FHA
DALLAS, TEXAS

MRS. MURIEL SNOWDEN
FREEDOM HOUSE
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

WYATT T. WALKER
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

(CHAPTER CHAIRMEN ARE EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS OF THE BOARD)

NAIRO REGIONAL CHAIRMEN

SOUTHERN REGION
IRWIN SCHULMAN
ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

NORTH-EAST REGION
THERON JOHNSON
N.Y. STATE EDUCATION DEPT.
ALBANY, NEW YORK

NORTH CENTRAL REGION
MRS. VIOLA M. KANATZ
MINNESOTA SCAD
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

NORTH-WEST REGION
MRS. EMILY OSTAPCHUK
VANCOUVER CIVIC UNITY ASSOCIATION
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA

SOUTH-WEST REGION
FRANK J. MAGRATH
NCCJ
PHOENIX, ARIZONA

MIDDLE-ATLANTIC REGION
EDWARD L. HOLMGREN
BALTIMORE NEIGHBORS, INC.
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

GREAT LAKES REGION
ABRAHAM F. CITRON
JEWISH COMMUNITY RELATIONS COMMITTEE
CINCINNATI, OHIO

MIDDLE SOUTH REGION
HOWARD W. McKINNEY
WEST VA. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION
CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

PENNSYLVANIA REGION
ARTHUR J. EDMUNDS
PITTSBURGH URBAN LEAGUE
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

CENTRAL REGION
PETER G. ROBERTSON
MISSOURI COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS
JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI

NAIRO CHAPTER CHAIRMEN

ATLANTA
MRS. RUBY HURLEY
NAACP
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA CHAPTER

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CHAPTER
CHARLES POSNER
JEWISH FEDERATION — COUNCIL
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

CHICAGO CHAPTER
MRS. CONNIE SEALS
CHICAGO URBAN LEAGUE
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CLEVELAND CHAPTER
JOEL OLLANDER
AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE
CLEVELAND, OHIO

CONNECTICUT CHAPTER
BENJAMIN N. LEVY
NEW HAVEN JEWISH COMMUNITY COUNCIL
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

DETROIT AND MICHIGAN CHAPTER
DAVID C. COWLEY
HUMAN RELATIONS COMMISSION
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN

KENTUCKY CHAPTER
ARTHUR P. EVANS, JR.
LOUISVILLE HUMAN RELATIONS COMMISSION
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

MASSACHUSETTS CHAPTER
MRS. MURIEL SNOWDEN
FREEDOM HOUSE
ROXBURY, MASSACHUSETTS

MID-CENTRAL
TODD PAVELA
KANSAS CITY COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS
KANSAS CITY, KANSAS

MINNEAPOLIS-ST. PAUL CHAPTER
JAY P. LARSEN
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

NEW YORK CITY CHAPTER
MISS FRANCES LEVENSON
RENT AND REHABILITATION
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

PHILADELPHIA CHAPTER
R. DEAN SHORT
PHILADELPHIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

PITTSBURGH CHAPTER
W. STUART SHANNONHOUSE
PENNSYLVANIA HUMAN RELATIONS COMMISSION
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

ST. LOUIS CHAPTER
DR. THEO SHEA
ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

SOUTHWEST
ROBERT J. COATES
OHIO CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION
CINCINNATI, OHIO

WASHINGTON, D.C.
MERLIN A. MYERS
HEW
WASHINGTON, D.C.

M E M O R A N D U M

March 28, 1966

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Ed Lewis

Please mail 7 copies of the following to: Catherine Skroranski, 113 Greenwood Drive, Babylon, L.I., New York:

"School Desegregation: Old Problems Under a New Law"

Label is attached.

March 21, 1966

Southern Regional Conference
5 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen: → RE: AS MENTIONED IN MARCH "AMERICAN FEDERATIONIST"

Please send ONE copy of "SCHOOL

[redacted]

1) MRS. SHIRLEY ALEXANDER, CONSULTANT
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION – ROOM 101
34 STUYVESANT STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10003

2) IRENE FERGUSON, ED.D.
1173 GRAND CONCOURSE
BRONX, N.Y. 10051

3) MATILDA LANG, PH.D.
HIGHBRIDGE P.O. BOX 129
BRONX, N.Y. 10052

4) LORRAINE RECHILL, PH.D.
1910 PELHAM PARKWAY S.
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10061

5) P.J. POLLACK, PH.D.
55-05 WOODSIDE AVE.
QUEENS (77) N.Y.

6) MRS. EDITH POVEROMO
50 HILDRETH AVE.
YONKERS, N.Y. 10704

7) CATHERINE SKRORANSKI
113 GREENWOOD DRIVE
BABYLON, L.I., N.Y.

Thank you!

– CS

Paid
per
98

March 28, 1966

Mr. D'Army Bailey
22 Ward Street
New Haven, Conn.

Dear Mr. Bailey:

Southern Justice, 200 copies, and Racial Discrimination, 42 copies, have been sent to you today via Trailways bus. It will be waiting for you at the New Haven Trailways Terminal on Tuesday, March 29.

We no longer have more than the 42 copies of Racial Discrimination, and as it was printed in 1960 we do not anticipate re-issuing.

This will serve as our bill for $31.00 covering the cost of the merchandise shipped.

Sincerely yours,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

cc: Janet Smith

Memo from **MONTEZ G. ALBRIGHT**

Must be there by August

Bill him $50.00 $3.00

Mr. D'ARMY

BAILEY

22 WARD ST.

New Haven, Conn

~~[illegible]~~ Trailwaft

~~Air Mail~~ Bill

Trailway Express Tues

Postage AC 2V

42 Racial Dixie

200 Southern Justice

Railways

523 — 2747

$\frac{26}{33}$ = 6.60 – 50 to 60
59 7.50 – 60-70

7:45 a.m.
5:30 – p.m.

March 28, 1966

Mr. Charles Morgan, Director
American Civil Liberties Union
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., 2nd Floor
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Chuck:

The cost of shipping the phamplets to Mr. Bailey in New Haven came to $6.46.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

J Smith

9-8-66
RP copy

Separate mailing:

January 1964 NEW SOUTH
SRC Promotion Leaflet
1965 Annual Report

March 28, 1966

Miss Mary Denhoff
Box 40 E. Legg Road
Kingston, Michigan 48741

Dear Miss Denhoff:

Under separate cover we are sending you materials about the Southern Regional Council. Thanks for your interest.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Rec'd 3/28/66

March 22, 1966

Dear Sir:

I am a Senior at Kingston Community High School. For my College Prepatory and Sociology Classes I am doing a term paper on organizations that help race relations.

I am interested in the Southern Regional Council (SRC) and would appreciate it if you would send me any information on it.

Also if you have any publications would you please send a copy. Thank You.

Sincerely Yours,
Mary Denhoff
Mary Denhoff

Mary Denhoff
Box 40 E.Legg Rd.
Kingston, Michigan
48741

separate mailing: 3 copies: "A City Slum..."
1 copy: "Neighborhood Stabilization"

March 28, 1966

Mr. Charles T. Steele
Executive Director
Louisville Urban League
209 W. Market Street
Louisville, Kentucky 40202

Dear Charlie:

The requested materials are being sent to you separately. I don't know why you aren't getting our publications routinely, but this will be corrected.

Warmest best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Rec'd 3/28/66

c-2 S.K.

Louisville Urban League

AN INTERRACIAL AGENCY FOR SOCIAL SERVICE

209 W. Market St. * Louisville, Kentucky 40202 * Telephone: 583-4835

CHARLES T. STEELE
Executive Director

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
LOUISVILLE URBAN LEAGUE

Harry Lewman
Chairman

Philip M. Lanier
1st Vice-Chairman

J. E. Smith
2nd Vice-Chairman

Mrs. Mae Street-Kidd
Secretary

Mrs. Elsie Ahrens Lang
Treasurer

Judge Thomas A. Ballantine, Jr.
Richard V. Beliles
Dr. J. B. Bell
L. M. Benn
Joseph Burrell
William O. Cowger
Dale R. Detlefs
Lt. A. Wilson Edwards
Howard M. Fitch
Dr. J. A. Gay
J. E. Hankins
H. A. Hansen
Arthur S. Kling
Eugene Land
Father John T. Loftus
Mrs. Carrie A. McDonald
Mrs. Ruth C. Morris
Dr. C. H. Parrish, Jr.
Richard Renneisen
Albert F. Reutlinger
James Rosenblum
Miss Dorcas Ruthenburg
D. A. Sachs, III
Rev. F. G. Sampson
Mayor Kenneth Schmied
Mrs. Lucy Byck Shapero
Mrs. Clarence E. Sitler
Mrs. Carrie F. Smythe
Robert L. Stein
Mrs. Raymond Tarbis
F. W. Woolsey

March 25, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Paul:

Congratulations on the expansion and very commendable job that the Southern Regional Council is doing under your guidance. I am quite happy to know that the Council is such an on-going organization as it is now.

I am writing to ask if you would send me three (3) copies each of the following reports:

(1) Special Report on "A City Slum-Poor People and Problems"
(2) Special Report on "Neighborhood Stabilization" – 12

I formerly was on the Southern Regional Council's mailing list and I have not received these copies. They were bought to my attention by Dr. Parrish.

Thank you for doing this for me and my best wishes for your future success.

Sincerely yours,

Charlie

Charles T. Steele
Executive Director

CTS/lhf

Affiliated with the
NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE

18

MEMBER HEALTH AND WELFARE COUNCIL

MEMBER AGENCY LOUISVILLE COMMUNITY CHEST

file
Request for
Sta Publications

April 5, 1966

Miss Edith J. Barksdale
Program Assistant
Information Office
U. S.Commission on Civil Rights
Washington, D. C. 20425

Dear Miss Barksdale:

Complying with your request of April 1, I am enclosing a copy of our special report, Southern Justice: An Indictment. If we may be of any other assistance to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ
Enclosure - 1.

Rec'd 4/4/66

MJ - Send

UNITED STATES COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20425

April 1, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

I would appreciate receiving a copy of the Council's publication on jury discrimination and the administration of justice in the South.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Edith J. Barksdale

Edith J. Barksdale
Program Assistant
Information Office

File - Requests for Sec Materials, 1966

April 7, 1966

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Paul Anthony

Please send to Sister Marie the following:

Al Ulmer's two recent studies -
Vine City and Credit Ceops

Moreland Smith's study, if available.

The Annual Report of the Executive Director

Winter issue of NEW SOUTH
Include with this a subscription blank

Label is attached.

April 7, 1966

Sister Marie
Appalachian Study Center
4327 North Kenmore Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60613

Dear Sister Marie:

Thank you for your inquiry of March 29, and we will be happy to cooperate in any way possible.

The SRC study, "Your Community Looks at Itself", is a very old Council publication, and while we continue to have considerable interest in this field our approach has shifted somewhat.

Under separate cover I am sending you several of our recent publications which will indicate our interest and the type of resources we now have available.

Under our Community Organization project we are doing a considerable amount of work in this field, and if and when you receive funds for your program we would be happy to offer information, and should you deem it appropriate to have one of our staff persons, who has some experience in migration and the type of persons with whom you will be dealing, visit with you.

Please let us know if we can be of further help.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

APPALACHIAN STUDY CENTER

4327 NORTH KENMORE AVENUE • CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60613

TELEPHONE: 248-6527

March 29, 1966

(4)

Dear Sir;

I am writing to ask for some information about the Southern Regional Council. I have a book here titled " Your Community Looks at Itself" - a manual for the home town self-survey. This was put out by your office with an explination about the type assistance your group can give in self-surveys.

We would be anxious to have some contact with your research department for the purposes of sharing and exchanging some insights in this field. We are now seeking OEO funds for a research - action program that touches on migration from the South. Our area of operation is limited, but perhaps the program could be extended through other departments such as yours.

Sincerely yours,
Sister Marie
Sister Marie

GLENMARY HOME MISSION SISTERS

File Materials file Publications Requests

April 19, 1966

Mr. Jack A. Davis
Executive Secretary
Florida Council of Churches
100 Liberty Avenue
Orlando, Florida 32801

Dear Jack:

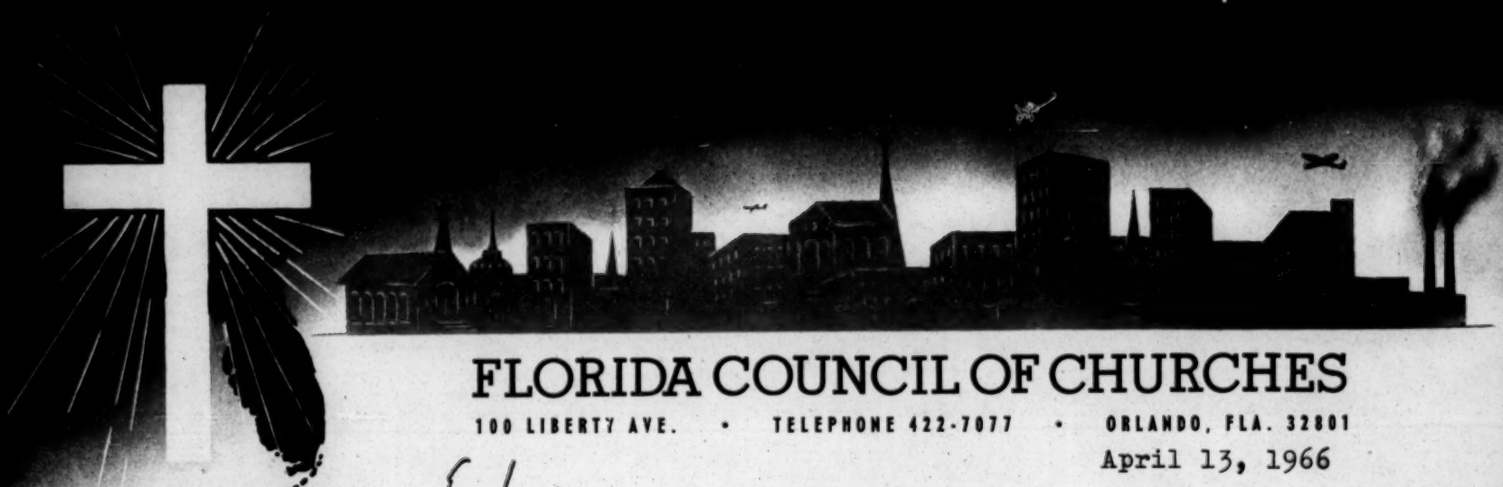
Thank you for your inquiry on NEW SOUTH.

Your May meeting looks like a good one and I wish you lots of luck with it.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis
Executive Assistant

EL/km



FLORIDA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

100 LIBERTY AVE. • TELEPHONE 422-7077 • ORLANDO, FLA. 32801

ORGANIZED 1947 - President
THE VERY REV. ROBERT R. PARKS
Jacksonville, Florida

First Vice-President
THE REV. WALTER WHITE
Tampa, Florida

Second Vice-President
MRS. CHRIS MATHESON
Gainesville, Florida

Third Vice-President
MR. SAM LAWDER
Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

Secretary
THE REV. B. HARRISON TAYLOR
Orlando, Florida

Treasurer
MR. CHARLES C. COLLEY, JR.
Orlando, Florida

Immediate Past-President
THE REV. RICKARD K. WIGGINS
Bradenton, Florida

Christian Education
THE REV. T. ALBERT LAWRENCE
Avon Park, Florida

Christian Social Relations
THE REV. J. STUART DICKSON
St. Petersburg, Florida

Church Planning and Strategy
THE REV. ROYALL A. YOUNT
Tampa, Florida

Evangelism
THE REV. TROY BRADY
Bradenton, Florida

Finance
THE REV. BRUCE GANNAWAY
Ocala, Florida

Christian Migrant Ministry
THE RT. REV. W. L. HARGRAVE
St. Petersburg, Florida

Director
THE REV. BEN FRATICELLI
Orlando, Florida

Radio and Television Chairman
THE REV. ROBERT LIBBY
Jacksonville, Florida

Director
MR. SAM LAWDER
Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

April 13, 1966

E.L.

NEW SOUTH
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Ga., 30303

Gentlemen:

We are enclosing a copy of the program for our Seminar on Religion and Race to be held at Bethune-Cookman College, Daytona Beach, Florida, May 3-4, 1966.

We would very much like to obtain 100 copies of the 1966 Winter edition promotional flier for the NEW SOUTH (sample enclosed) to be distributed at this conference. We hope that you will be able to supply these for this purpose.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

Jack A. Davis
a.D.

Executive Secretary

JAD/j
encl

E.S.

COMMUNITY Magazine * 4233 South Indiana * Chicago, Ill. 60653 (CA4-7700)

Enclosed is $_____ for gift subscriptions listed below

and $_____ for subscriptions to key High School Libraries and College Student Centers.

1 year...$2.00 (11 issues) | 2 years...$4.00 (22 issues) | 3 years...$6.00 (33 issues)

NAME:
Address
Zipcode:

Renewal? ☐ for ____ years

(If you want gift notice, check one: ☐ send to me ☐ send to recipient)

NAME:
Address:
Zipcode:

Renewal? ☐ for ____ years

(If you want gift notice, check one: ☐ send to me ☐ send to recipient)

NAME:
Address:
Zipcode:

Renewal? ☐ for ____ years

(If you want gift notice, check one: ☐ SEND TO ME ☐ send to recipient)

NAME:
Address:
Zipcode:

Renewal? ☐ for ____ years

(If you want gift notice, check one: ☐ send to me ☐ send to recipient)

NAME:
Address:
Zipcode:

Renewal? ☐ for ____ years

(If you want gift notice, check one: ☐ send to me ☐ send to recipient)

NAME:
Address:
Zipcode:

Renewal? ☐ for ____ years

(If you want gift notice, check one: ☐ sent to me ☐ send to recipient)

Your own renewal for ____ years

(USE OTHER SIDE FOR ADDITIONAL NAMES)

COMMUNITY
4233 South Indiana Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60653

non-profit org.
U.S. Postage
PAID
Permit #4493
Chicago, Ill.

EDITOR, NEW SOUTH
RM. 201 - 5 FORSYTH NW
ATLANTA 3 GEORGIA 30303

COMMUNITY

Spring, 1966

Dear reader,

We need your help!

Although COMMUNITY's list of subscribers has steadily increased, we know that a large number interested in integration are not receiving our publication. Events in Watts and Hayneville should make all of us--readers and editors alike--increase our efforts.

We long for a fully integrated world, beyond the hesitant tokenism appearing here and there. We feel that COMMUNITY, reaching more people in more areas in more situations, will aid this program. We want to convey what needs to be done and what is already on the move to both the concerned and the unconcerned.

We need your help...we need new subscribers. A gift subscription from each of you will help us achieve our goal of reaching more people and, at the same time, aid COMMUNITY's financial problems.

Some suggestions for your gift list:

a fellow employee, a doctor,
your pastor, a library,
a student away from home,
your brother or sister,

a friend or neighbor of different religion,
a priest, a nun, a brother,
a Jewish rabbi, a Protestant minister,
the grandparents,

and also, why not? the druggist, the janitor,
the service station attendant,
the postman...

...but if you cannot think of anyone just now, PLEASE SEND YOUR CONTRIBUTION ANYHOW. This is our 25th anniversary year, and we want to give an introductory school year subscription to certain key High School Libraries and College Student Centers.

We are waiting for your generous response. Thank you for it.

Cordially yours,

Mary Dolan

4233 SOUTH INDIANA AVENUE · CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60653 · OAKLAND 4-7700

Name
Address
Zip Code

FIRST CLASS
Permit No. 42866
CHICAGO, ILL.

BUSINESS REPLY MAIL
No postage stamp necessary if mailed in the United States

7c postage will be paid by

COMMUNITY

4233 SOUTH INDIANA AVENUE

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60653

9M-A

please return
j smith

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20523

VPA -
Please pass on to MJ for commentation file

April 20, 1966

Southern Regional Council
52 Fairlie Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Gentlemen:

We would like a copy of the Council's report supporting the development of cooperatives and credit unions, but warning against dangers of uneconomic ventures and the dangers of failure unless they are "large in size and scope."

The same problems confront people helping to organize cooperatives in the developing countries.

Please send the report to:

Gordon Roth
Department of State
Agency for International Development
Room C-628
1711 New York Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C.

Sincerely yours,

Gordon Roth

Gordon Roth
International Cooperative Development Service

File: Request for Sra pubs & materials

April 20, 1966

Mr. Richard L. McDowell
Assistant to the Dean of Student
Affairs
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Cambridge, Massachusetts, 02139

Dear Mr. McDowell:

I am sending you a badly marked-up copy of the 1964 Evaluation Report of the Southern Teaching Program; I apologize for this. As it turns out, our supply is completely exhausted except for this copy and one other which is our central file copy. If you do not necessarily need this copy for your files, and after you have made whatever use of it you wish, I would appreciate having it returned.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ
Enclosure - 1.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS 02139
OFFICE OF THE DEAN OF STUDENT AFFAIRS

13 APR 1966 PM

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street NW
Atlanta
Georgia

OFFICE OF THE DEAN
OF STUDENT AFFAIRS

CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS 02139

April 13, 1966

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of the 1964 Evaluation of the Southern Teaching Program. If it is not available from you, please forward this request to STP in New Haven.

I am requesting a copy of the 1965 evaluation directly from STP.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Richard L. McDowell
Assistant to the
Dean of Student Affairs

RLM:sgh

File - Requests for Src Materials Publications

April 29, 1966

Mr. Allen Baughman
Editor-in-Chief
Pendulum Books, Inc.
210 Simpson Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Baughman:

Enclosed is a copy of our Publications List from which you may choose the titles you wish sent to you. When you have made your selection, we'll be glad to furnish you with the materials.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ

May 7, 1966

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Ed Lewis

Please ship 200 copies of "The Continuing Crisis" to Mr. John P. Sisson, National Catholic Conference, 8017 Palm Street, New Orleans. Label attached.

File
Materials file
Requests

May 10, 1966

Mr. James Y. Holloway
Box 936 College Station
Berea College
Berea, Kentucky 40403

Dear Jim:

Under separate cover we are forwarding a copy of Dr. Coles' farm migrant study and are enclosing a copy of our publications list.

Barbara Patterson is no longer on our staff as her husband has been transferred to New York City.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

Enc.

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Ed Lewis

Please send a copy of Dr. Coles' "The Migrant Farmer" and a brochure on New South to Mr. James Y. Holloway, label attached.

BEREA COLLEGE • BEREA • KENTUCKY • 40403

JAMES Y. HOLLOWAY
BOX 936 COLLEGE STATION

May 4, 1966

Mrs. Barbara Patterson
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Barbara:

Would it be possible for you to send me a copy of Dr. Coles' recent study of farm migrants?

Way back, when I was co-chairman of the Macon Council of Human Relations, I used to get all SRC publications, but since I left Georgia, I guess I've been scratched, even though I was on the payroll this summer.

Is there anyway you can put me back on the mailing list? Is there a fee that I must pay?

Incidentally, is SRC doing an analysis of the Alabama election returns? I'd appreciate a note from you on this, for I'd very much like to study them. Thanks.

I hope all is well with you. Greetings to the staff, etc..

Kindest,

Jim

cc: E. Lewis
File
Materials file
Request for info

May 20, 1966

Mr. Richard Van Voorhis
Secretary for Publications
United Ministries in Higher Education
P. O. Box 7286
Saint Louis, Missouri 63177

Dear Mr. Van Voorhis:

Thank you for the kind words on our "Encounter With The Future." We would be happy to supply you with any amount you need at cost. They are available in 1,000 quantities at $550; 2,000 at $600; and 3,000 at $750. Please advise if you are still interested in ordering and allow approximately three weeks for reprinting.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

see actual prices on copy

Ed: Encounter with the Future prices from Tommie:

1000 -- $526.00

2000 -- $578.00

3000 -- ~~$714.00~~ $675.00

3500 -- ~~$759.00~~ 759.00

Bob

UNITED MINISTRIES IN HIGHER EDUCATION

Christian Churches (Disciples of Christ) / Evangelical United Brethren Church / Moravian Church in America, Northern Province / United Church of Christ / United Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A.

Post Office Box 7286, Saint Louis, Missouri 63177

May 12, 1966

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Friends:

I have just had put into my hands a copy of "Encounter With The Future" by Pat Watters, and find it a sterling piece of writing. I was surprised to see a May 1965 date on it, and why I had not seen it before.

I write to inquire what it might cost us to get 3,000 copies for possible distribution to college and university campus ministers and college and university chaplains this summer. I'd like this helpful piece to have wide distribution in our circles if the details can just be worked out.

I enclose a stamped and addressed envelope for your use in responding.

Sincerely,

Richard Van Voorhis

Richard Van Voorhis
Secretary for Publications

/rvv
Encl.

Free Requests for Sec Materials + Guidelines

May 17, 1966

Mrs. Mary Alice Baldinger
Executive Director
National Civil Liberties Clearing House
1637 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Mary Alice:

Under separate cover we are sending you the requested 75 copies of The Continuing Crisis... I trust they will reach you for your board meeting on May 26th.

I, too, am very sorry that I was unable at the last moment to attend your conference. I trust SRC can still be listed as an organization registered for that conference, since I had every intention of being there until the last minute.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

MEMORANDUM May 17, 1966

To: BCCook

From: MMJohnson

Bernice,

Would you please package up 75 copies of our new pamphlet THE CONTINUING CRISIS... and send up to Mary Alice Baldinger at Nat'l. Civil Liberties Clearing House. (Label attached)

thanx, mmj

National Civil Liberties Clearing House

(3)

1637 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N.W. • WASHINGTON, D. C. 20036 • DUPONT 7-6300

Advisory Board
FRANCIS BIDDLE, Chairman
ROGER N. BALDWIN
DOUGLAS M. BLACK
GRENVILLE CLARK
DR. ROBERT E. CUSHMAN
EMERSON GREENAWAY
SIDNEY HOLLANDER
WALTER P. REUTHER

•

Chairman
LAWRENCE SPEISER
(American Civil Liberties Union)

•

Vice Chairmen
CIVIL LIBERTIES
DAVID P. COHEN
(Americans for Democratic Action)

CIVIL RIGHTS
CLARENCE MITCHELL
(National Association for the Advancement of Colored People)

HUMAN RIGHTS
RABBI RICHARD G. HIRSCH
(Union of American Hebrew Congregations)

INTELLECTUAL FREEDOM
JAMES A. HAMILTON
(National Council of Churches)

•

Secretary
PEGGY ROACH
(National Council of Catholic Women)

Treasurer
JOHN J. SHEEHAN
(United Steelworkers of America, AFL-CIO)

•

Administrative Committee
DANIEL S. BEDELL
(United Automobile Workers, AFL-CIO)
DAVID A. BRODY
(Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith)
HAROLD C. FLEMING
(The Potomac Institute)
THOMAS E. HARRIS
(AFL-CIO)
ROBERT E. JONES
(Unitarian Universalist Association)
DR. RICHARD B. KENNAN
(National Education Association)
FLORENCE SCHOTT
(United Nations Association)
ALAN BARTH
BARRINGTON D. PARKER
JOSEPH L. RAUH, JR.

•

Counsel
EDGAR B. MAY

•

Executive Director
MARY ALICE BALDINGER

May 13, 1966

Mr. Paul Amthnny,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council,
5 Forsyth St., NW,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Paul:

Any chance of your being able to spare 75 copies of "The Continuing Crisis: An Assessment of New Racial Tensions in the South" for the Clearing House?

It got a terrific press here.

Our next meeting is May 26 so if you can let us have it, it would be nice if it could reach us by then. If this isn't possible, though, of course we could use it in June. But they're better when they're hot, don't you think?

I was awfully sorry that you missed our conference. It was a good one. It would have been a better one if you had been on hand.

Sincerely,

Mary Alice

Mary Alice Baldinger
Executive Director

See Requests for Sec Materials & Publications in Materials file

May 18, 1966

Mr. Sam S. Crutchfield, Jr.
Executive Director
Commonwealth of Virginia
Commission on Constitutional Government
605 Travelers Building
Richmond 19, Virginia

Dear Mr. Crutchfield:

We are enclosing the five copies of the "Continuing Crisis" which you requested and are including one copy of our Winter Issue of NEW SOUTH. On this initial order we will not bill the Commission, but are including our publications list and would hope that you will subscribe to our NEW SOUTH publication.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

Enc. 6

cc: Janet Smith

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

DAVID J. MAYS, CHAIRMAN
JAMES J. KILPATRICK, VICE-CHAIRMAN
MILLS E. GODWIN, JR., GOVERNOR
EX OFFICIO
E. ALMER AMES, JR.
LESLIE D. CAMPBELL, JR.
M. McHALE COLLINS
W. C. DANIEL

COMMISSION ON CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT
605 TRAVELERS BUILDING
RICHMOND 19, VIRGINIA

JOHN DOS PASSOS
J. SEGAR GRAVATT
FREDERICK T. GRAY
GARNETT S. MOORE
WILLIAM T. MUSE
W. ROY SMITH
W. CARRINGTON THOMPSON
HUGH V. WHITE, JR.
WILLIAM L. WINSTON

SAM S. CRUTCHFIELD, JR.
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
MAY GEE, SECRETARY

May 13, 1966

The Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Gentlemen:

Please send me five copies of your report entitled "The Continuing Crisis: An Assessment of New Racial Tensions in the South."

In addition, I would like two copies of the Winter, 1966, issue of NEW SOUTH.

Any costs may be billed to this Commission.

Sincerely,

Sam S. Crutchfield, Jr.

Sam S. Crutchfield, Jr.,
Executive Director

SSCJr/bms

Do not charge

File
Materials Sent
Requests for See
Materials"

May 26, 1966

Mr. J. Martin England
Associate Director
The Ministers and Missionaries Benefit Board
of the American Baptist Convention
475 Riverside Drive,
New York, New York 10027

Dear Mr. England:

In reply to your letter to Ed Stanfield, the "Continuing Crisis" is available to you in any quantities over ten at our cost price of 40¢ each. Please advise and we will forward them to you immediately.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

EEL

THE MINISTERS AND MISSIONARIES BENEFIT BOARD
of the
AMERICAN BAPTIST CONVENTION
475 Riverside Drive, New York, New York 10027

SOUTHERN REGIONAL OFFICE
Post Office Box 10201
Greenville, South Carolina 29603

May 23, 1966

The Reverend J. Ed Stanfield
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Ed,

I would like to have more copies of "The Continuing Crisis (an assessment of new racial tensions in the South) May 1966." Would you please quote the cost of 25 also 100 copies?

Your early reply will be greatly appreciated.

Cordially,

Martin

J. Martin England
Associate Director

File
Recd 6/6/66 Materials file "Requests"

8/2/4/1

EMBASSY OF SOUTH AFRICA
AMBASSADE VAN SUID-AFRIKA
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20008

1st June, 1966.

MJ — please send — no charge or comment

The Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Dear Sir,

I should be grateful if you would send me two copies of your recent report on "The Continuing Crisis: An Assessment of New Racial Tensions in the South".

Any charges involved will be refunded by the Embassy on receipt of your invoice.

Sent 6/6/66 MJ

Yours sincerely,

E H Sheeler

SECRETARY OF EMBASSY.

File
Materials file
Requests for
publications

cc J Smith

JUNE 7, 1966

Mr. John P. Sisson
National Catholic Conference
for Interracial Justice
8017 Palm Street
New Orleans, Louisiana 70125

Dear Jack:

We are forwarding, under separate cover, 200 copies of "The Continuing Crisis." Please consider this as your bill at our cost of 40¢ each, making the invoice $80.00 in all.

Should your budget be strained, you may pay any portion of it that you feel able.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

Southern Field Service

National Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice

8017 Palm Street • New Orleans, Louisiana 70125 • 482-5792

Director
John P. Sisson

Recd 6/6/66

June 3, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

Your new booklet, THE CONTINUING CRISIS: AN ASSESSMENT OF NEW RACIAL TENSIONS IN THE SOUTH, is excellent, and I am going to send it to all the Catholic bishops in the South and Southwest as well as to all our key contacts.

Please send me 200 copies as soon as possible.

Sincerely yours,

Jack Sisson
RV
John P. Sisson

bill but make clear
he can pay any part or none

(sent in dup. orig.)

Free Materials Free "Requests"

June 8, 1966

Mrs. A. F. Swearinger
President
Local Y. W. C. A. Board
Young Women's Christian Association
401 North Carancahua
Corpus Christi, Texas

Dear Mrs. Swearinger:

Please forgive me this long delay in answering your letter of May 2. Actually, it took quite a while to have the letter forwarded to me from the YW -- but certainly not this long.

Under separate cover we are sending you a copy of the spring issue of New South and enclosed is your bill for a one-year subscription. I am very sorry, but the winter issue in which the article, "Where Have All the Lovers gone?" is completely exhausted. If you feel it important enough, we will zerox a copy of this article and send it on to you, however.

If ever you are in Atlanta please come by and visit with us, and if we can be of any possible help to you please call on us.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

Young Women's Christian Association
401 NORTH CARANCAHUA
CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS

Rec'd 5/25/66

(8)

May 2, 1966.

Mr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia,

Dear Mr. Anthony:

I am very anxious to subscribe to the journal you referred to in your speech to the Southern Regional Conference of the Y.W.C.A. in Atlanta. I do not recall its title but I do recall an article you mentioned, "Where have all the Lovers Gone?" I am anxious to have a copy of this article.

Your speech was most helpful & provocative. In a city where my husband served as a member of the human relations Commission, one year served and enforced by City ordinance before the federal legislation, we are very interested in what you are doing.

I will look forward

Young Women's Christian Association
401 NORTH CARANCAHUA
CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS

to hearing from you as to cost of subscription and article -

Sincerely,

Mrs. A. F. Sweatmeyer, Pres.
local Y.W.C.A. board.

See Materials file "Requests"

National Sunday School Union,
Robert Denholm House,
NUTFIELD,
Redhill, Surrey.
9th June, 1966.

Southern Regional Council,
5, Forsyth Street,
N.W.
Atlanta,
Georgia.

Dear Sirs,

Thank you for your letter of the 27th May, and for the information contained therein, which is receiving attention.

Yours faithfully,

(Mrs) S.M. Todd

p.p. Editor.

Sender's name and address:

National Sunday School Union,
Robert Denholm House,
NUTFIELD,
Redhill,
Surrey.

AN AIR LETTER SHOULD NOT CONTAIN ANY ENCLOSURE; IF IT DOES IT WILL BE SURCHARGED OR SENT BY ORDINARY MAIL.

SECOND FOLD HERE

Southern Regional Council,
5, Forsyth Street, N.W.,
U.S.A.
Atlanta,
Georgia.

TO OPEN SLIT HERE

File Materials file "Request"

June 27, 1966

Miss Mary Alice Baldinger
National Civil Liberties Clearing House
1637 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Mary Alice:

Our supply of ENCOUNTER WITH THE FUTURE is exhausted. We may reissue an updated version late this summer. In the meantime, under separate cover we are sending two copies for your files.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

June 27, 1966

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Paul Anthony

Please send two copies of ENCOUNTER WITH THE FUTURE to Miss Mary Alice Baldinger, National Civil Liberties Clearing House. Label is attached.

PA/km

National Civil Liberties Clearing House

1637 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N.W. • WASHINGTON, D. C. 20036 • DUPONT 7-6300

Advisory Board
FRANCIS BIDDLE, Chairman
ROGER N. BALDWIN
DOUGLAS M. BLACK
GRENVILLE CLARK
DR. ROBERT E. CUSHMAN
EMERSON GREENAWAY
SIDNEY HOLLANDER
WALTER P. REUTHER

Chairman
LAWRENCE SPEISER
(American Civil Liberties Union)

Vice Chairmen
CIVIL LIBERTIES
DAVID P. COHEN
(Americans for Democratic Action)

CIVIL RIGHTS
CLARENCE MITCHELL
(National Association for the Advancement of Colored People)

HUMAN RIGHTS
RABBI RICHARD G. HIRSCH
(Union of American Hebrew Congregations)

INTELLECTUAL FREEDOM
JAMES A. HAMILTON
(National Council of Churches)

Secretary
PEGGY ROACH
(National Council of Catholic Women)

Treasurer
JOHN J. SHEEHAN
(United Steelworkers of America, AFL-CIO)

Administrative Committee
DANIEL S. BEDELL
(United Automobile Workers, AFL-CIO)
DAVID A. BRODY
(Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith)
HAROLD C. FLEMING
(The Potomac Institute)
THOMAS E. HARRIS
(AFL-CIO)
ROBERT E. JONES
(Unitarian Universalist Association)
DR. RICHARD B. KENNAN
(National Education Association)
FLORENCE SCHOTT
(United Nations Association)
ALAN BARTH
BARRINGTON D. PARKER
JOSEPH L. RAUH, JR.

Counsel
EDGAR B. MAY

Executive Director
MARY ALICE BALDINGER

June 24, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony,
Director,
Southern Regional Council,
5 Forsyth St., NW,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Paul:

If you've got any copies of Encounter with the Future left, could I please have two or three? I loaned out or last file copy months ago, and it's obviously gone forever.

Best wishes for a good summer,

Sincerely,

Mary Alice

Mary Alice Baldinger

See Materials Free Requests

July 1, 1966

Mrs. Catherine G. Welsh
Education Specialist
Equal Educational Opportunities Program
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare
Office of Education
Washington, D. C. 20202

Dear Mrs. Welsh:

The map which you refer to in your letter to Mr. Anthony sells for .25 single copies, .20 in bulk.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
OFFICE OF EDUCATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

Mr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

I would like to enquire about obtaining a map of the Southern U.S. you put out which shows percentages of racial population by state. I should like to order ten of these.

If there is a charge for these could you tell me what it is in advance of sending them so that we may requisition the amount.

Thank you for your help.

Sincerely,

Catherine G. Welsh

Mrs. Catherine G. Welsh
Education Specialist
Equal Educational Opportunities Program

File Materials file Requests

July 25, 1966

Mr. Herbert Morse
333 South Kensington
LaGrange, Illinois

Dear Mr. Morse:

We regret any delay that may have occurred in answering your inquiry and are enclosing some brochures which will give you an idea of our interest and work.

Sincerely yours,

Edwyn Lewis, Jr.
Executive Assistant

EL/km

Enclosures

64

Enc. (3)
brown & PC flier
New So Hist Soc
New New Sou Brochure

File - Materials Requests for 1966

VS - Smith.
MS - file

already on #7 request 8-1-66 jg

LIBRARY
THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE
KNOXVILLE 37916

July 27, 1966

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

On behalf of the University of Tennessee Library, I would like to express our appreciation for your cooperation in regard to our civil rights collection. We have received the large shipment of materials noted in your letter, and we shall look forward to additional materials in the future.

Thank you again for your prompt reply to our request.

Sincerely yours,

John Dobson

John Dobson, Librarian
Special Collections

JD/jg

File
Materials file
"Requests for info"

encls:
6-Month Report
Director's Report
Winter + Spring N.S.
Jan. 1964 N.S.
Henderson Study
Continuing Crisis

August 11, 1966

Mrs. Anita Curtis
Industrial Union Department
AFL-CIO Building
815 - 16th Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Curtis:

Under separate cover I'm sending you, as promised, a January 1964 NEW SOUTH, along with certain others of our publications which might be useful to your purposes.

I have passed along your message to Miss Browning of our staff.

Sincerely

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ

UNIVERSITY MICROFILMS, INC.
TELEPHONE: AREA 313-761-4700 CABLE ADDRESS: "MICROFILMS"
300 N. ZEEB ROAD ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48106

Rec'd 8/18/66
File — Materials File Requests

August 15, 1966

PWV
BA
MJ

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter of July 25 and the signed agreement giving us permission to reproduce, RACIAL CRISIS AND THE PRESS by Spearman, Walter and Meyer, Sylvan, 1960. We are pleased to be able to include this title in our Out-of-Print Books Program.

Thank you for your cooperation and assistance.

Sincerely yours,

May T. Suzuki

(Mrs.) May T. Suzuki
Supervisor,
Book Publications

MTS/bas

262-1611

5 —

faculty

desegr in MGM

100 in two high schools in MGM

Mobile school plan

Court order —

Board school boards

Wallace says 9 or 10 have signed

64 — HEW says 64

NAACP — in Montgomery

Tuskegee Civic Group

Free Materials free "Requests"

Enclosures:

SRC flyer
Winter, Spring issues of NEW SOUTH
The Continuing Crisis
September 1965: School Deseqrgation: Old Problems Under a New Law
Economic Status of Negroes: .....
The Price We Pay .....
If The Schools are Closed, Green-Gauerke

August 17, 1966

Dr. Sam Putnam
1241 North Decatur Road, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia 30306

Dear Dr. Putnam:

As you requested on the telephone, I am sending you several pieces of our literature which show the kinds of activities in which the Southern Regional Council is engaged. Unfortunately, we have published nothing that deals with health and medical services, but hopefully some attention will be given to this area in the not-too-distant future.

If we may be of further assistance to you, please feel free to call on us.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMJ
Enclosures

August 26, 1966

Mr. Nathan Greene
Coordinator for Internship Program
National Association of Intergroup
Relations Officials
2027 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Nate:

Under separate cover to your Philadelphia address, we are sending you the first two issues of the new quarterly, NEW SOUTH, and entering a complimentary subscription for a year.

After that we expect you to pay for it.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

August 26, 1966

MEMORANDUM TO

Janet Smith

from

Paul Anthony

Please send a copy of the Winter and Spring Issues of NEW SOUTH to Mr. Nate Greene at his Philadelphia address and enter a one-year complimentary subscription for him.

sent AFSC

write him
There for
have add.
carbon in my
file Janet

Priscilla

file
Mailing lists
(Materials file)

MEMORANDUM September 2, 1966

To: Janet Smith

From: MMJ

Janet,

According to a letter dated July 5, 1966 to Ed Lewis, The Rev. Powers McLeod has a new address -- please pu
pull his stencil and have a new one made for him as follows:

The Rev. Powers McLeod
District Superintendent
The Methodist Church
2252 Allendale Road
Montgomery, Alabama 36111

PA

September 6, 1966

Miss Diana Stephen, Secretary
Board of National Missions
The Presbyterian Church, U. S. A.
475 Riverside Drive
New York, New York

Dear Miss Stephen:

We have as of today forwarded one copy each of "The Effects of Federal Examiners and Organized Registration Campaigns on Negro Voter Registration," to the persons on the list that accompained your letter, dated September 1, 1966, to Mr. Paul Anthony.

There is no charge for this service.

Sincerely yours,

Marvin Wall
Director of Research
Voter Education Project

MW:nm

MW - please have Jane
& let her know
PA

BOARD OF NATIONAL MISSIONS

OF THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

475 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10027

September 1, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Mr. Little has received and read with interest your recent report entitled, "The Effects of Federal Examiners and Organized Registration Campaigns on Negro Voter Registration."

We would appreciate it very much if you would send one copy of this report to the persons on the attached list. If there is a charge for this service, please direct the bill to our office, attention of Mr. Little.

Thank you for your attention to this request.

Cordially yours,

Diana Stephen

Diana Stephen
Secretary to G. Daniel Little
Division of Church Strategy
and Development

d
att.

Please send a copy of "The Effects of Federal Examiners and Organized Registration Campaigns on Negro Voter Registration" to:

Mr. Howard Robie, Field Associate for the Southeast
Division of Church Strategy and Development
Suite 1418--First Federal Building
40 Marietta Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Rev. Charles Talley
Synod of Atlantic
1215 Market Street
Cheraw, South Carolina

Rev. John Ellis
Box 41
Keysville, Georgia

Rev. J. Herbert Nelson
Box 1574
State College
Orangeburg, South Carolina

Dr. Marion E. Mansell
Synod of the Mid-South
Box 120
Rockwood, Tennessee

Rev. Robert Muir
Synod of the Mid-South
3012 Crescent Circle, S.E.
Huntsville, Alabama

Rev. Herbert R. Pinkney
Synod of the Mid-South
2508 Shreeve Lane
Nashville, Tennessee

Rev. Elo Henderson
Synod of Catawba
Johnson C. Smith University
Charlotte, North Carolina

Rev. Robert Shirley
Synod of Catawba
Johnson C. Smith University
Charlotte, North Carolina

Rev. John D. Peterson
Grace United Presbyterian Church
1308 Fifth Street
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Rev. James Costen
Church of the Master
586 Lynn Valley Road, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

DS
9/1/66

Add to Jim Groop Wed mailing list

(+4)

File Materials file - Regards

September 11, 1966

Mr. Jacques E. Wilmore
Director
United State Commission on Civil Rights
Mid-South Field Office
167 North Main Street, Room 56
Memphis, Tennessee 31803

Dear Jacques:

Enclosed is the requested publication, "Neighborhood Stabilization: A Program". We will make every effort to see that you and your office are on our mailing list to receive all publications as they are released.

Under separate cover we are sending you a copy of the summer issue of the new quarterly, New South. While we cannot extend a complimentary subscription to this, I do hope the Mid-South Field Office will feel disposed to subscribe.

I do hope that we will have an opportunity to talk soon in Atlanta.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

(2)

UNITED STATES COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

MID-SOUTH FIELD OFFICE
167 North Main Street, Room 56
Memphis, Tennessee 38103
Telephone: (901) 534-3139

September 8, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear ~~Mr. Anthony:~~ Paul

It seems that I am constantly reading about publications of the Southern Regional Council which we have not seen. Would it be possible for this office to be placed on your mailing list to receive copies of all SRC reports and publications as soon as they are released?

In the meantime, would you please send me a copy of "Neighborhood Stabilization: A Program"?

I hope to get to Atlanta in the next few weeks and discuss with you closer liaison between this office and SRC.

Sincerely yours,

Jacques Wilmore

Jacques E. Wilmore
Director

Juice
Materials files
Requests

September 12, 1966

Mr. Charles N. Brickley
Assistant Director
The Putney School
Elm Lea Farm
Putney, Vermont

Dear Mr. Brickley:

I am enclosing two documents which I believe will best answer your inquiry concerning the Council's interest in programs to help alleviate the problems associated with poverty. They are the Director's Report for last year which outlines our new programs and plans for 1966 and a more recent six month's report to the members on the Council on how these programs are being developed.

If we can provide you with additional information, please let us know.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Enc. - 2

THE PUTNEY SCHOOL
ELM LEA FARM
PUTNEY, VERMONT

1

September 1, 1966

Southern Regional Council
S.Forsythe N.W.
Atlanta,Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I should appreciate very much receiving information on your program to help alleviate the problems associated with poverty.

Sincerely,

Charles N. Brickley

Charles N.Brickley
Assistant Director

Sept. 29, 1966

MEMORANDUM to Paul Anthony

From: Bernice Morrison, Research

Subject: Letter from Mrs. Tex Maragas about her thesis on the Negro

We suggest the following references for a comprehensive study on this subject -

The American Negro Reference Book, Edited by John P. Davis, May, 1966 by Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J.

The Negro in American Life, Jerome Dowd, Copyright 1926, The Century Company, New York and London. (We are attaching xeroxed copy of Chapter 1, "Background in Africa and America")

Bibliography of the Negro in Africa and America, Compiled by Monroe N. Work, The H. W. Wilson Company, 1928

A Glorious Age in Afica, by Daniel Chu and Elliott Skinner, Zenith Books (Paperback) Doubleday & Co., New York, 1965

Race Relations and American Law , by Jack Greenberg, Columbia University Press, 1962

Civil Rights Ordinances , by Charles S. Rhyne, National Institute of Municipal Law Officers, 839 17th St., N.W., Washington,6, D.C., 1964

Origins of the New South, 1877-1913,by C. Vann Woodward, Louisiana State University Press, 1951. (Note this is Volume IX in a Series, of which Volume VIII, by E. Merton Coulter gives a different slant on history. We also recommend the next listed book for a "Revisionist's View" on the Reconstruction Period.

Stampp, Kenneth M., The Era of Reconstruction, 1865-1877, Published by Alfred A. Knopf, New York, 1965

The Antislavery Impulse, by Gilbert H. Barnes, Ph.D., D. Appleton-Century Company, 35 W. 32nd St., New York City

Southern Politics, V. P. Key, Jr., Alfred A. Knopf, New York, 1949

The Political Economy of Slavery, Eugene Genovess, Pantheon Books, New York, 1965

The South Since 1865, John Samuel Ezell, McMillan Press, N.Y.,1963

The Strange Career of Jim Crow, C. Vann Woodward, 1954, Oxford Univ. Press, New York

(Cont. page 2)

The Negro in the United States, E. Franklin Frazier, The MacMillan Company, New York, 1949

From Race Riot to Sit-In: 1919 and the 1960s - A Study in the Connections between Conflict and Violence, Doubleday & Co., 1966, Garden City, New York

Black Religion , The Negro and Christianity in the United States, by Joseph R. Washington, Jr., Beacon Press, Boston, Mass., 1964

The Negro American, Daedalus, Fall 1965, Journal of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences

Ena.

File Materials file
Requests for Materials

October 3, 1966

Mr. Robert F. Greenwald
Community Relations Service
1314 Wood Street, Room 811
Dallas, Texas 75202

Dear Bob:

Enclosed is the material promised you on the telephone this morning.

If we can be of any further help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosures:
1965 Annual Report
6-months Report to Board
October 1966 Listing of State Councils

See Materials Free Requests

October 10, 1966

Mr. Robert S. Harrell
Assistant to the Chairman
The North Carolina Good Neighbor Council
P. O. Box 584
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Harrell:

We are pleased to supply the requested 25 copies of "The Economic Status of Negroes: In the Nation and the South" by Dr. Vivian W. Henderson. These are being sent to you under separate cover.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

October 10, 1966

MEMORANDUM

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Paul Anthony

Please ship 25 copies of "The Economic Status of Negroes: In the Nation and the South" by Dr. Vivian W. Henderson to Mr. Robert S. Harrell, Assistant to the Chairman, The North Carolina Good Neighbor Council, P. O. Box 584, Raleigh, North Carolina. Label is attached.

PA/km

Enc.

D. S. COLTRANE
Chairman

10/7/66

PEGGY P. DREW
Employment Services Representative

BETTY J. SANDFORD
Secretary

(11)

The North Carolina Good Neighbor Council

Post Office Box 584
Raleigh, N. C.

GOVERNOR DAN K. MOORE, Ex Officio Chairman

Wooten Building
120 North Boylan Ave.

JAMES T. TAYLOR—Vice-Chairman
Durham

JOHN R. LARKINS—Recording Secretary
Raleigh

October 6, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 20303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

On November 30, at the Jack Tar Hotel in Durham, our Good Neighbor Council is sponsoring a meeting with the theme, "The Unmet Needs of Tar Heel Negroes." In addition to our two speakers for the occasion, Dr. James Taylor and Dr. Samuel Proctor, we are scheduling six discussion groups on the following emphases: Health, Welfare, Elementary and Secondary Education, Higher Education, Recreation and Employment.

Would it be possible for your office to provide us with approximately 25 copies of "The Economic Status of Negroes: In the Nation and the South", by Vivian W. Henderson, for the participants in the Employment discussion group?

We would be most grateful if this request can be honored.

Cordially,

Robert S. Harrell

Robert S. Harrell
Assistant to the Chairman

RSH:bjs

Bring up - More Materials To be Sent to Mrs Maragas

Pick out V. Henderson Lines & others

file - Materials file Requests

October 11, 1966

Mrs. Ted Maragas
2026 4th Street, N. W.
Minot, North Dakota

Dear Mrs. Maragas:

Enclosed is a bibliography of nineteen books concerned with the subjects of your inquiry. I am sorry the list is such a long one but our research department felt all of the books cited to be necessary to adequately cover the very broad area of your study.

Enclosed also is a copy of chapter one of the book "The Negro in American Life". We have had this copied since we think it is an important work and you would likely have difficulty finding a copy.

Should you wish to go into more detail the Trevor Arnett Library of Atlanta University has a very large collection of material on Negro history; much of it unpublished. Mrs. Annette Phinazee, research librarian there, has assured us she would be happy to assist you in the unlikely event you found it possible to visit Atlanta.

Under separate cover we are sending you a collection of SRC publications, all of which bear on your request

particularly in regard to economics and to changes which have taken place during the last decade.

If we can be of further assistance, please call on us.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Enc.

cc: The Hon. Sam Phillips McKenzie
Judge, Fulton County Superior Court

BIBLIOGRAPHY

The American Negro Reference Book, Edited by John P. Davis, May, 1966 by Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N. J.

The Negro in American Life, Jerome Dowd, Copyright 1926, The Century Company, New York and London. (We are attaching xeroxed copy of Chapter 1, "Background in Africa and America")

Bibliography of the Negro in Africa and America, Compiled by Monroe N. Work, the H. W. Wilson Company, 1928.

A Glorious Age inAfrica, by Daniel Chu and Elliott Skinner, Zenith Books (Paperback) Doubleday & Co., New York, 1965.

Race Relations and American Law, by Jack Greenberg, Columbia University Press, 1962.

Civil Rights Ordinances, by Charles S. Rhyne, National Institute of Municipal Law Officers, 839 17th St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C., 1964.

Origins of the New South, 1877-1913, by C. Vann Woodward, Louisiana State University Press, 1951. (Note this is Volume IX in a Series, of which Volume VIII, by E. Merton Coulter gives a different slant on history. We also recommend the next listed book for a "Revisionist's View" on the Reconstruction Period.

Stampp, Kenneth M., The Era of Reconstruction, 1865-1877, Published by Alfred A. Knopf, New York, 1965.

The Anti-slavery Impulse, by Gilbert H. Barnes, Ph.D., D. Appleton-Century Company, 35 W. 32nd St., New York City.

Southern Politics, V. P. Key, Jr., Alfred A. Knopf, New York, 1949.

The Political Economy of Slavery, Eugene Genovess, Pantheon Books, New York, 1965.

The South Since 1865, John Samuel Ezell, McMillan Press, N.Y., 1963.

The Strange Career of Jim Crow, C. Vann Woodward, 1954, Oxford University Press, New York.

The Negro in the United States, E. Franklin Frazier, The Mac Millan Company, New York, 1949.

From Race Riot to Sit-In: 1919 and the 1960s - A Study in the connections between conflict and violence, Doubleday & Co., 1966, Garden City, New York.

Black Religion, The Negro and Christianity in the United States, by Joseph R. Washington, Jr., Beacon Press, Boston, Mass., 1964.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUTED

The Negro American, Daedalus, Fall 1965, Journal of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences.

Sept. 25, 1966

Dear Mr. Anthony,

Judge Sam McGeorge advised me to write to you about my thesis

My thesis is on the Negro-White relationships in the traditional Southern Pattern.

(1) I want to know the history of the Negro from the moment of his known existence in Africa until he was brought to America as a slave. What did status was in Africa before becoming a slave.

(2) When he arrived in the New World, his socio-economic status political, religious etc. status contrasted with the white man up to

the Civil War

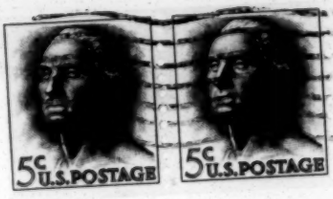
(3) this same contract up to this time. (Including land & amendments to Constitution in his behalf.)

Thank you so very much.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Ted Morgan
2026 4th St. N.W.
Minot, No. Dak.

P.S. Please send within a week!



Air Mail

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Mrs. Ted Marquart

2026 4th St. No. West.

Minot, No. Dak.

Yale
Materials Requests

GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS INSTITUTE
1726 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20036

DUPONT 7-6964

EDWARD H. LITCHFIELD
Chairman
WENDELL G. SCHAEFFER
President
EDGAR B. CALE
Vice President
RICHARD M. SCAMMON
Vice President
RICHARD V. WOODRUFF
Vice President and Treasurer
DEAN B. MAHIN
Director of Exchange Programs
HERBERT K. MAY
Director of Ecuador Project

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
TAYLOR COLE
LUTHER GULICK
EDWARD H. LITCHFIELD
JAMES K. POLLOCK
ALAN C. RANKIN
WENDELL G. SCHAEFFER
RICHARD V. WOODRUFF

October 15, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony, Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, Northwest
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Paul:

I'm taking another group of foreign correspondents around the country shortly, and one of the stops will be Charlotte, North Carolina. Pat Watters's superb study of Charlotte would be good background reading for them before we get there. Is there any chance you could send me 13 copies of the Charlotte study?

Sent 13 copies 10/17/1966 mf

We're leaving Washington on October 24 for New Haven, and leaving there November 1 for Charlotte, where Pete McKnight and Randolph Norton of the News and Observer will be planning our program. Please send the books to me in care of:

J. Morgan Swope, Director
International Office
Office of the Secretary
Yale University
143 Elm Street
New Haven, Connecticut 06520

If you think it will be necessary for you to send them first class/special handling to assure delivery before we leave New Haven, please do so.

Bill us for the books, handling, and the postage, of course.

I'm enclosing a list of the members of the group f.y.i.

Thanks, Paul, and best wishes.

Cordially,

Mel

Melvin L. Bergheim

GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS INSTITUTE

TENTH RESIDENT FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS PROJECT - 1966
Under auspices of the U.S. Department of State

PARTICIPANTS

AUSTRALIA: Roy MACARTNEY, 48, staff correspondent (Washington), The Melbourne Age, morning newspaper; circulation: 190,000.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA: Vladimir TILL, 44, Washington correspondent, Czechoslovak News Agency (C.T.K.), serving all Czechoslovak broadcasting stations and newspapers; estimated coverage: 10,000,000.

GERMANY: Kurt LEISSLER, 39, chief diplomatic and military correspondent (Washington), Springer Foreign News Service, serving eight major newspapers and eight popular magazines; combined circulation: about 17,000,000.

GHANA: Samuel B. QUAICOE, 27, U.N. and U.S. correspondent (New York), Ghana News Agency, serving broadcasting stations and newspapers in Ghana, Kenya, and Nigeria, and the External Service of Radio Ghana, which broadcasts in the Caribbean, Western Europe, and all of Africa; estimated coverage: 30,000,000.

GREECE: George VENIZELOS, 36, chief U.N. and U.S. correspondent (New York), Imera and Akropolis, morning newspapers, Naftemboriki, morning financial newspaper, and Vradyni and Apogevmatini, afternoon newspapers, all of Athens; combined circulation: 500,000.

HUNGARY: Csaba KIS, 36, Washington correspondent, Hungarian News Agency, serving all Hungarian broadcasting stations, newspapers, and a weekly magazine; combined coverage: 6,880,000.

INDIA: P.R. REDDI, 38, special correspondent (New York), the Financial Express, and U.N. correspondent, Express Newspapers of India; combined circulation: 1,000,000.

ITALY: Auro ROSELLI, 45, U.S. correspondent (New York), Il Giorno, morning newspaper of Milan with a national circulation of 300,000.

(continued)

PARTICIPANTS, continued

JAPAN:	Minoru HIRANO, 41, Washington Bureau chief, Yomiuri Shimbun, daily newspaper of Tokyo, Japan; circulation: 3,500,000.
KOREA:	Chul-Soo CHIN, 37, U.S. correspondent (Washington), Donga Ilbo, afternoon newspaper, "Shin Donga", monthly magazine, and the Donga Broadcasting System, all of Seoul; estimated coverage: 1,500,000.
SWEDEN:	Ulf NILSON, 33, chief U.S. correspondent (New York), Expressen, afternoon newspaper of Stockholm; circulation: 640,000; also writes for daily newspapers in Denmark, Finland, and Norway; combined circulation: 225,000.
YUGOSLAVIA:	Davor CULIC, 45, Washington correspondent, Tanjug, the Yugoslav News Agency, serving all Yugoslav broadcasting stations and newspapers; combined coverage: 6,000,000.

The group will be accompanied in New Haven, Connecticut; Charlotte, North Carolina; and Burlington, Iowa, by:

Melvin L. Bergheim, Director
Resident Foreign Correspondents Project
Governmental Affairs Institute
Washington, D.C.

William A. Payne
Program Officer
Governmental Affairs Institute

Separate mailing:

November 1965 NEW SOUTH - "Violence"
Winter, Spring and Summer issues - NEW SOUTH
V. Henderson - Economic Status of Negroes...
SRC-ADL pamphlet: THE PRICE WE PAY FOR DISCRIMINATION
THE FEDERAL EXECUTIVE AND CIVIL RIGHTS
EXECUTIVE SUPPORT OF CIVIL RIGHTS
FEDERAL "ANTI-POVERTY" PROGRAMS: PRESENT AND PENDING
SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: OLD PROBLEMS UNDER A NEW LAW
Coles' pamphlet: A Psychiatric Study: The Desegregation os Southern Schools

File "Miscellaneous Requests"

VIA AIR MAIL SPECIAL October 20, 1966

Mrs. Ted Maragas
2026 4th Street, N. W.
Minot, North Dakota

Dear Mrs. Maragas:

We're terribly sorry that you have not yet received the second batch of materials which were sent to you via parcel post. They were mailed either on October 11th or 12th, and it would appear that they should have reached you by now. You might wish to check your local Post Office for the missing packet. In case you do not locate them, we are sending again, under separate cover, another collection of materials, and trust they reach you in time to be useful.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to the Director

MMH

Oct. 19, 1966

Recd 10/20/66

Dear Mr. Anthony.

Thank you very much for the information you enclosed Oct. 11, 1966.

Mr. Anthony I have to give an oral report on this subject the end of the week. Would you please send me the rest of the material a.m.s.o. today.

You mentioned you would send the rest of the information under separate cover but it has not arrived yet. (SAA publications)

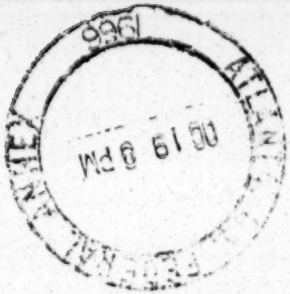
Thank you again.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Ted Manages

Air Mail Special

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303



Mrs. Ted G. Maragos
2026 4th St. N.W.
Minot, North Dakota

File Materials Requests

D. S. COLTRANE
Chairman

PEGGY P. DREW
Employment Services Representative

BETTY J. SANDFORD
Secretary

The North Carolina Good Neighbor Council

Post Office Box 584
Raleigh, N. C.

GOVERNOR DAN K. MOORE, Ex Officio Chairman

Wooten Building
120 North Boylan Ave.

JAMES T. TAYLOR—Vice-Chairman
Durham

JOHN R. LARKINS—Recording Secretary
Raleigh

October 27, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Please accept our deep gratitude for supplying us with twenty-five copies of "The Economic Status of Negroes". I am sure the participants in this particular workshop will find them to be very helpful.

Cordially,

Robert S. Harrell

Robert S. Harrell
Assistant to the Chairman

RSH:bjs

See Materials for Requests

November 1, 1966

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Paul Anthony

Please mail the last three issues of NEW SOUTH to Mr. Carey McWilliams, Editor, THE NATION, 333 Sixth Avenue, New York, New York 10014. Label is attached.

PA/km

November 1, 1966

Mr. Carey McWilliams, Editor
The Nation
333 Sixth Avenue
New York, New York 10014

Dear Mr. McWilliams:

We are in receipt of your request for a copy of the current issue of NEW SOUTH. Under separate cover we are sending you the three issues published this year. We are adding your name to our complimentary mailing list.

We hope you enjoy reading the magazine.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

THE
NATION

(12)

October 26, 1966

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St., N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Would you be kind enough to send us a copy of the current issue of The South Today?

Yours very truly,

Carey McWilliams
Editor

See Materials Requests for info

November 2, 1966

MEMORANDUM

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Paul Anthony

Please send the last three issues of NEW SOUTH to Mr. Robert G. Anderson, P. O. Box 786, St. Andrews Presbyterian College, Laurinburg, North Carolina, 28352. Label is attached.

PA/km

Enc.

November 2, 1966

Mr. Robert G. Anderson
P. O. Box 786
St. Andrews Presbyterian College
Laurinburg, North Carolina 28352

Dear Mr. Anderson:

Under separate cover we are sending you three issues of our quarterly magazine NEW SOUTH. You might be especially interested in the several articles on black power in the summer issue.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

ST. ANDREWS

PRESBYTERIAN COLLEGE

STUDENT ASSOCIATION

LAURINBURG, NORTH CAROLINA

October 27, 1966

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming,

My name is Bob Anderson and I am a senior at St. Andrews Presbyterian College in Laurinburg, N. C. This semester I am taking a seminar course in political science which requires intensive research in a field of interest in contemporary politics. I am concerned with the problem of race relations and the expressions these problems are taking in the political arena. Lately, the terms "black power" and "white backlash" have flashed across newspapers and magazines throughout the nation. I am interested in finding out how these terms are being defined and applied, either directly or indirectly, by the leaders of these social movements and men who follow these movements closely. By doing this, I hope to obtain a clearer perspective from which to view, understand and evaluate the events and political actions which have brought these terms to life.

I would deeply appreciate your help in my endeavor to bring together some primary information in this area. Any comments or suggestions which you could make would be very helpful, for the resources of reliable information are few and far between. This information would be used only for the purpose of delivering a short lecture before the seminar class and would neither be published nor discussed before any large audience.

The lecture is scheduled for December 6 and I would appreciate a reply before the middle of November if possible. Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

Robert G. Anderson

Robert G. Anderson
P. O. Box 786
St. Andrews Presbyterian College
Laurinburg, North Carolina 28352

File Materials Requests for mfg

November 3, 1966

MEMORANDUM

TO: Bernice Cook

FROM: Paul Anthony

Please ship the available copies of NEW SOUTH, for 1966, the Director's Annual Report for last year, to Mr. Daniel Beale. Label attached.

November 3, 1966

Mr. Daniel Beale
No. 3 Hoctor Drive
Farmington, Missouri

Dear Mr. Beale:

Under separate cover we are sending you several pieces of information about the Southern Regional Council and our writings.

We appreciate your interest in our work.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Danial Beale
No. 3 Hoctor Drive
Farmington, Missouri

Leslie W. Dunbar
5 Forsyth Street
N.W.Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I am doing an extensive study on Civil Rights Movements in America. Since I feel that your organization is and has played an important part in the movement, I would like any information you could send me of your future plans. It would be greatly appreciated.

Thank you very much for your co-operation.

Sincerly yours,

Danial Beale

Danial Beale

File Materials Requests

University of Missouri
at Kansas City
Kansas City, Missouri 64110

DIVISION FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION
Multi-Purpose Training Center

Treadway Hall
Area 816, DE 3-6512

December 2, 1966

The Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

The Multi-Purpose Training Center is in receipt of the Southern Regional Council literature you sent. We very much appreciate receiving them and will turn them over to the Education Specialist as soon as he joins the Center's staff. At that time the Education Specialist will probably contact your office for any specific information he feels will be of benefit to the Center in its endeavors to train persons engaged in the "War on Poverty."

Again thank you.

Sincerely yours,

George E Winslow

George E Winslow, Director
Multi-Purpose Training Center

GEW:ay

File Requests, 1966 (Materials files) 12/22/66

Mailed 12 copies of the

School Desegrgation Report, 1966

to Pete Libassi
Dept. of Health, Education
and Welfare
U.S. Office of Education
Office of the Secretary
Independence and 4th Street, SW
Washington, D. C.

M. Johnson

File - Materials file Requests

December 27, 1966

Mr. Richard P. Nathan
The Brookings Institution
1775 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Mr. Nathan:

Enclosed is a copy of the requested booklet, "Houston--The Negro and Employment Opportunity in the South." Also enclosed is a copy of a study done by Dr. Vivion Henderson. Frankly, we were somewhat disappointed in the Houston study and the Henderson study may be some help.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Enclosures

The Brookings Institution

1775 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C. 20036

file

December 23, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Please send me one copy of Houston -- The Negro and Employment Opportunity in the South.

I would appreciate it if you would send it as soon as possible.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Richard Nathan

Richard P. Nathan

National Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice

1307 S. Wabash Avenue • Chicago, Illinois 60605 • 312-341-1530

Southern Field Service
8017 Palm Street
New Orleans, La. 70125
504-492-5792

Give Materials to "Requests"

December 29, 1966

MS — please send

Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Sir:

We recently read of your 46-page report which details the evasion of the Supreme Court's 1954 decision and the Civil Rights Act of 1964 by Southern school districts. May we please have a copy of this report?

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Sister Mary Peter

Sister Mary Peter (Traxler) SSND
Director of Educational Services

SMP:hlr

Sent 1/3/67
MJ

Figure Ed

November 12, 1953

Miss Sybil Austin
Holden Hall
College of Wooster
Wooster, Ohio

Dear Miss Austin:

I have sent you under separate cover some printed materials dealing with the admission of Negroes to institutions of higher learning in the South. Among these is a list of public and private institutions currently admitting Negroes.

The important point in analyzing the de-segregation of higher education in the South is this: once the right of the Negro to secure higher education in public colleges has been established by the courts, the private institutions open up, and the state institutions not specifically affected by the court ruling go on to extend admission voluntarily. All in direct contrast to our folk belief that "you can't legislate social change."

In Kentucky, for example, after a court ruling admitting Negroes to the state university graduate school, the legislature amended the Day Law, making it possible for private institutions to admit Negroes if they so desired. Since the amendment of the Day Law racial barriers have been dropped in all the Catholic colleges, Berea College, two nursing schools and several religious seminaries; the Negro and white branches of the University of Louisville were integrated and there is now one municipal college admitting both races. Following the Supreme Court ruling involving the University of Oklahoma graduate division, the A & M College has been voluntarily opened to Negroes. Both the University of Oklahoma and Oklahoma A & M now have undergraduates attending. Similarly the court case in Virginia which admitted Negroes to the law school of the University paved the way for admission of Negroes to the medical college, William and Mary and to both the graduate and undergraduate divisions of Virginia Polytechnic. And so on.

Court rulings have not always preceded the private institution's decision to admit Negroes, of course. Before the U. S. Supreme court decisions in 1948 and 1950 (Sipuel v. Oklahoma Board of Regents, Sweatt v. Painter and McLaurin v. Oklahoma Board of Regents), which set the stage for subsequent rulings in favor of admitting Negroes to those state institutions which had educational facilities superior to facilities provided for Negroes, Catholic University and several

other Catholic colleges in Washington, D. C., St. Louis University in St. Louis, Mo. and a few other institutions here and there had Negro students. But since the courts have cleared the way, the process of integration in private schools has been greatly accelerated.

The opening up of a good many of the state universities on the graduate level and of a growing number of private institutions does not mean that higher education in the South is by any means integrated. Only a small number of Negroes attend such institutions as the University of North Carolina, Louisiana State University; Columbia Theological Seminary (Presbyterian) in Decatur, Ga. reports only one Negro student this year. Negro enrollment is higher in Oklahoma, Kentucky and Missouri, particularly in the summer; a press release in 1952 estimated that 700 Negroes were on the Oklahoma A & M and the University of Oklahoma campus during the summer session. Recent estimates of the total number of Negro students enrolled in formerly "white" institutions of higher education in the South range from 1600 to 2000, a small proportion of the total number of students in colleges and universities throughout the region.

Five state universities in the South have still not admitted Negroes, even on the graduate or professional level: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina and Mississippi. Suits have been filed in Alabama, Florida and Georgia. The Florida case has been temporarily stalled by expansion of the Negro A & M College facilities; the A & M College is now elevated to university status, offering courses in all those areas in which suits were filed. The Georgia case has been indefinitely postponed as Horace Ward, who filed suit for admission to the law school, was recently drafted. The Alabama case is now being appealed to the U. S. Circuit Court. The two students who are involved in the Alabama suit applied for admission and contend that they received a letter of welcome and receipts for a room deposit. When they arrived on the campus the dean of admission refused to register them, insisting that a "mistake" had been made.

If you have access to a copy of the Negro Yearbook for 1952 (published by Tuskegee Institute, Ala.) you will find some helpful material in the section on education and also on civil rights. Such periodicals as the JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION, PHYLON publish articles on higher education from time to time. The JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION YEARBOOK, Summer, 1952 was devoted to "The Courts and Racial Integration in Education."

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Charge for materials sent

Pamphlets	$ .50
Postage	.04
	$ .54

Stamps acceptable

Ho Education

December first, 1953

Mr David Newton
Macedonia Cooperative Community
Clarkesville, Georgia

Dear David:

We have done two excellent pamphlets on the school segregation issue. QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS is ten cents a piece in batches (as distinct from single copies!) and the CHECK LIST is eight cents. I suggest that if you laid in twenty or so of each they would be snapped up by the discussion group audiences. They were worked out exactly for discussion groups of this kind.

I send you NEW SOUTH for the last year. The various issues should be helpful.

If you can get to a library, an entire issue of the SURVEY, back about 1950, discussed segregation in all aspects.

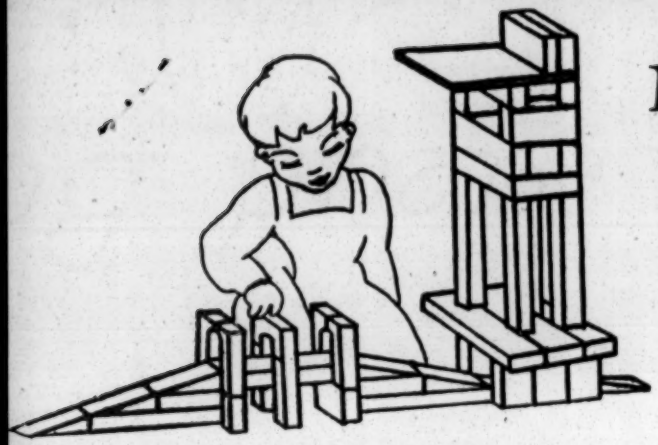
Such as I have sent is for free; but if you will want some of the pamphlets we will charge you at the prices given.

Best of luck. I hope Alice and I can come up to Macedonia sometime soon. Meanwhile, do always come and see us and stay at 906.

Sincerely yours

George S Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm-t
All material sent under
separate cover -



Macedonia Cooperative Community

Clarkesville, Ga.

Makers of

Community Playthings

November 24, 1953

Dr. George Mitchell
906 Lullwater Road N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Papa George:

Greetings to all at your house, and may God be with you.

The reason for this hurried note is to ask you to please send me any material you may have relevant to a discussion of segregation that the American Heritage group in Clarkesville is to have December 14th. I am the discussion leader of this group (will wonders never cease!) and I am anxious that we have some material that is factual and up to date. Of course, the hot issue right now is the school segregation issue. Do you have any figures on what segregation costs in terms of duplicated facilities, etc?

If there is any charge for the material, please bill me.

Yours very sincerely,

David Newton

David Newton
Macedonia Co-op Community

Dy.

Southeast Neighborhood House

Operated by Washington Welfare Association, Inc.

324 Virginia Avenue, Southeast

Washington, D. C.

Telephone LI*ncoln* 6-9222

RECEIVED
DEC 4
Southern Regional Council

OFFICERS

Arthur Christopher, Jr.
President

Margaret M. Farmer
Vice President

Mrs. Blanche K. Williams
Secretary

Herman A. Johnson
Treasurer

MEMBERS

Richard Atkinson
Edward J. Austin
Dr. James E. Bayton
Anne L. Flanders
Mrs. Antoinette Garvin
Mrs. Justine W. Greene
Judge Andrew J. Howard
Mrs. Hilda James
Hiram F. Jones
Dr. Valarie O. Justiss
Bernard Locker
Charles F. Lofton
Julius F. Martin
Mrs. Anna Hudson Mason
Elihu L. Platt
Walter E. Washington
Wesley S. Williams
Lina Willis

HONORARY

Dr. Dorothy B. Ferebee
Hilda W. Smith

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ethel James Williams

December 1, 1953

Miss Anna Holden
Research Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Anna:

Thank you for your most informative pamphlet on the school segregation question. I don't know whether some of the organizations here know about it, but possibly if you contact Mrs. Alma Scurlock, American Friends Service Committee, 104 C Street, N. E., she may be able to sell some for you.

I worked with Dr. O'Connor on an institute with the D. C. Recreation Department and occasionally see some of the people from the summer work shop. I have been so busy that I meet myself coming and going, but please keep in touch. The very best of luck to you.

Sincerely,

Ethel

Info - Ed.

December 2, 1953

Mr. Samuel N. Scarbrough
Box 420, Mercer University
Macon, Georgia

Dear Mr. Scarbrough;

Enclosed is a list of formerly "white" institutions now admitting Negro students throughout the south.

Details as to the departments open, the dates opened and the first students can be found for many in the NEGRO YEARBOOK, 1952 (Tuskegee Institute, Ala.).

If you are interested in Negro colleges in the South, check the directory of U. S. colleges published by the U. S. Office of Education (Education Directory, Higher Education, 1952-53, Part 3. Federal Security Agency, U. S. Office of Education. Washington, D. C.: U. S. Govt. Printing Office, 1952) or a similar directo which indicates those colleges with Negro enrollment.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

encl

Macon, Georgia
December 1, 1953

Dear Sirs:

Would you please send me the names of all College and Universities in the south the Negros may attend?

Sincerely yours,
Samuel M. Scarbrough
Box 420
Mercer University
Macon, Ga.

Int - Ed.

December 8, 1953

Miss Frances Tiernan
712 Belvoir Ave.
Chattanooga, Tenn.

Dear Miss Tiernan:

Dr. Mitchell has asked me to send you what help I could on the teacher's conference outline you are preparing.

I have sent separately our few SRC articles dealing with school integration.

Also, a recent bibliography of publications in the field of community relations published by the American Jewish Committee. I think you will find the bibliography lists a good bit of material that would be useful to the teachers; particularly the section "Education for Better Living."

The attached list of articles entitled "Integration in Education" is about as long a list of articles directly dealing with experiences in school integration as is available at this point. The Ford Foundation is now in the process of assembling materials on school de-segregation gathered in connection with a study recently sponsored by the Fund for the Advancement of Education. It will be some time before the study will be published, however.

I would include a list of agencies which have worked in the field of intergroup education along with the list of printed materials available. A suggested minimum list of such agenchies is attached.

If you will have the opportunity to import resource people, you might try to get Mrs. Sarah Poole, Principal, Ft. Bragg Elementary School, Fayetteville, N. C. As you no doubt know, Ft. Bragg was the first army post in the South to integrate its schools. Their experience there has been quite successful. Mrs. Poole, if approached, might be willing to prepare some sort of memo or outline for you.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

encl

Ike's wit
Mrs. Sarah Roe
Bragg 02
Agency 1st
Integration file

Central High School
Chattanooga, Tennessee
November 23, 1953

Dear Dr. Mitchell,

Let me begin by saying "people" never give me an opportunity to be idle. The sad part of it for you is that I attempt to pass on part of the load to you!

Now, I am supposed to prepare an outline covering the material which one might use in a two-day teachers' Conference for teachers who are facing integration of Negro and white children in their schools.

Do you know of any available information on the types of problems the teachers had to face in such situations and the ways in which they handled their problems? I mean, where non-segregation has already taken place.

What I have in mind right now would be to start such an outline

with a presentation of the historical backgrounds of our people, using such a topic as "Where did our people come from?" Then, some specific help would have to be given, and it would be based on the needs of the teacher in dealing with the new demands, I would suppose.

In preparing such an outline, I would have in mind that one should draw on information from literature, the field of the social sciences, and the field of natural sciences, but you couldn't start the first two-day Conference with that. I believe that one would have to assume that the members of the group would know very little Sociology or Anthropology, and begin on a rather elementary level. Would you think so? It certainly looks to me like a big job for two days!!

Any help you can give me will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours

Frances Sherman

I am off to the Economics Board Meeting on Friday and will not be back until Sunday night. Will be here only through Wednesday this week. You know my home address - 712 Belvoir Avenue.

F. S.

December 11, 1953

Mr. Robert Penrice
Prairie View A & M College
Prairie View, Tex.

Dear Mr. Penrice:

I have sent you some materials on the school segregation question separately. Included is a list of public and private institutions of higher learning in the South now admitting Negro students.

No one knows exactly how many Negroes are attending formerly "white" institutions in the South. Estimates vary from 1,600 to 2,000. There are only a handful in institutions such as the University of North Carolina and the University of Tennessee. Press reports estimate that two hundred or more Negroes enroll during the summer sessions at Oklahoma A and M and the University of Oklahoma. The University of Kentucky is said to have had roughly fifty Negroes at summer sessions. Many schools do not keep track of the number of Negroes; in any event, enrollment varies from quarter to quarter.

The NEGRO YEARBOOK for 1952 (Tuskegee Institute, Ala.) gives detailed information as to the departments in various Southern "white" colleges now enrolling Negroes, the dates opened, the first students, etc. Also boils down the major court suits in the section on Civil Rights.

Various issues of the JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION, particularly the summer yearbook for 1952, devote attention to the Negro's battle for educational opportunity. The 1952 yearbook is entitled "Courts and Racial Integration in Education." (Published by Howard University)

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Charge for materials sent:

Pamphlets	.55
Postage	.05
	.60

Stamps acceptable

Prairie View A.& M. College
Prairie View, Texas
December 6, 1953

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

I am following the suggestion of Dr. Mays at Morehouse College that you might be able to provide me with data on the Negro's legal fight for equal educational opportunity. I am also interested in current data on the Negro's enrollment in public and private colleges in the South.

I shall be most grateful for any help you extend me on this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Robert Penrice

December 18, 1953

Miss Gladiola A. Ingram
205 Peelor St.
Johnstown, Pa.

Dear Miss Ingram:

I have sent you separately copies of our recent pamphlets and bulletins dealing with the school segregation question in the South. You did not specify in your letter whether you were studying equalization on the grade school or the college letter. For your information, I am enclosing a list of formerly "white" colleges in the South now open to Negro students.

The material we sent will give you very little specific information on equalization programs in the South, but will be useful for background data on the total picture of segregated education in the South.

I am sure you are well aware of the fact that there is very little analytical material available in this area. It would be helpful to those interested in the educational problems of the South if you would narrow your investigation to one or two states and gather detailed information on sample counties. We hear from time to time of "white" schools in the mountain counties of the South that admit the few Negro children there, rather than the counties maintaining separate Negro schools. A study of West Virginia's "equalization" would no doubt turn up and document instances of this practice.

You might be interested in a masters thesis in sociology which a Louise Davis did for the University of North Carolina in 1951. I forget the exact title, but she compared the plant, equipment and expenditures for Negro and white schools in a south Georgia county and estimated the cost of equalization of the two systems.

I hope our material will be of some assistance to you.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

<u>Charge for Material sent:</u>

Pamphlets .75
Postage .07

205 Peelor Street
Johnsotwn, Pa.
December 5, 1953

The Southern Regional Council
703 Standard Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I am working on a thesis for the Master of Arts degree for the Department of Sociology at the University of Pittsburgh which deals specifically with equalization efforts of the community and state in regard to education in the last ten years. This project deals with unopinionated research in this area and I would appreciate it if you would forward to me pertinent material in this matter.

I am anxious to do dependable research which is based on the most dependable material which I can obtain.

Your kind consideration will be greatly appreciated.

Yours truly,

Gladiola E. Ingram

Gladiola E. Ingram

Ed South
Pot Coll - New Trends
Why All Said?
Open letter
Impending crisis
Q & A
SC Laws

RECEIVED
DEC 18
Southern Regional Council

March 4, 1954

Mr. Robert L. Fatherley, Jr.
9 Point O'Woods South
Darien, Conn.

Dear Mr. Fatherley:

I am sending separately about a half dozen pamphlets which cover various aspects of the school-segregation question.

You are, of course, asking the same questions we are all asking. Briefly:

1) The white population--like the Negro population--does not have a single position on on segregated education. Many of the white people fear what they have not known in their lifetime--association with Negores on an equal basis, and they see a Supreme Court decision threatening to upset a pattern of life that has been very satisfactory from their point of view. What I would call a "growing minority" have come to realize--some reluctantly--that the present segregated set-up is not fair or just and will never be. Among the "growing minority," some want segregation done away with immediately--others face the doing away with segregation in the schools and other areas of public life as the only realistic solution for equality of opportunity, but would like it to be done gradually, when we are"betterprepared"to accept this solution.

Our situation in Atlanta is further complicated by a recent constitutional amendment passed in the Georgia legislature last November. The provision gives the legislature the power to do away with the public school system if the Supreme Court rules in favor of non-segregated education. This amendment will be voted on by the state of Georgia next November. Our governor, as you no doubt have read, is committed to a policy of segregated schools or no schools. If the governor and the legislature "win" the amendment issue next fall they will have rather dubious authority from the people of Georgia to maintain segregated schools at all costs. The question is thus not one of segregated or non-segregated schools, but of maintaining or not maintaining the public school system. Many people who would not advocate doing away with segregated schools are opposed to junking the public school system.

2) See two articles by Benjamin E. Mays, "Why an Atlanta School Suit" and "We are Unnecessarily Excited" (Among material sent separately)

3) Yes, segregated education is detrimental to better relations between Negro and white students. In fact, one could say with 99% accuracy that it eliminates relations between white and Negro students from the first through twelth grades. There are very few joint activities in the South which both white and Negro students participate. Sports, 4-H Clubs, Future Farmers, student government associations--all those activities which bring students from different schools together on a state-wide or region-wide basis are set up on a separate basis. It is very rare for Negro and white schools to compete in the same contests, even such contests as spelling bees and essay contests, unless these are nationally sponsored.

4) I personally am in favor, and the Southern Regional Council favors, as a matter of policy, the abolition of segregation in the schools. We believe that the election or appointment of Negro school board members (depending on how they are selected by the community) will make the process of adjustment to non-segregated schools easier. The prevelant pattern in the South at present is all-white school boards governing both white and Negro schools. Atlanta, incidentally, has one Negro school board member at present. (See editorial in material sent separately)

It is also important for school teachers, both Negro and white, to be better protected by tenure laws, so that any cuts in teaching staff that are made in the transition will be handled according to a fair standard, with machinery for adjusting cases of unfair treatment.

There will also need to be a clear, firm policy on the part of the school boards as to the steps that will be taken in eliminating segregation. Teachers and principals will have to be oriented to this policy. Certain curriculum changes should also be made in the transition--at present the white schools include little or no material related to the Negro, his role in American history; more emphasis should be placed on human relations education than is being done at present.

I hope our material will be useful.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Charge for material sent:

Pamphlets	$.65
Postage	.05
	.70

Stamps acceptable

1/ What does the White population of Atlanta think of Segregated Education?

2/ What reactions have been apparent from the colored population of Atlanta toward Segregated Education?

3/ Do you think that Segregated Education deprives students (colored and white) from better relations?

4/ In relation to the forthcoming Supreme Court decision, would you favor the support or abolition of Segregated Education as best for the community. If the Supreme Court decides to abolish Segregated Education, what changes do you think will be necessary to make in your town?

ROBERT E. FATHERLEY, JR.
9 POINT O'WOODS SOUTH
DARIEN, CONN.

RECEIVED
MAR 1 1954

February 24, 1954

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 13, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am writing a term paper on the subject of segregation in education. I am writing on this subject because of a recent visit to Chapel Hill North Carolina, where I saw an unusually beautiful colored high school.

I have enclosed several questions, and I look forward to any material that may be available pertinent to these questions.

Very truly yours,

Robert E. Fatherley, jr.

Robert E. Fatherley, jr.

March 9, 1954

Mr. Harry Bussey, Jr.
3129 SW 67th Ave.
Miami, Fla.

Dear Mr. Bussey:

The enclosed article "A New Trend in Private Colleges" is the only SRC publication available which bears directly on your subject "Elimination of Segregation in Southern Universities." The accompanying mimeographed list includes those private and public institutions of higher learning in Southern and border states which are open to Negroes now, but have not been open traditionally.

In addition to the references suggested in the typewritten bibliography, two other items should be helpful:

NEGRO YEARBOOK, 1952. Published by Tuskegee Institute, Ala., Mrs. Jessie Guzman, Editor. Chapter on Education gives first Negro students to enter formerly white Southern colleges, fields of study open and date Negro students were admitted, through 1951.

Marshall, J. W. "The Dilemma of Southern Youth," JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION, v. 22 (Spring, 1953). Experiences of Wayland College, Plainview, Tex.

We would appreciate your sending ten cents for the issue of NEW SOUTH.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

encl

RECEIVED
MAR 9 1954
Southern Regional Council

3129 S.W. 67th Ave.
Miami, Fla.
March 6, 1954.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auborn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Attention: Executive Director

Dear Sir

I am a student attending the University of Miami and taking a 301 course in Human Relations with Dr. Sprague. In this course we have to write a term paper on a suggested subject. I would like very much to submit a discourse on the subject of, EXPERIENCE WITH THE ELIMINATION OF SEGREGATION IN SOUTHERN UNIVERSITIES. Dr. Sprague had suggested you people as the best source for information.

I would appreciate it very much if you would send me any information or literature applying to this subject.

Thanking you in advance for your kind attention to this matter, I am,

Sincerely yours
Harry Bussey Jr.
HARRY BUSSEY JR.

Info -

June 16, 1954

Dictated June 15

Mr. T. Edward Rutter
1426 North Quincy Street
Arlington 7, Virginia

Dear Mr. Rutter:

Very kind of you to write. I am devoted to Shelby Robert and have heard him speak of your interest in the problems you have in Arlington County.

By the way, I hear only praise of the careful planning that is underway.

Truth to tell, your nearest resource for advice is the office of the American Friends Service Committee, 104 "C" Street, N. E., Washington, D. C. They have profoundly studied the situation in Washington.

I am an old resident of Arlington myself, and know the many differences on our side of the roof; but a great many of the techniques of the preparation that the American Friends Service Committee people worked out will be helpful to you.

For the moment, all I can send is two pamphlets, both of which were done many months before the Supreme Court's decision. We have nearly ready for the press, another, called Answers for Action. I will see that a copy is sent you as soon as it come out.

I suppose you will have seen or read the report by Harry S. Ashmore, called The Negro and the Schools, published by the University of North Carolina Press. This is a fresh survey of the facts on the problem in the South.

One of its interesting findings is that in the Northern and border communities where intergration has gone into effect, peace reigned when the school superintendent and those immediately around them had a plan and firmly stuck to it. If they wobbled, the devil broke loose and stayed loose.

Too, I will add that besides the administrative plan, there needs to be a certain amount of advanced opinion preparation in the communities among the parents in both groups. I don't think that you have to contemplate persuading everybody concerned, but that an active group of persuaded people who have met freely on an interracial basis and reached a meeting of the minds

and have learned the facts, can be very influential at the time of actual change.

Of course, you will have observed the action of Richmond, Roanoke, and Newport News, in getting representative Negro citizens on to their school boards. Where, as in your county, the Negro population is only one per cent that may be a difficult matter, but I believe I have heard that you are already freely consulting Negro opinion in the County.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Mailed under separate cover this date:

Questions and Answers
Checklist

ARLINGTON COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS
OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT
1426 NORTH QUINCY STREET
ARLINGTON 7, VIRGINIA
TELEPHONE: JACKSON 2-7700

June 11, 1954

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Mr. Shelby Robert, our mutual good friend, has told me about you and the work of the Council. I am interested for several reasons, but chiefly because we in the State of Virginia will be faced with the responsibility of establishing an integrated school system sometime within the next twelve months. We are so anxious here in Arlington to accomplish this in the most intelligent manner possible. As a preliminary step, we are appointing an Integration Council, which will be widely representative of racial, religious, social and political groups in our community. I would like to provide this committee with all of the data possible to help them carry on their work. Would it be possible for you to send me some material which you believe would be useful to such a lay committee?

You may have available other publications which would be appropriate for my use or the use of my immediate staff.

Do not hesitate to bill me if there is any cost involved for these materials.

I shall deeply appreciate anything that you can do to assist us.

Yours very sincerely,

T. Edward Rutter
Division Superintendent

TER:ehf

RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

Mrs. Hamilton
to answer

From files from 28 '54 Info -

THE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION ● NORTH TEXAS STATE COLLEGE ● DENTON

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND PSYCHOLOGY

June 21, 1954

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

What are the critical issues associated with the integration of the Negro into Southern graduate programs, on which additional data is needed to meet rapidly changing sociological conditions?

To objectively answer this question and to contribute to the solution of other timely problems in this area of higher education, I have, with the formal approval of the Graduate Committee of North Texas State College, begun work on my dissertation, entitled "Negro-White Relationships in Southern Non-Segregated Graduate Programs." The study has as its primary objective to determine those policies and practices which have proven most successful in bringing about integration in the South on the graduate level.

As a part of the study I am attempting to determine the priority of needed research in racial relationships in Southern graduate education. To do this I have listed what appear to be certain critical problem areas in which research is needed, in such a manner that the paired-comparison technique may be used. If you prefer you may simply rank the five problem areas 1 through 5, of course. Please feel free to comment as to the appropriateness of these items, or to suggest others. Your comments as to the problems which may arise from the recent Supreme Court decision, implications for higher education, etc., would be most welcome and enlightening.

Please be assured that all data will be treated in a professional manner under the close supervision of my doctoral committee and that no school or individual will be identified in the study without permission. A summary of findings will be sent you for participating in the study.

Your cooperation will be deeply appreciated.

Very sincerely yours,

James A. Hedrick

James A. Hedrick

Chester S. Williams

Chester S. Williams
Associate Professor of Education
Chairman, Candidate's Doctoral Committee

RECEIVED
JUN 24 1954
Southern Regional Council

Info - Ed

August 2, '54

Dear Mr Beard,

If you will follow the argument of our pamphlet ANSWERS FOR ACTION I believe you will find what you want. Consult also Ashmore, The Negro and the Schools, UNC Press (condensed in the other pamphlet I send up). The two between them cost 45 cents, and you should mail us that much, stamps OK.

Best luck,

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

R. S. Beard, Jr.
1609 Dunbar St.
Knoxville, Tenn.

RECEIVED
AUG 3 1954
Southern Regional Council

1609 Dunbar St.,
Knoxville, Tenn.,
Aug 1, 1954.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia,

Dear Sirs;

I am attempting to write an outline for a thesis on the subject; "What Can We Do to Facilitate the Transition to Desegregated Schools. Wherein I have some information on the subject. I have only a very completed amount of material at to ~~Reasons~~ why this study is important also procedures for carrying out the above

I am at present studying at the university of Tenn, and my adviser has suggested that I do the above mentioned problem. Being the first negro

at this University to attempt a thesis outline on the named subject. I would greatly appreciate any ideas that you would advance or materials that you would send to help me complete this outline. I am to turn in this outline by Aug 11th if you wish to send this information at my expense I would be very proud.

Thanking you in advance for the above, I am

Very cordially yours,

R. S. Beard.

Sept. 27, 1954

Miss Mary Alice Baldinger
Executive Secretary
National Civil Liberties Clearing House
1637 Massachusetts Ave. NW
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Miss Baldinger:

Dr. Mitchell asked me to prepare the enclosed summary of school desegregation for the Clearing House's September Bulletin.

I hope that it is not too late for your issue. There were several other items on my desk that had to be cleared away before I could get to it.

Please call on us again if we can be of help.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

encl

Sept. 27, 1954

DE-SEGREGATION IN PUBLIC SCHOOL EDUCATION

ALABAMA. Unsuccessful attempts to de-segregate schools in Alabama have been made in several cities, including Montgomery, Anniston and Mobile. The Mobile case involved a state vocational trade school where three Korean veterans were denied admission.

Alabama's state board of education voted unanimously on July 9 to continue segregation in the public schools through the 1954-1955 school term and until the state's educational system is directly involved in a racial suit.

Attorney General Bernard Sykes announced September 18 that Alabama will not submit a brief to the Supreme Court making recommendations to the Court on implementation of the de-segregation ruling. Sykes stated that his office is pledged to do all that is legally possible to maintain separate schools, and that by filing a brief Alabama might find itself "either legally or morally bound by decrees requiring both white and colored pupils to attend the same public schools."

A special interim legislative committee appointed to study the Supreme Court ruling recommended a constitutional amendment which would remove the word "public" from the language of the state constitution requiring that a school system be maintained. This would pave the way for a private school system similar to the one contemplated by Georgia, if such a move were necessary as a last resort. Last year a bill to permit the state to establish, operate, finance and regulate a private school system stayed in committee until the legislature adjourned. Other recommendations from the interim legislative committee would give judicial powers to school officials, making them immune to damage suits.

Governor Persons is studying the interim committee's recommendations and has made no move to call the legislature into special session to act on its proposals. Persons has stated that he would not hesitate to call the legislature into special sessions if he thought it would benefit the state.

ARKANSAS. At least two Arkansas towns have begun de-segregating their public schools. Fayetteville's school board voted May 22 to integrate its nine

Negro students in September instead of sending them to Fort Smith and Hot Springs, 60 and 150 miles away. Very little unfavorable comment and no organized community protest followed the announcement. Fayetteville's schools opened this fall on a non-segregated basis without incident. Eleven Negro students were admitted to a small consolidated district located in Charleston when school reopened this fall. According to the president of the Charleston school board, "Things seem to be working out fine."

Another Arkansas town planned to de-segregate its public schools, but reversed its decision before school reopened. Shortly after the Supreme Court ruling the school board in Sheridan voted to integrate the six upper grades, rather than continue to teach all twelve grades in the two-teacher Negro school. When white parents protested, the board rescinded its action and said it would send the eleven Negro high school students to the next county. The board planned to keep the ten seventh and eighth grade Negro students in the segregated school.

Little Rock's school board voted to continue its present dual system pending further action from the Supreme Court, but recognized its responsibility "to comply with federal constitutional requirements." Little Rock will integrate when the Court "outlines the method to be followed" and will develop new school attendance areas on a non-segregated basis in the interim period.

At the state level Arkansas' Governor Cherry advised the board of education that state laws providing for segregation are still in effect, and any decision in favor of integration is "premature." The state board has approved a change in its policy of accrediting which will speed up equalization, and representatives of the state department of education have been meeting with white and Negro community leaders in school planning sessions. Emphasis at these meetings has been on equalization, rather than integration, but Governor Cherry announced he would appoint an advisory committee to study implementation of the Court ruling which would not "approach the problem with the idea of being outlaws."

DELAWARE. At the end of the 1953-1954 school year three formerly white Delaware school districts had admitted Negroes -- Claymont, Hockessin and Arden. The Claymont and Hockessin districts changed policy following a state Supreme Court ruling to equalize separate facilities. Arden was not immediately involved in litigation over its school facilities, but voluntarily integrated after the ruling.

When the 1954-1955 school year opened this fall at least nine additional districts inaugurated integration at either the elementary or high school level, or at both levels. Wilmington, Dover, Newark, Delaware City and Milford were among those districts de-segregating, Wilmington being the only one immediately affected by the U. S. Supreme Court's May decision. Protests have been reported at Milford, where white parents threatened violence if their children had to attend classes with Negro students. Milford's high school was closed by the district superintendant in the midst of the dispute over integration, but reopened on a non-segregated basis by the Delaware Board of Education.

Backed by a policy statement from the Governor and a legal opinion from Delaware's Attorney General, Delaware's state board of education announced it would move toward de-segregation of the state's public schools, recognizing community differences which might make the process slower in some parts of the state than others. The state board first asked all school authorities in the state to begin discussion of plans for integration with interested citizens. Later the board requested all districts: (1) to take immediate steps to plan for de-segregation; (2) to withold de-segregation until plans have been approved by the state board; (3) to maintain the status quo for opening the 1954-1955 school year if plans had not been approved; and (4) to present at least tentative plans for de-segregation by Oct. 1 if the district has more than four teachers. Before school opened the state board employed a consultant in human relations and drafted a series of proposed guides for school districts to use in planning for de-segregation.

FLORIDA. Florida has made no move to de-segregate its schools, nor has it taken any action in preparation for circumventing the Court's ruling.

Florida will submit a breif to the Supreme Court this fall stating that the state is not ready for integration and asking for a long delay in the implementation of the Court's decision. Staff at Florida State University and the University of Miami gathered background information for the brief this summer in twelve sample counties. Their study, whose conclusions have been made public, indicates that a majority of white and Negro leaders in the state oppose immediate de-segregation, feeling that a "vast area of misunderstandings" would result from a sudden end to segregation in the public schools. Upon completion of the study Attorney General Ervin announced, "It is evident from this survey that Florida is not ready for immediate de-segregation in public education. ... This report indicates that these problems can only be worked out through a gradual transition, with primary responsibility for determining the 'when and how' resting with local communities."

A quasi-public Continuing Educational Council, appointed to advise on the question of integration, has met with ~~the~~ Attorney General Ervin, State School Superintendent Thomas D. Bailey and leaders in the Florida House and Senate and agreed to do everything possible to put off integration of the public schools. The Council declared, however, that a strong public school system must be maintained, and that any attempt to do away with the school system is unthinkable.

When an NAACP attorney in the Miami area announced in August that test cases would probably be made in the Dade County schools at the beginning of the 1954 school year, State Superintendent Bailey said, "We have laws prohibiting the mixing of races at this time and until the Supreme Court hands down a direct decree, it is not legal for the schools to change the procedure." Two days after the attorney's statement NAACP officials in the Miami area issued a formal statement that they had no plans for drastic action and would work for "social transition without social disorganization. Court action, they declared, would be taken before the Supreme Court's final decision, only if "absolutely necessary."

GEORGIA. In its recent gubernatorial primary Georgia elected Marvin Griffin, only candidate advocating Talmadge's "private school plan" for maintaining segregated schools. Eight of the nine candidates were pledged to uphold segregation, but Griffin was the only one in favor of abandoning the public schools. Upon election Griffin said he would join Governor Talmadge in working to pass the constitutional amendment eliminating requirements for public education to be voted on Nov. 2 in a statewide referendum. Groups such as the Georgia Education Association, the state PTA Congress, the Georgia Federation of Labor, the Georgia League of Women Voters and the directors of the United Chruch Women of Georgia have gone on record against the amendment.

Governor Talmadge, in office until Jan. 1 and continuing as chief spokesman against the Supreme Court decision, told a nation-wide TV audience recently that "no amount of force whatsoever can compel de-segregation." Talmadge prophesized that efforts to enforce the decision would bring about "the most dreadful thing we have known since Reconstruction." Talmadge is chairman of the Commission on Education which he appointed to study and make plans for providing adequate education consistent with both the state and the federal constitution. Other state officials and private citizens are on the Commission, but there is no Negro representation.

Georgia will not file a brief with the Supreme Court this fall on the grounds that the brief might implicate the state in whatever plan of de-segregation the Court orders. Attorney General Eugene Cook has stated, "Georgia's reaction to the Court's decision in this de-segregation case is one of total resentment and violent rebellion. ... Any attempt to enforce it would create a crisis so devastating that the most temperate and self-disciplined minds among us are reluctant even to discuss it." Cook called on Griffin and the seven other candidates who pledged support of segregation in the gubernatorial primary to send him a detailed memorandum on their plans for preserving segregation.

State School Superintendent M. D. Collins spoke out against the private school

amendment at a meeting inwhich the State Board of Education endorsed the amendment. Collins stated, "I am for segregation as strong as anyone, but I believe it has got to be handled on a local level. We have too much at stake to abandon our public schools."/Since 1951, Appropriations setting aside funds for education have included provisions to cut off state money if segregation is abandoned.

KENTUCKY. Kentucky's State Board of Education advised local boards this summer to plan their 1954-55 school year under Kentucky laws requiring segregation, pending a final decree by the Supreme Court. The board's directive, which has the effect of law, followed a legal opinion from Attorney General J. D. Buckman that the ruling: (1) knocks out Kentucky's Day Law, which made it illegal for whites and Negroes to attend the same public or private schools; and (2) nullifies the section of the constitution requiring separate public schools. Acting at the Board's instruction State Superintendent Wendell P. Butler asked local school authorities to make no changes until further action by the Supreme Court.

Governor Lawrence Wetherby, who greeted the May 17 ruling with a statement that "Kentucky will do whatever is necessary to comply with the law," has appointed a seven-member advisory committee to consider plans for ending segregation in the public schools. The committee includes Negro representation. Both white and Negro teachers associations have appointed committees to work jointly on plans to "ease the situation" when segregation is eliminated. Louisville's school superintendent, aided by consultants from recently de-segregated areas, has been discussing plans for de-segregation with his staff for almost a year. No definite plans for school integration in Louisville will be announced until after further action fromthe Supreme Court.

LOUISIANA. Louisiana's legislature was in session at the time the Supreme Court ruled out segregation and passed a resolution denouncing the decision as "intolerant, impractical and unenforceable." On July 6, three bills related to keeping segregation cleared both houses: (1) a constitutional amendment, subject to ratification by the state in November, permitting the state to maintain school

segregation through state police power; (2) a bill prohibiting state board of education approval or assistance to schools violating the segregation provisions of the state constitution; and (3) a bill giving local superintendents power to designate the particular school in the parish each pupil must attend. After objection from Archbishop Joseph Francis Rummel the bills were amended to exclude private and parochial schools. Catholic action was also influential in having a provision deleted that would make lawyers handling cases protesting the three laws subject to disbarment.

State Superintendent of Education Shelby Jackson has not commented publicly on the matter of school segregation since the Court ruled, but the general opinion of state educators is that Louisiana will ultimately attempt to maintain segregation by building schools in accordance with residential segregation.

Governor Kennon stated after the Court ruling, "Whatever principles are laid down in this decision will be binding on Louisiana, but there is no emergency, no cause for hasty action."

MARYLAND. On advice from the city attorney that the Supreme Court ruling nullified a local ordinance providing for segregated schools, Baltimore's board voted June 3 to open its schools this September on a non-segregated basis. At least seven Baltimore elementary schools and several specialized high schools accepted both white and Negro students this fall. Integration had already taken place in the city's Polytechnic Institute, a boys' high school with a pre-college engineering program, and in adult education classes sponsored by the public school system.

There was no state-wide movement to de-segregate public schools in Maryland this fall. Maryland will file a brief with the Supreme Court, but Attorney General Edward D. E. Rollins advised the state board of education that state school segregation laws were still in force and "nothing can be accomplished until next year following the Court's final ruling." The state board issued a statement after its May meeting

noting that integration could not be put into effect until after the Court ~~had~~ outlined procedure for implementing its decision and calling attention to the fact that responsibility for integration would rest primarily with local boards of education. The statement expressed confidence in the ability of local school systems to solve the problems of de-segregation in a "fair, decent and legal manner with good common sense."

Since school started this fall some 500 southern Maryland PTA members met at Lothian to start an organization to keep school segregation. Assistant Attorney General Parker told the group that school segregation will be eliminated sooner or later regardless of what action is taken, but the thirty-one PTA organizations represented went ahead with plans to fight integration.

MISSISSIPPI. On Sept. 16 a special session of Mississippi's legislature, called together to provide safeguards against school de-segregation, voted a constitutional amendment that would authorize the legislature: (1) to abolish public schools throughout the state by a two-thirds vote; (2) to empower local school districts to abandon their public schools by a majority vote; (3) to make funds available directly to children to attend schools of their choice, private or otherwise; and (4) to sell or lease existing school buildings (obviously to private groups for operation of private institutions). The amendment was recommended by Mississippi's Legal Education Advisory Committee, created by the 1954 legislature to find ways to circumvent the Supreme Court decision outlawing segregation.

Citizens of Mississippi will accept or reject the amendment in a special state-wide election Dec. 21. Public school authorities, headed by State School Superintendent J. M. Tubbs, have endorsed the amendment, and Governor White is confident Negro leadership will "go along" with the amendment if the state continues its equalization program.

Early in September the press reported organization of secret "Citizens Councils" pledged to uphold segregation. The Councils, said to be forming in all of the

state's 82 counties, will attempt to preserve Southern customs and traditions by putting legal and economic pressure on "troublemakers." Spokesmen for the group say it will not be a vigilante movement and that the Councils will not use violence in their efforts to maintain segregation.

MISSOURI. Several areas in Missouri have gone ahead with de-segregation. Shortly after the Court decision Missouri's Attorney General John M. Dalton ruled that the decision automatically voided the state's constitutional provision for segregated schools, leaving the way open for those districts that wished to go ahead with integration.

Those communities moving toward de-segregation this fall include Clayton and Kirkwood (suburbs of St. Louis), Clarksville, Fulton, Kansas City, Macon, Madison, Marion, Neosho, St. Charles, St. Joseph and St. Louis. Some of the schools will begin integration in the elementary grades, others in the high schools or at both levels. St. Louis, with the second largest segregated school system in the Southern and border states, plans complete integration by September, 1955. St. Louis teachers colleges and special schools for the handicapped open this fall to all students; high schools, except technical schools, integrate in February, 1955; elementary schools and the rest of the system de-segregates in September, 1955.

A few other communities voted to de-segregate but did not begin implementing their new policy this fall. Jefferson City and Clarkton were among those going on record to integrate. Jefferson City fixed no time for de-segregation, but Clarkton planned to integrate this fall and changed its program when parents protested. When the school board voted to go back on its earlier decision to integrate this year, board president Charles E. James and Supt. R. H. Hensen told Clarkton parents they would have to accept de-segregation sooner or later.

Missouri's state board of education has voted to implement the decision "to the full extent of its authority and jurisdiction," but will take no positive

action until the ruling has become final.

NORTH CAROLINA. North Carolina's state board of education voted to continue segregation for the 1954-1955 school year, in the absence of machinery to implement the Supreme Court's decision outlawing school segregation. Lt. Governor Luther Hodges, board chairman, appointed a committee within the board to study school laws and regulations with particular reference to the legal duties and responsibilities of the state board. The committee included Dr. Harold Trigg, only Negro member of the N. C. state board of education.

After much deliberation, N. C. will file a brief with the Supreme Court this fall, asking for time to comply with the segregation decision. A study by the N. C. Institute of Government, conducted at the request of Governor Umstead, strongly recommended that a brief be filed. The Governor's 19-member advisory committee, named to work on policy and program related to the decision, announced after its first closed session that the problem must be met so that the public school system is preserved.

At the local level, Greensboro's school board began planning "ways and means for complying with the court's decision." The Greensboro board voted immediately after the May 17 ruling to integrate its schools, stating, "We must not fight or attempt to circumvent this decision." Greensboro opened its schools this fall on a segregated basis. In Wayne County a $2,300,000 building program halted, pending clarification of the segregation decision. Negroes in Stanley began the school year by boycotting bus transportation to the Dallas schools, six miles away. Parents said the boycott protested the county's failure to provide public schools for Negroes in Stanley. The county school superintendent insisted they could not afford to build a new school for 75 students and 8 teachers. The old school was discontinued this year because the plant was inadequate.

OKLAHOMA. Oklahoma plans to comply with the de-segregation decision, but will not act until next year, after the Court hands down its final decree. Schools all

over the state opened on a segregated basis this September on the advice of School Superintendent Oliver Hodge.

Oklahoma's Governor has stated "there will be no trouble integrating the races in Oklahoma's public schools" and state school officials indicate there will be no problem about "following the law" if Oklahoma is given sufficient time. Oklahoma's difficulty in de-segregating is related to its system of taxation, which povides a separate tax base for supporting white and Negro schools. If Negro schools are eliminated before the tax structure is changed, there will not be enough funds to run the school system. Proposals for a new tax system to finance the schools have been under discussion since before the Court ruling, and the state school superintendent has stated that Oklahoma can be ready for de-segregation by Sept. 1, 1955.

Oklahoma will file a brief with the Supreme Court suggesting procedure for integration.

SOUTH CAROLINA. South Carolina reopened its public schools on a segregated basis, advising the Clarendon County district to close down for the remainder of the term if the Supreme Court specifically orders it to eliminate segregation. One of the suits involved in the Court's May 17 decision originated in Clarendon County. The state's public school building program, temporarily halted this summer, has resumed, operating with the largest budget in its history.

Attorney General T. C. Callison has taken the stand that South Carolina should "avoid any action which would tend to show that we consider the state a party to this (Clarendon County) suit," and the state will not submit a brief to the Court this fall. Governor Byrnes' special committee to devise ways to continue school segregation advised that there be no extraordinary session of the legislature and that schools be operated in the 1954-1955 school year " in keeping with previously established policy."

Governor-elect George Timmerman has called for a public study of a plan whereby South Carolina would maintain schools in conformity with the wishes of

patrons in given localities as expressed by petition. This plan would give a "free choice" to the people on a local level, permitting mixed schools should parents wish their children to attend integrated schools. During his campaign Timmerman called for "calm courage and determination and fairness to the end that we can find means of preserving separate schools in accordance with the wishes of the vast majority of the parentsof this state."

TENNESSEE. Tennessee is maintaining segregation in its public schools and has decided not to submit a brief to the Court this fall. Tennessee originally planned to file a brief suggesting gradual integration over a period of twelve years, beginning in the first grade and working upward one grade each year. Officials say that Governor Clement felt participation in the arguments might antagonize some legislators and jeppardise school appropriations in the next legislature. Clement, reelected in this summer's Democratic primary, has said there will be no change in Tennessee's school system until the Court speaks further.

White parents in Nashville, Tenn. petitioned the school board this summer to admit their children to a Negro elementary school near their home. The school board denied the petition, stating it would not change the city system until there is some overall change in the state system. The parents threatened to file suit but have not done so yet.

Following a request to open schools on a non-segregated basis the Davidson County school board appointed a special committee to study a plan for desegregation which might be used at a later date. White and Negro parents and educators will be brought into the discussions.

TEXAS. After consulting with the state attorney general, Commissioner of Education J. W. Edgar notified all schools to operate on a segregated basis during the 1954-1955 school year. He took the position that state laws requiring school segregation stand until the final decree of the Supreme Court is handed down. Texas' board of education followed with a resolution supporting the Commissioner's

PAGINATION INCORRECT

directive and expressing the hope that any change in school segregation laws would give local districts time to work out ~~xxxxxxxxxxx~~ plans.

Governor Shivers, recently reelected in the state Democratic primary, promised to work to continue segregation. Shivers earlier described the school segregation "issue" as "not insurmountable," stating it would take a long time to accomplish the transition to integration. Campaigning this summer Shivers promised to see that "our local schools are run by local people" and that night-riders and cross-burners ~~did~~ do not take the law into their own hands.

Negroes have filed petitions for immediate integration in Austin, Dallas, Sulphur Springs and in several other communities. In Sulphur Springs shots were fired into the home of the parents who filed the petition asking de-segregation.

VIRGINIA. Virginia has made no move to de-segregate her public schools as yet. Acting on advice from the state attorney general, ~~xxxxxxxx~~ Virginia's board of education advised city and county boards to continue segregation during the present school year, in accordance with state statutes which remained "intact and unimpaired," despite the Court's ruling. Negroes have urged voluntary de-segregation in communities such as Norfolk with no success. In Norfolk the local NAACP branch petitioned the board to go ahead with integration now rather that later, "when it becomes necessary as amatter of compliance with fundamental law."

Governor Stanley has pledged to "use every legal means at my command to continue segregated schools in Virginia." Shortly after the Court ruled Governor Stanley promised a state-wide citizens commission, including Negro representation, to study the problems raised by the Court's ruling. Governor Stanley has since appointed a legislative commission instead, directing it to ascertain the wishes of the people on school segregation and give careful consideration to plans or legislation that should be adopted after the Court's final decree is handed down. Stanley defended his switch to the legislative commission on the grounds that "any program relating to the public school system must be considered and acted upon first by the General Assembly."

On June 19 about 20 members of the state legislature from south Virginia, where Negro population is heaviest, adopted a resolution expressing "unalterable opposition to the principle of integration of the races in the schools." The legislators pledged to evolve some legal method of preserving school segregation.

WEST VIRGINIA. At least 25 county school boards in West Virginia discussed plans for de-segregating their public schools this fall. While some decided to wait for "clarification" from the Supreme Court, many went ahead with integration. Among those counties adopting some form of de-segregation were Brook, Greenbrier, Hardy, Monongalia, Monroe, Pendleton, Randolph and Wood. Integration follows four general patterns, according to state school superintendent W. W. Trent: (1) in counties where no Negro teachers were employed last year, pupils will go to local schools along with white students; (2) in a few counties existing Negro schools were abolished; (3) Negro students formerly transported to other counties will be absorbed in their own county systems; and (4) counties resuming segregated schools this year will make voluntary adjustments during the school year as conditions permit.

Press reports indicate some tension over school de-segregation in White Sulphur Springs and in the Phillippi schools in Barbour County. Students struck in White Sulphur Springs when school reopened on an integrated basis, and in Phillippi, where white parents protested in a mass meeting this summer, classes opened on a non-segregated basis without incident.

Following the May 17 ruling Superintendent Trent sent a letter to each county superintendent, stating in part: "As segregation is unconstitutional, boards should, in my opinion, begin immediately to reorganize and readjust their schools to comply with the Supreme Court decision. ..." Trent stressed the responsibility of local planning to end segregation, since each school system must cope with its own particular situation.

Best estimates indicate that approximately 30,000 white and Negro students will attend integrated schools in West Virginia this fall.

National Civil Liberties Clearing House

1637 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE N.W. • WASHINGTON 6, D. C. • DUPONT 7 - 6300

Advisory Board

FRANCIS BIDDLE, Chairman
DOUGLAS M. BLACK
ZECHARIAH CHAFEE, JR.
GRENVILLE CLARK
MORRIS LLEWELLYN COOKE
DR. ROBERT E. CUSHMAN
EMERSON GREENAWAY
EARL G. HARRISON
SIDNEY HOLLANDER
DR. CHARLES S. JOHNSON
WALTER P. REUTHER

•

Chairman

PAUL SIFTON
(United Automobile Workers, CIO)

Vice Chairmen

ACADEMIC FREEDOM

DR. RALPH E. HIMSTEAD
(American Association of University Professors)

CIVIL LIBERTIES

IRVING FERMAN
(American Civil Liberties Union)

CIVIL RIGHTS

JOHN J. GUNTHER
(Americans for Democratic Action)

HUMAN RIGHTS

PHILIP SCHIFF
(National Jewish Welfare Board)

•

Secretary

JULIA BENNETT
(American Library Association)

Treasurer

IRMA PIEPHO
(National Council of Catholic Women)

•

Steering Committee

DR. EARL F. ADAMS
(National Council of Churches)

SANFORD BOLZ
(American Jewish Congress)

HERMAN EDELSBERG
(Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith)

ROBERT FRASE
(American Book Publishers Council)

ELMER HENDERSON
(American Council on Human Rights)

MIKE M. MASAOKA
(Japanese American Citizens League)

VICTOR G. REUTHER
(Congress of Industrial Organizations)

E. RAYMOND WILSON
(Friends Committee on National Legislation)

ALAN BARTH

ELEANOR BONTECOU

•

Executive Secretary
MARY ALICE BALDINGER

RECEIVED
SEP 10, 1954
Southern Regional Council

September

Mr. George Mitchell,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Ave., North East,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Maggie Garrity tells me that you are the person for me to go to, and that you can do what I would like to have done in five minutes with one hand tied behind your back. Since Maggie is a very truthful woman, I feel no embarrassment whatever in asking you for such an extremely minor thing. As follows:

For the September issue of the Clearing House's Civil Liberties Bulletin, I want to concentrate on what is actually happening all over the country in relation to desegregation, now that the schools are resuming their operations. Phineas Indritz will write me a piece covering the District of Columbia; Maggie will get me a survey that the NCCW is just completing on the programs of parochial schools in the southeast, southwest and border areas.

I'd also like to have a state-by-state round-up, along the lines of that done on state attitudes by Arnold Aronson in the July NAIRO Reporter (undoubtedly you have this, but I am enclosing it anyhow.)

According to Maggie, you've got all this material. If this is so, could you do me something of the sort? And if you could and would, would it be possible for me to have it by September 20 -- or as much before that as would be convenient for you?

It seems to me that all together this ought to make a pretty constructive Bulletin compilation. I do hope most sincerely that you will be able to help us with is.

Cordially yours,

Mary Alice Baldinger

Mary Alice Baldinger,
Executive Secretary.

Info - School Segregation

Sent - Answers for Action
Church's Speak (Aug. NS)
Sept. NS (on pvt schools)

October 15, 1954

Mrs. Myra B. Millsaps
Box 35
Daisy, Tenn.

Dear Mrs. Millsaps:

I am afraid we do not have any information or materials that will be directly useful to you in your survey of opinion on school segregation in Hamilton County. We have letters from time to time from students working on attitude and opinion studies in that area, but I have never seen any of the studies in print, and our Council has not published anything along that line. I am sending under separate cover two recent publications related to the school segregation question in the South which should be of interest.

If you have not already looked at this summer's Journal of Negro Education Yearbook, "Next Steps in Racial Desegregation in Education," there are several articles in it which should help you with background on communities in the process of racial desegregation.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

P. S. It just occured to me that you might be able to secure a copy of the brief which Attorney General Richard W. Ervin, State Capitol Building, Tallahassee, Fla. filed with the Supreme Court this fall as a friend of the Court in the further hearings on school segregation. The brief includes a report of a survey of opinions concerning school segregation in sample counties in different parts of Florida.

RECEIVED
10/5/54
Southern Regional Council

Box 35
Daisy, Tennessee

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am interested in conducting a survey of opinion in Hamilton County, Tennessee, on the problem of segregation and integration of schools. I am a graduate student at the University of Chattanooga and wish to use this information as the basis for a thesis.

I would appreciate your sending me any materials or information you have concerning studies of this kind that have been made in other areas.

Thank you very much.

Very truly yours,

Myra B. Millsaps

(Mrs.) Myra B. Millsaps

Zero - Ed

October 26, 1954

To: AH

Myles Horton, who was brought up in the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, told me that the odd sectlet did in 1953 open their college to Negro students. That is all I know, and don't even know the name of the college. But it is the only college that that church has.

December 3, 1954

Mrs. R.O. Johnson
c/o College Park School
532 Ross St.
College Park, Ga.

Dear Mrs. Johnson:

If you are through with the materials on school integration mailed to you on November 2 (see enclosure), we need several of the items for use in the office.

Thank you for returning the materials promptly.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Schools Integration

November 2, 1954

Mrs. R. O. Johnson
c/o College Park School
532 Ross St.
College Park, Ga.

Dear Mrs. Johnson:

I am sending separately a packet of SRC pamphlets, a few pamphlets published by other agencies and newspaper and magazine articles which might be useful in your display on school integration. I am sure you will not need all of them, but wanted to give you as wide as possible a selection.

You may keep any of the SRC publications you wish and any of the other materials except:

Reprint of Rowan's "Jim Crow Schools on Trial," Minneapolis Star-Tribune.

American Friends Service Committee pamphlet, "Integration of Washington Schools"

Virginia Education Bulletin, May, 1954, "Human Relations Education"

"Schools that Broke the Color Line," Redbook reprint, October, 1954

"What Happens When Segregation Ends," New York Times Magazine, May 30, 1954

I am asking you to return these items since we have only that one copy of each.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Sent to Mrs. R.J Johnson, College Park School
532 Ross St.
College Park, Ga.

SRC pub
- A for A
- Checklist
- Children Speak
- Mays' "Unnecessarily Excited"
- Fay. "Seg in Schools"

* Rowan's "Jim Crow Schools on Trial"
Map Wash, DC integrated school district
* AFSC "Integrating Wash Schools"
* Va. Ed Bulletin, May 1954
* Oct. 1954 Redbook "School that Broke Color Line"
Courier "Indiana's End of Jim Crow Schools"
* NYT "What Happens When Seg Ends" May 30, 1954
Pub Affairs "Negro + Schools"
Am Council on Human Rights "Integrating our Schools"

Information

December 22, 1954

MEMORANDUM

To: Harold C. Fleming

From: George S. Mitchell

The events re the movie on unsegregated schools were as follows:

Loescher told me during my last New York trip to call one Turtulot at the office of Earl Newsom and Company. Later in the week I went to see the man Turtolot who arranged for me to visit one Richard de Rochemont at 420 Lexington Avenue (the Graybar Building), where de Rochemont occupied an office within the extensive suite of J. Walter Thompson and Company, whoever they are. Mr. de Rochemont explained that in addition to his connection with J. Walter Thompson and Company he was president of Vavin, Inc., 698 Lexington Avenue, 134 East Fifty-Seventh Street, New York 22, MUrray Hill 8-5897.

Sent to Tom Lawson Thank re sent 1/5 to

He has been commissioned to do a movie in re the courts and the schools. Says he has wide latitude on what is to be done. Knows not what is to be done. And has his only associate for the moment in this enterprise a fellow freshman nomine Conte. M'sieu Conte, by arrangement, attended my hour and fifteen minute lecture, on what is to be done, for the ILGWU. I told de Rochemont that other persons who could be of assistance were George Stoney and Harold Fleming.

That is about all I know.

December 21, 1954

Mr. Richard de Rochemont
420 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. de Rochemont:

The man, George Stoney, operates the Potomac Film Producers Association, Inc., and can be reached residentially at 1832 Biltmore Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Office is at 1536 Connecticut Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C.

If we can be of help to you in any way we want to.

I greatly appreciated Mr. Conte's kindness in coming to the talk.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

NOT AT ADDRESS GIVEN
NEW YORK NEW YORK

ATLANTA
DEC
6 30 PM
1954
GA.

RETURNED TO SENDER

Mr. Richard de Rochemont
~~420 Lexington Avenue~~
~~New York, New York~~

NOT FOUND ☐
NOT AT ADD. GIVEN ☐
REM. NO ADDRESS ☐
☒

Varian, Inc.
698 Lexington Ave.
134 E. 57th St.
New York 22

December 27, 1954

Mr. Walter C. Eells
3700 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington 16, D. C.

Dear Mr. Eells:

We published in September, 1951 a list of formerly white colleges and universities in Southern and border states which were then known to be open. From time to time we have revised the list, though I believe not in published form. I send you the 1951 issue of New South and the revised list as of November, 1954. Inked in additions have been made since November, 1954.

I am sorry to say that we do not know how many Negroes are in attendance at the various institutions here listed. Out of hearsay knowledge, I would say that the number at state universities in the South itself is in the Winter sessions pretty limited. Generally five or six or a dozen. But that much larger numbers attend the Summer teacher-training sessions at certain of the state universities. Notably would this be true for Arkansas and Oklahoma, and I believe for Texas and, perhaps, for Louisiana.

The University of Arkansas has a branch at Little Rock which is much patronized by Negro persons in that city. It runs Winter and Summer. I believe I have heard some such number as 500 Negro enrollees mentioned there.

Others who have written on this subject have been saying that the sum of Negroes in Southern and border state colleges and universities formerly closed to them is somewhere between 1,000 and 2,000. I would check that figure.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encls.

RECEIVED
12/27/54
Southern Regional Council

2700 Massachusetts Ave.,NW
Washington 16, D.C.

December 23, 1954

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Exec.Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

A few days ago I listened with interest and profit to a radio discussion regarding school segregation in which Pres. C.S.Johnson of Fisk University participated. I was particularly interested in a statement regarding 82 church-related higher educational institutions opened in the South in the past six years to Negro students. I wrote to Pres. Johnson for further information concerning these institutions but he has referred me to you.

Perhaps I should say that I am preparing an article on higher education of Negroes in the U.S. for an educational journal in Pakistan with whose editor I became acquainted on a recent visit to Pakistan.

I wish more specific information regarding these 82 institutions for use in this article. In what states are they located? Names? How many Negroes have actually entered them? etc.

Do you have any data showing how many Negroes have entered state controlled colleges and universities in the Southern states, and which ones?

I am also trying to find how many Negroes are enrolled in higher education institutions in the country. Of course I have the data for the Negro institutions, from the Office of Education. But is there any data or even reliable estimates of the number enrolled in the hundreds of colleges and universities outside the Southern states?

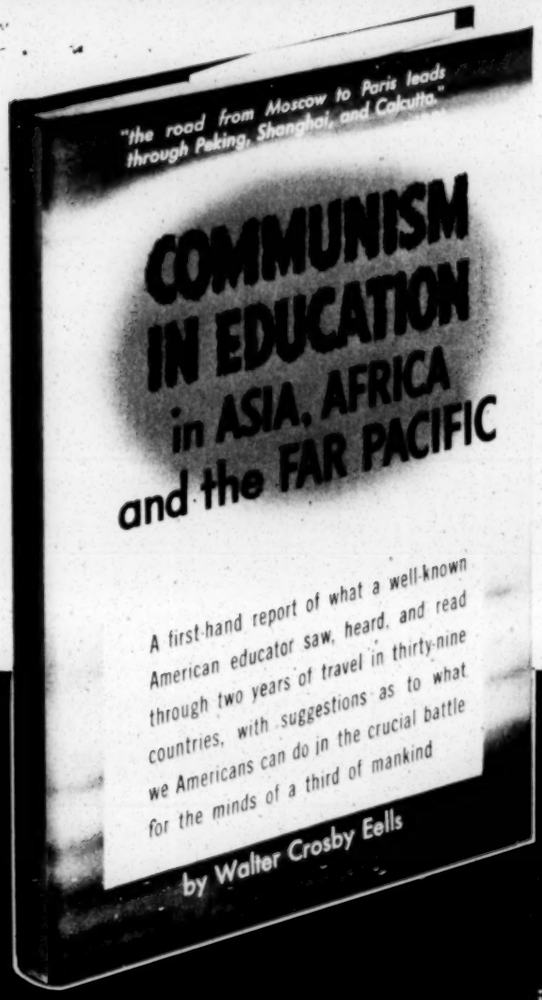
I have consulted the Negro Year Book, but this does not seem to give me the data I desire. There is great need in India and Pakistan, I found, for reliable information on Negroes in America -- their opportunities and achievements. I hope to do a little toward counteracting some of the vicious propaganda with which I found those countries flooded when I was there.

Pres. Johnson states that you will be able to "provide me with whatever materials I need." Quite an order! I hope you will not find it necessary to disappoint him -- or me, too much!

Very truly yours

W. C. Eells

Walter C. Eells



x + 246 pages,
CLOTH, $3.00

A CAREFUL REPORTING OF CONDITIONS, EVENTS, AND OPINION IN 39 COUNTRIES OF THE NEAR AND FAR EAST.

This book will give the American public a better perspective on the whole problem—the world problem—of the infiltration of Communist ideology into the schools. It shows the pattern of *action*; gives both a sharp and sympathetic interpretation of the *causes*—sharp in its understanding of political motives, sympathetic in its understanding of human misery and desperation.

"Slight as is the influence of Communism in American education, such influence constitutes a tremendous, and probably a growing, problem in many parts of the non-Communist world. When Communist organizations, 'fronts,' and propaganda are combined with grinding poverty for the vast majority of the people, with a virulent anti-Western complex of attitudes on the part of colonial and recently independent non-Caucasians, with a condition of illiteracy and half-literacy of peasant populations, and with a growing 'educated proletariat' competing for a few jobs in government service, the threat of an advancing Communist movement is certainly no 'red herring'." —*THE SCHOOL REVIEW*

Little has been known about the schools of Asia, Africa, and the South Pacific—the institutions that form opinions and not infrequently promote action. Nothing has been published on as wide scale as this. Schools are named, government officials and educators are quoted, and a tremendous amount of opinion from native newspapers and periodicals reveals what these people think about themselves and about Western peoples—about us. Here is invaluable information and assistance to educators in the United States who meet and teach, and can and do influence for better or worse, more than 33,000 foreign students each year.

Dr. Eells's final chapter gives some very concrete and deeply felt suggestions of things which the American government, American institutions and organizations, and the American people as individuals can do to combat the infiltration of Communist influence in education abroad and to make sure "it doesn't happen here."

Previous to his SCAP post, Dr. Eells served as chief of the Foreign Education Division of the Veterans Administration, and prior to that was for seven years executive secretary of the American Asciation of Junior Colleges (Washington), and editor of the *Junior College Journal.* He is the author of *The Junior College,* and of other books and numerous articles. He had long teaching experience as a member of the faculties of Whitman College and Stanford University.

AMERICAN COUNCIL ON EDUCATION

ORDER FORM

AMERICAN COUNCIL ON EDUCATION
1785 Massachusetts Avenue N.W., Washington 6, D. C.

Please send me.....copies.....of

COMMUNISM IN EDUCATION IN ASIA, AFRICA AND THE FAR PACIFIC

at $3.00

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

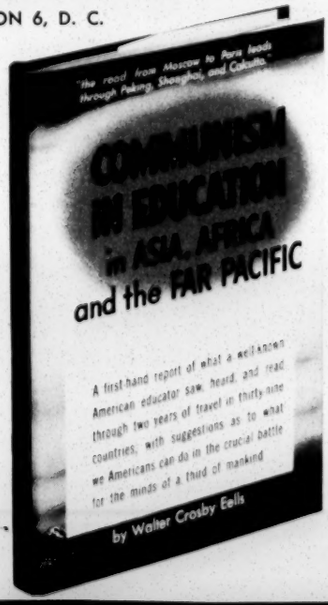
CITY.....ZONE.....STATE.....

☐ payment enclosed ☐ bill me

HOW FAR HAS COMMUNIST IDEOLOGY AND ACTION INFILTRATED INTO THE SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES OF THESE COUNTRIES?

Algeria	French Morocco	Kenya	Somalia
Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	French Somaliland	Lebanon	Spanish Morocco
Australia	Hong Kong	Libya	Syria
Burma	India	Macao	Tanganyika
Ceylon	Indo-China	Malaya	Tangier
China	Indonesia	New Zealand	Thailand
Egypt	Iran	Pakistan	Tunisia
Eritrea	Iraq	Penang	Turkey
Ethiopia	Japan	Philippines	Uganda
Formosa	Jordan	Singapore	Zanzibar

AMERICAN COUNCIL ON EDUCATION
1785 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.



134 Fourth Avenue

Petal, Mississippi

January 9, 1955

JAN 14 1955

Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am a student at Mississippi Southern College. This quarter we are having to write themes. The topic of my paper is "The Southern Reaction to the Supreme Court Decision on Segregation".

Last week I wrote Hodding Carter of the Delta Democrat-Times, Greenville, Mississippi, and he referred me to you.

I would appreciate it very much if you would send me all the information that you possibly can on this subject.

Thanking you in advance, I am

Sincerely yours,

Frances McMichael

Frances McMichael

Sent Churches Speak Segregation in Schools PSR for January 1/14/55 pbr

JAN 20 1955

Wageningen, Jan 17th, 1955

Gentlemen,

I have been informed that your Council distributes printed material on the status of the negro population of the U.S.A and would appreciate your placing me on your mailing list. For my talks to Dutch groups your information would be very helpful. During the years 1951-1954 I have had the opportunity to live and work in the United States as an Exchange Student and by all means I would like to remain informed about social and racial problems in the States.

Thanking you in anticipation for all the material you'll be kind enough to send me

Sincerely Yours.

W. van der Zweep, Ph.D.
5 Marktstraat
Wageningen
Netherlands.

Sent several old issues of N/S and will send promotion materials when ready. rha 1/28/55

January 31, 1955

Mrs. M. E. Young, Reference Librarian
Public Library, East Winston Branch
1110 East Seventh Street
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Dear Mrs. Young:

In reply to your request of January 24, I am sending several pamphlets on integration and segregation in the schools of the South under separate cover today.

The total cost of materials being sent is 60¢. We do accept stamps for orders less than $1.00.

Sincerely yours,

for the
Southern Regional Council

rhm

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . . ANNA HOLDEN . . . .

Ruth:

Send, please:

A for A	1954	20
August NS	"	10
October NS	"	10
Sept NS	"	10
Feb NS	"	10
		60

JAN 25 1955

PUBLIC LIBRARY

OF WINSTON-SALEM AND FORSYTH COUNTY

EAST WINSTON BRANCH
1110 East Seventh Street

Winston-Salem, N. C.
Telephone 4-9279

January 24, 1955

New South
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

We are interested in material on intergration and segregation in the school of the South. For the past six years we have been sponsoring a Carver Essay Contest and this year the subject will be concerning intergration and segregation.

A Winston-Salem Journal and Sentinel Reporter suggested that I contact you for materials that you may have on this subject.

Please send material available or suggestions as to where material may be found. If there are any charges involved, Please bill us.

Thank you very much.

Yours very truly,
M. E. Young
Mrs. M.E. Young
Reference Librarian

GTH

January 31, 1955

Mr. Hugh D. Pickett, Jr.
Box 72
409 Prospect Street
New Haven, Conn.

Dear Mr. Pickett:

Dr. Mitchell has asked me to reply to your inquiry of January 24th in regard to plans which county boards have made for desegregation next Fall. I regret that we have no first hand contact with West Virginia communities.

Mrs. Margaret Butcher, 1712 16th Street, Washington, D.C., is community consultant for NAACP and probably has more firsthand information than any other person regarding "information about the future plans for integration in West Virginia." We suggest that she may be able to answer your queries more exactly.

You will probably find the Southern School News reports on West Virginia helpful. We are sending under separate cover copies of the last two issues. If you find this publication helpful, you may request further copies direct, both back issues and forthcoming issues. 1/31 - rnf

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Grace T. Hamilton
Assistant Director
for
Program Development

GTH/rnf

Enclosure:
The Churches Speak

Build separately

January 31, 1955

Rev. Lewis E. Everline
329 E. Main St.
Lincolnton, N. C.

Dear Rev. Everline:

We do not have copies of the states' amicus curiae briefs regarding implementation of the May 17 school segregation decision available for distribution, or copies of the U. S. Attorney General's brief. These are available from attorney generals in the various states filing briefs upon request and from the U. S. Attorney General's office--free of charge with the exception of the Maryland brief which is sold by a commercial printer at $1.50. I suggest that you write directly for any briefs you wish to obtain and am enclosing a list of attorney generals in the various states filing briefs, for your convenience. If you have not already done so, you will probably also want to secure the NAACP brief. I have included the appropriate address for securing the NAACP brief in the attached list.

I am sending a packet of material under separate cover that should be useful in your conference. The six issues of our monthly bulletin NEW SOUTH included in the packet ("A Checklist for Your Local Schools" among them) are all available in quantities at ten cents each. As for the other items included:

1. Southern School News is a monthly publication reporting developments in the South resulting from the Supreme Court school decision, available free of charge upon request from Southern Education Reporting Service, P. O. Box 6156, Acklen Station, Nashville 5, Tenn. The two latest copies are being sent to you.

2. Analysis of Georgia's Private School Amendment available from League of Women Voters of Georgia, 78 Marietta NW, Atlanta, Ga. at five cents each. (October, 1954 edition of GEORGIA VOTER)

3. Report on Catholic school integration in the South available free upon request from Catholic Interracial Council, 20 Vesey Street, New York 7, N. Y.

Mississippi's admendment seeking to circumvent the Supreme Court decision is attached. You will find the text of the Georgia amendment in the League of Women Voters analysis cited above and the South Carolina amendment text in one of the issues of NEW SOUTH sent separately. (February, 1953) I do not at present have the text of the Louisiana amendment, but have written to our affiliated organization in Louisiana for a copy. I will send it as soon as it arrives.

You will note that the December 1, 1954 SOUTHERN SCHOOL NEWS carries a report on passage of the Louisiana amendment and summarizes its provisions.

We do not have copies of the S. C. Farm Bureau's booklet. I noticed, however, a substantial quote from a recent resolution on school segregation adopted by the Farm Bureau (S. C.) in the December 1, 1954 SOUTHERN SCHOOL NEWS, which might be sufficient for your needs.

I would suggest that you become acquainted with Robin M. Williams' SCHOOLS IN TRANSITION (Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1954) if you have not already done so. SCHOOLS IN TRANSITION reports the experiences of a number of border-state and southwestern communities in desegregating their schools, and in doing so, gives insight into the many problems facing desegregating communities.

If we can be of further assistance, please feel free to call on us.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Emanuel Evangelical and Reformed Church

LEWIS E. EVERLINE, Minister

CHURCH SECRETARY
Mr. Hunter Rudisill
630 N. Flint Street
Lincolnton, N.C.
Phone - RE5-2295

329 East Main Street
Lincolnton, North Carolina
Telephone - RE5-8538

CHURCH TREASURER
Mr. J. Lex Ramseur
P.O. Box 288
Lincolnton, N.C.
Phone - RE5-8824

January 21, 1955

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

JAN 24 1955

Dear Sir:

Our denomination is planning to have a meeting of about twenty leaders from our churches in North Carolina to sit as a committee to study the present state of the Supreme Court decision and proposals being made to bring the spirit of the decision into practical reality as well as attempts being made by N.C. and other state to circumvent the decision.

To assist us in this meeting, we should have as many of the relevant documents as possible. Feeling that your organization may have copies of some of these, and knowing that you could give me information as to where I could secure the ones you do not have, I decided to write to you seeking your assistance.

Since we have copies of your, "Answers for Action", we have the Supreme Court Decision. We would like to have copies of the following, or information as to where they may be obtained.

1. Attorney Brownell's Brief
2. State Attorney General MacMullan's Brief (N.C.)
3. Briefs submitted by other states as amicus curiae
4. Text of Amendments by states seeking to circumvent decision
5. Any other relevant documents.

Please send one copy of all such that you may have, any costs will be paid by return maill. Please indicate if quanities of items are available.

Do you have any copies of the booklet published by the Farm Bureau of S.C. relative to this problem? Please send a copy of , "A Check List for Your Local Schools"

Any assistance in this area will be appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Lewis E. Everline

Lewis E. Everline

February 9, 1955

Miss Betty Sue Fredericks
5333 Colfax Ave. So.
Minneapolis 19, Minn.

Dear Miss Fredericks:

I am sending a selection of material on school segregation and factors influencing desegregation under separate cover.

I suggest that you examine all the recent issues of the JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION, as well as the material listed in the bibliography of our pamphlet "Answers for Action." The Summer, 1954 JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION, a special yearbook "Next Steps in Racial Desegregation in Education" would be particularly helpful. Fisk University's Social Science Department, Nashville, Tenn. has a bibliography on "Desegregation" available upon request.

You are being billed separately for the material.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Information Assistant

NATIONAL STUDENT COUNCIL OF THE YMCA

AUXILIARY ASSEMBLY OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 7, N. Y.

DIGBY 9-0700

PAUL E. SCHRADING
CHAIRMAN

WILLIAM H. HUDNUT, JR.
CHAIRMAN, NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

A. BRYAN CLARK
CHAIRMAN, NATIONAL STUDENT COMMITTEE

ELLIOTT H. LEE
TREASURER

J. FREDERICK MILLER
STAFF COORDINATOR

L. MAYNARD CATCHINGS
HAROLD W. COLVIN
EDWARD L. NESTINGEN
ASSOCIATE SECRETARIES

GENEVIEVE W. SCHNEIDER
EDITORIAL ASSISTANT

February 15, 1955

Miss Anna Holden
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E., Room 432
Atlanta, Georgia

Ruth Sent

Dear Anna:

Thank you very much for sending me the list of desegregating institutions of higher learning in the Southern and border states, and for the copy of "New South." I will appreciate your sending a copy of the next issue of "New South" as you indicated.

When a complete report of my study of church-related colleges in the South is ready, I will send you a copy.

I do remember meeting you at Ben Segal's and am glad to know that you are working with the S.R.C. I have not seen Ben since his return from Europe. I am delighted to know that he is about to enter a very interesting work and would like you to let me know what he will be doing.

Very cordially yours,

Maynard
AG

L. Maynard Catchings

LMC/AG

February 2, 1955

Mr. L. Maynard Catchings
National Student Council of the YMCA
291 Broadway
New York 7, N. Y.

Dear Maynard Catchings:

Unfortunately we do not have much material available in the area of segregation in higher education in the South.

I am enclosing a copy of a list of desegregating institutions of higher learning in the Southern and border states and also an old issue of NEW SOUTH on the trend toward integration in private colleges.

Our next issue of NEW SOUTH will include a reprint of Guy Johnson's "Racial Integration in Public Higher Education in the South" from the Summer, 1954, JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION and the enclosed list. We will send you a copy when it is available and will be glad to supply you with additional copies (at the rate of ten cents per issue), should you find you could use it in your program.

If a fuller report of your study of church-related colleges in the South is available, we would like very much to see it.

Dr. Mitchell asked me to answer your letter when he was in town between two extended trips. He will look forward to seeing you on your visit South at the end of March.

You will perhaps remember meeting me at Lib and Ben Segal's summer before last--I was attending a workshop at Catholic University at the time. From what Jack hears from Lib, it sounds like Ben is about to get into very interesting work.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

March 7, 1955

Miss Elaine Blei
1505 Ocean Avenue
Brooklyn 30, New York

Dear Miss Blei:

I am sending you separately various materials that may be helpful to you in preparing your term paper on Georgia's reaction to the Supreme Court decision against public school segregation.

It is very difficult to present a detailed account of attitudes and reactions in Georgia with materials available in print. A full account would have to be derived from firsthand observation and study, and I'm afraid the scope of such a report would be prohibitively large for me to undertake.

In any case, I hope you will find much of what you need in the materials we're sending you. You might want to refer also to The Christian Century, October 18, 1954, page 96.

If we can advise you on any particular point as you proceed with your paper, let us know.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF/rnf

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . . HAROLD C. FLEMING . . . .

AH -
What do you suggest?

HCF

✓ ① Answer for Achim
✓ ② Jan. Feb. South Sch News - section on Ga. marked
✓ ③ League of Wo. Voters pamphlet on Ga. School amendment (attached) Sept. 1950
④ Mayor "Why an Atlanta School Suit?"
"We are unnecessarily Excited" Nov. 1954
⑤ attached statements
✓ ⑥ CIO Statement on Pvt. Sch amend (Dave B is working)
~~⑦ Art Dean's Summary of new Sch groups (get from him)~~
⑧ Griffins (Dave B) remember to see (folders) inaugural with gov. statements
⑨ Refer to Christian Century, Aug 18. 1954 pp 986 - 988

1505 Ocean Avenue
Brooklyn 30, New York

February 23, 1955

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am a student at Brooklyn College in Brooklyn, New York. My major is Sociology and this semester I am taking a course entitled, "The Negro in the United States." As part of the work in this course, I am required to do a term paper on the Negro. After a great deal of thought, I have decided to do my study on the anti-segregation law that was recently passed by the Supreme Court. I am very much interested in the effect this law has had upon the school systems. I might mention that I am also taking courses in Education and I am planning to become a teacher in the Public Schools.

I realize that even this topic on the anti-segregation law is too vast an area to concentrate on in the short time that is available to me. Therefore I have broken down my topic further so that now I am mainly interested in what the state of Georgia has done since this law was passed. I would be interested in all pamphlets, books, speeches, and articles that have been published by those people from Georgia. I would also like to know what groups and organizations have been formed and what they are doing about breaking down segregation in the schools and how the pupils themselves feel about this law.

I am writing to you through the suggestion of Mr. William Warren who has told me a great deal about the kind of work you are trying to accomplish in the Southern Regional Council. I would very much appreciate any help that you could give me and any leads that I might follow up to help me with my term paper.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Elaine Blei

Elaine Blei

March 24, 1955

Miss Gladyce H. Bradley
Professor of Education
Morgan State College
Baltimore 12, Md.

Dear Miss Bradley:

I am sending a packet of material related to segregation and desegregation in the schools under separate cover. We do not have a bibliography of materials available on desegregation other than the Anti-Defamation League program materials outline that I enclosed in your packet. Fisk University's Social Science Department has a mimeographed bibliography on desegregation available (prepared November, 1954) and I noticed another bibliography on school desegregation in the Winter, 1955 JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION.

You willnote that there is a section on "Higher Education" and another on "The Public Schools" in the January, 1955 "Changing Patterns in the New South" (see promotion leaflet in packet), published by our office. Should you want to order a copy, we will be very happy to fill your request.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Information Assistant

Sent separately:

New Ways on the Campus
Answers for Action
The Churches Speak
Supreme Court and Appalachian South
St. Louis Integrates its Schools
It Can be Done
ADL Program Materials on Desegregation
Southern Catholic Schools Integrate
Southern School News, January, February, March

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

CARNEGIE HALL

MORGAN STATE COLLEGE

BALTIMORE-12, MD.

G.H.

March 10,1955

MAR 14 1955

Mr.George S.Mitchner
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue,N.E.
Atlanta,Ga.

Dear Mr. Mitchner:

I am engaged on a research problem,"Segregation and De-segregation in the Schools of the United States." It will be helpful to me if you will send me copies of the materials and bibliographies which you have developed, please.

Thank you.

Yours truly,

Gladyce H. Bradley

Gladyce H.Bradley
Professor of Education

~~NCCW pamphlet~~
NAACP - It can be done
League Wo Voters on St Louis
Cath School integration
SSN, last 3 issues
A for A
Chamber Speech
ADL program leaflet
Refer ~~NAACP~~ Crisis article — JNEd Winter 1955
Fob NS coll Issue
Fob bibliography

April 26, 1955

Mr. N. W. Krusen
1240 Walsh D
University Branch
Coral Gables, Fla.

Dear Mr. Krusen:

I have mailed a packet of materials on school desegregation under separate cover, for which you are being billed separately.

We have a bibliography on desegregation in education in preparation, but it is not yet available. I suggestthat you consult the references listed in our pamphlet "Answers for Action" and the bibliography on "Desegregation in Education" in the Winter, 1955 issuem of the JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION. If you are not already acquainted with the JOURNAL OF NEGRO EDUCATION, I think that you will find all recent issues most helpful.

I am sorry that this material is somewhat slow in getting to you, but I have been out of the office for several days.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Information Assistant

APR 14 1955

AH
for reply
4/18/55

Postage 2¢

University of Miami
Coral Gables 46, Florida
April 12, 1955

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

As I am a student in a human relations class, I have been assigned the project of writting a term paper on the subject of "Negro Supreme Court Victories and How They Have Infulenced the Negro".

Although I have done considerable research work concerning the subject, I shall need additional and particulary up-to-date information on it.

Can you refer me to sources of this information?

Have you published anything on this subject recently?

Any information which you send to me will be mentioned in the report. I will also be happy to send to you a copy of the term paper.

I shall appreciate this information as soon as possible.

Very truly yours,

N. W. Krusen

N. W. Krusen
1240 Walsh D
Univ. Branch
Coral Gables, Florida

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . GEORGE S. MITCHELL . . .

WCF

Feb + Mar. NS,
last issue Sou Sch
News + Pub Lect
Sent 4/29/55

PHONE: WHEELING 4785

HARRY H. JONES
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ROOM 301 PYTHIAN BUILDING
P. O. BOX 1002
WHEELING, W. VA.

April 25, 1955

RECEIVED
APR 27 1955
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Dr. Benjamin E. Mays, President of Morehouse College, Atlanta, Georgia, has referred me to you for information on De-segregation in Public Education.

The information sought is for use in an address to the Tri-State Elks Conference, coprising Negro Elks of Eastern Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and Northern West Virginia, at their meeting in Pittsburgh, Pa., May 15, 1955.

If there are costs for this service and material, please enclose a statement with same, and I'll have the Council remit its check therefor.

Thanking you for your contribution to my address, and awaiting your reply, I am

Very truly yours,

Harry H. Jones

Harry H. Jones.

J/h

44 9373

June 27, 1955.

MEMORANDUM

TO: George S. Mitchell

FROM: HCF HCF

Here, in haste, is a run down on the status of integration in the border and southern states. In order to get it done in a hurry, I am simply supplementing John Constable's article on reactions, to be run in the forthcoming NEW SOUTH.

BORDER STATES

Integration in Washington, D.C., and Baltimore has been fully documented. Otherwise in Maryland, as you know, Montgomery County has announced that it will proceed to comply as of next September. With only a couple of exceptions, all the Maryland county schools have indicated that they will now appoint biracial citizen committees to work out desegregation plans. The Maryland State Board of Education and the Board of Trustees of the Teachers Colleges on June 23 resolved that segregation in the 5 teachers colleges "is hereby abolished".

In Delaware, things are moving more slowly and apparently the state leadership has been made unduly timid by the Milford disorder; however, Wilmington is well into the integration process and the school districts in the northern part of the state are planning to expand their partially integrated school policies.

West Virginia is expected to step up its already considerable integration. From Southern School News: "18 other counties (in addition to Greenbrier county) which have taken no action on the issue probably will do so within the year and the feeling prevails that integration will be completed within two years in West Virginia. 12 of the 25 already are integrated while 13 others have planned integration. 11 have no Negro pupils."

In Missouri, many school districts had already begun integration or decided to begin in September, before the May 31st ruling came down. St. Louis, which has desegregated its Junior Colleges and high schools, will go ahead with its elementary schools in September.

It looks as if ~~the states~~ Missouri may now make integration mandatory in the remaining segregated systems, in the light of the Supreme Court Decision.

SOUTHERN STATES

ARKANSAS

Fayetteville and Charleston have effected partial desegregation. No other specific plans yet, but State Education Commissioner Arch Ford issued a good statement indicating that the "professional school forces" will help local schools boards and other officials who want to work out compliance.

OKLAHOMA

All 18 state-supported universities and colleges have been ordered to open their enrollment to Negro undergraduates by September; and the city of Poteau became the first public school system in the state to end classroom segregation. Poteau's Superintendent of schoold, E. L. Costner, said the city's three white grade schools and one separate school for Negroes will be open to both races this fall. Truman Bennett, assistant state superintendent of public instruction, predicted that the action in Poteau would snowball. Interestingly, Poteau is not in the thinly Negro part of the state but in the eastern "little Dixie" area. A surprise.

KENTUCKY

After Governor Lawrence Wetherby reiterated the state's intention of "obeying the law", a Negro girl was registered for the summer session of a previously all-white school. Kentucky's first instance of public school desegregation came less than a week after the decrees. The Negro girl was admitted to the Lafayette County High School in Lexington, KY. She previously has been a student at Douglas High School, Fayette County's Negro school. It was emphasized, however, that the action in Fayette County does not necessarily mean that the county schools will be desegregated in the regular session this fall. The county superintendent of schools said that an advisory committee which is considering all aspects of the desegration issue has not yet recommended a plan. Wayne County will in September admit its 6 Negro children to the one room public school that serves white children in the area. In Louisville, county and city officials announced that they have no plans for desegregation earlier than September 1956. The City superintendent has promised to present a definite plan to his board by November, 1955.

NORTH CAROLINA

Two of the Larger North Carolina cities also moved quickly toward the development of school desegregation plans. In Asheville, the school board laid down a policy of "honest effort" to meet the Court ruling and announced it would move "with measured step in the direction of ultimate compliance with the supreme law of the land." The board wisely added that it expected full cooperation from "both white and colored people as we endeavor to work out the many problems that will face us..."

In Charlotte, the city school board reiterated its statement of a year ago expressing its desire to comply with the law and authorized the appointment of a study committee to investigate immediately methods of carrying out the Court's edict. The board also ordered the administrative staff to collect information regarding integration plans elsewhere and to assemble official records on the act of the 1955 State Legislature increasing the authority of local school boards.

The Moore county Board of Education on June 18 set up a 16-members biracial study commission to formulate the desegregation plan.

Although state officials are offering no encouragement to the communities that might go ahead with desegregation, Governor Hodges has publicly endorsed the idea of communities appointing interracial committees to find local solutions.

TEXAS

In Texas, the Houston Biracial Advisory School Committee was organized to study the problem of desegregation. The committee's announced purpose is "to work out the earliest solution to the best of our ability". Seventeen of the 20 Negro and white citizens appointed to the board were present at the initial meeting. The group plans to raise the membership to 25 (10 Negro and 15 white).

Friona, as you know, went ahead last year and integrated his handful of Negro pupils. San Antonio has announced that segregation probably will be abolished in its public schools this september. San Antonio college previously all white and San Philipps previously all Negro revealed that each has accepted applications for admission of students of the other race.

TENNESSEE

On the college level , the Tennessee State Board of Education approved a program of gradual desegregation in the state's colleges beginning with the graduate schools next fall. The state board said, in effect, that it is willing to begin desegregation if the federal district court will rule that Tennessee's segregation laws are invalid.

This action is in direct response to a Memphis law suit; however, this gradual plan will doubtless be unacceptable to the NAACP. The case in Anderson county is expected to be reactivated in the light of the May 31st ruling. It has been held in abeyance by the federal district judge pending the Supreme Court's implementation decree.

Oak Ridge is expected to desegregate in September. You will no doubt get more up to date word at Fisk, but the chairman of the Nashville School Board has announced the intent to comply with the Court's ruling, thus possibly obviating threatened legal action by the NAACP.

OTHER STATES

Other officials gave hope that integration of the schools may be accomplished in a spirit of cooperation. In Florida, Thomas D. Bailey, state superintendent. advised local school boards to name biracial committees to study integration ; and the school board of Davidson County, Tennessee, directed its chairman and superintendent to work out desegregation plans with a biracial committee.

Positive reaction to the decrees by school leaders follow closely the position taken by John L. Lewis, chairman of the school board in Williamsburg, Virginia, who said the board favors trying to develop a plan to solve the segregation issue rather than setting up means to avoid the Supreme Court's decision. With this type of leadership and cooperation between Negro and white citizens, the process of integration in our schools should proceed quickly and efficiently.

School officials who take positive stands on the decrees do not stand alone. They are backed by an ever-growing group of citizens who view the decrees as a means to a more American way of life. Within a week after the Supreme Court decrees, the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (Southern) reaffirmed a 1954 pronouncement calling upon its 3,776 local churches to open their memberships rolls to all individuals regardless of race. The vote this year was 293-109 as compared to 236-169 last year. Previously, the 167th general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A. had approved a church-wide campaign to be known as "Operation Desegregation." The campaign will endeavor to put in to practice past pronouncements of the church deploring racial discriminations.

Additional support for the decrees came from a meeting of 375 college students from nine Southeastern states at the Methodist Assembly Center, Lake Junaluska, North Carolina. The group unanimously adopted a resolution pledging support to the Supreme Court's ruling against segregation in public schools and calling for an end to rules barring Negroes from swimming at the center.

June 27, 1955.

FILE COPY

MEMORANDUM

TO: George S. Mitchell

FROM: HCF

Here, in haste, is a run down on the status of integration in the border and southern states. In order to get it done in a hurry, I am simply supplementing John Constable's article on reactions, to be run in the forthcoming NEW SOUTH.

BORDER STATES

Integration in Washington, D.C., and Baltimore has been fully documented. Otherwise in Maryland, as you know, Montgomery County has announced that it will proceed to comply as to next September. With only a couple of exceptions, all the Maryland county schools have indicated that they will now appoint byq racial citizen committees to work out desegregation plans. The Maryland State Board of Education and the Board of Trustees of the Teacher College on June 23 resolved that segregation in the 5 teacher college "is hereby abolished".

In Delaware, things are moving more slowly and apparently the state leadership has been made unduly timid by the Milford disorder; however, Wilmington is well into the integration process and the school districts in the northern part of the state are planning to expand their partially integrated shool policies.

West Virginia is expected to step up its already considerable integration. From Southern School News: "18 other counties (in addition to Greenbrier county) which have taken no action on the issue probably will do so within the year and the feeling prevails that integration will be completed within two years in West Virginia. 12 of the 25 already are integrated while 13 others have planned integration. 11 have no Negro pupils."

In Missouri, many school districts had already begun integration or decided to begin in September, before the May 31st ruling came down. St. Louis, which has desegregated its Junior Colleges and high schools, will go ahead with its elementary schools in September.

It looks as if the states may now make integration mandatory in the remaining segregated systems, in the light of the Supreme Court Decision.

SOUTHERN STATES

ARKANSAS

Fayetteville and Charleston have effected partial desegregation. No other specific plans yet, but State Education Commissioner Arch Ford issued a good statement indicating that the "professional state forces" will help local schools boards and other officials who want to work out compliance.

OKLAHOMA

All 18 state-supported universities and colleges have been ordered to open their enrollment to Negro undergraduates by September; and the city of Poteau became the first public school system in the state to end classroom segregation. Poteau's Superintendent of schoolds, E. L. Costner, said the city's three white grade schools and one separate school for Negroes will be open to both races this fall. Truman Bennett, assistant state superintendent of public instruction, predisted that the action in Poteau would snowball. Interestingly, Poteau is not in the thinly Negro part of the state but in the eastern "little Dixie" area. A surprise.

KENTUCKY

After Governor Lawrence Wetherby reiterated the state's intention of "obeying the law", a Negro girl was registered for the summer session of a previously all-white school. Kentucky's first instance of public school desegregation came less than a week after the decrees. The Negro girl was admitted to the Lafayette County High School in Lexington, KY. She previously has been a student at Douglas High School, Fayette County's Negro school. It was emphasized, however, that the action in Fayette County does not necessarily mean that the county schools will be desegregated in the regular session this fall. The county superintendent of schools said that an advisory committee which is considering all aspects of the desegration issue has not yet recommended a plan. Wayne County will in September admit its 6 Negro children to the one room public school that serves white children in the area. In Louisville, county and city officials announced that they have no plans for desegregation earlier than September 1956. The City superintendent has promised to present a definite plan to his board by November, 1955.

NORTH CAROLINA

Two of the Larger North Carolina cities also moved quickly toward the development of school desegregation plans. In Asheville, the school board laid down a policy of "honest effort" to mett the Court ruling and announced it would move "with measured step in the direction of ultimate compliance with the supreme law of the land." The board wisely added that it expected full cooperation from "both white and colored people as we endeavor to work out the many problems that will face us..."

In Charlotte, the city school board reiterated its statement of a year ago expressing its desire to comply with the law and authorized the appointment of a study committee to investigate immediately methods of carrying out the Court's edict. The board also ordered the administrative staff to collect information regarding integration plans elsewhere and to assemble official records on the act of the 1955 State Legislature increasing the authority of local school boards.

The Moore county Board of Education on June 18 set up a 16-members biracial study commission to formulate the desegregation plan.

Although state officials are offering no encouragement to the communities that might go ahead with desegregation, Governor Hodges has publicly endorsed the idea of communities appointing interracial committees to find local solutions.

TEXAS

In Texas, the Houston Biracial Advisory School Committee was organized to study the problem of desegregation. The committee's announced purpose is "to work out the earliest solution to the best of our ability". Seventeen of the 20 Negro and white citizens appointed to the board were present at the initial meeting. The group plans to raise the membership to 25 (10 Negro and 15 white).

Friona, as you know, went ahead last year and integrated his handful of Negro pupils. San Antonio has announced that segregation probably will be abolished in its public schools this september. San Antonio college previously all white and San Philipps previously all Negro revealed that each has accepted applications for admission of students of the other race.

TENNESSEE

On the college level , the Tennessee State Board of Education approved a program of gradual desegregation in the state's colleges beginning with the graduate schools next fall. The state board said, in effect, that it is willing to begin desegregation if the federal district court will rule that Tennessee's segregation laws are invalid.

This action is in direct response to a Memphis law suit; however, this gradual plan will doubtless be unacceptable to the NAACP. The case in Anderson county is expected to be reactivated in the light of the May 31st ruling. It has been held in abeyance by the federal district judge pending the Supreme Court's implementation decree.

Oak Ridge is expected to desegregate in September. You will no doubt get more up to date word at Fisk, but the chairman of the Nashville School Board has announced the intent to comply with the Court's ruling, thus possibly obviating threatened legal action by the NAACP.

OTHER STATES

Other officials gave hope that integration of the schools may be accomplished in a spirit of cooperation. In Florida, Thomas D. Bailey, state superintendent. advised local school boards to name biracial committees to study integration ; and the school board of Davidson County, Tennessee, directed its chairman and superintendent to work out desegregation plans with a biracial committee.

Positive reaction to the decrees by school leaders follow closely the position taken by John L. Lewis, chairman of the school board in Williamsburg, Virginia, who said the board favors trying to develop a plan to solve the segregation issue rather than setting up means to avoid the Supreme Court's decision. With this type of leadership and cooperation between Negro and white citizens, the process of integration in our schools should proceed quickly and efficiently.

School officials who take positive stands on the decrees do not stand alone. They are backed by an ever-growing group of citizens who view the decrees as a means to a more American way of life. Within a week after the Supreme Court decrees, the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (Southern) reaffirmed a 1954 pronouncement calling upon its 3,776 local churches to open their memberships rolls to all individuals regardless of race. The vote this year was 293-109 as compared to 236-169 last year. Previously, the 167th general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A. had approved a church-wide campaign to be known as "Operation Desegregation." The campaign will endeavor to put in to practice past pronouncements of the church deploring racial discriminations.

Additional support for the decrees came from a meeting of 375 college students from nine Southeastern states at the Methodist Assembly Center, Lake Junaluska, North Carolina. The group unanimously adopted a resolution pledging support to the Supreme Court's ruling against segregation in public schools and calling for an end to rules barring Negroes from swimming at the center.

June 30, 1955

Mrs. Margaret L. Washington
2367 East Myrtle Street
Stockton, California

Dear Mrs. Washington:

Your letter of June 27, 1955, regarding information on desegregation in the public schools has been referred to me. It is difficult to send you specific material without first knowing a little more in detail the aspect of your proposed article. I am sending you, under separate cover, some material that may be helpful to you.

I am mailing the pamphlet "Question and Answers, The Schools and the Courts," which you mention in your letter. Price of the pamphlet is fifteen cents (15¢), payable in coin or stamps.

Also, I am mailing you a copy of a bibliography on the subject prepared by a member of our staff. Included in the mailing is a copy of our publications list. Under the heading, public education, you may be able to find something of interest. Then, too, our latest issue of "New South" contains an analysis of the May 31, 1955, Supreme Court ruling and an article on positive reaction to the ruling (that is, school boards who are planning ways of compliance). Current copies of "New South" sell for twenty cents (20¢).

Please write me if you are at all interested in additional material.

Thank you for your letter. I hope we can be of help to you.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Editorial Assistant

JUN 30 1955

2376 E. Myrtle Street
Stockton, California
June 27, 1955

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I wish to ask that you please give me any current information that you may have on desegregation in the public schools.

I am revising an article which I wrote on desegregation in a writing course and wish to offer for publication.

I shall be very grateful for any information you give me.

Very sincerely yours,
Margaret L. Washington

P.S. While I have not read Questions and Answers: The Schools and the Courts, I have requested my library to purchase it. Please inform me where it can be purchased and the price.

July 14, 1955.

Dr. Paul E. Pfuetze
The University of Georgia
Department of Philosophy
Athens Georgia

Dear Dr. Pfuetze:

Enclosed is such information as we have on desegregation in church-related schools and colleges and in publicly supported institutions of higher education. You already have a copy of the February New South, I imagine, but I send along a copy just in case. Also enclosed is a bibliography which includes some listings on the subject.

Incidentally, Guy Johnson is supposed to be preparing a whole book on the experience with integration in higher education. I don't know what the publication plans are but, meanwhile, perhaps he can supply some helpful material.

We appreciate your kind words on the last two issues of New South. There is still plenty of room for improvement, and we would welcome your suggestions at any time.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF/vc
Encs. 5

THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA
DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY
ATHENS GEORGIA

July 11, 1955

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold Fleming:

I am writing to you to ask for help in getting: (a) the most up-to-date and complete figures on the status and progress of desegregation in the church-related schools, colleges and seminaries, and (b) the latest figures and general information about the situation prevailing in those southern universities and colleges which have admitted Negroes.

Would you have a survey or study covering these matters or could you tell me where I might get it? As you know, I have been doing some study and writing in this field and I am eager to keep abreast of developments but I also am trying to anticipate the time when the University of Georgia may be ordered by the courts to admit qualified Negroes. Reports on the actual experience in those schools where they have admitted Negroes, disseminated to persons whose views might be influential in bringing about a change for the better, might be a helpful strategy. In any event, let me have your latest information on these matters.

Many thanks. Incidentally, the May and June issues of The New South have been splendid.

Ever cordially yours,

Paul E. Pfuetze

Paul E. Pfuetze
Professor of Philosophy

PEP/mr

July 14, 1955

L. J. Twymon
1226 Villa Place
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Twymon:

In regard to your letter of July 12, 1955, concerning teachers in integrated school systems—I am sorry but we have little material that would be of value to you.

I am, however, sending you, under separate cover, copies of material on St Louis and a bibliography of "Desegregation in Education." Also, I note by the index of the Southern School News that some material has been published in back issues of the paper. Since the headquarters of the paper is there in Nashville, you might find it worthwhile to check back issues of the News.

Also, I suggest that you write to the school systems involved. They, at least, will send you information on the number of Negro teachers retained in integrated systems.

Again, I am sorry that I cannot be of much help to you.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable
Editorial Assistant

1226 Villa Place
Nashville, Tenn.
July 12, 1955

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

JUL 14 1955

Sirs:

Please send me any information available on the Negro Teacher Situation as to employment in the Integrated Systems to date.

As a student in George Peabody College, I am trying to get some factual information as to the present trends in regards to this situation — Negro teacher employment, or the lack of it in St. Louis, Baltimore and other recent systems.

Thank you,
L. J. Swymon

8/8/55

CITIES APPOINTING INTERRACIAL COMMITTEES TO STUDY INTEGRATION

ARKANSAS

Hot Springs

TEXAS

Houston

NORTH CAROLINA

Charlotte
Forsyth County
Moore County (~~Raleigh~~) Carthage
Winston-Salem

VIRGINIA

Norfolk

KENTUCKY

Danville
Fayette County

MARYLAND

Annapolis (unofficial)

[redacted]

TENNESSEE

Nashville
Chattanooga
Oak Ridge

August 31, 1955

Mr. Cabell Phillips
New York Times
Washington Office
1701 "K" Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Cabell:

In my opinion, the inwardness of the Negro demand in this country and in disturbed Colonial areas abroad is for significant public and private recognition of equal human dignity. Opening the public schools is one of the various means to that end.

The second thing to notice is that Negro people in the Southern states have been systematically denied responsible participation in public affairs; and in direct consequence have put much energy into non-cooperation with public arrangements in which they had had no policy participation.

A good many towns in the South are now beginning to take a step which reverses both these historic errors. Local school boards are officially impaneling committees of citizens, white and Negro, to find the facts and advise on ways of integrating the schools. Quite obviously politically minded persons on school boards expect to benefit from getting responsibility directly on to the shoulders of private citizens. Obviously, also, the citizens' committee can work effectively with the various community pressures for or against integration. Significantly, these committees accord recognition of equal human dignity. They have to.

Significantly, also, they enlist effective persons in the Negro community and therefore to a degree the public sentiment of the entire Negro community in responsible performance in accord with agreements taken. Such a double-headed movement is the beginning of health anywhere in the South that it appears.

Another thing to notice is that the Supreme Court in its two decisions opened a kind of horse race as between the integrated communities. Those which get away fast with a wisely planned course will succeed earliest and with least anger. Those are the towns that will stay ahead in prosperity and in social conscience.

On the areas where the matter can be quicker or more slowly done, I commend to you the map at the back of the pamphlet Answers for Action.

Memorialiter. . . .

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
(Dictated August 30)

October 5, 1955

Mr. Howard C. Morgan, Director of Forsenics
DEBATE - Box 409
Capital University
Columbus 9, Ohio

Dear Mr. Morgan:

Your letter requesting information has been referred to me.

I am certain that we have some material that will be of help to you in the discussion subject. I am sending you a copy of our publications list and a copy of a bibliography on education compiled by one of our staff members. Also included is a pamphlet concerning the Council's publication, "Changing Patterns in the New South," which you may find interesting. I also recommend the Council's pamphlet, "Answers for Action," which is listed in the publications list. The publications list does not refer to the July-August New South, which contains information concerning court decisions since the Supreme Court ruling of May 31, 1955, and a progress report of desegregation moves in the Southern and border states.

If any of this material will be of any aid to you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Editorial Assistant

DEBATE - Box 409
Capital University
Columbus 9, Ohio
October 3, 1955

OCT 5 1955

Southern Regional Council
Dr. Geo. S. Mitchell
63 Auburn Ave. N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Do you have anything on the National College Discussion subject for the year, HOW CAN WE BEST IMPLEMENT THE DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT FOR RACIAL INTEGRATION IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

I shall be glad to know what materials you have, the price and where they can be secured.

Sincerely,

Howard C. Morgan

Howard C. Morgan
Director of Forensics

db

October 19, 1955

Mr. Roland S. Jones
Parsonburg,
Maryland

Dear Mr. Jones:

I have sent off at once some pretty good things. Hope they'll help.

For the SRC publications you should send us a dollar, which we'll be grateful for. The book we can give you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Info - Integration

Roland S. Jones
Parsonsburg, Md.

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

OCT 19 1955

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Please send me by return mail any information which you may have concerning Desegregation. This information will be very useful in a sermon which I plan to present at our M.Y.F. meeting.

Sincerely Yours,
Roland S. Jones
R.S.

Dear Mr. Jones,

I have sent off at once some pretty good things. Hope they'll help.

For the SRC publications you should send us a dollar, which we'll be grateful for. The book we can give you.

Sincerely,

November 21, 1955

Mrs. Frances Hogarth
5512 Monroe Place
Norfolk 8, Virginia

Dear Mrs. Hogarth:

I am enclosing a list of the cities indicated in our records as having interracial committees to advise the local School Boards.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosure

November 21, 1955

Mr. Roger H. Crook
Department of Religion
Meredith College
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Crook:

Probably the most comprehensive statistical data on education in the South, can be found in the recently published Public Education in the South Today and Tomorrow edited by Ernest W. Swanson and John A. Griffin. The book was published by The University of North Carolina Press.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys

Schools Integration

November 21, 1955

Miss Rebecca Staples
Ben Lippen School
Route 4
Asheville, North Carolina

Dear Miss Staples:

I am uncertain whether you desire information on segregation practices and statutes or evaluations that have been made of segregation. However, I am enclosing a brief bibliography which may be helpful. In addition, I am enclosing a list of our publications. Several pamphlets are being sent to you under separate cover.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosures

November 21, 1955

Mrs. W. C. Pauley
State Education Chairman
League of Women Voters of Georgia
78 Marietta Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Pauley:

I am sending you several of our publications dealing entirely or partly with education. A copy of our publications list is enclosed. If you desire any of the material on this list or specific issues of NEW SOUTH, please call me at LAmar 1809, and I will see that these items reach you in time for your workshop.

The publications presently being sent you cost $1.15 and are as follows:

New South, October, 1955
Questions and Answers
Christian Conscience and the Supreme Court Decision on Segregated Schools
Desegregation in Education
Changing Patterns in the New South

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosures

November 21, 1955

Professor Dean F. Graunke
Director of Forensics
Eastern Montana College of Education
Billings, Montana

Dear Professor Graunke:

A bibliography prepared in our office and entitled Desegregation in Education has been sent you. In addition other pieces of literature dealing with integration in public schools were included. I think that you would also find the October and November issues of SOUTHERN SCHOOL NEWS helpful. These are available from:

Southern Education Reporting Service
P. O. Box 6156
Acklen Station
Nashville 5, Tennessee

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys

November 21, 1955

Miss Gloria Howard
Program Chairman
Problems In Democracy Class
Southwest High School
3116 Sewell Road, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Miss Howard:

I am sending you our publications list, the contents of Changing Patterns In The New South and the following publications:

Segregation And The Schools

Journal of Educational Sociology, October, 1954

The Schools That Broke The Color Line

Desegregation In Education

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosures

November 21, 1955

Association for Supervision and
Curriculum Development, NEA
1201 Sixteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Please send us fifteen copies of the November 1955 issue of Educational Leadership and forward the bill to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Southern Regional Council.

Very truly yours,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys

November 21, 1955

Mrs. W. B. Hall
Speech Teacher
Whitesburg High School
Whitesburg, Kentucky

Dear Mrs. Hall:

A brief resume of integration in Kentucky Schools appeared in the October issue of SOUTHERN SCHOOL NEWS available from Southern Education Reporting Service, P. O. Box 6156, Acklen Station, Nashville, Tennessee. Also a very informative article entitled "Integration Trial Balance", appeared in the September 18, 1955 issue of the Louisville COURIER-JOURNAL.

I am enclosing a copy of our publications list and a statement on the Council.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosures

Mr. Hepburn Many,
Attorney at Law,
Carondelet Building,
New Orleans 12, LA.

November, 22nd. 1955.

Dear Mr. Many,

For a small community I would recommend a self-survey, on the view that when a group of citizens, white and Negro, find the facts and make a plan together, a permanent contribution has been made to the community's resources for conducting matters smoothly and fairly. But New Orleans is so large a city that I agree some outside agency ought to do the job. Perhaps also the non-involvement and anonymity of an outside body would be particularly helpful in this question.

In a growing number of Southern cities and towns the local school board has by an official minute impanelled a citizens' committee, white and Negro, to find the facts and advise the school board on a course of action, which course of action shall respect the law. Such places include St. Petersburg, Chattanooga, Asheville, Winston-Salem, Charlotte, Durham, Nashville, Daytona Beach, Danville (Ky.) Houston, Hot Springs, etc.

I should think the New Orleans Board might well by an official act request a survey, making an appropriation for it if need be. In this connection I would advise that you or others be in touch with Mr. Phillip Coombs, of the Fund for Advancement of Education, 655, Madison Avenue, N.Y. 21, N.Y., as that body has expressed an interest in a survey much on the order of what you suggest.

In the course of the survey it ought to be possible to coordinate plans with those doubtless being made for the schools of the Archidiocese.

I send separately a manual of what we know about SELF-surveys, and a useful small book on the present schools question.

Yours sincerely,

GSM:rl.

Information School Integration

M. HEPBURN MANY
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CARONDELET BUILDING
RAYMOND 9846 NEW ORLEANS 12, LA.

November 17, 1955

NOV 21 1955

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Mr. Lester Kabacoff suggested that I write you in connection with my efforts to have an independent and disinterested survey made of the problems that will be presented by the desegregation of the New Orleans public schools, with a view to developing possible solutions in whole or in part to those problems. More particularly, I feel we should know:

1. The impact of desegregation in school population, white and colored, anticipated per school and per school district.

2. The effect this will have on the educational standards through the probable difficulty the colored pupils will have in learning at the same pace as the whites of the same age, and the steps that could be taken to lessen or eliminate this effect.

3. The difficulties involved in having colored pupils with white teachers, and white pupils with colored teachers.

4. The problem of particular importance in New Orleans of having the Catholic parochial schools and the public schools adopt a common approach to the matter of desegregation. A great number of our population are taught in Catholic institutions, and if there is desegregation there before the public school system, or the other way around, a very awkward situation might well result.

As matters presently stand, a number of people are interested in attempting to develop objective facts to aid the community in its approach to this considerable problem, but there have been no definite steps taken. The Bureau of Governmental Research, which I believe is uniquely well qualified for such a task, has indicated some possibility of its undertaking a survey, but its position is that it must have a definite and specific research objective, and that it must be requested to perform this work by a responsible group or body rather than itself initiate the program.

I am sure that your experience and your comprehensive view of the problem of the entire South qualify you to suggest certain avenues and sources of information, and perhaps even certain specific approaches, that would be of great benefit, and I should very greatly appreciate any assistance you may be able to give.

Very truly yours,

M. Hepburn Many

M. HEPBURN MANY

Ans 5th Nov 22. '55

December 1, 1955

Mr. Jonas O. Rosenthal
Department of Sociology
Wharton School of Finance
University of Pennsylvania
Philadelphia 4, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Rosenthal:

The November issue of Southern School News contained a report of its recent survey on Negro teachers' tenure and attitudes in desegregation. This publication is available from:

Southern Education Reporting Service
P. O. Box 6156, Acklen Station
Nashville 5, Tennessee

The Winter 1955 edition of The Journal of Negro Education, probably available in your library, reported on a study made among South Carolina teachers. In addition, a summary of an Associated Press survey has appeared in several papers including the Chattanooga Times (Tennessee) for October 23, 1955.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys

December 8, 1955

Mr. L. S. Ludlow, Jr.
Box #311
Mercer University
Macon, Georgia

Dear Mr. Ludlow:

I am sending you a copy of "Christian Conscience and the Supreme Court Decision on Segregated Schools" and "The Churches Speak" for which you may send us twenty cents in coin or stamps. The latter contains statements on segregation made by many of the national and regional church bodies. We expect to compile the more recent declarations of these and other religious organizations in the very near future. Therefore, if your interest in and need for this information continues throughout the school year, please inform us.

A copy of our publications list is enclosed.

Sincerely,

Florence B. Irving
Research Assistant

FBI/ys
Enclosure

March 23, 1956

Miss Shirley Sanders
Lizella, Georgia

Dear Miss Sanders:

I can send you some things to read and you and others on the panel will have to dig on through. A bundle of printed things is coming to you separately.

My own personal views are not simple and are not put down in a letter less than five days long. But generally I think human equality is right and irresistible and it is the part of wisdom to have responsible whites and Negroes, community by community, confer on the facts and agree to adjustments.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:mef

P.S. Printed things cost some money - not a lot. What we have sent, plus the postage, adds up to 1.35. If the panel can scratch together that much, we would like to receive it, but we don't drain you.

RECEIVED MAR 22 1956

Lizella, Georgia
March 20, 1956

Dr. George Mitchell
Director of Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am a junior at A. L. Miller Senior High School in Macon, Georgia. Our history class is planning a panel on segregation. We are trying to present both sides of the question, and most of our information is against integration. For this reason we would appreciate any information favoring integration that you could give us. We would also like to have your own personal views on this matter and the basis for your beliefs. Any material that you could give us would be a great help and would be very much appreciated.

Sincerely,
Shirley Sanders

Board of Church Extension

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES

HOME MISSIONS · EVANGELISM · NEGRO WORK · RADIO AND TELEVISION · CHRISTIAN RELATIONS

PATRICK D. MILLER, Executive Secretary

MALCOLM P. CALHOUN
Secretary

Division of Christian Relations
341-B Ponce de Leon Avenue, N.E.
ATLANTA 8, GEORGIA

August 28, 1956

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Enclosed is the material which you very kindly lent me. Thank you so much for letting me have the opportunity to read it.

With every good wish for you, I remain

Sincerely yours,

Malcolm

MALCOLM P. CALHOUN

MPC/ept

FORWARD WITH CHRIST

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS INTEGRATING SINCE MAY 17, 1954

Arkansas

Four Negro Catholic children entered St. Scholastica's Academy in Fort Smith for the 1954-55 school session; and two Negro Catholic children entered the parochial school in Paris for the 1954-55 session.

Kentucky

The Reverend John S. Elsaesser of Covington announced in June, 1955, at a statewide conference of Catholic educators that Negro children would be admitted to white Catholic schools in the Diocese of Covington any time they apply.

Maryland

Catholic elementary grade schools in Baltimore desegregated in the fall of 1954. The first Negro was enrolled at the Immaculate Conception (Catholic) grade school in Elkton in September 1955. Archbishop Patrick O'Boyle ordered integration in first two grades of ten Catholic elementary schools in Calvert, Charles, and St. Marys counties, change to be effective in the fall of 1956.

North Carolina

Notre Dame High School for girls in Southern Pines accepted Negro students in the fall of 1954; school was moved to Greensboro, N. C. in 1955 as a co-ed, interracial school. The first Negro pupils were enrolled in the white Catholic elementary school in Rocky Mount in 1955. The Greensboro Catholic high school opened on an integrated basis in the fall of 1955. Negro Catholics were admitted to the Cathedral Latin High School in Raleigh for the first time in 1954. Two Catholic schools in Charlotte-Assumption and O'Donoghue - integrated at the beginning of the 1954-55 term. Charlotte Catholic High, a new school opened at the start of the 1956-57 term, began on an integrated basis.

Oklahoma

Bishop Eugene J. McGuinness ordered all Catholic schools in the state to admit qualified Negroes without discrimination in August 1954.

South Carolina

St. Anne Catholic School in Rock Hill integrated in September 1954.

TENNESSEE

Father Ryan School for Boys, Cathedral School, and other Catholic schools in Nashville admitted Negro students, 1954-55. Cathedral's spring banquet in 1955 was held in Nashville hotel on an integrated basis.

TEXAS

Two Negroes enrolled at Jesuit High School in San Antonio for the first time and parochial elementary schools in the city are opened to Negroes in 1955. Catholic parochial schools throughout Texas are expected to operate on an integrated basis in 1956.

Virginia

Catholic High in Norfolk admitted 12 Negro pupils in September, 1955. In September, 1954, the Catholic high school and two Catholic elementary schools in Roanoke admitted Negroes. In Richmond, three Catholic schools - St. Patrick's, Cathedral, and Benedictine - admit Negroes. Catholic elementary schools in Newport News, Warwick, and Hampton admitted Negroes in September, 1954. Catholic parochial schools in Fairfax and Arlington counties, Alexandria, Williamsburg, and Charlottesville opened to Negroes in September, 1955.

CATHOLIC COLLEGES DESEGREGATING SINCE MAY 17, 1954 (formerly all-white)

ALABAMA

Spring Hill Roman Catholic college at Mobile desegregated in September, 1954.

FLORIDA

The Roman Catholic Barry College in Miami desegregated for the 1955-56 session.

NORTH CAROLINA

The Belmont Abbey College and the Sacred Heart Junior College in Belmont desegregated in 1954.

OKLAHOMA

St. Gregory's College, Roman Catholic, in Shawnee desegregated in May, 1954.

In addition to the above white colleges desegregating, the All-Negro Roman Catholic Xavier University in New Orleans, Louisiana, desegregated in the fall of 1954.

RELIGIOUS ACTIVITY (Integration since May 17, 1954)

ALABAMA

In Mobile, Bishop Thomas J. Toolen conferred one of the Catholic Church's highest honors upon a Negro layman, making him a Knight of St. Gregory; he is the first Negro in the South inducted into the papal honorary society.

DELAWARE

The Bishop Monaghan Council, Knights of Columbus, accepted Negro members in January, 1955. These were the first Negroes to apply since the Delaware K. of C. was organized 50 years ago.

LOUISIANA

In 1955, the Catholic Church in Erath began conducting joint cathechism classes for white and Negro children.

NORTH CAROLINA

Four Negroes joined the Knights of Columbus in Jacksonville. In 1956, Catholic interracial councils were formed in Charlotte and Durham.

OKLAHOMA

Two Negroes joined the Oklahoma City chapter of the Knights of Columbus. In 1955, Negroes also were accepted for the first time in the K. of C. in Muskogee and Tulsa.

SOUTH CAROLINA

The Catholic Youth Organization integrated on the diocesan -- in this case, statewide -- level, and on the deanery or district level in 1954; the Diocesan Council of Women of Charleston, which includes women from all of South Carolina, and the newly formed South Carolina Confraternity of Christian Doctrine, a Catholic lay cathechetic group, integrated in the same year.

J.C.

O.K.
9/26/56

331 Williams Street
Huron, Ohio
September 23, 1956

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

RECEIVED SEP 25 1956

Dear Sir:

In civics class I am writing a term paper on Integration. Would you please send me information that I might use?

If there is any charge for this information I would be glad to pay for it.

Sincerely,

Ella Holland

cc: * incoming to FBR

Info

Please [illegible]

October 2, 1956

Miss Barbara Reynolds
2004 Rose Avenue
Knoxville, Tennessee

Dear Miss Reynolds:

For Louisville I send you a sheaf of clippings. The man Carmichael who, as Superintendent of the Schools, put it through appeared on "Face the Nation." I hear that the movie of his appearance there will be available later on through the Philadelphia Fellowship Commission, 260 South Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania. Carmichael did nobly they say, and that movie will be very helpful.

For more intimate details, be in touch with Professor C.H. Parrish at the University of Louisville. His office telephone is MElrose 7-2531, and his home telephone is EMerson 8-2816. He is Assistant Director of SRC and a most able and well-informed man.

You could also get the story from the Kentucky Council on Human Relations, whose Executive Director is Galen A. Martin, at 208 West Main Street, Frankfort, Kentucky. Telephone is 3-1409

Little Rock is another matter. Little Rock has not opened its public schools to Negroes. The three towns in Arkansas which have are Charleston, Fayetteville in the northwest corner, and Hoxie toward the northeast part of the state. But the University of Arkansas voluntarily opened long ago, and its considerable branch at Little Rock has quite large numbers of Negro students interspersed among the white students without any ruckus. If you want more details on the Arkansas matter, write to Nat Griswold, Arkansas Council on Human Relations, 211 Izard Street, Little Rock. Telephone is FRanklin 4-4521.

We wish you every success. I hope you have a copy of our little pamphlet — herewith.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Under separate cover:
The St. Louis Story
Desegregation in the Baltimore City Schools
Next Steps
June 1956 issue New South (The Subtle Hypocrisy of "Delay")
Publications list

Info

October 8, 1956

Mrs. Ruth D. Bradford
531 Garland Street
Fayetteville, Arkansas

Dear Mrs. Bradford:

I am sorry that my absence from the office prevented my answering your letter before now.

We have very little in print that bears directly on the question which you are investigating. In fact, I think we are all at the beginning rather than at the end of discovering how racial attitudes can be modified in a bi-racial society.

I am sending you separately a few things that may be of help. I should think the best case studies would be Louisville, Baltimore and St. Louis. In all three of these places, as you probably know, there was a substantial period of conscious preparation by school people and others for the change in schools. I don't know if you saw Superintendent Carmichael of Louisville on the recent television program "Face the Nation". He did a most impressive job of interpreting the proper role of community leaders, educational and otherwise. I understand that there is some possibility that a film of this program will be available to interested groups.

I am enclosing the titles of a few books which our Research Assistant suggests as pertinent to your inquiry.

Let us know if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo
Enc.

The Nature of Prejudice	by Allport, Gordon Addison Wesley Publishing Co. 1954
Prejudice and Your Child	by Clark, Kenneth The Beacon Press, 1955
A Manual of Intergroup Relations	Dean, John P. & Rosen, Alex University of Chicago Press 1955
The Fears Men Live By	Hirsh, Selma Harper and Brothers, 1955
The Main Types and Causes of Discrimination	United Nations Publication, 1949 Available from: International Documents Service Columbia University Press 2960 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
Child Study	"The Many Faces of Prejudice" Winter 1955-56 Available from: Child Study Association 132 East 74th Street, N.Y.C.

September 26, 1956

Mrs. Ruth D. Bradford
531 Garland Street
Fayetteville, Arkansas

Dear Mrs. Bradford:

This is to acknowledge your letter of the 24th. Mr. Fleming is presently out of the city but will be communicating with you sometime next week.

Cordially,

Secretary to H. C. Fleming

/mbo

JC -
FI -
Is there anything in print on this?

RECEIVED SEP 26 1956

531 Garland Street
Fayetteville, Arkansas
September 24, 1956

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am a graduate student at the University of Arkansas, and am about to begin investigating the problem of how school leaders in the South can contribute to modifying racial attitudes as a means of improving human relations in a bi-racial society.

It is my feeling that your organization is making great strides in the right direction toward promoting racial understanding through cooperative planning and action. Perhaps you have some material at your disposal that might help me to make this a worthwhile study. If so, would you kindly share with me any significant findings in the area of identifying racial attitudes and ways of changing them, as well as any other information which you consider pertinent.

Please let me hear from you at your earliest convenience.

Very sincerely yours,

Ruth D. Bradford

(Mrs.) Ruth D. Bradford

/b

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF

. . . ~~GEORGE S. MITCHELL~~ . . .

HCF,

The attached newsclips are all we have on the purge of voters.

Also attached is our supplement to the college list.

Thought you might like to see how my copy of Integration N.&S. was bawled.

FBI.

December, 1956

FORMERLY WHITE COLLEGES DESEGREGATING SINCE JUNE, 1956

Institutions	Legal Control
Eastern Kentucky State College, Richmond, Ky.	State
Morehead State College, Morehead, Kentucky	State
Salisbury Teachers College, Salisbury, Maryland	State
Jefferson City Junior College, Jefferson City, Missouri	District
Junior College of Flat River, Flat River, Missouri	Municipal
Moberly Junior College, Moberly, Missouri	Municipal
Northeast Mo. State Teachers College, Kirksville, Mo. * (See below)	State
Trenton Junior College, Trenton, Missouri	Municipal
Gaston Technical Institute, Gastonia, North Carolina	State
Woman's College of University of N.C., Greensboro, N.C.	State
Altus College, Altus, Oklahoma	Municipal
Benedictine Heights College, Tulsa, Oklahoma	Roman Catholic
El Reno Junior College, El Reno, Oklahoma	District
Poteau Junior College, Poteau, Oklahoma	Private
Sayre Junior College, Sayre, Oklahoma	District
Seminole Junior College, Seminole, Oklahoma	Private
University of Tulsa, Tulsa, Oklahoma	Private
Memphis State College, Memphis, Tennessee	State
Middle Tennessee State College, Murfreesboro, Tenn.	State
Tennessee Polytechnic Institute, Cookeville, Tenn.	State
Vanderbilt School of Law, Nashville, Tennessee	Private
Cisco Junior College, Cisco, Texas	Municipal
Gainesville Junior College, Gainesville, Texas	Municipal
Lamar State College, Beaumont, Texas	State

*Northwest Mo. State College, Maryville, Missouri — State

March 8, 1957

Mr.
~~Miss~~ Francis Manis
School of Social Work
The University of Tennessee
Knoxville, Tennessee

Dear Fran:

Fred Routh has passed on to me your letter concerning materials on desegregation. We are mailing, under separate cover, some free material and some single copies of books which you might use for the library of the group.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:fc

THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE
KNOXVILLE

February 28, 1957

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK
KNOXVILLE BRANCH

Mr. Fred Routh
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Fred

This is a quick note with a quick request. Could you gather any free material that you might have in the office bearing on desegregation within the schools (examples in other communities, etc.) and send as much as you possibly can to me.

The material will be distributed to a growing organization known as the Blount County Improvement Association which has been formed in the county in which I live.

This is an interracial organization with about the same purposes as the Joint Committee in Knoxville. We have had two meetings with about thirty out.

At the last meeting I put out a lot of my excess literature and it was all swept up in a matter of minutes. This is a group that is eager for education and will read anything related to the subject. We are starting a library and any material on the pamphlet side that you could send to me for broad distribution would be particularly helpful.

(except they are direct action.)

If you are interested I will let you know of developments from time to time.

Sincerely

Francis Manis

April 3, 1957

Mr. W. Forrest Altman
Route 2
Louisville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Altman:

Thank you for your letter concerning materials of the Southern Regional Council. We do not have a quantity of free material since we are a non-profit Organization. However, I am sending you, under separate cover, some material which may be of use to you.

If we can be of additional help, please do not hesitate to write.

Sincerely yours,

John Constable,
Director of Information

JC:cj

separate cover;

Route 2
Louisville, Tenn.

March 20, 1957

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear John Constable:

Francis Manis of the Blount County Improvement Association has suggested that I write you concerning materials on the problem of school integration.

I am connected with a new, struggling group in Knoxville which we call the Committee to Maintain Peace and Order. Most of the group are members of the faculties or student bodies at Knoxville College or the University of Tennessee.

We should appreciate whatever materials you have available. There are about thirty members in our group. We plan to carry on workshop sessions on Sunday nights, four of our members on each of eight teams working with students from eight high schools to prepare their thinking and direct their actions when, as is likely, the schools in Knoxville integrate next fall.

Sincerely,

W. Forrest Altman

W. Forrest Altman

July 6, 1960

Miss S. Steinberg
636 Brooklyn Avenue
Brooklyn 3, New York

Dear Miss Steinberg:

We are sorry but we are unable to provide the pictures you requested.

The only suggestions I have are The Southern Education Reporting Service, 1109 - 19th Avenue, S, Nashville, Tenn., and/or a few of the magazines such as LOOK and LIFE.

Another suggestion is CORE whose headquarters are in New York City. The address is 38 Park Row, New York 38.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

636 Brooklyn Ave.
Brooklyn 3, New York
June 30, 1960

Dear Sir,

I am interested in obtaining pictures of children in interracial groups for use in my integrated classroom.

I would appreciate your referring me to an appropriate agency if your organization does not supply such material.

Thankyou.

Yours truly,
(Miss) S. Steinberg
636 Brooklyn Ave.
Brooklyn 3, N.Y.

(teacher - 3rd grade - P.S. 298-K.)

WORKBOOK

FELLOWSHIP OF THE CONCERNED

Southern Regional Council

The lives and destiny of eleven million school children of today and those that follow are at stake . . .

HYMNS

O GOD, OUR HELP IN AGES PAST

O God, our help in ages past,
Our hope for years to come,
Our shelter from the stormy blast,
And our eternal home!

Under the shadow of Thy throne
Still may we dwell secure;
Sufficient is Thine arm alone,
And our defense is sure.

Before the hills in order stood,
Or earth received her frame,
From everlasting Thou art God,
To endless years the same.

A thousand ages, in Thy sight,
Are like an evening gone;
Short as the watch that ends the night,
Before the rising sun.

O God, our help in ages past,
Our hope for years to come;
Be Thou our guide while life shall last,
And our eternal home!

Amen.

GOD OF GRACE AND GOD OF GLORY

God of grace and God of glory,
On Thy people pour Thy power;
Crown Thine ancient Church's story;
Bring her bud to glorious flower.
Grant us wisdom,
Grant us courage,
For the facing of this hour,
For the facing of this hour.

Grace Thy children's warring madness,
Bend our pride to Thy control;
Shame our wanton, selfish gladness,
Rich in things and poor in soul.
Grant us wisdom,
Grant us courage,
Lest we miss Thy kingdom's goal,
Lest we miss Thy kingdom's goal.

Save us from weak resignation
To the evils we deplore;
Let the search for Thy salvation
Be our glory evermore.
Grant us wisdom,
Grant us courage,
Serving Thee whom we adore,
Serving Thee whom we adore.

O MASTER, LET ME WALK WITH THEE

O Master, let me walk with Thee
In lowly paths of service free;
Tell me Thy secret; help me bear
The strain of toil, the fret of care.

Help me the slow of heart to move
By some clear, winning word of love;
Teach me the wayward feet to stay,
And guide them in the homeward way.

Teach me Thy patience; still with Thee
In closer, dearer company,
In work that keeps faith sweet and strong
In trust that triumphs over wrong;

In hope that sends a shining ray
Far down the future's broadening way;
In peace that only Thou canst give,
With Thee, O Master, let me live.

Amen.

"WHAT SHALL I DO ABOUT DESEGREGATION?"

Before you decide,

THINK ON THESE THINGS

Mrs. Candler Tatum

Who of us does not love and revere the word and the concept of freedom? Those of us privileged to be living in the United States in this day and generation count freedom as one of our most priceless heritages -- a heritage bought by the blood of our forefathers and defended since by the blood of our husbands and sons.

The march of history would indeed indicate that the desire for freedom is a God-implanted seed coming to fruition in human hearts again and again. Suppressed for a time in one area -- it bursts to life in another -- ever alive, ever unquenchable. God is indeed the only explanation for such a phenomenon,

We women of America are therefore trustees of a precious gift, because we are among a minority group privileged to enjoy the fruits of freedom in our own day and age. To us is entrusted not only the right use of the freedom which is ours, but also the extension of its precious privileges to all mankind. Can it be that God had this in mind when he created YOU and ME? Can it be that he is trusting in US to help work his purposes out for our own crisis-laden generation? Are we willing to be used of him in this way?

If so -- we can be, here and now, in our own communities, in our own churches, in our own homes. For our generation -- and particularly our Southland -- is faced with an unprecedented opportunity, an opportunity which has never before been given in like measure or in like form to any other generation or group of Christian women: the opportunity of extending the privileges which we so cherish and enjoy to a group within our midst who have been set apart and limited in their pursuit of life and liberty and happiness.

Each of us must decide for herself in the quiet of her own soul what she as a Christian woman, living in one of the few free countries of the world, will do with this -- her opportunity. Have you already decided? If so, then ask yourself just ONE QUESTION: Did you make your decision blindly, or prayerfully?

If blindly -- then surely you must know God needs and wants your prayerful reconsideration. Therefore, before you really decide -- won't you think on these things:

Three things our Master did superbly in his relationship to people about him:

First, He gave freely of His friendship to men and women of all classes and conditions of life. In the face of long-established customs and tradition -- His friendship had no limits.

Second, He identified Himself so completely with individual men and women that He knew how each one felt: what his thoughts were, what his possibilities were, what his problems were.

Third, He gave his life in an unforgettable and remarkable demonstration of the tremendous, unquenchable, creative power of self-giving love.

With Him as our Guide and Master still, let us see how we measure up in these three respects.

First: How wide are your friendships? Do you really know

A Negro woman who is president of the woman's society in her own local church in your community?

A Negro school teacher?

A Negro mother who is economically independent and well educated, and can devote her full time to her own family and to community and cultural interests?

Any Negro woman who does not have to depend on domestic service for a livelihood?

Would you be willing to widen your friendships so as to include one or more of these?

Second: How Christ-like is your imagination? Have you ever stopped to listen

To a Negro mother explain to her little boy why he could never sit on the fascinating front seat of a bus where he could watch the driver shift gears and punch buttons to open the doors and steer the big bus safely through city traffic?

To the thoughts of a little Negro girl who stands wistfully looking at the big swings and slides and jungle gym in the park where she is not allowed to play?

To a Negro youth, fascinated by football, wishing he might someday view the game from a center seat instead of from behind the goal posts?

To a Negro soldier-boy from the Southland being brainwashed by the communists, as he defends his country with his words as well as his life?

If you have never heard these things, would you be willing to let Christ sanctify your imagination so that you may feel what it is like to be restricted in freedom of choice and opportunity solely because of the color of one's skin?

Third: Do you know from experience the unquenchable power of self-giving love?

In holding gently but firmly to the things you know to be right, in the face of opposition and hostility, even sometimes in the face of your own inner conflicts and vacillation?

In sharing your prayerful conclusions in a quiet, relaxed, persuasive spirit which creates an atmosphere in which you and others can grow?

In assuming leadership for action which you believe to be in keeping with God's will and purpose for this day and generation?

If you and I are willing to lay hold of this power which is ours through Christ Jesus our Lord, then we may indeed be His apostles, born for the saving of this hour: "healers of the breach, and restorers of paths to dwell in."

Therefore -- before you decide --

THINK ON THESE THINGS

BROTHERHOOD

AN AMERICAN COVENANT OF BROTHERHOOD

Atlanta Bureau of Jewish Education

This day, whereon the memories of both Washington and Lincoln are interwoven, is dedicated to the ideal of brotherhood.

> Let us pray that all citizens of this Republic, which came into being under the guidance of Washington and was preserved by the genius of Lincoln, may be fraternally united in common allegiance to the principles on which it was established.

We thank Thee, O Lord, for having imbued the Founding Fathers of our nation with that faith in Thee which moved them to proclaim truths of great moral import:

> That all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Thou didst guide them in the framing of a constitution designed to promote the general welfare and to secure the blessings of liberty to themselves and their posterity.

> They made provision that all men should be free to serve Thee as their own conscience dictates.

They sought to keep far from these shores the old-world prejudices and fanatical hatreds by which men have profaned Thy name.

> America was to be a nation that, in the words of Washington, "give to bigotry no sanction, to persecution no assistance."

We thank Thee, O God, for having taught the founders of our Republic laws that safeguard the equal rights of all citizens and impose equal obligations upon all.

> Thus is the happiness of every American bound up with the welfare of the nation by a solemn covenant of citizenship.

Yet not always and not in all ways have we been true to the high purposes of the Founding Fathers; but when we went astray, Thou didst summon us back to the path of righteousness.

> Thou didst send us leaders of prophetic stamp who recalled us to our duty, and who taught us to behold Thy chastening hand in the sufferings and trials brought on by our sins.

At the very beginning of its career, our nation, even while holding aloft the banner of freedom and equality, belied the ideals it proclaimed by condoning the sin of slavery.

> Our national being well-nigh came to an end through that transgression of Thy will; fratricidal war threatened to shatter the Union.

It was Abraham Lincoln who admonished his people, saying: "If God wills that the war continue, until all the wealth piled by the bondman's two hundred and fifty years of unrequited toil shall be sunk, and until every drop of blood drawn with the lash shall be paid with another drawn with the sword, as it was said three thousand years ago, so still it shall be said: The judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether."

It was Abraham Lincoln who, with malice toward none, with charity to all, with firmness in the right as God gave him to see the right, strove to restore the Union and to give it a new birth of freedom.

Yea, loving the God of freedom with all his soul, he surrendered his soul in God's service, and died a holy martyr for the glory of God.

Thus did he liberate the Negro race from bondage, and redeem the White race from the sin of oppression.

Thus did he save our Union from destruction, and make possible a new era of equality and fraternity.

O God, help us to keep America true to its faith in democracy, and to fulfil the promise of its nationhood.

Unite the hearts of all Americans, whatever be their race, religion or part in the nation's economy, and help them preserve and enrich the American heritage of liberty and justice, of democracy and brotherhood.

Protect us from all enemies who, knowing not Thy way of justice and freedom, would seek to destroy or enslave us.

And protect us also from our own inclination to seek personal, partisan, racial or Sectarian aggrandizement.

Give us love and understanding; may we recognize one another's needs, and help one another in achieving all the worthy purposes we cherish for ourselves and for our people.

Help us to respect and value the heritage of every community in our land, and enable each community to give of its best to the service of all.

May our nation be privileged to prove, both in its own life and in its dealings with other nations, how good and how beautiful it is for brethern to dwell together in unity.

May we ever exercise our national sovereignty in compliance with the supreme suthority of Thy law; may we advance the universal brotherhood of man, under Thy divine fatherhood. Amen.

NEGROES ON PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARDS

CITY SCHOOL BOARDS

Atlanta, Ga. -- Rufus E. Clement. Elected May 1953.
Augusta, Ga. -- W.C. Ervin. Elected November 1952.
Charles City, Va. -- Carlton L. Jones. Appointed May 1954.
Greensboro, N.C. -- David D. Jones. Appointed April 1954.
Knoxville, Tenn. -- L.A. Alexander.
Lynchburg, Va. -- Carl B. Hutcherson. Appointed April 1953.
Nashville, Tenn. -- Coyness L. Ennix. Appointed January 1952.
Newport News, Va. -- C. Waldo Scott. Appointed March 1952.
Raleigh, N.C. -- F.J. Carnage. Appointed March 1949.
Roanoke, Va. -- L.C. Downing. Appointed July 1954. Roanoke has had a Negro on the school board since 1948.
Salisbury, N.C. -- W.J. Trent. Appointed July 1951.
Richmond, Va. -- Booker T. Bradshaw. Appointed September 1953.
Winston-Salem, N.C. -- William R. Crawford. Serves as representative of the Board of Aldermen on school board. Negro alderman has served in this capacity on school board since 1947.
Gainesville, Ga. -- E. E. Butler and D. S. Lowe, Jr. Appointed June, 1954

STATE SCHOOL BOARDS

Kentucky -- Kentucky has had a Negro on its school board since about 1944.
Maryland -- Dwight O. Holmes. Appointed to Maryland State Board of Education June 1951.
North Carolina -- Harold Trigg. Appointed to North Carolina School Board in 1949, is still serving.

THE LONG TRAILS AND TRIALS TO THE SUPREME
COURT DECISION ON SEGREGATED SCHOOLS

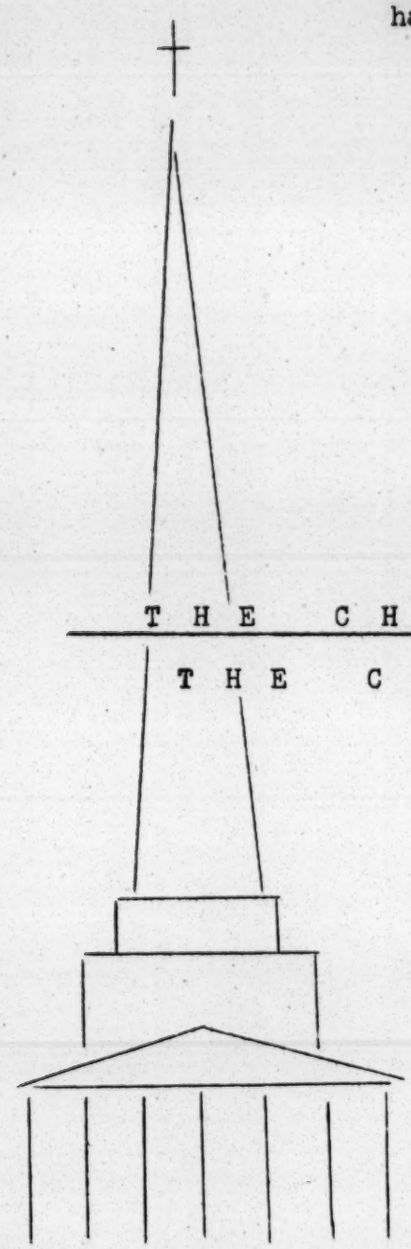
States	Years of the Cases in District and State Courts
Massachusetts	1849
Indiana	1850 - 1874 - 1882 - 1883 - 1926 - 1931
Ohio	1850 - 1871 - 1876 - 1882 - 1887 - 1926 - 1933
Iowa	1868 - 1886 - 1875 - 1876
Michigan	1869
New York	1869 - 1872 - 1883 - 1900 - 1905
Nevada	1872
California	1874 - 1885 - 1890 - 1902 - 1924 - 1947
Illinois	1874 - 1882 - 1889 - 1899
Kentucky	1874 - 1883 - 1885 - 1896 - 1909 - 1918 - 1919 - 1921 - 1924 1931 - 1949
Louisiana	1878 - 1950
Kansas	1881 - 1891 - 1903 - 1906 - 1907 - 1908 - 1916 - 1921 - 1930 1941
Pennsylvania	1882
New Jersey	1884 - 1927 - 1933 - 1944
Arkansas	1885 - 1945 - 1949 - 1950
North Carolina	1886 - 1886 - 1902 - 1911 - 1951 - 1951 - 1952
Missouri	1891 - 1941 - 1950 - 1950 - 1952
Mississippi	1893 - 1909 - 1917 - 1920 - 1925 - 1927
West Virginia	1896 - 1898
Oklahoma	1898 - 1904 - 1925
Arizona	1912 - 1927 - 1934 - 1951
Oregon	1913
Tennessee	1921 - 1942 - 1942 - 1951 - 1952
Colorado	1927
Maryland	1936 - 1937 - 1939 - 1939 - 1950
Virginia	1940 - 1948 - 1949 - 1950
Florida	1941 - 1943 - 1945 - 1950 - 1952 - 1952
Georgia	1944 - 1949
South Carolina	1947
Texas	1949 - 1950 - 1953
Delaware	1950
District of Columbia	1950 - 1952

CASES REACHING THE SUPREME COURT

1896	Louisiana
1899	Georgia
1908	Kentucky
1927	Mississippi
1938	Missouri
1948	Oklahoma
1950	Oklahoma
1950	Texas
1954	Kansas
1954	South Carolina
1954	Virginia
1954	Delaware
1954	District of Columbia

. . .To separate them (Negro pupils) from others of similar age and qualifications solely because of their race generates a feeling of inferiority as to their status in the community that may affect their hearts and minds in a way unlikely ever to be undone. . . . in the field of public education the doctrine 'separate but equal' has no place.

May 17, 1954 Supreme Court Decision



THE CHURCHES SPEAK

THE CHURCHES SPEAK

Fellowship of the Concerned

February 24-25, 1955

Atlanta, Georgia

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH

FROM STATEMENTS OF CATHOLIC BISHOPS:

Most Rev. Robert E. Lucey, S.T.D., Archbishop of San Antonio, Texas: "...The day of racial injustice has passed. The day of Christ-like charity has arrived.

Henceforth no Catholic child may be refused admittance to any school maintained by the Archdiocese merely for reasons of color, race or poverty. Students applying to our schools who possess the necessary qualifications of morality and academic standing no longer may be denied a Christian education because of their color."

Most Rev. Albert L. Fletcher, Bishop of Little Rock, Ark.: "...But now the highest civil court in the land has judged segregation in public schools to be unconstitutional. This decision clears the way legally for the Church to act more freely in giving to all races the same benefits she is able to provide for the practice of their holy religion.

It is especially urgent that Catholic Negro children be admitted to any Catholic school available in places where there is no Catholic school especially for them. Hence every reasonable effort should be made by the pastor and people to make it possible for these children to attend a Catholic school of the place. ...

Finally, let me remind some Catholics that persons of every race, creed and nation should be made to feel at home in every Catholic church. Every Catholic church is God's house, not only because it is dedicated to Him; not only because we pray and sing there in His honor; not even because we hear His gospel preached there. Every Catholic church is God's house in a more personal way -- it is where He dwells, body and soul, in the Blessed Sacrament. He is the Host -- we are the guests. All are His, not our, invited guests. Anyone who is good enough for Him to invite, certainly ought to be good enough for us to accept. His Church, you know, is catholic."

Most Rev. Vincent J. Waters, Bishop of Raleigh, N.C.: "...Beginning with the Fall semester of 1954, our Catholic parochial high schools of the Diocese of Raleigh will register and accept for class work all Catholic high school students no matter to what race they belong, provided that they are Catholics and qualified for high school work."

"...Open all facilities of our Catholic hospitals to Catholic Negroes, in any places where this has not been done already, and to non-Catholic Negroes as far as extra room may permit. Permit qualified Negro physicians and surgeons to take care of these patients whenever possible, especially by offering opportunities for work to Negroes to help solve their problems."

CATHOLIC INTERRACIAL COUNCIL

We are gratified with the clearness, completeness and unanimity of the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the school segregation cases.

This is a logical step in the expansion and perfection of American democracy. The next step is the creation and practice of community educational patterns consistent with the spirit and intent of the court decision.

We are confident that throughout the country thoughtful citizens will support with appropriate efforts this historic reaffirmation of the principle of equality of all men before the law.

JEWISH

FROM SYNAGOGUE COUNCIL OF AMERICA (coordinating agency for the Conservative, Reform and Orthodox branches of Judaism):

The Synagogue Council of America greets with deep satisfaction the historic decision of the Supreme Court of the United States ending segregation in the public schools of America.

This decision is another expression of the Prophetic insistence that in the eyes of God all men are his children and therefore equal, regardless of their religion or race.

The sincere believer in the Fatherhood of God must believe in the brotherhood of man and consequently that what is basic in our neighbors is the color of his conduct, not his skin.

This epic pronouncement illumines again the great soul of America; it is conclusive repudiation of the Communist challenge to the genuineness of America's democratic avowals.

FROM B'NAI B'RITH -- Passed by District 5, B'nai B'rith (seaboard states) in convention May 31, 1954, Daytona Beach, Fla.; passed by District 7, B'nai B'rith ("Deep South" states) in convention June 15, 1954, New Orleans, La.

WHEREAS, B'nai B'rith is dedicated to certain principles regarding our duty to mankind, and these principles and duties obtain though men differ in color and creed,

and WHEREAS, the Supreme Court has ordered that we initiate full acceptance of our fellow man in one of the basic institutions of American democracy - the public schools,

and WHEREAS, though such an adjustment will be difficult for some of us, we understand that, as Ben B'riths, we can do no less than the law demands because our faith has taught us that we are all children of God and that we shall accept one another as brothers,

and WHEREAS, B'nai B'rith, as the world's largest and oldest Jewish service organization, has responsibility for leadership and guidance of its members according to the principles of its great Order,

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the delegates assembled at the 1954 annual convention of District Grand Lodge No. 5 of B'nai B'rith believe that the Court, the public schools and the people of this country are united in a common goal of equality of opportunity for all children. We have faith that, working together in a cooperative and democratic spirit, we can attain this goal by orderly and legal adjustment consistent with both religious and democratic ideals.

We pledge ourselves and petition all people to abide by the law as duly interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

PROTESTANTS

FROM THE WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES - (This with fuller excerpts was adopted by the Woman's Division of Christian Service, The Methodist Church - January 1955)

"....Everywhere there is restlessness in the world. This is due in great part to the hunger of millions of people for status and recognition, for a meaning for both life and work, and for a fuller share of the fruits of the earth.
"....The hatreds, the jealousies and suspicions with which the world has always been afflicted are deepened by racial prejudices and fears, rooted in the sinful human heart and entrenched in law and custom.
"....Racial and ethnic fears, hates and prejudices are more than social problems with whose existence we must reckon; they are sins against God and His commandments that the Gospel alone can cure. To the church has been committed the preaching of the Gospel; to proclaim 'the healing of the nations' through Christ is verily her task. The Gospel has a power of its own, which manifests itself despite the shortcomings of the churches.
"....The churches have this twofold duty, to obey and to proclaim the word of judgment, to repent and to call to repentance. It is their task to challenge the conscience of society. If there is no tension between church and society then either society is regenerated or the church is conformed. Yet it also has a duty to create and to keep open every possible line of communication between people, between political opponents, between people of different views, cultures, races, languages, between the conservative and the venturesome.
"....The churches have a special duty toward those of their members who feel called to challenge actively the conscience of society and who thus offend against custom, and incur loneliness and suffering.
"....The church cannot approve of any law which discriminates on grounds of race, which restricts the opportunity of any man to acquire education to prepare himself for his vocation, or in any other way curtails his exercise of the full rights and responsibilities of citizenship and to share in the responsibilities and duties of government.
"....Our urgent and immediate task....is, simply, to be the creative instrument of our God of love in a restless and changing world and the faithful servant of our Lord who is its hope.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES OF CHRIST (May 19, 1954)

The unanimous decision of the Supreme Court that segregation in public schools is unconstitutional gives a clear status in law to a fundamental Christian and American principle. The decision will have far-reaching effects in the whole nation and the world. ....

It offers the promise of further steps for translation into reality Christian and democratic ideals. The decision is a milestone in the achievement of human rights, another evidence of the endeavor to respect the dignity and worth of all men.

In the period of transition from one pattern to another (whatever the length of the period to be prescribed by the Court), we know that the church and individual Christians will continue to exert their influence and leadership to help the authorized agencies in the several communities to bring about a complete compliance with the decision. The law of neighborliness is the great guide available to Christians as they deal with this situation in their local communities. "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." The second part of the Great Commandment contains the potential for lifting men to a new level of social responsibility and for creating new dimensions of human brotherhood.

FROM UNITED CHURCH WOMEN - NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES IN THE U.S. - October 1953

The decision of the U.S. Supreme Court relative to segregated schools in this nation is now pending. Whatever this decision may be, Christian women face the immediate urgency of finding ways to meet the impact of the decision on their community patterns and practices. It is recommended that State and local councils acquaint themselves and their communities with the decision and help all groups concerned to understand its implications and to make the adjustments that may be necessary.

CSR CHAIRMEN FROM THE FIFTEEN SOUTHERN STATES - June 1954

1. Because of our high calling of God in Christ Jesus, we reaffirm our belief in human brotherhood and the inclusiveness of Christian fellowship. Therefore, we feel we are impelled to promote a Christian society in which segregation is no longer a burden upon the human spirit.
2. We accept with humility the Supreme Court decision as supporting the broad Christian principle of the dignity and worth of human personality and affording the opportunity of translating into reality Christian and democratic ideals.
3. We believe that the best solutions to our many problems can be reached when all people of all races work together toward a common end, and we urge the women to make every effort to bring together individuals in free discussion.
4. We are all charged with the responsibility of the training and the nurture of children and youth. We pray God's guidance upon us as we seek to shape right attitudes in the home, in the church, in the school and in all areas of life in which we move.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH - (This was a statement of several religious leaders, Atlanta, Georgia. "You may make use of this -- it represents substantially the position of the African Methodist Episcopal Church." - Bishop S.L. Greene.)

"....we go on record as supporting the Supreme Court decision. We agree that the 'separate but equal' principle is inadequate. ...

All of our constituencies should cooperate with those local, regional and national agencies that seek to promote a sound and progressive program of action. Such programs can be worked out in line of the practical demands of various situations.

We urge Christian people to rise above any 'hit back' tactics and to seek for thoughtful, mutual areas of understanding and action. Emotional and biased reactions of any type will not tend to promote creative and constructive solutions."

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH - June 1954

We recommend that local churches, where segregation has prevailed, move toward ways in which they and all churches can open their membership to all persons on a simple basis of faith and character, and that Congregational Christian colleges, agencies, associations, conferences and institutions practice non-segregation and non-discrimination in enrollment, employment, church extension and organization.

We call upon all Americans to undertake timely and tolerant implementation of the Supreme Court decision and that our Department of Race Relations and Coun-

cil for Social Action carry forward such activities as will develop support for the Supreme Court Decision.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE DISCIPLES OF CHRIST - October 1954

BE IT RESOLVED -- that we approve and commend the decision of the Supreme Court concerning segregation in the public schools, and
.....that we call upon our churches, our agencies, and our institutions, to re-examine themselves in light of the implications of Christ's Gospel and to initiate and encourage voluntary, racially inclusive , community groups to plan for full compliance with the Gospel of Christ, as well as definite techniques for implementation within their own bodies
.....that we likewise urge our churches, our agencies, and our institutions in a spirit of reconciliation to teach forbearance, patience and generosity on both sides as we attempt to work out the problem of the Disciples of Christ and racial segregation.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE CHRISTIAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH - May 1954

We commend the Supreme Court of the United States for its historic, its just and its inevitable decision as a fair and just one; and that we all unite in an effort to secure for all people alike the fullest and richest blessing under what we regard to be the most epochal and significant decision rendered by our Supreme Court since the days of Reconstruction.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE METHODIST CHURCH

The Council of Bishops of the Methodist Church - November 18-21, 1954

The historic decision of the Supreme Court abolishing segregation in the public schools system is in keeping with the attitudes of the Methodist Church. In our official pronouncements, including the Social Creed and the Episcopal address adopted by the 1952 General Conference, our position has been clearly stated.

The Supreme Court recognizes that such a ruling brought with it difficulties of enforcement, and therefore made provision for sufficient time to implement its decision. The declaration of the decision was made in the magnificent home of the Supreme Court in Washington, but the ultimate success of the ruling will be determined in the hearts of the people of the nation. Thus the church is furnished with an unequaled opportunity to provide leadership during this period in support of the principles involved in the action of the court.

We accept this responsibility, for one of the foundation stones of our faith is the belief that all men are brothers, equal in the sight of God. In that faith we declare our support of the ruling of the Supreme Court.

(Note: Five of the Bishops of the Southeastern Jurisdiction did not sign the statement, preferring to wait "pending the final decree of the Supreme Court.")

The Woman's Division of Christian Service - May 1954

We affirm anew our determination to work with greater urgency to eliminate segregation from every part of our community and national life and from the organization and practice of our own church and its agencies and program. We rejoice

that the highest tribunal of justice in this land, the Supreme Court of the United States, proclaimed on May 17, 1954, that segregation in public education anywhere in this nation is an infringement of the Constitution and a violation of the Fourteenth Amendment.

We accept our full Christian responsibility to work through church and community channels to speed the process of transition from segregated schools to a new pattern of justice and freedom.

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE NATIONAL BAPTIST CHURCH - 1954

According to Christ and Paul there can be no question of race relations, because there is only one race, the human race. Man himself has divided the race on the basis of color.

If man would only stop worrying about petty differences and concentrate on likenesses, there would be no race problem. The problem is not really race ralations, but human relations.

Segregation in the church of God is the ugliest thing in the religious world, and a disgrace to a Christian nation.

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES - 1954

Having in mind the recent decision by the Supreme Court of the United States concerning segregation, the Assembly commends the principle of the decision and urges all members of our churches to consider thoughtfully and prayerfully the complete solution of the problems involved. It also urges all of our people to lend their assistance to those charged with the duty of implementing the decision, and to remember that appeals to racial prejudices will not help but hinder the accomplishment of this aim.

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA - 1954

We urge all Christians to assist in preparing their communities psychologically and spiritually for carrying out the full implications of the Supreme Court decision.

We call upon the members of our churches to cooperate with civic organizations, neighborhood clubs and community councils as effective means for the accomplishment of racial integration in the public school system and to remember that integration must be indivisible in character, insisting that teachers as well as pupils be accorded full opportunity within the school system on the basis of interest, ability, and merit, without reference to race.

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH - Department of Christian Social Relations, Province of Suwanee, 1954

The Conference of Christian Life and Work of the Department of Christian Social Relations in the Province of Suwanee (Fourth Province) of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America, in the meeting assembled, May 18, 1954, agree as a group that the decision of the Supreme Court outlawing seg-

regation in the public schools is just and right.

Be it therefore resolved - that we go on record urging our public authorities to give proper support and directions toward putting this ruling into effect as best manifests of our Christian heritage. ... We urge all church people sincerely and courageously in the light of the teachings of our Lord and Master, Jesus Christ, to examine their own responsibilities in seeing that this ruling is accepted in each community with calm quiet consideration and support.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION - June 1954

In light of the recent decision handed down by the Supreme Court of our nation, declaring segregation of the races to be unconstitutional and in view of the position of this convention in adhering to the basic moral principles of our religion as they apply in race relations, we recommend:

That we recognize the fact that this Supreme Court decision is in harmony with the Constitutional guarantee of equal freedom to all citizens, and with the Christian principles of equal justice and love for all men.

We commend the Supreme Court for deferring the applications of the principle both as to time and procedure until the nation shall have had time to work out methods by which the transitions from the present practice may be effected. ...

We urge Christian statesmen and leaders in our churches to use their leadership in positive thought and planning to the end that this crisis in our national history shall not be made the occasion for new and bitter prejudices, but a movement toward a united nation, embodying and proclaiming a democracy that will commend freedom to all peoples.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

FROM THE UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA

.....Evil tensions and injustices resulting from racial and cultural practices must be faced before God. The unacknowledged sins of pride, fear, injustice and hatred have added a great moral peril to our present situation.

Men must learn in repentence to seek God's atoning grace and renewing spirit so that society may attain its true basis in God's order.

.....Each Christian must realize his moral responsibility to God for his actions affecting his neighbor. Each must examine his actions in the light of God's commands. Each must learn to show respect to all men as children of God and render justice to those with whom he deals. This obligation is crucial today in relation to members of minority groups. ...

Since the Church is the Body of Christ it must free itself from those cultural patterns of prejudice and discrimination which persists in our society and must manifest in its own life the principles and attitudes of Jesus. The Church must seek to be true to its own nature as a community of children of God inclusive of every race, nation, and class who confess Christ as Lord. ...

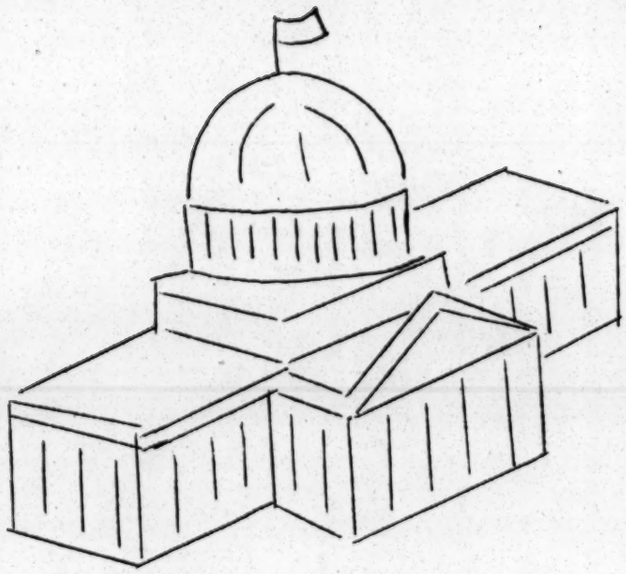
Christians have special responsibilities as citizens to make society's law and practices conform to God's order. ...

. . . To separate them (Negro pupils) from others of similar age and qualifications solely because of their race generates a feeling of inferiority as to their status in the community that may affect their hearts and minds in a way unlikely ever to be undone. . . . in the field of public education the doctrine 'separate by equal' has no place.

May 17, 1954 Supreme Court Decision

THE STATE SPEAKS

THE STATE SPEAKS



Fellowship of the Concerned

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

GEORGIA

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, the General Assembly may by law provide for grants of State, county or municipal funds to citizens of the State for educational purposes, in discharge of all obligation of the State to provide adequate education for its citizens.

LOUISIANA

The Legislature shall provide for a public educational system of the State to consist of all public schools and all institutions of learning operated by State agencies and enact laws on all matters regarding the terms and qualifications for admission to the public schools. Children attaining the age of six within four months after the beginning of any public school term or session may enter such schools at the beginning of the school term or session, and kindergartens may be authorized for children between the ages of four and six years.

The Legislature may designate and provide for a special election or elections, in addition to the elections provided in Article XXI, at which amendments to provisions of Article XII shall be submitted to the electors for their approval or rejection.

All public elementary and secondary schools in the State of Louisiana shall be operated separately for white and colored children. This provision is made in the exercise of the state police power to promote and protect public health, morals, better education and the peace and good order in the State, and not because of race. The Legislature shall enact laws to enforce the state police power in this regard.

MISSISSIPPI

(A) Regardless of any provision of Article 8, or any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, the legislature may authorize the establishment, support, maintenance and operation of public schools.

(B) Regardless of any provision of Article 8, or any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, the legislature shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered, by a two-thirds (2/3rds) vote of those present and voting in each House, to abolish the public schools in this state, and enact suitable legislation to effect the same.

(C) Regardless of any provision of Article 8, or any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, the legislature shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered, by a majority vote of those present and voting in each House, to authorize the counties and school districts to abolish their public schools, and enact suitable legislation to effect the same.

(D) In the event the legislature shall abolish, or authorize the abolition of the public schools in this state, then the legislature shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to enact suitable legislation to dispose of school buildings, land and other school property by lease, sale or otherwise.

MISSISSIPPI (continued)

(E) The legislature may appropriate state funds and authorize counties, municipalities and other governmental subdivisions and districts to appropriate funds, including poll tax and sixteenth section funds, to aid educable children of this state to secure an education.

(F) The legislature may do any and all acts and things necessary for the purposes of this section, and this section is declared to be, and is, supplemental to all other provisions of this constitution, and legislation enacted under authority hereof shall prevail, whether in conflict with other sections or not.

SOUTH CAROLINA

The Constitution of 1895 shall be amended so as to repeal Section 5 of Article XI thereof, which reads as follows: "The General Assembly shall provide for a liberal system of free public schools for all children between the ages of six and twenty-one years, and for the division of the counties into suitable school districts."

LEGISLATION AND PROPOSED LEGISLATION

ALABAMA

A special state legislative committee headed by Alabama Senator Albert Boutwell recommended in September that sections of the Alabama constitution be rewritten to pave the way for abolition of the public schools wherever necessary to "avoid friction and disorder." No definite action has yet been taken on the Committee's proposals, which include (1) eliminating all sections of the constitution referring to public education; (2) passage of an amendment making it possible for the state to allocate public money to aid private schools; (3) granting parents the right to choose the school their children would attend; (4) making school officials "judicial officers" and thus immune from lawsuit; and (5) requiring the state to defend school officials in any litigation related to segregation.

Senator Sam Engelhardt of Macon County has announced that he will introduce a bill in the current special session of the legislature designed to preserve classroom segregation by a rigidly regulated placement system. Engelhardt's plan would set up placement boards with judicial powers in each school district, making it impossible for a child to enroll in any school unless authorized by the district's placement board. A member of the Boutwell Committee, Engelhardt has prepared the alternate bill in case the legislature balks at passing the Boutwell Committee's proposals.

GEORGIA

Legislation passed in the Georgia Assembly would make it a felony for any school official of the state or of any municipal or county system to spend tax money for public schools in which the races are mixed, with punishment set at two years in the penitentiary, in addition to liability for the money expended.

In addition to the four segregation bills, both houses of the Georgia Assembly approved resolutions urging Congress to amend the U.S. Constitution to give the states exclusive control over their schools. Earlier resolutions introduced by Rep. Alpha Fowler of Douglas County, petitioned Congress to investigate the Supreme Court for usurping legislative pwwer and the U.S. Senate to reject Presidential appointments to the Supreme Court of persons "lacking in judicial experience and temperament." The House passed additional resolutions asking Congress to permit segregation in the armed forces and commending Miami hotel manager E.N. Claughton for ordering twenty-four Republican Negroes from a GOP dinner February 24.

Since 1951, appropriations bills for public education in Georgia have included the provision that school funds will be cut off in the event that both races attend the same school.

The State Board of Education on July 11, 1955, unanimously adopted a resolution automatically revoking "forever" the license of any teacher who "supports, encourages or agrees to teach mixed grades".

MISSISSIPPI

With debate on how to finance "separate but equal" schools underway, the Mississippi legislature has voted a twenty-five member Legal Educational Advisory Committee headed by Governor Hugh White virtually unlimited power to conduct hearings and secure witnesses to ascertain the effect of school integration upon local communities. The broad investigative power delegated to the Committee by the legislature lays the groundwork for use of state police power in maintaining segregation in the public schools. The Legal Educational Advisory Committee authored the constitutional amendment empowering the legislature to abolish the public schools ratified by the people of Mississippi in a special referendum last December.

The Mississippi legislature adopted a statute prohibiting "persons of the white or Caucasian race from attending schools of high school level and lower, wholly or partially supported with state funds, which are also attended by a member or members of the colored or Negro race."

NORTH CAROLINA

The North Carolina Legislature passed measures which (1) terminated teachers' contracts at the end of 1954-1955 school year, and placed such contracts in the future on a one-year basis. (2) transferred the title of the state's 7,200 school buses to the counties.

The Legislature also revised the school law to eliminate any mention of race, and passed a resolution declaring that "mixing of the races in public schools throughout the state cannot be accomplished and if attempted would alienate public support of the schools to such an extent that they could not be operated successfully."

SOUTH CAROLINA

Bills incorporating proposals made by the fifteen-member legislative committee appointed to study the overall problem of public school segregation were passed by the South Carolina General Assembly. Legislation would (1) remove compulsory features of the existing school attendance laws and redesignate attendance teachers as "visiting teachers," charged with obtaining attendance through influence and persuasion, rather than through the exercise of legal authority; (2) revove from county boards of education the power to open and close schools and specifically vest that authority in district boards of trustees; (3) spell out the right of district trustees to transfer pupils "so as to promote the best interests of education"; (4) permit the transfer of pupils from one county to another where approved by local school officials, eliminating the existing requirements that parents own property in the county to which the transfer would be made; and (5) vest school trustees with the right to lease as well as to sell property; and (6) eliminate the automatic rehiring of teachers.

In his opening address to the legislature, Governor Timmerman suggested that the South Carolina legislature petition Congress to curb the Supreme Court and other federal courts' jurisdiction in relation to public school cases.

The General Appropriations Act for 1955-56 embraces the following provision, written into the state's permanent law:

"Appropriation of state aid for teachers' salaries, and all other school district, county and state appropriations for the operation of the public school system, shall cease and become inoperative for any school from which, and for any school to which, any pupil may transfer pursuant to, or in consequence of, an order of any court, for the time that the pupil shall attend a school other than the school to which he was assigned before the issuance of such court order."

VIRGINIA

The Virginia State Department of Education announced a basic change in teachers' contracts which would permit local school boards to fire teachers on 30 days' notice. Heretofore, the contracts specifically have stated the length of employment, usually nine months.

NAACP SAYS 500 SCHOOLS

DESEGREGATED PEACEFULLY IN UNITED STATES

New York, May 14 - Segregation has been abolished peacefully in 500 schools across the country, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People reported Saturday.

Nearly 250,000 Negro and white children are attending classes together in schools that formerly were segregated, the NAACP said.

School desegregation has been initiated in the District of Columbia, in two towns in Arkansas, 29 counties in West Virginia, 30 communities in Missouri, five towns in Delaware, sic cities in Kansas and scattered communities in Arizona and New Mexico, the organization found.

The NAACP survey was released to mark the first anniversary of the Supreme Court ruling outlawing segregation in public schools. The ruling was made last May 17.

***

The 250,000 children attending desegregated schools are only a minority of the 9,821,000 white and 2,397,000 Negro children enrolled in schools in segregated areas, the NAACP said. But it pointed out that the desegregation has been voluntary because the Supreme Court decision found segregation unconstitutional but did not direct any school system to desigregate immediatly.

Included in the 500 desegregated schools, the association said, are these located in four of the six communities involved in cases ruled on by the Supreme Court.

"Following the decision, Washington D. C. initiated desegretation," the report said. "Earlier the Topeka, Kans., school board voted to 'terminate segregation in the elementary schools as rapidly as practicable.' The two school districts in the Delaware case already had admitted Negro pupils in compliance with a State Supreme Court ruling. Only Clarendon County, S.C, and Prince Edward County, Va., have refused to heed the court's decision.

***

The report said there had been some demonstrations of resistance that have been widely publicized - in White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.; Milford, Del.; Baltimore and Washington.

"However, for every Milford incident, there have been scores of unheralded instances of Negro Children being welcomed by their new white schoolmates and teachers," the NAACP said.

"Indeed this has been the rule; the hate demonstrations, the exception."

The survey found that parochial schools, while not subject to the court ruling havenot only complied with it but in some cases anticipated it. This was particularly so in Catholic schools in Washington and St. Louis, the report said.

Also in Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, Virginia and North Carolina, Catholic schools and occasionally Protestant schools "opened their doors to students without regard to race or color."

Examples of desegregation were found in several Southern colleges.

The most effective examples of desegregation were found in Missouri and West Virginia.

"Of the 44 West Virginia counties in which Negro school-age children live, 29 have initiated desegregation including 12 which have been completely integrated", the report said.

DESEGREGATING WHITE INSTITUTIONS

FILE COPY

Institution	Legal Control
Spring Hill College, Mobile, Ala.	Roman Catholic
Arkansas A and M. College, College Heights, Ark.	State
Arkansas Polytechnic College, Russellville, Ark.	State
Arkansas State College, State College, Ark.	State
Arkansas State Teachers College, Conway, Ark.	State
Henderson State Teachers College, Arkadelphia, Ark.	State
Southern State College, Magnolia, Ark.	State
University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Ark.	State
University of Arkansas Graduate Center, Little Rock, Ark.	State
University of Delaware, Newark, Del.	State
Dover State College, Dover, Del.	State
American University, District of Columbia	Methodist
Catholic University of America , District of Columbia	Roman Catholic
Columbian College of George Washington University Junior and Senior Divisicns	Private
Dunbarton College of the Holy Cross, District of Columbia	Roman Catholic
George Washington University, District of Columbia	Private
Georgetown University, District of Columbia	Roman Catholic
Georgetown Visitation Junior College, District of Columbia	Roman Catholic

Institution	Legal Control
Immaculata Junior College, District of Columbia	Roman Catholic
Trinity College, District of Columbia	Roman Catholic
Wilson Teachers College, District of Columbia (consolidated with Minor and name of both changed)	Municipal
Columbia Theological Seminary, Decatur, Ga.	Presbyterian
Bellarmine College, Louisville, Kentucky	Roman Catholic
Berea College, Berea, Kentucky	Private
College of the Bible, Lexington, Kentucky	Disciples of Christ
Louisville Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky.	Presbyterian
Nazareth College, Louisville, Kentucky	Roman Catholic
Paducah Junior College, Paducah, Kentucky	Municipal
Pikesville Junior College, Pikesville, Kentucky	Presbyterian
St. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital School of Nursing, Louisville, Kentucky	
Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky.	S. Baptist
St. Joseph Infirmary School of Nursing, Louisville, Ky.	
Ursuline College, Louisville, Kentucky	Roman Catholic
University of Louisville, Louisville, Kentucky	Municipal
University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky	State
Villa Madonna College, Convington, Kentucky	Roman Catholic

Institution	Legal Control
Union College, Barbourville, Kentucky	
Midway Junior College, Midway, Kentucky	
Murray State College, Murray, Kentucky	State
College of the Sacred Heart, Grand Coteau, Louisiana	Roman Catholic
Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, La.	State
Loyola University, New Orleans, La.	Roman Catholic
New Orleans (La.) Baptist Theological Seminary	S. Baptist
Notre Dame Seminary, New Orleans, La.	Roman Catholic
Southwestern Louisiana Institute, Lafayette, La.	State
College of Notre Dame of Maryland, Baltimore, Md.	Roman Catholic
John Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland	Private
Loyola College, Baltimore, Maryland	Roman Catholic
Mt. St. Agnes College, Baltimore, Maryland	Roman Catholic
Mt. St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg, Maryland	Roman Catholic
St. Joseph College, Emmitsburg, Maryland	Roman Catholic
St. John's College, Annapolis, Maryland	Private
University of Maryland, College Park and Baltimore Divisions	State
Towson Teachers College, Maryland	State
Frostburg Teachers College, Maryland	State

Institution	Legal Control
Central Missouri State College, Warrensburg, Missouri	State
Harris Teachers College, St. Louis, Missouri	Municipal
Joplin Junior College, Joplin, Missouri	District
Junior College of Kansas City, Missouri	Municipal
St. Louis University, St. Louis, Missouri	Roman Catholic
Southwest Missouri State College, Springfield, Missouri	State
University of Kansas City, Missouri	Private
University of Missouri, Columbia and Rolla Divisions	State
Washington University, St. Louis, Missouri	Private
Webster College, Webster Groves, Missouri	Roman Catholic
Culver-Stockton College, Canton, Missouri	Disciples of Christ
Belmont Abbey College, Belmont, North Carolina	Roman Catholic
Black Mountain College, Black Mountain, North Carolina	Private
North Carolina State College, Raleigh, North Carolina	State
Sacred Heart Junior College, Belmont, North Carolina	Roman Catholic
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina	State
Warren Wilson Junior College, Swannanoa, North Carolina	Presbyterian
Oklahoma A and M College, Stillwater, Oklahoma	State

Institution	Legal Control
Phillips University, Enid, Oklahoma	Disciples of Christ
University of Oklahoma, Norman, Oklahoma	State
University of Tulsa, Tulsa, Oklahoma In June, 1955 the state regents for higher education voted to open 17 former white state owned colleges to Negroes-- Southern School News -- October, 1955	Private
Lutheran Theological Southern Seminary, Columbia, S. C.	United Lutheran
American University of Memphis, Tennessee	Private
Bethel College Seminary, McKenzie, Tennessee	Cumberland Presbyterian
Maryville College, Maryville, Tennessee	Presbyterian
Peabody College - Summer, 1954 - admitted 14 Negro principals to special program	
Scarritt College for Christian Workers, Nashville, Tenn.	Methodist
Vanderbilt School of Religion, Nashville, Tennessee	Private
University of the South School of Theology, Sewanee, Tenn.	Prot. Episcopal
University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee	State
Amarillo (Junior) College, Amarillo, Texas	Municipal
Austin Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Austin, Texas	Presbyterian
Brite College of the Bible, Fort Worth, Texas	Disciples of Christ
Del Mar (Junior) College, Corpus Christi, Texas	Municipal
Frank Phillips (Junior) College, Borger, Texas	District

Institution	Legal Control
Hardin County Junior College, Wichita Falls, Texas	County
Howard County Junior College, Big Spring, Texas	County
Incarnate Word College, San Antonio, Texas	Roman Catholic
Medical College of Texas, Galveston, Texas	State
North Texas State College, Denton, Texas	State
Odessa (Junior) College, Odessa, Texas	District
Our Lady of the Lake College, San Antonio, Texas	Roman Catholic
Pan American College, Edinburg, Texas	County
St. Edwards University, Austin, Texas	
St. Mary's University of San Antonio, Texas	Roman Catholic
San Angelo (Junior) College, San Angelo, Texas	Municipal
Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas (School of Theology)	Methodist
Southwestern Baptist Seminary, Fort Worth, Texas	
University of Texas, Austin, Texas	State
Victoria (Junior) College, Victoria, Texas	Municipal
Wayland Baptist College, Plainview, Texas	South Baptist
Wharton County Junior College, Wharton, Texas	County
San Antonio College, San Antonio, Texas	Municipal

Institution	Legal Control
Bridgewater College, Bridgewater, Virginia	Brethern
College of William and Mary, Williamsburg and Norfolk Divisions, Virginia	State
Medical College of Virginia, Richmond, Virginia	State
Protestant Episcopal Theological Seminary in Virginia, Alexandria, Virginia	Prot. Episcopal
Richmond Professional Institute of the College of William and Mary, Richmond, Virginia	State
Union Theological Seminary, Richmond, Virginia	Presbyterian
University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia	State
Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Blacksburg, Virginia	State
Alderson-Broaddus College, Philippi, W. Va.	Baptist
Bethany College, Bethany, West Virginia	Private
Concord College, Athens, West Virginia	State
Davis College	Private
Fairmont State College, Fairmont, West Virginia	State
Glenville State College - open to Negroes - W. Va. No application through summer, 1955	
Marshall College, Huntington, W. Va.	State
Elkins College	Private
Potomac (Junior) State College of West Virginia University Keyser, West Virginia	State
Shepherd State College, Shepherdstown, West Virginia	State

Institution	Legal Control
West Liberty State College, West Liberty, W. Va.	State
West Virginia Institute of Technology, Montgomery, W.Va.	State
West Virginia University, Morgantown, W. Va.	State
West Virginia Wesleyan College, Buckhannon, W. Va.	Methodist

DESEGREGATION NEGRO INSTITUTIONS

Talladega College, Talladega, Alabama	American Missionary Association and Private
Philander Smith College, Little Rock, Arkansas	Methodist
Howard University, District of Columbia	Federal Government and private
Minor Teachers College, District of Columbia (Consolidated with Wilson and name changed)	Muncipal
Bethune-Cookman College, Daytona Beach, Fla.	Private
Kentucky State College, Frankfort, Kentucky	State
Maryland State College, Princess Anne, Maryland	State
Morgan State College, Baltimore, Maryland	State
Lincoln University, Jefferson City, Missouri	State
Bennett College, Greensboro, North Carolina	Methodist
Johnson C. Smith University, Charlotte, N. C.	Presbyterian
Shaw University, Raleigh, North Carolina	Baptist

Institution	Legal Control
Bible Training Institute, Goldsboro, N. C. (Voted to integrate-October-1954-No record of Admissions)	
American Baptist Theological Seminary, Nashville, Tennessee	Baptist
Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee	Private
Morris College, Sumter, South Carolina	Baptist
Hampton Institute, Hampton, Virginia	Private
St. Paul's Polytechnic Institute, Lawrenceville, Va.	Prot. Episcopal
Virginia Union University, Richmond, Virginia	Baptist
Bluefield State College, Bluefield, W. Va.	State
West Virginia State College, Institute, W. Va.	State
St. Phillips College, San Antonio, Texas	Municipal

Specify Nekoosa BOND
MADE IN U.S.A.

4/25/60

Dear John,

We have appreciated very much all the material you have sent us.

Your article on the Student Protest was excellent-Congratulations.

If available, please send me 2 copies of the March 1960 New South.

With every good wish to you and the members of the council.

Sincerely,

Vivian Irving

10 copies Mail 27/5
mailed 4-26-60 Paul Gore Spec. Del.

THIS IS NEKOOSA BOND GRAY SUBSTANCE 20
THERE IS A NEKOOSA PAPER FOR EVERY BUSINESS USE

March 7, 1960

Miss Vivian Irving
303 S. East Street
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Vivian:

Thanks again for everything you and your family did for me while I was in Raleigh. It certainly was nice to have someone do all the ground work for you. I think you got a Special Report since you are on our mailing list of friends but I wanted to mail you a copy of the ACCA pamphlet which is enclosed.

The Special Report you received was done by the research department. My NEW SOUTH article will be in the March issue of NEW SOUTH.

Again thanks and best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

March 7, 1960

Miss Florence Irving
1003 Duke Street
Greensboro, North Carolina

Dear Florence:

Thanks again for the hospitality I received in Greensboro. I am certain by this time you have received the Special Report which the research department did. My NEW SOUTH article is due in the March issue.

I gather from newspaper reports that the situation in Greensboro looks fairly good, but of course; one can never tell. I gather there are some negotiations going on and maybe you can clear this up for me.

Enclosed is the ACCA pamphlet I mentioned.

Again thanks and best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lcc
Enclosure

March 7, 1960

Mr. W. C. Allred, Jr.
Apt. 107 "C" Drive B
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Will:

Thanks for your letter and the clipping. The newspaper was received today. I do appreciate all the help. I am mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of the Special Report done by the research staff of the Council. My NEW SOUTH article will be along later.

Again thanks for everything and come see us soon.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

March 2, 1960.

Dear John,

It was good to stumble on you in Winston-Salem. Did you see the Mayor? Anything pertinent come up?

The Wake Forest students are known to me (i. e. , those who got arrested) Reputable bunch which possibly grew from some on-campus agitation of a few years ago when a few of the student legislature sought to find a way to implement the mighty Baptist Convention statements on racial relations on the mundane level of student life at Wake Forest. Alas, no results; a foredoomed effort; but the freshmen of the student legislature then were impressed and it seems that they are now vigorous (at least a small element).

One of the students wrote me in answer to a letter I sent him:

"Even when an act is thought about and its consequences anticipated, it often is not enough to assure oneself that the right action, though rash, has been done.

"We, speaking for all of the participants in the sit-down stike, thank you for you note of appreciation and active concern exhibited."

This is a small monument to southern changeitus! (sp. of last word is questionable, I think.)

Please send me a copy of your report on the sit-down strike. That is if you haven't already sent one to my home in Winston-Salem.

Am clipping Durham Herald; see the enclosed editoral today! In a sense, quite a shocker, to advocate a purchase boycott. Such is the case in Winston. Any informed opinion down your way as to whether or not, percentage-wise, it can be determined what proportion they make up. In Winston it would seem to be pretty high.

Diese ist alle für nur.

Sincerely yours,

Will

William

March 7, 1960

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Peelle, Chairman
Oak Ridge Community Relations Council
409 W. Vanderbilt Drive
Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Dear Mrs. Peelle:

Thank you for your letter requesting a copy of our Special Report on the "sit-ins." We are mailing you a copy under separate cover. Enclosed is a list of materials of the Southern Regional Council in which you might be interested. Let me know if we can supply you with any copies.

Some names of speakers to whom you might write include: Marion A. Wright (white) Linville Falls, North Carolina; James McBride Dabbs (white) Rip Raps Plantation, Mayesville, South Carolina; Martin Luther King, Jr. (Negro) Ebenezer Baptist Church, 407 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia; Dr. Benjamin E. Mays (Negro) Morehouse College, Atlanta, Georgia; Kyle Haselton (white) The Christian Science Monitor, 1 Norway Street, Boston 15, Massachusetts and Dr. Harry V. Richardson (Negro) Gammon Theological Seminary, Atlanta, Georgia.

Also enclosed is a film bibliography which might be of help to you in some of your program planning.

If we can be of additional assistance, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures

409 W. Vanderbilt Drive
Oak Ridge, Tenn.
March 3, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

This is a request for literature or information on three related subjects for the use of the Oak Ridge Community Relations Council. While our group is not affiliated with the Tennessee Council on Human Relations, several of our members are and I was recently elected a director of the Tenn. Council. It is our intent to cooperate with both the Tenn. Council and SRC whenever possible.

Last Sunday's Chattannooga Times carried a report of the SRC commentary upon Negro student sit-ins and quoted it extensively. Are copies of this report available to individuals, and if so, would you send us one or more?

Second, Galen Martin of the Knoxville Area HRC spoke of a list of publications and books which SRC has. Our group is establishing a library for our own reference and for use in the local public library. Would you send us a list of such publications? If any of this material is available for free distribution, we could make good use of it. Any material which comments upon or gives facts in the area of race relations, human relations, the churches and the South would be of interest.

Last, our group is trying to set up a Speakers' Bureau for the use of local church and civic groups in the particular field of race relations, etc. In addition to local speakers and topics, we would like to offer names and some information about outstanding speakers from all over the South. Would you recommend to me the names of a half-dozen or more persons whom you think would be appropriate and willing to participate in such a project? I would expect to write them directly about details.

Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Sincerely yours,

Elizabeth B. Peelle

(Mrs.) Elizabeth B. Peelle
Chairman, Oak Ridge
Community Relations Council

March 7, 1960

Dr. W. R. Strassner, President
Shaw University
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Strassner:

I want to thank you for the time you took to see me when I was in Raleigh. I am mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of our Special Report on the "sit-down" movement and a copy of the ACCA pamphlet which I promised you. My NEW SOUTH article should be out in the March issue.

Again thanks and best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lcc

March 7, 1960

Dr. James A. Boyer
St. Augustine's College
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Boyer:

I want to thank you for the time you took to see me when I was in Raleigh. I am mailing you, under separate cover, a copy of our Special Report on the "sit-down" movement and a copy of the ACCA pamphlet which I promised you. My NEW SOUTH article should be out in the March issue.

Again thanks and best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Saint Augustine's College
Raleigh, North Carolina

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

March 9, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

I was quite pleased to receive a copy of your Special Report on the "sit-down" movement and the ACCA pamphlet. I shall be on the look-out for your forthcoming article in the March issue of the New South.

Best wishes.

Very truly yours,

James A. Boyer

James A. Boyer,
President

JAB:mdv

MEMBER
UNITED NEGRO COLLEGE FUND

March 10, 1960

Mr. R. C. Toatley
927 Crawford Street
Rock Hill, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Toatley:

Thank you for your letter and article concerning the student protest movement in Rock Hill. We read it with interest.

Perhaps you know that I was in Rock Hill several weeks ago and talked with Dr. Duckett and several students from Friendship Junior College. My impressions of the visit there and of interviews in most of the North Carolina cities involved will be in the March issue of NEW SOUTH.

The entire March issue of NEW SOUTH will be devoted to the student protest movement. We hope you will find it interesting.

Again, thanks for your interest and comments; and very best wishes in your work there in Rock Hill.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/lec

JACK W. C. HAGSTROM
Box 211, The New York Hospital 525 East 68 Street, N. Y. C. 21, N. Y., U. S. A.

Gentlemen:

Would you please send me two copies of the Special Report "The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960." and add my name to your mailing list.

Thankyou

J. W. C. Hagstrom, MD.

LEC Add to Cat 7
mailed 3-16-60 + mlist

Sirs:

I can hardly thank you enough for your most speedy and prcise information of the sit-in demonstrations. My work will be much enriched with the statistics and incidents which you have so excellently reported. Thank you again for your work,

Sincerely,
W. James Easterly
W. James Easterly

Sent:
4 Student Protest Reports
4 Human Appeals
4 March NS

April 11, 1960

Mr. Jonathan E. Greene
Lehigh S.S.R.A.M.
P. O. Box 30
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Greene:

Thank you for your letter concerning material on the student protest movement.

We are mailing you some material which we think may be of interest. If you need additional copies for further use, please let me know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Lehigh Student Civil Rights Action Movement
P.O.Box # 30
Lehigh University
Bethlehem, Pa.

April 7,1960

Public Relations Director
Southern Regional Conference
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta,3,Ga.

Dear Sir:

I, as chairman of the Lehigh University Civil Rights movement have been given your organizations' name and address by Miss. Constance Curry, of NSA Southern Regional Human Relations Project.

She informed me that your organization has been particularly interested and concerned with the developments in this issue, not only including the student movement but also the adult community reaction.

I would be greatly indebted to you if you might be able to send some material on this subject, especially the recent occurrences because unfortunately our own news agencies here in the North do not give this problem adequate coverage. Any information that you might will distributed if it is alright with you, to other colleges and universities in this area,who are concerned also.

Any cooperation you can give me in this matter will be imensely appreciate.

Respectfully yours,

Jonathan Greene

Jonathan E.Greene
Lehigh S.S.R.A.M.
P.O.Box # 30
Bethlehem,Pa

May 23, 1960

Mr. Daniel Rubin
365 Amboy Street
Brooklyn 12, New York

Dear Mr. Rubin:

Enclosed is some material concerning the work of the Southern Regional Council. Our work is not specifically for youth groups; but as you can see, it affects a great number of young people especially in our efforts to help bring about a de-segregated school system.

Our special report on the sit-ins is enclosed and of course, is directly concerned with young people.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures - 4

SC

365 Amboy Street
Brooklyn 12, N.Y.

April 29, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am a graduate student in sociology. I am now engaged in a long-term project on young people and their organizations in the United States.

I would therefore be interested in receiving from you written information concerning:

1. Your program of activity for youth
2. Your organizational structure
3. Your size
4. The socio-economic, occupational and age levels of the young people with whom you work.

Regular receipt of periodical publications you put out would also be very helpful.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

Daniel Rubin

Daniel Rubin

P.S. In addition to the above, I would specifically be interested in receiving your special reports and supplements on the sit-in movement in the South.

June 30, 1960

Mr. Grafton D. Trout, Jr.
Department of Sociology
Indiana University
College of Arts and Sciences
Bloomington, Indiana

Dear Sir:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, materials on sit-ins. We also are placing your name on our mailing list for future material of this type.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

INDIANA UNIVERSITY
College of Arts and Sciences
BLOOMINGTON, INDIANA

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

June 28, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3 Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am preparing material for a course in social problems and I am interested in including a discussion of the current sit-in movement in it. I am therefore eager to obtain carefully evaluated reports of the occurrences of the last six months. I would appreciate it greatly if you could send me copies of SRC-13 and SRC-16 and any other reports which you may have issued or may in the future issue on this matter. Further, if it is possible, I would like to be placed on the mailing list for any other reports which the Council may issue from time to time.

Thanking you in advance, I am sincerely yours,

Grafton D. Trout, Jr.

Grafton D. Trout, Jr.

July 1, 1960

Miss Mary Ann Dick
106 Strathmore Drive
Syracuse 7, New York

Dear Miss Dick:

We are sending you, under separate cover, materials on the sit-in demonstrations.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Mary Ann Dick
106 Strathmore Drive
Syracuse 7, New York

June 27, 1960

Dear Sir:

Would you please send me the reports of your organization on the sit-in protests. I am working on a history of these demonstrations to be presented to the national convention of the National Federation of Catholic College Students (N.F.C.C.S.).

I would appreciate any information that you might have, and also if you would give this matter your immediate attention, since I must meet a deadline. Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,
Mary Ann Dick

L.E.C.
please put on list
for "Sit-In" Reports
7/25/60

409 W. Vanderbilt Drive
Oak Ridge, Tenn.
July 5, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please send me 20 copies of the early June (June 5?) report of the Southern Regional Council on the economic status of merchants who have desegregated their lunch counters. We would like to distribute copies again to our Mayor's Committee on Racial Relations and to a few merchants.

Our Mayor's Committee, like others in the South, seems about to reach a stalemate, with all but one large cafeteria (Davis Bros. - the Oak Ridge branch of the Atlanta firm) willing to desegregate their facilities, but with none willing to take the first step without Davis Bros.

So far we have had no demonstrations of any sort, but are expecting them any day and will feel them fully justified when they do come. On June 4 the Mayor's Committee turned a planned sit-in into "tests" of white customer reaction with the cooperation of Oak Ridge Negroes and 6 merchants. Public reaction was fairly good for those merchants who cooperated with the Mayor's Committee in the first two weeks, but somehow the initiative was lost and things are back to normal with Davis Bros.' refusal to negotiate. Our situation is different here in that we have only one variety store; negotiations are therefore being directed at the drugstores and <u>all</u> restaurants and cafes.

Very truly yours,

Elizabeth Peelle

Elizabeth B. Peelle

Sent 7/6/60
(20 copies - "Journey of Reconciliation")

July 19, 1960

Mr. Grady D. Davis, Dean
School of Religion
Shaw University
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Davis:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, copies of our materials on the student protest. We also are mailing copies to the persons listed in your letter.

In addition, we are placing your name and the names you sent us on our list to receive additional such reports.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bec

SHAW UNIVERSITY

RALEIGH, N. C.

L.E.C. get on Sit-in Report list 7/25/60

July 15, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Conference
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

I had a very fruitful conversation with one of your Consultants, Mr. Benjamin Muse of Manassas, Virginia. This conversation was held July 13, 1960, as Mr. Muse was passing through Raleigh and made contact with me. As the enclosed letter head indicates, I am the Executive Secretary of the Raleigh Citizens Association.

Our conference together dealt with the Sit-in situation here in Raleigh. I feel that much inspiration and direction were received. I was asked by Mr. Muse to request from your office copies of compiled information you have available in connection with the Sit-in movement in the South. In addition to myself, I was asked to make request for the following stores:

The Manager (Mr. J.L. Simpson)
F.W. Woolworth Company
224 Fayetteville St.
Raleigh, N.C.

Mr. Claude M. Breeden, Mgr.
McLellan Stores Company
230 Fayetteville St.
Raleigh, N.C.

The Manager
F.W. Woolworth Company
422 Woodburn Road
Raleigh, N.C.

Walgreen Drug Store
200 Fayetteville St.
Raleigh, N.C.

Mr. Karl G. Hudson, Jr., Manager
Hudson-Belk Company
Raleigh, N.C.

Rev. Charles W. Ward, Minister
First Baptist Church
Wilmington & Fayetteville Streets
Raleigh, N.C.

~~Mr. S.H. Kress, Manager~~
Mr. H. Wayne Schultz, Manager
S.H. Kress
102 Fayetteville St.
Raleigh, N.C.

We feel that if the persons listed above could receive this information it would enhance our goal for equality at the food counters. Please send materials addressed to me here at Shaw University.

Sincerely yours,

Grady D. Davis

Grady D. Davis, Dean
School of Religion

UNITED NEGRO COLLEGE FUND

REV. JOHN W. FLEMING
President

MRS. MABEL B. WRIGHT
Secretary

DR. GRADY D. DAVIS
Executive Secretary

MR. C. C. SMITH
Treasurer

Raleigh Citizens Association

A Federation of Raleigh Citizens and Organizations

507 East Martin Street
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

July 21, 1960

Prof. Thomas D. Eliot
R. F. D.
Fontana, Wis.

Dear Mr. Eliot:

Enclosed are copies of various reports on the student movement. In view of your interest, we are placing your name on our list to receive future reports of this type.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc
Encl.

Sent Joe — 3 - Reports (Sit-Ins) of Human Appeal March - N.S.

NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY

DeKalb, Illinois

PROF. THOMAS D. ELIOT
R. PARK [illegible], WIS.
R. F. D. FONTANA, WIS.

DEPARTMENT OF
SOCIAL SCIENCES

Southern Regional Council —

Gentlemen:

Ed Cahill, speaking at a church conference in Wisconsin, had copies of your special report on the so-called "sit-in" demonstrations", but they were all gone before I reached the pile. He thought you might send me one. I forget the price, but I enclose a card for bill.

As at a previous conference his clarity, range, courage and good humor were

much appreciated.

Thank you —

Thomas D. Eliot

July 16, 1968

1st class mail

July 21, 1960

Mr. Jack Elam
City Attorney
City of Greensboro
NORTH CAROLINA

Dear Mr. Elam:

Enclosed are copies of various reports on the student movement. In view of your interest, we are placing your name on our list for future reports of this type.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC/bcc
Encl.

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY
DALLAS 22, TEXAS

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

August 8, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Will you please send me a list of your publications currently available for distribution? I am particularly interested in your Reports and Special Reports, such as the Morland study, SRC - 15.

Sincerely yours,

Morton King

Morton B. King, Jr.
Box 192, SMU
Dallas 22, Texas

MK/sc

mailed 8/10/60

August 12, 1960

Mr. Irwin Glatstein
Jewish Community Council
2020 Hermann Drive
Houston, Texas

Dear Mr. Glatstein:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the 200 copies of "Settling a Sit-in" you requested. The cost is ten cents per copy which is our cost.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Encl. (Invoice)

Order submitted
8/12/60

JEWISH COMMUNITY COUNCIL *of Metropolitan Houston*
2020 HERMANN DRIVE • HOUSTON, TEXAS • PHONE JAckson 2-5127

MEMORANDUM

TO: Paul Rilling

FROM: Irwin Glatstein

SUBJ:

Since my letter to you the other day, Federal Judge Ben Connolly ordered the immediate desegregation of the 1st grade, starting September 1, next, and proceeding grade by grade year by year. Complete desegregation scheduled for 1972.

But the real point of the memo is to ask for 200 copies of Westfeldt's Settling a Sit-in, being a report prepared for the Nashville CRC. Hopefully, the cost will not exceed 10¢ per copy, in which case I'll absorb the cost from my own agency budget.

Regards

1,000 copies being sent to SRC on 5th or 8th.

Send all sit-in material

RICHARD SIEGLER
34 ASHTON ROAD
YONKERS, N. Y.

September 11, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am a junior at Amherst College, in Amherst, Massachusetts, and have been assigned by the college newspaper to write a special feature article on sit-in demonstrations of students in the South and elsewhere in the past year.

The article will appear in a special edition of THE AMHERST STUDENT to be published in January, 1961 which will deal with the role of American students in the field of political action.

To facilitate the preparation of this article, I would appreciate receiving whatever materials you have prepared on the sit-in demonstrations. In particular, I refer to your Special Report: Student Protests... the Follow Up Report... "Toward a Solution of the Sit-In Controversy" and other similiar publications.

Pleased be assured that the Southern Regional Council will be credited for all materials used.

If there is any charge for these materials,

RICHARD SIEGLER
34 ASHTON ROAD
YONKERS, N. Y.

September 11, 1960

(2)

Southern Regional Council

please indicate the same and payment will be made by return mail.

Please forward your material to the following address:
RICHARD SIEGLER, 62 SNELL STREET, AMHERST, MASSACHUSETTS.

Thank you for your kind consideration.

Very truly yours,

Richard Siegler

RICHARD SIEGLER

gmm c
Fee 9-14-60

Sit-Ins

September 21, 1960

Miss Kay Theobald
Student Senator
Kappa Kappa Gamma
Greencastle, Indiana

Dear Miss Theobald:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some materials on the sit-ins as requested in your letter of September 18. We are placing your name on our mailing list for future such materials.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Kappa Kappa Gamma
Greencastle, Indiana
September 18, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Last spring I received a newsletter from the USNSA informing me that I could obtain information concerning sit-ins and other forms of protest with regard to integration. The DePauw Student Senate is interested in bringing more information both pro and con to the student body with regard to this issue. We'd appreciate receiving any information that you may have and any suggestions that you might offer.

Thank you kindly for your cooperation and help.

Sincerely,

Kay Theobald

Kay Theobald
Student Senator

September 27, 1960

Miss Perea McCane, Secretary
Les Charmantes Club
107-F Rodman Road
Aberdeen, Maryland

Dear Miss McCane:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material on sit-ins and school desegregation. We hope this will be of some benefit to you and your group. The enclosed descriptive brochure and sample copy of NEW SOUTH are information concerning our monthly publication.

If we can be of additional help, please write us.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encls. (2)

/c

Lex Clarmenites Club
c/o Miss P. McCane, Sec.
107-F Podman Rd.
Aberdeen, Maryland
September 24, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

We would like to know if you have any booklets or leaflets concerning the "Lit Ins", School Integration, etc.

We are interested in having a panel discussion on some of these items.

Thank you for any information you are able to give us.

Sincerely,
(Miss) Perea McCane, Sec.

P.S. Please tell us the subscription rate of your monthly magazine, too.
Thank you.

September 30, 1960

Miss Carolyn A. DeVoe
Trinity College
Washington 17, D.C.

Dear Miss DeVoe:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, our materials on the student protest movement. We also are placing your name on our list for future such material.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Trinity College

WASHINGTON 17, D.C.

September 29, 1960

Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

The Student Council of Trinity College, Washington, D.C. is collecting information concerning the Southern sit-down strikes. This information will be used as a foundation in planning a panel discussion.

It is the aim of the Student Council to inform the student body about this issue and to have them vote on a resolution to be submitted to the National Federation of Catholic College Students.

Will you please send to me, as soon as possible, any material which you think I could use.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Carolyn A. DeVoe

Carolyn A. DeVoe

316 Hill Street
Raleigh, North Carolina
October 6, 1960

Dear Sir:

I, Charles A. Haywood, am a student at Saint Augustine's College in Raleigh, North Carolina.

I am writing a research paper dealing with the Ethical Principles involved in the student sit-in demonstration.

It is my intention to show that, although legally we were wrong, from an ethical and Christain point of view, we were right.

Any material you could supply me with would be greatly appreciated.

Yours truly,
Charles A. Haywood

Sit-in material mailed
10-17-60

November 1, 1960

Miss Julie Schwartz
2527 Ridge Road
Berkeley, California

Dear Miss Schwartz:

Your letter to Mr. Fleming concerning the sit-ins and Fayette and Haywood Counties, Tennessee, has been referred to me.

I have talked with Mr. Edward King, staff member of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, concerning the sit-ins and you will soon receive pertinent information on the sit-ins from Mr. King.

As to Haywood and Fayette, I talked with the regional director of the NAACP here. She tells me that the great need in Fayette and Haywood just now is money to be used as a backlog when many of the Negroes will be forced to move off the plantation. This is expected soon.

Any funds raised should be sent to Mr. Jesse Turner, NAACP, 236 S. Wellington, Memphis 5, Tenn. Any additional information concerning the two counties should be referred to Mr. Turner.

If there is any additional help we at the Council might give you, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

10/24/60

Dear Mr. Flemming,

I am a member of a group called the Committee for Racial Equality at the University of California at Berkely which is sponsored by Slate, the campus political party here. We would like to sponsor an educational campaign about the Southern Sit-Ins and also collect contributions in the form of money, clothes, food, or whatever is needed.

We would appreciate it very much if you could inform us of the latest news, exactly what help is most needed and who else we could contact. Also, are there any

movies or photographs which would be available on this subject. We would like to concentrate on what's going on in Lafayette and Hayward.

Thank you very much,

Julie Schwartz

Materials sent:
All sit-in material
Negro and the Ballot
Negro Voter in the South

November 18, 1960

Mr. Alan S. Meyer
Research Director
Youth Study Commission
335 Clifton Avenue
Clifton, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Meyer:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, all our materials concerning sit-ins plus the latest information concerning voting which we have. I am sorry but we do not have any up to date county-by-county reports on voting.

In view of your interest, I have taken the liberty of placing your name on our mailing list for future materials of this type. This will include all our pamphlets and special reports with the exception of NEW SOUTH, which is available on a subscription basis.

If we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
YOUTH STUDY COMMISSION

STATE HOUSE
TRENTON, NEW JERSEY

MRS. ARTHUR W. VERVAET
CHAIRMAN

HON. DAVID A. NIMMO
FIRST VICE-CHAIRMAN

JOHN J. RAFFERTY
SECOND VICE-CHAIRMAN

MRS. SARAH G. VOGEL-NEEDELL
SECRETARY

HON. WAYNE DUMONT, JR.

SIMON J. FALCEY

HON CHARLES E. FARRINGTON

REV. C. LINCOLN MCGEE

HOMER W. WIEDER

HON. MADALINE A. WILLIAMS

HON. FREDERICK M. RAUBINGER
EX OFFICIO

ALAN S. MEYER
RESEARCH DIRECTOR

ADDRESS CORRESPONDENCE TO
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES:
335 CLIFTON AVENUE
CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY
TELEPHONE: PRESCOTT 7-2091

November 16, 1960

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432 - 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

I am presently engaged in research into southern attitudes towards racial segregation, independently of my duties with the New Jersey Legislature.

Since you have been of assistance to me in the past, I am writing to you for further advice.

With respect to the matter of sit-in demonstrations by southern students, I would like to obtain the following information which I believe may be contained in reports published by your Council:

(1) The names of southern cities in which sit-in demonstrations over lunch counter and related segregation have taken place.

(2) The names of southern cities in which lunch counter and related desegregation has taken place as a result of, or subsequent to, the recent sit-in demonstrations.

I am particularly interested in the above information for the states of Alabama, Louisiana, North Carolina, Texas, and Virginia.

With respect to Negro voter registration in southern states, could you tell me if there is any more recent information than that contained in your Council's Memorandum of June 7, 1957. Again, I am particularly interested in the five states just mentioned in the above paragraph.

Mr. John Constable November 16, 1960

In connection with the June 7th memorandum just referred to, would you advise me as to whether the zero figures given for Jackson and Tallapoosa Counties indicate that information could not be secured, or that no Negro registrants were known to your organization.

If there is any charge for any of the publications requested, I will be happy to pay for them.

Your assistance is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Alan S. Meyer

Alan S. Meyer
Research Director.

ASM:mma

December 7, 1960

Mr. Paul S. Jones
Box 712
University of Richmond
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Mr. Jones:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, all of our material concerning the sit-ins plus the pamphlet "The Church in Areas of Racial Tension."

We appreciate your interest in the Council's work; and if we can be of additional help, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

Box 712
University of Richmond,
Virginia
6 December 1960

Southern Regional Council
522 Atlanta National Building
50 Whitehall Street, S. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I am writing to request any information and literature you might have that is related to the racial issue and/or to the recent "sit-ins" and "kneel-ins".

Mr. John B. Morris, who referred me to you, mentioned a leaflet "The Church in Areas of Racial Tension" especially.

Thanking you for any information which you might supply!

Yours sincerely,

Paul S. Jones

Paul S. Jones

December 28, 1960

Mr. Edward Weber
Reference Librarian
University Library
University of Michigan
Ann Arbor, Michigan

Dear Mr. Weber:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, our materials on the sit-ins.

We also are placing The Labadie Collection on our mailing list for Southern Regional Council's material other than NEW SOUTH.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
ANN ARBOR
UNIVERSITY LIBRARY
Reference Department
12 December 1960

LABADIE COLLECTION

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Miss Anna Holden, who has been active in our local Direct Action Committee, referred me to you as someone who could provide us with information on the sit-ins and other protest manifestations. She mentioned that a mimeoed series existed, and she thought that case reports had also been prepared.

We are interested in acquiring this material for the Labadie Collection, a special collection at this Library that attempts to document American social protest. We would be glad to reimburse you if a subscription charge exists and to continue to learn of the work of your organization.

New South has been ordered for the Library's general collection; however, if you are able to send us anything else please designate it for

The Labadie Collection
Reference Department
University of Michigan Library
Ann Arbor, Michigan

8

Sincerely yours,

Edward Weber

Edward Weber
Reference Librarian

ew.jrb

January 13, 1960

Mr. E. W. Williamson
1392 Melrose Cove
Memphis, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Williamson:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, our material on the sit-ins. We hope this will be helpful in preparing your paper

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

1392 Melrose Cove
January 12, 1961
Memphis, Tenn.

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I am coming to the completion of my graduate work at Fisk University and have considered the Sit-in Movement in the writing of my thesis.

Will you please send me any any available materials on the Sit-in Movement, books, phamplets, or magazines.

If there is a fee on my materials please send them C.O.D.

Thank you kindly
E. U. Williamson

February 2, 1961

Miss Sue Peirce
321 Jewett House
Vassar College
Poughkeepsie, New York

Dear Miss Peirce:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the requested material on the sit-ins.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

321 Jewett House
Vassar College
Poughkeepsie, New York

Dear Sirs,

On Friday, Feruary tenth I am giving an oral report in a religion class concerning the "sit-ins" which have occurred in the South. As the material with information on this subject, which I have collected do far, is a meager amount I was wondering if you could send me any material about this subject, such as pamphlets, articles, or references to magazine articles. I have already a copy of the Special Report entitled THE STUDENT PROTEST MOVEMENT, Winter 1960, (SRC-13, April 1, 1960 (Revised)); however, I would like another copy of this report and a copy of any reports, which are accounts of more recent events within this movement. Because the time for preparing this report is short I appreciate any information or cooperation which you can give to me.

Sincerely yours,

Sue Peirce

Sue Peirce, Class of 1962.

February 23, 1961

Mr. W. James Easterly
610 Rainbow Drive
Hollywood, Florida

Dear Mr. Easterly:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, the pamphlet material on sit-ins available here at the Council. I am placing your name on our mailing list for any future material of this type.

With best wishes for your thesis.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

610 Rainbow Drive
Hollywood, Florida
18 February 1961

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear sirs:

I am a graduate student at the University of Miami and working on a master's thesis. The subject of the thesis is the sit-in demonstrations. I know that the SRC has been very active in this area, I heard your Mr. Paul Rilling at the NSA Congress in Washington last April. I would appreciate any materials which you might have available in this area, I am looking for reports of actual sit-ins, reactions to them, and any statistical information available. Finally I would appreciate being added to any mailing lists which you feel would keep me in contact with the coming events as they take place.

Thank you for your time and cooperation. I hope that you might be abled to reply at your earliest possible convenience.

Sincerely,

W. James Easterly

W. James Easterly

March 30, 1961

2d Lt. E. Lee Lassiter
The Adjutant General's School, U. S. Army
Fort Benjamin Harrison
Indianapolis 16, Indiana

Dear Lt. Lassiter:

We are mailing you, under separate cover, some material on the sit-ins and related subjects.

If we can be of additional aid, please let us know.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

HEADQUARTERS
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S SCHOOL, U. S. ARMY
FORT BENJAMIN HARRISON
INDIANAPOLIS 16, INDIANA
non-resident training
department

27 March 1961

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

May I please receive any pamphlet or memeographed material you can send which treats the race problem in the United States as it relates to the international or world race situation.

If you can refer me to other possible sources of information which in anyway relates totthis, I would be grateful if you would do so.

I am currently in possession of your last year's reports backgrounding and compiling the sit-in demonstrations. These were released last March. Have they been up-dated ? If so may I receive the latest compilations.

Many thanks for any consideration given to this request.

Yours sincerely,

E. Lee Lassiter
2d Lt. USAR

June 29, 1961

Mr. L. K. Bishop
Vice President
National Conference of Christians
and Jews
203 North Wabash, Suite 918
Chicago 1, Illinois

Dear Mr. Bishop:

Under separate cover we are sending you the requested copies of the special report, THE FREEDOM RIDE.

Please call on us at any time that we might be of assistance.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/sm

BOND SEA FOAM

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF CHRISTIANS AND JEWS
203 NORTH WABASH
SUITE 918
CHICAGO 1, ILLINOIS

FROM THE OFFICE
OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

June 26, 1961

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Will you please send me four copies of your special report, THE FREEDOM RIDE, May 1961.

I have seen excerpts from this report and I congratulate you on it. You have done us all a real service in making this evaluation. I look forward to receiving the full report.

Cordially yours,

L. K. Bishop

L. K. Bishop
Vice President

LKB/jmw

July 10, 1961

Miss Marjorie Cronin
22 South 13th Avenue
Mount Vernon, New York

Dear Miss Cronin:

We are sending you, under separate cover, a copy of the freedom ride report for which there is no charge.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

July 7, 1961

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I would like to obtain a copy of your special report on The Freedom Ride - May, 1961, which was distributed by you last month.

I regularly receive your pamphlet entitled "New South" and since I did not receive the report on The Freedom Ride, I am assuming that there is a charge for it. If you will let me know the amount, I will be glad to send you a check.

With many thanks,

Miss Marjorie Cronin
22 South 13th Avenue
Mount Vernon, New York

July 10, 1961

The Rev. Ewell J. Reagin
Cornell United Religious Work
Anabel Taylor Hall
Cornell University
Ithaca, New York

Dear Mr. Reagin:

We are sending you the Student Protest Movement and postscript events. We are also enclosing our report on the freedom ride which we think might interest you, plus a listing of other publications which we will be glad to send you if they offer you anything.

Sincerely,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

CORNELL UNIVERSITY

ITHACA, NEW YORK

CORNELL UNITED RELIGIOUS WORK
Anabel Taylor Hall

July 5, 1961

Southern Regional Council
Room 201
5 Forsyth St., N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am interested in receiving the following material which was listed in the information sheet and guides for action related to student demonstration for racial justice:

One copy of the -Special Report, Southern Regional Council, "The Student Protest Movement," March, 1960 and Southern Regional Council - POSTSCRIPT: "Events" February 26 - March 13.

If there is a charge, please send bill to:

The Reverend Ewell J. Reagin
Cornell United Religious Work
Anabel Taylor Hall
Cornell University
Ithaca, New York

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Ewell J. Reagin

Ewell J. Reagin m.m.

EJR:mm

also Freedom Ride -
+ hum lists

July 12, 1961

Miss Elisabeth Zinck Rothenberger
447 Banks Street
San Francisco 10, California

Dear Miss Rothenberger:

We are sending you, under separate cover, our report on The Freedom Ride. As you know freedom riders are a new demonstration so we don't have any other literature at this moment. However, I think all of the available information and appraisals on freedom riders that you could want is in this report which we are sending you. There is no charge.

Good luck with your seminar presentation.

Sincerely yours,

(Miss) Margaret Long
Director of Information

ML:lec

Rec'd 1:10 pm 7/12/61

447 Banks Street
San Francisco 10, California
July 9, 1961

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am a junior high school English teacher in the San Francisco public school system. I am currently attending Stanford University to complete work for an M.A. in Education.

On July 27 I must have ready a presentation on a topic of current importance for a seminar of 20 people. I have chosen to speak on the Freedom Riders.

I am wholeheartedly in sympathy with the Riders. I would like to make as forceful, yet as reasoned, a presentation as possible.

On May 30 you published a study of the Riders. Could you possibly send me a copy of your report, as well as any other literature on the Riders that would be appropriate.

I will of course be happy to pay for these materials.

Thank you very much for your help.

Sincerely yours,

Elisabeth Zinck Rothenberger

Elisabeth Zinck Rothenberger

April 13, 1962

Professor Charles S. McCoy
Department of Religion in Higher
Education
Pacific School of Religion
1798 Scenic Avenue
Berkeley 9, California

Dear Professor McCoy:

Thank you for your kind letter of March 29.

I hope you will think to send us a copy of your paper on "The Protest Movement for Racial Justice" when you have written it. I shall be greatly interested in reading it.

Under separate cover we are sending a package of things which have come from here regarding the Movement. It is a little hard to suggest other items because the bibliography is, as you know, by now pretty large. Some things which occur to me, however, are the following:

(1) Howard Zinn's fine article, "The Force of Non-Violence," Nation, March 17, 1962.

(2) Louis Lomax's Harper's article, "The Negro Revolt Against 'The Negro Leaders'", June 1960.

(3) The script of the Nashville Story to be found in the Congressional Record for January 1961, pp. 1233-1238.

(4) Tom Hahn's Unfinished Revolution, available from Roodenko, 36 E. 10th Street, New York 3, New York.

(5) George McMillan's perceptive piece in Look Magazine, July 5, 1960 on "Sit Downs-The South's New Time Bomb"

(6) Katharine Kinkead's piece in the New Yorker, April 15, 1961 called "It Doesn't Seem Quick to Me."

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Separate mailing:
Harris Wofford's, "The Law and Civil Disobedience" (mimeographed copy)
July/August, 1961 New South - "Freedom Rides"
January 1961 New South, "The South and Civil Disobedience," MArion A. Wright
"Reflection on the Latest Reform of the South," Leslie W. Dunbar
Racial Violence and Law Enforcement, G. McMillan
October 1960, New South, "A Selected Bibliography"
"Civil Disobedience," Leslie W. Dunbar
"The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960", (Special Report of the Southern Regional Council, Apr. 1, 1960)
"The Student Protest Movement: A Recapitulation," September 1961 (Special Report of SRC)
L-Reports #20, 22, and 28
"The Freedom Ride, May 1961," (Special Report of SRC)
"Lunch-Counter Desegregation in Corpus Christi, Galveston, and San Antonio, Texas," Kenneth Morland, (Special Report of SRC), May 10, 1960

PACIFIC SCHOOL OF RELIGION
1798 Scenic Avenue
Berkeley 9, California

Department of Religion
in Higher Education

March 29, 1962

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Later this spring I shall be giving a paper on "The Protest Movement for Racial Justice." I shall appreciate having any materials and bibliographical suggestions which you may have which would contribute toward development of the paper on this topic.

I certainly hear excellent reports of the work of the Southern Regional Council these days. It makes me long to be back in Florida working again with the Council on Human Relations in Gainesville and on the state level.

My warm regards.

Faithfully yours,

Charles S. McCoy

Charles S. McCoy
Professor of
Religion in Higher Education

CSM:fw-r

Eliza Paschall
Brewbaker

Fri ——
10:00

November 21, 1963

Mr. Gordon Roberts
1215 Ridgeview Drive
Alexandria 10, Virginia

Dear Gordon:

Thanks for your note on my new job. You overrate me.

I enjoyed seeing you briefly when you were down here, and hope when you are back for a longer spell we can get together.

Sincerely,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

October 28, 1963

Dear Pat,

Your leaving is a great loss to The Journal and newspapering everywhere, and to the people of Atlanta and Georgia. I sincerely wish you well in all you do at the Council.

I am very mindful of all you did for me when you were city editor and most proud -- and I hope not immodest -- that if ever I made the grade as a reporter it was because of you.

regards,

Gordon

1215 Ridgeview Drive
Alexandria 10, Virginia

August 25, 1964

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Rogers:

Well, here it is. It's still too long, even though, as you can see, I've gone through and cut some chunks out. We may do more cutting here at the office. I'd be interested in your reaction to the length--and particularly on places that seem to drag, or are repetitious. Beyond that, I'm of course anxious about any inaccuracies, and most of all, about the balance of the thing--whether it is moreoor less a fair approximation of the way things really are. If there are any things in it that might really seriously hurt race relations in your opinion, I want to know about that, too.

I've marked several places where I didn't get first names: Blakeley's; Tuten's' Copeland's, and one place where I didn't get the exact date the Rays moved to Brunswick.

Again, thanks. For laboring through this, and for all your wonderful help and hospitality when I was down there. I couldn't have gotten along without your help.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:mp

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin T. Rogers
4213 4th Street, East Beach
St. Simons Island, Georgia

August 28, 1964

Mr. Morris H. Rubin, Editor
The Progressive
408 Gorham Street
Madison, Wisconsin 53703

Dear Mr. Rubin:

The September issue arrived today, and I'm proud to have my piece in there. I think the following would be interested in receiving marked copies:

Mr. Ralph McGill, Publisher
The Atlanta Constitution
Box 8689
Atlanta, Georgia 30302

Mr. Peter Davison, Executive Editor
Atlantic-Little Brown
8 Arlington Street
Boston 16, Mass.

Mr. Lou Mitchell
U.S. Commission on Civil Rights
1701 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Lora Doktor
1147 E. Nevada Street
Detroit, Michigan

I wonder if you would be interested in a contrary view (my own) of the generally condemned refusal of the Freedom Democrat folks to accept the the convention compromise? This would be to point out that the refusal was a bad tactical blunder short-range, but long range was consistent with the idealism of the movement and with its history of attempting

the impossible--these two things being its beauty, and its greatest strength. I would go on to discuss implications of the advice from older heads, even such a one as Bayard Rustin, that in politics you have to compromise, suggesting of course that in the balance between pragmatism and idealism, the nation has needed a force to weigh the scales more heavily on the side of umcompromising idealism. And then, beyond reason and practicality, it is good in a poetic sort of way to have these kids who won't compromise. It wouldn't have to be long--if necessary, even 1,00 words. I would want to talk to Forman and others, but the ideas would be my own.

Thanks again.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

P
W
/
m
p

File

4213 4th St. E.
St. Simons Island, Ga.
August 29, 1964

Dear Pat:

Mrs. Rogers and I both thoroughly enjoyed your article and think it splendid. I agree it is rather long, in my opinion, maybe less detailed description of scenery and buildings--not in the introduction but later throughout the article is one place cutting could be done. I understand possibly you are making a point of the connection between geographical environment and the racial problem. Possibly less detail recording of philoso--phical obervations by individuals (including me) without deleting any pertinent facts might reduce the length.

It seemed to me there is repetition, particuarly in the case of interviews with Dr. Mercer and Rev. Hope-- I find no inaccuracies, to my knowledge. I think it is a very fair approximation of the way things really are.

While you are probably true in your observation about Dr. Mercer's and Rev. Hope's attitudes towards the bi-racial committee, this might make the condition more strained and be injurious to our problem here. You will note throughout the manuscript small corrections which we noted and made-- you of course do not have to accept them, they are merely matters of minor fact.

The following are page by page notations for your information:

page 35-- Mrs. Rogers' quote about children using the beach-- suggest a note be inserted here that these conditions no longer exist.
page 43-- Full name: Not Harris but Herbert Handley
page 59-- Full name: WilliamL. Blakely
page 65-- "Mrs. Wilkes hears everything" I think Mrs. Wilkes might object to this or misunderstand the sence in which it was made and since it does not add anything I request you delete it..
page 67-- Mrs. Virginia Shields in the library-- this was hearsay information and may not be correct.

Reference to Scott Paper Co.-- the correct nomenclature is Brunswick Pulp and Paper Co., which is only half owned by Scott Paper Co. My reference to Scott and government contracts-- this was told to me by an employee of the plant.

page 69-- Full name: Millard A. Copeland
page 78-- Date of Ray's arrival March 1962
page 98-- Full name: J. Russell Tuten
page 122-- Full name: Rex Deaver

One more note on cutting, since al parties agree that the hospital walkout was entirely an economic thing- possibly less emphasis can be placed on this.

I hope Pat, you do not think I am being over ~~cit~~ critical on what you have done but as you asked for comments--here they are.

Just as an idea--possibly you could write a condenced summary purely containing facts, without personal opinions, and on detail of action, which would be followed by the full article.

I think this is a find article and I thoroughly enjoyed reading it. I find it helpfull getting the frank thoughts of others here that I did not have before. I'll be glad to didcuss it with you further at anytime if you should wish-- I'M always available.

Lish and I hope before the summer is over you and your family will be down, we always enjoy seeing you.

Yours truly,

Trap

Trap Rogers

September 2, 1964

Dear Pat:

Thank you for your letter--again I enjoyed your article. With reference to the bi-racial committee, I certainly feel that the suggestion from Mr. Lovvorn as to the need to broaden it's base and get it out into the open, is a good one and naturally should be mentioned in your article.

I can easily understand your confusion about Mrs. Ashe, everyone is, for she is Lish's mother and also my aunt.

I don't know if Mr. Whittle is giving you the run-around, it may be because he is running for the state legislature that he would not want any publicity, about bi-racial activities, at this time.

I'll be glad to read your re-edited material anytime.

Best wishes,

Trap

July 10, 1964

Mrs. Sue W. Riley, Secretary
Unitarian Church of Charlotte
1626 East Boulevard
Charlotte, North Carolina

Dear Mrs. Riley:

Thank you for your letter and kind remarks about the Charlotte report. I am enclosing two copies of it. If you should want others, write us.

Give my regards to Dr. Freeman when he returns.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

SIDNEY L. FREEMAN, Minister

Unitarian Church of Charlotte

1626 East Boulevard, Charlotte, North Carolina / Telephone EDison 3-2103

June 26, 1964

Pat Watters
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr/Mrs/Miss Watters,

In the absence of Dr. Freeman, I opened, and read your report on Charlotte. I think it is an excellent job of reporting and interpretation, and very well written!

It was particularly interesting to me, as I have, during the three years I have been in Charlotte, participated in a small way, in some of these things that have heppened. And actually, I think that Dr. Hawkins is more often right, than wrong. He seems to know, with almost unerring insight and political know-how exactly where the soft spots are, and when to push, and how hard to push. I'm afraid that, unfortunately, it is quite true that the "power structure" doesn't move unless it is pushed. This does not mean that the sentiments of many individuals are not morally right, or "Christian", but they are too bounded by fear to act solely on these sentiments. Force can help to proove to them that there really isn't much to fear after all.

But my main purpose in writing is to compliment you on a fine job. And also to ask if perhaps you have another copy of the report which I might have for myself? I would appreciate it. Dr. Freeman will be most interested in reading it, I am sure, when he returns in August. He is teaching in California this summer.

Sincerely yours,

Sue W. Riley

Sue W. Riley (Mrs.)
Church Secretary

LD ✓

MP File

4213 4th Street E.
St. Simons Island, Ga.
November 2, 1964

Dear Pat,

Many thanks for sending us the finished article on Brunswick, we found it very interesting and well prepared, with considerable improvement over the original--we greatly enjoyed every word.

As to persons who might like copies- here are a few suggestions:

~~Pres.~~ Chamber of Commerce
Glynn Ave
Brunswick, Ga.

President, Brunswick Chamber of Commerce
Mr. Gordan K. Singletary, 1
1215 Lanier Blvd.
Brunswick, Ga.

Senator John M. Gayner III
Sunset Blvd.
Brunswick, Ga.

Mr. Joe Isenberg
Dunwody Bldg.
Brunswick, Ga.

Mr. Reid W. Harris
Fredrica Rd.
St. Simons Island, Ga.

Congressman - Rep. J. Russell Tuten
U.S.
Federal Bldg.
Brunswick, Ga.

Missed you at the Annual Meeting on Jekyll, you surely missed an inspiring and exciting conference, wish you could have been there.

Yours Truly, Edwin T. Rogers
Rich & Trap Rogers

Oh - about 25 copies sent in bulk for Glynn members - will distribute at next meeting - I won't let Trap see how horrible this letter looks.

October 28, 1964

Mr. & Mrs. Edward T. Rogers
4213 Fourth Street, East
St. Simons Island, Georgia

Dear Mr. & Mrs. Rogers:

Here at last is the Brunswick report as it finally turned out. As you can see, we did some drastic cutting. I think this helped, and the story still emerges in balanced perspective.

I am sending copies to Dr. Mercer, Mr. Lovvern, Mr. Altman, Ray Whittle, W. A. Whittle, Fred Bell, Chief Deaver, Bob Mauney, Dr. Wilkes, Mr. Hope, Mr. Gibbs, Dr. Ray, Mr. Nalls, Judge Hartley, Howard Sears, Mr. Blakely and Miss Harris.

I would appreciate it very much if you would suggest any other people who because of status or interest should see it. For example, who representing the Chamber of Commerce should we send it to? We of course want your members to get copies and could do this either by sending them to you in bulk, or from an address list from you.

Again, thanks for all of your help and consideration, and hospitality. I hope the report will be constructive.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:mp

January 4, 1965

Dear Mr. Rosen:

Your kind Christmas card reminded me that I never did send you a copy of the report over which I labored so while enjoying your hospitality at the motel.

Enclosed is a copy. Hope you enjoy it and best wishes to you for the coming year.

Regards.

Yours trulym

Pat Watters

Mr. I. J. Rosen
Surf Side Apartment Motel
240 Arnold Road
St. Simons Island, Georgia

January 19, 1965

Dear Mr. Rahman:

I just wanted to thank you for your Christmas card and the good note. It was good to hear from you.

As you can see, I'm no longer with the newspaper, but with the organization which was your host in Atlanta. I am still writing and reporting and find the process much more satisfying here.

I remember well our visit and my wife and I were both pleased that you remembered it too. Best wishes to you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

Mr. Gholam Rahman
"Orchid Dale"
Armenitola
Dacca - 1, Pakistan

April 7, 1965

Mr. Jeffrey C. Rubin
New College
Sarasota, Florida

Dear Mr. Rubin:

I don't know whether it is possible to do what you want to do in such a short time. Your best bet would be to write to either Mr. Julian Bond, Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, 8½ Raymond Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia, or to Mr. Randolph Blackwell, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, 334 Auburn Avenue, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia. SNCC is still operating Freedom Schools in Mississippi, but I don't know whether they are accepting volunteers or not. SCLC is planning a big summer operation for volunteers but I doubt it it will have started by April 25.

I am forwarding your letter to Mr. Bond. By all means get in touch with both organizations right away.

Good luck on it. Please give my best regards to Sam Adams.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:p

September 27, 1965

Mr. Edward Richer
Free University of Florida
P. O. Box 13658
University Station
Gainesville, Florida

Dear Mr. Richer:

Mr. Dunbar has asked me to reply to your letter of September 17 about possible use of other of our mailing lists. The only one that even slightly seems to fit your needs is one that we call, "Interagency." These are the heads and hired help of the various do-good outfits.

I think maybe the mailing list of the National Student Association's southern office might come closer to what you want. If you are interested, the man to write to is Hayes Mizell, 41 Exchange Place, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia, 30303.

Let me know if you want our interagency list. If you do, is it the Florida names only, or all of them?

Like Les, I admire your guts and your curriculum. I hope you will keep me posted on how it all works out.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:js

Rec'd 9/20/65

FREE UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

P.O. Box 13658, University Station
Gainesville, Florida

September 17, 1965

Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council

PW - please reply

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Thank you for the New South mailing list. I have also had access to another of your lists (whether it is one of the 20 or not I don't know): members of the council, a list divided into "classes." We mailed brochures to that latter list some time ago, and the only response I got was $10 from Frank Smith of the TVA. The New South list was mailed earlier this week.

Your letter was very encouraging, and I appreciate your interest and support. We are most anxious around this time to hear from the Foundations we have asked for money. (I'm not being clever: I know you are going to work for the Field organization, which happens, by the way, to be a fund we did not ask for money. I was given to understand--just "fund raising talk" as far as I can tell--that one had to be more of a going concern before one applied to Field; fledgling enterprises had to ask smaller funds for their initial help.) Without foundation support, I don't think we will be able to go beyond Fall.

The brochure has not brought in the contributions I had expected it to, and I'm puzzled about that. Our best responses seem to be from old friends, relatives, teachers, and PCV's. If any of your lists approximate teachers (younger ones in schools of higher education) or what it takes to be a Peace Corps Volunteer, then (to be scientific about this, assuming my sample is decent) those lists would probably be the most helpful.

In fact, without a loan of $900 from Operation Freedom (Maurice McCrackin, in Cincinnati) I wouldn't have been able to spend the summer and this month working to get the school into a shape that was honestly public and worthwhile. With a break in the next few days that will get us a place to teach and learn in, we should open up just before the month is out.

Your addressograph no doubt will stamp an envelope directly, and I was going to suggest here that if it is less expensive or time consuming for you, I could mail up some brochures--send them by bus--and you could address them and then return them by bus (they have to be mailed from Gainesville). Now that I have suggested it, however, it sounds a mite tedious. Whatever your judgment is on this point is all right with me. But I would like one or two more ofyour lists; there must be a group in the U.S. who would kick in five or ten dollars a person to see something like this flower.

Sincerely,

Edward Richer

Edward Richer

General

December 23, 1963

Professor Ross Green
~~Department of Education~~
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Ross:

As promised, after our conversation at Emory last week, I am enclosing a breakdown of the data we agreed to compile on the Savannah River counties. This information was gathered from census reports, state education reports, and other sources of information readily available to us.

I am also enclosing copies of two HEW reports, one on the 1962-63 public school finance programs of Georgia, and the other on the 1962-63 programs of South Carolina.

I think some of the information here is very interesting, and I hope you and your colleagues will, too.

If you have any questions about these tables and the information they contain, please let me know.

I hope you have a very Merry Christmas.

Sincerely,

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

SDB:nm
Enclosures

April 28, 1964

Dr. Ross Green
Division of Teachers Education
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia 30322

Dear Ross:

I am enclosing herewith, as per your request by telephone today, our check in the amount of $100 for expenses toward your trip to Burke County, Georgia, pursuant to SRC's research project.

Have a good trip.

Sincerely,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Assistant to the
Executive Director

VEJ:nm
Enclosure

Ck. $100(one-hundred dollars)

May 7, 1964

Dr. Ross Green
Division of Teachers Education
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia 30322

Dear Ross:

I am enclosing herewith our check in the amount of $21.34, to reimburse you for monies expended on your trip to Burke County.

Sincerely yours,

Vernon E. Jordan. Jr.
Assistant to the
Executive Director

VEJ:nm
Enclosure
Ck. $21.34

June 4, 1964

Dr. Ross Green
Division of Teachers Education
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia 30322

Dear Ross:

I am enclosing a check covering expenses incurred during your most recent trip to Edgefield County.

Here's hoping you had a good trip.

Sincerely,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Assistant to the
Executive Director

VEJ:nm
Enclosure
Ck. $75.92

EMORY UNIVERSITY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30322

DIVISION OF TEACHER EDUCATION

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Assistant to the Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Vernon:

Clay Brittain, Wayne Bridgemanx, and I spent May 18 and 19 in Edgefield County. Our expenses were:

Transportation:	$40.00
Food	21.32
Room	10.30
Miscellaneous	4.30
Total	$75.92

If the amount for the room seems small to you, you might like to know that I judged the charge excessive for what we got.

Sincerely Yours,

Ross

Donald Ross Green

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
5 FORSYTH STREET, N. W. [illegible] 30303
[illegible] 2-8764

LESLIE W. DUNBAR,
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

A Council to attain the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South

M E M O R A N D U M

July 1, 1965

TO : LWD

FROM: SA

RE : Ross Green's Report on Edgefield and Burke Counties: Education and Employment

I don't know who our reading audiences will be (average or elite), but I think the study on education in Burke and Edgefield counties is worthy of publication. It might be improved by polishing it and boiling out the fat. At the beginning, for example, much time is spent telling what the researchers plan to do rather than telling what they have done.

Perhaps that part can be written in briefer form.

At the top of page 26 the writers say that white high school children are at the national norm and Negro children are a bit above the state average for Negroes. I wonder if Negro and white in the counties are judged on the same standards, because the authors came right back and said Negro children graduate with achievement at what normally would be the 10th grade level. The latter is supported by Table 5, showing reading vocabulary in the southern states.

If the piece is to be for popular consumption, a paragraph abstracting suggestions might be helpful near the beginning of the final section.

Some other questions, which I wonder about and would like to have the authors determine their relevance, include the following:

-- If Edgefield has better teachers who might require more work for passing classes, is this a factor in causing Edgefield drop out rate to be equivalent to that of Burke?

MEMO TO: LWD - 2.
July 1, 1965

-- Is the availability of more poverty-level jobs in Edgefield also an influencing factor on dropping out of school?

-- In the absence of large faculties to permit more of a variety in the instruction, would it be practical to have in-service programs to make a few teachers in the counties more broadly based, i. e., a good chemistry teacher might also be a good math teacher -- that sort of in-service training.

It just occurred to me that there ought to be some extra money in small counties to attract talented teachers with broad ranges and skills. They should get premium pay.

The most important question I had is related to the broad spread of ages and grade achievements that the Negro teacher must cope with in Burke County. I wonder if there are retardates included in regular classes, making the Negro school a sort of baby-sitting service for mentally deficient pupils. Five of the first graders were age 11; another five 14-year-old students, and one 15-year-old were in the 3rd grade. I am just curious as to whether mental deficiencies or other situations helped caused the lag.

July 28, 1965

Dr. Donald Ross Green
Division of Teacher Education
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia 30322

Dear Ross:

The draft on the Burke County report seems to be in good order, except for a little'knit-picking' and editing. It probably won't require much further work on your part. We will probably want you to come in sometime soon to examine the draft for the final copying.

Thank you for your speedy attention to the alterations we suggested.

Our check in the amount of $37.50 is enclosed to reimburse you for your trouble in getting the draft typed.

Sincerely yours,

Sam Adams
Director of Research

SA:nm
Enclosure
Ck. $37.50

NM — make out money request. Sam

GA

EMORY UNIVERSITY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30322

DIVISION OF TEACHER EDUCATION

July 26, 1965

Leslie W. Dunbar, Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Les:

Jimmy Jordan tells me he spent $30.00 last Fall having that draft of the Burke County report typed. I have spent $7.50 for the same purpose during the last few months. If you will send me a check for the total amount ($37.50) I will reimburse Jimmy.

I hope the draft I sent you Saturday turns out to the last one.

Sincerely,
Ross
Donald Ross Green

the same reasonable

February 17, 1959

NEWSPAPERS

1. The Atlanta Constitution - Daily
2. The Atlanta Daily World - Daily (except Monday)
3. The Atlanta Journal - Daily
4. Arkansas Gazette - Daily
5. The Augusta Courier - Weekly
6. The Black Dispatch - Weekly free — Okla City
7. The Carolina Israelite - Bi-monthly (every two months)
8. The Chattanooga Times - Daily
9. The Citizen's Council - Monthly
10. Community - Monthly
11. The Journal and Guide - Weekly
12. Los Angeles Tribune - Weekly free
13. NAACP Newsletter - Weekly
14. The National Guardian - Weekly
15. The New York Times - Daily
16. The Open Forum - Monthly free — ACLU - So. Calif
17. The Petal Paper - Weekly
18. The Southern Patriot - Monthly (except July and August)
19. Southern School News - Monthly
20. The Sun Reporter (San Francisco, California) - Weekly free
21. The Washington Post and Times Herald - Daily

MAGAZINES

1. The Christian Century - Weekly
2. Interracial Review - Monthly
3. The Nation - Weekly
4. The New Leader - Weekly
5. The New Republic - Weekly
6. The Presbyterian Outlook - Weekly
7. Progressive - Monthly
8. Southern Newsletter - Monthly
9. Time Magazine - Weekly
10. U. S. News & World Report

Booklets

1. The Journal of Negro Education
2. Phylon
3. Race Relations Law Reporter

MEMORANDUM: TO HCF
PR
MET
JH II
CHP
BM
JC
PA
RHA
MM
MA
EW

FROM: LWD

This is a revision of my earlier memorandum outlining the procedure for clipping of periodicals.

I. The following periodicals will be clipped systematically, i. e. will be examined throughout by the Research staff and all items of interest to SRC will be clipped:

The Atlanta Constitution
The Atlanta Journal & Constitution (Sunday)
The Chattanooga Times
The New York Times
Time Magazine
U. S. News and World Report

Our basic clipping file will, therefore, be built up from these sources.

II. The following periodicals will be examined by the Research staff, and clipped for -

a. editorial and columnist comment
b. stories not reported in the first group of publications
c. stories reported with noteworthy differences of treatment or length

The Atlanta Daily World
The Norfolk Journal and Guide

II-A The following periodicals will be clipped for -

a. state and local news
b. editorial and columnist comment
c. noteworthy features

The Atlanta Journal
The Arkansas Gazette
The Houston Post
The Richmond News-Leader
The Washington Post and Times-Herald

III. The following periodicals will be examined by the Research staff. The periodicals marked with an asterisk will not be clipped; inserts for the files will be made noting items of interest and the periodicals kept in SRC's permanent collection. Those unmarked will be clipped, and the clipped issues kept for a year and then discarded.

*The Augusta Courier
*The Carolina Israelite
*The Citizen's Council
*Community
*NAACP Newsletter
*The Petal Paper
*The Southern Patriot
*Southern School News
*Interracial Review
The Nation
The New Leader
The New Republic
The Presbyterian Outlook
Progressive
*Southern Newsletter
*Crisis

IV. The following periodicals will not be examined by the Research staff; only as requested by other staff members will items be clipped for the files:

The Black Dispatch
Los Angeles Tribune
The National Guardian
The Open Forum
The Sun Reporter
All the trade-union papers received

V. The learned journals received by SRC will not be clipped and items in them will not be cross-referenced in the files. Indices will be copied annually and filed. The journals will be retained permanently. These are:

The Journal of Negro Education
Phylon
Race Relations Law Reporter

The periodicals listed in this memo include all which SRC is now receiving. As in the past, changes (either additions or deletions) will be made in the list from time to time. I would be most grateful for suggestions from any member of the staff as to periodicals to which we should subscribe or which we should discontinue.

To: HCF
FER
MET
JH II
CHP
JC
PA
RHA

From: LWD

This memo is to inform you of the procedure now followed by the Research staff in selecting items to be clipped from periodicals. We believe that these procedures will provide usable, comprehensive files and will also permit an efficient utilization of our time.

I. The following periodicals will be clipped systematically, i. e. will be examined throughout by the Research staff and all items of interest to SRC will be clipped:

The Chattanooga Daily Times
The AtlantaConstitution
The Atlanta Journal & Constitution (Sunday)
The New York Times
Time Magazine
U. S. News and World Report

Our basic clipping file will, therefore, be built up from these sources.

II. The following periodicals will be examined by the Research staff, and clipped for -

a. Editorial and columnist comment
b. Stories not reported in the first group of publications
c. Stories reported with noteworthy differences of treatment or of length

The Atlanta Daily World
~~The Atlanta Journal~~
~~Arkansas Gazette~~
~~The Chattanooga Times~~
Norfolk Journal & Guide
~~The Washington Post & Times-Herald~~

II A.

III. The following periodicals will be examined by the Research staff. The periodicals marked with an asterisk will not be clipped; inserts for the files will be made noting items of interest and the periodicals kept in SRC's permanent collection. Those unmarked will be clipped, and the clipped issues kept for a year and then discarded.

*The Augusta Courier — D
*The Carolina Israelite — D
*The Citizen's Council — D
*Community — A
*NAACP Newsletter — D
*The Petal Paper — D
*The Southern Patriot — D
*Southern School News — M
The Christian Century — A
*Interracial Review — A
The Nation — M
The New Leader — M
The New Republic — M
The Presbyterian Outlook — A
Progressive — M
*Southern Newsletter — D
*Crisis — D

IV. The following periodicals will not be examined by the Research staff; only as requested by other staff members will items be clipped for the files:

The Black Dispatch
Los Angeles Tribune
The National Guardian
The Open Forum
The Sun Reporter
All the trade-union papers received

V. The learned journals received by SRC will not be clipped and items in them will not be cross-referenced in the files. Indices will be copied annually and filed. The journals will be retained permanently. These are:

The Journal of Negro Education
Phylon
Race Relations Law Reporter

The periodicals listed in this memo include all which SRC is now receiving. As in the past, changes (either additions or deletions) will be made in the list from time to time. I would be most grateful for suggestions from any member of the staff as to periodicals to which we should subscribe or which we should discontinue.

PROCEDURE

Group I.

a. BC will read, clip, classify and file all except the New York Times.

b. LWD will read the New York Times and mark items for clipping. BC will clip these immediately and carry to HCF; and will classify and file after HCF returns.

Group II.

a. BC will read, clip, classify and file all. It is important that this be done after the Group I publications have been clipped in order to avoid duplication.

Group III.

a. MM or MA or LWD will read and mark items for which inserts are to be prepared. BC will prepare and classify the inserts.

It is important to use some discrimination about this. If, e. g., schools close in Atlanta next Fall, The Augusta Courier, The Southern School News, the NAACP Newsletter will undoubtedly give the event attention. Anyone subsequently researching the episode would know that these publications ought to be consulted. There is, therefore, no need to have a cross-reference in the insert file. Inserts should be prepared only when the source is one that would not ordinarily occur to a researcher.

On the other hand, the publications which will not be kept permanently should have every item of interest cross-referenced in the files. Those issues which have such items should be clearly marked on the outside cover so that they will not be discarded at the end of the year.

As in the past, when we discover items of especial interest they should be circulated through the staff prior to filing.

Group IV.

a. BC will clip, classify and file items as requested.

Group V.

a. LWD and MM will examine before shelving.

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[illegible] [illegible]ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date July 26, 1961

To: Research staff (CC: LWD) From: JAM

Subject: Work plan; allocation of responsibilities

I think this is, in substance, a summary of our conversations this morning. It was our feeling that all of the research requests that come to the Council should be channelled through Montez, who will, in turn, allocate the responsibilities to members of the research group. In terms of specifics:

1) Montez is the administrative right arm of the research staff, handling all of the request that come to us and keeping some kind of check on both the channels (telephone call, office visit, mail request) of the requests and will continue, as in the past, to answer letters requesting research information, in addition to serving as a liaison person between the research group and the staff members of SRC.

2) Meg is primarily responsible for the fact-finding and report-writing of small research requests that come to us (e.g., the request for information on meter readers and bus drivers in the South). She will also assume the responsibility for sharing with me the reading of manuscripts and their editing in preparation for publication as Council documents.

Meg indicates that she will provide through minutes continuity between the staff meetings held by the group and will in conference with Elizabeth schedule the explorations within the research organization. Meg will keep Montez informed of these schedules.

3) Temporarily, Elizabeth will be the person whom we expect to know the location of the files in the research office--this responsibility to be, as soon as possible, jointly shared by all members of the research group. Elizabeth has agreed to prepare for us a descriptive manual outlining all the kinds of material we have on file and where they are located.

4) The research assistants as a group (Jeff and Judy for a time yet, Dotty, Jane, and Elizabeth) will, on a staggared basis, share the responsibility for the reading and the clipping of newspapers and periodicals. In addition the following basic topics will be covered individually by these staff members:

Elizabeth	Dottie
Civil Liberties	Sit=ins
Civil Rights	Public Accomodations
Law & law enforcement	Medical care, Health, & Welfare
Suffrage	Housing
Freedom Rides	Economy
International relations	Politics

Jeff & Judy (to be assigned to Jane in mid-August) Jeff and Judy will instruct her in the routine

Jeff: Employment
Labor
Violence & Intimidation and Resistance Groups

Judy: Education
Religion
Intergroup Relations

In this way, when any request is made for research information, Montez could very quickly call to the research staff member into whose category it falls and ask him (or her) to handle the fact-finding for this request.

I urge upon you to use the next six weeks as an observation and experimentation period pointing up the rough spots ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ in these arrangements where they occur so that we may have the basis for some discussion upon my return. I ask you also to be of as much assistance as you can to Dr. Parrish in the employment study in order that we may complete that as close to the target date as possible.

To The Members of the Research Department:

Because of the confusion that exists in the Research Department, I find it necessary to spell out the various duties accompaning each position in the department. Each member of the department is directly responsible to the Rereearch Director who is in turn directly responsible to the Exec. Director. It is the responsibitiy of the Senior Research Assistant to coordinate the duties assigned to each research assistant and to supervise the files and all the other functions of the

It is also his responsibility to report to the Research Director any lack of cooperation in the _____

The Research Director will then take the necessary action to correct this lack of cooperation by talking to the person or persons involved, then if the differences are not resolved, the matter will then be taken to the Exec. Director, or he will make a reccommodation to the Exec. Director.

The Southern Regional Council is an organization that extends to its employees a certain amount of freedom in ones position. This does not however mean that one must assume a lackadaisical attitude toward the job one is to perform. With this in mind, each member of this department should spend a reasonable amount of time on the particular job he is hired to perform and less time visiting

in the office.

These are the things that I as Research Director am going to enforce.

Minutes of Staff Meeting
Research Department
January 15, 1962

1. Neatness in Research File Room

Some time was spent in discussing reasons for disorderly appearance of this room. However, JM feels most strongly that effort should be made to correct the situations involved. It was decided that JM and JL will spend one hour or some comparable time each day in going through old file material to facilitate the transition to the new filing system.

2. Concerning materials, pamphlets, etc.

JM would like to see all pamphlets coming through the mails before they go to research files.

He requested that the new system of filing be instituted immediately and old material be incorporated into it at a subsequent time.

It was decided that "out" cards will be used where possible to prevent materials, etc., from being misplaced by persons removing materials without a contro l record of their removal.

3. The New York Times clips are to go to LD immmediately after clipping.

4. Projects inwork.

Unequal Badge due from printer January 19, 1962

Chattanooga Study deadline two weeks later (2/2/62)
Atlanta Study deadline(March 1-15)
Cultural Study - a second letter to be issued Jan. 31
- closing date for results Feb. 15.
- Report date March 1
- This will be a major report, a small printed document with a briefing on it for New South.

Hospitals, etc. Report.
Must try tp get letters put by Jan. 17, then follow-up letter Jan. 31. End date Feb. 15
Wind-up March 1-15.

Projects in work (cont'd)

School Costs - sometime this week (Jan. 15-19)

MB suggested a Central Topic File on original letters of request for information and material. JM suggested we also discuss procedures on request letters at next staff meeting.

5. Procedure manual for preparation of manuscripts.

1. Receive first draft
2. Editing first draft
3. Then to author (?)
4. Who handles printing, format, style, etc.
5. How much time does mimeographing take?

6. Federal Executive and Civil Rights.

DM and LD.
Next two or three weeks
This will require top priority and cooperation of all of us will be necessary.

7. Integration North & South (Loth & Moss)

The status is at present that each of the authors will send a research memo to Harold Fleming who will circulate in Washington. This memo to incorporate their main ideas The reason for Washington circulation is to see if they could use such a document. Publication date next fall. We must decide about staff time.

8. Some personal discussions took place at this point concerning cooperation among Research Staff members.

9. Thermofaxing of articles for cross-file.

This has piled up and should be attended to. JB will require help with this.

9. Pupil Placement.

MB will have newspaper clips by the end of this week. JM will draw up a list of categories he will be looking for in this research. JM has a strong commitment to make certain that everything he says in this document is true, accurate and factual. Therefore, the clips and materials file must reflect exactly what he says, or vice versa.

10. JM requested suggestions from this group on what other research they would like to see our department do. Either to be done on our own or that which we would require someone else to do. (Hotels, major chains?)

Ben Muse has asked for a project on the use of economic power of Negro in effecting major change.

We have been asked to pull together a list of those border and southern states which have made some move in the direction of setting up Commissions on Human Relations or Fair Employment Practice Commissions.

STAFF REPORTS

January - May 1962

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

RESEARCH

General:

Albany - Howard Zinn - January 8, 1962
The Unequal Badge - Elliott Rudwick - January, 1962
Executive Support of Civil Rights - March 13, 1962

Employment Studies:

Chattanooga: The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South. The second of a series of Employment Studies in Southern Cities. - February, 1962.
Atlanta: The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South. The third of a series of Employment Studies in Southern Cities. - May, 1962.

L-Reports:

L-31 - A reprint from the Wall St. Journal - "Slipping Segregation: Negroes Win Lowering of More Barriers in South." - February, 1962
L-32 - A refutation of Carleton Putnam's book, "Race and Reason: A Yankee View." - March 9, 1962
L-33 - A Statement of Recommended Police Policy Resulting from the New York University Graduate School of Public Administration Conference on: "The Challenge of Desegregation for the American Police Executive." - March 9, 1962

Miscellaneous:

An employment study of opportunities for the Negro in Miami. Mimeographed without SRC imprint for the Florida Council. Revision of same material also to appear in New South, May, 1962.

Reprint from Fortune - "The City and the Negro" - March, 1962.

Surveys have been made of desegregation of
Hospitals
Hotels
Cultural Facilities
For the hospital survey, questionnaires were sent to every hospital with an intern program connected with medical training centers in the South - 64 hospitals.

For the hotel survey, questionnaires were sent to 11

hotel chains, 30 hotel associations, and contacts (either a Council on Human Relations, Urban League chapter, or NAACP chapter) in the same cities.

For the survey of cultural facilities, questionnaires were sent to the mayors and contacts in 20 southern cities - these cities selected because they represent the major population centers.

A tabulation of the results of the hospital survey was given the Greater Atlanta Council on Human Relations to assist it in its efforts to desegregate Grady Hospital.

The survey on cultural facilities is scheduled for publication in a forthcoming issue of New South.

Publications and/or Reports in Progress:

The Negro and Crime
State Commissions on Human Relations (Ben Muse)
Desegregation of Schools: Atlanta, Memphis, and Dallas (Newsom)
Desegregation of Catholic parochial schools (L-Report - B. Patterson)

Studies Committed:

Economic Status of Negroes in South (V. Henderson)
Agricultural Aid Programs and Voting Participation in South Carolina (Ira Kaye)

Other Activities Completed:

A conference on voting research was held in the SRC offices on May 1 and 2, 1962, attended by 14 academic men prominent in the field of voting research in the South.

James Moss

FIELD ACTIVITIES

The state Councils on Human Relations continue to show growth and increased vitality and effectiveness. These factors are due both to improving climates in many of the states and to sound and dedicated leadership. As of May 15 the total membership of the state Councils stood at 6,338. This compares with a total of 6,171 in July, 1961. During the last 12 months six of the state Councils have shown substantial improvement.

The largest is Virginia, with a membership of 2,100. The second largest is now Tennessee, which has grown from 581 to 781 during the last year, followed by Florida with a membership of 700.

During the first quarter of the current fiscal year, the state Councils have raised $19,541.00. This compares with $14,224.00 raised during the comparable period a year ago.

In addition, three of the state Councils have received special foundation grants this year. Last fall the Georgia Council received a grant from the Field Foundation to make

possible the employment of a second staff member. The Rev. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., formerly president of the Savannah Council, is currently serving ably in this capacity and giving the Georgia Council benefit of biracial professional staff. The Tennessee Council also received a small grant from the Field Foundation to strengthen its work for the next two years. In May, the Virginia Council was notified that the William C. Whitney Foundation had determined to grant $3,500 for each of the three years beginning with 1962. The VCHR plans to employ a Negro professional staff member as associate director for the coming year and hopes that sufficient funds will be found to continue the position into the future.

On May 3 some 55 persons from throughout Mississippi gathered on the Tougaloo College campus in Jackson to organize a new Mississippi Council on Human Relations. Although the group was harassed by adverse press and TV publicity and by agents of the State Sovereignty Commission and White Citizens Council, it determined to move ahead and raise a standard of constructive progress in Mississippi. Selected as chairman was Dr. Dan Beittel, President of Tougaloo College and SRC board member. Elected as vice-chairmen were Rabbi Charles Mantinband of Hattiesburg, SRC board member, and Dr. D. I. Horn, Jr., President of Mary Holmes Junior College at West Point, Mississippi. The group authorized the appointment of a constitutional committee and plans to move ahead with local activity in all parts of the state, looking toward another and larger meeting in the fall.

New local interracial groups have been organized in recent months, particularly in Georgia and Virginia. Since last fall the Virginia Council has organized local affiliated groups in Fredericksburg, Williamsburg, and in Bluefield, West Virginia, right across the border from Virginia. The Georgia Council has recently organized in Rome, Brunswick, and Albany.

Other notable activities of the state Councils include:

1. The involvement of both Georgia staff members in the critical Albany situation. At two points during the crisis the director of the Georgia Council was able to arrange new negotiations.

2. The presentation of able and prominent speakers. Carl Rowan, Assistant to the Secretary of State for Public Affairs, has spoken to the Georgia and Arkansas Councils. Berl Bernhard, Staff Director of the Commission on Civil Rights, has spoken to the Tennessee and Virginia Councils. Secretary of Labor Goldberg has agreed to speak to the Tennessee Council in the near future. Ralph McGill spoke recently to the North Carolina Council. Dr. Ralph Bunche is scheduled to address the Richmond Council and Dean Rusk has tentatively agreed to speak to the Richmond group in the near future.

3. The North Carolina Council has met several times recently with the Governor to press for progress beyond tokenism and for the employment of more Negroes in state departments. The NCCHR also made a public statement in behalf of broader school desegregation which received wide publicity.

4. The Virginia Council has organized a state interagency meeting involving some 75 organizations and agencies with some human relations concern. The group will meet periodically. John Feild, Director of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, will address the meeting in late May.

5. The Houston Council sponsored a seminar for 50 selected high school students representing various ethnic, racial, and religious groups.

6. The Florida Council was able to play a helpful role in advising and negotiating in Cocoa, Fla., where a tense situation concerning recreational facilities was solved with the appointment of a Mayor's biracial committee, which recommended the complete desegregation of the facilities.

7. The Atlanta Council published a survey of the first year of school desegregation in Atlanta. The document received widespread notice and was recently quoted in the New York Times.

8. The director of the Alabama Council has been extremely active in the current crisis situation in Birmingham and is one of the few persons in the city with access to Negro leadership and white persons in the business and civic leadership of the city.

Activities of SRC Field staff since January have included:

1. Several trips to Albany, Georgia, at the request of the Georgia Council to assist and supplement activities of the Georgia Council there.

2. A trip to Pensacola, Florida, to advise a citizens group there concerning preparation for peaceful desegregation. This trip involved also meetings with the school superintendent and school principals, white and Negro.

3. Several trips to New Orleans to offer suggestions to groups there preparing for desegregation next fall and to explore the flickerings of interest in the organization of an interracial council in the city.

4. A trip to Charleston to consult with white and Negro leaders concerning the boycott situation and to explore ways of strengthening interracial cooperation there. This trip was at the request of the SCCHR, which does not have a local organization in Charleston.

5. The planning and direction of the annual State Staff Meeting, which was held at SRC February 15 and 16.

6. Several trips to Birmingham to advise with the director of the Alabama Council concerning the constructive steps that might be made in that situation.

7. Supervision of a pilot project to attempt to reach Black Belt areas through radio in conjunction with the Friendly World Broadcasting Company and Mr. Edwin Randall.

8. Participation for SRC in the regional meeting of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee in Atlanta April 27 and 28.

9. Assistance to the organizing committee of the Mississippi Council on Human Relations and participation in the organizing meeting on May 3.

10. A series of speeches to six political science and sociology classes at Millsaps College, Jackson, Miss., May 2.

Paul Rilling

VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT

While awaiting approval of Internal Revenue on our request for tax exemption, contact was established with various federal agencies, private foundations, organizations, and others interested in voter registration in the South. In a letter dated March 22, 1962, SRC was informed by Internal Revenue Service that if we "operate the project strictly in accordance with the representations made . . . the activity will not adversely affect your present exemption from Federal income tax . . ." News of the tax ruling came while Leslie Dunbar and Wiley Branton were in New York for conferences with participating agencies, and the group agreed to a March 29 news release.

Grants have been received from Taconic Foundation of $250,000 for a two year period; $75,000 from Field Foundation for one year; and $124,000 total for a two year period from the Edgar Stern Family Fund. This gives VEP $262,000 for the first year's operation.

Proposals for a two year campaign have been submitted by NAACP, CORE, SCLC, SNCC, and NUL, and representatives from each met with VEP in Atlanta on April 17. SRC Research and VEP held a conference in Atlanta on May 1 and 2 to discuss research problems involving the voter project, which was attended by a dozen or so political scientists and other scholars from over the South. All in attendance promised continuing cooperation to the Project research.

VEP decided to launch Ninety Day Programs in states where registration deadlines could still be met for summer primaries and made the following grants: CORE - $8,625.00; SCLC - $11,500.00; SNCC - $5,750.00; NAACP - $17,250.00; and NUL - $5,750.00. CORE will be working in Baton Rouge, La., Jackson, Miss., and in the 6th Congressional District and in Clarendon, Sumter, and York Counties, South Carolina.

NAACP will work in Jackson, Miss.; Shreveport, Baton Rouge, Lake Charles, and Monroe, La.; High Point, Fayetteville, Charlotte, Rocky Mount, Wilmington and Edenton, North Carolina; Beaufort, Columbia, Greenville, and Charleston, South Carolina; and Memphis, Fayette County, Haywood County, Knoxville, Chattanooga, and Clarksville, Tennessee.

National Urban League will be working in Winston-Salem and Richmond.

SCLC will work in Shreveport, La.; Chowan County and Elizabeth City, North Carolina; Charleston, South Carolina;

Knoxville and Chattanooga, Tennessee; and in the 4th Congressional District of Virginia.

SNCC will work in Orangeburg County, South Carolina and in Jackson, Hattiesburg, Marshall County and the old 3rd and 4th Congressional Districts of Mississippi.

The first VEP grant was made to the Atlanta All Citizens Registration Committee on April 12 in the amount of $2,000.00, with a supplemental grant on May 15 in the amount of $1,600.00. A grant was also made to the Durham Committee on Negro Affairs on April 27 in the sum of $2,500.00

VEP requires participating agencies to deposit the proceeds of our grants in a separate bank account and to make disbursements from same only when supported by vouchers. Agencies are required to coordinate their registration efforts where more than one agency is working in the same area. Plans are now being formulated for a long range program in 11 Deep South states. Immediate attention is being given to "crash programs" in New Orleans and Nashville.

Wiley A. Branton

SOUTHERN LEADERSHIP PROJECT

Short Statement of SLP Activities since January 1, 1962

The activities of the Southern Leadership Project followed a somewhat more selective pattern of travel but continued in the main along the lines of previous efforts. I have personally concentrated on South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia; Mr. Brewbaker has visited school authorities in the more critical situations.

Mr. Brewbaker took part in a workshop on desegregation problems in Chattanooga January 16 and attended the annual meeting of Virginia school superintendents April 16. He was invited to the latter by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. He has conferred with school authorities in Spartanburg and Greenville, S.C.; Atlanta and Savannah, Ga.; Mobile, Ala.; New Orleans and Baton Rouge, La.; Tallahassee and Pensacola, Fla.; and Raleigh, N.C.

I have given somewhat more time to desk work and counseling with my colleagues in Atlanta on general SRC problems. I have collaborated with the newly active Catholic human relations movement, visiting three Catholic bishops and conferring with a group of advisers to Archbishop Rummel in New Orleans. I have also cooperated increasingly with the Department of Justice and the Commission on Civil Rights.

I have been especially concerned in recent months with the need for emboldening the Southern clergy to witness

forthrightly for the Christian attitude in race relations. After much discussion of the problem with Dr. Dunbar and Rev. Will Campbell, of the National Council of Churches, it has been decided to engage a minister consultant who would be identified as a representative of the National Council of Churches, but who would be financed from this project. Such a minister would be expected to travel in the South visiting and talking with Protestant ministers, especially in the rural districts.

Benjamin Muse

INFORMATION ACTIVITIES

We've had 36 foreign visitors since Jan. 1, for stays ranging from two to seven days and have arranged about 44 full days' programs for them, including an increasing number of home dinners with the help of the Atlanta Council on Human Relations. The 36 do not include drop-in visitors we talk to, show around the office and mail or give publications to, nor 24 Ohio students with whom we conferred and for whom we arranged appointments.

I've made nine speeches (or will have by May 22) - at Oberlin College, Daytona Beach, the Indiana Civil Liberties Union and two womens clubs and the Senior Citizens Club in Atlanta.

New South promotions have been mailed to five lists of possible subscribers, with little return.

We are rather pleased with our New South book section, when we have room for it. Jan wrote to a lot of publishers asking for review copies and we've had books from Random House, Norton, Dial, Harcourt Brace, Simon and Schuster, University of North Carolina Press, Charles C. Thomas, Houghton-Mifflin, Louisiana State University Press and maybe some others.

We've cast about for some distinguished and authoritative writing for New South and wangled some good pieces from names like Lillian Smith, Louis Lomax and Nedra Tyre. We don't count Mr. Dabbs and Mr. Wright, because they have to do for us, anyway. New South lately seems to take more editing and letter-writing as we're getting in manuscripts and even poetry to be considered and usually rejected.

I did a little literary consultation and editing for fellow laborers in the vineyard, SNCC and SCLC, which may have been more offensive than helpful, because I haven't heard thanks or you're crazy or pea turkey from them since.

I spend about every fifth day cleaning up my well-ordered mess in search of some mysterious document you seem to think I'm sitting on, a highly constructive activity which is,

however, perhaps not too susceptible to appraisal and value judgement.

We had a great literary tea for Lillian Smith March 31 at the Biltmore Hotel, a gladsome mingling attended by some 600 of all colors. We sold 110 books and Miss Lil figured she autographed over 200. The Ku Klux Klan came and picketed. We think this was good for the town, us, the Georgia and Atlanta Councils, and Miss Lil.

Margaret Long

DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK

The 'rolling chair' has traveled many miles to doctors' offices, clinics, and meetings.

February:

The Atlanta Fellowship of the Concerned had a program at the Atlanta Library during Brotherhood Week, with about 200 present.

March:

Attended the Annual Meeting of North Georgia Women's Society of Christian Service, Augusta, Georgia.

April:

Attended the Spring Student Conference at Paine College, Augusta, Georgia, which lasted three days, and spoke to the student body.

Spoke to the Augusta Council on Human Relations.

May:

Spent the week of May 14, as a Special Guest of the Woman's Division of Christian Service, in its 6th Assembly of Methodist Women, in Atlantic City. Over 10,000 women were in attendance.

I have been to Washington, D.C. twice - once for the Board Meeting of the ADA, and later to attend the annual meeting. The biggest job I have had is to make a comparative study of the social action program of the Methodist Church and the present civil rights action of the Federal Government.

In addition to the above, I taught a district-wide class - Atlanta West District Woman's Society of Christian Service, Fair Oaks, Marietta, Community Bible Study each month, a Forum class of young people.

I have met four times with executive committees of

the United Church Women as we planned a day on "The Family," held at a private home in Lithonia, Georgia, and planning for the fall meeting of the Fellowship of the Concerned, which is to be held on October 30-31.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

Minutes of Staff Meeting
Research Department
February 5, 1962

JAM stated three purposes of meeting.
1. Research in progress.
2. Research to be initiated (suggestions?)
3. Distribution of research request letters.

Spoke of #3 first. As of Jan. 26, Paul Anthony is handling distribution of materials, etc. We are left only with responsibility for letters coming directly to us asking for suggestions or ideas, etc. As letters are answered we are to make an extra carbon for Paul Anthony so that at end of year he will have a record of items that have gone out of SRC.

On Research in progress, Meg Boozer promised an L-report on Jim David 2/6/62. School costs will be done by 2/9/62.

Jane Bond - Hospitals.
Has 27 answers out of 64 queries. Has half of 24 second letters. Will write preliminary report by 2/6/62.

Dottie Miller - Cultural facilities.
2nd letters all setn out. One response from those. She has 15 out of 23 and feels she can start writing in another week. On hotels she does not feel that it should be incorporated into the cultural facilities report.

JAM suggested that on hospitals, Jane check New South for possibly survey or report on this. Also suggested that if it can be done without prolonging the report, Jane get from file whatever she can to make a story.

Suggestions for Research:

Jane Bond -- State and National Parks.

Dottie Miller - a report on what 10-state investigating committees have done. Fact finding on rightists group. JAM noted that when he suggested such a report to Les, that Les enlarged on this suggestion.

MINUTES OF STAFF MEETING
(Research Department)
March 2, 1962

JAM expressed dissatisfaction with Research Dept. operations. We comprise one-third of the staff and are the most disorganized part of SRC. One reason in the past had to do with inability to get along with other members of the staff. Part of the reason was a lack of clear definition of duties of members of the staff. JAM stated that it is now clear that every assignment could be handled in a reasonable length of time, if everyone were doing his job. "There is lack of motvation on part of staff members to see beyond his own responsibility and his own nose." "We, in this group, ought to know within two days where any clipping can be found (certainly within a year) which carries some of the more crucial pieces of information. We should be on our toes concerning any crisis situation occuring in the South. When it is necessary, re-organize file systems.

JaM reminded members of Research Staff that we are a service department.

He stated that the responsibility for seeing that things are done has been given to WF.

He stated the necessity of accounting through JL to RHA for leave time. If it is to be Sick, Annual Leave or whatever.

He stated that from now on all deadlines for research projects are to be met.

WF is to devise a method for seeing that specific data is transferred from clips to some sort of source easily obtained. File card, book, whatever.

LD

Memo from **JANE BOND**

PR

April 2, 1962

~~Jim~~:

If SRC is thinking of sending people to the Fisk Race Relations Institute, I would like very much to be considered. Even though the Conference is from June 25-July 7, I will be free only from June 25-July 2 because of the NAACP convention here (July 2-July8).

Jane

OK
Jim

what do we should we practice?

April 6, 1962

MEMORANDUM

TO: The Research Staff

FROM: JAM

Miss Janet Smith will join our staff as Senior Research Assistant on Monday, April 9, 1962. I am glad to have a full complement of research staff again.

The orientation of Miss Smith to her new duties provides us with an opportunity to start again from scratch in improving the efficiency of our operations as a research group.

It is for this reason that I would have preferred that our entire research staff be accessible and available to facilitate this new arrangement with a minimal amount of stress to anyone of us involved.

I would like to recall to the attention of the research staff the employment policy statement of the Council relative to vacation time:

> "Employees of the Southern Regional Council may take their vacation at any time that will least interfere with the efficient operation of the office. Requests for leave of any duration should be made in writing in advance to the Secretary-Treasurer and requests for leave of more than two days should be made in writing at least ten days ahead. This will allow time for securing approval."

While I do so with reluctance, I am granting vacation leave for three days of next week to Jane Bond even though the provisions of the above paragraph have not been met. However, this leave is granted with the one qualification that regardless of when it is done, or how long it takes, all of the present clips in the research room are to be in the files before Jane's departure on Tuesday.

I request your full cooperation in meeting this deadline as a means of easing us into a new work arrangement with Miss Smith's arrival as a member of our staff.

JAM:jl
cc: Les Dunbar

April 6, 1962

MEMORANDUM

TO: The Research Staff

FROM: JAM

I find it necessary to make only minor changes in a memo first issued by Les Dunbar on September 1, 1960, when he filled the post of Research Director.

> We have discussed before the related questions of filing efficiency and office neatness. A research office, particularly one such as ours processing a mass of periodicals, has, of course, a tendency toward disorder; this becomes acute and excusable when we are working at a deadline.
>
> To help curb this tendency the following rules will be observed....:
>
> 1. All desks, tables, shelves, etc.,will be straightened before leaving at night;
>
> 2. All items in the "Return" baskets will be filed before leaving each night....
>
> 3. All members of the staff are to be particularly careful, when they are finished with any file or library items, to put them into the "Return" baskets or to re-file or re-shelve them; items kept out of the files, racks, and shelves beyond the period of use are a handicap to the whole office.
>
> 4. File folders, books, and pamphlets are to be returned to the files, shelves, and racks by whichever of us withdrew them. Non-research staff are to be told to put folders, books, and pamphlets into the "Return" baskets or otherwise deliver them to research assistants for filing.
>
> 5. Clips and materials are to be re-filed by no one except Dorothy Miller...

I would like now to describe as much in detail as I possibly can the responsibilities of each member of the research staff.

THE RESEARCH DIRECTOR (James A. Moss)

He is responsible directly to the Executive Director. With the approval of the Executive Director, he initiates, contracts for, and gives consultation upon research projects to be undertaken by the Council, or in cooperation with affiliated or cooperating agencies.

He prepares in final form all manuscripts approved by and submitted to the Council for publication as Council documents.

He secures from available sources information on race relations in reply to requests received both by telephone and in the mail and/or for submission as material to be included in New South; or to form the body of Special Reports or L-reports.

In consultation with the Executive Director, he decides whether material printed elsewhere should be distributed by SRC to its mailing list, either in the form of L-reports or as notable addresses.

He assists in the briefing of foreign visitors, newspapermen, and periodical representatives on the research functions of SRC.

He answers directly or refers to other members of the staff, letters requesting assistance from SRC in either providing data on race relations in the South or suggesting sources from which these facts may be secured.

It is also his duty to coordinate the full activities of the research staff, including the assignment of responsibility to each member of the staff and assuring that these tasks are fully executed.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY (Jean Levine)

She serves the Research Directors as his personal secretary. She is responsible for the handling of all correspondence directed to the Research Director; for scheduling his appointments, for keeping the minutes of Research Staff Meetings.

She is responsible for keeping the Research Director abreast of scheduled publications and is responsible for the final typing of manuscripts for publication.

Her share of responsibility for placing orders for research materials is described in the section pertaining to the Senior Research Assistant.

THE SENIOR RESEARCH ASSISTANT (Janet Smith)

She is responsible to the Research Director, through the Administrative Secretary, and exercises full and complete supervision of the Junior Research Assistants.

It is her resp onsibility to either assume for herself, or to delegate to the Junior Research Assistants, the duty for supplying the replies to requests for information made by members of the non-research staff.

She is to make certain that all clips, periodicals, and books pass through her hands before filing. It is her responsibility to know and be familiar with the details of operation of the research room. She and her assistants serve as research arms to the Research Director and to members of the non-research staff of the Council - suggesting, locating and requesting for purchase materials which she feels should be on hand in the research department.

In requesting new materials her decision will be made in consultation with the Administrative Secretary who will place the order for these materials.

She is responsible for securing the cooperation, wherever possible, of non-research staff members to both read and clip papers or periodicals and keep an up-to-date record of these assignments.

She is responsible for supervising the reading and clipping of all newspapers by Jane Bond and all periodicals and other reports by Dorothy Miller. All clips from periodicals and newspapers are to be assigned categories and marked for cross-indexing (where necessary) by the Senior Research Assistant and passed on for filing to Dorothy Miller.

Except in dire emergencies the process of reading, clipping and filing of materials is to be kept current daily.

THE JUNIOR RESEARCH ASSISTANT (Jane Bond)

She is responsible to the Senior Research Assistant. She is responsible for the reading and clipping of all newspapers (unassigned to non-research staff members) and earmarked for reading and clipping by the research department. This task is to be kept current daily with the clips then being referred to the Senior Research Assistant to be categorized, cross-indexed, and passed on for filing to Dorothy Miller.

THE JUNIOR RESEARCH ASSISTANT (Dorothy Miller)

She works directly under the supervision of the Senior Research Assistant. She will receive books, periodicals (not to be clipped) reports and other documents for recording their receipt, familiarizing herself with the contents of them and referring them to the Senior Research Assistant for cross-indexing (where necessary) and ultimately she (DM) will file these documents.

She is responsible for drawing from the files all materials requested by the Research Director and members of the non-research staff and to re-file the materials once they are no longer needed.

She is to assist visitors to the office, seeking research assistance from the files in securing such information and returning it to the files once it is no longer needed.

In the research staff, I see no incompatibility between working in a relaxed atmosphere and maintaining at the same time a sense of decorum that suggests both productiveness and efficiency (in other words, keep your voices down in a moderate conversational tone);and as stressed earlier in this memo we should maintain the research room in as attractive a working atmosphere as possible.

JAM:jl
cc: LD
Staff

To be routed in order numbered

Date 4-9-62

PLEASE CHECK, DATE, & FORWARD

LWD ✓
PA ✓
RHA ✓
JAM
JL ✓
BP ✓
PR ✓
MM ✓
ML ✓
JF ✓
MB ✓
JB ✓
DM
MET ✓
NM ✓
WF ✓
BC ✓
MBB ✓
BP ✓
FILE

Return to Jam

April 6, 1962

MEMORANDUM

TO: The Research Staff

FROM: JAM

I find it necessary to make only minor changes in a memo first issued by Les Dunbar on September 1, 1960, when he filled the post of Research Director.

> We have discussed before the related questions of filing efficiency and office neatness. A research office, particularly one such as ours processing a mass of periodicals, has, of course, a tendency toward disorder; this becomes acute and excusable when we are working at a deadline.
>
> To help curb this tendency the following rules will be observed...:
>
> 1. All desks, tables, shelves, etc.,will be straightened before leaving at night;
>
> 2. All items in the "Return" baskets will be filed before leaving each night....
>
> 3. All members of the staff are to be particularly careful, when they are finished with any file or library items, to put them into the "Return" baskets or to re-file or re-shelve them; items kept out of the files, racks, and shelves beyond the period of use are a handicap to the whole office.
>
> 4. File folders, books, and pamphlets are to be returned to the files, shelves, and racks by whichever of us withdrew them. Non-research staff are to be told to put folders, books, and pamphlets into the "Return" baskets or otherwise deliver them to research assistants for filing.
>
> 5. Clips and materials are to be re-filed by no one except Dorothy Miller...

I would like now to describe as much in detail as I possibly can the responsibilities of each member of the research staff.

THE RESEARCH DIRECTOR (James A. Moss)

He is responsible directly to the Executive Director. With the approval of the Executive Director, he initiates, contracts for, and gives consultation upon research projects to be undertaken by the Council, or in cooperation with affiliated or cooperating agencies.

He prepares in final form all manuscripts approved by and submitted to the Council for publication as Council documents.

He secures from available sources information on race relations in reply to requests received both by telephone and in the mail and/or for submission as material to be included in New South; or to form the body of Special Reports or L-reports.

In consultation with the Executive Director, he decides whether material printed elsewhere should be distributed by SRC to its mailing list, either in the form of L-reports or as notable addresses.

He assists in the briefing of foreign visitors, newspapermen, and periodical representatives on the research functions of SRC.

He answers directly or refers to other members of the staff, letters requesting assistance from SRC in either providing data on race relations in the South or suggesting sources from which these facts may be secured.

It is also his duty to coordinate the full activities of the research staff, including the assignment of responsibility to each member of the staff and assuring that these tasks are fully executed.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY (Jean Levine)

She serves the Research Directors as his personal secretary. She is responsible for the handling of all correspondence directed to the Research Director; for scheduling his appointments, for keeping the minutes of Research Staff Meetings.

She is responsible for keeping the Research Director abreast of scheduled publications and is responsible for the final typing of manuscripts for publication.

Her share of responsibility for placing orders for research materials is described in the section pertaining to the Senior Research Assistant.

THE SENIOR RESEARCH ASSISTANT (Janet Smith)

She is responsible to the Research Director, through the Administrative Secretary, and exercises full and complete supervision of the Junior Research Assistants.

It is her resp onsibility to either assume for herself, or to delegate to the Junior Research Assistants, the duty for supplying the replies to requests for information made by members of the non-research staff.

She is to make certain that all clips, periodicals, and books pass through her hands before filing. It is her responsibility to know and be familiar with the details of operation of the research room. She and her assistants serve as research arms to the Research Director and to members of the non-research staff of the Council - suggesting, locating and requesting for purchase materials which she feels should be on hand in the research department.

In requesting new materials her decision will be made in consultation with the Administrative Secretary who will place the order for these materials.

She is responsible for securing the cooperation, wherever possible, of non-research staff members to both read and clip papers or periodicals and keep an up-to-date record of these assignments.

She is responsible for supervising the reading and clipping of all newspapers by Jane Bond and all periodicals and other reports by Dorothy Miller. All clips from periodicals and newspapers are to be assigned categories and marked for cross-indexing (where necessary) by the Senior Research Assistant and passed on for filing to Dorothy Miller.

Except in dire emergencies the process of reading, clipping and filing of materials is to be kept current daily.

THE JUNIOR RESEARCH ASSISTANT (Jane Bond)

She is responsible to the Senior Research Assistant. She is responsible for the reading and clipping of all newspapers (unassigned to non-research staff members) and earmarked for reading and clipping by the research department. This task is to be kept current daily with the clips then being referred to the Senior Research Assistant to be categorized, cross-indexed, and passed on for filing to Dorothy Miller.

THE JUNIOR RESEARCH ASSISTANT (Dorothy Miller)

She works directly under the supervision of the Senior Research Assistant. She will receive books, periodicals (not to be clipped) reports and other documents for recording their receipt, familiarizing herself with the contents of them and referring them to the Senior Research Assistant for cross-indexing (where necessary) and ultimately she (DM) will file these documents.

She is responsible for drawing from the files all materials requested by the Research Director and members of the non-research staff and to re-file the materials once they are no longer needed.

She is to assist visitors to the office, seeking research assistance from the files in securing such information and returning it to the files once it is no longer needed.

In the research staff, I see no incompatibility between working in a relaxed atmosphere and maintaining at the same time a sense of decorum that suggests both productiveness and efficiency (in other words, keep your voices down in a moderate conversational tone);and as stressed earlier in this memo we should maintain the research room in as attractive a working atmosphere as possible.

JAM:jl
cc: LD
Staff

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[illegible] [illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[illegible] [illegible]ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date April 9, 1962

To: JM From: LWD

Subject: JANET SMITH'S ACTIVITIES IN RESEARCH

Jim,

In my conversation with Janet I described the job as consisting of three primary duties:

(1) Supervising and helping with filing;

(2) Reading and absorbing a lot of material so that she will become a resource person about facts and bibliography;

(3) Keeping the note books

I think it would be well to keep the emphasis on these points and not to emphasize, at this time, any editorial writing or research functions.

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
JOSEPHINE WILKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, VICE-PRESIDENT AND CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AV[illegible] ORGIA
[illegible]-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date April 17, 1962

To: LWD From: PR

Subject: Request from Jane Bond to attend Fisk Institute

It has been our past practice to send a representative or two to the Fisk Institute each summer and I think this is a good practice. As to who or which persons should attend, this, I think, depends on who wishes to go and who can be spared. I think it would be quite appropriate for Jane to attend, particularly if she plans to be with the Council for some time and could presumably benefit from the contacts and information. We might want to consider also, or instead, sending Maggie Long or Janet Smith.

REMEMBER THESE DATES!

June 25 thru July 7

1962

19th Annual Race Relations Institute

FROM
RACE RELATIONS DEPARTMENT
BOARD OF HOME MISSIONS
CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES
FISK UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE 8, TENNESSEE

TO:

WE INVITE YOU to the provocative, informative and helpful discussions of one of the nation's most important LEADERSHIP TRAINING INSTITUTES IN RACE RELATIONS.

Teachers, ministers, intergroup relations officials and board members, social workers, labor union members, personnel workers, housewives, college students—this opportunity is provided for your interest in TODAY'S MOST URGENT AND CRUCIAL DOMESTIC ISSUE.

PLAN NOW to come to the 19th ANNUAL RACE RELATIONS INSTITUTE at FISK UNIVERSITY. Get your school, church, labor union, agency or organization to send a representative.

Twenty-five of the country's top authorities in intergroup relations will serve as lecturers and consultants.

A special clinic on RELIGION AND RACE, held in cooperation with the DEPARTMENT OF RACIAL AND CULTURAL RELATIONS of the NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES, will feature these sessions.

Additional clinics on EMPLOYMENT and COMMUNITY ACTION will run throughout the Institute each afternoon, with basic, factual presentations coming in MORNING SEMINARS and EVENING SPECIAL LECTURES.

THE PLACE: Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee.

Sessions are in air-conditioned Park-Johnson Hall. Housing and dining facilities are provided on the university campus.

THE COST: $80.00 for room, tuition and board.

A limited number of partial and full scholarships are available.

"An immensely refreshing experience" which you will enjoy with 100 participants from 30 states in exploring the racial problems of housing, employment, education, religion and other fields.

THREE SEMESTER HOURS of academic credit in either sociology or education may be earned.

A joint project of the Race Relations Programs of the UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST under its Division of Higher Education and the American Missionary Association, the Council for Christian Social Action, and with Fisk University.

In Cooperation with: *The Department of Racial and Cultural Relations, NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES.*

June 25 thru July 7

APPLY AND WRITE TO:

Dr. Herman H. Long
Director
Annual Race Relations Institute
Fisk University
Nashville 8, Tennessee

Rev. Galen R. Weaver
Council for Christian Social Action
United Church of Christ
287 Park Avenue South
New York 10, New York

Dr. J. Oscar Lee
Department of Racial and Cultural Relations
National Council of Churches
475 Riverside Drive
New York 27, New York

Rev. Chester L. Marcus
Council for Christian Social Action
2969 W. 25th Street
Cleveland 13, Ohio

☐ Please send me an application for admission to the Nineteenth Annual Institute of Race Relations.

NAME.....

STREET.....

CITY.....ZONE.....STATE.....

☐ Also please send an application and information to:

NAME.....

STREET.....

CITY.....ZONE.....STATE.....

RACE RELATIONS DEPARTMENT
AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION
FISK UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE 8, TENNESSEE

New Wind In The Old South

A Newspaper Man Looks At The Institute Of Race Relations

RACE RELATIONS DEPARTMENT
AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION
BOARD OF HOME MISSIONS
CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES
FISK UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE 8, TENNESSEE

Writer finds Fisk's famous Race Relations Institute breeds a loyalty "worth its weight in freedom"

NEW WIND IN THE OLD SOUTH

BY SAVILLE R. DAVIS

Reprinted from The Christian Science Monitor

FISK UNIVERSITY'S placid campus is an odd candidate for the center of the world on a sultry summer evening. There is none of the usual evidence of vortex here. The chattering news tickers with their insistent bulletins from Korea seem remote. Life eddies in a politely segregated way just beyond the confines of this southern Negro university, and on campus there is nothing more dramatic than the distant roll of thunder as an organist finishes Bach's *D Minor Toccata* with a flourish and Thurgood Marshall rises to tell the Race Relations Institute about some lightnings recently loosed by the Supreme Court.

It is a quiet scene, and yet this is the center of the world for a moment. The question of whether the free world deserves to remain free is being measured here. An issue is at stake which is bigger than Korea, an idea is being shaped which could be a surer defense in that part of the world than all the planes which Gen. Douglas MacArthur commands.

Here in the South, at a vulnerable point in America's moral armor, it is clear that excellent progress is being made on the race problem. It is difficult not to seize a typewriter and report that democracy is safe—safe at the core. It is difficult not to call out across the Pacific to the peoples of South and East Asia, "You can trust us now."

Any such burst of enthusiasm would stretch the facts. But there are moments when a reporter senses that the corner is turned, and at that point hope leaps ahead of the many difficult jobs remaining to be done. It is an immensely refreshing experience to come here from the outside world of dense problems and dishearteningly slow speed in solving them, to find that the slowest problem of them all has suddenly begun to resolve, almost with breath-taking speed.

The best evidence is not in big, spectacular developments like the recent Supreme Court decisions, important as they are. You find it, rather, filling your notebook after a day of reports, lectures, and workshop discussions at the institute here, in the form of smaller signs of progress on the community level.

You hear of the wealthy white Texan who has just told three southern schools he will leave them large bequests if they admit Negro students.

Or the survey of restaurants in Washington, D. C., where 17 out of every 25 said they were now glad to serve Negroes.

An announcement to southern churches of visual aids for discussion groups on race relations astonished the sponsors by bringing nearly 5,000 requests.

White teachers in Atlanta, Ga., took their white students on a visit

to Negro schools in areas where some of the nation's most blighted housing problems exist. They talked with both pupils and teachers. What they learned and reported to their parents has helped to ease a particularly tense situation.

A recent poll of the faculties of white universities in the South showed that 68 per cent felt that segregation in their institutions could and should be ended. This percentage has probably increased since the Supreme Court decisions.

There were 91 summer institutes dealing with race relations this past summer, most of them at colleges. In addition, there were 116 regular summer courses in this field. And during the past winter season, 1,580 courses were held in 293 colleges and universities.

When the notebook begins to fill with items like these, even the skeptic can see that there is a new wind blowing through the South. The men and women who tell the institute of rapid progress in their communities are technicians, trained social workers or lawyers, who do not easily yield to optimism. Most of them are Negroes and they include many of the leading figures in this field. If they showed bitterness, frustration, and resentment at the many chains which still bind their people, it would be understandable. If they talked of stirring up rebellion, of meeting the force of circumstances and restrictive laws with counterforce, at least it could be said that they faced some provocation.

But there is no bitterness here. These are not frustrated people, prey to extremism. They joke easily, with lively humor. They give the impression of men and women working for a principle of equality of man which is larger than they and which gives breadth and poise to their point of view. They do not feel that violence is either desirable or inevitable. They seem rather to feel that you don't have to use force if the tide of events is in your favor.

There was a long, exhaustive discussion of one community where Negro housing conditions are bad. A few heavy industries control the town; they had boomed in wartime and now there is unemployment. The Negroes feel they are not wanted and that the town would rather be rid of them than help build decent houses. But they have nowhere to go. Racial tension has grown to the point where it could be ugly.

The community organizer telling this story said that almost everything had been tried in an effort to get help. The local newspaper, millowners, labor unions, ministers, local businessmen, all appeared to be unsympathetic, and it seemed impossible to rouse either civic pride or self-interest. What, the local colored leader asked, could the experts of the institute suggest?

The answers were revealing. Exasperation and sharp measures were not the way out. Had the local editor been unsympathetic? But did you realize what patience and, above all, persistence could accomplish? You have to visit the editor over and over again, convince him of your sincerity, bring him an objective and authoritative report of the facts and get him to make his own investigation. In time, even if he is a skeptic, honesty and facts will win at least his respect.

The millowners didn't seem to care? But they live in the town, and in these days no one wants to live with the ugliness of racial tension. Countless employers have been brought to see that it is damaging

to their interests. Perhaps the local ministers can be persuaded to plead the case. Or approach the millowners directly and repeatedly with all the civic backing you can muster.

One of the old hands at this sort of thing said: "It's remarkable what persuasion and the force of an idea can accomplish if you support them with skill in negotiation. But these things take time. Just to change the thinking of one person in the community is an undertaking. You say you've exhausted all the means of support. The chances are that you have not worked at them long enough and carefully enough."

And he told of civic campaigns where skill and patience accomplished what force and impatience could not. The community organizer from this town will go back home with a new devotion to the power of ideas, and with a list of some 10 specific things that can be tried to break the deadlock in his community. They begin with an authoritative survey of the facts, so impartially managed that it will be convincing, and end with a carefully planned campaign to lay these facts directly before the millowners and leaders of the town with maximum likelihood of gaining their confidence and support.

Reduced to print in these words the constructive mood of the suggestions almost sounds weak and defeatist. But in the discussions here it was nothing of the sort. It came from thoroughly modern, young, skilled negotiators who know that intelligent persuasion, backed by the compulsion of events in these days when racial ugliness is damaging to all concerned, can and does get results. These are the men who would advise sharper and more tough-minded measures if anyone short of the Communists would. But instead they spelled out ways of fixing grievances which are as supple and democratic as democracy itself could wish.

One editor of a large and militant Negro newspaper, who would be intolerant of any soft attitude or appeasement, gave his formula for persuading the whites to support the cause of equality. Appeal to their sense of sporting fair play, he said. This is one of their most deeply ingrained characteristics. Also to their conscience; they don't want to do things of which they will be ashamed. Finally, openly encourage those whites who are helping to bring about reforms. They will appreciate it, and even in the South they will find that their stand brings increasingly favorable comment from their own race.

This is scarcely a formula for revolution. But the man who put it forth says that it brings results.

The mood here would not comfort the enemies of democracy. Social change, in the face of the towering complexities of this problem here in the South, is not being pressed to the point of explosion. The leaders of the crusade here are not willful or even unwitting incendiaries. They are men and women who feel deeply the shame of discrimination and second-class citizenship as it is imposed on them by history and circumstance, but who are also intensely loyal to the very western system which has left them for so long an aggrieved minority. That is a loyalty which appears here to be worth its weight in freedom.

—*Copyright, The Christian Science Monitor*

SAVILLE R. DAVIS is American news editor of *The Christian Science Monitor*. He participated in the recent Race Relations Institute at Fisk University.

Memo from **LESLIE W. DUNBAR**

4/18 Jim
Talk in
S.R. Personnel

JM -

1. SRC will send one member of the Research staff for one week only. You should nominate the person, either yourself or one of the others, based on your judgment of who would be most appropriate from the standpoint of strengthening the Research staff.

2. What is the implication of Jim's statement about the NAACP convention?

Memo to JS
JB
DM
JL

April 19, 1962

From JAM

In re Vacation Scheduling

The following dates have been requested and, therefore, scheduled as vacation time by various members of the Research staff.

Jane Bond
Friday, May 4

Dorothy Miller
Monday, May 28 through Friday, June 1

Jean Levine
(Tentative)
Monday, May 21 through Friday, May 25

This schedule is announced here so that there will be no overlapping of leave time scheduled with the resultant absence of more than one member of the Research staff at any one time.

JAM:jl

Memo from **JANE BOND**

April 18, 1962

Jim:

I would like to have Friday, May 4th, off.

Jane

Jane

memo to
research Dept.

Memo from **DOROTHY MILLER**

3-15-62

To avoid confusion with vacation schedules, I am applying far enough in advance to make things easier.

I would like to go home to NYC on the evening of May 25th, and return on the evening of June 3. That is a total of 5 working days -- May 28, 29, 30, 31 and June 1.

DM

VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT

May 10, 1962

To: Jean LeVine

From: Wiley Branton

Subject: Congressional Record

Because of the greater interest which Research has in the Congressional Record and the fact that it seems as though I cannot get around to reading CR, I think it best that someone in SRC read and mark (or clip) the Congressional Record. I mentioned this to Janet Feagans, who formerly had the responsibility, and she has agreed to resume the responsibility for reading and marking the Congressional Record.

WAB/mr

DM ✓
JB ✓
JL

June 11, 1962

Memo to Research Staff

From: JAM

This is to take official notice of the fact that Janet Smith will be away for two weeks. In her reports to me she indicated on Friday that all of the current clippings were up-to-date and in the files. I find this commendable, in view of the fact that this was accomplished with only two persons in attendance and even with some time off for one of those two persons.

Janet suggests that the files themselves seriously and urgently need to be tackled in terms of pulling dead material and organizing more effectively that material which is kept.

It is my expectation that the present status of filing in the research room be maintained and that some progress be made in clearing out additional files.

It seems it is necessary for me to remind the research staff once again that any time off, except for lunch hours, be reported officially. In Janet Smith's absence these periods should be reported (before they occur) to Jean Levine with some indication as to how they are to be charged.

Needless to say, I am more pleased with the research room now then I have been in recent weeks and I have the strongest hope that this level of performance will be continued.

JAM:jl

Responsibility for reading, clipping and filing of newspapers and materials in Research File Room:

(All news clips are filed by Jane Bond)
(All materials filed by Dorothy Miller)

	READ:	CLIP:
Newspapers:		
Atlanta Constitution	Janet ~~Smith~~ Feagans	Dorothy Miller
Atlanta Journal	Jean Levine	Jean Levine
Birmingham News *	Luesta Knox	Luesta Knox
Charleston News & Courier	Nobbie Morgan	Nobbie Morgan
Charlotte Observer	Jane Bond	Jane Bond
Chattanooga Times	Dorothy Miller	Dorothy Miller
Lee County Bulletin	Jane Bond	Jane Bond
New York Times	James Moss	James Moss
Norfolk Journal & Guide	Jane Bond	Jane Bond
Richmond News Leader	Dorothy Miller	Dorothy Miller
Times Picayune*	~~Marge Manderson~~ Janet Smith	~~Marge Manderson~~ Janet Smith
Wall Street Journal	Paul Anthony	Jane Bond
Washington Post	Les Dunbar	Jane Bond
Materials:		
Christian Century	Janet Smith	Janet Smith
Congressional Record	Janet Feagans	Not clipped
Jet	Janet Feagans	Not clipped
Labor Papers	~~Dorothy Miller~~ B. Patterson	~~Dorothy Miller~~ B. Patterson
Nation, The	Dorothy Miller	Dorothy Miller
National Guardian	Dorothy Miller	Dorothy Miller
National Observer	Jane Bond	Jane Bond
New Horizons for Youth	Dorothy Miller	Dorothy Miller
New Republic	Janet Feagans	Jane Bond
State Council Reports	Jane Bond	Not clipped
Time	Janet Feagans	Jane Bond
U.S. News and World Report	Janet Feagans	Jane Bond
Current	Jane Bond	Jane Bond
Commentary	Janet Smith	Janet Smith
Corelator	Jean Levine	Not clipped
Trends in Housing	Jean Levine	Not clipped

*These clips are given first to Paul Rilling and then to file.

PAMPHLET CATEGORIES, WITH NUMBERS

#1 Achievement and Armed Services
#2 Agriculture
#2A "
#3 Bibliography
#4 Bibliographies, Directories, Guides
#5A Civil Liberties
#5 Civil Liberties
#6A Civil Rights
#6 " "
#7 Civil Rights, State Anti-Discrimination Laws
#8A Community Action
#8 General and Geographical Community Action
#9 Community Action, Geographical
#10 Economy, General
#11 Economy, South
#12A Education, General
#12 Education, Adult
#13A Education, Higher
#13A Education, Federal Aid
#13 Education, General
#14 Education Desegregation
#15 Education Desegregation
#15A Education Desegregation
#17 Education, Intercultural & Intergroup
#18 " " "
#19 Negro & Regional Education
#20 Education, State Summaries & Reports
#20B Educational Directories
#21 Education, State Reports, Teacher's status, vocational
#22A Employment (Fiar Employment, Statutes, Commissions, Federal, Local & State)
#22 Employment, """"""
#23 Employment, guides for merit employment
#24 Employment, studies of status of minorities
#25 Government
#25A Government -- State directories
#26 Government and Foundations
#27-28A
Health and associated topics
29 Housing, General, Farm and Nonwhite
#29A " " " " "
#30 Housing, Nonwhite and restrictive
#31 International Relations
#31 "
#32 International Relations, United States and United Nations
#33 International Relations
#34 Intergroup Organizations
#34A " "
#35 Labor, General
#36 Politics and Populations
#37 Press
#38 Prejudice
#39 Race and race differences
#40 Race and Race Relations
#41-43 " " " "
#44 Recreation

#46 Religion
#46A, B "
#48 Suffrage
#48A Suffrage
#49 Transportation
#50 Violence
#51 Welfare
#52 Welfare
#54 Resistance Groups
#53 Law Enforcement
#53A Law Enforcement
#53B Crime & Delinquency
#56-64 PAMPHLETS IN QUANTITY

BENJAMIN MUSE
Box 312
Manassas, Virginia

Ideas

June 13, 1961

A BACKLOG FOR RESEARCH

Effect of Race Discrimination Upon Our World Position

The material received from the USIA would justify a major publication project. Much of this foreign comment would be impressive reading for segregationists and would arm liberal speakers and writers with valuable quotations. A comprehensive brochure might also include some general comments from national leaders on the importance of this problem to our world position.

An effective L-Report might use only very brief selected excerpts.

Some foreign commentaries would be appropriate for inclusion in New South.

(The USIA cannot be mentioned as the source of any material.)

State Commissions on Human Relations

A survey of the state commissions on human (race) relations is urgently needed in case the information should be desired by another state contemplating setting up such a commission. This would be useful now to the Governor of Delaware, who has this under consideration.

Negro Police

A survey of the progress made in integrating the police of Southern cities would encourage other city administrations to make this move.

The Effectiveness of the Negro Vote

Many Negroes are discouraged from voting, even where they are entirely free to do so, by a feeling that their votes will make no difference. A study will show that the Negro vote has been effective in electing liberal officials and promoting liberal policies in Norfolk, Richmond, Charlottes-

Good! why couldn't Tagger handle this as a reporter. We hitch-hike research on this little project. Surely there is some one at Chapel Hill

ville, Durham, Winston-Salem, Atlanta, Mobile, Charles City County, Va., etc.

Negro Buying Power

When accurate and comprehensive statistics can be obtained a study of Negro buying power could be very effective among business men. Firms which seek Negro trade will find friendship with Negroes, stimmlation of Negro economic progress, employment of Negroes, etc. "good business."

Negro Excellence

A survey of Negro economic, political and cultural progress would be useful in convincing narrow-minded segregationists that the Negro has ability and that his advancement is inevitable. Every month sees some fresh example of Negro excellence in the national scene. A list—rather than an account— of Negro success stories would be a valuable contradiction of the farm hand-servant image. This kind of report might be issued every year.

Negro Contributions to Public Revenue

The statement is often made that Negroes "don't pay no taxes." Many Southern whites imagine that Negroes "get a free ride." A study should be made of the taxes which Negroes actually pay in various forms, with detailed analyses of the tax pattern in selected localities. It is also important to point out that Negroes pay substantial indirect taxes: every landlord fixes rent charges to include an amount covering at least his real estate tax liability.

Benjamin Muse

Benjamin Muse

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Ideas

Southern R[redacted] C[redacted] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[redacted] [redacted]ORGIA
[redacted]-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date July 25, 1961

To: LWD From: JAM

Subject: Whitney Young's memo: Human Resources in the South

JM

Les, I told you my general impressions about Whitney Young's memo about Human Resources in the South. As you recall, this was an exploratory article in which he is suggesting some more intensive investigation and analysis on the subject of status of the Negro community. But I would like to either tie this in with a piece of research which we would do (or try to get someone else to do -- (I think I might like to take a shot at it) drawing on your population and social statistics for the region and material from other sources to draft a working paper on the human resources of the South, perhaps in two parts: 1) the Negro resources in the South and the North; 2) the white resources. I think I can deal with the first; the second might better be handled by a social scientist with an economic background or bent. We might turn part 2 over to some competent person.

Let's talk about this whenever you are ready.

Ready

HUMAN RESOURCES OF THE SOUTH

One of the most depressing facts about the South is its inability to hold on to its talented people. This loss of talent is neither new nor is it disappearing. Southerners of ability - both white and Negro - leave the region in discouragingly large numbers, and the South is deprived of the leadership and stimulus which they could offer. In the process, millions of dollars of the limited funds which Southern states have for education are spent on educating youth who pocket their diplomas and move away.

On the other hand, the South can be justifiably proud in being, as it has been for decades, a reservoir of talent and leadership for the whole country. Although in recent decades especially the South has benefitted from the many Northerners who have moved here, and brought with them managerial and professional skills, the South is still the nation's creditor.

This picture of simultaneous regional loss and regional contribution can be, and in part has been, shown statistically or described in sociological terms. But the essentially human quality of the picture can be lost - or, at least, not found - in doing so. To reach that essence, and to add to an understanding of the present day South and its people, are the purposes of the following proposals.

Loss of Southern talent

By examination of the alumni records of several representative graduate and professional schools, colleges, and high schools, the extreme dimensions of the draining-off of Southern brains and talent could be shown. Through a systematic searching of Who's Who and other more specialized biographical dictionaries, a selection could be made of prominent, productive men and women, of both races, who have left the South.

Negro achievement

The average white Southerner hardly knows an educated Negro; the white Northerner is in about the same situation. Consequently, the white man's image of the Negro is taken from those Negroes in menial occupations whom he does know, and this image operates consciously or unconsciously to affect his ideas about race relations and his attitudes toward desegregation. One way of correcting this image is to call attention to Negro achievement. The glamorous cases - Ralph Bunches and Marian Andersons - do not need publicity. What is more important is to reveal the thousands of Negroes who have filled responsible roles in society. A feasible and valid way of doing so is through the use of alumni records of Negro colleges to gather an overall view and individual cases for special treatment.

Contribution of the rural South

For no better reason, perhaps, than to illustrate the resources of human wills, an effort should be made to show how the country and small town have sent out men and women to achieve distinction in the professions, arts, and business. To do this thoroughly would be impossible. To do it by illustrative cases would be sufficient. Some of the stories of persons, white and Negro, who have come off the farm to assume positions of important leadership are inspiring, and the Negro stories in particular could have great value if, by planned distribution, they could be brought to the attention of rural audiences.

Scarcity of opportunities for Negroes

Important as have been Negro achievements, the career opportunities are still severely limited. Despite scholarly and official reports,

the conscience of Americans is not yet aware and challenged. By case studies and interpretation of statistical data, this social wrong can b be put in its proper terms; i. e. the denial of individual fulfillment.

The exhaustion of human resources in the rural South

Hodding Carter once wrote an article titled "The Shrinking South" (Look, March 4, 1959) in which he told of the desertion of the country and of the farm-supported small town where "all we got is time." Almost any Southerner can tell a tale of some town of his acquaintance which is dying. Statistics give the same account: over half the counties of Georgia, for example, have lost population in the past decade. The rural Southerner, Negro and white, is caught up in an economic shift which is probably desirable and irreversible. Yet his situation is hard: he is forced out of a culture which he knows and which gives him self-confidence, and into the urban content. He becomes, often, the educational, criminal, and welfare problem of the Southern or Northern city in which he re-settles. Sensitive, sympathetic portrayal of the rural migrants and the cultures from which they come might, if skillfully distributed, do much to add to the understanding of their needs and capabilities, and to allay the resentment which urban centers widely feel toward the "hill-billies" (for whether they come from the plains or the piney woods they get this name) and the Negroes moving into their care.

These studies could be published in two or three pamphlets, circulated selectively to press, church groups, and schools. The studies and pamphlets would be in part prepared by the SRC staff, and in part by outside writers and researchers.

MEMORANDUM TO: L. W. D. Date: 8/22/60
FROM: C. H. P.
RE: HUMAN RESOURCES OF THE SOUTH

The objective of the proposals made in HUMAN RESOURCES OF THE SOUTH is to present the "picture of simultaneous regional loss (through the migration of Southerners of ability) and regional contribution (of talent and leadership to other parts of the country)" in non-statistical terms so that "the essentially human quality of the picture" will not be lost. The proposals relate to five sub-topics, as follows:

1 - Loss of Southern Talent
2 - Negro Achievement
3 - Contribution of the Rural South
4 - Scarcity of Opportunities for Negroes
5 --The Exhaustion of Human Resources in the Rural South

Various kinds of materials and procedures are suggested in order to obtain the desired information. The resulting studies and pamphlets are to be "circulated selectively to press, church groups, and schools."

COMMENT

If it is generally believed that the South cannot hold its talented people, it might be unwise to disturb that belief. My guess is that the situation now is somewhat different from what it was a few years ago. Industrialization and urbanization may have reversed the trend. The question of the racial differential in talent loss is equally difficult to prove one way or the other. It seems probable that there are more and better opportunities for Negroes in college administration and teaching in the South than elsewhere but perhaps fewer in most other pursuits. Perhaps this is a clue. Search particularly for examples of successful careers in science and technology for which there are few opportunities to acquire the skills or secure employment in the South. These are the areas in which the South is most deficient; loss of talent here is therefore more serious.

The time factor involved in the study of talent loss should be taken into account and used appropriately. Successful Negroes who have lived outside the South for many years would not be exhibited for the purpose of calling attention to the conditions which forced them to leave unless there is reliable evidence that these unsatisfactory conditions still exist. Rather, these persons raise the question of what is being done about Negro children now in Southern schools who might have the same potentialities for greatness. This brings up a series of questions: During the last five years, what has happened to the outstanding graduates of Negro high schools in the South? Did they go to college? If so, where? If not, where are they? What are they doing? What are those in college planning to do? Where do they expect to be living ten years from now? - - - This, of course, calls for a major project, unless a limited sample of three or four high schools is taken. NOTE: Atlanta and Louisville, and perhaps a few other Southern cities, keep good records of their H.S. graduates through the 1st year of college. Items: college attended; major; grade, 1st semester.

Negro Achievement of the sort suggested will be recorded in newspapers and magazines, particularly in Negro weekliesand in magazines like EBONY. A systematic scrutiny of the back issues should be fruitful and need not take much time. The importance of changing the image which many white people have of Negroes cannot be over estimated. The National Urban League has had a long experience in pilot placement of Negroes in new or unusual jobs. Many examples from their records may be selected for distribution to specific groups in the South. Local Urban Leagues in Northern cities have at hand for their own communities the kind of data needed here. These suggestions, of course, are in addition to information that might be obtained from college alumni records, etc.

On item #3, Contribution of the Rural South, there is not very much that can be added to the suggestions already made. The movement from country to city has been characteristic of social change in America for the last several decades. The bulk of the people in urban communities have not too remote rural origins. Meanwhile, technological advances in transportation and communication have changed the outlook of rural people, in fact, urbanized them, to some degree. Perhaps some sort of project might be worked out on the most depressed counties(Item #5) in the South if the other data can provide ENOUGH EXAMPLES OF outstanding people who were born in these counties. A special study of high school graduates from selected Black Belt counties might reveal some trends.

There should be no difficulty in documenting the Scarcity of Opportunities for Negroes. There would be some interest, I think, in showing how the lack of variety in jobs available to Negroes in a community limits the aspirations of Negro high school seniors. Studies in Lexington and Louisville attest this lack of perspective. This in itself results in considerable loss of talent potential. A student gets to be a senior in high school before he realizes the importance of college. He then finds that he has not taken the high school courses that would prepare him for college.

RESEARCH PROCEDURES

Project #1 ---Research in depth on the careers of high school graduates from selected city high schools: Atlanta, Memphis, Richmond, Charlotte, Birmingham, Houston, Louisville, etc. This might be done for a particular year, e.g., 1950 or for a recent five year period or for two years, one prior to and the other after the Supreme Court decision on the schools.

Project #2 ---Success stories of people born in the South but living elsewhere - from Who's Who, from alumni records of colleges and universities* and from magazines and newspapers (as indicated above).

*/How many graduates of medical schools have left the South for internships and for practice in communities where there is access to an accredited hospital? Howard and Meharry should be able to provide adequate data.

MATERIALS---RESOURCE PERSONS

Aside from the well known references like Ginzberg's The Negro Potential, there are valuable suggestions in The Superior Student (Newsletter of the Inter-University Committee on The Superior Student), Volume 2, No. 3&4 and Volume 3, No. 3. Dr. Horace Mann Bond has offered his materials on Negro PhD's; AAron Brown of Phelps-Stokes may have some suggestions.

Pending file

Memo FROM THE DESK OF **LESLIE W. DUNBAR**

What is happening to Negro immigrants to metropolitan centers? Their contribution on arrival? Success & failure. Efforts made to realize achievements? Where have they received opportunities? Frustrations & obstructions. Attitudes of old residents, both Negro & white.

Communicating to Negro masses re opportunities.

Communicating to Negro masses a greater sense of pride & personal security.

Communicating to white masses realistic information about and modifying the values of white masses

Jim — I want to make some comment

this is an idea I once had for a study. Nothing came of it. The paper by Whiting Young proved some of the same kind of question. You might want to think about the whole subject, & whether we should do something on it

Memo

FROM THE DESK OF **LESLIE W. DUNBAR**

9-14-61

JM

there is merit to
this suggestion
let's discuss

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[illegible] [illegible]ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

Linville Falls, N. C.
September 4, 1961

Rec'd 9/6

Dr. Leslie Dunbar
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dunbar:

I have an idea which I would like for you to think about. It is a hybrid by "Cloudlands Revisited" out of "The Clouded Crystal Ball". I am sure that, as an old New Yorker fan, you know those departments of that journal.

Even before the decision in the Brown case, and to a greater extent, immediately thereafter, Southern politicans began to develop and publicize the tactics and maneuvers which, they said, would meet constitutional tests and keep our schools segregated.

Early in the game certain Southern law professors wrote briefs analyzing these schemes and giving their legal opinions that few, if any, of them would hold water. I have in mind a Professor Nicholson in the law journal of The University of South Carolina, Professor J. Murphy at the University of Alabama, some man at Washington and Lee and two men at Chapel Hill. No doubt there were others whose articles I did not see.

Well, the schemes have all been tried and, without exception, the views of the professors, rather than of the politicans, have been adopted by the courts.

What I have in mind is a paper issued by SRC, probably in NEW SOUTH, which would review these facts of recent history. The idea appeals to me because of the congenital disposition of Southerners to assume that election to office confers superior wisdom. For many decades we have been blindly, and at great cost, heeding our politicans, rather than our scholars. We have now a classic opportunity, documented, to show the unwisdom of such a course.

There will be other occasions when the South is presented with the same choice. The kind of article I have in mind might tend to preserve us from future calamaties. Anyhow, it would expose the limitations of political leadership. That would be worth something.

Some law professor at Emory, or even a grade A law student, might be glad to undertake the assignment.

A collateral benefit of such an article might be to encourage not merely law professors, but lawyers, in the future to express with greater boldness unpopular convictions they may entertain.

What do you think?

Yours sincerely,

Marion A. Wright

Marion A. Wright

MAW/jep

rs
rs that
ng
d
orators
LU 3-4646
Tremont Ave.)
'til 9:30 P.M.

Interior Designers

DEAN CRITICIZES SOUTH'S COLLEGES

Aide at North Carolina U. Urges Widening of Roles

Special to The New York Times.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., Jan. 13—Southern colleges and universities must move beyond their regional preoccupations to seek a truly national role if they are to maintain excellence, according to Dean Alexander Heard of the University of North Carolina Graduate School.

In an address this week to members of the Faculty Club, Dean Heard said that the South had fallen behind in the growth of higher education in this country. He added that "whoever is first in the Southern region is not necessarily even in the swim by national criteria and recognition."

Racial problems in the South are an important obstacle to attracting new faculty members to Southern institutions, Dean Heard said. He cited a study made two years ago among 645 doctoral candidates at leading universities throughout the country. The South was at the bottom of the list of preferred regions, and the chief objection listed was racial prejudice.

Regional Role Cited

"A clear image of the University of North Carolina as a place of tolerance, of academic freedom, of concern for social justice, of active citizen service is essential to our academic advance, as necessary as an image of a university of dedicated and accomplished scholars," Dean Heard said.

The university has played a leading role in the region in preparing teachers for other institutions and in seeking solutions to regional problems, he said.

"We can no longer and should no longer play that role," Dean Heard declared. "To fulfill our responsibilities to ourselves, to our state, to our nation, and to our time, we must become a national institution—national in goals, national in our standards, national in our concept of university potentialities, national in our achievements."

Dean Heard listed these "immense assets" that he said could help the North Carolina institution to become the first national university in the South:

¶The existing quality, reputation and momentum achieved by the university as a foremost regional university.

¶The cooperative endeavors and the facts of common destiny shared with Duke University and North Carolina State College.

¶The university's position in regard to the race issue, suffering "less than most of our neighbors from crippling chains of racial intolerance that make so many places unattractive or impossible places for scholars to live and work."

¶The support given to the university by trustees, legislators, taxpayers, alumni, students and parents of students because of the "widespread comprehension of the idea, purposes and conditions necessary for a free and sophisticated university."

"The time has come to move on, to view ourselves explicitly in the future as oriented to the nation and to the universe as much as we have viewed ourselves explicitly in the past as oriented to the state and to the region," Dean Heard said.

Five-Satellite Shot Planned

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13 (UPI)—Te Navy was planning today to launch five navigational earth satellites with one rocket booster at Cape Canaveral, Fla., late this month.

RED CRO TOTALS

Annual Repo Receipts o

Special to The
WASHINGT
American Nat
spent $91,286,4
year ended last
ing to the annu
public today.

Campaign con
year were $85,
from all source
440,901.

The report say
in the last fisca
average of $10,
It records the
work on proble
military service
the need for blo
grams of heal
training.

Special tribut
approximately
Cross volunteers
and at militar
abroad.

"Services give
volunteers of all
port says, "show
programs are a
outlet for the
desire to serve
deeply embedded
can character."

Servicemen's A

Service to the
veterans and the
the fiscal year co
$34,589,057. During
Cross workers at
tions and hospitals
average of 76,60
each month and p
munications and
sistance in emerge
Home service ve
staff members in th

January 15, 1962

The Reverend Lucius H. Pitts
Miles College
Birmingham 8, Alabama

My dear Dr. Pitts:

Leslie Dunbar has passed on to me the outline of a suggested study on the Negro in Birmingham. This is an impressive document encompassing a number of areas in which information is sorely needed.

If there are any specific ways in which we can be of help to you in pulling together information needed in the study, please do not hesitate to let us know.

Very truly yours,

James A. Moss
Director of Research

JAM:jl

From: L. H. Pitts

A SUGGESTED STUDY WHICH MIGHT BE UNDERTAKEN
BY THE
BIRMINGHAM CHAPTER OF THE FRONTIERS OF AMERICA

SUBJECTS OF THE STUDY:

New Look at Birmingham
New Frontiers in Birmingham
The New Negro and Birmingham's Growth Plan

INTRODUCTION:

PURPOSE OF THE STUDY:

The study proposes to show some of the needs and inequities in the Negro community in Birmingham; secondly, the phenominal achievements of Negroes in Birmingham in spite of the inequities and third, the untapped Negro potentials, both human and natural, in Metropolitan Birmingham.

I.

AREAS OF CONCERN

Population growth and trends, educational opportunities, job opportunities, health and welfare service, trade and industrial opportunities.

II.

AREAS OF ACHIEVEMENT

Business enterprises, home ownership, professional services, religious organizations, fraternal organizations, trade and industry, educational institutions, personal services, utilities and appliances and automobile ownership.

III.

AREAS OF POSSIBLE ACHIEVEMENT

1. What could be achieved by a significant Negro voting population?
2. By adequate educational opportunities, both academic and vocational?
3. By concentration of Negro economic potentials in corporate investments?
4. By equal job opportunities for Negroes in Metropolitan Birmingham?

IV.

RECOMMENDATIONS

(To come at the completion of the study)

Chapter 1

AREAS OF CONCERN

A. Population Growth and Trends
   1. Comparative population growth and trends 1950-1960 (White and Black)
      a. Comparative tables set up by race, age and sex

B. Educational Opportunities
   1. Private
   2. Public
      a. Per pupil cost
      b. Physical facilities
      c. Student-teacher ratio
      d. National norm versus local norm

C. Job Opportunities
   1. Federal installations
   2. State Government
   3. Local Government
   4. Trade Industry

D. Health and Welfare Services
   1. Hospitals and Clinics
   2. Social Security and Old Age Pensions
   3. Public Health Services
   4. Sanitation and Garbage Disposals
   5. Parks and other recreational facilities

E. Trade and Industrial Opportunities
   1. General Contractors
      a. Building construction
      b. Plumbing
      c. Electrical installations
      d. Aircraft
      e. Building and Maintenance
      f. Public utilities
         (1) Telephone
         (2) Power companies, electrical and gas
         (3) City buses
         (4) Sanitation department
      g. Local labor unions

Chapter 2

AREAS OF ACHIEVEMENT

A. Business Enterprises
   1. Insurance companies
   2. Banks
   3. Real estate
   4. Morticians
   5. Hotels
   6. Motels
   7. Service stations

B. Home Ownership
   1. $3,000.00 to $8,000.00 homes
   2. $9,000.00 to $14,000.00 homes
   3. $15,000.00 to $19,000.00 homes
   4. $20,000.00 and above

C. Professional Services
   1. Medical profession
   2. Dental profession
   3. Lawyers

D. Religious Organizations
   1. Number of denominations in Birmingham
   2. Number of churches by denominations
   3. Value of church property
   4. Number of ordained clergymen
   5. Educational institutions
      a. Colleges
      b. High Schools
      c. Elementary Schools

E. Fraternal Organizations
   1. Greek letter fraternities
   2. Masons
   3. Elks
   4. Odd fellows
   5. Shriners

F. Trade and Industry
   1. Registered contractors
   2. Incorporated building concerns

G. Educational Institutions
   1. Higher Education (Private and Public)
   2. Secondary Education (Private and Public)

H. Personal Services
   1. Barber shops
   2. Beauty parlors
   3. Shoe shops
   4. Cleaning and pressing business establishments
   5. Restaurants
   6. Grocer stores
   7. Tailor shops
   8. Domestic workers (Housewives League)

I. Utilities and Appliances
   1. Radio and Television repair shops
   2. Electrical installations and services
   3. Automobile mechanics

J. Automobile Ownerships
   1. Number of Negro car owners
   2. Percentage of two (2) car families
   3. Approximate capital outlay for automobiles

B4

~~4-26-62~~

2

B4

~~3-15-62~~

~~APR 15~~ 4

3/26

January 29, 1962

Rev. W. T. Handy, Jr.
St. Mark Methodist Church
149 North 14th Street
Baton Rouge 8, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Handy:

Thank you for your kind comments on the Zinn report. We are sending Dr. Zinn a copy of your letter and we know that he will also appreciate having your senti - ments about it.

We undertook this project because we felt that it had some unique features and should be made available to a wide audience. We will take under advisement your suggestion that a similar report be made on Baton Rouge. Should this seem at all feasible in terms of our research and publication commitments, we will be in touch with you.

Very truly yours,

James A. Moss
Director of Research

JAM:jl

CHURCH PHONE: DIckens 2-3163

PARSONAGE:
815 NO. 20TH STREET
PHONE: DIckens 4-3677

St. Mark Methodist Church
W. T. HANDY, JR., MINISTER
149 NORTH 14TH STREET
BATON ROUGE 8, LOUISIANA

January 18, 1962

answer ✓

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street NW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I have received and read this date of your excellent special report entitled "Albany", by Howard Zinn.

I hereby request that a similar type report be made on the Baton Rouge situation. It is felt that this would be most helpful both nationally and locally.

Sincerely yours,

W. T. Handy, Jr./bll

W. T. Handy, Jr.

WTHJr.:bll

March 12, 1962

Mr. John Henrik Clarke
Freedomways
799 Broadway, Suite 542
New York 3, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Clarke:

I shall be pleased to write an article for Freedomways on "Desegregation and the Economy of the South - within the specified number of words and within the time limitations indicated in your letter.

I would appreciate receiving a copy of Freedomways if you would be kind enough to send me one.

Sincerely yours,

James A. Moss
Director of Research

JAM:jl

BY
~~4/10~~
4/26

FREEDOMWAYS

A Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement

799 Broadway • Suite 542
New York 3, New York
GRamercy 7-8866

March 14, 1962

Mr. James A. Moss
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Mr. Moss,

We have received your letter of March 12th and we are pleased that you will have the time to write the article we requested, "Desegregation and the Economy of the South". Articles that run in length from three to four thousand words (between twelve and sixteen typewritten pages) are best for us.

Under separate cover we have already mailed you the Fall 1961 and the Winter 1962 issues of Freedomways Magazine.

Sincerely yours,

John Henrik Clarke

John Henrik Clarke

JHC:ms

Shirley Graham, Editor • W. Alphaeus Hunton, Associate Editor • Margaret Burroughs, Art Editor • Esther Jackson, Managing Editor

FREEDOMWAYS

A Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement

799 Broadway • Suite 542
New York 3, New York
GRamercy 7-8866

February 21, 1962

Mr. James A. Moss
Research Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street N. W.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Mr. Moss,

Dr. Herman H. Long has suggested that I write you concerning our need for a special article for the Summer issue of Freedomways Magazine. The summer issue will be devoted to articles relating mainly to the Political and Economic Status of Negroes in the United States. We would like to know if you would consider writing an article on "Desegregation and the Economy of the South". We have in mind an article that will be a concise evaluation of the effect of the Freedom Riders and other groups fighting for desegregation and its effect on the economy of the south.

Our ambition here at Freedomways is to publish a journal which is offered as a free forum opened to all those who have something constructive to say about the Negroes' struggle for freedom and dignity.

The article, if you agree to write it, should be between three and four thousand words.

Articles for the Summer issue should reach us by May 10th.

Sincerely yours
John Henrik Clarke
John Henrik Clarke

JHC:ms

Shirley Graham, Editor • W. Alphaeus Hunton, Associate Editor • Margaret Burroughs, Art Editor • Esther Jackson, Managing Editor

MARION A. WRIGHT, LINVILLE FALLS
PRESIDENT
GORDON B. HANCOCK, RICHMOND
VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, NEW ORLEANS
VICE-PRESIDENT
CARTER WESLEY, HOUSTON
VICE-PRESIDENT
GEORGE S. MITCHELL
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
HAROLD C. FLEMING, INFORMATION
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
JOHN HOPE II, PROGRAM
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
C. H. PARRISH, STATE ORGANIZATIONS
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
F. B. ROUTH, STATE ORGANIZATIONS
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
MRS. M. E. TILLY
IN CHARGE OF WOMEN'S WORK
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER
SECRETARY-TREASURER

Southern Re

ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AVE

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
"TOP KNOT"
LINVILLE FALLS, NORTH CAROLINA

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date January 31, 1962

To: LWD From: PR

Subject: Attached

I am not sure that we can or could react specifically to the Putnam efforts. Only two reactions occur to me. One would be that suggested by Jim. The other would be a specific critical analysis,in some depth but writen in a fairly popular style, of the book itself. I would incline toward the latter alternative as being quicker and easier.

National Putnam Letters Committee

P. O. BOX 3518, GRAND CENTRAL STATION

NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

The National Putnam Letters Committee is not affiliated with the Citizens' Council movement. We are sending you a copy of the enclosed magazine because it is devoted chiefly to a speech by Carleton Putnam at Jackson, Mississippi, on October 26, which we believe to be of national importance.

MARK H. GERMAN, Director

Dear Les,
This is the second of these which I have received. I am glad to share them with you.

Ben

Memo from **C. H. PARRISH**

~~JM~~

JL

I think you might find ~~that~~ it useful to have a file of "Research Ideas". If so, the attached could be an entry

Memo from LESLIE W. DUNBAR

JM - did we ever get our subscription to the Citizen straightened out? yes

PR ✓ - Memo attached.

PAL

ML ✓

I would like to have the review back & you at it whether or how our program should react to this Putnam business

LD

I think we might do a report on the relation between the "Right and Race" in the South

Jason

3 to Harvard
Jim

Mr. Peter Davison
Atlantic Monthly Press
8 Arlington St.
Boston, Mass.

Dr. Clarence Bacote
All Univ.
all 3

Dear Harry J. Carman
Columbia U
7/24/27

Memo from PAUL ANTHONY

Ben Muse is scheduled to report on first national conference concerned with the "right", at our Feb.20 Executive Committee meeting. This should open up whole area of SRC program and this trend.

One or more publications might help - but doubt if a critical analysis of Putmam's work would be very effective - and doubt if publications should be so specific. General interpretation of this trend, its reasons and associations with "race" might be more helpful.

Haven't he reported adequately in the Ben Muse piece in New South?

Maggie

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[illegible] GEORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

Linville Falls, N.C.
March 13, 1962

Mr. James A. Moss
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth St., N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Moss:

I have your letter of March 8th enclosing reprint of Dr. Middleton's article in American Socialogical Review. I have read this with great interest.

It partially answers the question which I raised as to our production of a study of the effect of Southern segregation practices on recruitment of college and university professors. I think the article, while thorough and scholarly, is too long and technical for our purposes. If there are difficulties about our doing research in this field, my impression is that the wisest use to be made of the article would be to condense it and put it in slightly less technical terms. As written, it would be appreciated by college folk. Our job seems to be to reach those who live upon a slightly lower intellectual plane.

Best regards.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright

M. A. Wright

MAW:mg

BY
3-28-62

March 8, 1962

Mr. Marion A. Wright
"Top Knot"
Linville Falls, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Wright:

While we are still mulling over your suggestion that we do some research on the problems of recruitment of staff at southern colleges and universities, I wonder whether this attached reprint had been called to your attention.

We made this copy for you so you may keep it.

Sincerely yours,

James A. Moss
Director of Research

JAM:jl
enc:
Reprint from American Sociological Review, Dec., 1961 "Racial Problems and the Recruitment of Academic Staff at Southern Colleges and Universities."

B4
~~3-6-62~~
3-28-62

February 13,1962

Mr. Marion A. Wright
"Top Knot"
Linville Falls, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Wright:

Les has referred to me your letter suggesting that we might undertake a small piece of research into the problem of college faculty recruitment in areas currently under pressures of desegregation.

We will take this project under advisement although I am presently not too optimistic because of the intensive research pressures upon us; but you can be sure that we will do the best we can.

Very truly yours,

James A. Moss
Director of Research

JAM:jl

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AV[illegible] ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

"Top Secret"

Linville Falls, N.C.
January 17, 1962

Dr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth St., N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Les:

I think the Anti-Defamation League booklet on the effect of school controversy on industry is a quite effective job.

I enclose clipping from the New York Times of January 14th which tells of the effect of segregation practices in securing capable college professors. The fact that a professor from Chapel Hill should point out the difficulty of getting able men to come South, gives the point added respectability.

Solely for your consideration, I suggest SRC might get expressions of opinion from a great many Southern college faculties and other authentic sources and bring out a pamphlet on the subject.

The more often we can point out the price paid by the South for holding on to its discriminations, the more we may contribute to their cessation.

Best regards.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. W.

M. A. Wright

MAW:mg
Encl.

Memo from **LESLIE W. DUNBAR**

BU 30r
4 weeks

JM

pls reply (I should think with all we have to do, this might still be worth an L Rept if it can be managed, perhaps by wooing a faculty friend)

J.L. Please make file copy (Research project)

March 23, 1962

Ed Randall Paul Rilling

Suggestions for Deep South Radio Programming

It seems to me that the best emphases for deep South audiences would be along such lines as law and order, the southern economic stake in peace and stability, the success and practicality of avoiding disruption and violence through negotiation and conciliation. On some occasions the discussions might well focus on subjects seemingly unrelated to race relations, but with clear implications. These might include discussions on southern economic growth in general, on southern educational trends, on American foreign policy, etc.

One type of discussion might feature discussions on success stories in other communities, emphasising negotiation and so forth. These might include Columbus, Georgia, Jackson, Tennessee, Laurinberg, North Carolina; recent successes with school desegregation in Memphis, Dallas, Daytona Beach; constructive leadership by businessmen in New Orleans preparation last fall, in Atlanta.

Another approach might be interview-type discussions with prominent persons with special knowledge. These might include Ralph McGill; William Nichols; economist at Vanderbilt University and recent author of a book on the southern economy; James Dabbs; Les Dunbar; Will Campbell. Alabama persons might include Dr. Henry King Stanford, President of Birmingham Southern; Charles Morgan, Birmingham attorney; Joseph N. Langan, liberal city commission member of Mobile and recently state chairman of NCCJ Observance of Brotherhood week, or some such thing; Father Albert Foley, Catholic priest and faculty member of Spring Hill College;

The Rev. Carl Adkins, Methodist minister, Dauphin Way Methodist Church, Mobile; Lucius Pitts, President, Miles College, Birmingham; James Head, President, Head Office Supply Co., Birmingham (liberal white businessman).

I think the kind of pro and con discussion that you did here with Hill and Maddox would be useful in Alabama, perhaps through the use of this same tape. One might be done with a segregationist spokesman and the Rev. Powers McCleod of Auburn, President of the Alabama Council on Human Relations. You might do one on the Birmingham parks situation, titled something like "A City Decides," and noting the diverse points of view concerning the closing of the parks and projected sale.

Copies for Les Dunbar
Maggie Long
Jim Moss

PMR/mr

July 6, 1962

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
The Potomac Institute, Inc.
353 Woreham Building
15th & H Streets, N.W.
Washington, D.C.

Dear Harold:

In cleaning out a recently vacated desk we came across a letter from you dated July 7, 1961 which I am afraid has never been acknowledged. It was your letter transmitting a memorandum of George Nesbitt's suggesting a study of relocation patterns in urban renewal projects.

I assume the world has passed us by on this one. The idea is undoubtedly important and I would like to see us working in this area. Right now we are not in a position to take it on.

Let me know if there is any point to our making further comment on the Nesbitt memorandum; and I am sorry.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:jl

THE POTOMAC INSTITUTE, INC. WASHINGTON, D. C.

353 Shoreham Building, 15th & H Streets, N.W.

JM
Lit Division
room

VIA AIR MAIL

July 7, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
The Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Rm. 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Here is a memorandum sent to me by George Nesbitt of the Urban Renewal Agency.

Despite its limitations, perhaps this will give you an idea of what Nesbitt feels could be done through a study of relocation patterns in Southern cities.

I have told Nesbitt that I am sharing the memorandum with you, and nothing more will happen on it until I hear from you.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Harold

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Vice President

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

Note on: ~~Impact of~~ Impact of Urban Renewal Projects on Racial Patterns of Residence in Southern Cities

Residence and Race, the final and comprehensive report resulting from the work of the Commission on Race and Housing, points out that "Of all the housing activities of government, none has potentially a greater impact upon the housing conditions of minority groups and racial residence patterns than urban renewal..." (Opening sentence, Chapter 19, "Urban Renewal" p. 333) While Residence and Race is careful to note that frequently the slum-cleared area is redeveloped non-residentially (p.334), it also observes that "Although occasionally some public or other low-cost housing is built in slum-clearance areas for occupancy by the former residents, in the main, redevelopment plans contemplate re-use of the land by different economic or racial groups." (p. 335)

Within context of the two cited observations and from the view point of civil rights, the most critical problem which urban renewal presents is that of the displacement of nonwhites from areas to be redeveloped for housing within economic reach of nonwhites in the community but to which as such they are deliberately not to be admitted. In this situation neither of two factors which conceivably can incidentally and properly operate to effect displacement of Negroes from desirable living areas is present--a non-housing reuse or reuse housing which is beyond the income capacities of nonwhites in the community. There is, therefore, clearly and certainly presented an issue of "Negro clearance" in that the essential intent of the undertaking becomes housing for whites only in an area occupied by Negroes.

The Urban Renewal Administration, consistent with other operating constituents of the Housing and Home Finance Agency, administers no general requirement prohibiting discrimination in the housing made possible through its assistance. It does not even seek to prevent discriminatory housing specifically in areas cleared of housing occupied by nonwhites. At one time it did administer Local Public Agency Letter No. 16 a policy aimed against projects resulting in decrease of living space open to minorities, and which policy required "no substantial objection" on the part of representative leaders of nonwhites to projects for "white housing" construction in areas of nonwhite displacement. However, even this aspect of the so-called "minority living space" policy did not prevent "Negro clearance"-type projects. It has been abandoned.

In September of 1959 a check of advanced projects in Region III (all Southern states) revealed that in Alabama there were six projects proposing construction of "for white" housing in areas of Negro displacement. These were: Arch Street and Strawberry Street in Demopolis; South Bell Street in Dothan; Clanton Street in Kiba; Flake Hill in Eufaula; and Birmingham Street in Gadsden.

Analysis of these projects shows that the "Negro clearance"-type project sometimes also: supplants an area of racially open residence with residence that is racially exclusive; results in removal of nonwhite children from within proximity of "white" schools facing desegregation; and relocates the displaced nonwhite families in a so-called "Negro expansion area"--an officially planned area for Negro residence.

At the same time, certain technical aspects of the project planning become distorted in the effort essentially to effect the nonwhite displacement. Boundaries of the project area may be illogical and quite irregular. The percentage of standard properties in the area which are nevertheless to be demolished may run high. In effort to cover the color objective of the undertaking reuse housing at such a high price as to be of questionable marketability may be proposed. Related, the disposition of the cleared parcels may be arranged over an excessively long period of time.

On the other hand, in Georgia, again as of September, 1959, there were 11 projects displacing nonwhite families and proposed for housing reuse, all of which proposed housing for Negroes--Butler Street, Rawson-Washington, Thomasville, and University Center in Atlanta; Summer Hill in Cartersville; Theo J. McGee Park in Columbus; So. Eastern Project No. 2 in Douglas; Glenwood Avenue in Dublin; Cross-Town Urban Renewal Area in Lawrenceville; Bruce Street in Lithonia; South West Area in Marietta; and Broad Street, Canal No. 1 in Savannah.

Indeed, at the same time there were several project areas in which both whites and nonwhites were living that were being planned for reuse housing to be provided in racially separate sub-areas. This appears to have characterized Houston Hills in Montgomery, Alabama; Fall Street, Johnson City, Tennessee; New Acres Area, Paris, Kentucky; Gallows Hollow, Clarksville, Tennessee; and Project No. 2, Newport, Kentucky.

June 14, 1961
George B. Nesbitt

December 11, 1964

Dr. J. C. Bernard
Supervising Clinical Psychologist
Milledgeville State Hospital
Milledgeville, Georgia

Dear Dr. Bernard:

In response to your letter of December 2, please be advised that the Council has always maintained and continues a deep interest in objective racial studies in the South. Since our founding, this has been one of our commitments. Therefore, we are interested in the kind of study you propose.

We are in no position to indicate or even pledge our support because the facts are few. Please know, however, that we could become interested upon presentation of the entire program.

Sincerely,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Assistant to the
Executive Director

VEJ/rh

LWD ✓

State of Georgia
Milledgeville State Hospital
Milledgeville, Georgia

JOHN H. VENABLE, M. D., DIRECTOR GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH IRVILLE H. MacKINNON, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT OF THE HOSPITAL

December 2, 1964

The Southern Regional Council
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Gentlemen:

This letter is an informal feeler intended to determine the Council's attitudes toward a psychological study of certain effects of mixing white and negro high school students in a classroom setting, in a small southern community. Mr. J. L. Miller of SREB suggested we contact you.

Frankly, this is in no way a formal proposal, as such will of necessity have to go through this state's usual channels for approval before it can be forwarded to your organization. However, we feel this study might prove of value, and are aware that the moral (and perhaps to a very limited extent, financial) support of the Council would be critical in its implementation.

In brief, we would like to evaluate the effects on hostility (both intra - and extra-punitive) and the need to achieve, of mixing white and negro high school students in a group projective testing session. It would probably be inappropriate to elaborate the study any further at this stage, but we would like to add one more observation. While a good deal of work in this area has been summarized in a recent issue of The American Psychologist (June 1964), it utilized white and negro college students in New York City, and did not include projection testing.

Again, with no more information than this to go on, we realize that you can hardly commit your organization to our project. What we would appreciate is, in essence, an opinion to the effect that were it carefully designed and implemented you might consider it worthwhile research, or on the other hand that you do not feel it would be particularly significant.

Finally, for what it may be worth, were we to ask for financial aid, it would in all likelihood amount to a grant of $100 - $200 for clerical help in scoring the test, etc.

Looking forward to your reply, we remain,

Sincerely,

J. L. Bernard, Ph. D.
Supervising Clinical Psychologist

F. A. Coyle, Jr.
Clinical Psychology Intern

JLB/FAC/pal

July 14, 1965

Mr. Marion A. Wright
Attorney
Top Knot
Linville Falls, N. C.

Dear Mr. Wright:

Thank you for your letter of July 2, to Mr. Dunbar, which has been referred to me for reply.

Neither have we seen an authoritative study, per se, on out-migration of Negro college graduates and your idea of using this as a future study seems to be a good one. We certainly appreciate your throwing it our way.

As you probably know, presently we are pursuing a housing study covering approximately four southern cities, and as yet can't even guess when it will materialize, but we have hopes.

If you should come up with other good ideas concerning possible studies on the aforementioned, or otherwise, please make them available to us. As always, we highly appreciate your interest.

Sincerely,

Sam Adams
Director of Research

SA:nm

Rec'd 7/9/65

Topknot
Linville Falls, N. C.
28647

July 2, 1965

SA - please reply

Doctor Leslie W. Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

I throw out an idea for your consideration.

In connection with the effort to secure local employment for qualified Negroes, it occurs to me that it might be of some value to show to what extent there has been an out-migration of Negro college graduates. I know that a good deal has been written on that subject, but I have not seen an authorative study in depth, as the phrase is, of the extent as to which this migration occurs.

My suggestion is that S.R.C. might take the Atlanta Negro Colleges for a certain number of years, for example from 1955 through 1963. Other years might be more appropriate. The study would list the states of residence at the time that the student enrolled. I would take only those who actually graduated from the college. The study would further show the degrees received, the present state of residence and the occupation of the graduate.

It strikes me that it would be a better policy to take only one city's colleges and study them intensively rather than to attempt to cover the South. Whatever conclusions emerged the result of the study of the Atlanta institutions would no doubt have validity in other regions of the South.

Apparently it would not be to difficult. I would assume that the colleg e records, plus the records of the Alumni Associations of the different colleges, might well provide the necessary answers.

For the South to brought face to face statistically with the fact that its able and well-trained Negro citizens are leaving the South and establishing themselves successfully in other parts of the country might well influence Southern policy.

I know that you have much on your mind but I throw this idea out in the view that perhaps it might be worthy of your consideration.

With best regards I am.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. W

M. A. Wright

MAW/bm

VIA AIR MAIL

July 20, 1965

Director
Columbia Broadcasting Station (CBS)
485 Madison Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Sir:

Please forward this office, immediately, a script of your broadcast concerning the teacher dismissals in an Arkansas city. Lou Wood wastthe reporter, and it was heard on July 19, 6:30 p. m.

We are in the process of doing a study centered around the above mentioned broadcast, and feel sure this information will be most helpful to us in completing it.

If there is a charge for this service, please bill us accordingly.

Thank you for your prompt attention in this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Sam Adams
Director of Research

SA:nm

MEMORANDUM September 3, 1965

To: SA; cc: ML

From: LWD

You might add to your list of future projects a revised and up-dated report on private schools. See NEW SOUTH, APRIL 1964, and an old Special Report, ~~&Sanctuaries&~~ "Sanctuaries of Tradition."

NM - Pls put in bring-up file. You may label future projects or some such.

Research Ideas.

TENTATIVE OUTLINE FOR FIELD RESEARCH IN CRISIS AREAS

Purpose - The objective of this study is to secure a description and analysis of crisis situations in communities facing desegregation. This would include appropriate background material about communities concerned. It is suggested that the field research could be completed in 3 to 5 days. The research team might consist of one Negro and one white social scientist. It is proposed that the research be written up and published with as great speed as possible. The following points may be helpful as a guide for the research team:

1. Opinions in the community generally:

   a. In favor of or opposed to desegregation?
   b. Estimation of status of race relations before and after violence.
   c. In favor of or opposed to violence?
   d. Will desegregation succeed?
   e. What do you intend to do personally?
   f. What do you think will happen now?

2. Opinions of Negroes:

   a. In favor of or opposed to desegregation?
   b. Estimation of status of race relations before and after violence.
   c. Is there likelihood of retalitation against those involved in the desegregation process?
   d. Do you think (many, some, no) white people will stand behind law and order?
   e. Are children afraid of physical assault?
   f. Will you press for desegregation regardless of consequences?

3. Attitude of local press as secured through interviews with editors and analysis of editorials.

4. Civic Officials:

   a. How do they feel personally about desegregation?
   b. What is their attitude toward violence?
   c. What is their attitude toward maintaining law and order?
   d. Their prognosis of the future.

5. Law Enforcement Agencies:

   a. Personal attitudes toward desegregation?
   b. Personal attitudes toward maintenance of law and order?
   c. Their story of how the crisis occurred.
   d. Point at which outside aid was sought and received.
   e. Prognosis of the future.
   f. Estimate of diplomacy of law enforcement agencies.
   g. At whose request did outside law enforcement agencies enter the community?

6. School Officials:

   a. Personal attitude for or against desegregation.
   b. Indication of their intention to assist or oppose desegregation.
   c. Will desegregation work?
   d. Will students accept desegregation?

7. It might be helpful if information can be secured concerning the group identification of those who participated in violence - church affiliation, economic classification, organizational affiliation such as trade union, White Citizens Councils, etc., dependency on use of Negro labor.

8. If possible, it would be interesting to know the opinions of those who may be dependent to some degree on clientele of Negroes.

9. Of great importance would be an analysis of where leadership for the violence came from (outside the community?) and description of how these people went about organizing violence.

10. Of importance is a description of the mob process. The formation, milling process, duration of and description of these activities are important. Were leaders of the mob identified? Did law enforcement officers single out leaders of the mob or were they allowed to remain anonymous and with a feeling of security within the mass of which they were a part?

11. Are there Jews living in the community? Is there any tendency to blame what happened on Jewish agitators?
    Is there any deterioration of attitude toward Jews as a result of the current crisis? (Note that there is likely to be a differentiation between attitudes toward local Jewish residents and "outsiders")

12. Interesting Hypothesis:

    Those who accept desegregation foresee consequences, if any, which affect only the school system, education standards, etc.
    Those who oppose desegregation foresee social consequences - social mingling, interracial dancing, intermarriage.

TENTATIVE OUTLINE FOR FIELD RESEARCH IN CRISIS AREAS--added.

13. Power Structure (possibly covert)

Sometimes the real power leader(s) gets no publicity, but is the man who before and during crisis makes the decisions and passes them down to the lieutenants in charge. Sometimes newsmen or politicians--or dissidents against the power structure--can tell you who they are and what their role. It's often an older man, business-industrialist-financeer, or his lawyer.

14. Some Miscellaneous Questions

1. Were there any recent changed situations in town which might have had a bearing on the angry feeling; e.g., a park dispute, a crime, a plant closing down, etc?

2. Were those who participated in the mob sorry afterward? (pertinent to "mob" theory).

3. There are really two processes in desegregation;

   a. Those decisions leading up to the decision to comply with the desegregation ruling, and

   b. The process of desegregation itself. This may be helpful distinctions to the observer.

4. In the report, negative statements will help, especially for analysts later as we compare communities and test hypotheses. E.g., "...there seemed to be no evidence of outside agitators..."

5. How firm were officials in announcing policies about desegregation and law and order; how sincere were they?

15. Another viewpoint from which to assess the situation;

A. Pro-segregationists. Who led it, or egged it on?

   1. The combat leaders; "line"
   2. The staff leaders giving strategy; "staff"

   Were these two identical or divergent?
   What proportion of the mob was youth--say, under 25? What proportion was of parent age, say 25 and up to about 40?
   Do the leaders seem to be what we might call free trained small-businessmen who think they would be more important, and use this crisis as a mode of gaining self-esteem?

B. Desegregationists. What (few) persons came out in favor of the change? Hypothesis: The NAACP is pro-desegregation and open about it. Who else?

C. Officials in charge of law and order. (Already mentioned above in 4, 5, 6) Distinguish between school board and school administrators; then teachers; parents; pupils.
   Might add in this group all other who see values higher than segregation; clergy (which?), judges, newspaper-radio-TV people, perhaps Chamber of Commerce people (if any so minded).

NOTE: As already given in 7 (above), each individual discussed should be typed by occupation, SES, church, color, and other identifications and allegiances.

16. As of the time the field work was done, how successful was desegregation--give data on school enrollment by color, etc.

17. A METHODOLOGICAL SUGGESTION

This is a beforehand preparation or introduction to the community. Before the Observer (O) leaves, he writes for copies of the pertinent newspapers starting just before the incident, and studies them. E.g., for Clinton, O would get the Clinton paper (even if weekly), and the Knoxville and perhaps Oak Ridge papers--perhaps even as far as Nashville, which has two good papers of different slants; the NY Times is always good and usually available at one's library. These papers have probably sent reporters to the crisis spot. All of this costs very little. O studies these papers, and can even make individual cards for the main persons he thinks he should see, with notes as to what they were quoted as saying or doing, so that he can immediately go deeper on contacting them. O's secretary can help with this card-making. O can be ready to ask certain questions about something the individual did not say or do, why he did this instead of that, what he felt at a certain point, etc. All of this is somewhat similar in logic to Merton's "focused interview"; maybe we can even dream up a name for this device and become famous!

This technique follows the principle that what appears in the newspaper is not enough for our needs, but that the paper will enable the O to enter the community with a head start, with data, with places to go, and with formative hypotheses to substantiate, modify, or discard, depending on what he perceives.

Another suggestion follows. O will get quick further on-the-spot orientation, I think, if he goes rather early to the newspaper office and talks with the eyewitness reporters. They not only were paid to know what went on, but they will be as objective and unbiased as informants as O can get, due to the nature of their calling. (After all, this is the way John Gunther got his data for "Inside USA").

A final note: the O should assume cooperation, rather than fearing rebuff. He'll get further.

His report should always include the standard demographic and ecological data on the community somewhere: population by color, main industries, population change recently, and perhaps some "feeling" about the town--"lazy", "progressive", etc. Mostly, it should answer all the questions the analyst will want to know; the "negative statements" of 14 (above) again.

PUBLIC POLICY AND RACE

Purpose

1. Everyone agreed that treatment and assimilation of minority group is a principal domestic problem, with implications for our international relations.

   (1-A. Also widespread agreement that our foreign policies need to take account of the aspiration and unrest of non-white peoples throughout the world. This issue could well be included in the proposed study; no further reference is made to it, however, in these notes.)

2. Problems of minority groups are in the hands of legislatures, courts, and administrators; new law and public policy are being produced in profusion at federal, state, and local levels.

3. In perhaps every other important field of law-making, legislatures can call upon informed, objective, non-partisan analysis and opinion.

4. In race relations, such non-partisan expertise does not exist, except among sociologists and psychologists; nor is a special board of inquiry such as the CCR, a substitute for independent, professional, continuing analysis.

5. These social scientists are not the specialists to advise on legislative programs, administrative methods, political and legal norms and values which are affected by new legislation, constitutional principles.

6. The intent of this study would be to encourage critical shholarly thought, and creative recommendations about the direction public

policy should take, consistent with other values and principles of American constitutionalism and culture.

Basic premises

1. Constitutional rights to equality should be fully realized as quickly as possible.
2. The preservation of the federal system remains a basic value of American politics.
3. The continuing and accelerating concentrations of people in metropolitan centers gives new character and dimensions to race relations.
4. The United States, both for reasons of its internal growth and its international situation, faces an imperative that talents be fully developed, manpower resources fully used, and citizen responsibility fully emphasized.

Examples of questions to be studied

1. Adequacy of federal civil rights legislation - what is the federal responsibility in this field?
2. Adequacy of federal enforcement machinery for civil rights.
3. The wisdom of positive federal programs (e.g., financial aid) to promote integration of schools - if wise, what sorts of programs would be practical?
4. What policy guide-lines and what administrative devices should and could the federal government adopt in its other activities (e.g., housing, procurement, employment, aid to education) to reform and improve race relations.

5. The anti-discrimination commission of Northern states and cities: - objectives - their effect on private property rights - their administrative practices - the legal concepts being developed by their rulings - are they ad hoc agencies or likely to be permanent? - their relation to judicial review.
6. Should public policy be confined to ending discrimination and compulsory segregation, or should it seek to bring about actual integration? (e.g., in the schools)
7. The Lisbowitz-Fischer point of view in New York City: should non-white migration to cities be controlled?
8. The rural migrant: are federal or state programs needed to equip him with urban skills? - if so, what sort of programs?

<u>Personal</u> (the names represent the sort of people who would be desirable)

A. E. Sutherland, Harvard Law

Harris Wofford, Notre Dame Law

Robert Harris, Vanderbilt Political Science

Henry Brandis, North Carolina Law

Frederick Watkins, Yale Political Science

James Mitchell, Secretary of Labor

G. W. Foster, Wisconsin Law

or

Louis Pollak, Yale Law

Brooks Hays, TVA

John Wheeler, Durham business

J. M. Nabrit, Howard Law

Albert Dent, Dillard

Memo from **LESLIE W. DUNBAR**

Jean,
file back in
your Dean for Research
folder

November 1, 1957

MEMORANDUM

To: SRC Staff

From: Research Office

Re: Report on activities of Research staff, July 15, 1957 to November 1, 1957

The activities of the research office were facilitated by the addition of a full-time Clerical Assistant in June, whose duties include the clipping of newspapers and periodicals, the maintenance of clipping, materials, and pamphlet files, stenographic work, and other assistance. However, circumstances prevented our filling this position with a permanent employee until the latter part of the summer. Miss Beverlyn Leverett is now employed as a full-time, permanent Clerical Assistant, having assumed this position on August 19th.

The volume of printed material processed and filed has increased tremendously during the past year. It is estimated that the number of newspaper and periodical clippings collected during 1957 will total almost twice the number collected in 1956 (if the amount of drawer space necessary to file these clippings can be considered an accurate gauge). At present, at least 40 working hours per week are required in order to keep the clipping files up to date. There is presently some back-log of unfiled pamphlets, newsclips, and materials; in all probability this is partially due to the recent change in staff. Both Research and Clerical Assistants are still relatively new to their positions. Perhaps further familiarity with routine and the materials already on hand will enable us to expedite the processing of new materials, the handling of information requests, and work on specific research projects. However, we have been somewhat hampered by the back-log of unfiled matter (some of which accumulated during the period when all activities were handled by only one staff person). Another serious detriment and time consumer results from severly limited space and equipment. Adjustments in the already packed filing cabinets must frequently be made; a number of pamphlets cannot be filed until there is further shelf space. With the present space and equipment, much time is consumed in locating information which could be easily turned up if space allowed a more efficient arrangement. (Perhaps this is an apologia.)

During the past six weeks, the Research Assistant has found that answering written and telephoned requests for information, and supplying the S. R. C. professional staff with research data and material (some they use in their own projects and some is for use in answer to requests from the public, which have been channeled through various members of the staff) consumes the major portion of the working week. Prior to this time, when such requests were fewer in number, it was possible to concentrate on specific research projects. Concurrent with the opening of schools, special reports containing background material

on several Southern cities which were scheduled to desegregate were compiled by the Research Assistant. Reports on Nashville, Tennessee; Charlotte, Greensboro, and Winston-Salem, North Carolina, were mimeographed and distributed to the press, various cooperating agencies, and other interested individuals. A background report and chronology of events in Little Rock, Arkansas, received more limited distribution. During mid-August, a summary report on anticipated desegregaion in the schools during the academic year 1957-58 was compiled and distributed to the SRC staff and cooperating agencies. The Special Report concerning segregation legislation has recently been up-dated to include all actions of the regular sessions of 1957 state legislatures (distribution has been limited to the 75-80 participants in the recent Fellowship of the Concerned workshop). A limited amount of material has been gathered from the clip files for use as addendum to some areas covered in Integration - North and South; this information is not complete. Material of such value deserves more concentration. Perhaps one weeks' time was spent in checking all figures and proofing the final copy of "The Negro Voter in the South." Several additional research projects are underway; however, at the present time little more has been done than the initial step of gathering material. These projects include:

(1) Background reports on Norfold, Newport News, and Charlottesville, Virginia; Dallas, Texas; New Orleans, Louisiana.

(2) A compilation from newsclip files of incidents of violence and intimidation (economic, physical and psychological) occurring during the period August, 1956 through the present, for use in the SRC report scheduled for completion during late fall.

(3) Material to be used in a projected special desegregation processes report - as yet untitled and not quite definite in form.

It is hoped that the number of newsclips will decrease during late fall (the recent volume has been primarily concerned with incidents accompanying the opening of schools and the late summer's Civil Rights legislation). This will allow the Research Assistant more time for research and writing projects. (At the present time, approximately ¼ of my time is spent in checking over clips as they go into files - a necessary step to familiarize myself with the material - and with some clipping and categorizing, since the clerical assistant is overburdened with clipping and attending to clerical and other duties.)

Juding soley from the size of correspondence files, requests for information have been more numerous during October than at any time in the past. Written requests are primarily from students and teachers at the college and secondary school levels. However, such requests have also been received from The Women's Missionary Union, The Governmental Affairs Institute, The Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights of the U. S. Senate Committee on the Judiciary. A number of individuals have requested materials for use in books or publications they are writing, or for speeches. Among these were Mr. Benjamin Muse and the Reverend Dan C. Whitsett. Material has been furnished to the New York Times, and to several individual reporters from that paper, to Ebony Magazine, and the Durham Labor Journal. The Voice of America was supplied with copies of the report "The Negro Voter in the South." This report has been requested by a large number of highly placed indiviauals and organizations, private and governmental. A sampling of information requests

serviced during the past two months (which reveals the diversity, and, I hope, usefulness of the Research Office) includes:

1- A request from a prominent local businessman for figures revealing the monetaty inequities between the "equal" Negro-white school facilities in Georgia covering several years. A breakdown was desired including teacher's salaries, worth of plant, per pupil expenditure, etc., for use in a conference with Senator Russell of Georgia.

2- A request (made via the Executive Director) for information revealing positive progress in desegregation, for a publication to be distributed in Europe and Asia, in order to counteract the damaging effect the Little Rock situation has had on America's international relations.

3- Requests from at least 15 members of the Methodist Youth Fellowship, for information on "attitudes," to be used for their program purposes.

4- A request (channelled through the Labor Consultant) for background information on John Kasper, to be used by a Southern labor publication prior to a scheduled speech by Mr. Kasper.

5- A request from a staff member for all available information on a particular brewing industry, skills required by a modern brewery worker, etc., for use by a group of people endeavoring to widen employment opportunities open to Negroes in a local plant.

A number of requests are received in the main S. R. C. office; frequently the Research Office does not know who is being serviced, but merely passes such information as is available to the staff member who is handling the request. It is probable that many more newspaperman and writers are provided with material than is indicated here.

Recommendations

(1) Additional filing cabinets are imperative. As of this date, one drawer in the files has been emptied and stacked on shelves to make room for current clippings. We will have no room for 1958 clippings.

(2) Additional shelf space is highly desirable. If we must plan to continue occupying the present office, two small bookcases could replace the present small tables.

(3) A roomier, more convenient office is desirable. It's already too obvious that a great deal of time is wasted in the frequent necessary trips to and from the Research Office to the main office, two floors away.

(4) ~~A small desk with several storage space than does the present table, which has one small drawer.~~
A small desk with several drawers, to be used by the Research Assistant would provide more storage space than does the present table, which has one small drawer.

January 24, 1958

Memorandum

To: JC

From: Research Office

Re: Report on activities of Research Office, November 1, 1957 to January 15, 1958

During the three month period covered in this report there has been a marked decling in the number of information requests received in this office and a considerable slackening in the volume of newspaper clippings in our field. During November, information requests were received in the large quantities mentioned in our last report; the volume of requests received in December and early January decreased by at least 50%. Such requests are largely from high school and college students and teachers, and it is probable that the decline reflects activity periods in the school calendar, although a counter-reaction to the intense interest precipated by the Little Rock situation could be responsible for some public boredom with desegregation activity.

Assistance to the SRC staff has been the most time consuming research function. The following projects, however, are being prepared for publication in special report form:

1) 1957 addendum to the chronology, The South and the Supreme Court Decision
2) Background reports on Dallas, Texas; Norfolk, Charlottesville, and Newport News, Virginia.

Certain continuing lists have been updated in the past month: Desegre ating Institutions of Higher Education, a listing of some indices to progress in the South, and representation and membership lists.

Among the agencies and medio requesting specific information were: The Atlanta Housing Authority, a member of the city parks department, the Atlanta Urban League, TIME-LIFE, (Brigitta Marmolin).

MEMORANDUM

TO: John Constable

FROM: Research Department

RE: A Report on the activities of the research staff, January through March, 1958

The functions of the research department are roughly divided into four categories, and four our purposes here they will be reported in the following order: (1) the servicing of written requests for information and materials which have been channelled to this department; (2) the servicing of information requests received by other members of the staff and referred to this department and also staff requests for research data and materials for use in their individual activities; (3) the maintenance of "continuing reports" documenting progress in desegregaion; (4) research activities initiated in this department and prepared for publication and distribution.

1. Written requests received during this quarter appear to have been sent by students almost exclusively; a few requests are from faculty members in high schools and colleges, and one is from a YWCA Youth Director. Only a few requests are from adult individuals who desire information for their own (and in the case of these letters, unexplained) purposes. The number of letters requesting materials has decreased markedly. They are usually of a very general nature - "I am writing a term paper on the Negro. Please send me your information." Several students have visited the SRC office, and selected materials from our files have been made available to them.

2. Information requests referred to this department through other members of the staff or initiated by other members of the staff are not well documented, and difficult to report. A listing of such requests as they are received would probably be of help since the working time spent on them is not reflected in correspondence files. We are listing below a number of filled requests, and indicating, when it is known, what use was made of the materials we were able to supply. The list, however, is from memory, and reflects our activities in the past month more nearly than during the entire quarter.

(1) Materials compiled regarding registration closing dates in Southern states in answer to a request from Mrs. Grace Hamilton.

(2) Newsclips concerning state interference with college and university activities furnished to staff for use by Glenn Brooks.

(3) Extensive material on voting requirements in Southern state compiled and supplied to staff for distribution.

(4) Newsclips and printed materials concerned with teacher displacement supplied to staff.

(5) Statements of governmental officials pointing out the importance of the segregation question in the international relations of this country supplied for use by Vernon Eagle.

(6) Newsclips connecting American Legion and resistance groups pulled from files (Citizens Councils' use of Legion halls).

(7) "Progress indices" - materials concerning numbers of schools desegregated, etc. - supplied to Mrs. Morris Brown (President, Charlottesville-Albermarle Council on Human Relation) for her use in countering resistance groups radio propaganda.

(8) Material supplied to Mrs. Ed Vinson on court decision invalidating Boswell Amendment, for use in attempting to combat new Georgia Voter Registration legislation.

(9) Statistics indicating ratio of Negro-white students in Atlanta for Dr. Rufus Clement, Atlanta University.

(10) Background materials on Dallas, Texas, pulled together for staff use.

(11) Statistics on Negro-white population and voter registration in Georgia furnished for Morris Abram's use in County Unit System suit.

(12) Newsclips and materials on Koinonia were supplied to staff for P. D. East.

(13) Clippings regarding activities of the Georgia Education Commission sent to TIME-LIFE.

(14) Some materials and clips on Atlanta furnished to Irwin Ross, READERS DIGEST.

(15) Newsclips concerning segregation activities of 1958 state legislatures supplied to Bruce Galphin, Atlanta CONSTITUTION.

(16) Census tract map of Atlanta secured for use by Samuel Lubell.

(17) Limited material concerning Negro vote outside the South to Charles Hesser, Miami DAILY NEWS.

(18) Texts of proposed legislation to further segregation and discrimination considered in 1958 Georgia Legislature were secured for staff use.

(19) Assistance given to staff effort to compile statements of Southern politicians indicating interference with Negro voting.

(20) Research, presently underway, into availability of materials showing improved economic and welfare status of members of the Negro race in Florida, for use in an attempt to lower insurance rates.

(21) Background information was gathered on J. B. Matthews for possible use in connection with John's Committee investigations (?).

3. "Continuing Reports" are maintained in this department, which document progress in the following areas: (1) Desegregating Institutions of Higher Education (2) Elections and Appointments (3) Recreation facilities (at present out of date) (4) segregation laws.

4. Research activities, designed for publication and distribution, currently underway and projected for this month include:

(1) A Chronology of Desegregation for 1957. (The major portion of this report was written during the closing quarter.)

(2) Research into Waiting Room Desegregation, a project initiated during the last week.

(3) Gathering of background material on several Southern cities (Dallas, Norfolk, Newport News, Charlottesville, Arlington). Work on Special Reports to be prepared on these cities was in progress during the first portion of this quarter; however, since need for them did not seem immediate, little has been done during the last two months toward their completion.

(4) Projected - The Information Staff plan to cooperate with Labor Consultant in gathering and publishing material on the improved economic status of the Negro in the South.

(5) Projected - A brief report on the background of a number of resistance leaders is planned for use in answering information requests.

(6) Such information as is available in our files is presently being pulled together for use in a CCD Violence and Intimidation publication.

Finally, a "house-keeping" project which is currently underway: The cataloguing of all books kept in SRC offices.

MEMO TO HCF

FROM MM

April 29, 1958

Regarding Mr. Lader's inquiry about the fee system in Georgia, we are attaching copies of clips reporting legislation designed to change this system which was introduced <u>but not passed</u> in the recent General Assembly. HB 910 - To change the fees of constables - and HB 912 - To change the fees of justices of the peace - did pass. Mr. Lader could obtain copies of them from the office of the Clerk of the House.

Although there probably have been cases of fee collections of an exorbitant amount, I doubt that they would have been kept in our clip files. John suggests that Mr. Lader write the AAA - they have been concerned with the speed trap problem, and in all probability have literature on the subject.

The Budget

Salaries (Research Director, secretary, and clerk)	$14,300
Travel	1,200
Communications (Telephone, telegraph, postage)	1,000
Equipment and acquisition of materials	1,500
Part-time personnel for field surveys (fees and travel)	3,000
Printing and distribution of materials	3,200
Other, including social security and salary increases, second year	800
TOTAL ONE YEAR	$25,000
TOTAL TWO YEARS	$50,000

1/1/59 -

The way Ruth has it, but broken down

	$50,000.00
Refunds	92.32.
	$50,092.32

Research Department
Disbursements: January 1 to September 30, 1959

Salaries		$10,661.07
Travel & Communication		1,133.10
LWD, moving	684.15	
" travel		
" telephone calls and wires		
Printing ~~&xDistributionx~~		1,397.68
Green-Gauerke	$1,148.45 ✓	
Supreme Court	249.23	
Books and Subscriptions		359.38
Program materials (Microfilm library)		1,000.00
Equipment (Microfilm viewer)		716.37
Office Supplies		230.41
Consultant Fees		850.00
Eckaus	$50.00	
Spearman	400.00 ✓	
Reif	150.00 ✓	
Gauerke	250.00 ✓	
Consultant Travel		73.60 ✓
Postage		30.00 ✓
Total		16,451.61
Balance, Sept. 30		$ 33,640.71

MA-file

Salaries			$10,661.07	
Travel & Communication (Director)			1,133.10	
Projects:	Green-Gauerke			
	Consultant's fee	$250.00		
	Printing	1,148.45		
	Mailing	30.00	1,428.45	
	Spearman, fee	400.00	473.60	(473.60)
	travel	73.60		
	Reif	150.00	150.00	
	Eckaus	50.00	50.00	
Printing:	Supreme Court pamphlet		249.23	
Books and Subscriptions			359.38	
Program Materials (Microfilm library)			1,000.00	
Equipment (Microfilm viewer)			716.37	
Office Supplies			230.41	
			$ 16,451.61	
	Balance: Sept. 30		$ 33,640.71	

Research Department

25,000.00

Salaries:	Budgeted	14,300.00	
1/1/59 to 6/30/59		6,428.13	
Balance			7,871.87
Equipment & acquisition of materials		1,500.00	
1/1/59 to 6/30/59		1,062.75	
Balance			437.25
Travel & Communication		2,200.00	
1/1/59 to 6/30/59		1,106.94	
Balance			1,058.06
			43.—
			1,007.06
Part-time personnel for field surveys (fees + travel)		3,000.00	
1/1/59 to June 30/59	fees: 700.00	773.60	
	travel: 173.60	~~854.89~~	
	154.89		
Balance	81.29	2226.40	2,226.40
	73.60		
Printing & Distribution of Material		3,200.00	
1/1/59 to 6/30/59		1,249.23	
Balance			1,950.77
Other, including second Security & Delinquencies second year		800.00	800.00
			14,298.06
			81.29
Balance to Dec. 31, 1959			14,379.35

MA

September 1, 1960

To: EW
MM
MA ✓

CC: Staff

From: LWD

We have discussed before the related questions of filing efficiency and office neatness. A research office, particularly one such as ours processing a mass of periodicals, has, of course, a tendency toward disorder; this becomes acute and excusable when we are working at a deadline.

To help curb this tendency the following rules will be observed, both here and in the new offices:

1. All desks, tables, shelves, etc. will be straightened before leaving at night;

2. All items in the "Return" baskets will be filed before leaving each night (this, of course, does not apply when EW is on leave).

3. All members of the staff are to be particularly careful, when they are furnished with any file or library items, to put them into the "Return" baskets or to re-file or re-shelve them; items kept out of the files, racks, and shelves beyond the period of use are a handicap to the whole office.

4. File folders, books, and pamphlets are to be returned to the files, shelves, and racks by whichever of us withdrew them. Non-research staff are to be told to put folders, books, and pamphlets into the "Return" baskets or otherwise deliver them to EW for filing.

5. Clips and materials are to be re-filed by no one except EW, unless her permission is first obtained.

6. The back sections of Sunday newspapers (sports, comics, business, theatre, etc.) are to be scanned, clipped, and discarded on the day of arrival.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: WF October 27, 1960

FROM: LWD

At your convenience, please give me approximate count of the nimber of copies in stock of each of the following:

L-Reports	1	11
	2	12
	3	13
	4	14
	5	15
	6	16
	7	17
	8	18
	9	19
	10	

Special Reports

Waiting Room Practices in 21 Southern Cities

Housing for Negroes in Atlanta

Background Report on School Desegregation, 1959-60

Toward a Solution of the Sit-in Controversy (Prime)

Lunch Counter Desegregation in .....Texas (Morland)

The Student Protest Movement, Winter 1960

A Report on School Desegregation, 1960-61

(continued)

Publications--

ACCA, A Second Look at Atlanta

Racial Crisis and the Press

The Church in Areas of Racial Tension

School Desegregation: the first six years

The South and the Nation (Collins)

If the Schools Are Closed...

The Negro and the Ballot in the South

Mimeographed: A Man Had Two Sons (Campbell)

INTEROFFICE MEMO

From: LWD October 27, 1960

To: HCF and JC

I would like to suggest that The Negro and the Ballot in the South be sent, after the election, to every newly elected member of Congress. Accompanying note might state that, though the figures are a bit old, the situation is still basically as described.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

October 27, 1960

TO: EM

FROM: LWD

I am enclosing two copies of our L-Report on mediating committees; you will be getting your usual number in the regular course of things.

We have begun work on a report on Negro achievement and recognition. I hope we can come up with something good.

Mrs. Goodman missed you when in Virginia studying the private schools. I had a long talk with her on her way back to Texas, and was altogether pleased with the way she has gone about the assignment. Now it remains to be seen what she puts on paper. She expects to have her report in between the first and the middle of November.

December 6, 1960

TO: HCP

FROM: LWD

There is something interesting here, undoubtedly, though the field has been worked over a good bit. Pettigrew and Campbell's Little Rock study is not "systematic," but there is always the question of whether a systematic study--assuming it is feasible--would be more enlightening. On the other hand, what does "systematic" mean?

Perhaps a study of steps taken and problems encountered by two or three of the largest denominations in implementing at the local level their conventional pronouncements would be an approach. A study of how the denominations and local churdhhs have reacted to pressure and overt attacks might be another.

At any rate, it might be worthwhile to invite Cunninggim to write another and larger letter explaining what he has in mind.

I have always been intrigued by the notion of having a graduate student work on a question for us as part of his thesis research. On several grounds, however, I have generally thought it impractical. I am, nevertheless, willing to explore it again. But I would like to do it at one of the Negro universities.

In raising the question, is Cunninggim implying that his Foundation might be financially interested?

If he is, maybe a sensible first step would be to call a few people together--Campbell, Tarplee, Morris, etc.--and throw at them the questions 1) whether there is anything which needs doing 2) how it would be best defined.

December 7, 1960

TO: PR

FROM: LWD Subject: South Carolina study

I have no suggestion for change in the figures you have put down for Courtney Siceloff--except that, obviously, a few hundred dollars more have to be allowed for office supplies and postage.

But why must it be done this way? It would seem to me that if money and two years are made available for the state-wide study of South Carolina, all that is needed is a man (or woman). Why must there be coordination, secretary, conferences, and office, etc.? I can't believe that one good researcher could not, just like any man off writing a book or a series of articles, handle this thing by himself. It is not that big an undertaking. South Carolina is a relatively small, uncomplicated state. I don't know where the researcher would be found, but it would be no harder to get one for the assignment on this basis than to get one to "coordinate." On the other hand, I suspect that there would be a better chance to get a good man if the assignment were one of doing all the work himself. So far as the typing is concerned, that is a detail: there are commercial stenographers everywhere. Get a grant of $8,000 a year for the man, allow him, say 1,500 for expenses plus something for typing, and if you can find anybody to do it you can have the job done. As a matter of fact, I doubt that more than one year would be needed. $8,000 would be a top grant; depending upon qualifications, you might attract someone for any sum from $5,000 up.

Incidentally, I think your description and analysis of the South Carolina scene in your October 1 memo is well done.

INTER OFFICE MEMO

January 3, 1961

TO: BM
FROM: LWD

As we discussed last week, we have near completion an L-Report illustrating the costs to the state governments of massive resistance. The report will be made up of such items as cost of special sessions, sample court costs, pay for idle teachers, etc. Please let us have suggestions for distribution.

Got your 1941 clippings today. The likeness is first-rate; going to take the clippings home tonight and read them.

Happy New Year!

January 5, ~~1961~~ 1961

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: HCF
CC: JC, BM

FROM: LWD

Here are some suggestions for distribution of the memo on executive action.

1. The initial presentation - this being arranged by HCF

2. Coincident with (1), mail to

   a. Board - with covering letter from HCF or JC, informing about plans for presentation

   b. State Directors - same covering letter

   c. Persons who were consultants in preparation of memo - with covering letter from HCF, which would include expression of thanks

   Note: letter should mention that we plan a release, but in meantime not publication or quotation

3. Sometime after presentation, send to following, with covering letter by Dabbs or HCF

   a. Robert Kennedy
      (1) Harold Tyler (or his successor if named beforehand; send to successor whenever named)

   b. Dean Rusk
      (1) Chester Bowled
      (2) Director General of the Foreign Service (Waldemar J.) Gallman as of 1959

   c. McNamara
      (1) Vandiver (if appointed)
      (2) Stewart Tuckert
      (3) Connally

d/ Ribicoff
(1) Derthick - Office of Education

e. All members of CCR
(1) new Director, if named; if not, to Bernhard
(2) All members of all (not just southern) advisory committees

f. Weaver
(1) new heads of URA, FHA, FNMA, PHA when announced

g. Lyndon Johnson (other covering letters could be mimeographed, although salutation should be typed in; this one should be typed all the way)
(1) Margaret Garrity (or successor)

h. Archibald Carey

i. John W. Macy, Jr., Chairman of Civil Service Commission
(1) Warren B. Irons, Exec. Director of CSA

j. George V. Allen (and/or his successor in USIA when and if appointed)

4. Coincident with, or day or so later than (3), send to:

a. Press - with a release. Would it be advisable - I am not sure - to restrict to the large dailies and news magazines, plus a few of the smaller ones which we know would give it serious treatment?

b. Every member of incoming Congress. (No letter would be necessary; however HF might want to enclose a personal letter for a few Congressmen - e.g., Douglas, Javits, Humphries, Brolling - who have been past supporters)

c. Friends

d. Interagency

e. I'll want to pick some names from Research List

INTEROFFICE MEMO, January 12, 1961

OT: WF

FROM: LWD

Please add the following names to the Board list when mailing out "Executive memo"
They should get the report and the mimeographed letter to Board members & State Directors

C. H. Parrish

J. J. Brewbaker

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
JOSEPHINE WILKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, VICE-PRESIDENT AND CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AV[illegible] GEORGIA
[illegible]-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

January 19, 1961

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: HCF AND PR

FROM: LWD

SUBJECT: INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOURNAL

My understanding was that SRC would not subscribe to the Journal of Intergroup Relations inasmuch as each of you has a subscription and that one or both of you would pass your copy to Research for shelving after you had perused it. To date Research has only one issue, viz. Vol. I, No. 1.

? ? ?

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
5 Forsyth Street, NW

MEMORANDUM January 26, 1961

To: Executive Committee Members

From: Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

Re: Further Background for February 2nd Meeting: The College Program Question.

- : -

Several Executive Committee meetings have discussed the proposal that SRC institute a special project directed at Southern college students, faculty, and administrators. The question was discussed again at the last meeting, and more recently was raised by Mr. Wright in a letter to the executive director. Mr. Wright observed that the disorders at the University of Georgia might have been averted if SRC had had an active college program in operation.

In view of this continuing concern, we have put the subject on the agenda for the February 2nd meeting. I have asked Paul Rilling, our field director, to present the background of this question and his recommendations as an aid to the Committee's discussion. His memorandum is attached. I might add that I am in full agreement with Paul Rilling's analysis and conclusions.

****

(1) What is SRC doing in the area of campus work? New South and other selected SRC publications are sent to most college libraries in the South. Many faculty members of Southern institutions are on our mailing lists and private inquiries from graduate students and faculty members are processed daily. We are in direct contact with existing campus work projects of other organizations and have supplied advice and materials to these projects. Our President and field director serve on the project committee for the college human relations project of the National Student Association. Our research office has been in continuing contact with the student protest movement, analysing events and providing factual information and summations to the communications media and to student leaders.

Several of our associated state councils have undertaken special efforts with students; The South Carolina Council has added a part-time staff member for student work and has organized an interracial student group in Columbia. Other such groups under state council sponsorship exist in Lynchburg and Richmond, Virginia, and in Nashville, Tennessee. The Virginia Council has organized a high school youth group in Fairfax County. The Alabama Council sponsors an annual interracial college conference.

(2) What is currently being done in the college field by other groups? There are four staffed race relations efforts directed at college campuses in the South. The YMCA and YWCA each have foundation-financed, staffed efforts emphasizing better interracial communications and understanding in the region. The National Student Association is now in the second year of a special Southern Project working through student government leadership. The American Friends Service Committee has a full-time student director working out of the High Point, N.C., office of the Committee. (The AFSC college effort includes peace education as well as human relations.)

In addition to these efforts, the National Student Christian Federation has contacts on many college campuses and the Church of Christ has sponsored a full-time worker for young people in Virginia and North Carolina. The Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee of the student protest movement is providing communication and coordination for college students, white and Negro, who are involved in the sit-in demonstrations.

The denominational fellowships related to the colleges have also made a significant, if uneven, contribution to better human relations on Southern campuses. At the University of Georgia, for example, the Methodist, Presbyterian, and Episcopal student groups played a strong role in organizing responsible student sentiment in favor of acceptance of the new Negro students. SRC kept in close touch with this situation, prepared to meet any needs we could. It was the breakdown of state law enforcement rather than majority student opinion which led to confusion and disorder.

(3) Should SRC initiate a new college project or enlarge present college services? Obviously Southern college students are important factors in the present and future climate of opinion in the South. The

relevant questions are (a) Is there a need for another college project? (b) What groups can reach the campus most effectively? and, (c) Should an SRC college effort be given high priority or are there other emphases within our traditional framework of operation with a stronger claim on the available resources of the Council?

It is my opinion that the existing efforts on the college campuses are being directed with responsibility and with growing effectiveness. Although another effort would be of some assistance in the attempt to reach the campus community, such a new effort would duplicate and overlap with existing projects. The groups currently engaged in student work have built-in channels of access to the campus. They operate through established constituencies. SRC has no such regular channels and would have to start from scratch, in most cases, to establish contacts and channels on Southern college campuses. Other things being equal, then, the existing groups are in a position to do a more effective job with college students and faculty than is SRC, at least in the immediate future.

The Southern Regional Council has operated traditionally in a staff capacity, conducting research, analysing trends, assisting line operations with counsel and with needed materials. Our present role in relation to student work is in accord with this approach.

Support for SRC operations is limited. Should such available support be used for new staff and new emphases or can we be of greater overall service through the maintenance and strengthening of existing activities and services?

(4) Recommendations. It is my belief that we are presently fulfilling a legitimate and constructive role in relation to human relations efforts directed at the colleges. I would advise against the initiation of any new college project. We can be of greater service, I feel, through the continuance and expansion of our present services to the agencies already engaged in this type of effort. It was suggested at our last Executive Committee meeting that we should write to college presidents offering our services. This has been done, along with a mailing to them of our recent Report L-23, listing desegregated institutions of higher learning in the South.

****

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
FREDERICK B. ROUTH, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER, SECRETARY-TREASURER
PAUL ANTHONY, ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
JOHN HOPE II, CHIEF CONSULTANT
C. H. PARRISH, PROGRAM ASSOCIATE
MRS. M. E. TILLY, DIRECTOR OF WOMEN'S WORK
JOHN CONSTABLE, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MARGE R. MANDERSON, RESEARCH ASSISTANT
EMORY F. VIA, LABOR CONSULTANT

Southern R[illegible] Inc.

ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN A[illegible] [illegible]ORGIA
[illegible]2-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

File

INTEROFFICE MEMO

Date February 8, 1961

To: HCF & LWD ✓ ✓ From: PR

Subject:

An interagency committee in South Carolina is looking for a person to direct the research project proposed in the recent S. C. "rural study". They have been notified by a foundation that their chances of securing funds will be greatly increased if they can secure a qualified person. I think we should within the next couple of days try to send them a few solid recommendations concerning people who we believe would be qualified and conceivably available. Remember this would be a two year project. Pay can be fairly good. The person could be of either race or sex. I hope that both of you will write or tell me suggestions so that we can get something off to Courtney this week.

Unless LWD has some hot ideas, inquiry should be made of Tillman Cothran, Tom Pettigrew, Gomillion & others who know of research types. I can't think of a single possibility.

HCF

INTER-OFFICE MEMO

TO: WF AND MF
CC TO STAFF

February 9, 1961

FROM: LWD

Please do not send out any copies of ~~XXXX~~ L-23 without first checking with MM for corrections.

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
JOSEPHINE WILKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, VICE-PRESIDENT AND CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AV[illegible] ORGIA
[illegible]-8764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

February 14, 1961

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: MA and EW

FROM: LWD

MA: Please enter a subscription to the Washington Post, daily and Sunday; remember that we already have the Sunday issue on ~~board.~~ order OK — done 2-15-61

EW: The Post should be clipped for the following ONLY:

1) editorials,
2) features,
3) news coverage of interest to SRC regarding the federal government.

~~EXXX

MEMORANDUM February 16, 1961

To: Ben Muse, LWD
From: Paul Rilling

Re: Birmingham contact

Richard Shapiro of the ADL, who has been working intensively in Birmingham, tells me that Mr. B. A. Monagham is a receptive contact and I am suggesting that Ben might want to contact him the next time he is in that area. I am also suggesting that he should be put on the all purpose mailing list instead of the blue ribbon business one.

PMR/sm

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: JC
CC: PR

February 17, 1961

From: LWB

Are the local Human Relations councils on our state groups' mailing list? If they are not, I think they should be. Apparently, for example, the Montgomery Council on Human Relations is not on our list.

Is the Montgomery Improvement Association on our Inter-Agency list?

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: BEN MUSE February 23, 1961

FROM: LWD

As we discussed yesterday, I shall inform you about planned projects so that we may consider whether they can be charged in whole or in part to the RBF budget. I think there will be two kinds of situations. One is where we have an idea here which we want to lay before you and which will not be undertaken except as a RBF project and with your prior endorsement. The second will include those things which we decide to do and which nevertheless might appropriately be considered RBF.

We have now underway a project of the second sort. I believe you know that we have commissioned George McMillan to do a pamphlet on the problems of college desegregation. George will "hang" the discussion on the University of Georgia incident, and the success of his law enforcement pamphlet justifies us, I believe, in thinking that in his hands this will be an effective technique. The discussion will be broader, however, than the single problem of campus riots. I have outlined with him a number of administrative problems which should get treatment. The hope is that we shall come up with something of specific interest and value to college administrators, but with wider appeal as well.

McMillan is not always prompt in completing an assignment; I have asked him to have the writing done by late March and will be satisfied if it comes in anywhere close to that. We are paying him $500 plus travel expenses for one or two days in Athens. This is higher than our usual fee, but he is a professional writer--which means he depends upon his commissions to live. And, in a way that is very important to me, his fee is more economical than lower fees paid to some of the other people who have written for us: that is, we get a finished manuscript which doesn't require days of my time going over it. I estimate the total cost, including printing and postage, to be in the $2,000 to $2,500 range which is about par for most pamphlets.

Because this is the first memo to you in this new attack on the budgeting problem, I reiterate my statement of yesterday that I do not think we should foreclose the possibility that on some projects RBF will want to assume a share of the cost rather than all of it or none of it. I am not inviting in this particular case a shared arrangement, merely indicating what I think are the three alternatives.

Hope you had a good trip back to Virginia.

Interoffice Memo February 28, 1961

TO: PR and JE

FROM: LWD

I have told Chapel Hill to send the 100 copies of WHEN A CITY CLOSES ITS SCHOOLS. I note that JC recommends sending copies to the state groups and other agencies. I would agree that our state directors should get it; I doubt that we shall have enough copies to cover the whole inter-agency list, and I don't see anyhow why we should give the agencies free copies. PR says that he can use some at New Orleans. How about Baton Rouge? Birmingham?

March 28, 1961

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: ALL STAFF

FROM: LWD

There are more changes on L-23 (desegregated higher education); please check with MM before sending out copies.

March 28, 1961

TO: ALL PERSONS WHO MARK NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES FOR CLIPPING

FROM: LWD

Please mark for clipping all items dealing with right-wing organizations and activities throughout the country. We are especially interested in the John Birch Society. The same rules apply as for all clipping, e. g. anything in the Chattanooga Times, only local stuff in the New Orleans Times-Picayune, etc.

INTEROFFICE MEMO April 20, 1961

TO: MET
RHA
PR
JC
PA
BM

FROM: LMD

Beginning April 25, we shall have weekly staff meetings to discuss program; the persons to whom this memorandum are addressed are requested to attend. We shall meet each Tuesday, promptly at 9:30 a.m. Unless you are out of town you will be expected to be on hand. Persons who have urgent appointments elsewhere in Atlanta that conflict with the timing of the staff meeting may, of course, be excused.

In my absence, Paul Rilling will preside.

MA;
We MUST NOT WASTE
SO MUCH PAPER.
S.M.

INTEROFFICE MEMO April 20, 1961

TO: MET
RHA
PR
JC
PA
BM

FROM: LWD

Beginning April 25, we shall have weekly staff meetings to discuss program; the persons to whom this memorandum are addressed are requested to attend. We shall meet each Tuesday, promptly at 9:30 a. m. Unless you are out of town you will be expected to be on hand. Persons who have urgent appointments elsewhere in Atlanta that conflict with the timing of the staff meeting may, of course, be excused.

In my absence, Paul Rilling will preside.

May 1, 1961

INTER-OFFICE Memo

TO: BM

FROM: LWD

Please note the enclosed. I replied to Black ~~for~~ that for official use we can make a modest number available free as we have for other cities. I am sending this to you because it reminds me that City Managers are persons whose importance we ought not overlook. I believe the South, as a matter of fact, may have gone in for the city manager idea rather more than most sections of the country. These fellows move about a good bit, and so in the course of a few years might have influence in more than one place. I am not positive of this, but fairly sure that Black, for example. went to Aiken, S. C. as manager just before I moved away from that town. Subsequently, I heard that he had gone to some city in Georgia. Now he's in Florence.

The occasion at the University of Georgia was an annual Municipal Management Institute. In advance we had been asked for a number of copies of the McMillan pamphlet to circulate at the meeting. As you can see from the notice, it was used.

July 11, 1961

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: JF

FROM: MA

Beginning today, the NEW YORK TIMES goes to James Moss; the WASHINGTON POST goes to Leslie Dunbar; the CHATTANOOGA TIMES goes to M. Albright. (for reading and marking)

July 30, 1961

LWD JAM

Rudwick article

I have just talked with Elliott Rudwick on the telephone in regard to his manuscript.

He was genuinely pleased that we are going to publish it. He was quite willing for a member of our staff to either write a summary or introduction to the article. He was quite strong in his feeling that the tables ought to be included as is. He sees this, in a sense, as a primary research document and upon reflection I am afraid that I just may agree with him. He was just sending off to us a footnote indicating acknowledgement of the Journals which had printed some parts of his research or are presently considering publication

Note: 8-3-61: this footnote has arrived and is attached to the manuscript. JAM has inserted a summary into the text of the article, also attached to the original manuscript. MB has all this and is holding for your approval.

MA

INTEROFFICE MEMO

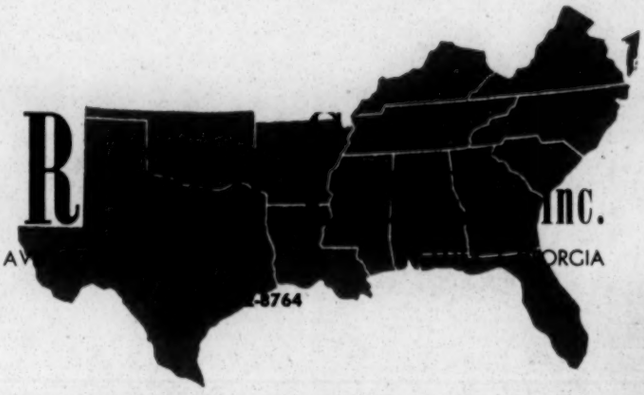
October 4, 1961

FROM: JAM
TO: STAFF

RE: CLIPPING AND BACKING PROCESS

In an effort to more effectively utilize the services of the research assistants, and also in an effort to keep more up-to-date in our clipping and filing process, we will try, for one month, a new system of filing all ~~xxx~~ clips WITHOUT BACKING.

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



Southern R[illegible] Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AV[illegible] GEORGIA
[illegible]5764

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

INTEROFFICE MEMO

October 4, 1961

TO: ALL STAFF
FROM: JAM, RESEARCH

RESEARCH PUBLICATION SCHEDULE

Approximate date	Publication
Week of Oct. 1st	L-27, "The Hard or the Easy Way?" describing differences in desegregating schools in Virginia and in resisting desegregation--and the difference in cost.
Week of Oct. 16th	L-28, re the cost of resistance to state legislatures in legal fees, etc., ~~plus~~
Week of Nov. 1st	L-29, re James Davis--a refutation of his newsletter on the Washington, D. C. schools (this is tentative).
Week of Nov. 16th	L-30, list of organizations which have publicly supported the sit-ins.
For Oct. 26th release	(we hope, and are bending every effort) Houston Employment Survey, 32 pp. manuscript, self cover.
November	Miami Employment Survey; Chattanooga (?) and Atlanta (?)
November	The Johnson study on Negro crime.
SURVEYS UNDERWAY	Employment surveys (limited as to cities covered and questions asked) on Negro doctors and nurses; teaching hospitals Negro firemen ~~and~~ Negro bus drivers and public utility workers
To be published when manuscript received:	Negro police (Rudwick updating survey)

JM

INTEROFFICE MEMO

October 5, 1961

TO: LWD

FROM: JAM

RE: JOHNSON, NEGRO CRIME STUDY

I talked with Elmer Johnson by telephone on October 4th. He seemed very cordial; anticipated some of my remarks. He indicated that he was in the process of writing a textbook on criminology and felt that his manuscript was much too stilted. Before he had a chance to say that he would be willing to scrap it, I suggested that we might together talk over some possible changes in the manuscript and make every effort to move it towards publication. He has offered to meet with me on either Tuesday or Thursday of next week during my trip to North Carolina. I am sure that we will be able to work through this stalemate as a result of that conversation.

October 18, 1961

LWD JAM

Trip to Chapel Hill, N.C.: University and Institute

My appointments with people in Chapel Hill and the University were very nicely scheduled for me by Dr. Dan Price, so 9:00 Wednesday morning I held discussions with Dr. Hal Pope and Dr. Donald Irish. They are involved in a study of illegitimacy, and concerned here with the self-concepts, the norms, and the values of women involved. This will later be followed up with a study of the goals of the adolescents. This project is under the immediate direction of Dr. Charles M. Bowerman, chairman of the Department of Sociology and Anthropology. While this study is not exclusively limited to Negro behavior, race will be isolated as an important factor bearing upon both the problems of illegitimacy and the stresses and strains of ~~adolescence~~ adolescents. This is a long-range study which began June 1st of this year.

Next I talked with Mr. Richard Cramer at the Institute of Research at Chapel Hill. (He wishes to be added to Research mailing list.) He is involved in a research grant of the U.S. Office of Education, and here they will undertake a demographic study of the South based upon the 1960 census data. It might be interesting to know that Mr. Cramer is working on his dissertation in the area of "attitudes of leaders in the South to desegregation." This research focuses upon cities of about 50,000 population in the South and I suggested that we might like to see his research when it is completed, in the hopes that it might be of interest to us. This is a four-year project. The tentative time schedule is as follows:

1961-62, compilation of social, economic, educational data for all counties in the southern states;
Summer, 1962, analysis of the findings with some experimental group interviews;
1962-63, conduct of a pilot study to pre-test some measures of studying variables and to select some sample counties for intensive study;
Summer, 1963, an analysis of the pre-test results;
1963-64, data gathering, field contacts, questionnaire administrative and interviewing, coding and punching of data;

Summer of 1964, analysis of date;
1964-65, data analysis for preparation of final report.

On Wednesday morning I also talked with Dr. Dan Price, who outlined in broad terms the types of research currently underway in the Institute:

1) Voting research is being conducted by Doctors Prothro and Matthews, focusing on problems related to the encouragement and difficulties in voting by Negroes.

2) An evaluation of the quality of education of Negro schools, as well as a study of Negro high school counselling, as a factor in professional selection. This is carried out under the direction of Dr. Camp.

3) A monograph on the socio-economic status of the Negro in the U.S., covering 100 years (1860-1960). This will involve a measure of change first in the area of employment against such factors as age and sex. This will be a two-year study, focusing on trends in the occupational roles of the Negro.

An interesting suggestion by Dr. Price was that a small meeting be arranged, jointly sponsored by the Institute, SRC, and perhaps even SREB, to discuss periodically the various kinds of research being undertaken by these groups to facilitate cross-fertilization and elimination of duplication of resources and efforts.

I asked Dr. Price for his reaction to research directed towards the Negro image of the court in the South and the behavior and attitude of the law enforcement agencies that either serve to confirm or invalidate this image held by Negroes. Dr. Price referred me to an MA thesis at the University of North Carolina by Harold Garfinkle. This thesis, written in the early 40's, undertood an analysis of cases before the courts in the South involving whites against whites, Negroes against Negroes, whites against Negroes, Negroes against whites. He referred me also to an article by Lee Bounds of the U. of North Carolina dealing with the legal powers of police officers.

I had a very pleasant conversation with Dr. Guy Johnson. He informs me that he is not presently involved in research as such. His last investigation in the race relations field touched upon integration in education of colleges and universities. He is presently concerned with planning an African course, and will return to Afrida for a short period during the latter part of this year. He spoke fondly and enthusiastically about SRC and expresses the hope that he will be with us in the forth-coming meeting.

On Wednesday afternoon I chatted also with Dr. Ruth Searles, a member of the Sociology Department, and Mr. Jon Van Til. Mr. Van Til is a graduate student with his previous training at Swathmore. He is

interested in undertaking some research on the Student Non-violent Movement in the South, making an analysis of its leadership, its historical development, its objectives, and its accomplishments. It was my suggestion that perhaps he might extend his research to include consideration of what areas are likely to be most invluenced by this kind of strategy, and what areas most resistant to change by these techniques.

On Thursday morning, in a conference with Doctors Matthews and Prothro, we discussed their project on Negro political participation in the South. This research is being conducted under a Rockefeller grant to the Institute and will be carried out along three dimensions. They will first attempt an estimate of Negro registration in the South. They will then donduct a south-wide survey involving some 2,000 interviews. These interviews to be followed up by some community studies in some selected counties in the South. It is expected that the data gathering for this study will be finished in the Spring of 1962 and that analysis and publication will follow in January, 1964. He suggests ~~that~~ as helps to us in our spade-work for the voter registration project: Lew Killian, at the University of Florida, who has been conducting some action research in this area. Their response to my suggestion of research in the role of the courts and the law in confirming ~~an~~ an inferior image on the part of the Negro was reflected in their comments that this is an area "very ripe for investigation and research." They suggest as people that might be very helpful to us in defining the preparation for research: Arnold Traback with the CCR. He is a lawyer and is in charge of the administration of justice section. Suggested too was Jack Peltason, Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences at the University of Illinois; and Ron Downing of that same institution. Finally, they suggested that we might write to the School of Social Welfare ~~and~~ the Florida State University, Dr. Coyle More, asking who on their staff is conducting research in this area.

Thursday afternoon I visited the Negro Personality Project, based at Efland, N. C. It is under the direction of Doctors Dahlstrom, Baughman, and Robinson. This project, with an interracial staff of two Negroes and two whites, will be studying achievements and aspirations of Negro~~s~~ and white children over an 8-year period. These children will be administered a series of tests, including the Sanford-Binet and the MMPI ~~[illegible]~~ over the 8-year period. The study started in the fall of this year, 1961, and will involve simultaneously 150 Negro children and 150 white children. I think that I can summarize these final visits with the statement that in each instance these men expressed willingness to share with us their findings at various stages of their research and were most cooperative in helping to make my visit a very productive and rewarding one in the short time that I had to spend there.

I expressed the wish to meet with the Rev. Charles Jones, who had been active in community programs and activities connected with desegregating Chapel Hill. A social evening was arranged by Dr. Robinson at his home and there one of the most pleasant evenings I have yet spent in the South took place. Included in this evening of discussion and fellowship was Mr. Dabbs, Rev. Jones, Dr. and Mrs. Robinson, and myself. After listening to the background of Chapel Hill desegregation, I suggested that Dr. Robinson or Dr. Jones might write for us an account for New South of what has taken place there. This is a community in which change has primarily been initiated by the white community and one in which there is extreme sensitivity to the need for a more inclusive community involving the broad range of activities in Chapel Hill. They assured us that once an approach is made (and they expect this to be done soon) to the Chamber of Commerce of Chapel Hill to request desegregation of all remaining facilities not now desegregated, the story will be complete and they will be glad to write such an article for us.

In this final paragraph I would like to make some observations about the role of a Negro staff member of an interracial organization as he moves about in a changing South. Such observations include, almost without exception, feelings of uncertainty about what are the areas of free movement for the Negro. I would suspect that in no time in recent history has the position of the Negro been so ambigious in the South, and perhaps happily so. For example, I did not know that I could use the regular ticket counter in Raleigh, N. C. bus station until I did so--and this at a time when the segregated section of the station is still in operation. Neither did I know that I was desegregating an ice cream parlor where I on two occasions bought a Sundae until I was informed by faculty members of this at the University. I was surprised also to be asked to leave a theatre which I had understood was now desegregated. And yet I ate in complete comfort and in pleasant surroundings in one of the most charming restaurants I have been in in America, and left Chapel Hill after visiting a store in which it was impossible to close the conversation with the owner. I was in Chapel Hill at the time of the student NAACP protest against the President using the Raleigh-Durham airport because of segregated signs over the rest rooms. While I read in the press that it would take some time for the new signs to be made, and while I left Chapel Hill only one day after the press had arrived, my visit to the waiting room of the Raleigh-Durham airport was greeted with no signs segregating whites from colored rest rooms. All in all, it was a good trip. I was glad to go. I am glad to be back.

LWD ✓
PA ✓
PR ✓
MLK ✓

ret - MA

Clip Another

U. of Texas Elects Negro to Assembly

10-26-61

AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 26 (AP). University of Texas students have elected the first Negro member of the Student Assembly and approved integration of varsity athletics.

Gwen Jordon, a 22-year-old Negro co-ed from Houston, was elected to the assembly from the college of arts and sciences. She ran second in a field of 10 with the four leaders winning seats.

The referendum vote on participation of Negroes in varsity athletics was 5,132 in favor and 3,293 opposed. The school has 20,000 students.

Atl Journal

Hr = Comm
Chatt - Times

Supp, Miss
McComb

CTOBER 26, 1961.

COLLEGE ADMITS M'COMB NEGROES

15 Enrolled, Total Could Go to 70, Is Report

JACKSON, Miss. (AP)—Campbell College reported Wednesday it has admitted 15 Negro students refused readmission to Burgland High School in McComb and expected to admit others this week.

The students were refused readmission to the Negro high school after they refused to sign agreements not to participate in further racial demonstrations.

Dion Diamond of Petersburg, Va., a Negro worker for the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, said he expected a total of about 70 to enter Campbell.

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People congratulated Campbell for "granting the young people from McComb an opportunity to continue their education at a 'free' institution of learning."

The students demonstrated several times in McComb after school officials took no action on readmitting two other Negro students who had been convicted on breach of peace charges after a sit-in.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

INTEROFFICE MEMO November 1, 1961

TO: LWD

FROM: JAM

Re: all-Negro textile (or other) employment

Mrs. Ruby Hurley says there are two textile plants in South Carolina which employ all-Negro personnel. One is the Darlington Textile --- the other she does not remember. More information can be obtained by writing to I. DeQuincy Newman, 919½ Washington St., Columbia, S.C. He is field secretary of the NAACP and would have more information on these plants.

Ruby Hurley herself says she has mixed feelings regarding the initiation of such a venture in Athens, because of the NAACP's strong stand against all kinds of segregation. On the other hand, she recognizes the need for jobs and for job training. The NAACP office and representatives in S. C. have been asked not to attack or oppose the segregated plants there; the attitude here would be the same-- they would not attack the venture.

March 16, 1966

INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: BM ; CC to J. J. Brewbaker
C. S. Cartwright

Dear Ben:

We have received the attached correspondance from board member Cartwright. When you have had a chance to read it I think we should respond to him. He raises an interesting question which I think affords us another opportunity to outline the concept of the Leadership Project.

Leslie W. Dunbar

P.S.

Dear Bert:

The point you raise about the Leadership program is one of which we have not been unmindful, though there is much to be said for the present approach. You will be hearing from us again after Ben has had a chance to comment on your letter.

Best wishes,

Leslie W. Dunbar

3/12/61

LWD ✓
PR ✓
PA

This may presage some turbulence. Cartwright, scenting moderation, is a caution.

I suggest we send copies of the attached to Ben Muse + Brewbaker + write C. that we have done so. Agree?

yes (PR + PA — if you agree, HC return to me please for handling)

Agree - PA ✓

Pulaski Heights Christian Church

Colbert S. Cartwright, Pastor

Hillcrest and Spruce
Little Rock, Arkansas

March 6, 1961

Dr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
Room 201
5 Forsyth St., N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I know you have rejoiced with us in the recent ruling of the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals. It seems to me that the crucial sentence is: "As we approach the 1961-62 school year, sufficient time has elapsed to compel affirmative action...to the end that there may be integration in more than a token fashion." Other statements indicate that if the use of the pupil assignment law in fact results in still having a discriminatory school system, then it is being misapplied. Thus it put another nail in the coffin of "tokenism".

It seems to me that this ruling has important ramifications for those on your staff working on the Leadership program. I must confess to having been considerably disturbed by the general tenor of ~~conversation~~ the approach of Mr. Muse and Mr. Brewbaker when I discussed school desegregation with them at the annual meeting. It seemed to me they were advocating tokenism and were using Everett Tucker as a good example of what others must do. The courts have repudiated the Tucker approach.

I enclose the text of a statement just issued by Ted Lamb of the School Board. It seems to me that he honestly assesses the situation. I would hope that his statement might receive as wide distribution among Mr. Muse's clientele as some other things which have gone out.

Cordially,

Colbert S. Cartwright

Colbert S. Cartwright

This is the text of a statement released on March 4, 1961 by Ted Lamb, Little Rock School Board member.

The recent decision of the 8th Circuit Court of Appeals confirms my long-held conviction that the present policy of the School Board is leading Little Rock down the road to further strife and economic uncertainty.

Our town must come to the realization that the courts mean business in insisting that our school system be totally non-discriminatory, both in theory and in practice, by 1963.

Up until now, the Tucker-dominated School Board has insisted that by some devious means we could out-trick, out-maneuver and defy the federal government. Such a policy is as foolish as it is disastrous.

I have opposed the present policies of the School Board from both a practical and a moral position. In practice the present policy is only leading to more strife and economic peril than we have as yet witnessed in Little Rock. When the School Board announced to the court that it would refuse to desegregate the schools on the junior high level in 1960, I protested that this foolhardy defiance was only inviting trouble. I have for some time pointed out the disastrous implications of some School Board members consistently voting against the admission of virtually all Negro applicants to Central and Hall High schools. Such practices only destroy a reasonable basis for dealing with the courts.

The federal court has now made clear that the Arkansas pupil assignment law can be used only if it serves as a means to make an orderly transition to desegregated schools by 1963. It cannot

be used to thwart the intent of the court, which is that our schools become totally non-discriminatory in regard to race.

The School Board must now set itself to the task of acting in good faith to end discrimination in the school system by 1963. It must put an end to seemingly endless litigation which wastes taxpayers' dollars in exercises in futility. The monies had best be ~~xx~~ spent in improved education and teachers' salaries.

The School Board has never seriously sought to rally the forces of Christianity and good will in our town to enter into compliance with the court on a moral basis. The Board seems to pay more attention to a handful of bigots and racists than to those who work for justice and righteousness in our city.

It is time we awakened to our moral and legal responsibilities, that are a part of participating in and living in the Twentieth Century.

~~14~~ 14A

ADULT DISCUSSION GROUPS IN ATLANTA AREA

GREAT BOOKS (Joe Gross, TR 6-3311, ex 5471)

26 groups, average 15 persons 390

1 group (West Hunter Branch, Lib.) integrated (or all Negro?)

Mr. Gross says he has had a one-day institute that was integrated; he plans leadership training this fall that will be integrated; he hopes in the future to have some more integrated groups for those interested.

FOREIGN POLICY DISCUSSION GROUPS (Nina Hale)

20 to 30 groups, average 15 persons about 375

Segregated; they never know exactly how many groups going, as they give out the leaders packets to the libraries and all do not report. In other cities such as Chattanooga and Miami, there are 100 to 200; in Macon there are more than in Atlanta.

EMORY UNIVERSITY (Dora Byron, DR 3-1621, ex 348)

27 classes, average 30 persons 810

Segregated; only two or three could properly be called "discussion" groups

QUAKER HOUSE (John Wungblut DR 3-7986)

3 groups 25, 15, 15 - average would be integrated 55 to 60

WORLD POLITICS (Frances Pauley)

10 groups @ 17-18 average integrated 175

PROGRESS SCHEDULE

RESEARCH

1. Employment Study of 4 southern cities: Houston, Atlanta, Miami, and Chattanooga.

   A. Introductory section: Economic and Social Characteristics of Labor Force (JM)

2. L-Report 26: Lucius Clay speech (mimeographed, MA)

3. Notable Addresses: Dan Thompson's debate, printed

Research targets:

Dottie - Sit-in files: up to date chronology

Elizabeth - Freedom ride files: up-dated from last report

Voting: pull togethermaterials on voting tights of Negroes in the South

Margaret Boozer - getting together materials for employment study; bibliography, etc.

SEAL FOAM BOND

SRC OFFICE GUIDE TO LOCATION OF RESEARCH MATERIALS

I. BOOKS

Shelf No. I - III

II. MATERIALS (mimeographed reports, speeches, small pamphlets and leaflets)

Files No. I - II

III. NEWSPAPERS (unclipped)

File X, Drawer B -- 1959 - 1961
File XIII, Drawer C -- 1954 - 1958

IV. NEWSCLIPS

File No. III, Drawer A	--	1952
		1951
File No. III, Drawer B	--	1951
		1950
		1949
File No. III, Drawer C	--	1949
		1948
		1947
File No. III, Drawer D	--	1946
		1945
File No. III, Drawer E	--	1945
File No. IV, Drawer A	--	1956
File No. IV, Drawer B	--	1956
		1955
File No. IV, Drawer C	--	1955
		1954
File No. IV, Drawer D	--	1954
		1953

IV. NEWSCLIPS, continued:

File No. V, Drawer A - C -- 1957

File No. V, Drawer D -- 1956

File No. VI, Drawer D -- 1958

File No. VII, Drawers A - C -- 1959

File No. VII, Drawer D -- 1960

File VIII, Drawers A - C -- 1960

File VIII, Drawer D -- 1961

File No. IX, Drawers A - D --

SPECIAL FILES:

Sit-ins	File IX, Drawer A
Freedom Ride	File IX, Drawer D
SRC	File VIII, Drawer D, and File IX, Drawer D
Special Suffrage	File X, Drawer D

Here as clk you

GUIDE TO LOCATION OF RESEARCH MATERIALS

I. BOOKS

Shelf No. I - III

II. MATERIALS (mimeographed reports, speeches, small pamphlets and leaflets)

Files No. I - II

III. NEWSPAPERS (unclipped)

1959 - 1961 -- File X, Drawer B

1954 - 1958 -- File XIII, Drawer C

IV. NEWSCLIPS

File No. III, Drawer A

1952
1951

I'll move these over

File No. III, Drawer B

1951
1950
1949

File No. III, Drawer C

1949
1948
1947

File No. III, Drawer D

1946
1945

File No. III, Drawer E

1945

IV. Newsclips, continued,

File IV., Drawer A - 1956

Drawer B - 1956
1957 5

Drawer C - 1955
1954

Drawer D - 1954
1953

File V., Drawer A - C -- 1957

Drawer D - 1956

File VI., Drawer D - 1958

File VII., Drawers A - C -- 1959

Drawer D -- 1960

File VIII., Drawers A - C -- 1960

Drawer D -- 1961

File IX., Drawers A - D

SPECIAL FILES:

Sit-ins = File IX, Drawer A

Freedom Ride = File IX, Drawer D

SRC = File VIII, Drawer D and File IX, Drawer D

Special Suffrage = File X, Drawer D

CATEGORIES FOR DISTRIBUTION

1.	CHAMBER OF COMMERCE	582
2.	SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS	650
3.	INTERAGENCY	140
4.	BOARD (SRC)	73
5.	LABOR	125
6.	STATE GROUPS	210
7.	CONTACT - RESEARCH LIST	132
8.	CONTACT - ALL PURPOSE LIST	475
9.	MASS MEDIA	308
10.	GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND CONGRESSMEN	136
11.	EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATIONS	57
12.	LIBRARIES	744
13.	BLUE RIBBON LIST	204
14.	STUDENT NEWSPAPERS (SOUTHERN COLLEGES)	123
15.	STUDENT COUNCIL PRESIDENTS (SOUTHERN COLLEGES)	122
	TOTAL	4,081

NEW SOUTH ----------5,306

Telephone: MUrray Hill 2-1250

The Fund for the Republic INC.

60 East 42nd Street, New York 17, New York

September 21, 1956

Dr. Fred Routh
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Fred:

I was talking yesterday to Mrs. Paul N. Guthrie about the situation in North Carolina. She is Chairman of an American Association of University Women committee that is active on the school integration problem. I think she would be worth seeing when you are near Chapel Hill. Her husband is Chairman of the Department of Economics. Both Paul and Mary know John Alexander of the AFSC program and Harry Jones.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Frank

Frank S. Loescher

2921, 19th St S
Apt E
Homewood, Ala

Alabama Council on Human Relations, Inc.

ROOM 206, MOORE BLDG. - 217 S. COURT ST. - MONTGOMERY 4, ALABAMA
PHONE 2-0450

REV. DUNCAN HUNTER, President
DR. C. G. GOUMILLION, Vice-President
REV. THOMAS THRASHER, Secretary
MR. J. T. BROOKS, Treasurer
REV. ROBERT E. HUGHES, Executive Director

"AN ORGANIZATION TO ATTAIN, THROUGH RESEARCH AND ACTION, EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ALL PEOPLE OF ALABAMA."

Sept. 21, '56

Dear Fred,

By now you probably would have heard from John on the final determination on the workshop. Hope your N.C. trip went well.

Here's some things I'd like for you to help me on – Duncan seems to becoming increasingly cautious + hesitant as he feels that if we go too far his church position will become endangered. At times I'm hesitant to tell him all about some of my activities.

The Board + Exec. Com. needs to make more program policy decisions + assuming responsibility for portions of their implementation rather than just turning it back over to me. As long as they leave me as the "coordinator" or the one to whom reports are to be sent, rest assured I'll carry the entire load of responsibility as evidenced by the recent financial "drive". This particular example is not program but is typical. If the Board (+ not just the Exec. Com.)

Alabama Council on Human Relations, Inc.

ROOM 206, MOORE BLDG. - 217 S. COURT ST. - MONTGOMERY 4, ALABAMA
PHONE 2-0450

REV. DUNCAN HUNTER, President
DR. C. G. GOUMILLION, Vice-President
REV. THOMAS THRASHER, Secretary
MR. J. T. BROOKS, Treasurer
REV. ROBERT E. HUGHES, Executive Director

"AN ORGANIZATION TO ATTAIN, THROUGH RESEARCH AND ACTION, EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ALL PEOPLE OF ALABAMA."

does not assume all responsibility for finances then rest assured that the state office will never be able to perform effectively. By now I'm getting pretty bitter + fed up on this particular point + unless they voluntarily assume their obligations I'll lay down the law at the Bd. meeting which follows the workshop from 1:00-3:00 P.M. Wed.

Another problem is that several districts do not attempt to hold meetings unless I am sitting on top of them. The obvious answer is a workshop for these district leaders (who are on our board) to educate + inspire. I just hope the workshop accomplishes this. Perhaps we need a more definite program that we can tie into.

Incidentally on finances - I'm going to suggest regular district quotas for each fiscal year with an individual finance chrm. carrying responsibility at the state level responsible to D Duncan directly + a special gifts

Com. under the fin. chm. we had such a com. this summer but it hardly functioned and was directly responsible for only a few dollars even though their quota was $2,500 or thereabouts.

With a few things off my chest come on over & by then maybe I'll have simmered down —

Sincerely,

BV

FISK UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE 8, TENNESSEE

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

September 24, 1956

Mr. Frederick B. Routh
Assistant Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Fred:

Thanks very much for your letter of September 17th regarding our work with Oscar Cohen on the Clinton situation. We are sponsoring a team in Clinton. We shall certainly call upon you for any help which we shall need, and we anticipate that we may need some. If we should need Manis to help us again, would it be possible for us to ask him to give us a hand?

Bonita joins me in best wishes to you and so do all your other friends here at Fisk.

Cordially yours,

Preston

Preston Valien
Chairman

PV/mwd

Arkansas
Council On Human Relations
211 SOUTH IZARD FR 4-4521
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS
A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in Arkansas.

OFFICERS
FRED K. DARRAGH, JR. Chairman
REV. C. C. WALKER Vice-Chairman
REV. C. S. CARTWRIGHT Vice-Chairman
MRS. DOROTHY OTIS WYRE Secretary
PERRY A. TAYLOR Treasurer

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
MRS. L. C. BATES
MRS. W. FLOYD BATES
J. R. BOOKER
WILEY BRANTON
TILMAN C. COTHRAN
C. A. CHRISTOPHE
MRS. O. G. DAWSON
JOHAN ELIOT
MRS. KYLE ENGLER
RABBI ALBERT FRIEDLANDER
MRS. E. D. GALLOWAY
JOHN GAMMON, JR.
REV. F. T. GUY
MRS. VIVIAN HEGWOOD
MRS. J. RUSSELL HENDERSON
GEORG IGGERS
MRS. D. D. JAMES
MRS. BRUCE D. MOORE
MRS. GUERDON D. NICHOLS
MISS EMMA SCOTT
STEPHEN STEPHAN
ED STONE
CLARENCE R. THORNBROUGH
WALTER TRULOCK, III
REV. E. B. WILLIAMS
M. W. (Mike) WILLIS
SHERMAN V. ZINN

STAFF
NAT R. GRISWOLD Executive Director
CHRISTOPHER C. MERCER, JR. Associate Director
MRS. VELMA POWELL Secretary

September 25, 1956

Mr. Frederick B. Routh
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Fred Routh:

We genuinely regret that our Log for August caused you "concern" about our possible political activity. I am sure it was my inept wording that gave this impression. Two specific groups were contemplating opposition to the measures against the Supreme Court's decision. Possessing the information and time, we naturally were asked to help in analyzing the measures. This we did specifically for the State Council of Church Women. I am enclosing a copy of the sort of suggestions which we worked out in that connection. Our organization is not issuing such statements. Unfortunately, to date no other group is using this sort of material. The Council of Church Women decided in favor of a simple sheet of information about the initiated measures.

So, I feel you may be assured that we are doing nothing officially which can be interpreted as political activity. We do feel we have information and stand ready to explain the meaning of these measures. In fact, I am sure that the law about political activity allows us to do a great deal more than we have been doing or will do.

You will note one phrase in our Log, "as a matter of principle and not politics." It becomes increasingly clear to me that carrying out a program simply on a basis of a moral principle frequently reaches the point of political activity. If we carry out our program for "equal opportunity for all people in Arkansas," all that we do would oppose these particular measures. Father Huddleston says it most adequately in discussing the prophetic function of the church and politics: "The sin of racial pride, the evil of the doctrine of apartheid--these are things which must be condemned by the Church and their consequences clearly and unmistakably proclaimed. That is prophesy. It is also politics." The same principle operates for those who stand for the Constitution and the Bill of Rights.

Sincerely yours,

Nat

NAT R. GRISWOLD
Executive Director

NRG:vwp

KENTUCKY COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS, INC.

Affiliated with the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

208 WEST MAIN STREET — PHONE 3-1409 — FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY

GALEN A. MARTIN
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

WILLIAM H. PERRY, JR.
CHAIRMAN
MISS JULIET J. POYNTER
CHARLES T. STEELE
MRS. JAMES STRAUSS
SECRETARY
DR. R. B. ATWOOD
TREASURER

DIRECTORS

REV. OLOF ANDERSON
DR. R. B. ATWOOD
HOUSTON BAKER
NORBERT BLUME
ROBERT T. BURKE, JR.
JAMES A. CAWOOD
JAMES CRUMLIN
RABBI MAURICE DAVIS
KELLY J. DAY
JOSEPH S. FREELAND
MRS. NETTIE A. GREEN
DR. ROSCOE GIFFIN
MRS. W. P. HEUSER
REV. ALFRED F. HORRIGAN
MRS. CLARENCE P. JACKSON
DR. LEONARD C. MEECE
J. VAN DYKE NORMAN
DR. C. H. PARRISH, JR.
ESTES RIFFE
MRS. ANITA W. ROBINSON
MRS. CARY ROBERTSON
MISS DORCAS RUTHENBURG
DR. IRWIN T. SANDERS
FRANK STANLEY
MRS. JAMES STRAUSS
SAM TAYLOR
DR. HERBERT S. WALLER
WHITNEY M. YOUNG

CONSULTANTS

JOSEPH A. CARROLL
DR. LEE COLEMAN
DR. J. C. KESSELMAN
HOWITT C. MATHIS
MRS. JAMES G. SHEEHAN
C. V. SNAPP
DR. WILLIS SUTTON
DR. TOM C. VENABLE
DR. G. D. WILSON
WILLIAM M. WOOD

September 25, 1956

Mr. Frederick B. Routh
Assistant Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Fred:

Will you please inform me if it is suggested that state organizations raise all of their quota within their state? Is there any objection to their going outside the state? I have always heard the idea that the local money was to be raised within the state, but I have the notion that one state has recently concluded that it would be easier for them to raise money in the East than in their own state. I assume that no state would make an appeal to the Ford group which made the grant to SRC, but does that apply to other Ford groups, and other foundations, etc.

These questions are particularly on my mind for two reasons. One is that we have just presented a budget designed to raise $6,500 at our Directors meeting September 22. The other is that recently I had a conference with Miss Ethel DuPont of the Kentucky Federation of Teachers, AFL. She is working to create an independent educational group in Kentucky which will have most of our Directors on its board, and will approach a Ford Foundation body for a grant to conduct workshops, and other projects to encourage smooth integration of Kentucky pupils and teachers. I believe her appeal will be made through a Ford Foundation group working in the Field of labor. I know lots of groups ask and few receive. I don't want us to take a chauvinistic attitude about this proposal, but should give her all the help we can. At the same time, I can't help thinking that we have a going organization, and a reservoir of good will which cannot be duplicated in a short time.

In addition to your answers to the questions in the first paragraph, I hope you will keep us informed about SRC's future money raising plans.

Sincerely,

Galen

Galen A. Martin

Atlanta, Georgia
October 22, 1956

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

An examination has been made of the books and records of the SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., Atlanta, Georgia, for the period of October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956.

The following Exhibits and Schedules, together with comments, comprise our report:

EXHIBIT A - Balance Sheet, September 30, 1956
EXHIBIT B - Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Central Office, October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956
EXHIBIT C - Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - State Organizations, October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956
EXHIBIT D - Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Fellowship of the Concerned, October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956
SCHEDULE 1- Bank Reconciliation - First National Bank
SCHEDULE 2- Bank Reconciliation - Citizens Trust Company

COMMENTS

Cash in Bank - Central Office - $18,164.31
Cash in Bank - State Organizations - $51,611.52

All recorded receipts were compared with bank deposits, and disbursements were compared with cancelled checks. Bank balances at September 30, 1956, were confirmed by correspondence with the banks.

Inventory - Pamphlets - $1,230.00

This represents cost of printed materials on hand at September 30, 1956.

Payroll Taxes - $2,381.10

This consists of Old Age Benefit Taxes and Income Taxes withheld at September 30, 1956, for both the Central Office and State Organizations.

Due to Special Projects - $2,140.48

The amounts shown on Exhibit A are for the use of the projects indicated. No activity has occurred in the Commission on Equal Penalties during the year.

Advance Appropriations - $45,946.70

This represents unexpended funds for the Special Projects named in Exhibit A.

General

Exhibits B and C reflect the transfer of funds from State Organizations operation to the Central Office. Several of the State Organizations did not have an Associate Director, so permission was granted to make this transfer.

In our opinion, the attached Balance Sheet and Statements of Receipts and Disbursements present fairly the financial condition at September 30, 1956, and the results of operations for the year then ended.

Respectfully,

L E Campbell

L. E. Campbell, C.P.A.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Atlanta, Georgia

Balance Sheet
September 30, 1956

ASSETS

Cash in Bank - Central Office (Schedule 1)		$ 18,164.31	
Cash in Bank - Special Projects (Schedule 2)		51,611.52	
Inventory - Pamphlets		1,230.00	
Total Assets			$71,005.83

LIABILITIES

Payroll Taxes		$ 2,381.10	
Georgia Sales Tax		.96	
Due to Special Projects:			
Commission on Equal Penalties	$ 341.07		
Fellowship of the Concerned	1,799.41	2,140.48	
Advance Appropriations:			
Fact-Finding Program	30,499.83		
John Hope II Consultant Training Program	15,446.87	45,946.70	
Total Liabilities			$50,469.24
Surplus, September 30, 1956			20,536.59
Total Liabilities and Surplus			$71,005.83

NOTE: A Check for $110,000.00 from the Fund for the Republic for the fiscal year, October 1, 1956 to September 30, 1957, was in the safe at September 30, 1956. It was deposited in the bank on October 2, 1956.

EXHIBIT A

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Central Office
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

RECEIPTS

CONTRIBUTIONS:		
Individuals		$ 3,449.00
Organizations:		
Consolidated Charities Committee	$ 21.00	
Congress of Industrial Organizations	375.00	
Community Work Shop Association	200.00	
United Steelworkers of America	1,000.00	
International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union of America	500.00	
International Union, United Automobile, Aircraft & Agricultural Implement Workers of America	1,000.00	
American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations	2,000.00	5,096.00
Churches:		
Woman's Society of Christian Service	25.00	
Georgia Conference of the AME Zion Church	25.00	
The Board of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church	1,000.00	
The Board of National Missions of the Presbyterian Church	250.00	
The National Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the U.S.A.	1,000.00	
The General Board of Education of the Methodist Church	300.00	
Fisk Union Church	20.00	
Woman's Division of Christian Service of the Board of Missions of the Methodist Church	1,200.00	3,820.00
Foundations:		
John Hay Whitney Foundation	$ 1,000.00	
The Marshall Field Foundation	5,000.00	
The Doris Duke Foundation	7,000.00	
The New World Foundation	17,000.00	
The Christopher Reynolds Foundation	5,000.00	
The Sigmund Silberman Foundation	400.00	
Edgar Stern Family Fund	100.00	35,500.00
Total Contributions		$ 47,865.00

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Central Office
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

RECEIPTS

Brought Forward from EXHIBIT B, Page 1		$ 47,865.00	
Associate Members Dues		356.00	
NEW SOUTH Subscriptions		6,222.17	
Sale of Literature		1,325.48	
Honoraria		1,567.80	
Interest Income		300.00	
Total Income Independent of Grant from the Fund for the Republic			$ 57,636.45
Other Income:			
Fund for the Republic Grant		$ 25,000.00	
Special Grant for Printing and Distribution of Pamphlet		1,000.00	
Loan paid by State Organizations from Duke and Field Foundation Funds		8,350.00	
Transfers from State Organization Unexpended 1955-56 Funds	$ 21,000.00		
Fact-Finding Program	30,000.00	51,000.00	
Commission on Race and Housing		200.00	85,550.00
Total			$143,186.45
Bank Balance, October 1, 1955			3,022.57
Total Receipts			$146,209.02

DISBURSEMENTS

Salaries		$ 62,090.24	
Travel		8,469.39	
Printing - other than NEW SOUTH		1,146.28	
Printing and Postage - NEW SOUTH		6,285.43	
Rent		1,680.00	
Telephone and Telegraph		2,775.94	
Postage		1,049.40	
Consultants Fees		1,032.50	
Special Services		159.50	
Accounting and Legal		565.00	
Executive Committee and Annual Meetings		2,169.03	
Books and Subscriptions		399.97	
Georgia Sales Tax		17.96	
Office Supplies		1,255.07	
Social Security Taxes		889.08	
Fact-Finding Program		18,000.17	
Printing - Special Pamphlet		1,004.22	
Miscellaneous		41.65	
Office Equipment		788.38	
Office Alterations		200.00	
Commission on Race and Housing		25.50	
Transfers:			
New World Foundation	$ 17,000.00		
Fellowship of the Concerned	1,000.00	18,000.00	
Total Disbursements			$128,044.71
Balance, September 30, 1956			$ 18,164.31

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Atlanta, Georgia

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
State Organizations
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

RECEIPTS

Appropriation from Fund for the Republic:			
For State Organizations	$ 125,000.00		
Fact-Finding Program	50,000.00	$175,000.00	
New World Foundation - John Hope II Consultant Training Program		17,000.00	
Interest Income		2,132.00	
U. S. Treasury Certificates - 1954-55		60,000.00	
TOTAL			$254,132.00
Bank Balance October 1, 1955			1,565.12
TOTAL RECEIPTS			$255,697.12

DISBURSEMENTS

Salaries		$ 113,668.89	
Consultants Fees		5,545.14	
Travel		89.47	
Local Expense		4,357.50	
Consultants Training Program		3,899.89	
Liability Insurance		108.24	
Social Security Taxes		2,180.55	
Transfers to Central Office:			
From Fact-Finding Program	$ 30,000.00		
Unexpended 1955-56 Funds	21,000.00		
Duke and Field Fund	8,350.00	59,350.00	
Fellowship of the Concerned		1,500.00	
Items chargeable against unallocated State Funds:			
Irene Osborne	$ 6,032.66		
John Hope II	7,153.24		
Miscellaneous	200.02	13,385.92	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS			204,085.60
Balance September 30, 1956			$ 51,611.52

EXHIBIT C

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Atlanta, Georgia

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Special Projects
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

FELLOWSHIP OF THE CONCERNED

Receipts

Balance October 1, 1955		$ 3.37
John Hay Whitney Foundation		1,000.00
Transfer from unspent State Organizations Funds 1955-56		1,500.00
Total Receipts		$ 2,503.37

Disbursements

Workshop Expense	$ 163.61	
Travel	497.83	
Postage and Supplies	42.52	
Total Disbursements		703.96
Balance, September 30, 1956		$ 1,799.41

EXHIBIT D

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Central office

Bank Reconciliation First National Bank - Atlanta
September 30, 1956

Balance per bank		$ 21,904.51
Less checks outstanding:		
Number	Amount	
281	$ 2.00	
305	7.00	
332	3.00	
337	2.00	
358	244.00	
360	15.00	
365	271.00	
366	75.00	
368	44.51	
369	20.40	
371	33.00	
373	105.30	
374	116.17	
377	397.33	
378	276.70	
379	751.28	
380	209.10	
381	185.67	
382	175.26	
383	138.43	
385	138.43	
386	94.95	
387	108.39	
388	104.80	
389	118.08	
390	204.10	
392	219.10	
394	91.52	
395	45.85	
396	22.54	
397	10.29	
398	10.00	
		$ 3,740.20
Balance per books, September 30, 1956		$ 18,164.31

SCHEDULE 1

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
STATE ORGANIZATIONS

Bank Reconciliation Statement - Citizens Trust Company
September 30, 1956

Balance per bank $ 57,730.79

Less checks Outstanding:

Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
2842	58.71	3295	187.26	
2895	118.01	3296	88.19	
3068	177.26	3297	182.26	
3206	125.00	3298	88.19	
3243	35.00	3299	172.26	
3251	88.19	3300	98.19	
3266	83.19	3301	88.19	
3269	102.09	3302	182.26	
3277	140.00	3303	187.26	
3281	350.00	3305	177.26	
3283	110.00	3306	182.26	
3284	60.00	3307	83.19	
3285	182.26	3308	187.26	
3286	182.26	3309	172.26	
3287	197.26	3310	102.09	
3288	82.79	3311	182.26	
3289	192.26	3312	63.80	
3290	177.26	3313	60.27	
3291	88.19	3314	500.00	
3292	182.26	3317	91.38	
3293	102.09	3318	99.30	$ 6,119.27
3294	109.80			

Balance per books, September 30, 1956 $ 51,611.52

SCHEDULE 2

A CONFERENCE ON DISCRIMINATION IN HOUSING

9:00 a.m.	Registration
9:30 a.m.	Welcome to Delegates—ALGERNON D. BLACK
10:00 a.m.	Keynote. *"Desegration — The Housing Challenge in An Election Year"* — FRANK S. HORNE
10:30 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.	Two concurrent panels: A. "KEYS TO DESEGREGATION—SITE SELECTION, RELOCATION, TENANT POLICY" ELIZABETH WOOD, presiding B. "NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION—SOME NEW CONCEPTS Reports and Discussion of Neighborhoods Undergoing Change RICHARD MAASS, presiding
1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m.	Intermission for Lunch
2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.	"TOWARD A FREE MARKET IN PRIVATE HOUSING—THE ROLE OF THE BUILDER, THE LENDER, THE BROKER AND THE NEIGHBOR" A Panel Discussion JAMES H. SCHEUER, presiding
5:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.	Dutch Treat Cocktail Hour
7:30 p.m.	DINNER—ALGERNON D. BLACK, presiding GREETINGS—MAYOR ROBERT F. WAGNER SPEAKERS: ROBERT C. WEAVER LLOYD K. GARRISON A LEADING SPOKESMAN FROM THE REPUBLICAN VIEWPOINT (*to be announced*) Presentation of The First Walter White Award for Outstanding Achievement in the Field of Intergroup Relations and Housing.

PARTICIPANTS

(*Partial List*)

CHARLES ABRAMS, *Chairman, N. Y. State Commission Against Discrimination*

DANIEL S. ANTHONY, *Executive Director, Mayor's Commission on Group Relations, Newark, N. J.*

ALGERNON D. BLACK, *Chairman, N. Y. State Committee on Discrimination in Housing; Acting Chairman, National Committee Against Discrimination in Housing*

CHARLES FRANCIS, *Real Estate Broker, Dayton, Ohio*

GEORGE GRIER, *Research Associate, Commission on Race and Housing*

DR. FRANK S. HORNE, *Executive Director, Commission on Intergroup Relations, New York City*

REGINALD A. JOHNSON, *Director of Housing Activities, National Urban League*

MADISON S. JONES, *Housing Director, NAACP*

EMIL KEEN, *President, Long Island Home Builders Institute*

EDWARD LOGUE, *Development Administrator, New Haven, Conn.*

RICHARD MAASS, *President, Westchester Urban League*

CONSTANCE B. MOTLEY, *Ass't Counsel, NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund*

JOHN A. MCDERMOTT, *Philadelphia Commission on Human Relations*

WILLIAM H. OLIVER, *Fair Practices and Anti-Discrimination Department, UAW*

WILLIAM RAFSKY, *Housing Coordinator, City of Philadelphia*

ANN MASON ROBERTS, *Relocation Advisor, Urban Renewal Administration*

JOSEPH B. ROBISON, *Staff Counsel, American Jewish Congress*

REV. MERYL RUOSS, *Executive Secretary, Department of Church Planning and Research, Protestant Council of New York*

EDWARD RUTLEDGE, *Housing Director, New York State Commission Against Discrimination*

JAMES H. SCHEUER, *Chairman, Housing Advisory Council, New York State Commission Against Discrimination*

FURMAN TEMPLETON, *Executive Director, Baltimore Urban League*

ROBERT F. WAGNER, *Mayor of New York City*

STUART E. WALLACE, *Real Estate Broker, Trevose, Pennsylvania*

DR. ROBERT C. WEAVER, *Administrator, New York State Temporary Housing Rent Commission*

ELIZABETH WOOD, *Former Director Chicago Housing Authority*

COOPERATING ORGANIZATIONS

NATIONAL

Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, AFL-CIO
American Civil Liberties Union
American Council on Human Rights
American Ethical Union
American Friends Service Committee
American Jewish Committee
American Jewish Congress
American Veterans Committee
Americans for Democratic Action
Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith
Council for Social Action, Congregational Christian Churches
Cooperative League of the USA
Friendship House
Friends Committee on National Legislation
Jewish Labor Committee
League for Industrial Democracy
Migration Division, Puerto Rican Department of Labor
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People
National Association of Intergroup Relations Officials
National Council of Negro Women
National Council of Churches of Christ, Race Relations Department
National Urban League
Presbyterian Church, USA, Department of Social Education and Action
Race Relations Department, American Missionary Association Division, Board of Home Missions, Congregational Christian Churches
United Auto Workers of America, AFL-CIO
United Steelworkers of America, AFL-CIO

NEW YORK STATE

American Association of University Women
American Jewish Committee
American Jewish Congress
American Veterans Committee
Americans for Democratic Action
Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith
Citizens Committee on Children of New York City
Citizens Housing and Planning Council of New York
Citizens Union
Commission on Christian Relations of the Episcopal Diocese of New York
Committee Against Discrimination, New York Society for Ethical Culture
Council for Social Action, Congregational Christian Churches
Housing Council, Urban League of Westchester County
Human Relations Commission of the Protestant Council of New York
Inter-Diocesan Committee on Legislation
Jewish Labor Committee
Jewish War Veterans
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People
National Conference of Christians and Jews
National Council of Jewish Women
New York Civil Liberties Union
New York State Industrial Union Council
United Neighborhood Houses of New York
Urban League of Greater New York
Women's City Club of New York

REBUILDING OUR CITIES FOR EVERYBODY

A National Conference on Discrimination in Housing

Friday, October 12th, 1956
at the Hotel Park Lane, New York City
(Park Ave. at 48th Street)

NEW YORK STATE COMMITTEE ON DISCRIMINATION IN HOUSING

NATIONAL COMMITTEE AGAINST DISCRIMINATION IN HOUSING

ALGERNON D. BLACK, *Chairman*

JUDSON C. WARD, JR., CHAIRMAN
EMORY UNIVERSITY

GORDON R. HOLSTUN, VICE-CHAIRMAN
THOMASTON

W. E. PAFFORD, SECRETARY
231 STATE OFFICE BUILDING
ATLANTA

S. F. BURKE, TREASURER
THOMASTON

Georgia Accrediting Commission

Atlanta

April 14, 1959

Mrs. Walter Paschal
899 Briarcliff Road, N.E.
Atlanta 6, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Paschal:

Enclosed is a list of the accredited non public high schools and elementary schools that are operated in Georgia. We are indicating the grades that are taught in each of the schools and the number of pupils enrolled. Unfortunately we have no information concerning non public schools which do not make application for accreditation. We know of the existence of many of such schools, but do not have specific information as to the grades taught and the number of pupils enrolled. Some of these schools have rather large enrolments, but we do not know just how large. Christ the King Elementary School in Atlanta, Georgia Military Academy, elementary department, in College Park, and the Turner School in Columbus are examples, but I prefer that their non accredited status not be advertised. We have no way of estimating the total number of pupils now enrolled in non accredited, non public elementary and secondary schools.

I hope that this information will be of some value to you in your effort to preserve the public school system, and that it will reach you in time to serve the purpose for which it was requested. Please let me know if I can be of further assistance to you in this matter.

Very truly yours,

W. E. Pafford

W. E. Pafford, Secretary
Georgia Accrediting Commission

WEP:amw

Enclosure

Enrollment in Private White Accredited Schools -		Grades	No. Enrolled
Georgia Military College, Milledgeville	Boys	9-12 (7 Post Grads)	272
Mount de Sales Academy, Macon	Girls	9-12	137
St. Vincents' Academy, Savannah	Girls	9-12	199
Benedictine Military School, Savannah	Boys	9-12	303
Savannah Country Day School, Savannah	Boys & Girls	1-12	363
St. Joseph, Athens	Boys & Girls	1-8	206
Ar'Lyn Worth, Atlanta	Boys & Girls	1-4	124
St. Teresa's Catholic School, Albany	Boys & Girls	1-8	272
Berry High School, Mt. Berry	Boys	9-12	209
Darlington School, Rome	Boys	6-12	498
Emmanuel Academy, Franklin Springs	Boys & Girls	9-12	62
Georgia Military Academy, College Park	Boys	8-12	629
Marist College, Atlanta	Boys	8-12	326
Happyland, Atlanta	Boys & Girls	1-2	40
The Hebrew Academy, Atlanta	Boys & Girls	1-6	97
The Lovett Episcopal Day School, Atlanta	Boys & Girls	1-8	201
Sacred Heart Parochial, Atlanta	Boys & Girls	1-8	195
St. Pius X High School, Atlanta	Boys & Girls	9-12	499
The Westminster Schools, Atlanta	Boys & Girls	K-1-12	1135
Brenau Academy, Gainesville	Girls	9-12	124
Riverside Military Academy, Gainesville	Boys	8-12	735
Gordon Military College, Barnesville	Boys & Girls	8-12 (29 Post Grads)	477
Georgia Christian Institute, Valdosta	Boys & Girls	9-12	81
Georgia Warm Spring Foundation, Warm Springs	Boys & Girls	K-1-12	68
Aquinas High - Boys' Department, Augusta	Boys	9-12	131
Aquinas High - Girls' Department, Augusta	Girls	9-12	114
Toccoa Falls High, Toccoa Falls	Boys & Girls	9-12	154
Vashti, Thomasville	Girls	5-12	130
Tallulah Falls (Both Private & Public)	Boys & Girls	1-12	199

March 14, 1960

Harold Fleming Paul Rilling

Visit to Richmond, Friday and Saturday, March 11 & 12

The status of the protest movement in Richmond is as follows:

The protest began February 19 and 20 when a number of students from Virginia Union University requested service at food counters at Thalheimer's and Miller and Rhodes, the People's Drug Store, Woolworth and Murphy's 5 and dime stores. The students were served in no case and counters were closed in most cases. The protest was orderly. On February 21, there was a hush-hush meeting of the merchants association at which it was reported that they determined to arrest the next students requesting service under the state's new anti-trespass law. On February 22, a large number of students presented themselves for food service at Thalheimer's and the management requested police to arrest the students. Over 400 students were lined up waiting to be arrested. After 34 were arrested, Dean Thomas Henderson of Virginia Union University appeared on the scene, arranged bail for the 34 students and persuaded the other students to return to classes because there had been sufficient arrests to test the situation. Thalheimer's claims that only by chance was it the first and only business to have students arrested under the merchants' agreement. The Negro leadership claimed that Negro students also presented themselves at Miller & Rhodes and were not arrested. I could not determine the real facts of this situation.

The evening of February 22, the Virginia Council issued a statement of sympathy and support for the student protests, subsequently the Weatherford Baptist Church of Richmond, a large white church, also issued a statement of support. The interracial Richmond ministerial association appointed a six man biracial committee to attempt to mediate the situation. Dr. Taliaferro Thompson, chairman of the RCHR served as a member of this group. It was chaired by Dr. J. Levering Evans, a white Baptist minister. This committee held several meetings with merchant representatives and with selected Negro leadership and was unable to find any grounds for negotiation. The committee

3/14/60

HF PR

has apparently ceased negotiation. The Negro community leaders involved in the negotiations were not involved in the protest effort nor did they represent militant Negro leadership.

On February 24, there was the inevitable Negro mass meeting, highly emotional in tone. Dr. C. C. Scott, a "moderate" Negro Baptist minister was booed from his own pulpit when he asked for moderation and understanding for the white businessmen involved.

A steering committee was subsequently established to coordinate the protest effort. The committee seems to be dominated by local NAACP leadership. The Negro group is called the Richmond Citizens Advisory Committee. Lester Banks, state Executive Director, is a member, as is Oliver Hill. Dan Bowers is invited to sit with the committee informally when he wishes.

Thalheimer's is currently being picketed every day. A handful of white students from Union Theological Seminary are participating in the picketing. Policemen are constantly on hand to watch the situation and Negro policemen appeared on the police line on the same day that whites first appeared in the picket line. Negroes are requested to withhold patronage from the store. The case of the 34 arrested students is expected to come to trial in early April. The protest leaders plan no other activity except to continue picketing until after these trials. Thalheimer's in Danville is also being picketed as a sympathy gesture.

CORE has not been active in this situation nor has the King group. However, James Jackson did spend several days in Richmond and held conferences with student leaders.

In Petersburg, Virginia, a group of Negroes sat in the public library and were arrested in due course. This demonstration was directed by the Rev. Wyatt T. Walker, a member of the Board of the Virginia Council HR, the state director of CORE, the Virginia repre-

3/14/60

HF PR

Virginia - page 3

sentative on the board of the SCLC. Walker and several other Negroes went to jail rather than go bail. Clippings are appended from the Petersburg newspapers.

Demonstrations also occurred in Norfolk and Portsmouth and in Hampton - Newport News.

The Virginia Council is involved in mediation of the Richmond situation along the lines indicated in my recent letter to Bowers. The Petersburg Council is also requesting the City Council to appoint an interracial committee. They won't.

The ADL has attempted to persuade Thalheimer's to withdraw the charges against the 34 students, without success. Thalheimer is a former chairman of the local board of B'nai B'rith. Kohler of the ADL, Thalheimer, and other Jewish leaders are bitter about the singling out of Thalheimer's.

Kohler and Dan are working together to provide negotiation in the Hampton - Newport News situation where Jewish businessmen are also involved.

October 22, 1963

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYMENT

These are merely fragmentary notes, derived from a search of our files. They do not represent a full picture of any of the cities mentioned. We have simply noted instances of non-traditional employment which we had record of in our files. (All of this group of cities employ Negro policemen.)

Charlotte	-	billing clerk (employed July 1963, apparently first white-collar Negro in municipal employment).
Greensboro	-	cashier in tax assessor's office
Houston	-	4 process servers 6 clerical workers in county clerk's office* (hired 1963) 3 probation officers in juvenile court assistant pumper, 2 foremen in Water Department (hired 1963) 3 beauty shop inspectors in Health Department (hired 1963)
Knoxville	-	clerk in Registrar of Deeds office (hired October 1962)
Memphis	-	Assistant Public Defender 3 sheriff's deputies clerk at City Hall
Nashville	-	firemen supervisor in Welfare Department deputy tax assessor clerical personnel at Housing Commission
New Orleans	-	police sergeant
Richmond	-	6 of 28 fire companies are integrated; in July 1963 the all-Negro company was disbanded and re-assigned.

---

*one of these at meet-the-customer counter

October 22, 1963

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT SERVICE

	Hotel and Motel	Restaurant
Richmond	4 leading hotels - the John Marshall, Jefferson Richmond, and Byrd - open. At least 5 motels - 2 Howard Johnsons, 2 Holiday Inns, and the Executive - open.	Most leading restaurants are open. About 25 were so before demonstrations summer 1963; approximately 90 have opened since.
Norfolk	Our information is that all, or virtually all, hotels and motels now open. Most of these changed policies in July 1963 or later; a few (e.g., the Golden Triangle) opened much earlier.	A few only open; these include some of best. All department store dining rooms open (until September 1963 there had been one hold-out).
Greensboro	5 motels -- two Holiday Inns, Howard Johnson, Town House, Kent Court - open. Hotels still segregated, except for dining for some mixed meetings.	37 eating places open; this includes dining room of desegregated motels, department stores; and 6 first-class restaurants, as well as national and regional chains.
Charlotte	5 leading hotels -- Manger, Queen Charlotte, Sheraton-Barringer, Heart of Charlotte, Downtowner -- and 3 leading motels -- Coliseum, James Lee, Alamo Plaza -- open; maybe others.	As of July 1963, 110 of the 286 restaurants regarded before then as all-white were opened.
Knoxville	2 leading hotels -- Andrew Johnson and Farragut - open; 4 others -- the Park, Atkin, Arnold, and St. James -- still segregated. 2 motels -- a Holiday Inn and the White City -- open; others apparently not.	More than 50 open, spread all over city. Practically speaking, all restaurants are open.

Hotel and Restaurant Service - 2.

	Hotel and Motel	Restaurant
Nashville	12 open; the Albert Pick, Hermitage, Andres Jackson, two Holiday Inns, Noel, Downtowner, Allen House, Anchor House, Howard Johnson, and Alamo Plaza. The latter 6 of these opened October 1963; the former in May 1963.	Nearly all restaurants in city are open. The only notable exceptions are the Krystals, two hamburger shops, and one good restaurant.
Chattanooga	2 leading hotels -- Patton and Reed House -- and one motel -- Holiday Inn -- are open.	Most of the better restaurants are open, since July 1963
Memphis	All leading hotel and motels open since May 1963.	Confused picture. Apparently, only 1 first-class restaurant, hotel dining rooms, and department store dining rooms are open.
New Orleans	All apparently segregated, except the airport Hilton Inn. 3 downtown hotels -- the Sheraton-Charles, Jung, and Royal Orleans -- agreed September 1963 to accept conventions with limited numbers of Negro delegates	All apparently segregated (except airport Hilton Inn.)
Dallas	All leading hotels and motels now completely open. A few small motels still segregated.	An estimated 75 - 85% open.
Houston	All leading hotels, except the 250 room Ben Milam, now open. About 6 motels are open; others did not go along with hotel agreement of February 1963.	Of 105 in restaurant association, all but 5 went along with desegregation agreement Spring 1963; some evidence that about 15 have since re-segregated.

PUBLIC SCHOOL DESEGREGATION: NUMBER OF NEGROES IN SCHOOL WITH WHITES

(Unless otherwise noted, desegregation data is from various publications of the Southern Education Reporting Service. School census data is from various official sources. For each city, the first figure given indicates the first year of school desegregation. Cities desegregated in the late 1950's moved very slowly during the first years, and since have picked up momentum. Atlanta's present total is, among all the cities, whether starting earlier or later, the lowest, except for much smaller Greensboro.)

Year	Atlanta	Charlotte	Chattanooga	Dallas	Greensboro	Houston	Knoxville	Memphis	Nashville	New Orleans	Norfolk	Richmond
1957		3			6				11			
1958		4			5				34			
1959		1			5				44		21	
1960		2			5	12	28		187	4	23	2
1961	9	27		18	17	32	51	13	272 plus 538N. with 2W. at one school	12	50	36
1962	44	44 plus 400N. with 15W. at one school	50	26*	35	77*	86	53	490 plus 534N. with 1W. at one school	107	101	138
1963	153	81 plus 372N. with 12W. at one school	505 plus 721N. with 1W. and 315N. with 5W. at two schools	182**	128	233***	229	280	773	361 plus 1,440N. with 1W. at one school	241[x]	369[xx]
School Census	110,620 (tot. enrollment, 1962, app. 47% Negro)	66,946 (1962) N-18,814 W-48,132	26,745 (1962) N-11,742 W-15,003	117,019 (1962) N-22,929 W-94,090	24,844 (1962) N- 7,094 W-17,750	198,808 (1963) Total Enrollment	22,862 (1962) N- 5,290 W-17,572	108,020 (1962) N-51,828 W-56,192	30,419 (1962) N-13,933 W-16,486	98,780 (1962) N-59,428 W-39,352	54,502 (1962) N-19,250 W-35,252	42,596 (1962) N-24,820 W-17,776

Sources: *Houston Chronicle, 9/1/63
**Dallas Morning News, 9/8/63
***Houston Post, 9/13/63
[x]Norfolk Virginian-Pilot, 9/4/63
[xx]Richmond News Leader, 9/6/63

September 23, 1965

Mr. Edward Richer
Free University of Florida
P. O. Box 13658, University Station
Gainesville, Florida

Dear Mr. Richer:

Your package of exasperation arrived yesterday and considerably dampened my day's allotment of spirit. I hope Harris Wofford's response is encouraging.

I have one other suggestion. There is a small foundation in California, The Prince Hopkins foundation, that might be interested in the Free University. We would appreciate it if you would not mention us when you write as they prefer anonomity. The address is: 1920 Garden Street, Santa Barbara, California.

Best wishes,

Sincerely,

Al Ulmer

AU:rh

FREE UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

P.O. Box 13658, University Station
Gainesville, Florida

September 20, 1965

Al Ulmer
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Al Ulmer,

Thank you very much for Mr. Wofford's address, I'm writing him immediately after I finish this letter to you.

I rented a place today, but I don't know how long the landlord will be able to hold out against the kind of pressure he is bound to get. We are grossly misunderstood, even as a school open to anyone, racists and what-have-you. Freedom on any basis simply makes these towns nervous as hell. And their nervousness is beginning to get to me, too, if you don't mind a weary personal reaction.

The money is not coming in as I thought it would. I'm amazed at the reluctance of the smaller foundations to help in even a nominal way so obviously open-ended an experiment. The idea of community renewal through the forms of higher education and classroom decorum should appeal to liberal funding organizations, if not to Gainesville's landlords. I hope the brochures you asked for will come up with something for us; I've had to commit us to $150 a month a rent, and the damned telephone company had the nerve to ask for $150 deposit! I've asked them to reconsider, but you know what its like trying to talk to them.

I sound like a package of exasperation, forgive me.

I had an encouraging letter from Leslie Dunbar. Perhaps we should have put together our own mailing lists, I have a hunch that contributions to SRC and civil rights come from a different breed of good-guy than will contributions to FUF.

Anything you can do to help us will be appreciated. Wish Ralph McGill would write a column that at least referred to us, the local newspaper (which takes his column) is inexplicably hostile to anything associated with myself or Jones or the college freedom people. The generational lags are beginning to tell.

Thanks for the letter. If FUF bows out, I think I'll move to Atlanta in quest of kindred spirits.

Sincerely,

Edward Richer

Edward Richer

P.S.: The brochures take a 4¢ stamp, I regret to say, and we've had bad luck with staples, they rip the paper when its opened.

Mildred! address
little foundation out in Cal.

Price Hopkins

Small
Very liberal

Don't use us as an entre!

Christopher Reynolds

C. W. Whitney

January 4, 1965

LWD (cc: AU) PA

Plans and needs for early 1965

The following are some of the things to which the field department must give considerable attention in the next several months. They may have some bearing on our discussions at the January 8th meeting. I would appreciate your comments and any possible help from the rest of the staff.

A. State Council and Local Councils

1. The Virginia Council needs a new director. They are fortunate in having Caravati as Acting Director, but it would be unfortunate if this existed for too long a time. For the right person they are offering a salary of up to $12,000; putting heavy (and possibly exaggerated) emphasis on experience in "inter-group relations." I will go to Richmond on January 12.

2. We hope to have the new Tennessee Director here for a visit soon. Baxton Bryant seems to be having some difficulty, like Kay earlier, in getting work out of the TCHR leadership. Their Annual Meeting is January 29 and I hope either Al or I can be there. Within a relatively short time, Bryant will probably be working pretty independently of us and with need for minimum assistance. But, initially, he will need as much as we can offer. He will be here January 6-7.

3. Ed Stanfield and Alabama will need all the help we can provide, in program and finance. In program Al will spend the week of January 11 traveling the state with Ed. Thereafter he will give as much time as possible. We are talking with the Urban League about jointly sponsored work with the anti-poverty program in Alabama and Mississippi. Some additional outside financial support must be found to give Stanfield minimum stability.

4. Kenneth Dean goes to Mississippi late in January after spending a few days here. Helping him and MCHR is our top priority, shared only with Alabama. I hope to spend considerable time in Mississippi during the next several months.

5. The Louisiana Council Board meets on January 16 in Lafayette. People in Baton Rouge will meet to form a local Council on January 14. I have been asked to be at both and will try, though it may not be possible. Likely this group is going to be sufficiently along to justify considerable help in the near future. During this organizational period we should give as much guidance as possible.

6. The Houston Council people will benefit from a visit by you and I would like your evaluation of that group, of which I think highly. The degree of acceptance in the community and their successful local fund raising (probably to exceed $50,000 this year) does give some cause for concern. One hopes respectability will not induce "moderation." Several other communities in Houston County are organizing local councils with a loose affiliation with the Houston Council. Desirably, they will organize a County Council headquartered in the present Houston office. Kelly is very interested in seeing the Texas Council re-established and will do whatever he can to encourage this. This group needs little of our attention - except in the inclusion of Houston in our housing study - but to the extent that measures are taken to re-establish a state-wide body, we will have to be involved.

7. Ed Lewis has done a magnificent job with the Florida Council but continues to need our help. Steadily his program is attracting additional local financial and membership support but he needs another year to have a stable operation. I hope Al can be of some help here (though considerably less than in Alabama). Al has several speaking engagements in Florida in January (U. of Florida faculty and Pinellas County PTA), he maintains communication with groups in Tallahassee and Gainesville, all of which should help. Lewis needs temporary outside funds and other help. Soon Florida, like Virginia and North Carolina, should be independent in at least its minimum operation.

8. We must, of course, do what we can to help the Georgia and Atlanta Councils resolve their differences and channel their considerable talents into even more productive programming.

B. The Southern Interagency Conference needs more attention, better programs, and more involvement on the part of members. There is much to be said for this and no one will do it unless it's SRC.

C. We need to offer additional encouragement and guidance to Mississippians for Public Education. On an immediate basis the group needs to plan for new school desegregation in September, '65, and to organize additional local units for this purpose. There also remains much to be said for the ~~grop~~ group continuing and becomming a bona fide indigenous group working on the problems of adequate textbooks, school dropouts, teachers salaries, etc. This will probably require some permanent full-time staffing and,properly directed, the group is capable of this. Our work with Dean and the Mississippi Council will give me an opportunity to visit MPE. (~~There~~ These two groups, which share some of the same leadership, should work closely together, though not publicly as yet.) Also, I hope we can pay the travel expenses to have Winifred Falls go over to Mississippi several times to help in this. She is willing, as is Frances.

D. State Council staff will meet soon, probably mid-February. At that time we hope to begin building the informal but close relationship in which there is considerably more cooperation among state councils.

al Ulman
"Letters 1965

Dear Mr. Ulmer. - I am a leprechaun & a Miss Curry has asked me if I would like to come live with you. I am very poor, however, and can only make shoes. I understand this would be very difficult to live on in the U.S., and have heard that your war on poverty does not cover my people. I refuse to go in the Job Corps Camp by myself and am a little old for retraining. So, I will stay here if you don't mind. But - if you ever come here - I will be yours. - Brian Boru,
#1 Mushroom, Ballynakirch,
Ireland

JOHN HINDE ORIGINAL

BY AIR MAIL

ORIGINAL F/A HOUNSLOW MIDDX

Mr. Al Ulmer.
Southern Rag Co.
5 Forsyth St. N.W.
Atlanta, Ga.
U.S.A.

No. 2/51 Printed and Published by John Hinde Ltd. Cabinteely, Co. Dublin, Irish Republic.

VPA

THE FIELD FOUNDATION, INC.
250 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 17

November 24, 1965

Mr. Philip Sherburne, President
United States National Student Association
2115 S Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20008

Dear Phil:

You will get this after Thanksgiving, and it won't spoil your dinner. My hope is that it will not spoil anything at all. I do, however, want to raise some questions.

We have in here at the present four applications for student programs in the South: yours, Frank Millspaugh's "Books for Equal Education", SSOC's, and the Virginia Students Civil Rights Committee's. It is not possible to put a precise figure on these four because a couple of them ask for contributions to budget, but let's say that they total in the order of $100,000 for one year. I do not think that we are going to make an investment approaching this.

Frank's proposal is somewhat detached from the others, but having the four of them here together presents interesting and humbling questions for me. It is undoubtedly unfair for me to address these questions to you but I do so nevertheless, because yours is the senior organization and I somehow feel that you have a right to a frank discussion.

A key problem for me in preparing my recommendations to my Board lies between you on the one hand, SSOC on the other hand; we can also include the Virginia Committee, because in a sense it is simply the Virginia outreach of SSOC. Your proposal to the Foundation is, as would be expected, much better conceived and developed than is the SSOC proposal. Basically, however, you want to do the same thing. The only real difference is that you promise to use in doing these things more specialized skills.

To be very blunt about it, I do not feel that we should make a decision between you and SSOC. We are a bunch of adults, and though I do not apologize for that I do think it renders us somewhat incapacitated to decide what style of organization is best calculated to appeal to students.

Nor do I feel that it makes much sense for you all to be working separately.

Is it therefore, possible or not possible, wise or unwise, for you and SSOC to talk together and jointly present your program plans? I am not yet able to forget what I know. I have heard all the explanations both from NSA people and from SSOC as to how you differ and as to how you coordinate. I shall be glad to hear from you again on these questions and indeed that is one of the matters that I wish you might speak to. I tell you in advance, however, that these explanations in the past never seemed to me to be very concrete; they were slippery.

I am not raising these questions to you, Phil, out of any negative desires nor out of any utopian fashion for neat, clearcut administration. Proliferation of agencies has never bothered me so long as there was enough work to be done by all and so long as they all did work.

I raise these questions out of my concern for the student movement, if that can be the correct word, in the South. It is weak. Over the last few years, I have had one hope after another punctured that it would gain momentum. As I look down now, I am not convinced that SSOC, for all its shortcomings, is not the one best hope left - and for you too. Isn't a movement like SSOC's what the Southern Project of NSA always wanted and worked to see created?

The drift of that question is, of course, whether NSA should not be throwing its resources now in support of SSOC and in joint, articulated planning with SSOC. It is perhaps presumptuous of me to ask you this question and I do not ask it in any spirit of cutting NSA out. I ask it simply to get your thinking on whether the most fruitful work which NSA could now be doing in the South should not be directed at the strengthening of and in cooperation with SSOC.

Although you, of course, are not outspoken about it, and should not be, you have had as have others some feeling of uncertainty about the program in recent months of the Southern Project. You propose now to recast the project and to enlarge it. I wonder if this is the solution? I had the feeling when I was at SRC that during the last year or so the real problem of the Southern Project had little basically to do with its leadership but rather with the "human relations" approach. Is it perhaps the truth that this whole approach is somewhat outmoded for students work now in the South? I don't think that this is a question which you fully face in your proposal. You say in the proposal that "after some six years in the field, the Association feels that human relations programming will no longer meet the broader needs of the southern student community". I agree. But quite frankly, I don't see that yourproposal gets far away from it. I have the feeling there

is somewhat more realism in SSOC's methods and attitudes. As I look down, there is room for a SSOC, there is room for the kind of quiet and restrained program of Youth Educational Services in North Carolina; but I have a real question, which I would be glad to have you address, as to the likelihood of a stronger movement coming from continuation of the old human relations approach of the Southern Project. I may be dense not to see how your new program differs, and if so you should tell me so with frankness.

For some crazy reason, I have always had undimmed faith in southern students, even the white ones. They have these last few years and are still doing terrific things as individuals and through such organizations as SNCC, and I think there is always the potential for creating what we do not have in the South, despite your best efforts (and our money): i.e., an alert, aware campus movement. I spent some time last month at the University of Michigan and one night was booked to have dinner with the editorial board of the student newspaper. Friends of mine on the faculty consoled me with mock dread at the rough treatment they were sure I would receive from the radicals who edit that lusty newspaper. I ate with four of them including the editor. Imagine my astonishment to discover that the editor of the Michigan student newspaper is from East Point, Georgia (you know what that is)! One of the others of the board who was at dinner was a girl from Meridian, Mississippi! These same kind of students are on southern campuses now. I want you to tell the Field Foundation how to make something important of them.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/je

December 13, 1965

Miss Sue Thrasher
P. O. Box 6403
Nashville, Tennessee 37212

Dear Sue:

Today I received the information about the "think" session scheduled for Christmas vacation. The last SSOC function I know of was a think session. I think we need to think. But is it impossible to act and think at the same time?

Your questions are good. But why ask them to people who already know, or at least think they know, the answers?

Here's my try at answering them:

1. Yes, the South is underdeveloped. Any region having 15 of the 35 million so called poor and roughly one half of the Negro population -- 80% of which is poor is underdeveloped. Why bother with unique identity again?

How Can power be obtained? -- two ways -- get some money - or get lots of people organized somehow. Let's meet and talk about how we can do this.

Southern Campuses: The average southern campus is dead. They train people to do certain skills not to think.

A - 2: Sure the university is training an elite. The overwhelming majority are elite already. When they go. Which theories?

5. University to teach people to question and think.

6. Southern University - they're bad.
Question - How can we make them better?

7. Student's participation -- they can act. -- What do they generally do -- talk.

Things that prevent the student from acting: Regional attitudes, parents, friends, themselves.

B. The Movement in the Community.

1. You answered this one for us - ("maddening, isn't it?") ~~[illegible]~~

2. What have we learned? -- Good question. Why not also - How can we start another Virginia effort?

3. How can we do a real organization effort?

Why do we need another think session? Do we involve people? Do we get any communities organized? Do we work towards changing any of the things we constantly discuss?

Why not get together to plan a summer program for students. 1,000 students trying to organize communities across the South would not only give "us" something to think about but would also give "the South" something about which to think.

Just some "thoughts".

Best wishes,

Al Ulmer

AU:rh

The Boston Globe Wednesday, October 8, 1969

FINANCIAL

DAVID DEITCH

Local control needs a strategy

Community-based economic development in the United States is floundering.

Community groups from Boston to Los Angeles are reacting, not acting, to events beyond their control. Government money has been scarce and is getting scarcer under the Nixon administration. Foundation support has become even more problematical now that foundations themselves are threatened by removal of tax privileges. Private enterprise encouragement has always been miniscule and erratic.

More important, community leaders are lacking a coherent strategy to achieve local economic development. Insofar as an effective politics of community organizing exists only vaguely in the minds of a few intellectuals, talk of community economic development remains premature.

These are some of the depressing results of a conference last week-end in Newton of more than 40 community-based development groups located throughout the country, plus foundation and government people. The conference, designed to exchange information and find out where the movement is headed, was sponsored by The Cambridge Institute, a local organization of activists and researchers working on strategies for social change.

With many participants recognizing community development as a long term proposition requiring the building of a community political base through a workable strategy not yet devised, conference members opted for the interim strategy of organizing themselves.

An ad hoc committee was elected to meet in Los Angeles on Nov. 13-15 and formulate a specific plan to establish a national organization of community development groups, including a lobbying office in Washington, D.C., to represent the interests of community development before local, state and Federal governments, foundations, philanthropies and the corporations.

The committee of 11, chaired by DeLeon McEwan of Fighton Industries, controlled by the Fight Community organization in Rochester, will also form a national "information bank" and "think tank" to define what is meant by community-based economic development in politically acceptable terms. It's generally agreed that community development involves the joint ownership and control of community resources, and joint decision-making over the allocation of profits.

Community-based economic development — or at least the rhetoric — probably hit its high water mark last year when the proposed Community Self-determination Act was introduced in Congress by a number of conservative and liberal senators who recognized that underdeveloped ghetto and rural areas needed a special kind of mixed economy. The legislation would have given the corporations very large tax credits and other financial inducements to build turn-key industries for local communities which would ultimately control the output and profits.

Although acknowledged to be one of the most imaginative pieces of anti-poverty legislation ever proposed in Congress, the Community Self-determination Act was cumbersome in design and extremely controversial. It was permitted to die in committee for "technical" reasons, and with it the main hope of the community builders.

But technical reasons aside, it was clear that the visibility of the community-based legislation was skyrocketing in line with the national furor over demands for community control in many neighborhoods of the nation's largest cities. Community control of public institutions, especially the control of industry, began to come under systematic attack as threatening to the system.

For what happened to the Community Self-determination Act is facing all the groups that today have pretensions of developing their own communities, politically and economically: an insistence by the most powerful elements in the society that there be no public association that might formulate an alternative society to the one that condemns so many people to a miserable life style.

This is where the community-based development groups stand today: scrambling for the dwindling crumbs on the table; or where the few notable successes have occurred, depending on the charity of big corporations to sustain their operations.

Despite the pessimistic conclusions drawn from the development conference, it was a useful undertaking in that it pointed out the necessity of formulating a new set of alternatives to the society and a new strategy for the community builders.

Race Relations
REPORTER

A newsletter published by Race Relations Information Center, Nashville, Tennessee

Vol. 2, No. 4: March 1, 1970

State advisory committees

The U. S. Commission on Civil Rights is planning a national conference for its state advisory committees--the first meeting of all the state groups in about five years. The National SAC Conference will be held at Washington's Statler-Hilton on April 1-3. A commission spokesman in Washington said that the conference would "take a new look" at what the responsibility and continuing roles of the advisory committees should be during "the new era" of civil rights. Each state committee is expected to be represented by its chairman and at least one or two individual members. One area of special interest will be civil rights developments in the growing suburban areas of the nation. Two open meetings on this subject were held recently in Baltimore and St. Louis. Although the formal program has not been announced, it is anticipated that President Nixon will address one session of the national conference. * * *

Black television newsmen

There are, at the most, seven black reporters who appear on network television news broadcasts, network sources have informed RRIC. They are Bill Matney, Gordon Graham and Norma Quarles of NBC; Jim Giggins and Mal Goode of ABC; Hal Walker and Chance Williams of CBS. Matney is White House correspondent for NBC, and Gordon Graham also works out of NBC's Washington bureau. Norma Quarles, who works out of New York, is on the air about twice a month. Giggins is in Vietnam and Goode covers the United Nations for ABC. Walker is in Washington and Williams is in Los Angeles.

Ponchitta Pierce, who had been with CBS in New York, was released on Feb. 19. Lem Tucker, formerly with NBC in New York, resigned some time ago to become news director of WOR-TV in New York. Tucker frequently substituted for Frank Blair as newscaster on NBC's Today show.

Inside This Issue

Blacks share profits of the Muhammad Ali versus Joe Frazier fight.... SEC recuitment of black athletes picks up.... Minority problems still trouble bicentennial plans for 1976.... New York City tries its own plan for training minority construction workers....

Goode, one of the first black newsmen to be employed by a television network, said that only four newscasters appear with any frequency on national television news--Matney, Walker, Giggins and himself. Even these, Goode pointed out, do not appear on regular time segments.

John L. Tweedle Jr., a producer-director for educational television station WTTW in Chicago, quotes a friend who had been laid off from a network as saying that the scarcity of blacks and the absence of other racial minorities in network news organizations show that "minority people in America are experiencing a crisis in electronic communications of alarming proportions." Tweedle was writing in the Chicago Defender. * * *

Media training for minorities

The special media training program for minority groups sponsored each summer by Columbia University's Graduate School of journalism barely survived the economic axe this year. Elie Abel, dean of the school, announced last week, after nearly three months of negotiations, that the 11-week program will begin June 23 for approximately 30 enrollees recruited from across the country. "For the first time in its four-year history, half the summer program will be financed by two of the major networks, CBS and NBC, each contributing $90,000," Abel said. This will be added to a $180,000 Ford Foundation grant, which the school has had on hand for several months. Use of those funds hinged on the agreement of commercial networks to bear a portion of the cost that Ford previously has paid for in full.

"The significance of this is that even in times of shrinking revenues, two of the networks have seen the need to increase the pool of trained minority talent," Abel said. The trainees will be employed by affiliate stations in reportorial-level jobs, which are guaranteed before training starts. During the past three summer sessions, 93 minority group members have been trained and gainfully employed. The only major drawback in this year's program is that print journalism will not be offered. Officials of the program did not state the reasons why. They said about 150 applications have already been received. * * *

New publications

The Urban Institute has initiated a new bi-monthly publication, Search: A Report From the Urban Institute, which "will share the findings, insights, data and further questions that turn up in the research work of The Urban Institute." The Institute is a government-supported, independent corporation created to work with cities to develop plans of action for overcoming their urban problems and serves as a clearinghouse for research. Each issue of Search will feature information and the results from a particular Institute project. (Search, 2100 M Street N. W., Washington, D. C. 20037) * * *

Two black students

The experiences of two blacks who attended predominantly white universities in the North are told in two current national magazines. In the February Redbook, Jan Robinson tells what it's like to be black and female at a school that also is predominantly male, Princeton. Miss Robinson was a 19-year-old from Brooklyn, N. Y., when she entered Princeton as a freshman in the fall of 1969. Her conclusion in an epilogue is: "I fully realize that whatever I achieve and take back to my community will be the result of my own efforts and my own ability. Not because I attended a prestigious school. 'Ivy League' doesn't mean a thing to many Blacks--what I may have to offer does."

In the March Esquire, writer J. Anthony Lukas traces the "first 23 years of Roy DeBerry from a tin-roofed Mississippi shack to the computer building at Brandeis University." DeBerry left Holly Springs, Miss., with experience in voter registration and the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party. His disenchantment with Brandeis led to his eventual leadership of the small group of blacks that took over a university building and submitted demands to the president then, Morris Abrams. DeBerry is quoted as writing of his experiences: "Many of us appear to have taken Brandeis out of the context of American society. I think that we had naively assumed that over a period of time of applying pressure Brandeis would grant the 10 demands. We were partly correct. She would grant more than two thirds of them...If Brandeis would allow blacks to select a director (of black studies), that would mean a redistribution of power--student power and power in black people to control the direction of their lives. Brandeis and the U. S. are very much aware of this. They will use any means necessary in order to hold on to this power. It has to be broken...." * * *

Ask police gun limits

ACTION, a civil rights group in St. Louis headed by Percy Green, wants that city's police department to limit the use of firearms to situations in which an officer is defending himself or another person. If an officer violates the policy, ACTION proposes that he be tried for illegal discharge of firearms and assault to do great bodily harm if an unarmed suspect is injured. He should be tried for first degree murder if the suspect is killed, ACTION says. The group threatens to form a "special black goon squad" that would "kill white fleeing suspects and brutalize white people whenever the opportunity arose" unless the police adopt a policy similar to that suggested by the organization. ACTION also recommends that judges spend at least 30 days a year in confinement "to restore their sense of humanity."

* * *

Station license challenged

Black broadcast reformers in the Oakland-San Francisco Bay Area are planning a blanket challenge of television and radio stations in the area, similar to the landmark citizens' actions of last year in Atlanta, Nashville and other Southern cities. The move is prompted, in part, by the change in format at KSOL, until recently, a black-oriented station in San Francisco. Since January, the station has been broadcasting as KEST, described by officials as a "middle-of-the-road" music outlet. Several of the former black disc jockeys have filed job discrimination charges against the station in federal court. A black citizens' coalition in Oakland and San Francisco is preparing a federal court appeal of the Federal Communications Commission's rejection of their challenge.

In January, the FCC ruled by a 5-1 vote that the changes in neither programming nor call letters raised public-interest questions that would justify a hearing. In casting the lone dissenting vote, Commissioner Nicholas Johnson argued, "Could it be that the white owners of KSOL balked at the increasing social awareness of the black community and took what they saw as the easy way out, rather than face a possible license renewal challenge this year? The case literally cries out for the crucible of an evidentiary hearing." * * *

'Who counts, what counts'

The American Association for Higher Education (AAHE) will focus on a theme "The New Decade: Who Counts, What Counts" at its 26th annual Conference on Higher Education being held in Chicago on March 14-17. More than 2,500 administrative people, faculty members, graduate and undergraduate students and legislators will attend some 60 sessions to discuss current issues and new directions in higher education. Bill Farris, an AAHE spokesman, said that the traditional resolution drawn up on a particular problem facing higher education will be replaced at this year's conference by a general polling of opinions through a survey. Topics to be discussed include teaching on predominantly black college campuses, pros and cons of open college admission, and social needs and responsibilities of the academic man in his community.

Among the invited guests to the conference are Rev. Jesse Jackson, director of SCLC's "Operation Breadbasket"; Dr. James Cheek and Chancellor Alexander Heard, of Howard and Vanderbilt universities, respectively, and presidential advisors on campus unrest; and John Monro, visiting professor at Miles College, formerly of Harvard. * * *

RACE RELATIONS REPORTER is published twice a month by Race Relations Information Center, Box 6156, Nashville, Tenn. 37212, Robert F. Campbell, executive director; Jim Leeson, editor; Mrs. Pat Braden, assistant editor. RRIC, the successor to Southern Education Reporting Service, reports on race relations in the United States. Other publications and the broadcast media are welcome to use any or all of this newsletter, with or without attribution. Telephone: 615 327-1361.

Fight Promoters Include Blacks

The upcoming heavyweight championship bout between Muhammad Ali and Joe Frazier is expected to be one of the biggest money-making sports events of all time. As usual, when two black men try to knock each other's brains out, the bulk of the profits will go to a white man—in this case, Los Angeles multi-millionaire Jack Kent Cooke. But two important black organizations and a number of black businessmen are among the others hoping the fight will do record-breaking closed-circuit television business.

The organizations are Operation Breadbasket, a Chicago-based project of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), and the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE). Breadbasket has obtained rights to televise the fight in its South Side Chicago Martin Luther King Workshop; CORE will air the bout at the 369th National Guard Armory in Harlem, at another Armory in Baltimore and at a race track in suburban Washington, D.C.

Black businessmen, including ex-middleweight champion Sugar Ray Robinson, have obtained exclusive or partial rights in the following cities: Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego and St. Louis. John Ali, formerly national secretary of the Lost-Found Nation of Islam (the Black Muslims), is serving as "closed circuit co-ordinator" in the franchising of closed-circuit broadcast rights.

Despite this seemingly heavy black involvement, a Philadelphia, Pa., black, who formerly directed the SCLC sports project committee, has charged that Chartwell Artists Ltd., the concern that is selling rights to the closed-circuit broadcasts, is out to "rape the black community of its assets, growth potential and spirit." The former SCLC sports official, Joseph D. Peters, has called for a boycott of closed-circuit locations in Philadelphia to protest what he feels has been the systematic exclusion of blacks from the closed-circuit promotion.

C. Sumner Stone, a former aide to Adam Clayton Powell who now is director of Educational Opportunities Projects for Educational Testing Service in Princeton, N.J., is handling press relations for Chartwell. Stone concedes that the firm "has made a number of mistakes." But, he insists, "there has been no freeze-out of blacks."

Jack Kent Cooke put up $4.5 million and the Madison Square Garden, where the fight will take place March 8, chipped in another $500,000 to guarantee Ali and Frazier $2.5 million each for the fight. In exchange, Cooke received the rights to the closed-circuit and other promotional activities, including programs, subsequent film or television showings, etc. He hired Chartwell, a Hollywood firm, to sell franchises for the closed-circuit promotion on state and city-wide bases.

In order to secure a state or city-wide franchise, a local promoter had to post 50 per cent of the potential ticket sale in that area in escrow as a guarantee against 60 per cent of the actual ticket sale. Chartwell will receive whichever sum is larger in exchange for the right to broadcast the fight. Cooke reportedly could make $10 million from the closed-circuit broadcast.

Chartwell's decision to sell the rights on an area-wide basis, instead of to individual theatres, is in marked contrast to previous closed-circuit promotions. And the problem for many black businessmen has been raising enough money to post the guarantee the firm requires. For example: If there are 10,000 potential ticket sales at $15 apiece, $75,000 would have to be posted in escrow as a guarantee.

Peters feels that Chartwell should have allotted 25 per cent of all the closed-circuit locations in the U.S. to black businessmen and that the financial arrangement with black promoters should be altered. He wants a 50-50 split (instead of 60-40), with no guarantee to Chartwell.

Ironically, Chartwell's hard-line position on a guarantee has excluded from the closed-circuit promotion Georgia State Senator Leroy Johnson and Atlanta businessman Jesse Hill Jr. who are generally conceded to be the men principally responsible for returning Ali to boxing, and thereby making this fight possible. Stone said that Johnson and Hill insisted that they should not have to put up a guarantee in exchange for the rights to Atlanta, but their offer was refused. "I think that was a terrible mistake," Stone added.

Both CORE and Breadbasket reportedly have received a much better arrangement on the closed-circuit revenues than private promoters. Nobody will say what that arrangement is, however.

But, Stone continued, Peters's fight is not with Chartwell, but with Music Fair Inc., a firm that bought rights in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Southern New Jersey and the District of Columbia. There was nothing to prevent Music Fair from cutting Peters in on its rights, Stone said.

RRIC contacted Shelly Gross, one of Music Fair's co-owners, who dismissed Peter's call for a boycott as "not rational." But, he conceded that there is a need for more black involvement and that his firm had made efforts to cut black organizations in. "We have always supported the blacks," he said.

He said Music Fair offered to sell to the Opportunities Industrialization Center, a Philadelphia black organization headed by the Rev. Leon Sullivan, several thousand tickets at prices below their retail cost. OIC then could have sold the tickets at retail cost and made a handy profit. But OIC backed out at the last minute.

Stone implied that Music Fair was trying to buy off black protest through this gesture. "It's just some more of that nigger leader bullshit," he said.

After the OIC deal fell through, Gross said he was approached by CORE and representatives of the Baltimore Black United Front. Arrangements were worked out to give the black groups rights in the Baltimore Armory and the Washington race track. But again, at the last minute something went awry and some of the BUF members pulled out. CORE, however, stayed on.

Subsequently, Gross said, Peters approached him with an offer to buy the rights in Wilmington, Del., in partnership with a black physician. But, said, Gross, "When I explained the economics of the thing to the doctor, he said, 'This isn't such a good deal, I'll have to think about

it and call you back.' He hasn't called back."

Instead, Peters drew up a statement charging Chartwell with discriminating against black promoters, and calling for an arrangement whereby 50 per cent of the revenues drawn from the closed-circuit promotion in each state would be turned over to black organizations "to combat drugs and crime." The Philadelphia chapter of SCLC, of which Peters is a member, also threw up picket lines at stores selling tickets in the Philadelphia area. SCLC headquarters in Atlanta said the national organization would take no position on the boycott.

Peters doesn't expect the picket lines and the boycott to accomplish much, although both he and Gross agree that ticket sales are going very slowly. But Peters feels that the major purpose of the boycott is to educate blacks to the intricacies of the fight promotion business so that the next time around, they can get more involved in it.

Blacks Seek Role In Bicentennial

Minority participation is one of the several problems continuing to confront the nation's planned observance of its 200th anniversary in 1976. Recently, a new black group in Washington, D. C., the Afro-American Bicentennial Corporation (ABC), asked the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission (ARBC) for sanction as the official agency to co-ordinate the observance in the black communities.

ABC president Vincent de Forest, who is with the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, explained that a principal goal of his group is to assure that the black man's role in the 200-year development and growth of the nation is not overlooked. More important, he feels, is ABC's plan to help communities develop projects for their benefit, after the celebrations have ended. Thus the ABC theme: "Beyond the Fireworks of '76."

The national commission has made no formal decision on the ABC proposal, but a number of ARBC members reportedly favor ABC, at least in part. This may not necessarily mean that the Afro-American Bicentennial Corporation will become the primary agency for coordinating black bicentennial projects.

ARBC program director Lynn Carroll told RRIC that even before ABC submitted its proposal in January, the commission was well aware of the black representation issue. Leaders in black—and other non-white communities in America—have been invited to submit their ideas to ARBC, Dr. Carroll said. "But for the most part," he complained, "our letters have gone unanswered." He called this regrettable, saying, "We definitely are interested in ideas from minorities." From another ARBC source, RRIC has learned that of some 300 proposals, only a handful have come from blacks.

Carroll attributes much of the non-whites' indifference to what he calls "an overall misconception of the bicentennial as just another world's fair exposition." He stressed the three main themes of the bicentennial:

- *Heritage '76*—Described in an ARBC brochure as "a nationwide summons to recall our heritage and to place it in its historical perspective . . . . to take pride in our accomplishments and to dramatize our development."
- *Open House U.S.A.*—"A nationwide opportunity to program activities and events, to stimulate travel, and to encourage our citizens to expand their knowledge of our country and extend a particular welcome to visitors."
- *Horizons '76*—"A nationwide challenge to every American, acting individually or with others . . . to pool . . . resources and talents in a constructive effort to demonstrate concern for human welfare, happiness and freedom."

"The bicentennial, then, is not just people going around in historic costumes," Carroll said. Dr. Carroll also conceded that many blacks, as well as a number of Indians, Mexicans, and other minorities, undoubtedly agree with the black Philadelphian who commented, "We don't have any reason to have a bicentennial. The black man still is not free."

As the spirit of Pan-Africanism and black liberation grows in black communities, particularly among the young activists, black participation in the celebration of America's freedom is seen as detracting from the black quest for freedom. There is no accurate measure of black disagreement with the very idea of a U. S. bicentennial, but de Forest believes, "Most minorities look on the bicentennial as a celebration that we don't fit into."

De Forest anticipates that many blacks will view ABC with suspicion—no matter how black-controlled it professes to be or how "black" its officials talk. They will have to be assured, he says, "that ABC is not taken over by the commission." But, he reasons, "There is going to be a bicentennial, like it or not. And black people had better get on the bandwagon now, before they get rolled under."

De Forest is confident that when blacks realize ABC is stressing community advancement beyond the bicentennial, and that ABC intends only to help communities plan and develop their own programs, then any suspicion will abate. He also believes ABC can avert fiascos, such as the one in Philadelphia, where black disenchantment with proposals of the Philadelphia 1976 Bicentennial Corporation (the city's official planning agency) helped lead to the eventual disintegration of the original board of directors.

Because of its role in American history, Philadelphia was chosen as the focal site of the 200th anniversary fete, with an international exposition as part of its program. Last fall, most of the 22 black members of the old 116-member board walked out of the meeting at which a $1.2 billion master plan was adopted. (*Race Relations Reporter*, Vol. 1, No. 19: Nov. 2, 1970).

The blacks' chief grievances were the inclusion of so many board members who they said were out of touch with the poor, especially the black poor; the massive plan for exposition sites and community revampment that they feared would result in wholesale displacement of black families; and the belief among some that a white-con-

The Afro-American Bicentennial Corporation (ABC) has submitted a proposal to the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission (ARBC) emphasizing the importance of their co-ordinating the observance activities in the black community.

trolled nation's celebration of freedom is irrelevant to a black population still being denied full, first-class citizenship. Since then, a predominantly black group in the city has proposed an "Afro-American Exhibit."

Philadelphia's plan was rejected by the U. S. Commerce Department as too expensive, and internal conflict continued. RRIC learned recently that the 116-member panel was disbanded and that a steering committee has been assigned to name a smaller, "more manageable" board. When asked what means were being taken to guarantee minority representation on the new board, one official said only that community groups were being consulted in the region—Pennsylvania, Delaware and New Jersey—"regardless of race," for nominations. According to the official, the new board will be announced some time in March. . . . B. G.

Black Recruiting Increases In SEC

By Frye Gaillard

The number of blacks playing in the previously all-white Southeastern Conference apparently will continue to increase in the next few seasons. With the football recruiting season drawing to a close, striking gains have been made even at such Deep South Schools as Alabama and Mississippi State.

One sign of the changing times was the unprecedented contest between coaches Paul "Bear" Bryant of Alabama and Charles Shira of Mississippi State to obtain the services of a black quarterback named Melvin Barkum. Barkum, an all-American high schooler from Gulfport, Miss., was described by one Alabama aide as "the best football player anybody around here has ever seen," and Bryant himself apparently shared the sentiment. The legendary coach, whose career includes 199 victories, reportedly spent two and a half days in Gulfport trying to woo Barkum to Alabama, but in the end the young star chose Mississippi State.

"We thought we had him," said one of Bryant's aides. "He told us all along he was coming, but at the last minute he changed his mind. I think he just decided he wanted to play in Mississippi."

Even the University of Mississippi, one of the last schools at which the football team remains segregated, earnestly sought the services of Barkum, and Melvin is reported to have given serious consideration to going there. One source close to Ole Miss said, however, that Barkum was offended when a university recruiter referred to him as "boy," and that the black quarterback subsequently narrowed his decision to either Alabama or Mississippi State.

If Barkum does make the grade athletically and academically at Mississippi State—and there is no reason to believe he will not—he will become the second black to play a major role in the school's football fortunes. Last season, a black defensive back named Frank Dowsing was a stand-out on a much-improved State team that posted a 6-5 record, including a late-season upset of Ole Miss.

But Barkum will not be the first black quarterback to play at a predominantly white, Deep South school, and he may not even be the first black to play quarterback in the SEC. In 1970, a black sophomore named Eddie McAshan was the starting signal-caller for Georgia Tech—one of the South's strongest non-conference schools. And in the SEC itself, Vanderbilt's freshman team was led by a black quarterback named Walter Overton, whose play has drawn praise from Vandy's head football coach, Bill Pace.

"Walter is very fast and has a strong throwing arm," Pace has said, and he added that Vanderbilt plans to use Overton as a varsity quarterback—particularly if Vandy's first-string quarterback, Watson Brown, fails to recover from a knee injury that plagued him all of last year.

What is responsible for the increased emphasis on blacks in the SEC? One answer undoubtedly is the lawsuit black students at the University of Alabama filed in 1969 against Bear Bryant. They charged that Bryant had failed to recruit blacks as actively as he had recruited whites and that this violated the 14th Amendment of the U. S. Constitution.

At a hearing in the summer of 1970, the black students agreed to a probationary delay in the case to see if Bryant would be able to break the color barrier in more than a token way. Apparently, he has succeeded.

U. W. Clemon, a civil rights lawyer from Birmingham who is handling the case against the University of Alabama, told RRIC that in all probability the suit will be dropped. "He (Bryant) has tried like everything to recruit blacks," Clemon explained. A university spokesman said Alabama has signed five black football players and that one of them, a junior college transfer named John Mitchell, is expected to play defensive end on next year's varsity. The spokesman added that three blacks have been signed to basketball scholarships and one to a track scholarship.

Whether all the blacks will make the team remains to be seen, but it does seem clear that the day of lily-white squads are a thing of the past at Alabama, which, like Ole Miss, was one of the last hold-outs.

Many observers believe, however, that the suit against Bryant—combined with a changing climate in the South—merely gave him an excuse to do something he had wanted to do for a long time: move into a source of talent that previously had been closed to him. "We are not recruiting on the basis of race," one 'Bama aide explained to RRIC. "Our record has been down some in the past couple of years."

In Louisiana, the recruiting of black athletes even reached the gubernatorial level when Gov. John McKeithen joined LSU's efforts to recruit a black football player, Lorenzo Scott. The governor traveled to Scott's New Orleans high school and spoke to the student body about

In August, 1970, RRIC published a special report on "The Black Athlete—1970," which included a section on "Crumbling Segregation in the Southeastern Conference" by Frye Gaillard. In this current story, Gaillard reports on the latest efforts to recruit black athletes at the predominantly white universities in the Southeastern Conference. Black football players are especially sought after by these schools, including the University of Alabama, where a discrimination suit was pending against Coach "Bear" Bryant.

the desirability of Scott playing for LSU. Scott, who had signed a non-binding letter of intent with Notre Dame, says he still plans to go to Notre Dame, but does not rule out the possibility of changing his mind. He must decide by May 1.

Other SEC coaches, noting the disproportionately large number of blacks playing professional athletics, point out that it is self-defeating for their conference to continue a policy of racial exclusion. And some, like Vanderbilt's Bill Pace, add that recruiting without regard to race is simply the right thing to do.

When conference officials met earlier this year, they took a step that may make recruiting blacks easier. The officials dropped the minimum ACT and SAT standardized test scores for incoming athletes and fell back on the more lenient admissions requirements adopted by the National Collegiate Athletic Association. In applauding the move, sports columnist F. M. Williams of the *Nashville Tennessean* contended that the only reason the standardized tests were required previously was to "keep the black athlete out of school."

But now that blacks are being admitted at a more rapid rate, some disturbing questions remain concerning their treatment once they arrive. Fans at Ole Miss, one of the league's most conservative schools, and Vanderbilt, one of the most liberal, hurled racial abuse at black athletes on opposing teams last football season. And in the Vanderbilt Invitational Basketball Tournament last December, a black player from St. John's College in New York claimed he was booed incessantly.

Exactly how widespread such blatant practices are is difficult to determine. It only takes a few fans with strong vocal cords to make black players feel quite unwelcome. But there are other problems, much more subtle, that have sparked racial unrest on athletic teams all over the country.

For example, blacks have protested the absence of black coaches and cheerleaders, the fact that most schools spend vastly more on athletic scholarships than on scholarships for the poor, inadequate campus social life for minorities, the absence or de-emphasis of black studies programs, and dozens of other problems.

It remains to be seen whether the SEC will simply repeat the mistakes of such schools as Syracuse, the University of Washington, the University of Wyoming, Indiana University and many others, or whether, in an ironic twist, the last conference to desegregate will learn from the racial blunders of others and avoid them.

NY Training Plan Faces Opposition

BY REGINALD STUART

The Nixon administration has announced it will expand to over 100 other American cities its "Philadelphia Plan" for training minorities for the building and construction trades. New York City has adopted its own plan, which is compared here with the provisions of the one originated in Philadelphia. Reginald Stuart, an RCA-NBC Fellow at the Graduate School of Journalism, Columbia University, is a graduate of Tennessee State University in Nashville. He worked as a reporter on the *Nashville Tennessean* and later as a reporter and producer for WSIX-TV Nashville.

Opposition is growing against the controversial New York Plan to speed and expand the training of minority group members in the building and construction trades in New York City. The plan was announced in December, 1970, by New York Gov. Nelson Rockefeller and New York City Mayor John Lindsay at a joint news conference. Gov. Rockefeller called the plan "an important step forward" in efforts to get people off welfare and on payrolls.

But organizations concerned with the future of blacks and Puerto Ricans in New York's billion dollar construction market, differed with Rockefeller and Lindsay and called the plan "fraudulent," "racist," and "deceitful." Organizations that have come out publicly against the plan include the NAACP, through its labor director, Herbert Hill; the Association of United Contractors of America, AUCOA, a Harlem-based group of more than 100 small minority group contractors and sub-contractors; Harlem Fight Back and Employment Project, a minority group job placement service; and the Columbia Center on Social Welfare Policy and Law, a Columbia University affiliated project. On separate occasions and jointly, the groups have demanded that the New York Plan be scrapped, government approval withdrawn and a new plan that includes minority group members in every phase of planning, implementation and policing be adopted.

The present New York Plan was drawn by union officials and representatives of the major construction concerns in New York. A "union-management plan," as it is called, the New York Plan seeks enrollment of 800 trainees during the first year of operation, with each trainee given job training, instruction, counseling, and remedial education at a central training center. This is about as specific as the plan gets, except when it goes into the areas of designating authority for implementation and regulation.

Mayor Lindsay said the plan was "a fair and appropriate statement . . . even with the weaknesses that may be in it . . . it is the best of its kind in the country."

But those objecting to the plan pointed out that major improvements would be needed even if New York wanted to put its plan beside the Philadelphia Plan, which has drawn its share of criticism. Some examples of the shortcomings of the New York Plan, as compared with the Philadelphia Plan, were cited recently by AUCOA and the Center on Social Welfare Policy and Law:

- Compliance with the New York Plan is voluntary in that contractors and unions may or may not choose to sign it, but compliance with the Philadelphia Plan is mandatory unless exempted by an otherwise qualifying plan.
- The New York Plan applies to trainees only and not to already qualified minority craftsmen except that it may require them to come under the plan at trainee wages. (There are no official statistics but estimates are that minority groups here compose less than 10 per cent of the nearly 200,000 member construction industry in the New York area.) The Philadelphia Plan covers the entire work force under federally assisted contracts.

• The New York Plan would be controlled by an administrative committee dominated by union-management (six of the 10 members are representatives of union-management) as appointed by the recently established New York Building and Construction Industry Urban Affairs Fund, which is union-management. The Philadelphia Plan is controlled by the Office of Federal Compliance.

• There is a central training facility for all training (indicating "separate but equal"), which is not funded by unions or management but by the state and local government, whereas the Philadelphia Plan calls for on-the-job training through apprenticeship programs, funded by unions and contractors. Minority trainees are locked into lengthy apprenticeship schedules (sometimes up to five years) in the New York Plan, but the Philadelphia Plan is shortened and minority trainees may progress as rapidly as their ability allows.

• The maximum number of trainees is set at 800 for the first year. But there is no mention in the New York Plan of a minimum and conceivably it is possible that the plan would not be breached if no trainees at all were placed. And there is no guarantee for union membership at the end of training.

• The New York Plan establishes no fixed percentage of minority workers for any particular trades, but under the Philadelphia Plan, fixed percentages of minority manhours are required for the six major skilled trades through the next four years, increasing to 19-26 per cent total manhours in 1974.

• The New York Plan only becomes effective when government funds for operating it are received. The Philadelphia Plan went into effect immediately without prior conditions.

• Under the New York Plan, only trainees can file grievances and complaints, which are then resolved by arbitrators chosen by the administrative committee. The Philadelphia Plan calls for such complaints to be investigated by the Office of Contract Compliance, and if the charges are found valid, the OCC may impose numerous sanctions, including termination of contract and disbarment.

So far neither Mayor Lindsay, Gov. Rockefeller nor labor leader Peter Brennan have publicly reacted to the charges against the New York Plan. In fact, on Jan. 18, Mayor Lindsay "secretly" issued Executive Order 31, giving the New York Plan the effect of law by saying all previous orders of the same nature shall not conflict with the plan, and eliminating previous anti-employment discrimination executive orders insofar as they apply to public contracts.

In reacting to the plan, the NAACP, Harlem Fight Back and the Center on Social Welfare Policy and Law issued a joint statement in early January, which in part said:

> *"The plan must be recognized for what it is: a relinquishing of governmental power to prevent discrimination in favor of those responsible for that discrimination, construction industry management and labor unions, in exchange for absolutely nothing."*

The New York State Advisory Committee to the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights is expected to join the opposition next month (March). The committee has been holding hearings throughout the state on similar plans issued in other cities, and will hold hearings in New York City on March 9 and 23. The committee is expected to take an official position against the plan and ask that it be rejected by the appropriate federal authorities.

The Joint Apprenticeship Program of the Workers Defense League has not taken an official stand, but an administrator for the New York program said "our program complements what the unions will be doing, so we don't see a conflict right now and have nothing to say about the plan itself." Officials at the Bedford-Styvesant Restoration Corporation report that the plan is too vague to them to say what effect it will have on the small training programs the corporation operates for its own project. But one official cautioned, "We are watching."

SC Events Recall Students' Deaths

By John Egerton

On the night of Feb. 8, 1968, 30 young blacks on the campus of South Carolina State College in Orangeburg were felled by gunfire from the weapons of South Carolina state patrolmen. Three of those who were hit died of their wounds. That spasm of violence was the tragic climax to a year of discord, and it was the beginning of a legal, political and racial controversy that is still going on three years later.

What has come to be known as "the Orangeburg Massacre" is an ineradicable memory on the campus of South Carolina State, and it has not been forgotten, either, elsewhere in that state or in such faraway places as the highest offices of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. There have been charges and countercharges, there have been inquiries and trials and convictions and acquittals, but sharply conflicting accounts of what happened that night—and how it happened, and why—still separate the various parties involved.

In the past six months, three events have rekindled the controversy. The first was the trial of Cleveland Sellers, a 26-year-old black man who was on the state college campus when the shootings occurred. Second was the publication of a book about the incident: *The Orangeburg Massacre,* by Jack Nelson of the *Los Angeles Times* and Jack Bass of the *Charlotte Observer.* And finally, there was the occasion, on Feb. 8, of a campus observance of the third anniversary of the tragedy.

> *After a federal grand jury in Columbia, South Carolina's capital, refused to return indictments against any of the state patrolmen involved in the shooting, a criminal information was filed against nine patrolmen, charging them with violating the civil rights of the wounded students. A jury that included two Negroes found the defendants not guilty. The only black person charged in the episode was Cleveland Sellers, a native of nearby Denmark and an organizer for the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee. He was accused of arson, inciting to riot, assault and battery with intent to kill, destruction of personal property, damaging real property, housebreaking, and grand larceny, and his bond was set at $50,000.*

At Sellers' trial in September, 1970, Circuit Judge John Grimball said the state presented "no evidence whatever" to connect Sellers with a role in the events of Feb. 8, 1968, and the judge directed an acquittal on the charges.

But a revision of the original indictment linked Sellers to a confrontation between police and students that took place on the night of Feb. 6, 1968, and the jury in Judge Grimball's court convicted Sellers of participating in the Feb. 6 incident.

Sellers' attorney, Fred Moore of Charleston, appealed the conviction to the South Carolina Supreme Court. A decision on the appeal is not expected before late spring. Moore says he is "optimistic about the outcome." He adds: "The indictment against Sellers was amended at the end of the trial. I would be shocked out of my mind if the conviction is not reversed."

Sellers is free on $5,000 bond pending the appeal, and no specified restrictions have been placed on him by the court. He now lives in North Carolina.

The second event to stir memories of the shooting was the publication of the Nelson-Bass book. Several months before it came out, the authors' relationship with World Publishing (the publisher) and its vice president, Peter V. Ritner, became strained as a result of misunderstandings and disagreements over the book. After the book had been on the market a few months, the author-publisher rift had become so serious that the writers raised a question whether the book "in effect is being suppressed."

Their disagreement ranged over several matters—manuscript handling, promotion, advertising, distribution. The authors were further frustrated by the fact that some bookstores (including two in Columbia) refused to carry the book, and by the refusal of a newspaper syndicate to serialize the book after first saying it was eager to do it. The head of the syndicate reportedly told a representative of the publisher that he was a personal friend of FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover, and syndication was therefore out of the question because Hoover "would get back to me on it."

The book was critical of the FBI's handling of the Orangeburg investigation, and as soon as Hoover saw it he fired off a sharp rebuttal. In a letter published by the Charlotte Observer *last October, Hoover attacked parts of the book as "a shopworn canard" and "completely false," and he concluded that the book "is so biased in its attempt to smear the FBI that it raises serious questions as to the competence and objectivity of the authors." Former South Carolina Gov. Robert E. McNair, who also came in for some criticism in the book, characterized it in an interview as "more fiction than it is fact."*

Nelson and Bass have given no ground to the critics, and their defense has generally been supported by reviews of the book, most of which have been highly favorable. On the campus of South Carolina State there is an apparent consensus that the book is an accurate and complete account of the incident: The student government has bought and distributed 500 copies, the campus bookstore reports a brisk sale, and there has been a steady demand for the library's four copies. The downtown library in Orangeburg also has two copies, both of which stay on loan, and the town's only bookstore sold the two copies it had in stock and has ordered more.

The third event to stir recollections of the fatal shootings took place last month when the third anniversary of the tragedy was observed on the college's campus. In Hammond-Middleton-Smith Auditorium (named for Samuel Hammond Jr., Delano Middleton and Henry Smith, the three dead youths), students and faculty, joined by the parents of the ones who died, heard a speech by James Clyburn, a graduate of the college and now a special assistant to South Carolina's new governor, John C. West.

On the day before the observance, a group called the Student Organization for Black Unity (SOBU) held a "commemorative service for the Orangeburg-Sharpeville Massacre" on the campus of Benedict College in Columbia. (Sharpeville refers to a mass killing of blacks in South Africa several years ago.) On the afternoon of Feb. 8, after Clyburn's address, SOBU convened another meeting, this time on the campus of South Carolina State. SOBU is headquartered in Greensboro, N. C., and closely related to Malcolm X University, which is headed by Howard Fuller. At the Feb. 8 SOBU meeting, both Fuller and Cleveland Sellers spoke to an all-black audience. The only white person who tried—without success—to attend was Jack Bass, co-author of "The Orangeburg Massacre."

What happened in Orangeburg three years ago has affected the lives of many South Carolinians. Some things have changed, for both better and worse. And some things remain the same. In downtown Orangeburg, on the village green, three flags fly on the city's flagpole. One is the American flag, another is the South Carolina state flag, and the third is the battle flag of the Confederate States of America.

NEWS ANALYSIS

Civil Rights in South Quieter in 70's

BY JIM LEESON

During the decade of the 60's, it was obvious where the civil rights "action" was. The impact of the firehoses and police dogs in Birmingham, the confrontation at the Selma bridge, the open resistance by white parents and public officials to school desegregation—all held the center stage on radio and television, and on the front pages of the newspapers. The names "King" and "Kennedy" led a list of men who provided inspirational leadership for the movement on a national basis. Slogans and acronyms identified with the various fronts of the civil rights movement were readily identifiable to large segments of the nation.

Where today are the causes, the leaders, the slogans, the organizations that have an image and impact comparable to those of the 60's? Or, for that matter, where have the followers of the leaders gone, the blacks who once

The characteristics of the civil rights picture in the 1970's are so different from the dramatic action of the 1960's as to cause some concern as to whether "the movement" is dead or dying. Two men who figured in the South's civil rights struggle of the 60's tell where they think "the action is" today.

marched in the streets, the white liberals who openly supported changing the South? Is the civil rights movement in the 70's dead . . . or just different? And what has caused the change? Obviously, those are major questions that draw different answers.

The drama of civil rights in the South during the 1960's contrasts sharply with the quieter 1970's, causing some to consider the civil rights movement per se *as being dead, or at least at a standstill. A variety of reasons are cited. Another view is that the civil rights movement, through a natural evolvement, has entered a second stage that is less visible but just as essential. Those same reasons that can be said to have caused the "death" of the movement are considered in this instance only to hamper the effectiveness of current civil rights activity. Some of the reasons that are said to have influenced the "death" or the "effectiveness" of civil rights are:*

- The Nixon Administration—Despite the administration's protests that it has received little credit for making civil rights accomplishments, President Nixon, Attorney General Mitchell and lesser members of the administration are still seen as "unsympathetic." Some critics of the administration go a step further and say that the government deliberately works to hinder advancement of civil rights.
- Black Militancy—Beginning in the latter part of the 60's, "white liberal" and "integration" came into disfavor among many blacks and the more militant blacks eventually rejected any association with whites. Even some of the less militant blacks found themselves being rejected.
- Loss of Leaders—The deaths of Martin Luther King and John and Robert Kennedy left civil rights activists without leaders who provided the encouragement and inspiration necessary for a regional or nationwide movement.
- Competing Issues—The anti-war movement has attracted many who might otherwise be active in civil rights activities. And the national war effort in Vietnam has diverted money and public interest from the civil rights issue. More recently, such issues as ecology and sexual freedom entered into competition. And the civil rights picture has broadened to include all parts of the country.
- Federal Co-optation—With the advent of large spending programs on poverty, education, community action and civil rights, the government hired large numbers of activists, at considerably higher salaries. A human relations worker making four or five thousand dollars in the sixties could easily get a federal job paying at least double that amount, if not more. The two-fold effect was to bring an activist into the establishment and to accustom him to a standard of living that would make him dependent upon the system. The government openings scooped up a considerable portion of the civil rights leadership, from the local level on up. One civil rights activist who stayed with a private organization reports that it takes "three or four drinks" for some of the former activists now with the government to admit they would like to quit "if they could find a job paying that kind of money."
- Tight Money—Federal legislation has made foundations more careful about the types of programs eligible for grants. And economic conditions generally have limited the amount of money available.

Whether these conditions have "killed" or merely "injured" the region's civil rights movement, many of the organizations and the people of the sixties are still alive and kicking for change. Two of these civil rights activists are Paul Anthony and John Lewis. Anthony is white and heads the Southern Regional Council, a group that admittedly has focused on the white liberal, using the more scholarly approach of research and information. Lewis, who is black, now heads the Voter Education Project, whose primary goal is a more direct activism—registration of Southern blacks.

John Lewis has experienced the whole spectrum of civil rights activity in the South, beginning with the Nashville sit-ins in 1960, continuing with the Student Non-Violent Co-Ordinating Committee (SNCC—"Snick") across the South, and now serving as head of VEP in Atlanta. Lewis believes that the civil rights movement has not died but has developed into its natural second stage.

"We no longer have the national symbols, the national leaders or the thrusts that you witnessed during the early and mid-sixties," Lewis said recently. "'But the spirit of the movement and the concern, for the most part, are still there. It's the concern of local leaders and indigenous organizations through the region.

"Although we don't have 'Snick' and 'Slick' (SCLC—Southern Christian Leadership Conference) and CORE (Congress of Racial Equality) working throughout the Deep South as they once did, the spirit of the movement is still very much alive in the concern of the people," Lewis said. "It was good to have those civil rights organizations to go through the South to inspire the people to act. However, Dr. King and CORE and the others couldn't remain in the community forever. The people had to act on their own."

Lewis sees that civil rights action now is the "tedious, nitty-gritty" work at the local level, bringing into practice the legal principles that were won by the mass marches and protests. "Without the drama, without the press, it's that type of work that will have a real impact on county and city government, on the lives of the people."

"Selma, Birmingham, St. Augustine, Albany—there was no master plan or blueprint on how to move from one step to another. But out of this crisis, what has developed is a new face of the movement—concern over political power, economic development, a great interest on the part of the people," Lewis said.

In the majority-black communities, such as Hancock County, Ga.; Jefferson County, Miss.; or Greene County, Ala., blacks found that even with control of the elective offices, unless they gained economic power the white people still remained in control, Lewis explained. The "civil rights" goal then becomes one of providing the black elected officials with technical assistance on how to establish an economic base, how to bring in jobs. "We must provide them with something that the people can get hold of," Lewis declared. "If not, they will have the same kind of frustration as under the whites. And whites would say, 'Look, they elected blacks and they couldn't produce.' "

Where have the white liberals gone, the churchwomen, the wives of businessmen, the members of an "old family" who participated in the civil rights of the sixties? "They're around," Lewis said, "but for some reason they are out of it now. More and more, they are doing things on their own.

"After the Selma crisis, we had a period where more and more people would say, 'I will do something as an in-

Mr. Robert Boldt, Jr.
ACLU
5 Forsyth, N.W.
Atlanta, Ga. 30303

Address correction requested

FIRST CLASS MAIL

RACE RELATIONS REPORTER
RRIC, P.O. Box 6156
Nashville, Tennessee 37212

NASHVILLE TENNESSEE

First Class Mail
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID 6¢
PERMIT 1933

dividual.' There still is some fear of being identified as a 'white liberal.' But they say, 'I don't have to make a statement; I will just do; I will act.' "

In the whole struggle, the federal government of the sixties played the role of "sympathetic referee," Lewis said. "Today, people—black and white—don't see the government as a sympathetic referee. Local people feel completely out of it as far as the federal government is concerned. The federal government is not responding."

The King and Kennedy assassinations also had their effect on the spirit of the people, Lewis believes. "The little people—again, black and white—identified with them. They had a greater degree of hope."

These developments and new conditions have some implications for Lewis's Voter Education Project but the emphasis will remain on the basic goal of local voter registration of blacks. VEP makes small grants only to local, indigenous groups across the South. "We probably have greater contact with local groups than any other organization and I see us as broadening that base of contact," Lewis said. VEP has funded its first Mexican-American group in Texas and is planning to help register some low-income whites in Tennessee.

As an organization primarily for white liberals, Southern Regional Council is concerned about its role in the new stage of the region's civil rights activity. SRC currently has a Special Review Committee to study how the organization should operate and what its goals should be.

SRC's executive director, Paul Anthony, says that "one of the most pertinent questions today is, 'Where is the white liberal, what is he doing?' " He continued:

"You could argue, for all purposes, that SRC is a middle-class outfit, both white and black members. You could argue that we are—as we have traditionally been—particularly conscious of the white community as our constituency and, I repeat, that is not our whole constituency. . . . But we have tried to reach the white opinion makers and the white leadership."

Although SRC formally ended its membership program in the mid-fifties, the organization has provided financial and technical assistance to state human relations councils over the years. "In 15 years, SRC spent more than $2 million on locally controlled, inter-racial movements," Anthony said.

"Where they now are vigorous, they are vigorous largely because they have, for all purposes, given up any emphasis on encouraging an inter-racial harmony per se. *They have adopted a constituency far more specific and controllable. The best example is the Georgia Council on Human Relations, which remains a statewide inter-racial effort but has a vigorous young black man as its director. Its sole program is black economic development in Hancock County, Ga."*

Blacks are in political control in that black-majority county and the economic development programs there include a catfish farm co-operative, a loan fund for black businessmen, a black theater and a cement-block factory. The Georgia Council will receive grants totalling one million dollars this year, according to Anthony, and will spend "99 per cent on that one project in Hancock County." This will amount to more than all the other state councils together will receive, he noted.

"Southern Regional Council came into existence symbolically as a body of Southerners, white and black, and has had an overriding purpose during its lifespan to integrate the institutions of the region," Anthony said. "They have attempted to do this—and still do—largely through having white and black Southerners persuading those who control institutions or make policy, to integrate."

Anthony reports that there currently is a "vocal minority" opposed to this role for his organization. "A majority of the staff and council leadership still wants SRC to have the purpose of integration as its overwhelming purpose. We want to be the influence that causes others to make this happen," he says.

But opposition to this role comes from "young blacks" on to "foundation officials," who refer derogatorily to such a role as "teasipping" and "not where the action is." Anthony notes that "there is precious little place any more in government or in the foundations for the gentlemanly conniver."

Anthony reports that he has far more difficulty raising foundation support for his three-quarters of million dollar budget than he would have for raising the same amount for a local action project.

"If SRC wanted to be an action agency, we could do so." But he is convinced that both approaches—the "gentlemanly conniver" and that of an action program—are necessary. "If everyone jumps on the single approach, we will be making a mistake," he said.

RAYMOND M. WHEELER, PRESIDENT
JOSEPHINE WILKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT
C. G. GOMILLION, VICE-PRESIDENT
LUCIUS H. PITTS, VICE-PRESIDENT
FRANK SMITH, VICE-PRESIDENT
VIVIAN W. HENDERSON, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
PAUL ANTHONY, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern [illegible], Inc.
5 FORSYTH STREET, N. [illegible] 30303

copy

A Council to attain the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South

March 8, 1971

Miss Josephine Wilkins
Sheraton-Biltmore Hotel
817 W. Peachtree St. NE
Atlanta, Ga. 30383

Dear Miss Wilkins:

I'm so sorry I missed you last week. ~~I do look forward to meeting you.~~ Going through the files of the Council has ~~really~~ been very fascinating, and I would ~~very much~~ certainly enjoy talking to someone who has been such an important participant in all this history.

I am sending you three letters from Mrs. Roosevelt dated June 18 and July 6, 1959 and June 24, 1960~~, which I have made copies of for our files~~. They were in a folder labeled "Board Josephine Wilkins" which contains a number of other letters which I think you might be interested in. There are, for example, copies of several letters from you to Mrs. Roosevelt in 1957, 1959, and 1960, from you to Dean Rusk in 1962 and 1966, and between you and Senator Herbert Lehman in 1959. I found another folder labeled "Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt" which you might also like to look through. I will keep both of them at my desk until you come by.

I will watch for other relevent correspondence ~~which you might want to have~~ as I continue working through the files. And please let me know if I can be of any ~~other~~ ~~help to you.~~ further assistance.

Yours,

Jacquelyn Hall

Dear Paul,

Somehow the staff meeting about SRC's invovlement with big business didn't clarify the positions of those of us that oppose such a move. This letter is an attempt to explain the basis for my opposition to the SRC receivng financial assistnace from big business and to the use of a public relation's agency to make the exploration for such assistance.

Before I give a couple of specific examples let me offer a generalty that I consider to be important. My feeling is that SRC should be moving in the direction of the large group of people in the South that have been shut out of the economy and most everything else, and not in the direction of those who in many ways have done the shutting out. If we moved in the direction of the people we would have to do certain things, among them; try our hands at new and creative methods of urban organization; rural demonsrations to prove there is an alternative to the city for poor people; development of education and informational literature for the adult illiterate or semi-literate; and other experimental projects. Backed with the council's reputation, resources, and research experitise such projects could be given the respectability and technical assistance they require to succeed. In summary, we need to lend our reputation and resources to what needs being done. It is evident that we are not moving in this direction at the present time. However, some of us on the staff feel that we can influence at least some of the resouces of SRC in this direction. ~~By making~~ Because of this move toward big business I personally have begun to wonder what role there is with the council for a person like me, other than sort of a "pet" in house radical, or whatever I am. But the question of funds from business ~~is much more important~~ has much larger implications than its effect on one staff member or half a dozen staff members. I was just using myself as an example, (perhaps a poor one) of a group of people I feel will play an important part in the work of the next few years, the people between the ages of 20 and 30 who are thoroughly dissatisfied with the present system of a profit-motivated society. To them the acceptance of business funds will influence our loyalty away from the South's poor people and twards its ins-

titutions, whether in truth this happnes or not. I wonder if we can afford to alienate the very people that I think we should be trying to get to be members of the council both as board members and staff? Also, they are likely to be an important part of what could be a most influential coalition of student and young radical type people and the poor, especially the poor who are aware of why they are poor.

In terms of specifics, let me give an example of how an association with big business would very likely make it impossible for me to work successfully on something like the recent co-op federation meeting. The meeting was attended by a variety of groups and individuals including several SNCC people and others seemingly intent with destroying the meeting and the proposed federation. What amounted to the questioning of the integrity of the co-op representatives took place. Were the co-ops being used just for the representatives to get more money or to get rich, or were they used to try and solve problems of the entire community. In other words, were co-ops only businesses or were they businesses with souls. The people who tried to answer the questions didn't do very well and we soon had a meeting about ready to break up. What if at this point one of those hoping to split the meeting could have asked SRC, which sponsored the meeting, and which had to some degree the trust of most of the poor peple present, "Could you tell us whether or not you are partially sponsored by the following big businesses, IBM, Humble Oil, US Steel, etc. " The whole credibility of the council and of myself would have been questioned and perhaps the meeting lost. The amount of money we might have taken would not have been of consequence. To a poor person you can buy one hell of a lot of allegiance for $5000. What would have been of consequence was whether anyone would have believed me when I said we all saw co-ops as a tool, and a pretty radical one at that, with which to organize communities. I use this as an illustration of how I think we will compromise ourselves by taking business money whether in actuallity we do or not.

The employment of a public relations agency to present SRC to Business ~~I think~~ ~~was a serious error in judgement on the part of those who made the decision.~~ implies that a special package of SRC must be wrapped to give businessmen the "right" idea of

what we do and that what we do is not quite right for their consumption. Also, and this is a very personal feeling of mine, to pay $3000 a month for this packaging service is an affront to people all over the South who daily risk their lives trying to help the same situation and the people involved in it that we are trying to help, for the same amount or less per year. Here, it is both the amount and the symbolism of the amount that are important. What, for instnce, might we be able to do with that kind of money spent creatively in program development for poor people, especially if we end up giving Apter and Associaties $300,000 for their labors, and lastly, what kind of dis-crditing attacks do we open ourselves up for symbolically if we take ~~them anything~~ any amount of money at all?

The SRC many years ago made an ~~extremely~~ important decision in regard to the desegregation of schools. By doing so it lost some members and some staff. However, it gained other members and staff because of its new stance. The movement over the past years ~~that that decision precipitated~~ court has led to, what simplified seems to be , a confrontation with the economic system that has excluded a significant number of people in our country. Ironically, the SRC has chosen this time to ~~join~~ begin to ~~what amounts to~~ solicit funds from the ~~perpetrators~~ chief beneficiaries of this economic system, rather then to make a choice that would call for some of the basic changes that are needed ~~to include~~ in the South and the rest of the nation. I do not want to be a part of this decision.

Al Ulmer

A Statement Suggestive to Those Who Sincerely Oppose Legislative Proposals Against the Decisions of the Supreme Court on Segregation

We oppose and ask others to join us in opposing all measures and proposals which would attempt to nullify, contravene, or evade the decisions of the U.S. Supreme Court against racial segregation in public schools.

1. The decisions are in accord with the teachings and official positions taken by the major religious bodies. These decisions are the only ones the Court could make in keeping with the ideals of democracy and high religion.

2. We see no need for legislative actions at the state level, in regular or special sessions, for initiated measures or amendments. The decisions themselves give adequate guidance for orderly transition, clearly granting time for various school districts to work out their individual problems. Moreover, the ablest constitutional lawyers assert such measures as these will be struck down once they come before federal courts.

3. All legislative proposals in Arkansas and other Southern states, claiming to provide for needed delay in the interest of orderly transition, actually are deep disguised opposition to the Court's decisions. Citizens should not be deceived by them.

4. These decisions properly cannot be "lumped" with measures that bring into conflict the authority of the state and federal government. They have to do with constitutional guarantees to every citizen of equality before basic law. They have to do with the individual's freedom to life, liberty, and pursuit of happiness. The unique role of the constitution in our government is to guarantee this freedom against encroachment of federal or state government. The Court"has not decided that the federal courts are to take over or regulate the public schools of the states."

5. Because the above statements are true we regard all state legislative measures at best as positively harmful to the schools and the state.

(a) In effect every such measure weakens local control of the public schools, puts control in the legislature, state officials, or state courts.

(b) Advocating such measures gives false hopes to racists that they can even by law bolster and maintain the pagan myth of white supremacy. Thus it increases their arrogance and the possibility of violence among the lawless elements. Already inestimable harm has been done in race relations by the wildly inflammatory materials broadcast by some individuals and groups.

(cont'd.)

(c) Such efforts create groundless fears and distrust among many white and colored persons, undermining constructive measures of goodwill by religious and civic organizations.

(d) These measures in effect will stop orderly progress in all schools at a time when real progress is in sight. It focuses educators' interest and energies on keeping colored children out of white schools. It requires, as demonstrated in other states, large useless expenditure of funds which funds are sorely needed to improve instruction for all the children.

6. Finally, such measures at worst are a tragic threat to the very existence of free public education and efficiency of other state functions. The Governor's committee to study Gray's plan for Virginia wisely rejected its proposal to support private schools in lieu of public schools. Yet the interposition proposals ask that Arkansas oppose by every legal means the implementation of the Court's decisions. Before our eyes we have seen Southern state after state legislate for ~~abolishment~~ abolition of the public schools in their effort to contravene the Court's decision. Directing the next legislative session toward this purpose means Arkansas will witness the sad spectacle exhibited in legislatures of other Southern states with similar purpose. No attention or appropriations will be given to the really crying needs of this state. Political exhibitionists and legislative shysters will dominate the session.

n g Depression," Mrs. Tilly once told a reporter, "he would drive me around Atlanta and show me things I couldn't bear to look at, like little Negro children eating out of garbage cans behind a downtown hotel. I said, 'I don't want to see it because it hurts me and I can't do anything about it.' He said, 'If it hurts you enough you will tell other people and they will do something.' "

For the next 40 years she traveled the South on the track of racial injustices. Everywhere she traveled she mobilized women and used them in her fight. Under her leadership was born the Fellowship of the Concerned, a group that watched courtrooms and polls in the South to see that justice was done and to guard against interference with the right to vote.

Despite threats from the KKK and other extremist groups, Mrs. Tilly worked to enact laws that helped strip the Klan of its mask.

For her efforts, Mrs. Tilly received citations from many organizations, including The Atlanta Constitution, the Atlanta Women's Chamber of Commerce, the National Council of Negro Women and the National Council of Churches.

She was associated with the Southern Regional Council since its founding in 1944 and was employed for more than 20 years as director of Women's Work of SRC.

In a tribute, Paul Anthony, SRC executive director, said, "We, the tens of thousands of people throughout the world, will mourn this little lady of great stature."

Mrs. Tilly, who held degrees from Reinhardt College and Wesleyan College where she was appointed the first woman trustee lived in Atlanta for more than 40 years at 1013 Highland Vie NE. She was a member of the Haygood Memorial Methodst Church.

In addition to her other activities, Mrs. Tilly served on the boards of the Georgia Conference of Social Work, the Urban League, the United Church Women of Georgia, American Civil Liberties Union, and Americans for Democratic Action.

Her interests carried her to Washington, where she lobbied for tenant farmers; to Detroit, where she monitored a labor dispute; and to Israel as an observer at peace negotiations in 1949.

I shall attend the national conference on REBUILDING OUR CITIES FOR EVERYBODY at the Hotel Park Lane, New York City, Friday, October 12, 1956.

Enclosed is my check in the amount of $.....for

..... dinner reservations at $8.50 per person

..... registration fees at $2.50 per person

..... combined registration and dinner at $10.00 per person

Name.....

Organization.....

Address.....

46

National Committee Against Discrimination in Housing

35 WEST 32nd STREET

NEW YORK 1, N. Y.

46

November 21, 1963

Mrs. Turner E. Smith
Turner E. Smith and Company
441 West Peachtree Street, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Smith:

Thank you very much for your kind words about me to Mr. Wilborn in Texas. I hope I can live up to them.

And thanks, too, for your personal message. Keep up your own good work.

Sincerely,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

TURNER E. SMITH & CO.
EDUCATIONAL PUBLISHERS
441 WEST PEACHTREE ST., N. E.
ATLANTA 3, GA.

OUR 39TH YEAR

Copy

October 30, 1963

Dr. Lee J. Wilborn
Assistant Commissioner of Instruction
Texas Education Agency
Capitol Station
Austin, Texas

Dear Dr. Wilborn:

It is good to have an excuse to write you. Not that we don't have one all the time, but the enclosed clippings push me on a little more.

Since you represent Texas more often in the Southern Regional Council, we knew you would be particularly interested in the appointment of Pat Watters as information director. He is an exceptionally talented young man and, as you will note from the clippings, you also have an alert young man.

Mrs. Glass' son-in-law, Mr. E. B. Baker, was in town and called last week and they all seemed to be getting along fine. He told us that the members of the "Texas Education Agency family" were all fine. When you have an opportunity, please ask your secretary to write us about you and your family.

Dr. Wilborn, we hope your work will bring you to Atlanta soon and that you will certainly save time on this trip to have dinner with us.

Cordially yours,

Mrs. Turner E. Smith

LBS:ew

you expressed my own position so beautifully in "Best Part of a Singular Occupation"

Best wished in your new position -

Lois Burns Smith

Popular Tests for English Classes

LITERATURE APPRECIATION TESTS. ***Prepared by Luella B. Cook, Mary J. J. Wrinn, Salibelle Royster, Holland D. Roberts, Gerald Raftery, and other well-known English instructors. Edited by Harold H. Bixler, Western Carolina College.***

A series of tests on the separate classics (titles indicated on the order blank). Emphasis is placed upon the aspects of appreciation and not merely upon memorization of facts.

OBJECTIVE TESTS IN ENGLISH. ***Prepared by Mabel S. Satterfield, Salibelle Royster, et al. Edited by Geo. A. Rice, University of California.***

Tests on popular titles of the classics appear in this series (titles listed on order blank). These tests have enjoyed widespread use and have been revised from time to time.

SURVEY TEST IN ENGLISH LITERATURE. ***Prepared by Elmer R. Smith. Edited by Harold H. Bixler.***

SURVEY TEST IN AMERICAN LITERATURE. ***Prepared by Salibelle Royster. Edited by Harold H. Bixler.***

These tests, objective in form, cover the historical and social background of literature, writers and their productions, noted characters and well-known settings, literary types, writing characteristics, themes exploited, and the general development of literature.

AWARENESS TEST IN TWENTIETH CENTURY LITERATURE — FORMS A AND B. ***By Elmer R. Smith. Edited by Harold H. Bixler.***

These are survey tests designed to discover the range of students' reading of contemporary literature, and are the result of extended research and classroom experimentation. They may be used at the end of a course or at the beginning to plan a course in modern literature. The forms are equivalent in difficulty.

BOOK REPORT FORM. ***By Mabel S. Satterfield.***

Where reporting on outside reading is required, this is a convenient method for the teacher and the pupil. It provides for reporting on one book and allows space for writing and for illustrations, if desired.

COLLEGE PREPARATORY TEST IN ENGLISH. ***By Hector H. Lee, University of Utah.***

A test in English composition for use in high schools, especially where students are being prepared for college entrance. This has been successfully used and is standardized.

COLLEGE PLACEMENT TEST IN ENGLISH — FORM A. ***By Hector H. Lee.***

This is a valuable test for determining the placement of students entering college. It gives a thorough testing of knowledge of grammar, punctuation, sentence structure, reading comprehension, vocabulary, syntax, and composition. Norms are furnished for help in placing the students.

• ***Prices and quantity in each package are indicated on the order blank.***

TURNER E. SMITH & CO.

Publishers

680 FORREST ROAD, N. E. ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30312

Order Blank

No. Pkgs.	Package of 25.	Net Wholesale Price F.O.B. Pub.
_____	AWARENESS TEST IN 20th CENTURY LITERATURE	
	Form A	2.50
	Form B	2.50
_____	SURVEY TEST IN ENGLISH LITERATURE	2.50
_____	SURVEY TEST IN AMERICAN LITERATURE	2.50
_____	COLLEGE PREPARATORY TEST IN ENGLISH	2.00
_____	COLLEGE PLACEMENT TEST IN ENGLISH	2.50
_____	BOOK REPORT FORM (Set of 20 copies)	1.75

LITERATURE APPRECIATION TESTS—Net $2.00 per package of 25, F.O.B. Atlanta

No. Pkgs.	No. Pkgs.	No. Pkgs.
_____ Idylls of the King	_____ Ivanhoe	_____ The Adventures of Tom Sawyer
		_____ The Courtship of Miles Standish

OBJECTIVE TESTS IN ENGLISH—Net $2.00 per package of 35, F.O.B. Atlanta

No. Pkgs.	No. Pkgs.	No. Pkgs.
_____ A Midsummer Night's Dream	_____ Hamlet	_____ The Merchant of Venice
_____ As You Like It	_____ Idylls of the King	_____ The Sketch Book
_____ A Tale of Two Cities	_____ Ivanhoe	_____ The Vicar of Wakefield
_____ Burke's Speech on Conciliation	_____ Julius Caesar	_____ Travels With a Donkey
_____ Carlyle's Essay on Burns	_____ Macaulay's Life of Johnson	_____ Washington's Farewell Address and Webster's First Bunker Hill Oration, Combined
_____ Enoch Arden	_____ Macbeth	
	_____ Silas Marner	

Notice

- Postage approximately 10c for 1 pkg. — 5c each additional pkg.
- A scoring key included in each package.
- The reproduction of these tests by mimeograph, or other device is prohibited!

Postage _____

Total _____

TURNER E. SMITH & CO.
680 Forrest Road, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga. 30312

Ship to _____

Street Address _____ City _____ State _____

Ordered by _____ School _____

M. O. or Check $ _____ Charge to _____
(Indicate plainly the series, title, form, etc., you wish.)

TURNER E. SMITH & CO.

680 Forrest Road, N. E. *Publisher* Atlanta, Georgia 30312

Quant.	TITLE	Grade	List Price	Net Price F.O.B. Atlanta	Amount
	SPELLING				
	SPELLING FOR EVERYDAY LIFE, *Bixler, Meade*				
	Grade Two	2	1.04	.78	
	Grade Three	3	1.04	.78	
	Grade Four	4	1.04	.78	
	Grade Five	5	1.04	.78	
	Grade Six	6	1.04	.78	
	Grade Seven	7	1.04	.78	
	Grade Eight	8	1.04	.78	
	NEW STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL SPELLING SCALE by *Simmons and Bixler*	H.S.	2.12	1.59	
	SAFETY				
	SAFETY FOR THE LITTLE CITIZEN by *Gibson and Meriwether*				
	Book I	2	2.36	1.77	
	Book II	3	2.36	1.77	
	SCIENCE				
	SOUTHERN NATURE STORIES by *Baker, Harris & Rogers*				
	Book I	4	2.96	2.22	
	Book II	5	2.96	2.22	
	Book III	6	2.96	2.22	
	CONSERVATION AND RESOURCE USE EDUCATION				
	CONSERVATION OF AMERICAN RESOURCES by *Elliott* (434 pp.)	7-9	3.39	2.54	
	CONSERVING SOIL RESOURCES, *Chapman, Veatch & Fitch* (400 pp.)	7-9	3.39	2.54	
	ENGLISH				
	** **POPULAR TESTS**				
	*LITERATURE APPRECIATION TESTS by *Luella B. Cook, Mary J. J. Wrinn, Salibelle Royster, Holland D. Roberts, Gerald*, et al. (25 copies per pkg. of 1 title) pkg.		Net	2.00	
	* OBJECTIVE TESTS IN ENGLISH by *Satterfield, Royster*, et al. (35 copies per pkg. of 1 title) pkg.		Net	2.00	
	SURVEY TEST IN ENGLISH LITERATURE by *Elmer R. Smith* (25 copies) pkg.		Net	2.50	
	SURVEY TEST IN AMERICAN LITERATURE by *Salibelle Royster* (25 copies) pkg.		Net	2.50	
	AWARENESS TEST IN TWENTIETH CENTURY LITERATURE (Forms A and B), *Elmer R. Smith* (25 copies) pkg.		Net	2.50	
	BOOK REPORT FORM by *Mabel S. Satterfield* (20 copies) pkg.		Net	1.75	
	COLLEGE PREPARATORY TEST IN ENGLISH by *Hector H. Lee* (25 copies) pkg.		Net	2.00	
	COLLEGE PLACEMENT TEST IN ENGLISH (Form A), by *Hector H. Lee* (25 copies) pkg.		Net	2.50	
	GUIDANCE				
	OCCUPATIONAL GUIDANCE by *Chapman* (633 pp.)		3.39	2.54	
	WORKBOOK IN OCCUPATIONAL GUIDANCE by *Chapman*		1.00	.75	
	AGRICULTURE				
	BETTER FARM MANAGEMENT by *King and Hardin* (436 pp.)		3.95	2.96	
	FORESTRY IN THE SOUTH by *Mobley and Hoskins* (448 pp.)		3.95	2.96	
	PASTURES "Grazing, Hay and Silage Crops" by *Lancaster, Bailey, James and Harris* (516 pp.)	H.S.	3.75	2.81	
	FRONT PORCH FARMER by *Channing Cope*	H.S.	2.96	2.22	
	LIVESTOCK FARMING by *Dinsmore*, et al. (511 pp.)	H.S.	3.75	2.81	
	SOUTHERN CROPS by *Thomas*, et al. (510 pp.)	H.S.	3.75	2.81	
	SOUTHERN HORTICULTURE by *H. P. Stuckey* (668 pp.)	H.S.	3.75	2.81	
	POULTRY FOR HOME AND MARKET by *James B. Cooper* (488 pp.)	H.S.	3.75	2.81	
	FOOD PROCESSING by *A. O. Duncan* (560 pp.)	H.S.	3.75	2.81	
	SUCCESSFUL FARMING by *Chapman* (368 pp.)	7-9	3.05	2.29	
	CONSERVATION OF AMERICAN RESOURCES by *Elliott* (434 pp.)	7-9	3.39	2.54	
	CONSERVING SOIL RESOURCES by *Chapman, Veatch & Fitch* (400 pp.)	7-9	3.39	2.54	
	HOME ECONOMICS				
	ADVANCED COURSE IN HOME MAKING by *Calvert & Smith* (580 pp.)	H.S.	3.39	2.54	
	FOOD PROCESSING by *A. O. Duncan* (560 pp.)	H.S.	3.75	2.81	
	WORK BOOK—ADVANCED COURSE IN HOME MAKING	H.S.	1.00	.75	
	TELL GIRLS WHY by *Helen McLarin Blackwelder*	H.S.	2.67	2.00	
	Home Experience Folder (Package of 20) by *Stoker and Weathersby*	H.S.		2.00	
	Student Record Book for Home Practice and Home Project Work in Home Economics by *Burson and Daniel*	H.S.	1.00	.75	
	TRADES AND INDUSTRIES				
	COTTON MILL MATHEMATICS by *Quigley & Smith*	H.S.	2.67	2.00	
	FOREIGN LANGUAGE				
	ADVENTURES IN CONVERSATIONAL SPANISH by *Bandy and Perez*	H.S.	2.16	1.62	
	MUSIC				
	TWO HUNDRED SONGS FOR JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL by *Jacob Kwalwasser* Students' Edition	H.S.	3.87	2.90	
	HISTORY				
	A HISTORY OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS by *Knudson*	H.S.	5.00	3.75	
	THE STORY OF ALABAMA by *Parks and Moore* (384 pp.—ill. in color)	7-9	3.40	2.55	

Ship to _____ Charge to _____

Address _____ M. O. or check enclosed _____

City and State _____ School _____

*See test order blank for complete list of titles.

**Prices for Tests Net, F. O. B. Atlanta

Signed _____

March 6, 1964

Mr. Ben Segal, Director
Education & International Affairs
Department
International Union of Electrical,
Radio and Machine Workers
1126 - 16th Street, N. W.
Washington 36, D. C.

Dear Mr. Segal:

In reply to your letter to Mr. Dunbar, dated March 3, I am happy to send you three copies of New South, October-November 1963 issue, by separate mail.

If we can be of further assistance to you, please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

Walter P. Watters, Jr.
Director of Information

WPW:nm

PW
please reply

Philip Murray Building

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF ELECTRICAL, RADIO AND MACHINE WORKERS

AFFILIATED WITH THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR and CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

JAMES B. CAREY
President

EXECUTIVE 3-6094
1126 SIXTEENTH STREET N. W., WASHINGTON 36, D.C.

March 3, 1964

Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Dunbar:

I would appreciate very much your sending me three (3) copies of the October-November 1963 issue of NEW SOUTH entitled "Direct Action in the South."

Thanks very much for your help on this.

Sincerely yours,

Ben Segal/jh

Ben Segal, Director
Education and International
Affairs Department

oeiu #2 afl-cio
jlr

October 29, 1964

Mr. Ronald Segal
The Old Manor House
Manor Road
Walton-on-Thames
Surrey, England

Dear Mr. Segal:

I've tried to enclose here material pertinent to your questions and the assessing of changing situations in the South.

As I mentioned, The Annealing of the South is an excellent statement of the potential for good that is perhaps unique in the South.

I'm enclosing also a list of our publications, and will be happy to send any of the other material that you might request.

It was a pleasure to meet you, and I'm sorry there wasn't more time to talk. I hope you will keep in touch.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 30, 1964

Mr. Frank Smith
Board of Directors
Tennessee Valley Authority
Knoxville, Tennessee 37902

Dear Mr. Smith:

I wonder if you can tell me where I can telephone Mr. Albert Heffner, Jr. I am writing an article for a national magazine on hate calls, and would like to get details of the Heffner's experience.

I don't think I have ever met you, but know a lot of mutual friends, including Charlie Pou, and I admire your book and the impact it is having very much.

Thanks for any help you can give me in this.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

January 7, 1965

Miss Christine Sweet
512 Wyckoff Road
Ithaca, New York

Dear Miss Sweet:

I have forwarded your letter inquiring about volunteer work in the Civil Rights Movement next summer to John Else of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee. I suggest that you follow this up with a letter to him at the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee Headquarters, 8½ Raymond Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia.

Good luck to you. I hope things work out as you want them to.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:p

SMITH, MOORE, SMITH, SCHELL & HUNTER
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
SUITE 700 JEFFERSON STANDARD BUILDING
GREENSBORO, N. C.

JULIUS C. SMITH
BEVERLY C. MOORE
McNEILL SMITH
JULIUS C. SMITH, III
BYNUM M. HUNTER
BRAXTON SCHELL
STEPHEN P. MILLIKIN
JOHN J. DORTCH
RICHMOND G. BERNHARDT, JR.
CHARLES E. MELVIN, JR.
RICHARD J. TUGGLE
HERBERT O. DAVIS
JAMES G. EXUM, JR.
JACK W. FLOYD
JAMES R. TURNER

TELEPHONE 273-8265
AREA CODE 919
MAILING ADDRESS:
P. O. DRAWER G
GREENSBORO, N. C. 27402

April 7, 1965

Rec'd 4/8/65

✓ JV
WB ✓
LD ✓
SA ✓
Research

Mr. Leslie Dunbar,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
5 Forsyth St., N. W.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Les:

Easter Greetings!

I thought you might like to see the enclosed exchange of correspondence.

Very truly yours,

McNeill Smith

McNS:mmc
Encs/2

1 Wake Forest Symposium

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE
WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA
March 26, 1965

DEPARTMENT OF RELIGION

Dear MacNeil,

Seems like I am always calling upon you for help in my speech-making! I'm caught having to make addresses on Christianity and racism at Coker College next Wednesday, the N.C. Baptist Student conference following Easter, and the American Baptist conference on race in May. And for all three of the speeches my mind has kept running over that quote you gave from Judge Clarkson. Your whole survey was most impressive to me, but the way you located and worked that into your address was most effective. If you will have your secretary to copy Judge Clarkson's decision you quoted, I will use it (with your permission) in some of the things I am going to say about the subtle (and unfortunate) mixture of Christianity with racism.

Many thanks,

G. McLeod Bryan

SMITH, MOORE, SMITH, SCHELL & HUNTER
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
SUITE 700 JEFFERSON STANDARD BUILDING
GREENSBORO, N. C.

JULIUS C. SMITH
BEVERLY C. MOORE
McNEILL SMITH
JULIUS C. SMITH, III
BYNUM M. HUNTER
BRAXTON SCHELL
STEPHEN P. MILLIKIN
JOHN J. DORTCH
RICHMOND G. BERNHARDT, JR.
CHARLES E. MELVIN, JR.
RICHARD J. TUGGLE
HERBERT O. DAVIS
JAMES G. EXUM, JR.
JACK W. FLOYD
JAMES R. TURNER

TELEPHONE 273-8265
AREA CODE 919
MAILING ADDRESS:
P. O. DRAWER G
GREENSBORO, N. C. 27402

April 6, 1965

Rev. G. McLeod Bryan
Wake Forest College
Department of Religion
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Dear Mac:

Thank you for your letter of March 26th. There are four or five of Judge Clarkson's opinions on racial segregation. He was an influential Episcopalian and fits the label of the most liberal member of the North Carolina Supreme Court in a day when liberalism could include the social theory of segregation as being a good thing along with trustbusting, regulation of the banks and railroads, and paying the injured man for his injuries. If the case you ask about was State v. Williams, 186 N. C. 627 (1923), a long excerpt (the one I read) appears at page 65 of Equal Protection of the Laws in North Carolina, another copy of which is enclosed.

You should also look at the opinion in Allison v. Sharp 209 N. C. 477 (1936) which is treated on page 16 of Equal Protection. The defendants in the case were Major McLeodon and the other members of the State Board of Elections, the Iredell County Board of Elections, and the Iredell Registrar who refused to register their Negro teachers who were teaching in the public schools. It is hard to realize that this voting case was decided the way that it was decided, with the stamp of approval of the North Carolina Supreme Court, while I was in college (1936). Judge Clarkson took great pains to point out that the literacy requirements put in by the 1900 Constitutional amendment "brought light out of darkness" and that thereafter, "religious, educational and moral uplift went forward by leaps and bounds." This is a remarkable statement, but I am not sure what it means.

Take a look at page 14 where Judge Henry Connor predicted as early as 1902 that the disfranchisement of the Negroes would embolden the whites to oppress him in his material and educational interests. Then look at page 100 of the Equal Protection for the citation of Hooker v. Greenville 130 N. C. 472 (1902) where the North Carolina Supreme Court outlawed a gerrymandered school district in Greenville which would have deprived colored children of an equal expenditure on their schools. Only three years later new judges had

COPY

replaced four of the five members of the 1902 court, which was a hangover from the earlier days when Negroes were voting. Then, in Lowery v. Kernersville, 140 N. C. 33 (1905), the per capita rule was abandoned, and we entered upon a long period of physical discrimination in the facilities available to colored and white children. The relative difference grew greater as illustrated by Judge Clarkson's own figures in the Allison case in 1936; see the top of page 17 in Equal Protection. The good judge apparently didn't realize what his own figures could be used to prove.

Then turn to page 217 for a long quotation from Judge Clarkson's opinion in Corporation Commission v. North Carolina Commission on Interracial Cooperation, 198 N. C. 317 (1930). This is a case dealing with segregation on buses. There was no state statute on it and the Interracial Commission tried unsuccessfully to stop the Corporation Commission (now called the Utilities Commission) from imposing this rule by an administrative regulation only.

There is another Clarkson opinion about Durham parks being segregated in the 1920's 186 N. C. 421 (1923), Equal Protection p. 209.

My wife is a good Episcopalian and she suggests that Judge Clarkson was merely reflecting the catechism answer to the question, "What is thy duty toward thy neighbor?" This appears at page 509 in her Book of Prayer in the section entitled "A Catechism." The answer includes these phrases: "To honor and obey the civil authorities; to submit myself to all my governors, teachers, spiritual pastors and masters; to order myself lowly and reverently to all my betters; to keep my hands from picking and stealing, and my tongue from evil speaking, lying and slandering; not to covet or desire other men's goods but to learn and labor truly to get mine own living and to do my duty in that state of life unto which it shall please God to call me." Note how Judge Clarkson in the first case cited above (page 65 in Equal Protection) refers to "that state of life that each has been called."

I am not sure that the rest of America, much less the rest of the world are in the mood to think of a Christian's primary duty being to adjust himself to that state of life to which it has pleased God to call him. Rather, we are all trying to change our status; in fact, we are all "bucking for sergeant."

Yours aye,

McNeill Smith

McNS/bc

Enclosure

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
DEPARTMENT OF HUMANITIES
CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS
02139

May 6

Dear Pat -

Thanks very much for the R. Coles material. Am reading it all (some of it again) preparatory to his coming to my class.

Meredith's book is lousy but he is great. I reviewed the book for the Chicago Tribune & emphasized its importance as a documentary (1/3) and as revealing something about the Negro in Mississippi - and about Meredith. Too bad he didn't have a good editor.

Am flattered by your reference to the instant

history of my new section.
But then, you should compliment
it because I stole most of
the tone from you. —

Yours,

Jim

(Silver)

July 9, 1965

Dear Sam—

Thank you for your most welcome letter and the fine thoughts you expressed therein.

As for the clibbing cutters, I am sending you one under separate cover which I would like returned when you are finished with it.

I believe that any good tin shop or metal fabricator in Atlanta could duplicate it. For your information, we had sip made for two dollars apiece at BROWNE'S TIN SHOP, 735 - 17TH STREET NORTH, ST. PETERSBURG.

Let me know how you do on this.

Until next time, that wishes and the sunshine of life to you and yours.

Jim/SLOF1620

July 14, 1965

Dear Margaret:

I think you know how much I value your judgement. Thanks.

I may have to spend a few days up there soon. I hope I can see you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

Miss Margaret Shannon
The Cox Newspapers, Washington
Bureau
614 Albee Building
1426 G. Street, N. W.
Washington 5, D. C.

July 27, 1965

Mr. Joel Siegel, Director
Bruin SCOPE
541 Cotton Avenue
Macon, Georgia

Dear Joel:

It was good to hear from you. I am sending by separate mail a collection of some of our more recent things, and a publications list from which you might choose others. Some of your people have been by here and have similar packets of our stuff.

I am enclosing here information about the Books for Equal Education program which might help toward development of a library. I talked to Harry DeLung this morning, and he said for you to let him know your needs. He warned, however, that most of their books on civil rights matters have either gone or been asked for.

I hope in all the activity you all are undergoing, some of you are taking a little time out to record impressions, reactions, descriptions of what you are seeing and doing. I would be most interested in seeing any kind of such writing that might come out of your summer--informal writing as well as formal.

Good luck, and keep in touch with us as you can.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mpa

PANTHEON BOOKS

22 EAST 51ST STREET NEW YORK 22, N.Y. PLAZA 1-2600 CABLE: COLUMNS NEW YORK

A DIVISION OF RANDOM HOUSE, INC.

PWL

September 9, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I am very pleased to be sending you, under separate cover, a book which shows how the law operates against civil rights in today's South. SOUTHERN JUSTICE is a collection of 17 first--hand accounts by lawyers who have been directly involved in civil rights cases in the South, lawyers who have volunteered their time and services to establish fair legal procedures for those involved in the civil rights struggle.

SOUTHERN JUSTICE, which we are publishing November 10, is a very special book because it shows how the law in the South, which so many of us assume exists to protect our rights, is in fact used to negate those rights which we take for granted.

I would appreciate any help you can give us in bringing this important book to the public's attention.

With thanks and best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Selma Shapiro

Selma Shapiro

SS:ib

5/5/66

Dear Charlayne:

Bob and Pat thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed article that appeared in yesterday's Journal.

Let us have your reaction to it, won't you?

Sincerely,

Secretary to Messrs. Watters
and Anderson

FOAM BOND

April 26, 1965

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Schartle:

Thank you for your letter. I am grateful to you and Chuck.

I will try to be as brief as possible about current and long-range work I am about.

1. I have just finished a first-draft of a piece on the Negro Movement that attempts to sum up the summer of 1964, suggest what the summer of 1965 might be like, and most of all give in some of its depth and complexity the background of events, past and future, covering radicalism, racism, etc. Research was done here, in Mississippi, Alabama, Washington and Boston.

I sent an outline to Gerry Walker at the New York Times (before I started writing), and he said it sounded toollong and complicated, but to let them look at the finished article on speculation. A fellow at Look has also expressed an interest. When I get the thing in finished shape, which should be by the end of the week, would you want to take a look at it and advise whether it should go to either or somebody else? On that score, would it be better for you or me to submit it to those places where I've already made contact? I've wondered about that about these other magazines I've been dealing with too.

2. For some time I've been gathering material for a book

on the southern Negro Movement, I am enclosing an outline and an unpublished piece that would be adapted into it. You have seen the published materials that would be adapted into it. The bulk is yet to be written. I have the notes, tapes, etc., gathered during on-the-spot reporting since 1961. I am putting in time on the writing now; have completed, for example, a first-draft of the opening essay.

I sent the outline to Peter Davison at Atlantic-Little Brown, with whom I have had previous dealings (see below). They rejected it--giving reasons that convince me I didn't communicate to them what I am trying to do.

This is not to write just another book skimming some of the surfaces of the history going on around us, but to convey the immediacy of the history--getting down deeply into the various levels of sensory perception and emotion. If it is successful, the reader will have an understanding of what has been happening in more than just his mind. The effect I am after is the kind that Agee achieved on sharecroppers and Oscar Lewis on his Mexican folks. I don't mean the book would imitate either (I'm not imitative nor that presumptious), but that its aim is that high, and its form that unconventional.

I've had several suggestions on whom to send it to next--including William B. Goodman, Senior Editor at Harcourt Brace and World Inc., (with whom Southern Regional Council is negotiating on another book--again see below), and Robert Gotlieb at Simon and Shuster. Again I would appreciate your recommendations and, if feasible, your trying to place it. I would like to get a contract on it.

3. I am working on a novel--again about the South, and race, I fear. I finished a draft in the Summer fo 1963, sent it to Peter Davison and got a rejection but considerable encouragement to rewrite it, and resubmit it. But no contract. I think his criticisms were good; I've only just recently started in on the revisions. I hope to finish them by the end of the summer. I've done an outline, have a clear idea of what to do, and am working with considerably more confidence than the first time around.

4. I am as part of my job collaborating with Reese Cleghorn of Atlanta on a book about the Negro voter registration efforts during the past two years in the South. This is the book on which the Council is negotiating with Harcourt, Brace and World. I

Won't get any money from it; it would have to be excluded from the 10 per cent arrangement with you.

To explain how I hope to do all this: I am able to put an hour a day in at the office on the non-fiction book about the movement. The Council is of the notion that anything that reaches a wide audience on our subject is commensurate with their aims and worth my time at work. I try not to take advantage of this, but it does give me some flexibility in time that other moonlighting free-lancers don't have. I am working on the novel nights and weekends, a schedule that during my considerably more hectic newspaper days allowed me to finish the first draft in a little over a year.

Obviously I'm not going to be doing as many magazine pieces this year. I plan though to accept any interesting assignments (The Times has promised them more or less regularly), and would like, from time to time, to try out ideas on you. Frankly, I'd like to get into the markets that pay more than the ones I've mostly been with. I sent some material to Esquire last year and got this glowing letter back from Byron Dobell saying they wanted to publish my stuff, but I never have been able to get an assignment from them. Can you help there?

This is long, but you asked for it. I hope we can work together. I will be anxious to get your reactions to all this--particularly the non-fiction book outline.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:mpa

May 28, 1965

Dear Mrs. Schartle:

Your response on the southern movement is most heartening.

I want to be sure you understood in my covering letter that we are going to print the thing here. It will appear in pamphlet form, as an issue of our magazine, New South, in, hopefully, about two weeks. That is why I was talking in terms of a shorter version. If that doesn't matter, then well and good.

Another consideration is time. While most of the subject matter will hold up for some time to come, and remain timely, it would be better if the piece came out before this year's long hot summer gets really going.

Both of these considerations were behind my sending it to the Times. I haven't heard from them yet, and wonder if it wouldn't be the easiest thing all around for you to call Gerry Walker and handle it up there the rest of the way. Or I can call him and tell him to let you know whether they want it or not. Whatever is proper. If they don't want it, and the above two considerations don't matter, then by all means if you can, place it in one of the magazines with these more desirable qualities you mention.

Thanks again.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York

July 1, 1965

Dear Pat:

Sorry this took longer than I expected. That usually happens, but this time it was aggravated by a brief spell of virus.

I have tried at the beginning to de-emphasize the time angle.

I had heard about Look from George Leonard who is down here working on their big southern thing. I still hope there is some chance for it somewhere. Reaction has been quite good on our publication of it. Gerry Walker called the other day to say it will be a contender to be included in some anthology of magazine pieces he is working on.

Use your own good judgement on this new piece. I am grateful for your efforts.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

July 14, 1965

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Pat:

I thought these might be of interest and even, discretely, of some help.

Incidentally, I am all but done with the writing of the novel. I am going to take it with me on vacation, starting July 24, and hope during these two weeks to finish editing, revising, picking at it, etc., and get it to a typist in August.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:mpa
Enclosures

August 17, 1965

Mrs. Patricia Schaible
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Pat:

Gerry Walker asked me yesterday to rush the copy on voter rights with the possibility of getting it into this coming Sunday's Times, so I dictated the story for them last night. Enclosed is a copy.

I haven't heard anything further from Mr. Schiffrin. Spent my vacation working over the novel manuscript, but don't see the end of it yet.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:js
Enclosure - 1.

File

8/4/65

Rec'd

McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street, New York, N. Y. 10017, MUrray Hill 9-1050

Mary Squire Abbot
Shirley Fisher
Dorothy Markinko
Elizabeth Otis
Patricia Schartle

Plays and Motion Pictures
Annie Laurie Williams

August 2, 1965

Dear Pat:

I was particularly interested to see Andre Schiffrin's letter. Because of the enormous over-publication by mostly superficial people, there is now considerable resistance both to articles and books about the Negro movement. There seems to be some feeling that the public has had enough for a time, and so this may prove to be an especially good project, in that through a reappraisal of the American poor à la (or better than) Agee, one might actually achieve more for the Negro movement as well as people.

I'll wait to hear more from you and from Andre Schiffrin.

Best,

Patricia Schartle

Mr. Pat Watters
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3
Georgia.

PMS:jf

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

SUBJECT:

Letter to David Dempsey, Contributin Editor, COUNTERPART, from PW re adapting material in "Encounter" by September 15, 1965

DATE: 8/19/65

SEE:

David Dempsey, filed under "D".

August 19, 1965

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mat:

Bad news from Gerry Walker about the voter registration piece, a copy of which I sent you. I guess I should have listened to you in the first place.

I told him to send the original over to you. If you don't see any real possibilities, please let me have it back soon enough to try with Progressive, or the like.

The Times' objection to the story was that not enough seemed to be happening. It seems to me that peaceful acceptance is a rather unusual thing to be happening. Anyhow, I am grateful for your recommendations.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:js
Enclosure - 1.

CROSS REFERENCE

For:

Correspondence re Encounter and Mrs. Scartle, ltr to Gerald Walker from PW Sept. 8, 1965

SEE:

Walker, Gerald

September 8, 1965

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Pat:

If the attached doesn't conflict with any of your activities, please send it on to Gerry Walker. We won't get rich this way, but maybe famous. Any luck otherwise?

I sent a 2,000 word version of "Encounter's" 50-some-odd thousand words to Counterpoint as we agreed.

The Time magazine wants me to do a profile of John Doar in action in the South. If I can, I will put it off. I sent a 60-page monograph on the South to USIA last week. Meanwhile, I am once again trying to get the novel in shape.

Gerry Walker had what may be a good suggestion as a last resort on "Encounter." This was to offer it to Atlantic for one of their long and high paying special reports. If you should want to try this, I have been dealing there with Peter Davison, director of Atlantic Monthly Press and Mike Curtis of the magazine staff. I sent Peter a copy of "Encounter" when it first came out. He is the editor of my novel.

One more thing. Now I have lost Andre Schriffrin's most recent letter. He said he was sending you a copy. Could you send me a copy of it? This is ridiculous!

Thanks again.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:js

March 24, 1966

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mrs. Schartle:

Mr. Watters will be in New York on Saturday, April 2, and would like to make an appointment to see you.

Would you kindly let us know what time you will be available? He will arrange his schedule at your convenience.

At the present time, Mr. Watters is working at home on the VEP book. Because of this he has asked me to handle this matter and he wants me to assure you that he is looking forward to seeing and talking with you on the 2nd.

Very truly yours,

(Mrs.) Janet C. Shortt
Secretary to Mr. Watters

jcs

March 25, 1966

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mrs. Schartle:

Due to a change in plans, Mr. Watters will not be in New York as previously planned on April 2.

He has asked that I cancel the request for an appointment for that date. He will be rearranging his schedule for a later visit in May, and will be in touch with you again.

Very truly yours,

(Mrs.) Janet C. Shortt
Secretary to Mr. Watters

jcs

April 1, 1966

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Pat:

I still don't know exactly when I will be in New York, but it will be some time in May. I would like very much to talk with you about the attached, + and other things I am working on.

I will let you know when I will be there as soon as I know.

Best wishes.

Very truly yours,

Pat Watters

PW:js

refers to ltr to Peter Davidson written some date, re novel.

File

McIntosh and Otis, Inc.

18 East 41st Street, New York, N. Y. 10017, MUrray Hill 9-1050

Mary Squire Abbot
Shirley Fisher
Dorothy Markinko
Elizabeth Otis
Patricia Schartle
•
Plays and Motion Pictures
Annie Laurie Williams

7/5/66

July 1, 1966

Rec'd

Dear Mr. Watters:

Miss Schartle has just left on an extended trip, and will not be in town while you are in New York. I know she'll be very sorry to miss you and of course I'll tell her about your visit when she returns.

Yours,

Julie Fallowfield
Secretary to
Miss Schartle

Mr. Pat Watters
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta
Georgia 30303.

June 29, 1966

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mrs. Schartle:

My long postponed trip to New York will be made in early July. I expect to be free all day on Monday, July 11 and would like very much to talk with you during that day.

Unless I hear from you otherwise, I will call when I get to town -- possibly on the 8th.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:js

VIA AIR MAIL

January 20, 1967

Mrs. Patricia Schartle
McIntosh and Otis, Inc.
18 East 41st Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mrs. Schartle:

I want to terminate any agreement we have had that you would act as my agent. It has been more than a year since we corresponded, and the arrangement has not seemed to benefit either of us. I would like to retain another agent to negotiate for me with Pantheon the terms of a contract to cover the publication of a book on the South as yet unwritten. I would appreciate your acknowledgement that our previous arrangement is ended.

Thanks very much. I'm sorry it didn't work out.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:js

File

PANTHEON BOOKS

22 EAST 51st STREET NEW YORK 22, N.Y.

A DIVISION OF RANDOM HOUSE, INC.

Rec'd 2/1/67

January 30, 1967

Mr. Pat Watters
c/o Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Watters:

I am enclosing herewith your copy of the signed contract for your book on the South. Thank you for sending back your signed copies so promptly.

I cannot remember if we ever sent you one of our author's questionnaires. Just in case I have, indeed, forgot to do so, I am enclosing one now which we would appreciate your filling out and returning to us at your earliest convenience.

With all good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Nina Darnton

Nina Darnton
Assistant to Andre Schiffrin

Note:
Contract in PW's possession

January 27, 1967

Mr. Andre Schiffrin
Pantheon Books
22 East 51st Street
New York 22, New York

Dear Andre:

Herewith the signed copies of the contract. The problem I mentioned on the phone is taken care of. I have changed the date on the first page; I hope that is ok.

Am leaving Sunday for a brief look at the Child Development Group of Mississippi. Forces are involved in this controversy (everything from the southern segregationist power still retained in Congress to a new kind of assertion of grass roots strength by Negroes) that are basic to what will be happening in the South during the next few years. I will be better able to judge it after talking with some people out there, but have no doubt that a thorough understanding of the situation is important to the book.

Again, let me say that I am grateful for the opportunity to do such a book, and excited (and right now a little awed) over the prospect.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:js
Encl: Contract. Four (4) copies.

CROSS REFERENCE

RE: ANDRE SCHRIFFRIN CORRESPONDENCE OF PANTHEON BOOKS

SEE: SCHRIFFRIN, ANDRE

August 25, 1964

Mrs. Verdelle Northcross
Vocational Aide
Parkway Gardens Presbyterian Church
1801 Greenview Circle
Memphis 8, Tenn.

Dear Mrs. Northcross:

I am very sorry, but we do not have a complete list of the schools which have foundation grants for Negro students; we do know of a few: Vanderbilt, Duke, Tulane, Emory, and Ricker Classical Institute, Houlton, Maine.

May we suggest that you write the following agencies:

The United Negro College Fund, 22 E. 54th St., N.Y., N.Y.
Phelps-Stokes Fund, 297 Park Ave. S., N. Y., N. Y.
National Service & Scholarship Fund for Negro Students,
6 East 82nd St., New York 28, N. Y.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

1801 Greenview Circle
Memphis 8, Tenn
August 20, 1964

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, Northwest
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send a list of the schools which have foundation grants for scholarships to Negro Students.

Very truly yours

(Mrs) Verdelle Northcross
Vocational Aide
Parkway Gardens Presby.
Church.

February 5, 1965

Miss Mary Corrine Montgomery
P. O. Box 16244
Memphis, Tenn.

Dear Miss Montgomery:

I am sorry, but we do not have a complete list of the schools which have foundation grants for Negro students; we do know of a few: Vanderbilt, Duke, Tulane, Emory, and Ricker Classical Institute, Houlton, Maine.

For more complete information, and good advise and help, may we suggest that you write to the following agencies:

The United Negro College Fund, 22 E. 54th St., New York, New York.
Phelps-Stokes Fund, 297 Park Ave. S., New York, N. Y.
National Service & Scholarship Fund for Negro Students, 6 East 82nd St., New York 28, N. Y.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

P. O. Box 16244
Memphis, Tennessee
January 13, 1965

Southern Regional College
5 Forsyth Street, Northwest
Atlantic 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

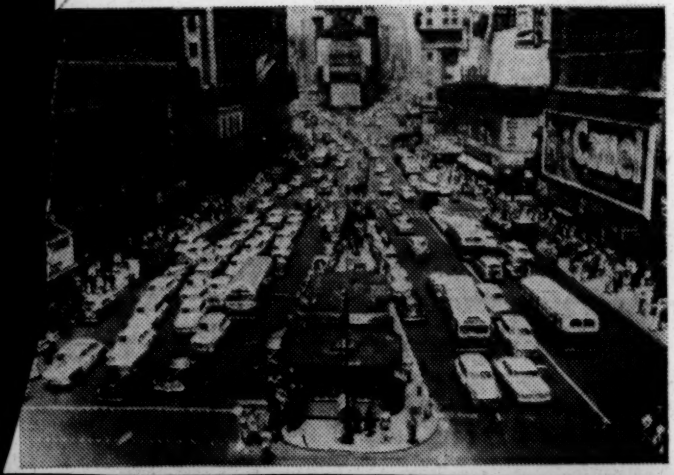
I am a senior at Geeter High School and expect to graduate with honors June, 1965. I attended the Humanities Seminar for High School Student held at Le Moyne College where I studied Philosphy under Mrs. Judith Hinters, Speech and Drama under Miss Marilu Sanchez, both visiting professors from Grinnell. I also studied under Mr. Phillip Bertocci from Harvard. These professors suggested I write you requesting a list of colleges offering Foundations Grants to Negro Students.

I have no funds to finance my college education. My mother is deceased and my

Father is senile and permantly unemployed. I am the oldest of five children in my family. I am interested in majoring in English and would like to teach English on the Secondary or College level upon completion of my education.

I would appreciate any help you can give me in this matter.

Very truly yours,
Mary Carrine Montgomery



2-Holiday Toll: Nearly 1,300

By The Associated Press

A record New Year's holiday weekend toll of 562 carried to nearly 1,300 yesterday the number of Americans killed in heavy motor traffic over two long, successive weekends.

The Christmas weekend toll of 720 was the greatest for any three-day holiday celebration on record.

December 16, 1964

Reverend J. N. Shopshire
Minister
Heck Chapel Methodist Church
202 East Broad Street
Griffin, Georgia

Dear Reverend Shopshire:

Attorney Isabel Webster and I have completed, at your request, the title search of the property located at 88 Kirkwood. Papers have been properly drawn, signatures affixed, and recorded in the clerk's office of DeKalb County. At such a time that the county clerk returns to us the warranty deed, we will forward same to you, along with copies of the closing statement and W. J. Potter's affidavit. We have also made arrangements for a title policy, which will be forwarded to you in several weeks.

The cost of our services is as follows:

1)	Title and escrow fee - - - - - -	$ 145.00
2)	Clerk's fee for recording warranty deed - - - - - - - -	1.00
	Total	$ 146.00

We would appreciate remittance of this amount at your earliest possible convenience. It was our pleasure to serve you, and trust that we will have the opportunity to do so again.

Here's wishing you and yours a joyous holiday season, and a prosperous New Year.

Sincerely,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Attorney at Law

VEJ:nm

Heck Chapel Methodist Church

202 East Broad Street

Griffin, Georgia

December 21, 1964

J. N. Shopshire
Minister

Otis Head, *Chairman*
Of Official Board

Raymond Head, Jr.
Treasurer

Miss Carrie L. Horton
Recording Secretary

Mr. Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Attorney at Law
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Jordan:

I was happy to have you as my legal advisor to investigate the papers for me concerning the property located at 88 Kirkwood.

I am now expecting to receive from you the warranty deed, the closing statement, W. J. Potter's affidavit, and the title policy.

Enclosed you will find a cashier's check for $146.00 for the title and escrow fee and the clerk's fee for recording the warranty deed.

I do trust you and I will expect to call on you whenever I have legal matters.

May you and yours share the blessings of Christmas and the New Year.

Sincerely yours,

J. N. Shopshire

Reverend J. N. Shopshire

JNS:aps

Enclosure

Memo from **VERNON E. JORDON, JR.**

December 28, 1964

Dear Mr. Goodwin:

Please be kind enough to have Mr. W. J. Potter affix his signature to this document. We have need of another original affidavit in order to secure Reverend Shopshire's title policy.

If you will get this done and drop it in the mail to me within the next day or two, I will be very grateful to you.

Sincerely,

Mr. E. B. Goodwin
1917 Jos. Court
Decatur, Georgia

GEORGIA,

FULTON COUNTY

Personally appeared before me the undersigned officer duly authorized, to administer oaths: WILLIAM J. POTTER

Who first being duly sworn according to law, deposes and say (s) on oath that (he, she, they), (is, are) the owner (s) of the following described property:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in Land Lot 206 of the 15th District of DeKalb County, Georgia and being more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at the southwest corner of Kirkwood Road, and Hallman Street, and running thence South along the West side of Kirkwood Road Fifty (50) feet: Thence West one hundred eighty Five feet and Five thenths (185.5). Thence North fifty (50) feet to Hallman Street: Thence East along the South side of Hallman Street one hundred and eighty four (184) feet: To the point of beginning and being known as 88 Kirkwood Road, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia, according to the present system of numbering houses in the City of Atlanta, Georgia

Deponent further deposes and says on oath that there are no pending suits, judgments or executions against him either in Fulton County our any other County in the State of Georgia.

Deponent further swears that no improvements or repairs have been made on said property during the ninety (90) days immediately proceeding this date and that there are no outstanding bills incurred for labor and materials used in making repairs or improvements on said premises

Sworn to and subscribed to me, this _____ day of December, 1964.

_____

_____

_____
NOTARY PUBLIC

January 5, 1965

Mrs. Isabel Webster
Attorney at Law
9½ Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Isabel:

Please find enclosed the affidavit of Mr. W. J. Potter, which is witnessed by Mr. Godwin, the agent. Please note that the date is left out. I suppose that it should be made consistent with the date of the warranty deed.

The paper has not been notarized either, but I am sure you will not mind doing that.

Be sweet.

Sincerely,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Attorney at Law

VEJ:nm
Enclosure

January 22, 1965

Reverend J. N. Shopshire
Minister
Heck Chapel Methodist Church
202 East Broad Street
Griffin, Georgia

Dear Reverend Shopshire:

I am enclosing herewith a Warranty Deed dated December 10, 1964 to J. N. Shopshire from William J. Potter. This deed has been recorded in Deed Book 1945 page 624, in the record of the Clerk's office of the Superior Court of DeKalb County. Also, enclosed is your title policy, No. W343-480. And, for your records, a copy of the affidavit from W. J. Potter to you.

May I suggest that you place these papers with your most valued possessions so that they might be secure.

Again, it was my real pleasure to be of service to you, and I look forward to doing so again.

Sincerely yours,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Attorney at Law

VEJ:nm
Enclosures - 3.

ISABEL GATES WEBSTER
ATTORNEY AT LAW
9½ ASHBY ST., N. W.
ATLANTA 14, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE 524-3856

January 21, 1965

Attorney Vernon Jordan Jr.
5 Forsyth Street, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Jordan:

It ~~has been~~ is a pleasure to hand you herewith a Warranty Deed dated December 10, 1964, from William J. Potter. Said deed has been recorded in Deed Book 1945, page 624 Superior Court Record. Also find herewith enclosed Title Policy No. W 343-480 in said matter.

It has been indeed a pleasure to have had this opportunity to serve you in this matter, and if we can be of further assistance to you please feel free to call upon me.

Yours very truly,

Isabel

Isabel Gates Webster

IGW:pp
Enclosures (2)

Warranty Deed
Title Policy

February 19, 1965

Reverend J. N. Shopshire
Minister
Heck Chapel Methodist Church
202 East Broad Street
Griffin, Georgia

Dear Reverend Shopshire:

Just a note to say that I hope you do not feel badly and embarrassed as a result of my visit to Griffin on Sunday past. I came to Griffin out of great respect and reverence that I have for you and the work you are so courageously carrying forth. Had anyone else asked, I very probably would have refused.

This is to say that I did not come for profit, rather I came to serve. I served and I trust that my services were well received. If the Parent-Teacher organization finds it inconvenient to reimburse me for my expenses, please don't become concerned about it, that is not important. The important thing was that they heard and received the information that I had to give.

If I can, at anytime be of service to you, please call on me.

Sincerely,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Attorney at Law

VEJ:nm

March 23, 1965

Mrs. Dorothy McClendon
419 N. 2nd Street
Griffin, Georgia

Dear Mrs. McClendon:

This is to acknowledge with appreciation your letter, received March 23 and the enclosed check in the amount of $25.00, from the Griffin Spalding County PTA Council, as an honorarium pursuant to my talk at the Council's Founder's Day Program. It was my pleasure to serve you.

With all best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.
Assistant to the
Executive Director

VEJ:mm

bc:
Rev Shoplne

Mrs. Dorothy McClendon
419 N. 2nd St.
Griffin, Ga.

Dear Mr. Jordan,

Please accept our sincere appreciation for your participation at our Florida's Day Program and also this small token. Maybe this will help with finances for gas, oil and your services.

Due to a mix up on proceedings we were unprepared to give it then. The Council decided on State persons because we were financially unable to donate a fee.

We are grieved over this mishap & hope you will understand.

Again Thanks.

Sincerely,

Griffin, Spalding & A. A. Conant

Mrs. Annie Foster, pres.

(Mrs.) Dorothy McClendon, Sec'y.

LWD

Sigma Delta Chi Awards

For distinguished service in Journalism...

1963 AWARDS ANNOUNCEMENT

1964 - SRC Nominated Claude Sitton - Ga News Cat.
series on Birmingham, May '63
R.G. Davis

General Information

AWARDS

The Sigma Delta Chi Awards for Distinguished Service in Journalism have been awarded annually since 1932 for outstanding achievements in journalism during a calendar year and winners are usually announced in April.

The awards proper consist of bronze medallions and accompanying plaques.

NOMINATIONS

Nominations may be made by the author or any other party. Awards are open to both members and non-members of Sigma Delta Chi and may be either men or women.

DEADLINE

February 1, 1964, is the deadline for nominations. Entries postmarked on that date will be accepted. Do not send entries after that date: Mail entries to:

Sigma Delta Chi Awards in Journalism
35 East Wacker Drive — Suite 856
Chicago, Illinois 60601

GENERAL RULES

All awards are offered for specific work done during the calendar year 1963.

Exhibits cannot be returned and become the property of Sigma Delta Chi.

Each nomination must be accompanied by an exhibit and nomination form filled out by typewriter or printed. Additional forms are available or may be duplicated by any method.

A brief biography and photograph of nominee must accompany each nomination for categories 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 16. The awards are made to individuals. Also for 10, 12, 13 and 15 if nomination is for an individual.

A nomination intended for more than one category requires **a separate exhibit and nomination form for each.**

Each nomination form must be clearly marked to show category name and number in space provided. Tapes and films must be clearly labeled with title, category name and number.

Nomination forms must be **attached firmly to outside of exhibit scrapbook or notebook.** For category 5, attach form firmly to back upper left hand corner of mounting.

CATEGORY RULES

Categories 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 9 — in scrapbook or notebook form, **measuring not larger than 15 inches by 20 inches.** Bulk and weight kept to minimum. Full page displays folded in half.

Category 5 — mounted no **larger than 16 inches by 20 inches.** Nomination form attached firmly to back upper left hand corner of mounting. Series counting as one entry tied together.

Categories 10 and 13 — consist of recordings, tapes or film, **and a typewritten summary.**

Category 11 — consists of recordings or tapes **with typewritten summary.**

Category 14 — consists of film (if available **and/or typewritten summary.**

Category 16 — consists of manuscript, printed book or galley proofs. Five copies should be submitted for each entry.

NOMINATIONS NOT MEETING THE ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED FOR JUDGING.

JUDGING

The material submitted for consideration for the awards will be judged by a jury of veteran and distinguished journalists. All decisions will be final. Any award may be withheld in case the judges decide that none of the material submitted is worthy of special recognition.

PREVIOUS WINNERS

Sigma Delta Chi, Distinguished Service Awards

Dates given here indicate year during which the work was done

RESEARCH ABOUT JOURNALISM:

1935 Oscar W. Riegel
1936 Ralph O. Nafziger
1937 Alfred McClung Lee
1938 Frank Luther Mott
1939 Norval Neil Luxon
1940 Paul F. Lazarsfeld
1944 Earl English
1945 Frank Thayer
1946 Ralph D. Casey, Bruce Lannes Smith and Harold D. Lasswell
1947 James E. Pollard
1948 J. Edward Gerald
1949 Edwin Emery
1950 Robert S. Harper
1952 Curtis D. MacDougall
1953 Harold L. Cross
1954 Edwin Emery and Henry Ladd Smith
1956 Theodore B. Peterson
1957 Frank Luther Mott
1958 L. John Martin
1959 Warren C. Price
1960 Leonard W. Levy
1961 Burton Paulu
1962 Theodore E. Kruglak

GENERAL REPORTING:

1939 Meigs O. Frost
1940 Basil Brewer
1942 Jack Vincent
1943 Julius M. Klein and Ralph S. O'Leary
1944 Edward J. Doherty
1945 James P. McGuire and John J. McPhaul
1946 John M. McCullough
1947 George Goodwin
1948 Richard C. Looman
1949 Bob Considine
1950 Edward B. Simmons
1951 Victor Cohn
1952 Chalmer M. Roberts
1953 Carl T. Rowan
1954 Richard Hyer and William P. Walsh
1955 Victor Cohn
1956 Alfred Kuettner
1957 Pierre J. Huss
1958 Victor Cohn
1959 Saul Pett
1960 Robert Colby Nelson
1961 Joseph Newman
1962 Oscar Griffin

EDITORIAL WRITING:

1939 W. W. Waymack
1940 Allen Drury
1942 Alexander Kendrick
1943 Milton Lehman
1944 Felix R. McKnight
1945 Francis P. Locke
1946 John W. Hillman
1947 Alan Barth
1948 Virginius Dabney
1949 John Crider
1950 Bradley L. Morison
1951 Robert M. White II
1952 Virginius Dabney
1953 John N. Reddin
1954 Robert Estabrook
1955 James Jackson Kilpatrick
1956 Sylvan Meyer
1957 Vermont Royster
1958 J. D. Maurice
1959 Cecil Prince
1960 Hodding Carter III
1961 James A. Clendinen
1962 Karl E. Meyer

EDITORIAL CARTOONING:

1942 Jacob Burck
1943 Charles Werner
1944 Henry Barrow
1945 Reuben L. Goldberg
1946 Dorman H. Smith
1947 Bruce Russell
1948 Herbert Block
1949 Herbert Block
1950 Bruce Russell
1951 Herbert Block and Bruce Russell
1952 Cecil Jensen
1953 John Fischetti
1954 Calvin Alley
1955 John Fischetti
1956 Herbert Block
1957 Scott Long
1958 Clifford H. Baldowski
1959 Charles Gordon Brooks
1960 Dan Dowling
1961 Frank Interlandi
1962 Paul F. Conrad

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE:

1939 Kenneth T. Downs
1940 Leland Stowe
1942 Keith Wheeler
1943 Frederick Kuh
1944 Frederick Kuh
1945 Arnaldo Cortesi
1946 Charles Gratke
1947 Daniel DeLuce
1948 Nat Barrows
1949 Kingsbury Smith
1950 Keyes Beech Dan Whitehead
1951 Ferdinand Kuhn
1952 Ernest S. Pisko
1953 Alexander Campbell
1954 Carl T. Rowan
1955 Carl T. Rowan
1956 Russell Jones
1957 Harrison E. Salisbury
1958 John Strohm
1959 William H. Stringer
1960 Smith Hempstone, Jr.
1961 Gaston Coblentz
1962 William J. Woestendiek

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE:

1942 Drew Pearson and Robert S. Allen
1943 Sam O'Neal
1944 Marquis W. Childs
1945 Peter Edson
1946 Wallace R. Deuel
1947 Bert Andrews
1948 W. McNeil Lowry
1949 Jack Steele
1950 William K. Hutchinson
1951 John Hightower
1952 Clark R. Mollenhoff
1953 Richard L. Wilson
1954 Clark R. Mollenhoff
1955 Joseph and Stewart Alsop
1956 Bem Price
1957 Robert T. Hartmann
1958 James Reston
1959 Vance Trimble
1960 James Clayton, Julius Duscha, Murrey Marder and Bernard Nossiter
1961 James Marlow
1962 Jules Witcover

RADIO REPORTING:

1946 Allen Stout
1947 James C. McNamara
1948 George J. O'Connor
1949 Sid Pletzsch
1950 Jack E. Krueger
1951 Jim Monroe
1952 Charles and Eugene Jones
1953 Gordon Gammack
1954 Richard Chapman
1955 John Chancellor
1956 Edward J. Green
1957 Dave Muhlstein
1958 Winston Burdett
1959 Donald H. Weston
1960 Frederick A. Goerner
1961 KDKA Radio News Staff, Pittsburgh, Pa., and Wip Robinson – Frank O'Roark
1962 WINS News Staff, N. Y.

TELEVISION REPORTING:

1952 Charles and Eugene Jones
1954 Spencer Allen
1955 Paul Alexander and Gael Boden
1956 Ernest Leiser — Jerry Schwartzkopff and Julian B. Hoshal — Dick Hance
1957 Jim Bennett
1958 WBBM-TV News Department
1959 WGN-TV News Department
1960 WTVJ-TV News Department
1961 WKY-TV, Oklahoma City, Okla.
1962 KWTV News, Oklahoma City, Okla.

NEWS PHOTOGRAPHY:

1946 Frank Q. Brown
1947 Paul Calvert
1948 Frank Jurkoski
1949 Chicago Daily News
1950 David Douglas Duncan
1961 Edward DeLuga and Roger Wrenn
1952 Robert I. Wendlinger
1953 Bill Wilson
1954 Leslie Dodds
1955 Richard B. Yager
1956 Dan Tompkins
1957 Eldred C. Reaney
1958 Andrew St. George
1959 Andrew Lopez
1960 J. Parke Randall
1961 Peter Leibing
1962 Cliff DeBear

MAGAZINE REPORTING:

1949 Lester Velie
1950 Gordon Schendel
1951 Bill Davidson
1952 Bill Davidson
1953 James P. O'Donnell
1954 Marshall MacDuffie
1955 Fletcher Knebel
1956 John Bartlow Martin
1957 Harold H. Martin
1958 John L. Cobbs
1959 John Robert Coughlan
1960 Hobart Rowen
1961 Joseph Morschauser
1962 Peter Goldman

PUBLIC SERVICE IN NEWSPAPER JOURNALISM:

1949 Star-Gazette, Moose Lake, Minnesota
1950 Atlanta (Ga.) Journal
1951 Chicago Sun Times
1952 Wall Street Journal
1953 Chicago Daily News
Houston Post
1954 Cleveland Plain Dealer
1955 The Register-Pajaronian Watsonville, California
1956 The Oregonian, Portland, Oregon
1957 Des Moines (Ia.) Register and Tribune
Minneapolis (Minn.) Star and Tribune
1958 Tampa (Fla.) Tribune
1959 Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution
1960 The Daily Commercial, Leesburg, Florida
1961 San Gabriel Valley Daily Tribune, West Covina, California
1962 Pascagoula (Miss.) Chronicle

PUBLIC SERVICE IN RADIO JOURNALISM:

1949 Station WTTS, Bloomington, Indiana
1950 Station WAVZ, New Haven, Connecticut
1951 Station WMAQ, Chicago, Illinois
1952 Station WMT, Cedar Rapids, Iowa
1953 CBS Radio Network
1954 CBS Radio Network
1955 Station WMAQ, Chicago, Illinois
1956 CBS Radio Network
1957 Station KNX, Los Angeles, Calif.
1958 CBS Radio Network
1959 WIP Radio
1960 WBT Radio, Charlotte, N. C.
1961 Station KNUZ, Houston, Texas
1962 WBZ, Boston, Mass.

PUBLIC SERVICE IN TELEVISION JOURNALISM:

1952 Station WBNS-TV, Columbus, Ohio
1953 Station WHAS-TV, Louisville, Kentucky
1954 Dummont Television Network
American Broadcasting Company
1955 Station KAKE-TV, Wichita, Kansas
1956 Station KPIX, San Francisco, Calif.
1957 Station WBZ-TV, Boston, Mass.
1958 Station KNXT, Hollywood, Calif.
1959 Station WBZ-TV, Boston, Mass.
1960 NBC Television Network
1961 Station KHOU-TV, Houston, Texas
1962 KGW-TV, Portland, Oregon

PUBLIC SERVICE IN MAGAZINE JOURNALISM:

1949 Collier's
1950 Collier's
1951 McCall's
1952 Look
1953 Look
1954 Saturday Evening Post
1955 Look
1956 Life
1957 The Reporter
1958 Life
1959 Saturday Evening Post
1960 Saturday Review
1961 Look
1962 Look

(Following award categories discontinued)

COURAGE IN JOURNALISM:

1939 New Orleans (La.) States
1942 Guthrie County Vedette, Panora, Iowa
1943 Lowell (Mass.) Sunday Telegram
1944 Milwaukee Journal
1945 New Orleans (La.) States
1946 Kansas City (Mo.) Star
1947 Memphis Press-Scimitar
1948 Philadelphia Inquirer

NEWSPAPER CARTOONING:

1948 Ed Dodd
1950 Milton Caniff

RADIO OR TV COMMENTARY:

1961 KDKA-TV, Pittsburgh, Pa.
1962 Harold Keen, WFMB-TV, San Diego, Calif.

RADIO OR TV NEWSWRITING:

1939 Albert Warner
1940 Cecil Brown
1942 Fulton Lewis, Jr.
1946 Harry M. Cochran
1947 Alex Dreier
1948 Merrill Mueller
1949 Elmer Davis
1950 Leo O'Brien and Howard Maschmeier
1951 William E. Griffith, Jr.
1952 Clifton Utley
1953 Charles J. Chatfield
1954 Reuben Frank
1955 Charles Shaw
1956 Howard K. Smith
1957 Jerry Rosholt
1958 Harold R. Meier
1959 Gene Marine
1960 David Brinkley

SPECIAL AWARDS:

1943 Raymond Clapper (Posthumous) "William Allen White Memorial Award"

WAR CORRESPONDENCE:

1943 Ernie Pyle (Raymond Clapper Memorial Award)
1944 Ernie Pyle (Human Interest)
Henry T. Gorrell (Spot News)
1945 John Graham Dowling

GOLD KEYS AWARDS OF 1932-34

Paul Scott Mowrer — Alexander Dana Noyes
Philip Hale — Jay N. (Ding) Darling
Franklin P. Adams — Casper S. Yost

November 8, 1963

Mr. Henry A. Fly
Attorney at Law
P. O. Box 792
Pascagoula, Miss.

Dear Mr. Fly:

We are very sorry that your copy of Professor Silver's report on Mississippi had no page 12. I hastened to send you the missing page yesterday. We try not to make mistakes, but occasionally, in the rush of assembling something to meet a deadline, we do.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

HENRY A. FLY
ATTORNEY AT LAW
P. O. BOX 792
PASCAGOULA
216 DELMAS AVENUE
TELEPHONE 762-8682

November 6, 1963

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Re: Mississippi: The Closed Society.

Gentlemen:

In the copy of the above-captioned address, received this day, I find two copies of page 11 and no page 12.

Please furnish me with a copy of page 12, if available.

Sincerely,

Henry A. Fly

Henry A. Fly

HAF:lf

Sent 11-14-63 billed for postage [redacted]

[redacted]

Silver Miss closed

10 or 12 up to 15

postage 3.56

airmail

Russell H. Barrett
544 - 4th St
Oxford, Miss.

amco tabs by ivan allen

221 IVY STREET, N.E. JA. 1-0800

Memo from MONTEX ALBRIGHT

11-15-63

Silver paper

50 Copies to

Dr. Alton Bryant
Univ Med. Center
2500 North State St.
Jackson, Miss

sent spec. handling.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
DIVISION OF STUDENT PERSONNEL
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

1 Cy each

Nov. 19

Office of the Dean of Women

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Les,

Jim is in Boston - am still trying to keep up with his fan mail. Hear you are about to go broke printing up copies of the speech. I managed to get one into the hands of one of our legislators yesterday - have a feeling he may request more after he reads it. Said he felt people should read what was said before they discussed it.
Assuming you are still in business and have more copies printed, please send to the following:

Miss Elizabeth S. Brown
1920 24th Ave.
Meridian, Miss.

Mr. Gerald Forbes
Ouachita Baptist College
Arkadelphia, Ark.

Mr. Leon C. Lantz
History Dept
University of Tennessee Martin Branch
Martin, Tenn.

Mrs. Harriot H. Jardine
6015 E.17th Ave.Pkwy
Denver 20, Colorado

Mr. Arthur Blumberg
Dept of Education
Temple University
Philadelphia 22, Pa.

Mr. Alan Simon
571 Sunderland Road
Teaneck, New Jersey

Mr. Mack Swearingen
Dept of History
Elmira College
Elmira, N.Y.

Mr. Mohinder Bhatia
c/o American Embassy
San Salvador
El Salvador, C.A.

(If you are keeping records, better send me a list of those Jim has requested sent - afraid my bookkeeping is getting fouled up.)

Mr. J.C. McGraw
Division of Social Science
William Carey College
Hattiesburg, Miss.

Mr. Helmut Wolf
120 Skyline Drive
Fayetteville, Arkansas

Hurriedly,

Dutch

1 cy each unless otherwise indicated

Professor Roscoe Baker
Department of Political Science
College of Charleston
Charleston, South Carolina

Rabbi Robert Blinder
Anshe Chesed Congregation
1209 Cherry Street
Vicksburg, Mississippi

Alan Conway, Esq.
Department of History
University College of Wales
Aberystwyth, Wales, U. K.

Mr. David S. Hargrove
Columbia Theological Seminary
Decatur, Georgia

Mr. J. O. Baylen
Department of History
University of Mississippi
University, Mississippi

Mr. Ronnie Dugger
The Texas Observer
504 West 24th Street
Austin, Texas

Mr. Joseph N. Causey, Pastor
First Babtist Church
Liberty & Fulton Streets
Canton, Mississippi

Miss Caroline Willis
Denhigh Hall
Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania

Mr. Oscar Winther
Mississippi Valley Historical Review
Ballantine Hall
Indiana University
Bloomington, Indiana

Professor Vann Perkins
Department of History
Brigham Young University
Provo, Utah

Mr. Otto Zausmer
The Boston Globe
Boston 7, Massachusetts

Dr. W. H. Raff
Political Science Department
State University College
New Paltz, New York

Mrs. Hugh C. Millar
27 Bayberry Street
Bronxville, New York 10708

Mr. Barton Milligan
276 George Street
Providence, Rhode Island

Professor Gerald Forbes
Ouachita Baptist College
Arkadelphia, Arkansas

Dr. Robert Wilson
Portland State College
Portland, Oregon

3 cys

Mr. Frank E. Smith
Office of the Board of Directors
Tennessee Valley Authority
Knoxville, Tennessee

5 cys

Col. Francis P. Miller
Department of State
Bureau of Educational and
Cultural Affairs
Washington, D. C.

10 cys charged

Mr. Oscar Cohen
Anti-Defamation League
Of B'nai B'rith
315 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10016

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND GOVERNMENT
DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH IN BUSINESS AND GOVERNMENT
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

November 14, 1963

Bureau of Business and Economic Research

Bureau of Governmental Research

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Kindly send me a copy of Dr. James Silver's MISSISSIPPI: THE CLOSED SOCIETY, a paper he delivered to the Southern Historical Association.

Thank you very much.

Yours very truly,

Donald G. Rhodes

DONALD G. RHODES
Governmental Research Analyst

DGR/mps

Sent 11-20-63 m A

MASTER HOSTS

THE Jacksonian HIGHWAY HOTEL

Jackson 6, Mississippi

New U. S. Highway 51 North (Interstate 55) . . . Swimming Pool . . . Direct Dialing Phones . . . Children's Playground . . . Television in All Rooms . . . Completely Air-Conditioned . . . Member AAA & MASTER HOSTS . . . LeFLEUR'S Restaurant in Connection.

Pub. by Frank Noone, Photographer, Jackson, Mississippi

76378-B

dp MADE BY DEXTER PRESS, INC. WEST NYACK, NEW YORK

AAA

2 30 PM NOV 1 1963

So. Cen Mail

Post Card

Please send copy of speech by James W. Silver before So. Historical Society to undersigned and advise charges.

ROBERT C. HYNSON
BOX 2067
LAUREL
MISSISSIPPI

Southern Regional Council
5 FORSYTH ST
ATLANTA
GA.

11-22 6 3 11 A

1009 Eastview Street
Jackson, Mississippi
November 21, 1963

Southern Regional Council
Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please provide me with a copy of the speech delivered by Dr. JamesW. Silvers during the recent meeting of the Historical Society. I would also appreciate any other material which could be of help in understanding some of the confusing situations which we are called upon as Christians in this rapidly changing social order.

Put. list

Sincerely yours,

W. O. Gill

W.O. Gill

11-22-63
MA

598 Warrior Trail
Jackson 6, Mississippi
November 21, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I would appreciate your sending me a copy of the speech by Dr. Silver, professor at the University of Mississippi, that he delivered recently before a North Carolina audience.

Thanks for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Ed Poe

Ed Poe

11-22-63
711A

DR. JOHN H. MOHR
OPTOMETRIST
P. O. BOX 5746
BRIGHT'S CENTER
JACKSON 8, MISSISSIPPI

TELEPHONE 939-3753

11-21-63

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St.
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen

Please send me a copy of the speech Prof. James Silver made before the Southern Historical Assn.

Thank you.

Yours truly,
J. H. Mohr, O.D.

11-22-63
MA

P.O.Box 426
GULFPORT, MISSISSIPPI
November 21,1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I note in a letter from Dr.James W.Silver to the editor of the Jackson,Mississippi Clarion Ledger that Dr.Silver says that you have made some copies of the speech which Dr.Silverx made to the meeting of The Southern Historical Association.

Dr.Silver states that these copies are available, as long as they last.

I would like very much to have a copy, or two copies if available. I am enclosing a stamped, addressed envelope. If there is any other expense attached to my recieving these copies, please let me know.

Thanking you, I am

Very truly yours,

Mrs. C. G. Bingham

Mrs.C.G.Bingham

11-22-63
MA

MA

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
DIVISION OF STUDENT PERSONNEL
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

Office of the Dean of Women

November 25

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
5 Forsythe Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Les,

Jim is back but still has me trying to keep up with the requests for copies of the speech. Fortunately, the number seems to be slacking off a bit. The last guy is sorta a nut or something, I think. He sent me a dollar and wants a "dollar's worth of the speeches". I've got the money - you send him a couple, or are we giving three for a dollar this week! And if you really insist, I'll forward the cash.

This has been a horrible three days. I still can't accept the fact that Kennedy was killed. I have watched each detail but except for a blind rage over the indecency of Barnett going to the funeral, nothing I have seen or heard has really sunk in. I can only pray that some good will come out of this needless sacrifice - so far there is little evidence of it in Mississippi.

Must try to get to work. Here are the names:

Mrs. Margaret Valiant 855 Union Ave. Memphis, Tenn.

Mr. Ed Blair 229 Exchange Building Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. Richard Conn, Director, Office of Information, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of International Labor Affairs, Washington (Assistant Secretary of Labor George Weaver asked this man to get a copy for him - needs it for Geneva conference)

2 — Mr. Edward R.P.Pearson 5550 10th Street N. Arlington, Va. paid to Silvers 8/-00

As ever,
Dutch
Dutch

November 26, 1963

Miss June Kushino
Commission on Religion and Race
National Council of Churches of Christ
475 Riverside Drive
New York 27, New York

Dear Miss Kushino:

We are mailing you the requested copies of Dr. Silver's address, Mississippi: The Closed Society. We exhausted our supply, but are now re-running the stencils due to an unprecedented demand. Dr. Spike may be interested to know that we had today 20 requests for single copies from Mississippi, including one minister, and the Archieves Department of the State of Mississippi!

Since this was not in our publications budget, we have to charge for the re-run of 2,000 copies -- and we may have to do another -- the cost of the paper and ink. This amount to .35 per copy.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

50 - Silver address

P.S. For Dr. Spike's information, the paper will be published in the Journal of the Southern Historical Association, 2901 Byrdhill Road, Richmond, Va. He may wish to write for reprints. In an expanded form, the paper will be published as a book in early Spring by Harcourt, Brace & World.

COMMISSION ON RELIGION AND RACE

national council of the churches of christ in the u.s.a.

475 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEW YORK 27, N. Y. RIverside 9-2200

J. IRWIN MILLER, PRESIDENT R. H. EDWIN ESPY, GENERAL SECRETARY

ROBERT W. SPIKE
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

November 22, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Friends:

We understand that your office has reprinted the statement which was released by Dr. James W. Silver, professor of history at the University of Mississippi around the date of November 7. Is this correct and if this is so, we would like to place an order for 50 copies of such a reprint. Please let us know the cost.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

June Kushino

June Kushino
Dr. Spike's Secretary

jk

@ .50
50
25.00
35
50
17.50

THE RT. REV. ARTHUR LICHTENBERGER, CHAIRMAN
EUGENE CARSON BLAKE • BISHOP B. JULIAN SMITH • MRS. J. FOUNT TILLMAN—VICE CHAIRMEN

Box 1201
Jackson, Miss. 39205
Nov. 23, 1963

Please send a copy ~~or copy~~ of Dr. James W. Silver's address delivered recently in Ashville, N. C. We have many Mississippians who agree with and admire Dr. Silver but they are very much in the minority.

We are brokenhearted over the tragic death of our great President, John F. Kennedy. He will have a place in history along with Abraham Lincoln.

Thanking you,

11-27-63
MA

Sincerely,

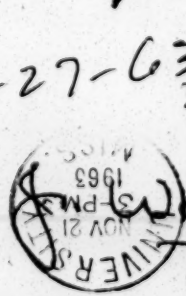
C. C. Clark

Rev. C. C. Clark

Dear Sir:

Could I please have a copy of Dr Silver's recent speech. Thank you very much.

11-27-63
MA



Walter Brown Jr.
Box 3257
University, Miss.

Nov. 21, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Sirs;

I would greatly appreciate a copy of the speech referred to by Dr. Silver in a letter to the Clarion Ledger - Jackson, Miss.

Thank you.

Sincerely Adams
Mary Adams
Box 71
Greenwood, Miss.

11-27-63
MA

Southern R. Council
Atlanta, Ga

Gentlemen,

Please send, if possible, two copies of the J W Silver speech.

Thank you

Mrs Inez Harrison
Forest
Miss
185 W. 3rd

11-27-63
MA

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

Department of History

11/21/63

Dear Sirs,

If possible, please send me a copy of Dr. Silver's "Mississippi: The Closed Society."

Sincerely,
Allen Cabaniss

11-27-63
MA

Southern Reg'l Council
Atlanta, Ga.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY
P. O. BOX 571
JACKSON 5, MISSISSIPPI

CHARLOTTE CAPERS
DIRECTOR

November 21, 1963

Southern Regional Conference
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Will you please send to this Department a copy of the address given by Dr. James W. Silver to the Southern Historical Association in Asheville.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Charlotte Capers

Charlotte Capers

CC:n

11-27-63
mA

21 November 1963

Southern Regional Conference
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

DEar Sirs:

I would like to have a copy or two of Dr. James W. Silver's presidential address delivered to the Southern Historical Association in Asheville, N.C. on November 7 if they are available.

Thank you,

Hubert D. Abadie

Hubert D. Abadie
Box 202
University, Miss.

11-27-63
MA

M. M. ROBERTS
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
CITIZENS BANK BUILDING
HATTIESBURG, MISS.

November 21, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

In letter of Dr. James W. Silver to the editor of a Jackson newspaper, it is stated that "With my permission, the Southern Regional Council, 5 Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Georgia, ran off some copies" of the Dr. Silver speech. He states that these are available as long as they last; and I would appreciate your mailing a copy to me.

Sincerely yours,

M. M. Roberts

M. M. ROBERTS

MMR/hes

11-27-63
MA

ALLRED AND ADAMS
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
POSTOFFICE BOX 521
COLLINS, MISSISSIPPI

WILLIAM WALLACE ALLRED
WILLIAM D. ADAMS

TELEPHONE 6902

November 23, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Please send me a copy of the speech of Professor Silver of the University of Mississippi.

He stated in a recent letter to the Clarion Ledger, Jackson, Mississippi, that copies could be obtained by making a request to you.

Very truly yours,

Wm. Wallace Allred

Wm. Wallace Allred
P. O. Box 521
Collins, Mississippi

11-27-63
MA

Box 2776
State College, Miss.
November 23, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Would you please send me a copy of the speech that Dr. James W. Silver delivered before the annual meeting of the Southern Historical Association.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

Peter E. Robinson

Peter E. Robinson

11-27-63
JA

1103 So. 14th St.
Oxford, Miss.
Nov. 20, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen,

I should like very much to have a copy of the speech which Mr. James Silver delivered before the Southern Historical Association recently.

Thank you very much.

Very truly yours,
Janis W. Pierce
(Mrs. Gerald J. Pierce)

11-27-63
MA

1614 St. Mary St.
Jackson, Miss.
Nov. 22, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of Prof. James W. Silver's speech which he recently gave before the Southern Historical Association.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Charles E. Wallace

11-27-63
MA

P. O. Drawer 2131
Jackson, Mississippi
November 22, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Please send me a copy of the speech by Dr. James W. Silver before the Southern Historical Association.

Sincerely yours,

Henry C. McGee

HENRY C. McGEE

11-27-63
MA

November 27, 1963

Mr. Gordon L. Rutland
1949 Wingfield Circle
Jackson, Mississippi 39209

Dear Mr. Rutland:

We have your check for two dollars and your request for two copies of Dr. Silver's address. We are mailing you the copies under separate cover. The cost of mimeographing the address requires us to charge .50¢ per copy; shall we refund the $1.00, or would you care to order other materials? A current publications list is enclosed for your information.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Ck $2.00
11/26/63
LK

Nov. 21, 1963

Dear Sirs:

I am enclosing check for two dollars which I hopeis enough to pay for two copies of Dr. James W. Silver's Address to the Southern Historical Association meeting at Ashville,North Carolina earlier this month. To hear a responsible voice of truth and reason in my State is most encouraging. Thank you so much.

Sincerely.

Gordon L. Rutland

Gordon L. Rutland
1949 Wingfield Circle
Jackson, Miss.39209

11-27-63

MILLSAPS COLLEGE
DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE
JACKSON 10, MISSISSIPPI

November 26, 1963

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I understand from a letter that Professor Silver wrote to one of our local newspapers that copies of the address he gave in Asheville recently are available from you. If you still have a copy to spare, may I please have one?

Thank you.

Yours truly,

Gordon G. Henderson

Gordon G. Henderson
Chairman

12-2-63
JHA

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
DIVISION OF STUDENT PERSONNEL
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

MA

Office of the Dean of Women

Friday, November 29

Dear Les,

Here's the latest list of folks requesting copies of the speech. Bet you're about as tired of this as I am.

Dr. T.E.Wilson
200 Morgan Building
Jackson 6, Mississippi

Dep't direct request from him

Mr. Gordon G. Henderson
Chairman Department Political Science
Millsaps College
Jackson 10, Mississippi

transferred to N.M. file do not count

Dr. William H.Feldman
3210 38th Street,N.W.
Washington, D.C.

Mr. Fred Gareau
Department of Government
Florida State University
Tallahassee, Florida

12-2-63 MA

Dr. T.A.Bickerstaff
Box 262
University, Mississippi

As ever,

Dutch

Another batch of requests came in before I could mail this - next page, please

R. H. DeKAY
114 LEA CIRCLE
JACKSON 4, MISSISSIPPI

November 27 1963

Southern Regional Council,
5 Forsyth Street,
Atlanta,
Georgia.

Gentlemen:

Will you please mail me a copy of the speech recently made by Dr.James W.Silver of the University of Mississippi before the Southern Historical Association.

If there is a charge for this,will you please advise me.

Very truly,

Robt H DeKay

Robt.H.DeKay

12-2-63
MA

MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY
STATE COLLEGE, MISSISSIPPI

DIVISION OF SOCIOLOGY AND RURAL LIFE

November 29, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I would appreciate very much receiving a copy of the presidential address given by Dr. James W. Silver at the annual meeting of the Southern Historical Association in Asheville.

Thank you for this courtesy.

Yours sincerely,

Benjamin E. Haddox

Benjamin E. Haddox
Assistant Professor

12-2-63
mA

Gulf Coast Junior College District

Harrison, Stone, Jackson & George Counties
In Mississippi
Perkinston College

J. J. HAYDEN, JR.
PRESIDENT

November 21, 1963

928-4863

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

I would like very much to have a copy of the speech by Dr. James W. Silver delivered at the Southern Historical Association in Ashville, North Carolina recently.

May I take this opportunity to thank you for making Dr. Silver's speech available in Mississippi. I doubt seriously that the Clarion-Ledger will print the unexpurgated version of it.

Yours truly,

David G. Sansing

David G. Sansing
Instructor, History Dept.
Perkinston Jr. College

br

12-2-63
MA

121 N. 35th Ave.
Hattiesburg, Miss.
Nov. 25, 1963

12-2-63
MA

Southern Regional Council
5 Dorsyth St.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs;

Please send me a copy of Dr. James W. Silver's speech made in Asheville, N.C. recently. I am interested in being informed as to the subject matter of the paper for which he is being so thoroughly maligned by our bigoted press. He may not be fair but I'd be willing to bet there is more truth in his speech than in the local reporting done on it.

Thank you.

Sincerely,
Mary Dixon Montague (Mrs. J.D, Jr.)

2823 Arbor Hills Dr
Jackson Miss

Dear Sir,

Please send me a copy of Professor James Silver's talk. Am very much interested & admire him so much. Enclosed is an article explaining this —

Thank You
Lorraine Crews

12.3.63
MA

.10 coin
12/3/63
LK

635-½ Jefferson Ave
Niagara Falls, N.Y.
Nov. 29, 1963

Dear Sirs,

Please send me a copy of the talk by J. W. Silver. I have no other way of finding out what all the commotion is about.

I enclose ten cents to cover handling and mailing costs.

Thank You -
Estella Bucco

Mrs. E. A. Bucco

12-3-63
MA

November 27, 1963

Dear Sir;

Can you please send me a copy of the speech which Dr. Silver gave at the meeting of the Southern Historical Association. I teach Social Studies in high school. I would very much like to have a copy for teaching purposes.

Thank you,

Mary P. Brooks

If there is any charge, I will be delighted to pay.

Mrs. Thos. J. Brooks
750 Lenox Dr.
Jackson 6, Miss.

12-3-63

"Ad mortem fidelis"

National Alliance of Postal Employees

ORGANIZED OCTOBER 6, 1913

BRANCHES IN THIRTY-SEVEN STATES

ASHBY G. SMITH, PRESIDENT
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
ENORMEL CLARK, VICE PRESIDENT
SWARTHMORE, PA.
VOTIE D. DIXON, SECRETARY
WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOME OFFICE
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
1644 - 11TH STREET, N. W.
WASHINGTON 1, D. C.

PHILLIP W. HOLLAND
TREASURER-COMPTROLLER
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
SNOW F. GRIGSBY, EDITOR
DETROIT, MICH.

November 27, 1963

Southern Regional Council
450 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

Kindly send to me a copy of the recent speech by Professor Silver of the University of Mississippi to the Association of University Professors. While I am not certain that such is the title of the organization, I trust that the speech, as widely publicized and critical of the state can be made available to me.

Sincerely,

Charles R. Braxton

CRB:bhw

Charles R. Braxton
Administrative Assistant
National Alliance of Postal Employees

12-3-63
24A

ck $2.00 12/2/63 LK

CAMP LANDON

SPONSORED BY THE

GENERAL CONFERENCE MENNONITE CHURCH
BOARD OF MISSIONS

ORLO KAUFMAN, DIRECTOR
TELEPHONE: 864-2528

HAROLD REGIER, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR
TELEPHONE: 863-7324

GULFPORT, MISSISSIPPI
ROUTE 1, BOX 382

Nov. 27, 1963

The Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St. N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I have heard many commendable statements regarding your organization and would appreciate being put on your mailing list. At present I'm especially interested in receiving several copies of the Dr. Silvers address.

12-3-63 mA

Enclosed is a check for $2.00 to cover costs. If you have other recent materials related to the race relations problem, I would appreciate example copies.

Sincerely yours,

Orlo Kaufman

Orlo Kaufman

write

OK/mhd

Enc.- $2.00

MA

David S. Newton
General Delivery
University, Mississippi
November 30, 1963

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St.
Atlanta
Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I am writing regarding the address which Dr. James W. Silver gave recently in Asheville, N. C.

I would like two (2) copies of the address, and Dr. Silver has indicated that he does not have any extra copies available at the moment. He suggested that I might ask you if you could supply these to me. I shall be happy to pay the necessary charges in advance.

Thank you.

Yours very truly,

David S. Newton

David S. Newton

12-5-63
MA

J. D. WISE
P. O. BOX 572
HAZLEHURST, MISS 39083

December 3, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

If still available will you please mail me a copy of Dr. J. W. Silver's address that was made recently at Ashville, N. C.

Yours very truly,

J. D. Wise

JDW:dc

12-5-63
mA

PA + VJ
pls get together on this

St Peter's Episcopal Church

P. O. Box 266
Oxford, Mississippi

PARISH HOUSE AND OFFICE
113 SOUTH 9TH STREET
TELEPHONE 899

RECTORY
906 LINCOLN AVE.
TELEPHONE 1299

November 18, 1963

12-5-63
D. M.

Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Exec. Director
The Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Dunbar:

The Mississippi Council on Human Relations is very much interested in distributing copies of Dr. Jim Silver's speech at Ashville, North Carolina, within the state of Mississippi. I was asked to write to you to see if we could obtain some 500 copies of the speech for such distribution. I have checked this with Dr. Silver, and, of course, it is fine with him. The only problem seems to be whether or not you have this many copies available.

VJ

An alternate suggestion at our Board of Directors meeting was that the SRC might be able to get the speech inserted in the Congressional Record, and we could get copies from this source for the desired distribution. Such a procedure would cut down considerably on mailing costs, I'M sure, and this is something to consider in the light of our limited resources. However, this might delay the distribution for some time, and I believe this would be undesirable. I would appreciate your comments on this.

If you have the required number of copies available, and if you feel that this is the best way to handle the matter, would you please have the copies mailed to our new Secretary, The Rev. Donald A. Thompson, 1164 Ellis Ave., Jackson, Mississippi 39209. Distribution will be made from that point. (If 500 copies is too much to ask for, we would settle for 300!)

PA

Another point raised at our Board meeting had to do with the desirability of having someone from the SRC or from some other state Council on Human Relations to meet with our Board and give us some guidance about possible programs and activities. As you know, we have very little precedent to follow here in Mississippi, and I think we could stand quite a bit of advice. We would be happy to have you, or someone whom you might suggest, meet with us, if you think this would be helpful. Our next general meeting is set for January 28, 1964, at Tougaloo College. It will begin at 10:00 A.M., and continue until 3:00 P.M., with a meeting of the Board probably taking place after adjournment. What do you think?

I'll look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Duncan M. Gray, Jr.

The Rev. Duncan M. Gray, Jr.

November 22, 1963

The Rev. Duncan M. Gray, Jr.
St. Peter's Episcopal Church
P. O. Box 266
Oxford, Mississippi

Dear Duncan:

Les has shared with me your letter about the January 28 meeting of MCHR. I can be at that meeting if you wish and would like to be.

Will see Dan Beittel here in Atlanta on Monday.

Others of our bureaucracy will write about the Silver speech.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Director of Field Activities

PA:mm

December 9, 1963

Miss Rollyn Osterweis
Bates Hall - Wellesley College
Wellesley, Mass.

Dear Miss Osterwhis:

Under separate cover we are sending you one copy of Professor Silver's speech. Because of the unprecedented demand, we have had to mimeograph another 2,000 copies; this is rather expensive, and it was not included in our publications budget. For that reason, we are obliged to charge 50¢ per copy. If you still wish five more copies, with this understanding, we will be glad to send them to you.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

MISS ROLLYN OSTERWEIS
BATES HALL, WELLESLEY COLLEGE
WELLESLEY, MASSACHUSETTS

Dec. 4, 1963

Dear Sir:

Could you please send me five copies of Professor Silver's speech. As chairman of the Wellesley Civil Rights group, I am requesting this number on behalf of various members of our group.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely,

Rollyn Osterweis

Sent 1 copy - MCG.
12-9-63
MA

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

Department of History

Dear Leslie:

This backward campus is just getting waked up to the fact that there was a speech made in Asheville and I am getting a dozen requests for copies every day. I don't know what the status of your supply is but I could use twenty copies without giving two to a person. I think that this is going to blow up into an explosion but I still can't quite see the direction it's coming from.

Please have copies sent to

Mrs. Lou Jordan, 149 Prospect Street, Apt 2,
Long Beach, California
Dr. Bennett H. Wall, History Dept. University of
Kentucky, Lexington, Ky. - wants two additional.
Dr. Dwight Van de Vate, Dept of Philosophy, Florida
State University, Tallahassee, Florida.

Believe it or not, I am going to Trenton, New Jersey, next week TO TALK ABOUT SOMETHING ELSE.

Yours,

Jim

Jim Silver

12-9-63
JA
(no charge)

also
Peter Briggs, 67 River Road,
Grandview, N.Y.

Memo from **MILDRED JOHNSON**

MA - also, pls send

1 copy each to

Prof. Albert Coates &
Univ. of N.C. Chapel Hill
Hal Sullivan NC
Atl Constitution

12-9-63
MA

MA

(we should fill all reasonable requests from Mississippi if at all possible)

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

Department of History

December 2, 1963

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I would very much appreciate receiving fifteen copies of my colleague, Dr. Silver's inaugural address before the Southern Historical Association to comply with numerous requests of friends who have asked for copies.

Thank you for your kind consideration of my request.

Yours sincerely,

Joseph O. Baylen

Joseph O. Baylen
Professor of History

JOB/eja

12-9-63
MA
no charge

15.50
$7.50

December 9, 1963

Professor Paul Oberst
College of Law
University of Kentucky
Lexington, Kentucky

Dear Professor Oberts:

We are pleased to send a copy of Dr. Silver's address to each member of the Academic Freedom Committee of AALS on the list you enclosed.

Sincerely yours ,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

COLLEGE OF LAW

December 5, 1963

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyte Street., N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I recently received a 43 pp. mimeographed copy of an address by Professor James W. Silver, President of the Southern Historical Society, entitled, "Mississippi: The Closed Society". I believe it may have come from your office.

? I'd like to send a copy to each of the members of the Academic Freedom Committee of AALS on the enclosed list, or if that is not possible at least to the president and chairman. Can you help us and oblige

Yours sincerely,

Paul Oberst

Paul Oberst
Professor of Law

AK
by LWD
12-9-63
sent
MA

po/lb

1963 COMMITTEE ON ACADEMIC FREEDOM AND TENURE OF AALS - Address List

320 — already has

Paul Oberst, Chairman
University of Kentucky
College of Law
Lexington, Kentucky

Professor Chester J. Antieau
Georgetown University Law Center
Washington 1, D. C.

Professor Clark Byse
Harvard Law School
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Professor James H. Chadbourn
University of California School
of Law
Los Angeles 24, California

Professor Homer H. Clark, Jr.
University of Colorado School
of Law
Boulder, Colorado

Professor Lindsey Cowen
University of Virginia School
of Law
Charlottesville, Virginia

Professor Willard L. Eckhardt
University of Missouri School of
Law
Columbia, Missouri

Walter Gellhorn, President AALS
Columbia University Law School
New York 27, N. Y.

Professor Robert B. McKay
New York University School of Law
New York 3, N. Y.

Professor Robert C. McClure
University of Minnesota Law School
Minneapolis 14, Minnesota

Professor Gerard R. Moran
Rutgers University School of Law
53 Washington Street
Newark 2, New Jersey

Professor Arval A. Morris
University of Washington Law School
Seattle 5, Washington

Professor C. Dallas Sands
University of Alabama
University, Alabama

Professor William F. Schulz
University of Pittsburgh School
of Law
Pittsburgh 13, Pennsylvania

12-9-63
MA

December 9, 1963

Mr. Bill Camp
Box 5076
Millsaps College
Jackson, Miss.

Dear Mr. Camp:

We are sending you the second copy of Dr. Silver's speech on Mississippi. Because of the unprecedented demand, we have had to mimeograph another 2,000 copies; this expense was not in our publications budget. We have, therefore, been obliged to charge 50¢ per copy for the speech tocover cost of paper and mailing. If there are more than 25 students who want copies, we could let you have them at 35¢ each.

We cannot give permission for you to mimeograph or otherwise reproduce it; the speech is copyrighted and permission would have to be obtained from Dr. Silver at the University of Mississippi. In an expanded form, the paper will be published as a book soon.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

December 6, 1963

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Would it be possible to secure at least one or more copies of Doctor Silver's speech, "Mississippi-a Closed Society." I believe it was delivered before the Southern Regional Historical Society in the middle of November. I understand you might make copies available to interested persons.

There are a number of students at my school who would be very interested in having the text of his speech. Therefore, if there is no great expense, could you consider sending me a number of extra copies to distribute. If this is unfeasible, would it be possible for me to obtain permission ot duplicate copies for distribution to interested persons in Jackson.

Awaiting your reply.

Respectfully yours

Bill Camp
Box 5076
Millsaps College
Jackson, Miss.

SD &
more than 25 copies
@ .35 -

cash $2.00
12/16/63
LK

Gulf Coast Junior College District

Harrison, Stone, Jackson & George Counties
In Mississippi

Perkinston College

J. J. HAYDEN, JR.
PRESIDENT

928-4863

P. O. Box 55
Perkinston, Mississippi

December 13, 1963

Sent
12-18-63
mA

Recd
12/16/63
mA

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send us three (3) copies of Professor James W. Silver's speech, "Mississippi the Closed Society," delivered at the Southern Historical Association at Asheville, North Carolina on November 7, 1963.

We appreciate your making this speech available.

Yours truly,

W E Therrell

W. E. Therrell

WET/jes

1.50 Therrell
50 Sansing

P. S. Enclosed is two dollars ($2.00). Please account fifty-cents (50¢) for the speech which you have already sent to another faculty member, Mr. David Sansing. Also, would you please send us any information about your organization that might be of interest to us.

WET.

MA

December 15, 1963

Mr. Leslie Dunbar, Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar,

From a request of mine to Dr. James Silver for copies of his speech, MISSISSIPPI: THE CLOSED SOCIETY, he suggested my writing you for at least ten copies for distribution here in Jackson.

It is not likely that we will have this speech published in it's entirety, and there are numerous people interested.

Thank you---

Sincerely,
Mrs. J. J. Schmelzer

Mrs. J. J. Schmelzer
4637 Jiggitts Rd.
Jackson 6, Mississippi
39211

12-18-63
10 copies

Cash $1.00
12/16/63
LK
MA

Miss Elizabeth S. Brown
1920 - 24 Ave.
Meridian, Miss.

Dec - 12 - 1963

Sent 12-18-63
MA

Southern Regional Council Inc -
5 Forsyth Street -
Atlanta Georgia

Dear Sir -

I have just received the copy of Dr James W. Silver's address, I saw at the Southern Historical Association, which I requested -

May I have three more copies -

It is the most courageous appraisal of Mississippi that I've seen -

Enclosed $1.00 to cover postage -

Thank you -

Sincerely yours,
Elizabeth S. Brown
1920 - 24th Ave -
Meridian Mississippi -

December 18, 1963

Miss Helen Lincoln
Editorial Department
CURRENT
905 Madison Avenue
New York 21, N. Y.

Dear Miss Lincoln:

Your letter to Professor Silver regarding a copy of his address to the Southern Historical Association has been forwarded to us. We mimeographed Dr. Silver's address for limited distribution; it will be published in the Journal of the Southern Historical Association. Also, in an expanded form, it will appear as a book.

We are pleased to send the enclosed copy of his address.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Current

905 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 21, N. Y., YUKON 8-7900

MA - please send with covering letter

November 14, 1963

Dr. James W. Silver
Department of History
University of Mississippi
University, Miss.

Dear Dr. Silver:

The editors of Current would be very interested in receiving a copy of the address you delivered to the Southern Historical Association in Asheville, N.C. on November 7.

If a transcript is available I should be most grateful if you would forward it to my attention.

Sincerely yours,

Helen Lincoln

Helen Lincoln
Editorial Department

cash $1.00
1/7/64
LR

December 31, 1963

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of Dr. James W. Silver's presidential speech before the Southern Historical Association.

I am enclosing $1.00 for this speech.

Respectfully,

David O'Neal

DO:JR
ENCLOSURE

Please send to:
Mr. David O'Neal
2112 19th Avenue
Gulfport, Mississippi

Fwd
1-9-64

Trinity Presbyterian Church

BOX 3098

Meridian, Mississippi

A. M. HART
MINISTER

December 11, 1963

Rec'd
12/16/63

The Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Please send me two copies of Dr. James W. Silver's "Presidential Address before the Southern Historical Association".

Since I do not know the price of this item, please bill me for it.

Sincerely yours,

A. M. Hart

A. M. Hart

AMH:rr

Filed
1-8-64

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY
P. O. BOX 571
JACKSON 5, MISSISSIPPI

Rec'd 12/16/63

CHARLOTTE CAPERS
DIRECTOR

December 13, 1963

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We have not received the additional copy of Dr. Silver's article, "Mississippi: The Closed Society," which we ordered on December 5, and for which we sent payment.

Will you kindly let us have this copy as soon as possible.

Sincerely yours,

Charlotte Capers

Charlotte Capers

CC:n

1-8-64

MONDAY

NOVEMBER						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

18

NOV. 1963

Zoo Silver

to Aaron Henry

Miss.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

Department of History

Les:

May see you toward end of next week. No action yet though there is a committee meeting next Sunday. A vice-chancellor, Alton Bryant, told me last night that he would testify in my favor regarding appeasement by administration. He was a part of it and is now ashamed of it. At least he admits it. The medical school faculty is apparently on my side. We all may be disappointed if Old Silver weathers the crisis, though that is not my prediction.

I'm worn out, as usual.

J

Send copies to:

Mr. Otto Zausmer The Boston Globe Boston 7,Mass

Dr. W.H.Raff Political Science Dept. State Universit
College, New Paltz, N.Y.

Mrs. Hugh C.Millar 27 Bayberry St. Bronxville
10708 New York

Barton Milligan 276 George St., Providence, R.I.

Prof Gerald Forbes, Ouachita Baptist
College, Arkadelphia, Arkansas

Dr Robert Wilson, Portland State
College, Portland, Oregon

VJ - pls handle
MJ file

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI

Department of History

Dear Leslie:

Here are some more names. The Willis girl is from Mississippi, wants the copies to use among her friends as a means of getting ready for Gov. Wallace. I dpubt if this will do any good, and I am sure she would settle for less than 10 copies.

The preacher from Canton would, ZI think, distribute the talk where we want it most, in Mississippi.

If I can get around to it, I am going to write my letter the Clarion-Ledger and I think, if they print it, you will be deluged for requests. I don't know what H-B will think, but the more copies we can get in Miss. the further along will be our propaganda. We have nothing to lose except money and our heads.

The ABERDEEN EXAMINER (Miss.) had a magnificent editorial, in our favor. Signed by Sam Houston. (I had thought he was dead.)

I plan to come by to see you, along about Saturday. On advice of Alton Bryant, I alsos intend to talk with ACLU people in NY.

Yours,

Jim

Jim Silver

Rabbi Robert Blinder
Anshe Chesed Congregation
1209 Cherry St, Vicksburg, Miss

Alan Conway, Esq.
Dept. of History,
University College of Wales,
~~Aberystwyth~~
Aberystwyth, Wales, U.K.

Mr. David S. Hargrove
Columbia Theological Seminary,
Decatur, Georgia

Mr. J. O. Baylen
Dept. of History,
University of Mississippi,
University, Miss.

Mr. Ronnie Dugger · The Texas Observer
504 West 24th St. Austin, Texas

Mr. Joseph N. Causey, Pastor
First Baptist Church Liberty & Fulton St.
Canton, Miss. 10 copies

Miss Caroline Willis Denbigh Hall
Bryn Mawr College Bryn Mawr, Pa.
10 copies

Dr Oscar Winther, Miss Valley Historical Review, Ballantine Hall,
Indiana Univ., Bloomington, Indiana

Prof Vann Perkins, History Dept,
Brigham Young University,
Provo, Utah

Send a copy to —

Professor Roscoe Baker
Department of Pol. Science,
College of Charleston,
Charleston, S. C.

June 13, 1962

Miss Susanna B. McBee
1400 E. 55th Place
Apt. 709 South
Chicago 37, Illinois

Dear Miss McBee:

Your letter of June 1 to Mrs. Albright and your dissertation on sit-in demonstrations and the law have been received. Mrs. Albright is no longer with the Council but we see her fairly often and will call her attention to your thesis next time she is in the office.

I know she would want me to extend her congratulations on the attainment of your M.A. degree and to thank you for sending the copy of the dissertation. We have only had the opportunity so far to glance through the thesis but would like to read it more carefully and retain it for our research files.

If we can be of assistance to you again please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

Jean T. Levine
Administrative Secretary
Research Department

77

1400 E. 55TH Place
Apt. 709 South
Chicago 37, Illinois

June 1, 1962

Mrs. Ed. A. Albright
Administrative Secretary, Research
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Albright:

Here is a copy of my M. A. thesis on legal problems raised by the sit-in demonstrations. Again, I want to thank you for the help you gave me in preparing it.

I expect to get my degree here next weekend and will return to my job as a reporter for the Washington Post in September.

Sincerely yours,

Susanna B. McBee

January 10, 1963

Miss Susanna McBee
Reporter
The Washington Post & Times-Herald
1515 "L" Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Miss McBee:

As a relative newcomer to the Southern Regional Council, I don't know exactly when we received a copy of your M. A. thesis, Sit-in Demonstrations and the Law, nor indeed how we happened to receive it. I only discovered the ms this week, but I'm awfully glad I did. I think it's a mighty fine piece of work, and I hope you will allow us to retain oour copy since the information it contains will be most helpful to our research department.

Prior to joining SRC, I served as editor of the Louisiana State Press, and my experience there is my reason for asking this question: have you ever thought of submitting your manuscript to a university press for possible publication as a scholarly monograph? Admittedly, the work probably requires some revision, and undoubtedly will be more valuable if it is updated to include the sit-in cases now being considered by the Supreme Court (assuming the Court reaches a decision this term).

Nevertheless, I don't think you'd have anything to lose -- and you might have a great deal to gain -- by approaching a university press. Naturally, I

would be happy to see the ms considered by LSU Press. But there is also Lambert Davis at the University of North Carolina Press (which, as you doubtless know, published Diary of a Sit-In last spring) and Roger Shugg at the press of your alma mater, the University of Chicago, which recently published Seeds of Southern Change). It seems to me any of these presses would be interested in seeing your ms, though, of course, they might have some reservations about accepting it for publication.

At any rate, I hope you will consider these possibilities -- and forgive the impertinence of a complete stranger in making such a suggestion.

Incidentally, we are also in the publishing game to a minor extent, periodically bringing out reports, studies, etc. And, if you have any suggestions for future projects we might undertake or something which you yourself might be willing to write for us, I would love to hear about them.

Whatever the case, if you're ever in Atlanta, I hope you'll pay us a visit. Meanwhile, please give my best regards to your Post colleagues Bob Baker, Al Friendly, and Larry Laurent.

Yours sincerely,

Staige D. Blackford
Director of Research

SDB/mmj
cc: Mr. Richard L. Wentworth

LOUISIANA STATE
UNIVERSITY PRESS
BATON ROUGE

January 29, 1963

Mr. Staige Blackford
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Room 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Staige:

Enclosed is a carbon of a letter to Miss McBee. I hope that something will develop but it will take a lot of work on her part.

Do you have any ideas about who might do us a biography of Charles Aycock, late, great governor of North Carolina?

The new director of the Virginia Press, Victor Reynolds, has been director of the Cornell University Press for at least twenty years and is one of the best-known men in University Press publishing. They must have gone very high to get this man, unless he has ties of some kind in Charlottesville. He was generally considered the permanent property of Cornell, I am sure.

The sub-committee of the Press Committee which is to decide on a Director here is down to six people, all in University Press publishing. Don told me about David McDowell the same day I got your letter. Apparently he was passed over by the committee for some unknown reason, although he is certainly eminently qualified for the job. But Don tells me that he is glad that McDowell was passed over, because he has known him casually for several years and he is, according to Don, a rabid conservative who might do horrible things with a Southern University Press. Don tells me that he and Louis Rubin almost got in a fight with him once at Johns Hopkins about Hess and Chamberlin.

Somebody in the Journal office must be stealing our books. We definitely sent a copy to Pat Watters. Anyway, we are getting another copy in the mail today and trust that this one will get through to him.

Didn't I include you on the complimentary list for this book? I meant to. Anyway, a copy also goes out to you today, no charge.

Thanks again for keeping your eyes open for us. Best to Bettina and Leslie Dunbar.

Cordially,

Dick

Richard L. Wentworth
Assistant Director &
Sales Manager

RLW:brt

P.S. Please stop mentioning the Chief in your letters so I can file them! The gang sends its best.

January 29, 1963

Miss Susanna McBee
2727 29th Street, N.W.
Washington 8, D. C.

Dear Miss McBee:

Thank you very much for sending down a copy of your thesis SIT-IN DEMONSTRATIONS AND THE LAW. I have read through it and it is very well done indeed.

Mr. Blackford's idea I am sure was that if the thesis could be revised, up-dated, and expanded, it would make a good book. I would certainly agree with this. Given the research you have already done and the opportunity you have to follow current developments at close hand, I would think that you are particularly well qualified to do an excellent book on this subject.

A good book should have of course considerably more detail about the individual sit-ins on which the major cases have been filed. For the sake of general reader interest, there should be more emphasis on the individuals involved. Of course the manuscript would have to be up-dated to the present time and preferably through any decisions which may be rendered by the Supreme Court before completion.

I hope you are sufficiently interested in the subject that you might consider doing a book on it. Your thesis constitutes a good beginning for such a book but of course much more work remains to be done. If you can be persuaded to attempt such a project, we would be happy to work with you on it.

I will hold your thesis until I hear from you further. I do hope you will decide to work on a book for us.

Sincerely yours,

Richard L. Wentworth
Assistant Director &
Sales Manager

RLW:brt

Staige - thanks a lot! I hope this develops; I'll keep you informed if she replies. Glad you're keeping your eyes open for us.

Best
Dick

January 14, 1963

Miss Susanna McBee
Reporter
The Washington Post & Times-Herald
1515 "L" Street, N.W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Miss McBee:

Staige Blackford of the Southern Regional Council has sent me a carbon of his letter of January 10 to you. As he indicated, the Louisiana State University Press would be very much interested in seeing a manuscript on SIT-IN DEMONSTRATIONS AND THE LAW.

We rarely publish a master's thesis (or indeed a Ph.D. dissertation) unless it has been thoroughly revamped to eliminate the ultra-scholarly apparatus. Chances are if your thesis was finished more than a couple of years ago, it would have to be up-dated considerably. I suspect the Southern Regional Council could be of help to you in this regard.

If you would be kind enough to send us a copy of your thesis, if you have one available, we would be glad to look it over and inform you whether in our opinion it has the makings of a book. In such case, we would immediately write you a contract for the book if you so desire, contingent of course on satisfactory revision and up-dating.

If you do not have an extra copy to loan, perhaps Mr. Blackford would be willing to loan the copy he has to us, for a week or two.

Please do let me hear from you if you are at all interested in the possibility of expanding your thesis into a book. I assure you that we would be most interested in exploring this possibility with you.

Sincerely yours,

Richard L. Wentworth
Assistant Director

RLW:brt
CC: Staige Blackford

P.S. I am sending you by separate mail a copy of one of our recent books that might be of interest to you, THE QUEST FOR EQUALITY.

David McDowell
McDowell Olobensky
Random House
New Directions

Feb. 6, 1963

Miss Susanna McBee
2727 29th St., N. W.
Apt. 631
Washington 8, D. C.

Dear Miss McBee:

I'm delighted to learn that you are planning to turn your thesis on SIT-IN DEMONSTRATIONS AND THE LAW into a book for LSU Press. Dick Wentworth had already written me about the Press's interest in your study, and I think it could result in a first-rate book.

We will, of course, be glad to do all we can in gathering materials that might be useful to you. While SRC has not itself published any studies subsequent to its September 1961 report, we do have a mass of newspaper clips, magazine pieces, etc. on sit-ins since that time. Indeed, we have a whole file drawer filled with nothing but material on sit-ins. I've alerted our research staff to your request, and we'll try to pull together the most significant information, shift through it, and get what we cull together off to you within the near future.

I would like to suggest that you write one of SRC's board members about your project since I'm sure he'll be greatly interested in it and may be able to help you. He is John P. Nelson, Jr., 702 Gravier Building, 535 Gravier St., New Orleans, La. Jack Nelson is one of the lawyers representing the defendants in the cases now being considered by the Supreme Court. He has been extremely active in the civil rights movement, is a very savvy guy, and should be able to furnish you with valuable guidance and advice. Further, since I note you're going to be using the libraries at Covington, I suggest you look up twolongtime friends of mine who are lawyers there if you need any help in that mammoth library of theirs. They are respectively Jim Holland and Thad Holt, both good men. Jim is a graduate of U. Va. while Thad was at Oxford with me and later graduated from Harvard Law School. They're bright lads, and I think you should feel free to call on them in case of difficulties.

Finally, I am enclosing a copy of a letter received here recently from SRC Vice-President Marion Wright.

MORE

The proposal he outlines (beginning last graf, p. 1) is one which we think merits serious SRC consideration--and one which should be right up your alley. I'd like to discuss this further with SRC Executive Director Les Dunbar, but it seems to me that you would be logical person to undertake such an assignment for us. So, assuming you're interested and that we decide to go ahead on Mr. Wright's suggestion, I may be writing you further about the possibility of doing such a study for SRC. Admittedly, our honorariums can scarcely match those of the Lucemags, but we could offer you a nominal fee for such a study. Thus I hope you'll give the proposal some thought and let me know what you think about it.

Meanwhile, we'll try to get some information off to you before the swallows come back to Capistrano--and spring at last comes back to the Nation's Capital, a town with a climate comparable to that of Oxford in the winter and Singapore in the summer.

Best Regards,

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

P. S. If this letter is not up to Katie Gibbs' standards, it's 'cause we're suffering from a grave shortage of secretaries at the moment, so forgive the typos.

John P. Nelson, Jr.
102 Gravier Bldg.
535 " "
NO

2727 29th Street N.W.
Apt. 631
Washington 8, D.C.

Feb. 4, 1963

Jack Nelson
RR Law
Reporter

Mr. Staige D. Blackford
Director of Research
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street NW.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Blackford:

After reading my thesis, Mr. Wentworth suggested that I write a book for the Louisiana State University Press. I replied that I would try and am now starting to collect material for revising and updating my work. Mr. Wentworth wants more detail on the sit-in cases now before the Supreme Court.

I'm wondering if SRC has any material that might help me. The latest SRC report cited in my thesis is that of September, 1961. I would like to update my report on the whole sit-in movement and will try to get hold of the books you mentioned, Diary of a Sit-in and Seeds of Southern Change. But if you have any material more recent than September, 1961, I would certainly appreciate your sending it to me, especially if it contains recent examples of desegregation resulting from sit-ins.

Yesterday I wrote the NAACP's Legal Defense Fund for its briefs in these cases--Avent v. North Carolina, Lombard v. Louisiana, Gober v. Birmingham, Shuttlesworth v. Birmingham, Peterson v. Greenville, Griffin v. Maryland, and Wright v. Georgia. If you have anything dealing with these cases, I'd also appreciate a chance to look at it.

On our paper, Bob Baker has given me some reports dealing with the psychology of a sit-in, and Alan Barth, one of our editorial writers, has arranged for me to use the law library of Covington & Burling, the biggest firm here. I have the Government's brief on five of the sit-in cases and will try this week to get its brief on the other two.

Again, thank you for your interest. If you have any suggestions, please let me know.

Sincerely yours,

Susanna McBee

Susanna McBee

LOUISIANA STATE
UNIVERSITY PRESS
BATON ROUGE

February 11, 1963

Mr. Staige D. Blackford
Research Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Staige:

Thanks much for sending on copies of the correspondence between Susanna McBee and yourself. I am happy to see that she is getting underway immediately with her book on SIT-INS AND THE LAW. It looks like the SRC and SDB in particular will be able to give her a good bit of help. Do keep me informed if you do decide to ask her to do a paper for the SRC. Likewise, I will keep you informed about any developments here.

As Bill Havard indicated, the sub-committee is fairly hard at work. We expect to see a few candidates buzzing around the area before too long. As Ernst will be informing you I am sure, he would like to come back South at the first opportunity and has expressed interest in the opening (the Directorship) at the University of Alabama Press. And of course he still has the Florida possibility, so maybe one of these days he will be escaping from that Yankee weather.

Thanks for the plug on THE POLITICS OF MIS-REPRESENTATION. We have had more crank letters and notes from Florida politicians than on any other publication in recent history. There was a good spread on the book in the Tampa paper recently and word seems to be getting around about it generally. THE PATH TO EUROPEAN UNION is picking up slightly, especially with library and government orders. I think this would have had a very good chance for review in the Times if the strike hadn't come. It has been very disappointing of course that none of the major publications have chosen to review it, including SATURDAY REVIEW, THE REPORTER, and several others that might have been expected to. Same has been true of the Schuman and the Staar although the former has been getting a few good notices. For

the most part, this has been a bad season for reviews as far as the Press is concerned. But sales are holding up fairly well and I guess we will survive.

What do we have in the way of a Spring list you ask. I reply not much. We do have two fairly good Virginia items, the STONEWALL BRIGADE and the ELLEN GLASGOW (you will get copies of both). Otherwise we have a long dull history of the Civil War in Louisiana, a short dull work on speech, a reprint of an unreadable work on Journalism, a completely purposeless reprint of a $1.50 monograph of twenty years ago which we are now putting in hard covers and selling for $6.00, and a book on Negro slavery in Louisiana which we turned down and are now publishing for the Louisiana Historical Association. And sad to relate, things will probably get worse before they get better. For instance, our Fall list will be headed by a rewritten (mostly by Charlie East) thesis on the Decisive Battle of Port Hudson. But better days are coming, I keep telling myself. By the way, did you ever meet the fellow on the Journal who is doing the Talmadge study? If so, how is he progressing? We have the Bilbo work slated for September or October and are expecting the Crump manuscript any day now.

All send best regards.

Cordially,

Dick

Richard L. Wentworth
Assistant Director &
Sales Manager

RLW:brt

May 24, 1963

Mr. Richard L. Wentworth
Director
Louisiana State University Press
Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Dick:

I had a long phone chat with Susanna McBee this morning. She informed me that she has completed the research for her book, has gotten a five-week leave of absence from the D. C. Post, and plans to begin the writing next week.

Thus, if all goes well, you should be getting the manuscript by mid-summer. I suppose it's impossible to schedule the book for publication in late fall, but I agree with Susanna in thinking that it should come out as soon as possible. With the Court's ruling this week on five sit-in cases, and with the Court expected to issue a decision on the Maryland case in the fall, there will be a great interest in the kind of book she is preparing. Certainly, you should publish it by next spring at the latest, maybe pegging your promotion around the tenth anniversary of the Brown decision of 1954.

Susanna will be writing you about her plans, and I did explain that the wheels of LSU Press, like those of the Gods, grind exceedingly slow indeed. But if I were you, I'd begin lining up readers for her manuscript now, so you won't be delayed later waiting for their reports.

The manuscript should not require a lengthy reading since Susanna estimates it will run between 150 and 200 pages. I think you've got a good book in the making, and I hope you'll keep me informed about its progress toward publication. Incidentally, if you need any suggestions for readers, please let me know.

Many thanks for THE STONEWALL BRIGADE, which I have passed on to my uncle. It looks like a good book, but, man, $6.00 for a 248-page book is just too bloody much. Suggest you-all have an agonizing re-appraisal of your pricing policies (and/or guesstimates).

I assume you know that Ernst will be taking over as director of the University of Alabama Press in July. Boy, he picked a great time to move to tumultous Tuscaloosa; it's truly going to be a long, hot summer in Wallaceland.

Best to all. Let us hear from you.

Cheers & Cheerio,

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

SDB:nm

cc: Susanna McBee
2727 29th St., N. W.
Apt. 631
Washington 8, D. C.

LOUISIANA STATE
UNIVERSITY PRESS
BATON ROUGE

May 28, 1963

Mr. Staige D. Blackford
Research Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Staige:

Thanks for yours of the 24 about Susie. I received a letter from her in the same mail. Of course I'm glad to hear that she is moving rapidly toward completion of her book, but I can't help but wonder if she is being very thorough, moving as rapidly as she is. But her outline seems very sensible and she might have something good. I think we could get the book out in about seven months, or perhaps eight. Two months for readers' reports, a month for editing and production*, and four or five months for production, probably the latter.

I would like to have your suggestions about good readers for this manuscript. Is it Jack Greenburg (I could look it up) who wrote RACE RELATIONS AND THE LAW? The problem is, those persons who would be qualified to give a good report are not usually inclined to give quick ones, as you know, and it is hard anyway to find an academic reader in the middle of the summer. I will try to get a couple of people lined up in advance if I can.

I hated like hell to do it but I phoned Rubin and told him we would not be able to publish the Progressive book and mailed everything I had to Indiana which was also interested. I had my heart set on publishing James Baldwin, but in the end I figured it wasn't worth sinking the ship for. Mr. King is the one that would have caused the trouble. And not being a scholarly book really, this would have been a bad one to have to take a stand on.

Let me hasten to assure youthat I am not getting conservative in my old age, at least not as far as this issue is concerned. I will go down the line on Susie's manuscript and anything like it which makes a real "scholarly contribution." Incidentally, one of the best things we have received at this Press in a long time, in my opinion, is currently in the works. It is a monstrous volume called SOUTHERNERS VIEW THE WORLD, by Alfred Hero of the World Peace Foundation in Boston.

* in the Press

It covers Southern attitudes of the past few years on many important subjects besides world affairs. The book represents a whale of a lot of research on the part of many, many people, and he has checked the individual chapters with just about everyone who is knowledgable in the particular subject covered. Someone at the SRC read at least one chapter for him, but I don't remember who.

I have too many letters to write to ramble on any further in this one. Best to Bettina and Leslie Dunbar.

Cordially,

Dick

Richard L. Wentworth
Director

RLW:brt

5) Avon Williams
Nashville

Negro Attorney
Don Hollowell of
Tenn.

6) Bob Harris

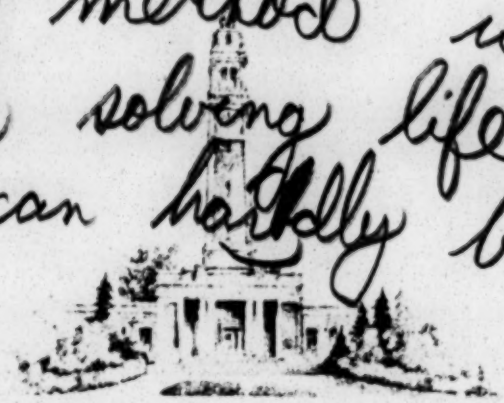
1) Bill Taylor
CCR 1701

2) Marion Wright
Top Floor, Nashville

3) John Silard
Falls NC.

4) Jack Nelson
702 Gravier Bldg
535 Gravier St.
N. O. 12, La.

Educator John Dewey wrote that direct-action method is "education in action through solving life problems, and its value can hardly be overestimated"



LOUISIANA STATE
UNIVERSITY PRESS
BATON ROUGE

June 4, 1963

Miss Susanna McBee
2727 29th Street, N.W.
Apt. 631
Washington 8, D.C.

Dear Miss McBee:

Thanks for yours of June 2. Of course I understand your feeling about getting your book published as soon as possible.

Of course you are under no obligation to this Press and are perfectly free to seek out a publisher who might be able to come out with the book by October when it might have the maximum impact. However, I must tell you in all candor that your chances of finding such a publisher are very small. Most publishers are having their sales conferences right now and will be sending out their salesmen to the bookstores in the early part of July. This means that their Fall list has been determined ~~in most cases~~ for at least a month and in most cases longer, as the publishers like to take with them to the sales meetings fairly complete information about next season's books, including jacket sketches, etc. All of the books on our own Fall list are already in production and I believe this is true of most publishers.

University presses are not all that different from commercial publishers as far as schedules are concerned. About the only thing that we need to do that they don't is get the official advice ~~from~~ of a couple of scholars. As I mentioned in my last letter, this usually takes about two months. (But with a little advance notice about when the manuscript will arrive, and with two copies, we have been known to get the needed reports within two or three weeks.) After that, we don't differ much from the commercial people. We use the same printers they do and usually get about the same kind of schedule. Printing books is just a time-consuming process, that's all. I know this is difficult to understand for someone who is getting out a newspaper daily.

If the Supreme Court is really going to do something this coming Fall then it would seem to me advantageous ~~to~~ to publish the book after the issue has been settled, not before. And of course it would be possible to keep the

"Evolution of Nonviolence" - Carleton Mabee
Nation Aug. 12, 1961

besides eating places (e.g. L.A., D.C.) there sit-ins in churches, (Baltimore) swimming pools (Cleveland, K.), theaters

Nonviolent movement for desegregation born during WW II. CORE founded '43 as nat federation of gps devoted to non-v, direct action.

"As early as 1944, Core gp in D.C. decided dime-store lunch counters were ex pls. to hold 'sit-down strikes'.

"The current non-violent movement bears many marks of its origins in the movement of the 1940's. Today as twenty years ago, the motivation of many of the participants has a religious basis; now, as then, there is an attempt to slough off extreme leftists or neurotic hangers-on; now as then the techniques are much the same: sitins, stand-in, picketing, boycotts and 'freedom rides'. There are, however, signif ways

...the action was largely interracial; now it is more nearly dominated by Negroes. the earlier movement was on a small scale... today it has become a mass movement with action often spontaneous, beyond the control of any one org.",

book timely by adding any new information in galley proofs. If something really big happens, it could even be incorporated into page proofs.

In closing, let me say that I do hope that you will decide to submit the manuscript to us as originally planned. I would like very much to publish it.

Sincerely yours,

Dick

Richard L. Wentworth
Director

RLW:mb

in which movements differ. In the earlier movement, most of the part were adults now most are students. In the U.S. today most action ~~took place~~ occurred in the North, in a generally friendly climate, with the law often in its favor. today... the major projects are undertaken in the South, in a generally hostile climate and more often than not in defiance of state and local law. In the earlier movement

Young Negro
Rebels

Harper's 217.5
Oct '61

Ebony Jan. '62
Evolution of
Nonviolence

Nation Aug
12, 1961

U.S. News
O. 23, '61

McBee - Manuscript

June 10, 1963

Mr. Richard L. Wentworth
Director
Louisiana State University Press
Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Dick:

I have read both of your recent letters about the McBee manuscript with great interest. I certainly think your letter to Susie re the facts of life in book publishing should make it quite clear to her why you cannot bring the book out in the fall. And I agree with you in thinking the book will be more valuable if it comes out after the Court has ruled on the Maryland case, rather than before. I should have explained to her that you can update in the galleys or even in page proof if necessary, but your letter should ease her fears of having the book outdated by the march of events.

I would not worry about the rapidity with which she is writing the book. After all, much of the material she is covering is taken from her original thesis and only requires rewriting and expansion. Then, too, she is a trained newspaperwoman used to writing every day. Moreover, she has been advised, I gather, by some of the top legal eagles in Washington, including some of the boys at Covington & Burling. All in all, it seems to me that she may indeed "have something good." And I hope you, Charlie, and your readers will find this to be the case.

As for readers, I consulted Les about possibilities. We both think the following individuals should be considered and/or written:

q 1) Jack Greenberg, Director of the NAACP Legal Defense and Education Fund, 10 Columbus Circle, Suite 1790, New York 19, N. Y.

Ltr, Mr. R. L. Wentworth
LSU Press
Baton Rouge, La.
June 10, 1963

While he would be a good choice, I rather coubt if he will have time to read the manuscript this summer, but there's no harm in writing him.

2) Bob Harris, who should carry a bit of weight with the Press Committee and should be interested in the ms.

3) John Nelson, Attorney at Law, 702 Gravier Building, 535 Gravier Street, New Orleans.

He is a member of SRC's Executive Committee as well as the lawyer who argued the New Orleans sit-in case before the Court last fall; his interest in a book of this nature is obvious.

4) William Taylor, Commission on Civil Rights, 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., D. C.

Les thinks he would make an extremely good reader.

5) Marion Wright, Top Knot, Linville Falls, N. C.

Another member of SRC's Executive Committee, Mr. Wright is a retired lawyer with an intense interest in the civil rights issue. He has written many articles on the subject, the latest being "The Sit-in Movement: Progress Report and Prognosis." This piece was written for the Emancipation Proclamation Centennial issue of the Wayne State University Law Journal and deals with the legal aspects of the sit-in movement.

6) John Silard, Attorney, Rauth and Silard
1625 K Street, N. W., D. C. 6.

Mr. Silard is another legal authority on civil rights, has argued civil rights cases before the Court, and is interested particularly in sit-in cases.

I trust these recommendations will be of help to you in lining up readers. I trust, too, you will let me know your initial reaction to the completed manuscript.

Ltr, Mr. R. L. Wentworth
LSU, Press
Baton Rouge, La.
June 10, 1963

Re SOUTHERNERS VIEW THE WORLD, a chapter was read by our former field director, Paul Rilling. I remember seeing the outline; in size and bulk, the book should give WAR AND PEACE or THE AMERICAN DILEMMA a run for the money. But it looked like a promising book, and I'm glad to learn you-all are publishing it.

What do you hear from Ernst or Don? Drop me a line when you have the time. Best to all.

Best regards,

SDB:nm

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

cc: Susanna McBee

June 17, 1963

Mr. Richard L. Wentworth
Director
Louisiana State University Press
Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Dick:

I just finished talking to Susanna McBee, and read to her the parts of your latest letter pertaining to her manuscript.

She is still planning to have the manuscript to you by the end of this month, and will be in touch with you upon your return to the Press, (I explained to her that you were attending the AAUP Meeting this week). So, it looks like you can expect to go ahead with processing the manuscript for publication, beginning next month.

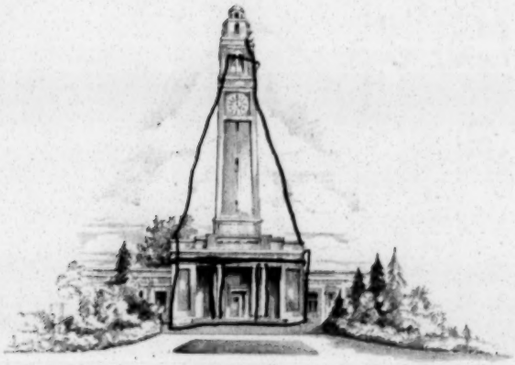
I am sorry I forgot to mention that Ed Wright is going to be writing you about his manuscript on William Temple. I met him here in Atlanta week before last, discussed the work with him and suggested he contact you. I do not know whether or not he has a publisher for the manuscript, but he struck me as a very sharp guy.

Best regards,

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

SDB:nm

cc: Susanna McBee



LOUISIANA STATE
UNIVERSITY PRESS
BATON ROUGE

June 14, 1963

Mr. Staige D. Blackford
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Staige:

Thanks for your good letter and your several suggestions about readers for the McBee manuscript. I have not yet had a reply to my most recent letter, so I assume that she is putting out feelers to some commercial publishers. I seriously doubt that she will find any who will publish it this year, but she might find one who will say they will.

I hope we will get the manuscript, and if we do we will move it along just as rapidly as we can.

Thanks for suggesting to Professor Wright that he send his manuscript on William Temple to us. I am about to write him and tell him to send it on.

We have the Rigby manuscript back and Charles is trying to line up another reader for it. Didn't you have a suggestion at one time about someone who might look at the revised manuscript? Someone in the SRC I think.

Sam Diman and I are off tomorrow to the annual meeting of the Association in Boston. While there I hope to sew up the Hero manuscript on SOUTHERNERS VIEW THE WORLD. The only catch might be the amount of the subsidy they can kick in.

Cordially,

Dick

Richard L. Wentworth
Director

RLW: mb

June 18, 1963

Mr. Richard L. Wentworth
Director
Louisiana State University Press
Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Dick:

I just finished talking to Susanna McBee, and read to her the parts of your latest letter pertaining to her manuscript.

She is still planning to have the manuscript to you by the end of this month, and will be in touch with you upon your return to the Press, (I explained to her that you were attending the AAUP Meeting this week). So, it looks like you can expect to go ahead with processing the manuscript for publication, beginning next month.

I am sorry I forgot to mention that Ed Wright is going to be writing you about his manuscript on William Temple. I met him here in Atlanta week before last, discussed the work with him and suggested he contact you I do not know whether or not he has a publishable manuscript, but he struck me as a very sharp guy.

Best regards,

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

SDB:nm

cc: Susanna McBee

Me-Bee

June 28, 1963

Mr. Ed Wright
Department of Social Science
Midwestern University
Wichita Falls, Texas

Dear Ed:

We are sending you 15 copies of the "Birmingham Jail" Letter with the bill enclosed.

I am interested in the young lady doing her Master's degree thesis on the legal implications of some aspect of the current nonviolence. Do you have any idea as to what aspect specifically she wishes to outline. I should point out that another young lady with the Washington Post has just completed a book for LSU Press on "Sit-in Demonstrations and the Law." It was originally her Master's thesis at the University of Chicago. Your student would certainly be welcome to use any of our files, and we would be glad to help her in any way we can.

I should say though that we have a long standing policy of not subsidizing academic research, but if she is a good writer, with newspaper experience, I don't see why she could not get a job with a newspaper to provide "some kind of subsistence job."

I am glad to hear that LSU is interested in your thesis and I hope it will be interested enough to publish it. It looks like all hell may break loose in Viet-Nam during your stay there, but if dangerous, it should be a motherlode for free lance articles.

Look us up if you stop in Atlanta enroute to Europe. Keep in touch.

Sincerely yours,

SDB:nm
Enclosure

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

MIDWESTERN UNIVERSITY
Wichita Falls, Texas

June 25, 1963

Dear Staige;

Just a note to ask you if you could send me 15 copies of the Birmingham jail letter, and bill me at the same time. You're right--it's quite a statement. I'd like to have it by next week if possible for use in my rapidly closing class in American political thought. It raises some pertinent issues in this regard.

I wrote the L.S.U. press--they asked for a copy of my dissertation--we'll wait and see.

I have a rather good student (a young lady) doing a Master's degree--it occurred to me that she might consider a thesis on the legal implications of some aspect of the durrent non-violence movement. What do you think? Could she use any of your files and records, etc.? She would like to do it next year--beginning about September or October. One other aspect is that she will need some kind of subsistence job while doing the thesis--she's a good writer (editor of school paper and all that). I wanted to get your reaction before I made any concrete suggestion along these lines.

I hope all goes well with you. My best to your wife and the Moores.

Sincerely,

Ed

Ed Wright

August 20, 1963

Miss Susanna McBee
2727 29th Street, N. W.
Apartment 631
Washington 8, D. C.

Dear Susanna:

Many thanks for sending me a copy of your story about Bob Coles' psychiatric study. I hope you found it interesting.

Incidentally, since I note that you're covering the racial news for the Post these days (and doing a mighty fine job of it), I've taken the liberty of having your name added to our Press list, category #1 (this is the news folks who are our special friends). So within the next several months, you should be receiving copies of a pamphlet on The Economic Status of the Negro in the South and the Nation (it should come out in early September), a short interpretative history of the direct action movement, and a study of race and religion plus other future publications.

I should also say that I think you should be getting our upcoming publications because they may be helpful to you in updating your book. You may be interested to know that Dick asked me to read your manuscript and sent it along a few weeks ago. I have now had a chance to do so, and my sentiments concur with those expressed in the first graf of the enclosed copy of Jack Greenberg's report.

I can now see why you were so anxious to get the book out this fall: it would certainly be useful ammunition for supporters of the President's controversial public accommodations bill. Nevertheless, even though the ms will undoubtedly require some updating and possibly some revision (depending on what other readers may say about it), I still think the book will be just as timely if it's published in the tenth

Ltr, Miss Susanna McBee
Washington, D. C.
August 20, 1963

anniversary year of the Brown decision.

Of your ms, I should just like to add one further comment, and it is one I was able to make all too seldom about the learned treatises one gets at a university press, namely this: you have that rare gift of being able to combine style with scholarship.

I must hasten to add, however, that Wentworth and I do not see eye-to-eye on your ms at the present time. His principal objection to it, so far as I can understand, is that you devote too much space to the Glen Echo case. But since he located Glen Echo in New Jersey in his letter to me about his initial reaction, I'm not sure how carefully he read the manuscript. It may be that you do have a bit too much about Glen Echo. But my impression -- and correct me if I'm wrong -- was that you were using this incident as a case history of a sit-in. Certainly it was the case with which you were most familiar and certainly it is a case which illustrates beautifully both the human and the legal factors involved. Lord knows if you tried to chronicle all the sit-ins, you'd only wind up with a massive tome which dammed few people would ever bother to read. The significance of your work is not, in my opinion at least, diminished one wit by its shortness.

At any rate, even though Dick is likely to take anything I say about the work as coming from a biased source, I'm going to emphasize what I've said above when I write him (which should be shortly; I'll see you get a carbon).

I imagine you'll be among the upteen thousand reporters on hand for the big march next week. While the chances of my persuading Les Dunbar to let me attend as an observer are about as good as those of the New York Mets to win the pennant, I'm going to put in a plea. If miracles come to pass and I do come to Washington, I'd like very much to get a briefing from you. At any rate, keep in touch.

Best regards,

Staige D. Blackford
Research Director

SDB:nm
Enclosure

Nolly - file please

2727 29th Street N.W.
Apt. 631
Washington 8, D.C.

Aug. 24, 1963

Mr. Staige D. Blackford
Research Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street. N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Staige:

Thank you for putting me on your press list and particularly for your strong defense of my manuscript. As you say, Dick Wentworth may be right that there is too much on the Glen Echo case. But I thought I made it clear that this is the case that raises all the interesting constitutional questions and at the same time provides a vehicle to explore some of the human and moral factors. At any rate, I shouldn't think this is a major problem because the two chapters on the D.C. area sit-in movement can easily be cut. As for Jack Greenberg's comments, I think he is right that my work is not a treatise on the law of sit-ins. Also, he was right not to try to read it as such; nor am I trying to pass it off as such. But, as you say, it is intended to give the layman some background on what the legal problems with sit-ins are all about. As Greenberg says, the legal arguments have been covered in many law review articles--most of which I have cited and commented upon. I have also read, of course, all the NAACP briefs in the cases (and concluded that some of their arguments leave something to be desired) plus the article by Prof. Henkin in the Pennsylvania Law Review which Greenberg cites. In fact, I even quoted Henkin in my manuscript. What I think my work does is to put together many of the legal arguments used to support the Negro's claim to access to public accommodations and to avoid some of the difficulties that I found in a few of the arguments. Essentially, however, my work is not directed toward the law professor but to students interested in the problem and to the public.

However, Mr. Wentworth is the one to be persuaded, and if he doesn't like the manuscript, then he shouldn't publish it. I still think, though, that a book considering the legal, moral, and human factors together would be a contribution to a better understanding of the public accommodations problem. I do not suppose it would be politic for me to say anything myself to Mr. Wentworth. However, if he does decide to publish it, then I could easily update and make any revisions he thinks are necessary. In fact, I might even be able to get leave to go to Baton Rouge to make the changes.

Thank you again for your interest. Yes, I'll be at the march Wednesday covering the speeches of the 10 civil rights speakers at the Lincoln Memorial. I've handled the story myself since July 2 and have gone to New York, where the march has been planned,

over

almost every week since the first week of July. On the day of the demonstration, however, the Post will have more than 70 reporters covering all phases of it. If you do come to see it, please call me.

Sincerely yours,

Susie McBee

February 26, 1964

Miss Lillian Smith
Clayton, Georgia

Dear Miss Smith:

I am writing, first, in behalf of a book, and, second, to say hello from, as you can see from the letterhead, a new and better place of work.

The book is Ten Years of Prelude by Ben Muse. As I understand it, galleys have been sent to you, with a request for advance comment. We just wanted to be sure here that you knew the book is published under SRC sponsorship, and, with awareness of how much of an imposition it is, to ask that you give it, among the many, a little of your time.

Mr. Muse has traveled the South for SRC for a number of years, talking with big and little people, and doing superb reporting. He is in a real sense a "gentleman and a scholar." So on the score of the book's quality, I don't feel bad about imposing on your time.

I quit the paper in November to come over here for an opportunity to write about all the South, and what's most important in it. And I am finding time for writing of my own at home.

I hope things are going well with you, that the writing we discussed last summer is going well, and that you are feeling good. Ellen and I still cherish the memory of our visit with you.

Les Dunbar and Margaret Long, among others here, send greetings, and say they wish you could come to see us. We saw the tv film about you in a private showing, and found it almost worthy of its grand subject.

Sincerely,

Pat Watters

July 7, 1965

Miss Lillian Smith
P.O. Box 766
Clayton, Georgia 30525

Dear Miss Smith:

Thank you very much. I think you know how much I value your words.

I would like very much to come to see you, and appreciate the compliment of the invitation, too. I wonder if I could bring my boy--who is 10 and good at being quiet and listening and understanding probably more than I do when things are worth listening to, and understanding. My daughter, Ellen, still talks of a special magic she learned from you.

Again--thanks.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters

PW:mpa

Make file: Smith, Marcelous

April 12, 1965

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Smith:

Margaret Long was more punctual than I in expressing our gratitude for your hospitality, but I wanted to add my personal note of thanks. Certainly the part of the trip spent in your beautiful home was pleasant, if other parts of it weren't.

I had mixed emactions to the march itself. It was wearisome hearing Hollywood starlets talking about the thrill of a lifetime there. But on the other hand, the faces of the great majority of "outsiders" were good faces, and there was a spirit to the final day of the marchtthat was entirely genuine and moving. One little noted thing that fascinated me was the behavior of the crowd at the entertainment session held the night before the march on the capitol. There must have been 50,000 people packed into the mud field at St. Jude's. There was interminable waiting; the entertainment started late; it was hard to see and hear. Yet I've never seen a more orderly, more patient, more cooperative crowd. People talk about the discipline of the movement, pro and con. I was impredded at how very disciplined it was in that situation which could have become dangerous, a killing press of people.

I was grateful to get to read the editorials you left for me. The impact of the cynical irresponsibility of such things always shock anew. Has that situation (and its vital) changed any?

Well anyhow, I just wanted to say thank you. Maybe some day I can do you-all as big a favor.

Sincerely,

Pat Watters

Mr. and Mrs. Moreland Smith
3236 Bankhead Avenue
Montgomery 6, Alabama

p
w
/
m
p

File P Watters

URBAN PLANNING PROJECT

QUARTERLY REPORT - APRIL 1-JUNE 15, 1966

Consultation Trips: Washington, D. C., April 4-April 14

The primary purpose of this trip was to talk with Secretary Robert C. Weaver, Department of Housing and Urban Development. Mr. John H. Wheeler was instrumental in arranging this meeting which allowed me to explain to Dr. Weaver the purposes and plans of the Southern Regional Council's Urban Planning Project and to ask him how we might work with HUD in an informal manner to further equal opportunity in housing and equal treatment in urban facilities for all people. Our discussion was cordial and, I believe, meaningful. Afterwards I spoke with others at HUD and was impressed with their interest in and openness toward our project.

While in Washington I contacted other groups which have programs related to our interests. Among these organizations were Urban America, Inc., the American Institute of Planners, the American Institute of Architects, and the U. S. Chamber of Commerce.

In pursuit of further information on the workings of successful neighborhood organizations whose aims have included the stabilization of integrated or integrating

neighborhoods, I spoke with Mrs. Margery Ware of Washington Neighbors, Inc., Mr. Edward Holmgren of Baltimore Neighborhoods, Inc., and Mrs. Ruth Steele of West Mt. Airy Neighbors, Inc., Philadelphia. Each of these groups represents a different type of organization with individual goals and programs to realize them. It is my hope that we may draw together the experiences of these three organizations and publish their stories in three separate pamphlets which could be distributed together. Mr. Bob Anderson has asked Mr. Holmgren to write an article on housing in Baltimore for an issue of the New South.

Continuing Activities: Fort Lauderdale, Florida

The Urban Planning Project is acting as silent partner to the NAACP group studying the various urban renewal plans in Fort Lauderdale. Mr. James Hibben, Fort Lauderdale Urban Renewal Agency Director, has kept me constantly informed of the progress and difficulties as he views them from his position. Fort Lauderdale will be a test case for SRC-UPP involvement in a specific way with local urban planning problems.

Department of Housing and Urban Development:

A great part of my time has been spent in orienting the UPP toward co-operation with HUD. This seems to be reasonably successful. I have felt immediate and warm response to my overtures, and several Region III HUD officials have been particularly helpful in suggesting ways which might increase the effectiveness of the UPP. Three suggestions have been as follow:

1. Request a group of top men from different academic disciplines and business and professional areas to serve as advisors and consult on various urban problems in the South. With this in mind, I will meet with Dr. Constantinos Doxiadis, internationally renowned urban planner from Athens, Greece, in Aspen, Colorado, the last of July. Dr. Doxiadis will be in Aspen to receive the Aspen Award for achievement in the humanities.
2. Document the ways communities are using federal funds to buttress segregated housing with the idea of writing future legislation.
3. Select carefully four Southern cities to

approach as "demonstration cities" with the hope of working with the city governments and minority groups for open housing and involvement of the disadvantaged in planning similar to the Fort Lauderdale project.

At the present time we are in the midst of pursuing these suggestions.

Consultations:

Noyes Collinson, American Friends Service Committee - neighborhood stabilization and the Urban Planning Project.

Miss Eleanor Lord, graduate student in the social sciences at Emory University - neighborhood stabilization with emphasis on Atlanta and Stone Mountain.

DeKalb County residents - neighborhood stabilization.

Lewis Black - Urban Planning Project

Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity - Urban Planning Project

Nicholas Read - utilization of visual aids and community

participation.

Dr. Addison Duval - psychiatry, community participation, and work on community action in mental health.

Publications:

Reprinting of "Neighborhood Stabilization: A Program" after some revision resulting from criticism by various people with special interest in this area. We hope to publish a trilogy of experience papers on housing in integrated neighborhoods in Baltimore, Washington, and Philadelphia.

Education:

I have continued probing discussions with members of institutions of higher learning regarding a new orientation for the indoctrination of planners so that they would be planning with the high ethical concept of responsibility to the total community.

Personnel:

Miss Judy Randall, a student at Kalamazoo College who worked with SRC for the past three months, rendered effective service to the UPP during her

stay in this office. She undertook willingly and enthusiastically the task of indexing those parts of publications by conservative business groups which might help us make our case for an open economy in urban development to the governments of Southern cities.

Miss Susan Bresler will be added to our staff as of July 5, 1966. Miss Bresler is trained in urban planning, having received her B.S. degree in city planning from the University of Illinois and with a graduate seminar in the political aspects of planning. She received her degree in 1965. Miss Bresler worked this past year in the position of Community Planner with the Alabama Planning and Industrial Development Board, Community Planning Division. In addition, during the summers while in college she worked with the following groups: Summer Intern, Comprehensive Planning Department, Moline, Illinois; part-time Planning Intern, Planning Department, Champaign, Illinois; and Summer Intern, Northeastern Illinois Planning Commission. She will aid and assist me in all

technical and creative areas of my work. With her training and experience as a professional I anticipate that she will be able to undertake and direct her own special projects as well as help me in carrying out the programs presently underway. I hope that she will be composing and editing the various publications, research papers, and resource documents in our publication plans. Although her appointment is only temporary, from three to six months, I am confident that the Urban Planning Project will be able to put her considerable talents to good use.

Mrs. Jerry Dell Gimarc, my present staff assistant, will be moving from Atlanta August 15 due to her husband's acceptance of a position with the University of South Carolina. Regretfully we will have to make this replacement. Mrs. Gimarc has been most helpful and effective as a researcher and organizer, developing and expanding sketchy ideas and composing our necessary written material. This has been of inestimable help to the Director.

Projections:

During the summer we will be continuing our present programs. With the consultation of various impartial observors, such as Dr. Doxiadis, I hope to evaluate our gains and successes and to analyze our failures and difficulties in order to formulate our future plans. An informal conference on urban problems in the South for SRC staff and others who share our interests might be the most economical and effective way to confront action with reflection and theoretical solutions with actual problems.

J Short

Southern R[illegible] Inc.
5 FORSYTH STREET, N. W. [illegible] 30303
[illegible]-8764

PAUL ANTHONY,
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

A Council to attain the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South

MEMORANDUM

TO: STAFF

FROM: MORELAND GRIFFITH SMITH, FAIA

DATE: JUNE 23, 1966

Attached is a rough draft of an outline for a pamphlet on which we would like to get your frank reaction.

Would a short "How to Build or Buy" be of value to the people SRC is interested in?

If so, what other information should we include?

Your reactions will be most helpful.

LET'S BUY A HOUSE

I. Should we buy or rent?

A. We should <u>buy</u> because -

1. We'll get more living area for our money.
2. We'll have increased privacy in our own home.
3. Besides I would like to have a lawn so I can grow radishes and roses.
4. It's time we established roots; the house will give us some permanency.
5. And buying a house is an investment; we'll be building up equity.
6. It will help us establish a good credit rating, and that in turn, may help us at some later time.

B. But we should consider the disadvantages -

1. After all, we probably won't be here the rest of our lives; if we move in a couple of years we may have a hard time selling.

2. If we stay in an apartment we don't have to bother with real estate taxes or with painting the building.

C. What sort of house could we afford to buy - and can we afford to buy?

Compare total income with total expenses and obligations which one would have with a house (housing expenses + living expenses + fixed obligations). [from Philadelphia Council on Human Relations pamphlet]

D. I've heard that the cost of a house is more than downpayment and monthly installments. What are these other expenses we ought to consider?

1. Interest on the loan
2. Taxes - city and county
3. Maintenance - For the house what are the estimated maintenance costs including painting, repairs, etc.?
4. Insurance - necessary to cover the amount of the loan and advisable for the full house investment which would also cover owner's equity.
5. Closing costs - including registration fees, transfer fees, title search, survey, etc. and which must be paid at the time of paper signing.

E. Where will we get the money?

1. FHA
2. VA
3. Conventional loan

II. I think we can afford it. Let's look for a house!

A. What should we look for in a house?

1. Location - neighborhood, nearness to work, good schools close by, conveniently located shopping areas, good transportation facilities and recreation areas
2. Physical properties - floor plan that conforms to family activities, adequate plumbing, electrical system capable of handling appliances and electrical load, sound roof, proper drainage of land, dry basement, sound floors, convenient arrangement of kitchen
3. Room for future growth of family; can a room or so be added?

B. Perhaps we should build -

1. Plans - architect drawn or stock plans from government agencies, home and garden magazines, building material supply houses, financial institutions, builders' magazines
2. Specifications - if FHA or VA financed the house must conform to certain specifications
3. Inspection - for FHA and VA homes an inspector will check periodically to see if plans and materials are the same as those approved by the government agency.

III. We think we've found OUR house, now what do we do?

Precautions before signing the mortgage -

A. Title search - check to see that there are no liens or taxes due on the property and that the buyer would have a clear title.
B. Property survey - to see what the property lines are and to make sure that you are buying what you think you are.
C. Use of services of an assessor to look at the house and give the buyer an appraisal of what the house is worth on the present market and what its general condition appears to be.
D. In case of questions about particular aspects of the building it may be necessary to con on an expert for advice - in roofing, heating, termite inspection.
E. Use of services of a lawyer to check papers, particularly the mortgage <u>before</u> signing!
F. Inquire about city services and regulations

1. Property taxes and whether increases are planned
2. Zoning regulations to see whether the property is protected from industrial or commercial use if this is important to the buyer and to see if any contemplated subsidiary use of the house is forbidden, such as using a room as an office
3. Garbage pick up, sewage service, street lighting, fire and police protection, gas, electricity and water rates
4. Whether the neighborhood might be destined for an urban renewal project or freeway construction
5. Fire and theft insurance rates

G. Take care to read the mortgage terms and specifications

IV. But will we have trouble in buying or building in a neighborhood predominately of another race? We're Negro.

A. Some houses are required to be sold on an equal opportunity basis - FHA and VA financed, FHA and VA repossessed. Prospective buyers can obtain a list of the repossessed houses through _____.

B. Color tax and proof of discrimination. Work through the councils on human relations or fair housing groups, using a white couple to follow up to see that terms and prices are the same for white and Negro.

C. If the builder and/or seller is found to discriminate, and if there is a legal basis to sustain the complaint, write to _____

D. If the Negro home seeker feels that the neighborhood in which he is interested may be hostile to his residence there, some precautions he might consider are -

1. Making a brief and apparently uninterested inspection of the house, then sending an appraiser or friend to make a careful inspection
2. Engaging a lawyer to make sure that the sale and mortgage is in proper order and that the title is clear
3. If the house is not in the equal opportunity group it may be necessary to use the services of a white friend to act as decoy buyer
4. Once the house is bought, notify the law enforcement agencies so that they may provide proper protection of property and life.
5. When moving day comes, move quickly, put up curtains first, then continue activities.

V. Appendix

A. Helpful telephone number and some blanks (to be filled in in part by the local council on human relations)

B. Sources of information about houses, finances, selection and details - a bibliography of pamphlets and books.

bcc to BoG Anderson

August 14, 1969

Mr. Edward Rutledge
Executive Director
National Committee Against Discrimination
in Housing, Inc.
1865 Broadway
New York, New York 10023

Dear Ed:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of a communication I received today. Although I am not really clear as to what this does and does not say, it seems to me that this move could mean a reversion of VA policy to acceptance of discrimination.

Have you heard of this? Is this action being taken in all VA Regions? Has your attorney analyzed what it actually says?

Looking forward to hearing from you, I am

Sincerely yours,

Moreland Griffith Smith
F.A.I.A.
Director, Urban Planning

MGS/mv

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION
REGIONAL OFFICE
730 PEACHTREE STREET, N.E.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30308

L.G.BULLETIN NO. 257

August 4, 1969

YOUR FILE REFERENCE:

IN REPLY REFER TO:
316-261

TO : ALL PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

SUBJ : AMENDMENT TO VA REGULATIONS 4320(H) (5), 4350(B) and 4515(C)-RESCISSION OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO RACIAL RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS CREATED AND FILED OF RECORD AFTER FEBRUARY 15, 1950.

1. Those portions of VA Regulations 4320(H) (5), 4350(B) and 4515(C) relating to racial restrictive covenants created and filed of record after February 15, 1950, have been rescinded. The amendments were effective on June 25, 1969, the date of approval.

2. One of the purposes of these provisions was to discourage the placing of such covenants on residential property. This purpose has been essentially achieved by the regulations and by subsequent legislative and judicial developments. As a result of these changes in the regulations titles to residential properties which constitute the security for loans guaranteed or insured by the Veterans Administration and which are tendered to the Veterans Administration following default and liquidation of the loan by foreclosure or conveyance in lieu of foreclosure will no longer be unacceptable because of the existence of such covenants, regardless of the time the covenants were created or recorded.

3. A copy of Regulations 4320(H) (5) and 4350(B) relating to guaranteed and insured loans, as amended to show the deleted material, is attached as Exhibit A.

Sincerely yours,

J. J. SUMMERFORD
Loan Guaranty Officer
Loan Guaranty Division

EXHIBIT A

4320(H) (5) Each conveyance or transfer of real property to the Administrator pursuant to this paragraph shall be acceptable if the holder thereby covenants or warrants against the acts of himself and those claiming under him (e.g., by special warranty deed) and if it vests in the Administrator or will entitle him to such title as is or would be acceptable to prudent lending institutions, informed buyers, title companies, and attorneys, generally, in the community in which the property is situated. Any title so acceptable will not be unacceptable to the Administrator by reason of any of the limitations on the quantum or quality of the property or title stated in VA Regulation 4350(B): Provided, That

(a) No change

(b) No change

4350(B) Any such property or estate will not fail to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph by reason of the following:

(1) through (8) No change

Provided, That the limitations on the quantum or quality of the estate or property that are indicated in this subparagraph, insofar as they may materially affect the value of the property for the purpose for which it is used, are taken into account in the appraisal of reasonable value required by 38 U. S. C. ch. 37.

Rik

PUBLICATIONS
of the
URBAN PLANNING PROJECT

	DATE	PRICE Single	PRICE Bulk
1. NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION Guidelines for groups trying to build stable interracial neighborhoods.	1966	.30	.20
2. A HOME OF YOUR OWN What families should know when buying their first home.	1966	.60	.40
3. MR. MAYOR - SLUM GHETTOS IN YOUR CITY, Can We Solve Our Housing Dilemma? A guideline for city officials in facing the total problems of slums.	1967	.50	.40
4. NEIGHBORHOODS - WHERE HUMAN RIGHTS BEGIN Experiences and evaluation of three interracial neighborhoods.	1967	.50	.40
5. A GUIDE TO PROGRAMS FOR BETTER HOMES AND NEIGHBORHOODS A layman's guide to government and private housing programs.	1967	1.00	.75
6. ATLANTA HOUSING STUDY An analysis of Atlanta's housing patterns	In process		

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

ROUGH DRAFT

The Honorable Ivan Allen

Mayor of Atlanta

Georgia

Dear Mayor Allen:

The Southern Regional Council, as you doubtless are aware, is deeply interested in finding means to relieve the housing problems of minority groups in the South. Recently I had occasion to read a working paper on Atlanta housing prepared by the Council's Urban Planning Project. Much of what is said is, of course, well known to both of us. The recent report submitted to you by Cannedub Fleissig, for instance, goes into far more detail. However, it seemed to me that in many ways the Council's paper serves as an extremely valuable complement to the Cannedub-Fleissig document. I believe you will agree, and submit it to you with the recommendation that you give most serious consideration to the program proposed.

Sincerely yours,

RECOMMENDATIONS

I. Public Education Regarding Housing Discrimination

Those of us directly involved in programs to improve relations between the races in Atlanta anticipate acute difficulties in the immediate future. These difficulties are rooted in the condition of living of a significant number of our citizens. This condition is largely a product of artificial restraints on the free access of minority group citizens to employment opportunities and to the housing market. These restraints have a reciprocal effect. They create an environment that greatly reduces the potential of many of these citizens to participate productively in the local economy; this lack of opportunity, in turn, blocks the efforts of these citizens to improve their environmental conditions. We offer the following facts as evidence of the continuing environmental deterioration that adversely affects a substantial portion of Atlanta's residents. These are the facts:

1. The ratio of Negroes to whites in Atlanta is rising sharply -- up from 38 to 43 per cent of total population in the past five years;

2. But, while the Negro population is rising, its share of available housing has dropped. We offer the following evidence that this is the case:

. . . Negro housing is overcrowded -- a Welfare Department report shows a 90 per cent increase in density of residents in one Negro sector during the past five years (Merritts Avenue, N. E.);

. . . Negro housing is expensive -- Negroes who can afford to buy their own homes find lot prices start at $3,000 and that building costs average 10 per cent higher than for equivalent housing in white neighborhoods;

. . . Negro rents are disproportionately high -- rental prices have more than doubled between 1950 and 1960 (from $23.72 to $52.00) -- which means that the average Negro family pays only 22 per cent less per unit of housing than the white family, though family income is 43 per cent less than the average for white families;

3. Not only are supplies of Negro housing limited, their quality is sub-standard; the 1960 census reported that 46 out of 100 Negro homes in Atlanta were "deteriorating, dilapidated, or lacked essential amenities."

4. Public housing alone is not the answer -- about 15,500 Negro families have been displaced by public clearance projects in the past nine-and-one-half years. Of these, some 9,000 to 12,000 families qualified for public housing, but only 4,000 public housing units have been provided to meet their needs, leaving a minimum net deficit <u>among public assistance eligibles only</u> of at least 5,000 housing units.

5. As the map entitled, "Atlanta Residential Patterns" shows, most of the Negro residential areas in Atlanta either coincide with or border on areas of the city that are transitional, areas where over 50 per cent of the houses need minor repair, or where over 50 per cent of the houses need major repair. The map further shows that the city's public housing, as located, clearly reinforces Atlanta's pattern of racial segregation in housing.

II. Policy Statement for Equal Housing Opportunity

Our proposal consists of two elements -- a second Mayor's Conference on Housing, and an Action Program on Housing Opportunity. The Mayor's Conference can serve to outline the Action Program on housing and set the city's effort in motion. Once the Conference has stated and given full recognition to the problems of discrimination in housing in Atlanta, it becomes imperative that the city make a public policy of its desire to promote equal housing opportunity by every means it has available. Without such a public statement, the city's efforts can only be fragmented, its intent circumscribed, and its image as a progressive leader confused or denied. When, however, the Mayor affirms that the City of Atlanta means to provide equal housing opportunities for all its citizens, then public and private groups and individuals can give the Mayor their support and join in the equal housing program with trust and enthusiasm.

III. Role of Governing Body - the "Beacon of Equal Opportunity"

The policy statement in the Mayor's Conference should be followed by an official resolution of the governing body. Study and preparation should follow to provide an anti-blockbusting ordinance and a fair housing ordinance to open the housing market on an equal basis for all seeking housing. The implementation of these ordinances should

not be directed toward alleviating grievances alone. Rather, the city should launch the effort with a "Good Neighbor" campaign. In addition, the city should provide the equivalent of a Fair Housing Center to assist homeseekers and to handle complaints of housing discrimination and blockbusting. The Center could be a staff addition within the Commission on Human Relations.

For public agencies in the housing area, we visualize an expansion of the efforts of government in addition to the activities undertaken by private interests. In this connection, we urge that there be a full and careful investigation of some imaginative new approaches to the housing dilemma that have recently been proposed -- for example:

. . . dispersing housing for low income residents in various compatible neighborhoods;

. . . using FHA and VA repossession housing;

. . . providing "homestead" financing through a development foundation.

IV. Role of Commission on Human Relations - Resource and Clearing House

The Commission on Human Relations can assist the Mayor in providing information to the public on housing discrimination and can prepare the documents for adoption by the governing body. The Commission can also carry out the "Good Neighbor" campaign and coordinate community groups in the effort. And, as mentioned above, the Commission

can supervise the Fair Housing Center's function. The Commission can oversee an active Metropolitan Development Foundation, to be discussed subsequently. And the Commission can call upon business, real estate, financial groups, as well as church and civic groups, for their cooperation and sponsorship of equal housing programs.

A basic element in any program for expanding housing availabilities must be the broadest possible exposure of the general public -- and of certain specific "publics" -- to the economic and social implications of any program to expand housing opportunities. The content of such an education program by the Commission could include several elements, among them:

. . . The dimensions of the housing crisis affecting Atlanta's Negro citizens;

. . . The root causes of this crisis and projections of their probable future impact on the community;

. . . The myths that have built up around the housing issue;

. . . Alternative solutions to eliminating housing discrimination, citing specific strengths and weaknesses of the various approaches;

. . . The experience of other communities faced with similar housing discrimination problems;

. . . The economic benefits that could be realized through a program to relieve housing shortages.

We recognize that developing and analyzing information relating to Negro housing problems and possible solutions

is a major undertaking. The selection of priority points of attack and of appropriate media and of techniques for presentation of findings also requires talent and energy. Fortunately, Atlanta has among its resources well-developed sources of sound information and several public and private agencies fully capable of dealing with each element of the task.

Atlanta's organization resources are significant and diverse. Among them are church and church-affiliated organizations, civic associations, the special service units of business and industry, educational institutions, and various other agencies that deal more directly with the various problems of racial minorities. Typical organizations falling into these categories include the United Church Women, the American Friends Service Committee, the Anti-Defamation League, the Chamber of Commerce, the Real Estate Board, the Community Development Department of the Georgia Power Company, and the Office of Economic Opportunity.

V. The Role of Southern Regional Council - the Ready Assist

While we would expect all interested parties to assist in developing means of increasing the supply of housing available to Negroes, we consider that the Southern Regional Council has special credentials in this area. The Council has for years been a knowledgeable and energetic force in the field of inter-race relations. It is familiar with programs in other cities, and is close

to the leadership in both the Negro and the white communities. Its Urban Planning Project, actively at work across the South, is ably staffed and has available to it the consulting services of Adley Associates, Atlanta city planning firm. Not only can the Council assist in articulating program elements requiring further elaboration and analysis, it can also help develop content and plan strategies for dissemination of information. In brief, the Coucil can effectively carry out the support role required for an effective city-wide approach to problems of minority housing.

VI. The Role of the Private Sector - the Entrepreneur in a New Market

It seems clear that much of the relief for Negro residents from the crisis in housing must come from the private sector, as emphasized in the Mayor's first Conference on Housing. The Council recognizes that this alternative poses problems of public policy, yet granting the Negro the freedom of market place seems to us to be the choice most consistent with Atlanta's nationwide reputation for developing sound, pragmatic solutions to problems relating to its growth and development. We consider a thoughtful exploration of possible private sources of Negro housing to be an area of urgent priority for four reasons:

1. Use of private resources will permit greater flexibility in the development, construction, and use of land and buildings;

2. With the incentive of the profit motive, we could expect to generate considerable in-puts of imagination and energy and to substantially broaden our attack on problems of housing Negro citizens;

3. Stress on the private housing sector can help to relieve the present recession in the building trades and also will have a generally beneficial effect on the local economy (each new home consumes an average of $4,000 in supplementary equipment, supplies, and services);

4. Finally, the public considers the private developer to be rational and soundly motivated and, for this reason, is likely to look favorably upon his involvement in the quasi-social field of housing.

Under the city's sponsorship and with continuing assistance from the Commission on Human Relations, there should be established a Metropolitan Development Foundation. This would be a corporation of banking, real estate, minority and civic group members who would provide both the expertise and the money to launch needed housing projects, with or without federal aid.

Also under city sponsorship and Commission supervision should be the gathering of commitments for equal housing opportunity. Realtors should be called upon to pledge the sale and rental of all housing on an open occupancy basis. Religious groups should be called upon to educate their members on the moral necessity and on the economic benefit of open housing. As many civic groups as possible should be called upon to make their commitment and pledge their cooperation.

In summary, the Second Mayor's Conference on Housing would follow this suggested outline:

I. Public Education on Housing Discrimination

A. The housing crisis affecting Atlanta's Negro citizens;

B. The myths that have built up around the housing issue;

C. The economic benefits that could be realized through a program to relieve housing shortages.

II. Policy Statement for Equal Housing Opportunity

III. The Role of the Governing Body - the "Beacon of Equal Opportunity"

A. Fair housing legislation.

B. "Good Neighbor" campaign.

C. Fair Housing Center

D. City housing programs.

IV. The Role of Commission on Human Relations - the Resource and Clearing House

A. Public information.

B. Preparation of fair housing documents.

C. Supervision of "Good Neighbor" campaign and Fair Housing Center Function.

D. Supervision of Metropolitan Development Foundation.

E. Gathering of Commitments for Equal Housing Opportunity

V. The Role of the Private Sector - the Entrepreneur in a New Market

APPENDIX

ADDITIONAL SUB-TOPICS TO SUPPLEMENT THE SECOND MAYOR'S CONFERENCE ON HOUSING

1. The Contribution of the Private Sector

   Metropolitan Development Foundation
   Zoning and Code Enforcement in the Rehabilitation Process
   Amenities for Neighborhood Up-grading
   Equal Opportunity in Housing Legislation
   Rental Clearing House
   Role of Real Estate Boards in Promoting Equal Opportunity

2. The Contribution of the Public Sector

   Criteria for Public Housing Occupancy
   New Developments in Public Housing Policy
   The Relationship of Public Housing to Patterns of Public Transportation
   The Role of Rent Supplements in Public Housing Programming
   New Public Housing Policies:
   - Criteria for Occupancy
   - Relationship to Public Transportation
   - Use of Rent Supplement

   The Impact of New Federal Programs on Housing Supply

3. The Contribution of Housing-Related Service Activities

   The Neighborhood Center
   Educational Programs
   Recreational Activities to Meet Neighborhood Needs
   The Housing Complaint Office
   The Role of Communications Media in Dispelling Housing Myths
   The Relations of Housing Programs to OEO Activities.

I. Brief historical introduction to ACHR.

A. Started ten years ago by SRC.

B. Idea was to facilitate Communication -- let whites and Negroes get acquainted as persons.

C. In the prevailing polarization on the race issue in Alabama, ACHR has, in the past, been considered a little on the radical side. (Unpopular from both sides!) Consequently, it has been a significant achievement just to survive and continue to provide a witness and a community for dissenters.

D. In the light of the national concensus manifested in 1964, we believe that we have come to a "new day" in Alabama and for ACHR. Despite the present agony in Selma, which I believe to be the first of the death throws of sanctioned bigotry in Alabama, it is now possible to talk about Negro people working with white people and white people working with Negro people -- on common problems -- without being called something less than blessed from both sides.

II. Brief statement of philosophy.

A. ACHR PURPOSES --BY MEANS OF FACT-FINDING, DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION, NEGOTIATION, EDUCATION, AND PERSUASION, TO INCREASE THE OPPORTUNITIES FOR HUMAN FULFILLMENT FOR ALL PEOPLE OF ALABAMA.

B. The means -- fact-findiing, dissemination of information, education, negotiation, and persuasion,

1. The genius of HRC is its operation at the local level -- local folks working on local problems (the "nitty-gritty.") (Examples)

2. How this relates to the so-called "direct-action groups" and their methods.

C. The ends -- beyond bare civil rights, that human understanding and sympathy without which any life is blighted indeed.

1. What about that residue of discrimination which remains after all legal support of it is withdrawn?

2. And what about the problem of changing the terrible attitude that many Negores have toward themselves.

III. The Challenge

A time of crisis judgment for all society -- including the church.

A. The breakdown in communication (which Church has strengthened). -- C. S. Lewis picture of Hell.

B. The "invisible church" has contributed so much -- but for that reason the "church visible" stands to be doubly condemned.

1. The very notion of the doctrine of the imago dei. (2)

2. "Segregated Church" is a contradiction in terms! (3)

C. Need for a prophetic word and for prophetic action. (4) (5)

CONCLUSION:

The present crisis is such that silence and a sort of "non-directive" neutrality is spiritually -- and, indeed, bodily -- perilous. (Pat Watters on "the middle ground.")

The present crisis is one in which we are all confronted -- unavoidably, inescapably -- ~~the~~ with our God, the very ground of our own being. Quote from H. H. Farmer. (6)

(1)

Littell says that the church has failed to face the fact of urbanization and of religious pluralism. The challenge to religion today is to create an urban civilization, to establish real community in a society in which inter-dependencies are incredibly complex. "The word on our wall is this: 'Communicate, or perish!'" (Inter-dependency without real communication, i.e., without real community, is a veritable hell.)

Littell, in RACE: CHALLENGE TO RELIGION, p. 49.

(2)

Ultimately the only rationale for the struggle for just human relationships is the Judeo-Christian doctrine of the imago dei. "The Magna Charta of the Negro is the declaration: 'I am a man whom God made and loves; nothing God intends for man must be denied to me.'"

Haselden, p. 174.

Breakdown of Discipline

(3)

Littell makes the point that if a "church" practices racial discrimination it simply is not the Church at all! He argues that the churches could not have had a "race problem," had it not been for an almost complete breakdown in discipline.

Ahmann, (ed.), pp. 36-39 passim.

6 (4)

Note should be made of the failure of the church to see that, in an industrial and metropolitan society, characterized by secondary relationships, Christian love must express itself as a passion for justice. Thus the rural bias of the church in America may be contributing to the ineffectiveness of the church on the racial issue, as on other social problems. As Haseldon points out, it is a great temptation to substitute "lavish and sentimental charity" for a concern for social justice. This accounts for the existence of genuine compassion and charity in personal, private dealings with Negroes -- side by side with total unwillingness even to rebuke those social customs which render Negroes continually in need of compassion and charity.

cf. Haseldon, p. 50.

11 (5)

The appeal of churchmen for "law and order" proved to be a trap! State laws in the South are often on the segregationists' side, and it can be argued that federal laws are no more sacred than state laws.

Will D. Campbell, p. 28.

6

"The individual is related all the time to his neighbour in God and to God in His neighbour, even when he is not aware of it, even when he denies it, and in that relationship his distinctive quality as a human person resides. So that Augustine's saying should be rewritten, 'Thou hast made us for thyself and for one another and our hearts are restless until they find rest in Thee in one another and in one another in Thee."

Farmer, H. H., THE SERVANT OF THE WORD. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 1942, pp. 39-40.

November 18, 1963

Mr. Joseph B. Cumming, Jr.
Mr. Karl Fleming
Newsweek Magazine
57 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe and Karl:

This is to invite one or the other of you to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect one of you.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

November 18, 1963

Mr. Reese Cleghorn
Editorial Department
The Atlanta Journal
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Reese:

This is to invite you to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if you can make it.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

November 18, 1963

Mr. Neil Maxwell
Mr. Bert Schoor
The Wall Street Journal
Commerce Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

This is to invite one or the other of you to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect one of you.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

November 18, 1963

Mr. Hal Gulliver
City Room
The Atlanta Constitution
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Hal:

This is to invite you to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or some other member of the staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

November 18, 1963

Mr. Harry Johnston
Mr. Dudley Morris
Time Magazine
Rhodes Haverty Building
134 Peachtree Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

This is to invite one or the other of you to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect one of you.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

November 18, 1963

Mr. Walter Rugaber
City Room
The Atlanta Journal
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Walter:

This is to invite you to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or some other member of the staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

November 19, 1963

Mr. Charles Black
Managing Editor
The Atlanta Inquirer
859½ Hunter Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Black:

This is to invite you or a member of your staff to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

Jan 29

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you or some other member of the staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Ronald Autry
Bureau Manager
The Associated Press
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Autry:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope you or a member of your staff will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

November 18, 1963

Mr. Ronald Autry
Bureau Manager
The Associated Press
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Autry:

This is to invite a member of your staff to be the guest of the Southern Regional Council at the dinner of its annual meeting.

The dinner will be held Monday, November 25, at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs) at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will be the speaker.

While this invitation is primarily social, we feel the speech by Mr. Wilkins may warrant coverage. The dinner is also the most appropriate of the activities of the annual meeting to give you the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect a member of your staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Charles Black
Managing Editor
The Atlanta Inquirer
859½ Hunter Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Black:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope you or a member of your staff will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Reese Cleghorn
Editorial Department
The Atlanta Journal
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Reese:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope you will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Joseph B. Cumming, Jr.
Mr. Karl Fleming
Newsweek Magazine
57 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe and Karl:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope one or the other of you will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Walter Rugaber
City Room
The Atlanta Journal
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Walter:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope you will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Hal Gulliver
City Room
The Atlanta Constitution
10 Forsyth Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Hal:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope you will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters,
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Harry Johnston
Mr. Dudley Morris
Time Magazine
Rhodes Haverty Building
134 PeachtreetStreet, NW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope one or the other of you will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mg

January 10, 1964

Mr. Neil Maxwell
Mr. Bert Schoor
The Wall Street Journal
Commerce Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

We have rescheduled our annual meeting dinner for January 29 at 7 p.m. at Stouffer's Hearth Room (downstairs), and hope one or the other of you will be our guest.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the NAACP, will speak, and as suggested before, this is an opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with our members from over the South.

Please let me know at 522 8764 if we may expect you.

Yours truly,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW/mb

October 27, 1964

Mr. Charles Black
Managing Editor
The Atlanta Inquirer
859½ Hunter Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Charles:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act, will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite you or a member of your staff to be our guest at the dinner when Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7 p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newsworthy, but we also welcome you for the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or some other member of your staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 27, 1964

Mr. Joseph B. Cumming, Jr.
Newsweek Magazine
57 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite you or Bill Cook to be our guest at the dinner when Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7 p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newsworthy, but we also welcome you for the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or Bill Cook.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 27, 1964

Mr. Walter Rugaber
City Room
The Atlanta Journal
10 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Walter:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act, will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite you or a member of your staff to be our guest at the dinner where Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7 p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newsworthy, but we also welcome you for theoopportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or some other member of your staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 27, 1964

Mr. Harry Johnston
Time Magazine
Rhodes-Haverty Building
134 Peachtree Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harry:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act, will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite you or Dudley Morris to be our guest at the dinner when Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7 p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newswprthy but we also welcome you for the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or Dudley Morris.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 27, 1964

Mr. Reg. Murphy
City Room
The Atlanta Constitution
10 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Reg:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act, will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite you or a member of your staff to be our guest at the dinner when Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7 p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newsworthy, but we also welcome you for the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or some other member of your staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 27, 1964

Mr. Jack Patterson
Business Week Magazine
1375 Peachtree Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Jack:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act, will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite you or a member of your staff to be our guest at the dinner when Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7 p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newsworthy, but we also welcome you for the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or some other member of your staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 27, 1964

Mr. Don McKee
The Associated Press
10 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Don:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act, will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite you or a member of your staff to be our guest at the dinner when Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7 p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newsworthy, but we also welcome you for the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you or some other member of your staff.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

October 27, 1964

Mr. Neil Maxwell
Mr. Burt Schorr
The Wall Street Journal
Commerce Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

We are pleased that Leroy Collins, Director of the Community Relations Service under the Civil Rights Act, will be guest speaker at the annual meeting of the Southern Regional Council. This is to invite one or the other of you to be our guest at the dinner when Mr. Collins will speak.

It will be at 7.p.m., Friday, November 20 at the Biltmore Hotel.

We feel that Mr. Collins's speech may be newsworthy, but we also welcome you for the opportunity to meet or renew acquaintances with the Council members.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect one of you.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:mp

File annual meetings

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303
JAckson 2Ø8764

FOR RELEASE:

IMMEDIATELY

The following was adopted by the Southern Regional Council at its Annual Meeting Saturday, November 21, 1964, in Atlanta.

In this time of the need in our beloved country for mutual understanding, good will, non-violence and cooperation in effective fulfillment of the laws of the land, we, the members of the Southern Regional Council, composed of representatives of both races from all the Southern States, adopt the following three resolutions:

1. That, on the basis of our first hand knowledge of the character and work of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., now under attack from many sources, we express our unreserved faith in his integrity, high sense of honor and unswerving commitment as a person and as a leader in the non-violent struggle for obedience to the law of the land as interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States toward the fulfillment of our Judiac-Christian heritage and the American dream.

2. That we renew our stand with him and all the non-violent leaders of the second American Revolution as a part of the world revolution of the colonial, colored and other disadvantaged people for a better day for themselves and all their children.

3. That we redeclare this stand with the colored and disadvantaged people of the United States and all the disadvantaged peoples of the earth, regardless of race, religion or creed, not only as a matter of right for their own self determination, but also because of their meaning for more effective American participation in the partnership of nations in the unceasing struggle of the human spirit toward equal freedom, justice, compassion, brotherhood, peace and survival in this atomic age of hazard and hope for all people on the earth as the God-given home of the family of man.

November 21, 1964

File annual meeting (6)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Community Relations Service

WASHINGTON, D.C.

FOR RELEASE IN A.M. PAPERS
SATURDAY NOVEMBER 21, 1964

TEXT OF REMARKS BY LeROY COLLINS, DIRECTOR, COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE, TO THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, ATLANTA, GEORGIA - NOVEMBER 20, 1964, 8:00 P.M.

It is a high privilege to meet with the Southern Regional Council. You and your predecessor organization, the Southern Commission on Interracial Cooperation, have pioneered in human relations in the South. For many years you and your founders have provided the vision which has kindled hope in hearts throughout the region. Your wise guidance has illuminated the path toward interracial understanding when it has been hard for many to see the way.

We in the new Community Relations Service, which was established under the 1964 Civil Rights Act, have borrowed heavily from your ranks.

Harold Fleming, your former executive director, has served as deputy director from our beginnings, and it is with extreme regret that I contemplate the necessity for his return soon to his regular position at the Potomac Institute.

John Wheeler, your president, assists the CRS as vice chairman of our National Citizens' Committee for Community Relations.

Dr. John A. Griffin, one of your executive board members, is serving us now with conspicuous competence as our associate director for conciliation.

And Mrs. M. E. Tilly, that indefatigable worker in the vineyard of civil rights and long an associate of your Council, also serves as a member of the National Citizens' Committee.

Almost daily in our office, we turn to reports of studies you have made. This information and assessment function of your Council has long proved to be of incalculable value to all who have any part or interest in the advancement of human relations in our country.

And as you have gathered facts you have gathered people. Without question you have been the primary seedbed for developing competent, sensitive professionals -- and lay workers, too -- in this field.

Although we know a great deal about you, you may not know much about us. So I want to talk with you for a few minutes about the Community Relations Service.

For the first time, the national government has assumed a direct responsibility in the field of community relations and accepted a role in the prevention as well as the resolution of disputes arising out of unlawful racial discrimination.

Establishment of the Community Relations Service marks an historic departure from the traditional attitude of the national government that work of this sort is solely the responsibility of private charities, private foundations and professional organizations such as your own.

Do not assume for a moment that what we do will lessen in the slightest your own responsibilities and opportunities or that we are your competitors in any sense. The relationship of the Community Relations Service with such organizations as the Southern Regional Council will be one of partnership and cooperation in the achievement of our common goals.

We are actively engaged now in work involving difficulties in 20 states and in every region of the nation. We are utilizing volunteer help as we can. In every state we are seeking to encourage the development of local interest and desire and competence for resolving problems and avoiding discrimination.

We, too, believe government should be kept as close to the people as possible. But this does not mean that the federal government will turn its head or heart or hand away from any of its citizens who may be denied their basic rights of citizenship anywhere.

Although our service is small in budget and staff, it is big in spirit and determination.

Under Title X of the new law, there is a broad mandate for our Service to go into any community, with or without an invitation, in an attempt to settle "disputes, difficulties and disagreements" arising from racial tensions which threaten the peace of that community or which affect or may affect interstate commerce.

And under Title II of the Civil Rights Act, the Community Relations Service may accept referrals from federal district courts of specific disputes arising out of denial of service in places of public accommodation.

All settlements, of course, must be made within the letter and spirit of the law.

Nor will the Service be content to negotiate a settlement, leaving untouched the root causes which triggered the disturbance in the first place. We intend to assist communities to develop plans of action, designed to get at the causes of trouble. This will involve such things as education, employment, law enforcement, housing, recreation and public facilities -- as well as public accommodations -- and fostering new attitudes through the establishment of better lines of communication.

It is here especially that the Service has a great need for specialized knowledge developed by such agencies as the Southern Regional Council.

It is part of our job also to assist all of the American people to understand that the Civil Rights Act -- which the overwhelming majority of Americans approve and have enacted through the overwhelming majority of their elected representatives -- is the law of the land and must be obeyed.

But, more than that, we will try to help them to understand that the Civil Rights Act is right, that it is fair, that it responds to the best and most generous impulses of the true American character, that it meets the moral imperative of a concerned society and that it is too important to be allowed to suffer evasion and avoidance, much less outright defiance.

Also, as you have done over many years, we will seek to demonstrate that not only is the law in keeping with the nation's democratic and spiritual commitments but that good human relations mean good business, and bad human relations mean bad business.

Yes, winning broad national consensus in support of this law, and the commitment of people to the principles behind it, is basic to our assignment.

For it is increasingly clear that American society in the 1960's can no more afford a social fragmentation than it could accept economic disintegration in the 1930's.

The Civil Rights Act of 1964 expressed in law this new assumption of national social responsibility. It has opened one of the New Frontiers for our country envisioned by President Kennedy, and it leads importantly to the Great Society for which President Johnson challenges us to strive.

This has special meaning for the South, because our region has special challenges and requires special adjustments.

But that affords no excuse for failure, for there is not a corner of this country which is not having its problems -- with people, with houses, with jobs, with health, with education, with all that makes up life.

And we should continually realize that every day the South and its people are becoming more and more like the rest of America.

The transition from an agricultural to an industrial economy, from a rural to an urban society, in itself, is actually bringing enormous social changes and adjustments.

We welcome the sleek new factories with their automated machines, the shining cities, the gleaming shopping centers and the affluent look of all those residential sub-divisions springing up all over the southern landscape.

The South today spends more on public education than any other region, and this southern investment in education is paying off handsomely.

At the time of the great depression, per-capita income in the South was only half that of the national average. Today it is around 80 per cent.

If we can develop the earning power of more of our people now at the bottom of the ladder, both black and white, it will be only a short time before we will reach or exceed the national average.

As a nation, what we are really striving to do now in the field of human relations is to give to the doctrine of freedom and equality a universal application. We are striving to bring down walls which divide our people.

The advancement of civil rights will help us measurably to achieve this.

Already the South as a whole has a much better record in civil rights progress than it is generally given credit for. It is, in fact, a much better record than many Southerners suspect.

I believe you would be interested in, and heartened by, the results of a recent study we completed for the President on the degree of compliance with the Civil Rights Act.

This survey dealt with the 53 major cities over 50,000 population in the 19 states not having their own public accommodations laws. It found that in those cities there was desegregation accomplished in at least two-thirds of the hotels, motels, chain restaurants, theaters, sports facilities, public parks and libraries.

In almost every instance this progress was made without necessity of resorting to court action. And while we have no straight-A report card, we have done well. So much has happened -- willingly -- in the few months since the passage of the new law.

While instances of defiance understandably have attracted the most public attention, on the whole as President Johnson noted, the record is one of compliance rather than defiance.

Yet, this is not the whole story, as you know so well.

Two-thirds compliance in the major cities of the South is not the same as virtually complete compliance throughout the entire nation -- and that, of course, is what the American people, through law, have required.

Nor does it take into account the nightmare of terror in which hundreds of thousands of our fellow Americans live in some parts of the land because they are black or because they have stood up for the rights of those who are black.

In a way, I think we have two Souths, with some of both Souths in every state.

There are some southerners who are simply unwilling to catch the fresh clean breeze that is blowing through Dixie. They want no part in social progress. They want to hold onto the past, even when they see that it is dying in their hands.

Some would do this by denying equality in educational opportunity for all children; some, by denying the right of all citizens to vote; some, by denying the opportunity for employment based on merit; some, by refusing access to public facilities by all of the public; some, by terror in the night, beatings and even murder.

But this is not the only South -- not by any means.

The other South is vastly different. Its people are not wallowing in the past. Clouds left over from a stormy night are disappearing from the horizons of these Southerners.

They are pressing forward, determined to march in step with the nation.

They are interested in building a better South and a better America.

And they know the South has much to offer to Americans everywhere.

Who more than Southerners, white and black, have struggled with so many problems and are better equipped to help build the "Great Society" of the future?

The South, with a long experience in bi-racial living, and fundamentally dedicated to those ethical, religious and moral principles on which our democratic society rests, is uniquely equipped to lead the American people to a national solution of the race problem.

The South, with a long experience with poverty, neglect and exploitation, is uniquely qualified to provide leadership to the nation in the fight against poverty at home, the battle for freedom abroad and, above all, the struggle for peace in the world.

As a section of the country disadvantaged for more than 100 years, the South should respond readily to the needs of disadvantaged people of whatever color and wherever they live.

In the hall of the main building of one of our nation's oldest small colleges there is a chandelier to which the president of the college often refers his students. It is an eighteenth-century brass fixture of great beauty.

What the president says to the students goes something like this: "The design and construction of that chandelier is of such beauty it actually increases in interest and value as the years go by. When it was first put up there, it had candles for light. After many years the candles were replaced by oil lamps. Still later came gas lights. Now, electric lights have taken over. During all this time, many have said 'throw it out,' but the wonderful old fixture has remained unspoiled, and succeeding generations have added new lights to it."

"Now," the president concludes, "the point is that there is much in life that is timeless and which we must cherish and hold with all our strength. But every new generation must add new lights to meet its own needs."

There is much about our South also that we must cherish and not let go.

We must keep those old values which have stood the test of time and comprise the heart and soul of the South: gracious living, individuality, an appreciation of close personal relationships, courtesy and kindness and good manners and a decent respect for the rights of others -- traits which most Southerners, both white and black, share.

The South, as your former president, Dr. Dabbs, pointed out in his wonderful study of the southern heritage, has always had a warm and generous spirit. I hope we can keep this spirit forever.

But ours is the day the South is putting up new lights:

-- Lights of human dignity for all.

-- Lights of opportunity for all.

-- Lights of education for all.

-- Lights of economic progress for all.

-- Lights of compassion for all.

-- Lights of national unity.

Let us call all Southerners to help. Let us urge the whole South to share in the progress these lights will make possible.

But to those who cannot work with us toward these goals, whether through ignorance or lack of understanding or hate, let us point out that their way will blight our land and its tomorrows, wither our growing material prosperity and debilitate the spirit of our people.

Let us tell them with candor that this is a time of choice -- for individual citizens, for businesses, for communities, for states.

Let us tell them that the time has come to choose up sides.

They will either cling to the worst features of an era which is on the way out or become a part of the incoming tide of reason and compassion and progress.

You will recall the "Southern Manifesto" which was issued by southern leaders in the Congress back in 1956 in response to a popular demand that they "do something" -- anything -- about the Supreme Court school desegregation decision. That manifesto did much to crystalize further the massive resistance to the court's decision and to harden the opposition of zealots, extremists and bitter-enders and thus made the inevitable adjustments much more difficult.

I believe the kind of thinking reflected in that "manifesto" is disappearing now.

The Civil Rights Act of 1964 offers a second chance to those of us who then were either actively wrong or merely fearfully passive.

How splendid it would be if we could join together now in a second southern manifesto, one which would speak for the South which is enduring, reaffirming old truths but recognizing new realities, a manifesto which would meet the pressing new needs of our day.

We could thus announce to ourselves and to the rest of the nation that the South is done with a fatal fascination for lost causes; that the South can and will look after its own freedom house in the light and reason of the national interest.

We could thus proclaim our firm belief in equal opportunities for all under law, the end of second-class citizenship.

We could thus show to the nation and to the world that the South will move forward and find fulfillment in the best of its own traditions and in the greatness of its own people.

This would signal a great victory -- a victory for the South no less than for the nation; a victory of right over wrong, of tolerance over bigotry, of reality over illusion, of knowledge over ignorance, of love over hate, of faith over fear and of moral strength over moral weakness.

There is much work to do. But as Americans, what great achievement in history have we made the easy way?

We in the Community Relations Service ask only that we can be worthy of our task.

In our efforts, we offer you -- and all Americans of good will and high purpose -- our hand in cooperation. And we ask for yours.

November 8, 1965

Mr. Claude Sitton
National News Director
The New York Times
Times Square
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Sitton:

This is to invite you to join us at the dinner of the Annual Meeting of the Southern Regional Council.

It will be held at 7:30 p. m., November 15, in the ballroom at the Biltmore Hotel. C. Vann Woodward, the historian, will be guest speaker.

Sometimes we make news at the meeting and you are always welcome to that. But mainly we would welcome you to meet and renew acquaintances with our membership.

Please let me know at 522-8764 if we may expect you.

Cordially,

Pat Watters
Director of Information

PW:js

THE PRESS

List of recipients of invitation to Annual Meeting Dinner:

Mr. Claude Sitton
National News Director
The NY Times
Times Square, NY

Mr. Rbt. E. Baker
Washington Post
1515 L St, NW, Wash. 5

Mr. Gene Roberts
NY Times
10 Forsyth St., Atl.

Mr. Roy Reed
NY Times
10 Forsyth St., Atl.

Mr. Jack Nelson
LA Times
10 Forsyth St., Atl.

Mr. Joseph B. Cumming, Jr.
Newsweek
912 Healey Bldg.
57 Forsyth St., Atl.

Mr. Marshall Fraidy
Newsweek
912 Healey Bldg.
57 Forsyth St., Atl.

Mr. Harry Johnston
Time Magazine
Rhodes Haverty Bldg.
134 P'tree St., NW, Apt.

Mr. Arlie Schardt
Time Magazine
Atl. (same address as above)

Mr. Roger Williams
Same address as above

Mr. Neil Maxwell
Wall St. Journal
Commerce Bldg., Atl.

Mr. Ken Slocum
Same address as above

Mr. Jack Patterson
Business Week, 1375 P'tree Rd., NE
Atl.

Mr. Al Neuttner 875-7631
United Press Inter'natl
PO Box 4662, Atl.

Mr. Ronald Autry, Bureau Mgr
Associated Press
10 Forsyth St., Atl.

Mr. Walker Lundy, City Room
Atl. Journal, Atl.

Mr. John Pennington
City Editor
Atl. Journal, Atl.

Mr. Ralph McGill, Publ.
Atl. Cont., Atl.

Mr. Eugene Patterson, Ed.
Atl. Const., Atl.

Mr. Marvin Wall
Atl. Const., Atl.

Mr. Bruce Galphin
Atl. Const., Atl.

Mr. Harold Martin
Atl. Const., Atl.

Mr. Geo. M. Coleman
Manag. Ed.
Atl. Daily World
210 Auburn, NE, Atl.

Mrs. Jondelle Johnson
Acting Ed.
Atl. Inquirer
784 Parsons St., SW, Atl.

Mr. James Townsend, Ed.
Atl. Magazine
Commerce Bldg., Atl.

Mr. John Popham
Chattagooga Times
Chattagooga, Tennessee

File

The New York Times
Times Square

November 11, 1965

Dear Pat:

I will be unable to attend the dinner at the Annual Meeting of the Council next week, but nevertheless I appreciate your invitation.

Best regards to everyone there.

Sincerely yours,

Claude Sitton
National News Director

Mr. Pat Watters
Atlanta, Georgia

3.5.02
6
04
12
10 02

11/21/05

Jack Nelson - L A Times
10 Forsyth

Gay Reed + Gene Roberts Geech
N Y Times
10 Forsyth

Claude Sitton - air mail spec
Nat News Dir
N Y Times - Times Square
New York

Associated Press
10 Forsyth St.

Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director
Field Foundation
25 Park Ave
" 17 "

THE PRESS

List of recipients of invitation to Annual Meeting Dinner:

	ACCEPTS	REGRETS	TELEPHONED
Mr. Claude Sitton National News Director The NY Times Times Square, NY	no reply		
Mr. Rbt. E. Baker Washington Post 1515 L St, NW, Wash. 5	no reply		
Mr. Gene Roberts NY Times 10 Forsyth St., Atl.	~~Tentative~~	will come, called this morning	
Mr. Roy Reed NY Times 10 Forsyth St., Atl.	~~Tentative~~		
Mr. Jack Nelson LA Times 10 Forsyth St., Atl.	~~Tentative~~		11-12-65
Mr. Joseph B. Cumming, Jr. Newsweek 524-4539 912 Healey Bldg. 57 Forsyth St., Atl.		told Millard he coming - not sure about wife called - not in. Left message to ret. call. 11/12/65	
Mr. Marshall Fraidy Newsweek 524-4539 912 Healey Bldg. 57 Forsyth St., Atl.		called - not in. Left message to ret. call. 11/12/65	
Mr. Harry Johnston 522-9233 Time Magazine Rhodes Haverty Bldg. 134 P'tree St., NW, Atl.			
Mr. Arlie Schardt Time Magazine Atl. (same address as above)			
Mr. Roger Williams Same address as above			
Mr. Neil Maxwell Wall St. Journal Commerce Bldg., Atl.			
Mr. Ken Slocum Same address as above			
Mr. Jack Patterson Business Week, 1375 P'tree Rd., NE Atl.			

Nick Chris to come

	ACCEPTS	REGRETS	TELEPHONED
K (maybe Nick Chris) Mr. Al Deuttner United Press Inter'natl PO Box 4662, Atl. 876-7373	✓		
Mr. Ronald Autry, Bureau Mgr Associated Press 522-8971 10 Forsyth St., Atl.		will call back after ~~[illegible]~~ checking to see if wife can attend, also.	
Mr. Walker Lundy, City Room Atl. Journal, Atl.	✓	Mrs. Lundy took message; he out of town. To call back at 2 p.m. and. She has heard from him to see by messages.	
Mr. John Pennington City Editor 522-5050 Atl. Journal, Atl.		not in; left message to call back	
Mr. Ralph McGill, Publ. Atl. Cont., Atl. (Mrs. Lundy)		on vacation; won't be back until Sun.	✓
Mr. Eugene Patterson, Ed. Atl. Const., Atl.	After dinner		
Mr. Marvin Wall Atl. Const., Atl.	✓		
Mr. Bruce Galphin Atl. Const., Atl.	✓		
Mr. Harold Martin Atl. Const., Atl. 522-~~[illegible]~~ 5050	✓	- says to tell you he'll be de-lighted!	
Mr. Geo. M. Coleman Manag. Ed. 521-1459 Atl. Daily World 210 Auburn, NE, Atl.	✓		
Mrs. Jondelle Johnson Acting Ed. 523-6086 Atl. Inquirer 784 Parsons St., SW, Atl.		11/12 A.M. - ~~[redacted]~~ Called; left message for her to call back.	
Mr. James Townsend, Ed. Atl. Magazine 524-1311 Commerce Bldg., Atl.		✓	
Mr. John Popham Chattanooga Times Chattanooga, Tennessee	No reply		

Number invited		26
Acceptances	12	definite
Regrets	3	
No reply	3	(out of town invite)
Tentative	3	(possibly)
To call back	4	~~[illegible]~~ (Nick Chris)
We're to call after dinner	1	
	1	

Turn page back

McGill is all tied up &
cannot make any of conference,
so Mrs Landy says, but,
he wants to talk to you
later today & see if something
can't be worked out
to get with "some of us" --
Woodward, especially, after
his trip.

File

To call us back:

Jordelle Johnson - Atl. Inquirer
*Walker Lundy - Atl. Journal
Joseph Cumming - Newsweek
Marshall Frady - Newsweek

We're to call Ronald Purdue, Mrs Autry's secretary, - Associated Press, around 2 p.m. at 522-8971

omg!
*he is coming!

NOVEMBER, 1967 ANNUAL MEETING PRESS LIST

The Atlanta Journal
Box 4689
Atlanta, Georgia 30302

Mr. Charles Pou
Mr. John Pennington
Miss Margaret Shannon
Mr. Walker Lundy (City Room)
Mr. Paul Hemphill
Mr. Reese Cleghorn (by hand)
Mr. Billy Winn
Mr. Roy Blount

The Atlanta Constitution
Box 4689
Atlanta, Georgia 30302

Mr. James Rankin
Mr. Eugene Patterson, Editor
Mr. Ralph McGill, Publisher
Mr. Bruce Galphin
Mr. Harold Martin
Mr. Cliff Baldowski

Mr. Robert Hey
Christian Science Monitor
Healey Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. Claude Sitton
National News Editor
New York Times
Times Square
New York, New York 10036

Mr. William C. Baggs, Editor
The Miami News-1001 NW 7th St.
Miami, Florida 33152

Mr. Ernest Pharr, Editor
The Atlanta Inquirer
787 Parsons Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30314

Mr. George Coleman
Managing Editor
The Atlanta Daily World
210 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. Wilson F. Minor
The New Orleans Times-Picayune
Bureau
412 Vincent Building
Jackson, Mississippi 39201

Mr. Robert S. Baker
The Washington Post
1515 "L" Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20005

Mr. Roy Reed
The New York Times
1701 "K" Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20006

New York Times
Atlanta Bureau
10 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 30303

Mr. Gene Roberts
Mr. Walter Rugaber

Newsweek
912 Healey Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. Joseph B. Cumming, Jr.
Mr. Jerald Lubenow
Mr. Andrew Jaffe
[redacted]

The Wall Street Journal
Commerce Building
34 Broad Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. Neil Maxwell - Dick Ledger
Mr. Ken Slocum

Time
134 Peachtree Street, N. W.
Rhodes Haverty Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. Arlie Schardt
Mr. Roger Williams

Mr. Jack Nelson
Los Angeles Times
10 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. Claude Sitton
National News Director
New York Times
229 W. 43rd Street-Times Square
New York, New York 10036

November, 1967, Annual Meeting Press List - 2.

Mr. Ronald Autry
Bureau Manager
The Associated Press
10 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mrs. Betsy Fancher
~~Editor~~ Senior Editor
The Atlanta Magazine
1004 Commerce Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. John Popham
Executive Managing Editor
117 East 10th Street
Chattanooga, Tennessee 37401

Mr. Ray Jenkins
~~Montgomery Advertiser~~ Alabama Journal
107 S. Lawrence Street
Montgomery, Alabama 36104

WSB TV and Radio
1601 West Peachtree Street, NE
Atlanta, Georgia 30309

Mr. Aubrey Morris (Radio)
Mr. Tom Wassell (TV)
Mr. Elmo Ellis (TV)
Mr. Ray Moore (TV) e ?

Mr. Marshall Fraidy
Sea Pines Plantation
Hilton Head, South Carolina

Mr. John Bent
WAII
1611 W. Peachtree NE
Atlanta

10/6/68

MW:

Pat asks that you look over the attached press list and give him any suggestions or additions you might have.

js

cc in Mrs Jo possession.

THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

January 1965

OFFICERS*

PRESIDENT

John H. Wheeler

VICE - PRESIDENTS

Marion A. Wright
Josephine Wilkins
Rufus E. Clement
Stephen J. Wright

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Raymond M. Wheeler, Chairman

Paul R. Christopher
James McBride Dabbs
Albert W. Dent
C. G. Gomillion
Mrs. J. N. Rayzor
McNeill Smith
H. Franklin Williams
Thomas W. Young

LEGAL COUNSEL

Joseph F. Haas

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Leslie W. Dunbar

*Addresses of officers are given in the attached list of members of the Council. All organizations and positions are shown for identification purposes only.

Class of 1965

A. D. Beittel
American Friends Service Committee
P. O. Box 4325
Fondren Station
Jackson, Mississippi

Mrs. Joe R. Brewer
Box 314, Route 1
Scott, Arkansas

The Rev. Caxton Doggett
First Methodist Church
504 South Lake Avenue
Lakeland, Florida

Luther H. Foster
President
Tuskegee Institute
Tuskegee, Alabama

C. G. Gomillion
Chairman
Division of Social Sciences
Tuskegee Institute
Tuskegee, Alabama

Paul E. Green
Playwright, Novelist
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

John A. Griffin
Executive Director
Southern Education Foundation, Inc.
811 Cypress Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Joseph F. Haas
Attorney
1116 First National Bank Bldg.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Mrs. Grace T. Hamilton
582 University Place
Atlanta 14, Georgia

The Rt. Rev. John E. Hines
Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Texas
520 San Jacinto Street
Houston, Texas

The Rev. Duncan Hunter
District Superintendent
The Methodist Church
8705 Camille Drive, S. E.
Huntsville, Alabama

Guy B. Johnson
Research Professor of Sociology and Anthropology
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

E. T. Kehrer
Southern Director
Civil Rights Department - AFL-CIO
Route 2 - Anderson Road
Austell, Georgia

Mrs. Austin Kimball
3131 S. W. First Avenue
Gainesville, Florida

Z. A. Looby
Attorney and City Councilman
327 Charlotte Avenue
Nashville, Tennessee

Rabbi Charles Mantinband
Temple Emanuel
Box 1502
Longview, Texas

Mrs. Vivian Carter Mason
2630 Chesterfield Blvd.
Norfolk, Virginia

The Rev. M. D. McCollom
District Superintendent
The Methodist Church
P. O. Box 423
Walterboro, South Carolina

Class of 1965 (Cont'd)

Benjamin Muse
P. O. Box 312
Manassas, Virginia

John P. Nelson, Jr.
Attorney
702 Gravier Building
535 Gravier Street
New Orleans 12, Louisiana

Lucius Pitts
President
Miles College
Birmingham, Alabama

David H. Scull
President
Turnpike Press
Annandale, Virginia

A. M. Secrest
5009 Waggaman Circle
McLean, Virginia

The Rev. Kelly M. Smith
First Baptist Church
318 Eighth Avenue, North
Nashville, Tennessee

McNeill Smith
Attorney
700 Jefferson Street Bldg.
Greensboro, North Carolina

Class of 1966

The Rev. Theodore R. Gibson
Christ Eposcopal Church
3841 Hibiscus Street
Miami 33, Florida

Edward E. Haddock
Physician and State Legislator
1133 West Franklin Street
Richmond 20, Virginia

Robert J. Harris
Dean
Division of Arts and Sciences
University of Virginia
Charlottesville, Virginia

Mrs. Martin L. Harvey
Businesswoman and Chairman
Womanpower Unlimited
415 N. Farish Street
Jackson 2, Mississippi

John G. Lewis
Regional Masonic Executive
P. O. Box 2110
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Benjamin E. Mays
President
Morehouse College
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Francis Pickens Miller
(U. S. Department of State
Washington, D. C.)
Charlottesville, Virginia

L. D. Milton
President
Citizens Trust Company
212 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Riley B. Montgomery
President, Emeritus
College of the Bible
Lexington, Kentucky

Samuel Nabrit
President
Texas Southern University
Houston, Texas

J. Rupert Picott
Executive Secretary
Vriginia Teachers Association
316 Clay Street
Richmond, Virginia

Class of 1966 (Cont'd)

Mrs. J. N. Rayzor
3207 Groveland Lane
Houston, Texas

J. M. Richards
President
Columbia Theological Seminary
Decatur, Georgia

Dr. Harry V. Richardson
President
Interdenominational
Theological Seminary
671 Beckwith Street, S. W.
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Rabbi Jacob Rothschild
The Temple
1589 Peachtree Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Miss Dorcas Ruthenburg
2215 Bonnycastle Avenue
Louisville 5, Kentucky

Walter Sharp
Route 2, Beech Creek Road
Brentwood, Tennessee

J. Ray Shute
317 E. Windsor Street
Monroe, North Carolina

Courtney Siceloff
Director
Penn Community Services
St. Helena Island
Frogmore, South Carolina

The Rt. Rev. Msgr. Alexander
O. Sigur
P. O. Box 2512
Lafayette, Louisiana

James W. Silver
Professor of History
University of Mississippi
Oxford, Mississippi

Moreland G. Smith
Architect
3236 Bankhead Avenue
Montgomery 6, Alabama

William H. Townsend
Optometrist
507 W. 31st Street
Little Rock, Arkansas

Nat Welch
Box 1192
Auburn, Alabama

T. Franklin Williams
Professor of Medicine
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Class of 1967

Mrs. Lawrence Coe
Member, School Board
3580 Watauga Avenue
Memphis, Tennessee

Ralph Mason Dreger
Professor of Psychology
Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

S. E. Duncan
President
Livingstone College
Salisbury, North Carolina

Paul Johnston
Attorney
First National Building
Birmingham, Alabama

Sylvan Meyer
Editor
The Daily Times
Gainesville, Georgia

Class of 1967 (Cont'd)

C. H. Parrish
Professor of Sociology
University of Louisville
Louisville, Kentucky

Mrs. Mary Sands
1447 Granada Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Mrs. Jane Schutt
955 Pecan Boulevard
Jackson, Mississippi

W. E. Solomon
Executive Secretary
Palmetto State Teachers Assn.
1719 Taylor Street
Columbia, South Carolina

James E. Stewart
Businessman and Newspaper
Columnist
548 N. E. Fourth Street
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

James Stokely
Author, Poet
405 Clifton Heights
Newport, Tennessee

Lee B. Thomas, Jr.
President
Vermont American Corporation
500 East Main Street
Louisville 2, Kentucky

The Rev. Thomas Thrasher
Chapel of the Cross
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Mrs. J. F. Tillman
President, Woman's Division
of Christian Service
Board of Missions
The Methodist Church
Palmetto Farm, RFD 1
Lewisburg, Tennessee

John H. Wheeler
President
Mechanics and Farmers Bank
Box 1932
Durham, North Carolina

Raymond M. Wheeler
Physician
1900 Brunswick Avenue
Charlotte, North Carolina

Bell I Wiley
Professor of History
Emory University
Atlanta 22, Georgia

Josephine Wilkins
387 South Milledge Avenue
Athens, Georgia

H. Franklin Williams
Dean of University College
The University of Miami
Coral Gables, Florida

Paul D. Williams
Publisher
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond, Virginia

Marion A. Wright
Attorney
Top Knot
Linville Falls, N. C.

Stephen J. Wright
President
Fisk University
Nashville, Tennessee

Jack Young
Attorney
The Redmond Building
North Farish Street
Jackson, Mississippi

Class of 1967 (Cont'd)

Thomas W. Young
Editor
The Journal and Guide
Norfolk, Virginia

James E. Youngdahl
Attorney
The Tower Building
Suite 1330
Little Rock, Arkansas

Class of 1968

Fred D. Alexander
Realtor
2140 Senior Drive
Charlotte 8, North Carolina

The Rev. Hubert Beckwith
Congregational Christian Church
of Fairfax County
P. O. Box 186
Annandale, Virginia

B. R. Brazeal
Academic Dean
Morehouse College
Atlanta 14, Georgia

The Rev. W. C. Brooke
St. Elizabeth's Episcopal Church
P. O. Box 4211
Roanoke, Virginia

H. A. Hank Brown, President
AFL-CIO, Texas
Box MM - Capitol Station
Austin, Texas

I. H. Burney
Insurance Executive
101 E. Union Street
Jacksonville, Florida

Irving E. Carlyle
Attorney
Wachovia Bank Building
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Paul R. Christopher
Regional Director, AFL-CIO
216 Flatiron Building
Knoxville, Tennessee

Rufus E. Clement
President
Atlanta University
Atlanta 14, Georgia

James A. Colston
President
Knoxville College
Knoxville, Tennessee

James McBride Dabbs
Planter, Author
Rip Raps Plantation
Mayesville, South Carolina

Herbert M. Davidson
Editor and Publisher
Daytona Beach News-Journal
Daytona Beach, Florida

Albert W. Dent, President
Dillard University
New Orleans, Louisiana

Frank P. Graham
(United Nations, New York)
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

The Rev. Duncan M. Gray, Jr.
St. Peter's Episcopal Church
P. O. Box 266
Oxford, Mississippi

Douglas Jackson
Perkins School of Theology
Southern Methodist University
Dallas, Texas

George Lewis, II
President
The Lewis State Bank
Tallahassee, Florida

Herman H. Long
President
Talladega College
Talladega, Alabama

The Rev. Powers McLeod
District Superintendent
The Methodist Church
P. O. Box 6531
Mobile, Alabama

Class of 1968 (Cont'd)

Mrs. Leo Mervis
34 Audubon Avenue
New Orleans, Louisiana

Patrick J. Owens
Associate Editor
Arkansas Gazette
Little Rock, Arkansas

Matthew J. Perry
Attorney
1107½ Washington Street
Columbia, South Carolina

Frank Smith
Director
Tennessee Valley Authority, U.S.
Knoxville, Tennessee

C. H. Thomas, Jr.
Professor of Political Science
South Carolina State College
Orangeburg, South Carolina

Mrs. Charles White
Member, School Board
2209 Southmore Boulevard
Houston 4, Texas

Life Fellows

Mrs. Jesse Daniel Ames
The Wren's Nest
P. O. Box 626
Tryon, North Carolina

Hodding Carter, Jr.
Editor & Publisher
Delta-Democrat Times
Greenville, Mississippi

Leonard Haas
Attorney
601 Haas-Howell Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gordon B. Hancock
Educator & Newspaper Columnist
P. O. Box 6056
Richmond 22, Virginia

The Rev. M. LaFayette Harris
Resident Bishop
Atlantic Coast Area
The Methodist Church
250 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Edward A. McDowell
Southern Baptist Theological
Seminary
Wake Forest, North Carolina

Ralph McGill
Publisher
The Atlanta Constitution
Atlanta, Georgia

Mrs. David Terry
411 East Seventh Street
Little Rock Arkansas

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Director of Women's Work
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

J. Waties Waring
Hyde Park Hotel
25 East 77th Street
New York, New York

W. D. Weatherford
Black Mountain
North Carolina

Carter Wesley
Publisher
Houston Informer
Box 3086
Houston, Texas

THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

January 1966

OFFICERS*

PRESIDENT

John H. Wheeler

VICE-PRESIDENTS

Josephine Wilkins

Rufus E. Clement

Paul R. Christopher

Stephen J. Wright

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Raymond M. Wheeler, Chairman

James McBride Dabbs

McNeill Smith

Albert W. Dent

H. Franklin Williams

C. G. Gomillion

Marion A. Wright

Mrs. Martin Harvey

Thomas W. Young

LEGAL COUNSEL

Joseph F. Haas

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Paul Anthony

*Addresses of officers are given in the attached list of Members of the Council. All organizations and positions are shown for identification purposes only.

Fred D. Alexander (68)
Realtor
2140 Senior Drive
Charlotte 8, North Carolina

J. William Becker (69)
State Director
Arkansas AFL-CIO
1408 Rebsaiman Park Road
Little Rock, Arkansas

The Rev. Hubert Beckwith (68)
Congregational Christian
Church of Fairfax County
P. O. Box 288
Annandale, Virginia

A. D. Beittel (68)
American Friends Service
Committee
P. O. Box 4325, Fondren Sta.
Jackson, Mississippi

B. R. Brazeal (68)
Academic Dean
Morehouse College
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Mrs. Joe R. Brewer (69)
Box 314, Route 1
Scott, Arkansas

The Rev. W. C. Brooke (68)
St. Elizabeth's Episcopal
Church
P. O. Box 4211
Roanoke, Virginia

H. A. Hank Brown, Pres. (68)
AFL-CIO, Texas
Box MM - Capitol Station
Austin, Texas

I. H. Burney (68)
Insurance Executive
Box 2140
Jacksonville, Florida

Irving E. Carlyle (68)
Attorney
Wachovia Bank Building
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Paul R. Christopher (68)
Regional Director, AFL-CIO
216 Flatiron Building
Knoxville, Tennessee

Rufus E. Clement (68)
President
Atlanta University
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Mrs. Lawrence Coe (67)
Member, School Board
3580 Watauga Avenue
Memphis, Tennessee

James A. Colston (68)
President
Knoxville College
Knoxville, Tennessee

James McBride Dabbs (68)
Planter, Author
Rip Raps Plantation
Mayesville, South Carolina

Herbert M. Davidson (68)
Editor and Publisher
Daytona Beach News-Journal
Daytona Beach, Florida

Albert W. Dent, President (68)
Dillard University
New Orleans, Louisiana

The Rev. Caxton Doggett (69)
First Methodist Church
504 South Lake Avenue
Lakeland, Florida

Ralph Mason Dreger (67)
Professor of Psychology
Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

S. E. Duncan (67)
President
Livingstone College
Salisbury, North Carolina

Luther H. Foster (69)
President
Tuskegee Institute
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

The Rev. Theodore R. Gibson (66)
Christ Episcopal Church
P. O. Box 6
Cocoanut Grove Station
Miami, Florida

C. G. Gomillion (69)
Chairman
Division of Social Sciences
Tuskegee Institute
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

Frank P. Graham (68)
(Room 951, United Nations, N. Y.)
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

The Rev. Duncan M. Gray, Jr. (68)
St. Paul's Episcopal Church
1116 23rd Avenue
Meridian, Mississippi

John A. Griffin (69)
Executive Director
Southern Education Foundation, Inc.
811 Cypress Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Joseph F. Haas (69)
Attorney
1116 First National Bank Bldg.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Edward E. Haddock (66)
Physician and State Legislator
1133 West Franklin Street
Richmond 20, Virginia

Mrs. Grace T. Hamilton (69)
582 University Place
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Robert J. Harris (66)
Dean
Division of Arts and Sciences
University of Virginia
Charlottesville, Virginia

Mrs. Martin L. Harvey (66)
Businesswoman and Chairman
Womanpower Unlimited
415 N. Farish Street
Jackson 2, Mississippi

Donald Hollowell (69)
Attorney
859½ Hunter Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Douglas Jackson (68)
Perkins School of Theology
Southern Methodist University
Dallas, Texas

Guy B. Johnson (69)
Research Professor of Sociology and Anthropology
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Paul Johnston (67)
Attorney
Suite 1025, Bank for Savings Bldg.
Birmingham, Alabama

Mrs. Barbara Jordan (69)
Attorney
5303 Lyons Avenue
Houston, Texas

Henry Lehmann (66)
Businessman
194 Windward Circle
Ormond Beach, Florida

George Lewis, II (68)
President
The Lewis State Bank
Tallahassee, Florida

John G. Lewis (66)
Regional Masonic Executive
P. O. Box 2110
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Herman H. Long (68)
President
Talladega College
Talladega, Alabama

William H. Maness (69)
Attorney
603 Florida Theatre Bldg.
Jacksonville, Florida

Rabbi Charles Mantinband (69)
Temple Emanuel
Box 423
Longview, Texas

Mrs. Vivian Carter Mason (69)
2630 Chesterfield Blvd.
Norfolk, Virginia

Benjamin E. Mays (66)
President
Morehouse College
Atlanta 14, Georgia

The Rev. M. D. McCollom (69)
District Superintendent
The Methodist Church
P. O. Box 423
Walterboro, South Carolina

The Rev. Powers McLeod (68)
District Superintendent
The Methodist Church
905 Government Street
Mobile, Alabama

Mrs. Leo Mervis (68)
34 Audubon Avenue
New Orleans, Louisiana

Sylvan Meyer (67)
Editor
The Daily Times
Gainesville, Georgia

Francis Pickens Miller (66)
2810 P. Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.
(Legal Residence, Charlottesville
Virginia)

L. D. Milton (66)
President
Citizens Trust Company
212 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Riley B. Montgomery (66)
President, Emeritus
College of the Bible
Lexington, Kentucky

Benjamin Muse (69)
P. O. Box 312
Manassas, Virginia

Samuel Nabrit (66)
President
Texas Southern University
Houston, Texas

John P. Nelson, Jr. (69)
Attorney
701 Gravier Building
535 Gravier Street
New Orleans 12, Louisiana

C. H. Parrish (67)
Professor of Sociology
University of Louisville
Louisville, Kentucky

Matthew J. Perry (68)
Attorney
P. O. Box 838
Columbia, South Carolina

J. Rupert Picott (66)
Executive Secretary
Virginia Teachers Association
316 Clay Street
Richmond, Virginia

Lucius Pitts (69)
President
Miles College
Birmingham, Alabama

Hollis F. Price (69)
President
LeMoyne College
Memphis, Tennessee

Mrs. Tom Ragland (69)
3821 Abbott Martin Road
Nashville, Tennessee

Mr. Claude Ramsey (69)
President
Mississippi AFL-CIO
133 South Lamar Street
Jackson, Mississippi

Mrs. J. N. Rayzor (66)
3207 Groveland Lane
Houston, Texas

Mrs. J. M. Richards (66)
President
Columbia Theological Seminary
Decatur, Georgia

Harry V. Richardson (66)
President
Interdenominational Theological
Seminary
671 Beckwith Street, S. W.
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Rabbi Jacob Rothschild (66)
The Temple
1589 Peachtree Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Miss Dorcas Ruthenburg (66)
2215 Bonnycastle Avenue
Louisville 5, Kentucky

Mrs. Mary Sand (67)
1447 Granada Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

David H. Scull (69)
President
Turnpike Press
Annandale, Virginia

J. Ray Shute (66)
317 E. Windsor Street
Monroe, North Carolina

Mrs. Jane Schutt (67)
955 Pecan Boulevard
Jackson, Mississippi

Courtney Siceloff (66)
Director
Penn Community Services
St. Helena Island
Frogmore, South Carolina

The Rt. Rev. Msgr. Alexander O. Sigur (66)
P. O. Box 532 - USL Station
LaFayette, Louisiana

Frank Smith (68)
Director
Tennessee Valley Authority
Knoxville, Tennessee

McNeill Smith (69)
Attorney
700 Jefferson Street Building
Greensboro, North Carolina

The Rev. Kelly M. Smith (69)
First Baptist Church
319 Eighth Avenue, North
Nashville, Tennessee

W. E. Solomon (67)
Executive Secretary
Palmetto State Teachers Assn.
1719 Taylor Street
Columbia, South Carolina

Walter Sharp (66)
Route 2, Beech Creek Road
Brentwood, Tennessee

James E. Stewart (67)
Businessman and Newspaper Columnist
548 N. E. Fourth Street
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

James Stokely (67)
Author, Poet
405 Clifton Heights
Newport, Tennessee

C. H. Thomas, Jr. (68)
Professor of Political Science
South Carolina State College
Orangeburg, South Carolina

Lee B. Thomas, Jr. (67)
President
Vermont American Corporation
500 E. Main Street
Louisville 2, Kentucky

Mrs. J. F. Tillman (67)
President, Woman's Division of Christian Service
Board of Missions
The Methodist Church
Palmetto Farm, RFD
Lewisburg, Tennessee

William H. Townsend (66)
Optometrist
1304 Wright Avenue
Professional Services Bldg.
Little Rock, Arkansas

The Rev. Thomas Thrasher (67)
Chapel of the Cross
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Nat Welch (66)
2112 Castleway Drive, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

John H. Wheeler (67)
President
Mechanics and Farmers Bank
Box 1932
Durham, North Carolina

Raymond M. Wheeler (67)
Physician
1900 Brunswick Avenue
Charlotte, North Carolina

Mrs. Charles White (68)
Member, School Board
2209 Southmore Boulevard
Houston, Texas

Bell I. Wiley (67)
Professor of History
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

Josephine Wilkins (67)
387 South Milledge Avenue
Athens, Georgia

H. Franklin Williams (67)
Dean of University College
The University of Miami
Coral Gables, Florida

Paul D. Williams (67)
Publisher
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond, Virginia

T. Franklin Williams (66)
Professor of Medicine
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Marion A. Wright (67)
Attorney
Top Knot
Linville Falls, North Carolina

Stephen J. Wright (67)
President
Fisk University
Nashville, Tennessee

Jack Young (67)
Attorney
The Redmond Building
North Farish Street
Jackson, Mississippi

Thomas W. Young (67)
Editor
The Journal and Guide
Norfolk, Virginia

James E. Youngdahl (67)
Attorney
711 West Third Street
Little Rock, Arkansas

LIFE FELLOWS

Mrs. Jessie Daniel Ames
The Wren's Nest
P. O. Box 626
Tryon, North Carolina

Hodding Carter, Jr.
Editor & Publisher
Delta-Democrat Times
Greenville, Mississippi

Paul Green
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Leonard Haas
Attorney
601 Haas-Howell Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gordon B. Hancock
Educator and Newspaper Columnist
P. O. Box 6056
Richmond 22, Virginia

The Rev. M. LaFayette Harris
Resident Bishop
Atlantic Coast Area
The Methodist Church
250 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia'

Edward A. McDowell
Southeastern Baptist Theological Seminary
P. O. Box 1068
Wake Forest, North Carolina

Ralph McGill
Publisher
The Atlanta Constitution
Atlanta, Georgia

Miss Lillian Smith
Author
Old Screamer Mountain
Clayton, Georgia

Mrs. David Terry
411 East Seventh Street
Little Rock, Arkansas

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Director of Women's Work
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

LIFE FELLOWS (Cont'd)

J. Waties Waring
Hyde Park Hotel
25 East 77th Street
New York, New York

W. D.Weatherford
Black Mountain
North Carolina

Carter Wesley
Publisher
Houston Informer
Box 3086
Houston, Texas

MEMORANDUM June 28, 1966

To: The Staff

From: MMJohnson

Re: BOARD CHANGES (to be incorporated onto your working Board Lists)

(1) Effective July 7, 1966 Mr. Paul Johnston of Birmingham will have the following new address:

1142 Brown-Marx Building
Birmingham, Alabama 35203

(2) Dr. James A. Colston will be leaving Knoxville, presumably fairly soon, to assume the duties of President of Bronx Community College in Bronx, New York. (He has expressed the wish to continue to receive our publications, therefore, his stencil has been pulled and a new one should be made as above and placed in Category #7 "Contact-Research")

(3) Dr. Stephen J. Wright will be leaving Nashville, also presumably fairly soon if not already, to assume duties with the United Negro College Fund in New York (22 East 54th Street). His stencil has also been pulled and a new one should be made and placed in Category #7 "Contact-Research")

(4) Mr. Benjamin Muse now has the following new permanent address:

Heron House
Reston, Virginia 22070

(5) Dr. C. G. Gomillion has written that he prefers to receive his mailings at his home address as follows:

308 Bibb Street
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

(6) Our Board list shows the law firm address for Attorney Donald Hollowell. It might be more expedient to send our mailings to his new office address as follows:

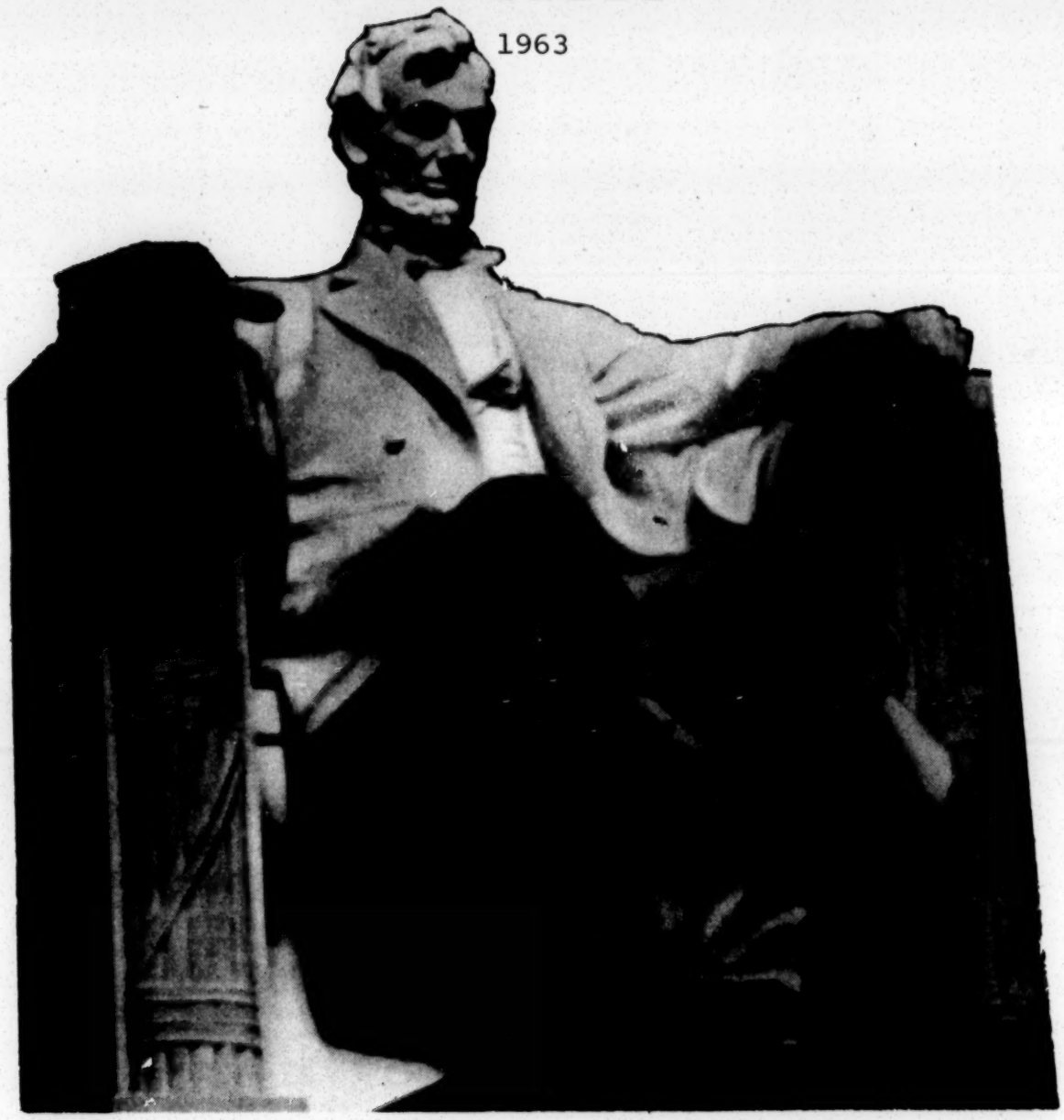
Regional Director
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
1776 Peachtree Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Oct. 29 1962

LET FREEDOM RING

WORKBOOK

1963



1863

... by virtue of the power in me vested ... I do order and declare that all persons held as slaves ... shall be free.

Abraham Lincoln

1963

We must accelerate our efforts to achieve equal rights... These months, 100 years after the Emancipation Proclamation, have seen the decisive recognition by a major part of our society that all of our citizens are entitled to full membership in the national community.

John F. Kennedy

FELLOWSHIP OF THE CONCERNED

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

Atlanta, Georgia

I say to you today, my friends,
so even though we face
the difficulties of today and
tomorrow,
I still have a dream.
It is a dream deeply rooted
in the American dream.
I have a dream that one day
this nation will rise up
and live out the true meaning
of its creed.
We hold these truths to be
self-evident
that all men are created equal.
I have a dream that one day
in the red hills of Georgia
the sons of former slaves
and the sons of former slave
owners
will be able to sit down together
at the table of brotherhood.
I have a dream that one day
even the state of Mississippi,
a state sweltering with the heat
of injustice,
sweltering with the heat of op-
pression,
will be transformed into an oasis,
of freedom and justice.

I have a dream that my four little
children
will one day live in a nation
where they will not be judged
by the color of their skin
but by the content
of their character.
I have a dream today.
I have a dream that one day
every valley shall be exalted,
every hill and mountain
shall be made low,
the rough places
will be made plain
and the crooked places
will be made straight
and the glory of the Lord
shall be revealed
and all shall see it together.
This is our hope.
This is our faith that I go back
to the South with.
With this faith, we will be able
to hew out of the mountain of
despair
a stone of hope.
With this faith we will be able
to transform
the jangling discords of our
nation
into a beautiful symphony
of brotherhood.

--Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., at Lincoln's
Monument on the day of the March on Washington,
August 28, 1963.

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

Number in Family: _____

List organizations to which you belong and by each the approximate number of members. Total your figures.

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

_____ _____

Write what you think you can do when you return home.

L E T F R E E D O M R I N G !

Ye shall proclaim liberty throughout the land - Leviticus 25:10

FREEDOM TO WORSHIP GOD --
THE ALL INCLUSIVE CHURCH -

Mine house shall be called an house of prayer for all people - Isaiah 56:7

The Glorious Mix-Up on the Day of Pentecost

When the Spirit of God moved the hearts of the listeners as well as those of the apostles, people of sixteen nationalities and three continents were baptized into the Christian Church and made members of the fellowship of the Holy Spirit. Across the diversity of language, color, custom and culture the will of God cut sharply and three thousand new members of the church rejoiced in their experience of real unity.

--Theodore E. Matson, "Edge of the Edge."
Permission granted by the author and Friendship Press

FREEDOM OF RESIDENCY --
OPEN DOOR OCCUPANCY -

They shall sit every man under his vine and under his fig tree and none shall make them afraid, for the mouth of the Lord of Host hath spoken it.

--Micah 4:4

Beneath the blood stained lintel, I with my children stand;
A messenger of evil is passing through the land,
There is no other refuge from the destroyer's face.
Beneath the blood stained lintel shall be our hiding place
The great God has suffered, our sins and grief He bore
By faith the blood is sprinked above our dwelling door.
The foe who seeks to enter, doth fear that sacred sign;
Tonight the blood stained lintel shall shelter me and mine

--Author Unknown

FREEDOM TO VOTE --

When a man is deprived of his rights, under the eyes of the Most High -
When he does not get justice does the Lord not see it -

- Lamantation 3:35-36

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude

- U. S. Constitution, 15th Amendment

The rights of citizens of the United States to vote shall not denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

- 19th Amendment

PROGRAM

"LET FREEDOM RING"

October 29, 1963

10:00 A. M.

PRAYER (in unison)

O God, Thou art holy, like snow upon Mount Everest that climbers rarely reach. May we begin to reflect Thy shining purity.

O God, Thou art strong, like a mountain river moving irresistibly to the sea. May we let some of Thy strength flow through us.

O God, Thou art lovely, like clouds at sunset transfiguring the sky with unspeakable glory. May we be filled with joy and color, too.

O God, Thou art true, like stars that never waver from their courses. May we hold firm and unyielding to that which is not real and true.

O God, Thou art friendly, like the sun that warms the earth and brings forth growing things. May we be friendly, too.

O God, Thou art compassionate, like the blood within our veins, always removing poison, always healing wounds, always bringing health. May we bring Thy healing and health in the world. AMEN.

--Resources for Worship, C. M. Bowman
National Board of the YMCA

"O VALIANT HEARTS WHO TO YOUR GLORY CAME" - Mrs. J. G. Walsh, Director
Christian Community Action
Board of Women's Work
Presbyterian Church in the U. S.

Anna Eleanor Roosevelt - 1962

"Her glow has warmed the world."

Pope John XXIII - 1963

"Gentle Shepherd of a Revolution."

SOLO - Mrs. Martin Luther King, Jr., Graduate, New England Conservatory of Music

PURPOSE - Mrs. M. E. Tilly

GREETINGS - Southern Regional Council - Dr. Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director

FREEDOM TO WORSHIP --
THE ALL INCLUSIVE CHURCH -

Reverend Don McEvoy, National Conference of Christians and Jews

Mrs. E. L. Glossbrenner, President, Southeastern Jurisdiction, Woman's Society of Christian Service

Father Walter J. Donovan, Church of the Most Blessed Sacrament

THE WORLD IS A WHISPERING GALLERY AND A LISTENING POST -

Miss Mathilde Killingsworth, Missionary, Singapore

Miss Louise Killingsworth, Missionary Teacher, Methodist Girls School Taiping, Malaya

FREEDOM OF RESIDENCY --
OPEN DOOR OCCUPANCY - Mr. Q. V. Williamson, President, National Association of Real Estate Brokers, Inc.

FREEDOM TO VOTE - Mr. Jack Minnis, Research Director Voter Education Project

BLESSING - Father Donovan

12:30 LUNCH

AFTERNOON SESSION

2:00 P. M.

THE BLOOD OF THE MARTYRS IS THE SEED OF THE CHURCH --Tertullian

Mrs. John Patton, United Church Women

Medgar Wiley Evers, Field Secretary of the National Association of Colored People of Jackson, Mississippi, shot in the back as he stepped from his automobile in the driveway of his home

William L. Moore, crusading Baltimore postman, walking alone from Chattanooga, Tennessee to Jackson, Mississippi, bearing a placard "Equal Rights For All (Mississippi or Bust,") and carrying a letter he had written to Governor Ross Barnett, -- shot and left to die on the highway near Gadsden, Alabama.

Birmingham, Alabama

"And When He Was Come Near He Beheld the City and Wept Over It."

Virgil Ware - a 13 year-old "good mindin' boy" killed "like a swatted insect" by an Eagle Scout white boy.

Johnnie Robinson, age 16, shot and killed by a policeman.

Killed in the bombing of the Sixteenth Street Baptist Church as they were studing the Sunday School lession on "Love and Forgiveness."

Carole Robertson
Cynthia Wesley
Denise McNair
Addie Mae Collins

PRAYER (in unison)

O God of all men,
Thou who art the Father of every child
And the Comforter of every injured soul,
Forgive us, Thy children our violence,
Our acquiescence to wrong,
Our mutual guilt.
We have refused to love all members of Thy
Family as we were asked by Thee to love them.
Instead we nurture our prejudices in order to
Keep our privileges, Forgive us our sins.
Comfort, O forgiving Father, the families whose
Loved ones lie stricken and dead. Let our sorrow
Become a cry for justice that will not be stilled
Until men and women everywhere are free and
All little children are safe from madness. AMEN.

--Rev. Theodore A. Rath
Read in Northern New Jersey churches
and synagogues

SPEAKER - Bishop M. L. Harris, Resident Bishop, The Methodist Church
The Atlantic Cost Area

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL -

Field Activities -	Mr. Paul Anthony, Director
New South -	Mrs. Margaret Long, Editor
Research Department -	Mr. Staige Blackford, Director
Circulation -	Mr. Roland Blanding, Clerk

DISCUSSION GROUPS - Directed by Miss Eleanor French, Director
Christian Social Relations,
United Church Women

We Seek --
a conviction that will not let us rest
a faith that will not shrink
a courage that will not waver

DISCUSSION GROUP No. I. - Freedom of Worship
The All Inclusive Church

GROUP A.	Leader	Mrs. Robert Wilcox
	Reporter	Mrs. Eva Parks
	Resource Persons	Rev. Marion Pierson
		Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Lantz
GROUP B.	Leader	Mrs. T. S. Newbold
	Reporter	Mrs. Herbert McAbee
	Resource Persons	Miss Mathilde Killingsworth
		Mrs. Candler Tatum
GROUP C.	Leader	Mrs. David Driver
	Reporter	Miss Kathryn Bullard
	Resource Persons	Miss Louise Killingsworth
		Rev. Edward A. Driscoll
		Mrs. E. P. Murchison

DISCUSSION GROUP No. II. - Freedom of Housing--Open Door Occupancy
Public Accommodations

GROUP A.	Leader	Mr. A. I. Botnick
	Reporter	Mrs. A. E. Cameron
	Resource Persons	Mrs. Francis Pauley
		Mrs. Edith Carter
		Mrs. Jack Zwecker
		Mr. Robert Shrider

GROUP B.	Leader	Miss Janet Rogan
	Reporter	Mrs. Henry C. Collins
	Resource Persons	Mrs. A. R. Hill
		Miss Cecelia Sheppard
GROUP C.	Leader	Mrs. W. W. Weatherspool
	Reporter	Mrs. J. W. Bowen
	Resource Persons	Mr. Robert Thompson
		Mrs. Melvin Rechtman
		Mrs. Josephine Ormond

DISCUSSION GROUP No. III - Freedom of Voting

GROUP A.	Leader	Mrs. A. D. Beittel & Mrs. Edwin King
	Reporter	Mrs. Edward Brown
	Resource Persons	Mr. Jack Minnis
		Mr. Paul Anthony
GROUP B.	Leader	Mrs. Jane Schutt
	Reporter	Mrs. Louise Burgess
	Resource Persons	Mrs. S. W. Boynton
		Mrs. Eliza Paschall
GROUP C.	Leader	Mrs. J. C. Wilson
	Reporter	Mrs. Bolling Gay
	Resource Persons	Mr. Vernon Jordon
		Mrs. Leonard Bagen

EVENING SESSION

7:30 P. M.

SONG - America

PRAYER (in unison)

May Thy Kingdom come on earth as it is in Heaven.
May Thy Kingdom come now in me. AMEN.

YOUTH SPEAKS -

The Ecumenical Encounter, Georgia United Christian Youth Movement -

Mr. Albert Sloan

Miss Laura Moore

B'nai B'rith Youth Organization -

Mr. Ronnie Wender

"THERE's A STIRRING IN THE AIR."

Miss Miriam Fleintold, CORE

Mrs. S. W. Boynton, Selma, Alabama

THE DOOR OPENED AT EMORY UNIVERSITY -

Mrs. Verdelle Bellamy

Miss Allie Saxon

REPORTING TIME -

A word from those who came last year

DISCUSSION GROUPS

OCTOBER 30, 1963

9:00 A. M.

Let music swell the breeze
and ring from all the trees

SWEET FREEDOM SONG - Mrs. Martin Luther King, Jr.

THESE -- OUR CHILDREN - Mrs. Candler Tatum, Board of Education, Methodist Church, Alabama

"LET OUR MORTAL TONGUES AWAKE" -

B'nai B'rith - Mrs. Howard Aronin
Catholic Council of Church Women - Mrs. George Gunning
United Church Women - Mrs. Fred Patterson

FEDERAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR CIVIL RIGHTS - Dr. Leslie Dunbar

REPORTS OF THE DISCUSSION GROUPS - Miss Eleanor French and Reporters

MESSAGE - Dr. Benjamin Mays, President, Morehouse College

SUMMARY - Mrs. E. L. Glossbrenner
Mrs. William Green

ADJOURN

1:00 P.M.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, Monday, September 16, 1963

Eugene Patterson

A Flower For the Graves

A Negro mother wept in the street Sunday morning in front of a Baptist Church in Birmingham. In her hand she held a shoe, one shoe, from the foot of her dead child. We hold that shoe with her.

Every one of us in the white South holds that small shoe in his hand.

It is too late to blame the sick criminals who handled the dynamite. The FBI and the police can deal with that kind. The charge against them is simple. They killed four children.

Only we can trace the truth, Southerner—you and I. We broke those children's bodies.

We watched the stage set without staying it. We listened to the prologue unbestirred. We saw the curtain opening with disinterest. We have heard the play.

* * *

We—who go on electing politicians who heat the kettles of hate.

We—who raise no hand to silence the mean and little men who have their nigger jokes.

We—who stand aside in imagined rectitude and let the mad dogs that run in every society slide their leashes from our hand, and spring.

We—the heirs of a proud South, who protest its worth and demand its recognition—we are the ones who have ducked the difficult, skirted the uncomfortable, caviled at the challenge, resented the necessary, rationalized the unacceptable, and created the day surely when these children would die.

This is no time to load our anguish onto the murderous scapegoat who set the cap in dynamite of our own manufacture.

He didn't know any better.

Somewhere in the dim and fevered recess of an evil mind he feels right now that he has been a hero. He is only guilty of murder. He thinks he has pleased us.

* * *

We of the white South who know better are the ones who must take a harsher judgment.

We, who know better, created a climate for child-killing by those who don't.

We hold that shoe in our hand, Southerner. Let us see it straight, and look at the blood on it. Let us compare it with the unworthy speeches of Southern public men who have traduced the Negro; match it with the spectacle of shrilling children whose parents and teachers turned them free to spit epithets at small huddles of Negro school children for a week before this Sunday in Birmingham; hold up the shoe and look beyond it to the state house in Montgomery where the official attitudes of Alabama have been spoken in heat and anger.

Let us not lay the blame on some brutal fool who didn't know any better.

We know better. We created the day. We bear the judgment. May God have mercy on the poor South that has been so led. May what has happened hasten the day when the good South, which does live and have great being, will rise to this challenge of racial understanding and common humanity, in the full power of its unasserted courage, assert itself.

The Sunday school play at Birmingham is ended. With a weeping Negro mother, we stand in the bitter smoke and hold a shoe. If our South is ever to be what we wish it to be, we will plant a flower of nobler resolve for the South now upon these four small graves that we dug.

From -

The Message delivered to the 2nd Methodist Conference on Human Relations, August 22-26, 1963, Chicago, Illinois

... The hour is upon us to stride forward in faith. Problems inherent in inclusiveness must be solved; such as acceptance of the principle of inclusiveness in all aspects of local church life, pupits open to all ministers, salary and pension adjustments, adequate and continued representation.

We, therefore, urgently recommend:

That in every conference bishops and cabinets carefully prepare the ground for the assignment of pastors, and district superintendents without regard to race.

That in every local church membership, service and office be clearly available to anyone who is willing and able, without regard to race.

That we make it perfectly clear on all levels of the church's life

a) that in our schools and colleges there shall be no racial line for teachers or students,

b) that our hospitals and homes are available to physicians, interns, residents, nurses, administrators and patients without regard to race,

c) that in our homes for young and old those who minister and those who are ministered to, are selected without regard to race,

d) that all agencies, boards, and commissions, are to be constituted and are to secure and promote staff members and employees without regard to race.

We acknowledge that the Church belongs to God. For too long we have behaved as if it belongs to man. We cannot prevent another person from approaching the altar of God because of his race without being guilty of grievous sin. It is no part of a white Christian's obligation to test the motives of Negroes who enter a house of worship, since God himself tests all our motives alike...

Public Schools

The Methodist Church has long declared its belief in and support of the public school system of our nation, Now it must demand that the benefits of public education be provided to all

without any reservation because of race. It must work toward the full integration of schools.

Furthermore, integrated educational facilities are imperative in order that the children of those who are white may not be isolated from an actual society and be unprepared to live in a real world...

Right to Vote

Every citizen of a democracy has the right to vote. To deny this right to any citizen is to weaken the nation. To refuse to exercise this responsibility is to encourage democracy's demise.

It is the duty of a Christian to exercise his franchise and to seek to remove all barriers that deprive any person of his right to vote.

Civil Justice

Although we are a nation founded on respect for law, it is incredible that police handling, jail conditions and court procedures in many communities still grieviously violate human dignity and American democratic principles. The correction of these abuses ought to come from the local communities, or dailing this, from other levels of government in defense of civil rights. It is the function of the Church and the Christian man to call such violations to the attention of the community conscience and to wrok for their correction.

Housing

In all parts of the nation segregated housing contributes to other types of discrimination.

We must insist that all people have the freedom to reside wherever their economic means and their personal wishes permit.

We further believe that the local church should prepare its members to live in integrated neighborhoods and challenge them to help in creating fully inclusive communities....

Employment

Another area where discrimination prevails is in employment and the upgrading of employees. A nation-wide effort in training is called for to offset the devastating effects of long-term segregated school systems. As members of minority races are trained, jobs for which they are capable should be made available on all levels. In no case should there be different levels of compensation for the different races when persons with the same qualifications are engaged in the same work.

HOUSING

In 1960, 1/3 of Atlanta families were without housing conforming to minimum standards of Atlanta, a total shortage of -

52,660 - Standard housing units
-25,109 - Substandard units than can be rehabilitated

27,551 - New units needed
+19,600 - New units to take care of population increase by 1970

47,151 - Atlanta's rock-bottom need for new housing units by 1970
-15,790 - White & Negro families who can afford new units

31,361
-19,442 - Negro families who cannot afford standard housing outside public housing projects

11,919 - Lower-middle income Negro families, not eligible for public housing and unable to pay for standard private housing under present conditions of Atlanta's housing market.

Unknown number - Lower-middle income white families who are leaving Atlanta in search of standard housing within their means.

Add needs of 750 families unable to rehabilitate their homes for lack of ability to finance required repairs, and the shortage of Negro residential land which forces up the price of new dwelling units and forces transition of white neighborhoods to Negro occupancy.

One out of every three families are without adequate housing.

Negro problem - Inability to pay
No land for development.

(53.5) - Over half of our Negro families have annual incomes under $3,000, 32.8 are under $5,000, 13.7 over $5,000.

In 1960, Negroes composed 37.5 per cent of city population and occupied 16.5 per cent of residential land.

There are in Atlanta approximately 40,000 substandard housing units, homes which are either dilapidated or deteriorating. If grouped together in one area these substandard housing units would represent a city of 148,000 people--roughly the size of Savannah. The cost, in terms of human suffering and loss of dignity, of allowing such slums to exist is, of course, immeasurable. But the dollars and cents cost is just as disturbing. Crime rates, juvenile deliniquency, and illness make the slum areas by far the most expensive to maintain, yet taxes derived from these areas are the city's lowest. In Atlanta, slums demand approximately 65 per cent of the total city services and bring in roughly six per cent of the total tax income.

Times have changed; no longer are slums considered personal problems of people who live in them.

Atlanta is taking steps, through Urban Renewal, to correct its urban blight.

Equal Accommodations in Public Facilities

Events of recent weeks have again underlined how deeply our Negro citizens resent the injustice of being arbitrarily denied equal access to those facilities and accommodations which are otherwise open to the general public. That is a daily insult which has no place in a country proud of its heritage--the heritage of the melting pot, of equal rights, of one nation and one people. No one has been barred on account of his race from fighting or dying for America--there are no "white" or "colored" signs on the foxholes or graveyards of battle. Surely, in 1963, 100 years after emancipation, it should not be necessary for any American citizen to demonstrate in the streets for the opportunity to stop at a hotel, or to eat at a lunch counter in the very department store in which he is shopping, or to enter a motion picture house, on the same terms as any other customer. As I stated in my message to the Congress of February 28, "no action is more contrary to the spirit of our democracy and Constitution--or more rightfully resented by a Negro citizen who seeks only equal treatment--than the barring of that citizen from restaurants, hotels, theaters, recreational areas, and other public accommodations and facilities."

The U. S. Government has taken action through the courts and by other means to protect those who are peacefully demonstrating to obtain access to these public facilities; and it has taken action to bring an end to discrimination in rail, bus, and airline terminals, to open up restaurants and other public facilities in all buildings leased as well as owned by the Federal Government, and to assure full equality of access to all federally owned parks, forests, and other recreational areas. When uncontrolled mob action directly threatened the nondiscriminatory use of transportation facilities in May 1961, Federal marshals were employed to restore order and prevent potentially widespread personal and property damage. Growing nationwide concern with this problem, however, makes it clear that further Federal action is needed now to secure the right of all citizens to the full enjoyment of all facilities which are open to the general public.

Such legislation is clearly consistent with the Constitution and with our concepts of both human rights and property rights. The argument that such measures constitute an unconstitutional interference with property rights has consistently been rejected by the courts in upholding laws on zoning, collective bargaining, minimum wages, smoke control, and countless other measures designed to make certain that the use of private property is consistent with the public interest. While the legal situations are not parallel, it is interesting to note that Abraham Lincoln, in issuing the Emancipation Proclamation 100 years ago, was also accused of violating the property rights of slaveowners. Indeed, there is an age-old saying the "property has its duties as well as its rights"; and no property owner who holds those premises for the purpose of serving at a profit the American public at large can claim an inherent right to exclude a part of that public on grounds of race or color. Just as the law requires common carriers to serve equally all who wish their services, so it can require public accommodations to accommodate equally all

segments of the general public. Both human rights and property rights are foundations of our society--and both will flourish as the result of this measure.

In a society which is increasingly mobile and in an economy which is increasingly interdependent, business establishments which serve the public--such as hotels, restaurants, theaters, stores, and others--serve not only the members of their immediate communities but travelers from other States and visitors from abroad. Their goods come from all over the Nation. This participation in the flow of interstate commerce has given these business establishments both increased prosperity and an increased responsibility to provide equal access and service to all citizens.

Voting

Legislation to assure the availability to all of a basic and powerful right--the right to vote in a free American election--by providing for the appointment of temporary Federal voting referees while voting suits are proceeding in areas of demonstrated need; by giving such suits preferential and expedited treatment in the Federal courts; by prohibiting in Federal elections the application of different tests and standards to different voter applicants; and by providing that in voting suits pertaining to such elections, the completion of the sixth grade by any applicant creates a presumption that he is literate. Armed with the full and equal right to vote, our Negro citizens can help win other rights through political channels not now open to them in many areas.

From - the President's Civil Rights Message
to the 88th Congress, 1st Session

FELLOWSHIP OF THE CONCERNED

What is the Fellowship of The Concerned? It is what its name implies -- a fellowship of the Church Women leaders of both races, and the three faiths, concerned about their South. There are no officers and no membership dues. It is sponsored by The Southern Regional Council. The initiative for action, however, is entirely in the hands of the women.

HISTORY

Whenever there has been a crisis in human relations in the South, Church women have come together to face the issues and work out a program of action. The first call was to a Cause and Cure of War Conference, just before World War II. This answered a national call, under the direction of an appointed Southern leader (Mrs. M. E. Tilly).

Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching.

When lynching was prevalent in the South, the Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching was formed, under the direction of Mrs. Jessie Daniel Ames of the Commission on Interracial Cooperation. The story of their work is well known and saved the South from continued mob violence. (Mrs. Tilly was secretary of this group -- since then she has directed all other of these Southwide meetings.)

Rural Health.

Rural health was the next disturbing situation faced. This began as a Methodist project, but, realizing it was the concern of all the South, the leaders of the groups of the three faiths came together. The U. S. Surgeon-General gave his blessing to the endeavor by his presence and address at the meeting. This health conference was followed by district meetings in the States. In our files we have a letter from the Director of the State Health Department of Georgia, stating that it was entirely through these meetings that the Legislature passed the appropriation of one million dollars for rural hospitals a few months later. This same story could be said of each of the States.

Demobilization Conference.

Realizing that the women had spent a great deal of time in First Aid and Red Cross work, and now that the war was over this time should be mobilized for peacetime action, women were called together in a Demobilization Conference.

Workshop of Civil Rights.

With a member of the staff of the U. S. Department of Justice with us, this workshop was held to study civil rights and to become aware of current infringements of these rights in our South.

Conference on Injustice in the Courts.

At this conference was worked out a program "Know Your Courts as You Know Your Schools." Here the women named themselves The Fellowship of The Concerned, and began sitting in courts, giving courage to judges and juries alike. They presented the sheriffs of two-thirds of our counties with the pamphlet, "Race and Law Enforcement."

Supreme Court Decision on School Integration.

The first conference was held in 1953 just before the decision came and here the women planned what they would do in preparation for the decision. In February of 1955, the women again came together from the States of Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, and South Carolina. These have been followed up with State Meetings. On October 30-31, 1956, one-hundred-nine women came from ten southern states -- this was a gathering of the women of three faiths, of each denomination, and of both races. This meeting is being re-enacted in the states. Altogether about 2,000 women, each year, have been in the South-wide and State meetings on this question. These Workshops have been great by every measure. One is impressed by the deep spiritual nature of them. This is well, for spiritual power is needed. These women are finding the spiritual strength and power to be --

Firm in conviction, never afraid to speak
Persuasive in conversation,
Patient and understanding with those who do not agree..
"Fervent in spirit, serving the Lord."

1957 Workshop was held October 29-30.

The general subject was, "The Challenge of Controversy."

1958 Workshop was held October 16-17.

The subject was "Recognition of the inherent dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the human family is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world."

1959 Workshop was held November 5-6.

The general subject was, "Roots of Freedom."

1960 Workshop was held November 15-16.

The general subject was, "Justice Weighed in The Balance."

1961 Workshop was held November 6-7.

The general subject was, "One God, One World, One People."

1962 Workshop - - - October 30-31.

The general theme -- "In Our Hands." We used as a background a part of the 8th Psalm -- also Kagawa's poem, "... a secret plan, Is Hid in My Hand."

1963 Workshop - - - October 29-30.

The general theme -- "Let Freedom Ring." Under this theme we used 3 subjects for discussion groups:

Freedom of Worship --
The All Inclusive Church

Freedom of Housing --
Open Door Occupancy

Freedom to Vote.

Oct., '63

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Room 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director James M. Dabbs, President

COOPERATING ORGANIZATIONS

ALABAMA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Room 1224 City Federal Building
Birmingham 3, Alabama
ALpine 2-2722 (205)
Exec. Dir.: Norman Jimerson
Chmn.: Rev. Powers McLeod

ARKANSAS COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
1220 West Capitol
Little Rock, Arkansas
FRanklin 4-4521 (501)
Exec. Dir.: Nathaniel Griswold
Assoc. Dir.: Ozell Sutton
Chmn.: Mrs. Joe R. Brewer

FLORIDA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
356 South Beach Street
Daytona Beach, Florida
255-5881 (305)
Exec. Dir.: Louis Mitchell
Chmn.: Dr. Ralph Dreger

GEORGIA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
41 Exchange Place, S.E., Room 502
Atlanta 3, Georgia
525-6468 (404)
Exec. Dir.: Mrs. Frances Pauley
Assoc. Dir.: Oliver Holmes
Chmn.: Rev. Charles Demere

KENTUCKY COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Sec.: Mrs. Thomas P. Green
407 North Hite Ave.
Louisville, Kentucky

MISSISSIPPI COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Chmn.: Dr. A. D. Beittel
Tougaloo Southern Christian College
Tougaloo, Mississippi

NORTH CAROLINA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
121 E. Third Street, Room 301
Charlotte, North Carolina
FRanklin 6-6833 (704)
Chmn.: T. Franklin Williams

SOUTH CAROLINA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
1330 Laurel Street
Columbia, South Carolina
ALpine 6-8808 (803)
Exec. Dir.: Mrs. Alice Spearman
Chmn.: Rev. Fred Reese

TENNESSEE COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
2011 Grand Avenue
Nashville 12, Tennessee
CYpress 1-7544 (615)
Exec. Dir.: Katherine Jones
Chmn.: George Barrett

VIRGINIA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
17 East Cary Street
Richmond 19, Virginia
MIlton 9-0872 (703)
Exec. Dir.: Heslip Lee
Chmn.: Dr. Aubrey N. Brown

TEXAS COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Chmn.: Mrs. James S. Crate
8510 Ferris Street
Houston 35, Texas

Local Councils with Professional Staff:

GREATER ATLANTA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Room 207
Atlanta 3, Georgia
525-6469 (404)
Exec. Dir.: Mrs. Eliza Paschall
Assoc. Dir.: Tom McPherson
Chmn.: Mrs. Clifton Hoffman

HOUSTON COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
3605 Fannin Street
Houston, Texas
JA. 4-5084 (713)
Exec. Dir.: Rev. Charles Kelly
Exec. Sec.: Mrs. Geo. Dumbauld

HUMAN RELATIONS COUNCIL OF GREATER JACKSONVILLE
129 E. Forsyth St.
Jacksonville, Florida
353-8081 (305)
Exec. Dir.: Ernest Lent

The Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Rm. 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL - ITS ORIGIN AND AIMS

The Southern Regional Council and its predecessor, the Commission on Interracial Cooperation, have been active since 1919. The Commission was founded in that year by a group of the South's leading church men and women. Through the ensuing years it built up a body of acquaintance and confidence that has been an increasing asset. It worked to encourage an interchange of ideas and mutual trust between the South's two peoples. The notion of cooperative action by persons of good will, both white and Negro, took firmer root and has continued to grow.

In time the Commission sought ways of expanding its activities to permit a broader approach to the problems of the South. This led to the formation of the Southern Regional Council, which was chartered early in 1944. The incorporators were Dr. Rufus Clement, president of Atlanta University; Dr. Charles S. Johnson, president of Fisk University; Ralph McGill, editor of the Atlanta Constitution; Bishop Arthur J. Moore, of the Methodist Church; and Dr. Howard W. Odum, professor of sociology at the University of North Carolina. The Commission on Interracial Cooperation formally merged its program and assets with those of the Council.

The Southern Regional Council consists of a board of some 80 Southerners, drawn from the major religious faiths, both races, and the 13 states of the region. These people are the Southern Regional Council. The Council is non-profit, non-political, and non-denominational.

In 1951, the Council formally committed itself to the aim of an unsegregated society. It did so because it believed segregation to conflict with moral values, with democratic principles, and with the best interests of the country and this region. The Council has, therefore, an announced point of view. It has, furthermore, a single-minded devotion to the method of fair, open, and well-informed discussion. It believes that Southern problems cannot be satisfactorily solved unless Southerners are willing to discuss them frankly, critically, and realistically. The Council's program is planned and its publications are prepared to serve that end.

Financial support for the Council has come from many different individuals and organizations. The latter include national foundations, many church denominations, and various trade unions and business firms.

The Council's present functions may be summarized as follows: 1) it provides consultative services to private and official agencies; 2) it carries on research and publishes frequent reports of findings; 3) it publishes a monthly magazine, New South, and works with the press, radio, and television; 4) it is a clearinghouse and coordinator for other agencies concerned with Southern problems.

The Southern Regional Council seeks to be a practical organization, aiming at working solutions rather than spectacular pronouncements. It is an educational organization. It believes that each community in the South must find its own answers to social issues within the framework of law and conscience. It offers no blueprint, no panacea for the South's human problems. It does offer a method -- that of representative citizens, white and Negro, coming together in equal dignity to find the best ways to move ahead.

* * *

Present officers of the Southern Regional Council:

President

James M. Dabbs
Planter and Author
Rip Raps Plantation
Mayesville, South Carolina

Vice-Presidents

Josephine Wilkins
Athens, Georgia

Dr. Albert W. Dent, President
Dillard University
New Orleans, Louisiana

Dr. Rufus E. Clement
President
Atlanta University
Atlanta, Georgia

Marion A. Wright
Attorney and Past President,
S. R. C.
Linville Falls, North Carolin

Chairman, Executive Committee

John H. Wheeler, President
Mechanics and Farmers Bank
Durham, North Carolina

Executive Director

Leslie W. Dunbar
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

THE ONLY SUCH PUBLICATION OF ITS KIND

VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT NEWSLETTER

Volume 1 August, 1963 Number 1

INTRODUCING OUR NEWSLETTER

This is the first issue of the Voter Education Project's monthly report on voter registration work in eleven southern states, and VEP viewpoints on Negro voting. The purpose of this publication is to gather and disseminate news of the various vote drives under our auspices, for your information, and for practical political education.

We will report methods and styles developed by different local projects in persuading and helping citizens to register. We will present difficulties, successes, and failures of these drives as pioneer experience from which other community projects may learn. The newsletter will attempt also to tabulate results of these voter efforts and pass them on in this report, to be issued the 15th of each month. The newsletter also will offer comment and interpretation on experience of groups in the field over the South.

Wiley Branton

This newsletter, as the official organ of VEP is, of course, non-political and non-partisan. It will, adhering to VEP's purpose, confine its interest to methods and results of voter registration drives, and in no way concerns itself with any political candidates, issues, or legislation. The aims of VEP are voter registration, and acquiring information about how voters are registered, and its program is limited to these aims. So the newsletter will report and occasionally comment on the project's findings, with no political interest or policy whatever, except registering voters.

VEP was begun in the spring of 1962 and is planned to continue at least through 1964. The agency operates on funds granted to the Southern Regional Council by foundations interested in a large, free southern electorate. Project work in the main is done by the five major civil rights organizations, NAACP, CORE, SNCC, SCLC, NUL. Frequently, however, VEP makes special grants to local groups with a record of success in registering voters, where local conditions show the need for voting assistance and promotion. The project also functions to provide advice, materials, information and other experienced help to local groups even when it cannot give funds.

J. Minnis

The Project has assembled a large, and perhaps unique, store of information about ways and means of registering voters, and the obstacles and frustrations to be met. This information is available to any persons or groups who wish to benefit from this past and present experience in registration campaigns in their own communities.

Wiley A. Branton, civil rights lawyer from Pine Bluff, Arkansas, who was chief counsel for the plaintiffs in the school desegregation cases of Little Rock in 1957 and has practiced law for a decade in the South, is VEP director. Randolph Blackwell, law school graduate of Howard University, former political science and business law teacher in North Carolina and Alabama colleges, is director of field activities for VEP, and travels over the region to supervise, report on, and assist the local projects. Jack Minnis, a doctoral candidate in political science at Tulane University and author of magazine articles on civil rights and political topics, is director of research and consultant to workers in the field.

R. Blackwell

Mrs. Jean Levine is office manager and administrative secretary, assisted by Mrs. Janet Shortt.

NEW TECHNIQUES IN VOTER EDUCATION

A survey of voter registration projects scattered across the eleven southern states shows a tendency of successful workers to by-pass or greatly augment the traditional house-to-house canvass means of registration. VEP found after a year's study of local projects, a great variance in results, attributable to many factors. Some success and some failure, or slight and slow progress, can be explained by the political maturity, experience and know-how of the Negro community. Memphis, where colored voters have long wielded political influence, of course is more responsive to registration projects and shows greater increases in registered voters than, say, a registration campaign in Jackson, Mississippi, where registration is attended by intimidations, and where Negroes have had very little political hope or activity in recent years. Similarly, a vote drive in Macon, Georgia, with a free and experienced Negro political organization, brought several thousand new registered voters, while a campaign in Gadsden, Alabama, had what can be considered a notable success in registering a handful of Negroes against great obstacles and threats from the white community.

It also become apparent from VEP information from the field that registration groups which invent new, untried techniques and create appealing, rousing presentation of their programs to the people, come through with excellent results in interest and the number of new registrants. In Huntsville, Alabama, for instance, the registration committee hung two signs on a mule which they paraded through the streets with the message: "This friend is not registered because he is a mule — what is your excuse?" This conspicuous appeal within a few days excited talk, laughter, and interest which started a highly successful drive. New approaches like this appear up and down the line.

Some organizations do well with

(Continued on Page 4)

VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT NEWSLETTER

5 Forsyth St., Rm. 206

Atlanta, Ga.

Ph. 525-0595

Staff

Wiley Branton

R. T. Blackwell **J. Minnis**

J. Levine **J. Shortt**

You Should Read

"If We Must Die"

By Junius Edwards

All too frequently, fiction which attempts to serve the purpose of social protest can be comfortably dismissed with the argument that it is, after all, fiction, and does not necessarily conform to the situation which actually exists. I think the American people need to know that such an argument is wholly invalid with respect to Mr. Edwards' work. Those who read it — and I think it extremely important that it receives the widest public attention — will doubtless be uncomfortable at the conflict between the conditions which the book presents on one hand, and the kind of society which we should all like to think America is on the other. If such discomfort cannot be alleviated by rationalizing that the book is merely fiction, then perhaps the American people will be more inclined to take the action which is necessary to remedy the conditions.

For more than a year, the Voter Education Project has been granting funds for the support of registration drives among Negroes in the South. Since our primary purpose is that of research, we have taken the trouble to assemble a large body of data concerning the conditions with respect to Negro registration throughout the South. The story which Mr. Edwards presents in "If We Must Die" could have been taken, almost in its entirety, from any one of dozens of files in our office. I say this to point out that while technically Mr. Edwards' book is a work of fiction, as a matter of fact, it is an accurate description of conditions which exist with respect to registration and voting for Negroes in many parts of the southern United States as of today.

Wiley A. Branton, Director
Voter Education Project

Blowin' In The Wind . . . .

Selma, Alabama

Bernard Lafayette, Bossie Reese, and their fellow workers continue to instruct and encourage Selma Negroes to register and vote in Dallas and Wilcox counties. In spite of the arrests, intimidations and beatings of their leaders, Dallas and Wilcox county Negroes courageously demand their rights as U. S. citizens at their county courthouses daily. Twenty or more appear at each courthouse on registration days, the first and third Mondays of each month.

Birmingham, Alabama

The young people of Birmingham and Jefferson County are conducting a registration drive that grew out of the demonstrations which terminated on May 12. It was organized by Andy Young, James Bevel, and Dorothy Cotton, of SCLC. The Negro community has supported the students fully. More than 1,800 now have been registered. The cooperation of Orzell Billingsley, Jr., and Mrs. Bernice Johnson made possible the filing of the Justice Department suit in Birmingham, asking that more than 2,000 named Negroes be ordered registered because of discrimination at the registrar's office.

Mobile, Alabama

C. M. Montgomery and Atty. Vernon Crawford, assisted by the strategy planning of Freeman Pollard, have begun a registration program in Mobile, called the Mobile County Voter Education Project. Enough enthusiasm was generated at a March meeting between Mobile leaders and VEP staff that 400 persons were registered even before the details of the VEP sponsorship had been worked out. A Mr. Bishop, who is blind, registered 28 persons, we are informed.

Montgomery, Alabama

Sim E. Williams, project coordinator for the Montgomery County Voter Education Project, is completing an up-to-date list of the registered voters of the county. The registration drive will start shortly after August 15. The Barristers Club of Montgomery (all the Negro lawyers in town) initiated the project and helped form an executive committee of leadership from all the clubs in the county. The executive committee sets policy and makes available the resources of all the organizations. The project enjoys the support of Rufus Lewis of long registration distinction in the community.

Atlanta, Georgia

Jesse Hill, director of the Atlanta All Citizens Registration Committee reports more than 3,700 new registered voters in Fulton County since April. The Atlanta effort will continue for several months.

Negro citizens of Leflore County, Mississippi, registering at the county courthouse in Greenwood.

Mississippi

Bob Moses, Council of Federated Organizations director, reports that between 500 and 700 persons voted by affidavit in the state-wide primary on August 7 in Greenwood. In Holmes, Sunflower, and Hinds counties, more than 600 persons tried to vote under the Mississippi affidavit law, but were turned away from the polls.

SNCC men Charles McLaurin, Charles Cobb, and Curtis Hayes were arrested by Ruleville city police when they led a group of 40 citizens to the Ruleville Community Center to vote (some by affidavit and others by registration). The three were taken to the Sunflower County jail and tried that same evening in Mayor's Court in Indianola. According to Sunflower

SNCC registration workers in Leflore County Mississippi jail.

County Chief Deputy Sheriff Bradley, the three were convicted of "tryin' to commit a crime".

U. S. Senator James O. Eastland lives in Sunflower County when he is not in Washington trying to prevent the passage of legislation guaranteeing the right to vote. Senator Eastland insists there is no need for such legislation, particularly in his native Sunflower County.

Several hundred new registered voters voted for the first time in the Democratic primary. Those voting by affidavit had attempted to register, but had been turned down by the county registrars. They were convinced, despite the registrar's refusal to enter their names in the books, that they were as qualified as any person under the Mississippi "laws". Local policemen guarding the polls disagreed with them. "The answer is blowin' in the wind".

John O'Neal and Carl Johnson, SNCC field men, have reactivated the Council of Federated Organizations Hattiesburg project. The Fifth Circuit Court ordered registrar Theron Lynd to purge himself of contempt by registering 43 named Negroes and by applying the Mississippi literacy test without discrimination. John and Carl will keep an eye on Theron, lest he slip back into his old bad habits. Meanwhile, they'll organize a concentrated registration drive in the Hattiesburg community. Mississippi is on the move.

Greensboro, N. Carolina

American Friends Service Committee began a registration drive early in August. Mr. Carlton Mabee is directing the project with workers recruited from the ranks of Guilford College students. The emphasis of the program will be voter education, with registration a secondary benefit. The experience of this project should be of immense benefit to future registration efforts in Guilford County.

Kingstree, S. Carolina

Williamsburg County leaders, Jonnie Dimery and Rev. S. A. Gadston, with the help of Congress of Racial Equality men Frank Robinson and E. Brown, seem to have moved the county registrars into a more reasonable posture. Registration is confined to one day a month, the first Monday. Last March, more than one hundred persons lined up at the registrar's office; only eleven were admitted and only nine accepted. In April, more than 200 persons lined up; again, only eleven were admitted, and again only nine were accepted. In May, more than 100 again lined up, and again only nine were registered. But in June, 96 were admitted, and, of these, 65 were accepted. It's difficult to say exactly what produced the change, but reports are that U. S. Justice Department representatives and the Attorney General of South Carolina found it advisable to consult with Williamsburg county officials.

Plaquemine, Louisiana

Congress of Racial Equality man Ronnie Moore reports that the CORE task force summer project is conducting registration programs in Tangipahoa, St. Helena, East Baton Rouge, West Feliciana, East Feliciana and Pointe Coupe parishes. Though numerical results are expected to be small at first, the important fact is that Negroes are beginning to register in these hard-core segregation areas. This in itself is a radical departure from the past.

Mr. Moore and his co-workers were able to save more than 500 Negroes from a purge of the registration rolls in Iberville parish by informing the voters of what they must do to remain on the rolls.

Charleston, S. Carolina

Esau Jenkins, President of the Citizens Committee of Charleston County, announced the beginning of a registration drive July 15 which will run through November 15. It was reported by Mrs. Jean C. Townsend, Chairman of the Charleston County Registration board that 501 Negroes registered during the three registration days of August. She said, "I haven't seen anything like this". Mr. Jenkins and his co-workers have the kind of reputation in voter registration which inspires confidence that the program in Charleston will produce a decided change for the better in the registration picture there.

Macon, Georgia

The Bibb County Coordinating Committee, under the leadership of William Randall, recently completed a registration drive during which more than 3,000 new voters were added to the registrar's books. Mr. Randall's organization plans another drive early in the fall.

Alabama

Mrs. Bernice Johnson, of the Alabama State Coordinating Association for Registration and Voting, reports that 675 new voters were registered in nine Alabama counties during the registration days, July 1-5, 1963. This is only a partial total of the drive in more than twenty counties. Future issues will report the total results of this drive.

The NAACP reports the following increases in registration since April of this year: Tampa, Fla., 331; Jackson, Miss., 488; Memphis, Tenn., 4,226; Gainesville, Fla., 308; St. Petersburg, Fla., 902; Augusta, Ga., 195; Polk County, Fla., 626.

Students of Ballard-Hudson and Appling High Schools registering at City Hall, Macon, Georgia.

PLEASE CLIP AND MAIL TO:
THE VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT
5 Forsyth St., N. W., Room 206
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

☐ **I would like to be on your mailing list to receive future copies of the VEP newsletter.**

☐ **I would like to talk with a VEP representative about registration work in my community.**

Name_____

Address_____

City_____ **State**_____

Poll Tax Amendment Nears Ratification

The proposed amendment below was approved by the 87th Congress of the United States August 27, 1962. It was submitted to the fifty states, and will become a part of the Constitution when it is ratified by the legislators of three-fourths of the states, if these ratifications take place within seven years.

Already thirty-six states have ratified this amendment. The two additional states needed for adoption of the amendment will probably ratify it in the near future.

Proposed Amendment

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote in any primary or other election for President or Vice President, for electors for President or Vice President, or for Senator or Representative in Congress, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or any State by reason of failure to pay any poll tax or other tax.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Milestone In Georgia

Less than a year has passed since Leroy Johnson, Atlanta lawyer, was elected to the Senate of the Georgia General Assembly, the first Negro to serve in the Legislature since 1907.

Mr. Johnson's election and quiet service to his constituency is more than a Georgia political milestone. It is proof to Negro voters all over the South of the power of their vote in free elections.

Last November, free from county unit shackles and the racist opinion of rural communities, urban Georgians, including influential numbers of Negro voters, went to the polls, and — each voter's ballot being equal — elected a moderate governor and the state's first Negro in the Legislature.

Senator Johnson's performance has been quiet, able, and effective. One of the bills he introduced has already been signed into law.

An interesting aspect of Negro exercise of the ballot last year in Georgia is the elevation of statesmanship not only in the Legislature, but political circles over the state. It is well known that one of Georgia's most extreme segregationists, a young politician, not only received Senator Johnson with unprecedented civility, but invited him to his home for dinner. The senator also has visited U. S. Senator Talmadge, long-time political and segregationist "king" of the Georgia political machine, at his home in Lovejoy, suggesting that the Negro politicians advent to the capitol has vastly improved the manners of white leadership.

Voter Education

(Continued from Page 1)

competition, with registration encouraged by contests. Sometimes its a race between clubs and churches competing for a prize for the registration of the most voters. Sometimes its a contest to get each Negro organization in a community to register their members 100%, with prizes for the 100 per centers. One registration group listed all its community church and club names — more than 100 — on a large scoreboard on a downtown street, and periodically listed the percentages of memberships registering to vote, which excited great interest from the organizations and others in the town.

Several communities have increased voter registration by talking to prospective voters when they come to the courthouse on other business. Another city plans to begin its registration drive with a big parade of bands, floats, and marching citizens. Another group plans to promote registration with a radio marathon. A large, deep South community is considering a series of beer parties to interest citizens in voting, and still another town is looking around for a celebrated entertainer to give a benefit performance for new registrants.

A surprise night life gimmick gets good results in Mobile, Alabama, where night club owners poll their customers to find who is registered and who is not. And, voter registration activity frequently displaces more frivolous and less civil backroom activity on many evenings of the Mobile week.

Voter registration workers are often asked, "Are you doing anything for the people politically other than just getting their names on the books?" And they reply, "Well, we're persuading the people to take the first step.

Voter Education Project
5 Forsyth Street, Room 206
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

The long day wanes; the slow moon climbs; the deep
Moans round with many voices. Come my friends,
'Tis not too late to seek a newer world.
Push off, and sitting well in order smite
The Sounding furrows; for my purpose holds
To sail beyond the sunset, and the baths
Of all the western stars, until I die.
It may be that the gulfs will wash us down;
It may be we shall touch the Happy Isles
And see the great Achilles, whom we knew,
Tho' much is taken, much abides; and tho'
We are not now that strength which in old days
Moved earth and heaven, that which we are, we are, -
One equal temper of heroic hearts,
Made weak by time and fate, but strong in will
To strive, to seek, to find, and not to yield,

--From Alfred Tennyson's Ulysses

Yes. - 'Tis not too late to seek a newer world.

(1) What's going on in UK

(2) What is our role

(3) Strategy to promote increased voter registration in our community

Cong

Wednesday

or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory

concurring that the following Articles be prop
said Legislatures, to be valid to all intents a

of the several States, pursuant to the fifth

Article the first..... After the first enumeration re
which the proportion shall
until the number of Repre
nor more than one Represent

Article the second... No law, varying the compe

Article the third..... Congress shall make no law
assemble, and to petition the

Article the fourth... A well regulated militia,

Article the fifth..... No Soldier shall, in time of

Article the sixth..... The right of the people to b
probable cause, supported

Article the seventh.. No person shall be held to an
Militia, when in actual se
criminal case to be a witne

Article the eighth.. In all criminal prosecution
district shall have been pre

ngress of the United States

begun and held at the City of New-York, on
sday the Fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty nine

THE Conventions of a number of the States, having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction
eratory and restrictive clauses should be added: And as extending the ground of public confidence in the Government, will best ensure the beneficent ends of its institution

RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two thirds of both Houses
be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three fourths
tents and purposes, as part of the said Constitution, viz.

ARTICLES in addition to, and Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Leg
fifth Article of the original Constitution.

on required by the first Article of the Constitution, there shall be one Representative for every thirty thousand, until the number shall amount to one hundred, a
shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall be not less than one hundred Representatives, nor less than one Representative for every forty thousand
Representatives, shall amount to two hundred, after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than two hundred Representa
resentative for every fifty thousand persons.

ompensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives, shall take effect, until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably
on the Government for a redress of grievances.

ittia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

er of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

le to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but
ted by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ld to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in
al service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb, nor shall be compelled
witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just
ensation; the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed
y previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulso

October 22-23 1964

"The torch has been passed"

2 Greek tragedy.

Apr. 10

Birmingham, Ala.
322-4860

Dr. Louise Brascomb.

Phlegmon
Dralay

Yellow Program - McConnell
VE & EUS

I. WE ARE CITIZENS OF THE WORLD COMMUNITY

Our country is the world;
Our countrymen are all mankind.
--Lloyd Garrison

America's destiny matters to America; the West's destiny matters to the West. But the destinies of both America and the West as a whole are of small importance by comparison with the destiny of the human race.
--Arnold J. Toynbee
America and The World Revolution

II. THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964

Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy calls upon us to fill the "vacuum" of leadership in civil rights that followed the Supreme Court's school desegregation decision.
"...we need only think back ten years to another legal milestone in our civil rights history... What happened after that decision? Where were the pulpit, the press, the public officials? The answer is that they were silent... Leadership was provided by demagogues and mobs. We got what we deserved.
"Rarely in history are nations presented with a second chance, with a new opportunity to correct a deep failure of the past. I believe that we have been given that chance."
--From - Remarks by Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy to the National Citizens' Committee for Community Relations, August 18, 1964

We pray Thee, O Father....

Keep alive within us the vision of our higher purposes and nobler destiny, and renew our zeal for the divine tasks of life.
Open our hearts to the cry of the persecuted and the despoiled.
Hasten the day when hate and strife shall cease to divide the family of men, and justice and love reign supreme....
--From - Union Prayer Book
Central Conference of American Rabbis

III. OUR CHILDREN -- TODAY - TOMORROW

O God, hear us as we pray for all the children of our nation and of the world.
For those especially do we pray who are being brought up in homes where there is no beauty, nor joy, nor love; for those who suffer from deprivation, want, and sickness for whom no proper care is offered;

OUR CHILDREN (cont'd)

- for those who suffer in mind and soul through fear and bitterness and strain;
- for the wayward and those who are misunderstood.

In Thy mercy restore to them that which they have lacked and that which has been taken from them.
Bless all efforts that are made in behalf of child welfare.
Awaken those who are in positions of power and responsibility to a deeper consciousness of the rights and needs of children.
Wipe out from the souls of all neglected children the scars of suffering, misery, and fear.
Give back to them the courage, the confidence, and the untroubled joy which should be theirs.
Grant to all who tend and teach children the love and patient wisdom they need.

--AMEN

"THE TORCH HAS BEEN PASSED"

October 22, 1964
10:00 A.M.
Peachtree Manor Hotel
Atlanta, Georgia

Song -- Led by Mrs. Martin Luther King, Jr.

THE CALL TO US --- A voice cries

In the wilderness prepare the way of the LORD,
make straight in the desert a highway for our God.
Every valley shall be lifted up,
and every mountain and hill be made low;
The uneven ground shall become level,
and the rough places a plain.
And the glory of the Lord shall be revealed,
and all flesh shall see it together,
For the mouth of the Lord has spoken.

-- Isaiah 40:3-5
Revised Standard Version

Prayer -- The Reverend Dwight Nysewander, Pastor
Haygood Memorial Methodist Church

Roll Call by states

Greetings -- Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Director
Southern Regional Council

Dr. Gordon Thompson, Superintendent
Atlanta-Emory District, The Methodist Church

Purpose -- Mrs. M. E. Tilly

"We Are Citizens of a World Community" --
Miss Thelma Stevens, Assistant Secretary
Woman's Division of Board of Missions

"The Civil Rights Act of 1964" --
Mr. John Wheeler, Vice Chairman
National Citizens' Committee for Community Relations
President, Southern Regional Council

"Our Children -- Today - Tomorrow" --
Mrs. Bruce Schaefer, Director
Family and Children's Service
The State of Georgia

AFTERNOON SESSION

2:00

Greetings -- The Honorable Ivan Allen
Mayor of the City of Atlanta

DISCUSSION GROUPS - Under the direction of
Miss Eleanor French
Division of Christian Unity
National Council of Churches

We Seek --
a conviction that will not let us rest
a faith that will not shrink
a courage that will not waver.

I. The Civil Rights Act of 1964

A - Room ~~119~~ 419
Leader — Mr. Pat Watters, Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
Reporter — Mrs. Mahlon Chew
Resource People - Mrs. Edward M. Vinson
Rev. & Mrs. Leroy Smith
Mr. Al Ulmer

B - Room 207
Leader — Mr. Monroe Schlactus, Regional Director
Anti-Defamation League
Reporter — Mrs. Grady Wall
Resource Person - Mrs. Bertha Nelson, Albany, Ga.
Miss Ruby Hurley

C - Room 218
Leader — Mr. Robert E. Shrider, Director
Bethlehem Center
Reporter — Mrs. Howard Aronin
Resource People - Mr. Vernon Jordan
Mrs. Stuart E. Sinclair

D - Room 219
Leader — Mr. Jesse B. Blayton, C.P.A.
Reporter — Mrs. Newton Fowler
Resource People - Rev. James Welden
Miss Thelma Stevens

E - Room 307
Leader — Mr. John Due, Voter Education Project
Reporter — Mrs. Willis Peck
Resource People - Mrs. Margaret Long
Miss Mathilde Killingsworth

II. Our Children -- Today - Tomorrow

A - Room 308
Leader Miss Estelle Clemmons, Atlanta University
Reporter Mrs. A. A. Ohmsen
Resource People - Mr. James Vaughn, Foster Care Consultant
Rev. Don McEvoy

B - Room ~~318~~ 518
Leader Mrs. Candler Tatum, Board of Education
North Alabama Methodist Conference
Reporter Miss Kathleen Eidson
Resource People - Mrs. Annie Ruth Hill
Miss Lucille Lewis, Children's Bureau

C - Room 319
Leader Mrs. Luther Foster, Tuskegee Institute
Reporter Mrs. Raymond Musser
Resource People - Miss Elizabeth Fairbanks
Rev. D. W. Sneller
Miss Edna Clark, Children's Bureau

D - Room 508
Leader Mr. Gerrard Sherry
St. Martin's Council on Human Relations
Reporter Mrs. W. W. Dodd
Resource People - Mrs. G. Ray Mitchell
Mrs. Vernon Jordan, Fulton County
Family and Children's Services

E
E - Room 519
Leader Mr. James Parham, State of Georgia
Family and Children's Services
Reporter Mrs. J. W. E. Bowen
Resource People - Mrs. C. B. Copher, Fulton County
Family and Children's Services
Mrs. M. R. Darlington
Gate City Day Nursery Ass'n

Miss Louise Killingsworth

DINNER - 6:00 - Terrace Room

EVENING SESSION

7:00

"The Long Hot Summer"

Nigeria -- Al Ulmer
Peace Corps Worker

The Summer In Mississippi -- Judy Richardson

Why Gail Went Back -- Mrs. W. B. Suddeth

The Mother Speaks at The Memorial Service --
Mrs. Harry V. Richardson

DISCUSSION GROUPS --

October 23

9:00 A.M.

Songs -- Led by Mrs. Martin Luther King, Jr.

Meditation -- Father William E. Calhoun
Our Lady of Lourdes Rectory

THE CHURCHES ARE SPEAKING
Mrs. J. G. Walsh, Director
Christian Community Action, Board of Woman's Work
Presbyterian Church in the United States

WHAT HAVE WE BEEN DOING
Group Work in North Carolina
Miss Miriam J. Robinson, Executive Secretary
Woman's Missionary Union of North Carolina

The Council of Catholic Women

The B'nai B'rith

The Temple Sisterhood

National Council of Jewish Women

United Church Women of the
National Council of Churches in the U.S.A.
Mrs. Stuart Sinclair, President

THE SOUTH - THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT of 1964
Dr. Leslie Dunbar, Director
Southern Regional Council

SUMMARY -- Mrs. Clifford Durr
Mrs. Geraldine Fisher

Closing Message -- "A Love Affair With Life"
Rabbi Jacob M. Rothschild

CIVIL RIGHTS DIGEST

PUBLISHED BY THE U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

1701 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20425

SPECIAL BULLETIN—AUGUST 1964

A SUMMARY OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964

This summary of the 1964 Civil Rights Act was prepared in response to questions about the Act which have come to the Commission from citizens in every section of the country. It is designed to provide a clearer understanding of the major provisions of the new statute.

Some of the questions raised about any new law cannot be fully answered until the policies and programs necessary for carrying out the law have been developed by the appropriate Government agencies. Other questions will be further clarified as the courts deal with cases brought under the law.

This summary was prepared by the staff of the Commission and is available for distribution as a service under the national clearinghouse function assigned the Commission by the new Civil Rights Act.

Title I

VOTING

The purpose of this section is to provide more effective enforcement of the right to vote in Federal elections (for President, Vice President, presidential electors or members of Congress) without regard to race or color. It also speeds up the procedure by which voting rights suits may be decided.

The Act:

a. requires that the same standards be applied to all individuals seeking to register and vote;

b. forbids denial of the right to vote because of some minor mistake or omission;

c. requires that only literacy tests that are written may be used as a qualification for voting; and that the tests and answers be available on request;

d. establishes that in voting rights law suits the court must presume that anyone who completed the sixth grade is literate, unless the State can prove otherwise.

In any voting suit brought by the Government charging that there is a "pattern or practice" of voting discrimination, either the Attorney General or the defendant may ask that a three-judge Federal court be appointed to hear the case. Appeals from the decisions of such a court may be taken directly to the Supreme Court.

Title II

PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS

Discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion or national origin is specifically forbidden in the following places of public accommodation:

a. hotels and motels, restaurants, lunch counters, movie houses, gasoline stations, theaters and stadiums;

b. any other establishment which offers its services to patrons of the covered establishment; for example,

–a barbershop or tavern located in a hotel, or

–a department store in which there is a restaurant: *so long as* the covered facilities either affect interstate commerce in their operations, or are supported in their discriminatory practices by State action.

In addition, discrimination is forbidden in any other place of public accommodation that is required to segregate by State or local laws.

If there are no State or local laws requiring segregation, the Federal law does not cover:

a. barbershops, beauty parlors and other service establishments unless they are located in a hotel and offer these services to hotel guests;

b. retail stores that do not serve food, or places of recreation (except as listed above) which do not serve food;

c. lodging houses, hotels or similar places which take temporary guests if they have fewer than six rooms for rent in a building occupied by the owner.

Places that are actually owned and operated as private clubs are exempted from coverage of this title except to the extent that they offer their facilities to patrons of a covered establishment, such as a country club that customarily allows guests of a hotel to use its golf course.

No person may intimidate, threaten or coerce anyone for the purpose of interfering with the rights created by this title.

The provisions of this title may be enforced in two ways:

1. By *individual action* in a civil suit filed by the persons discriminated against, or

2. By *Government action* in a civil suit filed by the Attorney General.

In public accommodations suits filed by individuals:

—the court hearing the suit may appoint a lawyer for the person bringing the complaint and exempt the complainant from the payment of certain costs;

—the court may permit the Attorney General to enter the case;

—if there is a State law or local ordinance that prohibits discrimination, the complaint must first be taken to the State or local authorities, allowing them 30 days to begin a proceeding before suit can be filed in a Federal court;

—once the case is in court, the court can postpone action until the State or local proceeding is completed;

—if there are no State or local anti-discrimination provisions, the court may refer the matter to the Community Relations Service (see Title X) so that it may seek to secure voluntary compliance within no more than 120 days.

The Attorney General may file a public accommodations suit when he believes there is a pattern or practice of resistance. As in Title I voting suits, he may request a three-judge court for this action.

In public accommodations suits brought either by individuals or the Attorney General, the court may issue temporary or permanent injunctions or restraining orders against those found to be violating the law. A person or persons failing to obey such court decrees may be punished by contempt proceedings under the jury trials provision of the law (see Title XI).

Title III

PUBLIC FACILITIES

The Attorney General is authorized to bring a civil suit to compel desegregation of any publicly-owned or operated facility whenever he receives a written complaint of discrimination. He must believe that the complaint merits action and must certify that the individual or individuals making the complaint are themselves unable to take the necessary legal action. State or municipally owned or operated parks, libraries and hospitals are among the facilities covered.

Title IV

PUBLIC EDUCATION

Under this title the U.S. Office of Education is authorized to:

a. conduct a national survey to determine the availability of equal educational opportunity;

b. provide technical assistance, upon request, to help States, political subdivisions or school districts carry out school desegregation plans;

c. arrange training institutes to prepare teachers and other school personnel to deal with desegregation problems;

d. make grants enabling school boards to employ specialists for in-service training programs.

In addition, the Attorney General is authorized to file civil suits seeking to compel desegregation of public schools, including public colleges.

Before filing such a suit the Attorney General must have received a signed complaint from a pupil or parent and must have determined that the complainant, according to standards set forth in the Act, is unable to bring the action. The Attorney General is also required to notify the school board and give it a reasonable period of time to correct the alleged condition before filing suit.

Title V

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

The life of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights is extended until January 31, 1968. Since 1957 the Commission's functions have included investigating denials of the right to vote, studying legal developments and appraising Federal policies relating to equal protection of the laws, and making recommendations for corrective action to the President and the Congress.

Title V gives the Commission added authority to:

a. serve as a national clearinghouse for civil rights information;

b. investigate allegations of vote fraud.

Commission hearing procedures are amended to further protect the rights of individuals who may be affected by Commission proceedings.

As a national clearinghouse, the Commission will provide civil rights information in such areas as voting, housing, education, employment and the use of public facilities to Federal, State and local government agencies and officials, organizations and businesses, and the general public.

Title VI

FEDERALLY ASSISTED PROGRAMS

Under this title every Federal agency which provides financial assistance through grants, loans or contracts is required to eliminate discrimination on the grounds of race, color or national origin in these programs.

For example, this title would require the following:

a. hospitals constructed with Federal funds would have to serve all patients without regard to race, color or national origin;

b. elementary and secondary schools constructed, maintained and operated with Federal funds would have to admit children without regard to race, color or national origin;

c. State employment services financed by Federal funds would have to refer qualified job applicants for employment without discrimination;

d. schools for the deaf and the blind operated with Federal funds would have to serve the deaf and blind of any color;

e. colleges and universities receiving funds for their general operation or for the construction of special facilities, such as research centers, would have to admit students without discrimination;

f. construction contractors receiving funds under Federal public works programs would have to hire employees without discrimination.

Action by a Federal agency to carry out the requirements of this title may include the terminating of programs where discrimination is taking place or refusal to grant assistance to such a program.

Each agency is required to publish rules or regulations to carry out the purposes of the title. These rules and regulations are subject to the approval of the President.

Compliance actions are subject to the following conditions:

a. notice must be given of alleged failure to comply and an opportunity for a hearing must be provided;

b. in the event assistance is to be cut off, a written report must be submitted to Congress 30 days before the cut-off date;

c. compliance action may be appealed to the courts.

Social security and veteran's benefits, and other Federal benefits distributed directly to individuals are not affected by this law.

Federal assistance in the form of insurance or guaranty—for example, FHA insured loans—are not covered by this title (however, the President's Executive Order prohibiting discrimination in Federally aided housing remains in effect).

Title VII

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

This title establishes a Federal right to equal opportunity in employment. It creates an Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to assist in implementing this right.

Employers, labor unions and employment agencies are required to treat all persons without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. This treatment must be given in all phases of employment, including hiring, promotion, firing, apprenticeship and other training programs, and job assignments.

When this title goes into full effect employers will be subject to its provisions if they have 25 or more regular employees in an industry that affects interstate commerce. Generally speaking, labor unions will be subject to the Act if they either operate a hiring hall for covered employers, or if they have 25 or more members who are employed by a covered employer. Employment agencies are also included if they regularly undertake to supply employees for a covered employer.

(Enforcement of the nondiscrimination requirements for employers and unions is postponed for one year. Employers and unions with 100 or more workers will be covered beginning July 2, 1965 and coverage will be extended each year until July 2, 1968 when employers and unions with 25 workers will be covered.)

Not covered by this title are (1) public employers, (2) bona fide private clubs, (3) educational institutions with regard to employees working in educational activities and all employment in religious educational institutions, (4) employers on or near an Indian reservation with regard to preferential treatment of Indians; and (5) religious corporations, institutions, etc., with regard to employees working in connection with religious activities.

When someone believes he has been discriminated against because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin in any phase of job placement or employment, he may bring his complaint within 90 days to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or to the Attorney General.

The Commission will handle his complaint directly, unless the State or locality where the alleged discrimination occurred has fair employment laws. If so, the person complaining must allow the State or local officials no more than 120 days to resolve the matter. If there is no satisfactory conclusion within this time or if the State or locality rejects the complaint before the time is up, the complainant may then go to the Commission, which is authorized to settle valid complaints by conciliation and persuasion. Nothing said during the conciliation proceedings may be made public or used as evidence without the consent of the parties.

If the Commission fails to secure compliance within a period of no more than 60 days, the individual may take his case to a Federal court. This court may appoint an attorney and may exempt the complainant from payment of certain costs. The court, in its discretion, may allow the Attorney General to enter the case.

A worker who thinks he has been discriminated against may take his complaint directly to the Attorney General, who may bring the case before a three-judge court if he believes there is a pattern or practice of resistance to this title.

If the court in either action finds discrimination, it will order the employer, employment agency or union to take corrective action, which may include hiring or reinstating employees with or without back pay.

Title VIII

VOTING STATISTICS

The Secretary of Commerce is required to conduct a survey of persons of voting age by race, color, and national origin and to determine the extent to which such persons have registered and voted in such geographic areas as the Commission on Civil Rights recommends.

A similar survey must also be conducted on a nationwide basis in connection with the 1970 Census. No person questioned during such surveys may be compelled to disclose his race, color, religion or national origin and everyone must be advised of his right to refuse to give this information.

Title IX

INTERVENTION AND REMOVAL IN CIVIL RIGHTS CASES

The Attorney General is authorized to intervene in any Federal court action seeking relief from the denial of equal protection of the laws on account of race, color, religion or national origin. If a Federal court refuses to accept a civil rights case and sends it back to a State court, this action may be reviewed on appeal.

Title X

COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE

A Community Relations Service is established in the Department of Commerce to provide assistance to persons or communities requiring help with civil rights problems where discriminatory practices impair constitutional rights or affect interstate commerce. The Service is authorized to cooperate with both public and private agencies, either on its own initiative or upon request from local officials or interested persons in situations where disputes threaten peaceful relations among the citizens of a community.

In addition, the Service is authorized to seek a voluntary settlement of public accommodation complaints which may be referred to it by a Federal Court. The Act directs that all activities of the Service in providing conciliation assistance shall be conducted in confidence and without publicity.

Title XI

MISCELLANEOUS

This title gives a right to jury trial in criminal contempt cases arising out of Titles II, III, IV, V, VI and VII. Title I retains the more limited jury trial provisions of the 1957 Civil Rights Act.

Appropriations are authorized to carry out the Act, and a separability clause provides that the rest of the Act will be unaffected if any portion is invalidated. Another section preserves existing remedies under Federal law. This title also preserves the rights of the States to legislate in the same areas covered by this Act, so long as such legislation is not inconsistent with the purposes of the Act.

U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

John A. Hannah, Chairman
Eugene Patterson, Vice Chairman Designate
Frankie M. Freeman, Member Designate
Erwin N. Griswold
Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C.
Robert S. Rankin

The United States Commission on Civil Rights is a temporary, independent, bipartisan agency established by the Congress in 1957 to:

- Investigate complaints alleging that citizens are being deprived of their right to vote by reason of their race, color, religion, or national origin;
- Study and collect information concerning legal developments constituting a denial of equal protection of the laws under the Constitution;
- Appraise Federal laws and policies with respect to equal protection of the laws;
- Serve as a national clearinghouse for civil rights information;
- Investigate allegations of vote fraud; and
- Submit interim reports and a final and comprehensive report of its activities, findings, and recommendations to the President and the Congress.

GSA WASH DC 65-1579

U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20425

U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20425
OFFICIAL BUSINESS

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID BY
U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

RESOLUTION

LAITY IN MISSION AND THE 1964 ELECTIONS

Assembly of United Church Women
Kansas City, October 7

"The time has come to make the ministry of the laity explicit, visible and active in the world." We believe, as citizens and Christians, that one important way to do this is through the ballot box. We know the importance of each vote. We know, because it has happened before, that only one vote per precinct could decide the next presidential election. We know that 36% of Americans of voting age failed to vote in the last national election. We know that a special responsibility rests upon women who as eligible voters now outnumber men voters by more than four million.

Our responsibility is underscored by the price paid by others for the right to vote. Members of Christian churches have seen their churches bombed because they were centers for voter registration education. Men and women have lost their jobs because they dared register to vote. Many have given their time and some their lives to help fellow citizens to register.

Aware that the 1964 elections will determine the direction our nation will move in its domestic and foreign policies. WE, UNITED CHURCH WOMEN, MEETING IN THE 1964 ASSEMBLE IN KANSAS CITY, OCTOBER 7, THEREFORE, COMMIT OURSELVES, AND URGE ALL CHURCH WOMEN, TO PREPARE FOR AND VOTE IN THE 1964 ELECTIONS AS A PART OF OUR MISSION AS LAITY.

In fulfilling this task we will:

1. Study the issues in the campaign,

   examining the platforms of both parties;
   comparing the voting records of the candidates;
   learning what groups and interests are supporting each candidate and party and what influence they would have upon the candidate if he were elected.

2. Clarify, as Christians, our positions on the issues.

   Make full use of the years of careful research and thought of fellow Christians as found in Policy Statements and Resolutions of the National Council of Churches, and many denominations. These statements are not attempts to tell the Christian what to think: they are aids to thought.

3. Welcome differences in the search for truth.

4. Resist name-calling, accusation without proof, appeals to prejudice, wild promises that cannot be fulfilled and other demogogic methods often used in political campaigns.

A TEST NOW OF CHRISTIANITY

--The Atlanta Journal
by Eugene Patterson

"...How, in God's name, do you reach them?" Reg Murphy of this newspaper asked that question in anguish. He had just returned from Atlanta's Lakewood Park on Saturday. There to cover the George Wallace-Ross Barnett speechmaking, he had been an eyewitness to the savage beating of two Negroes.

Whites had cornered the Negroes against a fence. They did not strike simply with their fists. They swung metal folding chairs, again and again, with crushing force against the bodies and heads of their human quarry. Murphy saw blood splash and spurt. "Kill 'em," people were screaming.

"I thought I was watching two men being killed," Murphy said. "I was almost physically sick."

* * *

Policemen who braved blows themselves got to the bleeding Negroes in time, took them away from their butchers and sent them to the hospital. Murphy came to the newspaper office and tried to write quietly of the brutality he had seen, and the screams he had heard.

The frustrated, violent men "have lost their way in their search for their kind of government," he wrote.

"Any sort of analysis would have to point out to them that they undercut their own cause--and any other conservative cause--by such conduct."

At this point quiet, analytical words failed Reg Murphy and he concluded his commentary with one shattering question. "But how, in God's name, do you reach them?"

That is a question for the men themselves, for their families, for their ministers--yes, and for the heedless, imported political opportunists who came from out of state to please them cheaply after Georgia's own responsible leadership had been honest with them. There is no alternative but compliance with the law, Sen. Herman Talmadge had said.

* * *

But how do you reach the people who smashed metal chairs against bleeding bodies, or people who cried "Kill 'em" at the sickening sight? There are a few mean men in any society, of course, who can be reached only by the police, and convinced only by the chain gang. Recent outcroppings of violence at places where Georgians are trying to obey the law are a challenge to the professional honor of law enforcement officers, as well as to the honor of the state.

But what of those who are not basically brutal, yet who are swept along, when herd leaders inflame them, until lesser men's passions sway their own humane codes?

Murphy asked, in God's name, how they can be reached. Perhaps the answer can only in in God's name, and through the counsel of those who preach in it, like Atlanta's Pastor Robert E. Lee. He told his flock Sunday that Christ has never been, and cannot be, served with "pistols and ax handles."

DECLARATION OF THE RIGHTS OF A CHILD

Adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on November 20, 1959

Whereas the peoples of the United Nations have, in the Charter, reaffirmed their faith in fundamental human rights, and in the dignity and worth of the human person, and have determined to promote social progress and better standards of life in larger freedom,

Whereas the United Nations has, in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, proclaimed that everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth therein, without distinction of any kind, such as race, color, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status,

Whereas the child, by reason of his physical and mental immaturity, needs special safeguards and care, including appropriate legal protection before as well as after birth,

Whereas the need for such special safeguards has been stated in the Geneva Declaration of the Rights of the Child of 1924, and recognized in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and in the statutes of specialized agencies and international organizations concerned with the welfare of children,

Whereas mankind owes to the child the best it has to give,

Now therefore

The General Assembly proclaims this Declaration of the Rights of the Child to the end that he may have a happy childhood and enjoy for his own good and for the good of society the rights and freedoms herein set forth, and calls upon parents, upon men and women as individuals and upon voluntary organizations, local authorities and national governments to recognize and strive for the observance of these rights by legislative and other measures progressively taken in accordance with the following principles:

Principle 1

The child shall enjoy all the rights set forth in this declaration. All children, without any exception whatsoever, shall be entitled to these rights, without distinction or discrimination on account of race, color, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status, whether of himself or of his family.

Principle 2

The child shall enjoy special protection, and shall be given opportunities and facilities, by law and by other means, to enable him to develop physically, mentally, morally, spiritually and socially in a healthy and normal manner and in conditions of freedom and dignity. In the enactment of laws for this purpose the best interests of the child shall be the paramount consideration.

Principle 3

The child shall be entitled from his birth to a name and a nationality.

Principle 4

The child shall enjoy the benefits of social security. He shall be entitled to grow up and develop in health; to this end special care and protection shall be provided both to him and to his mother, including adequate prenatal and post-natal care. The child shall have the right to adequate nutrition, housing, recreation and medical services.

Principle 5

The child who is physically, mentally or socially handicapped shall be given the special treatment, education and care required by his particular condition.

Principle 6

The child, for the full and harmonious development of his personality, needs love and understanding. He shall, wherever possible, grow up in the care and under the responsibility of his parents, and in any case in an atmosphere of affection and of moral and material security; a child of tender years shall not, save in exceptional circumstances, be separated from his mother. Society and the public authorities shall have the duty to extend particular care to children without a family and those without adequate means of support. Payment of state and other assistance toward the maintenance of children of large families is desirable.

Principle 7

The child is entitled to receive education, which shall be free and compulsory at least in the elementary stages. He shall be given an education which will promote his general culture, and enable him on a basis of equal opportunity to develop his abilities, his individual judgment and his sense of moral and social responsibility, and to become a useful member of society.

The best interests of the child shall be the guiding principle of those responsible for his education and upbringing; that responsibility lies in the first place with his parents.

The child shall have full opportunity for play and recreation, which should be directed to the same purposes as education; society and the public authorities shall endeavor to promote the enjoyment of this right.

Principle 8

The child shall in all circumstances be among the first to receive protection and relief.

Principle 9

The child shall be protected against all forms of neglect, cruelty and exploitation. He shall not be the subject of traffic, in any form.

The child shall not be admitted to employment before an appropriate minimum age; he shall in no case be caused or permitted to engage in any occupation or employment which would prejudice his health or education or interfere with his physical, mental or moral development.

Principle 10

The child shall be protected from practices which may foster racial, religious and any other form of discrimination. He shall be brought up in a spirit of understanding, tolerance, friendship among peoples, peace and universal brotherhood and in full consciousness that his energy and talents should be devoted to the service of his fellow men.

WORDS ARE POWERFUL --

They may convey meaning or obstruct it. They may commend or offend. Great care is needed in their use or they may alienate.

The word Negro is pronounced "knee-grow." It is a proper noun, as is Caucasian, Mongolian, Indian and should be written with a capitol "N".

Some examples of misused words --by Dr. James K. Mathews
(A missionary for many years in India)

Citizens of India are often called Hindus, one-fourth of them are not.

A Muslim is pained when called a Mohammedan, or by calling his religion Mohammedanism -- the correct name is Islam.

The correct name of the religion of Japan is Shinto, not Shintoism.

The people of Asia prefer to be called Asians -- not Asiatics or Orientals.

Citizens of Malaya are Malayans not Malaysians. These last names have come to have a connation of inferiority.

We live in a day when words are deliberately misused -- "peace offensive," "cold war" -- somehow, while standing for peace, we impress some "onlookers" that we are for war.

TABOO WORDS --

"Natives" - a perfectly good word "gone wrong" sometimes. Africans and Asians resent its use. It is resented when applied to the inhabitants of certain parts of our country. Learn to say Africans, or Indonesians, or Indians.

"Boy" - as applied to the African male regardless of age or status.

"Vernacular" - for language. It literally means "the language of slaves."

"Dialect" - not complementary, people speak languages.

WORDS CAN SPEAK LOUDER THAN ACTION --

South Americans do not like it when United States citizens refer to themselves as Americans. It would be more courteous and accurate if we referred to ourselves as North Americans.

"CLICHES"--are forever with us-- "grass root" (whoever admitted being a grass root?)

"key person" (who isn't one?)

October, 1964

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Leslie Dunbar, Executive Director John H. Wheeler, President

COOPERATING ORGANIZATIONS

ALABAMA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
2108 Fulton
Huntsville, Alabama
852-5938 (205)
Exec. Dir.: Edwin Stanfield
Chmn.: Dr. Lucius Pitts

ARKANSAS COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
1220 West Capitol
Little Rock, Arkansas
FRanklin 4-4521 (501)
Exec. Dir.: Nathaniel Griswold
Assoc. Dir.: Ozell Sutton
Chman.: Mrs. Joe R. Brewer

FLORIDA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
356 South Beach Street
Daytona Beach, Florida
255-5881 (305)
Exec. Dir.: Edwyn E. Lewis, Jr.
Chmn.: Dr. H. Franklin Williams

GEORGIA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
5 Forsyth St., N.W., Room 201
Atlanta, Georgia
525-6468 (404)
Exec. Dir.: Mrs. Frances Pauley
Assoc. Dir.: Oliver Holmes
Chmn.: Dr. Joe Hendricks

KENTUCKY COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Chmn.: Mrs. Harry McAlpin
13321 Aiken Rd.
Anchorage, Kentucky

LOUISIANA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Acting Chmn.: The Rt. Rev. Msgr.
Alexander O. Sigur
P.O. Box 2512
Lafayette, Louisiana

MISSISSIPPI COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Chmn.: Rev. Duncan M. Gray, Jr.
P. O. Box 266
Oxford, Mississippi

NORTH CAROLINA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
121 E. Third Street, Room 301
Charlotte, North Carolina
FRanklin 6-6833 (704)
Exec. Dir.: Mrs. Helen Adams
Chmn.: Dr. T. Franklin Williams

SOUTH CAROLINA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
1330 Laurel Street
Columbia, South Carolina
ALpine 6-8808 (803)
Exec. Dir.: Mrs. Alice Spearman
Chmn.: Rev. Fred Reese

TENNESSEE COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
1106 - 19th Avenue South
Nashville, Tennessee
CYpress 1-7544 (615)
Exec. Dir.: Katherine Jones
Chmn.: William R. Willis, Jr.

VIRGINIA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
17 East Cary Street
Richmond 19, Virginia
648-4445 (703)
Exec. Dir.: Heslip Lee
Chmn.: Dr. Aubrey N. Brown

TEXAS COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
Chmn.: Mrs. James S. Crate
8510 Ferris Street
Houston 35, Texas

Local Councils with Professional Staff:

GREATER ATLANTA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
5 Forsyth St., N.W., Room 207
Atlanta, Georgia
525-6469
Exec. Dir.: Bob Carey
Chmn.: Mrs. Clifton Hoffman

HOUSTON COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
5403 Austin Street
Houston, Texas
JA. 6-1829
Exec. Dir.: Charles Kelly
Exec. Sec.: Mrs. Geo. Dumbauld
Chmn.: G. E. Dodd

HUMAN RELATIONS COUNCIL OF GREATER JACKSONVILLE
129 E. Forsyth St.
Jacksonville, Fla. 353-8081 (305)
Exec. Dir.: Ernest Lent

"LET THE WORD GO FORTH FROM THIS TIME AND PLACE, TO FRIEND AND FOE ALIKE, THAT THE TORCH HAS BEEN PASSED TO A NEW GENERATION OF AMERICANS -- BORN IN THIS COUNTRY, TEMPERED BY WAR, DISCIPLINED BY A HARD AND BITTER PEACE, PROUD OF THEIR ANCIENT HERITAGE -- AND UNWILLING TO WITNESS OR PERMIT THE SLOW UNDOING OF THOSE HUMAN RIGHTS TO WHICH THIS NATION HAS ALWAYS BEEN COMMITTED, AND TO WHICH WE ARE COMMITTED TODAY AT HOME AND AROUND THE WORLD.

"LET EVERY NATION KNOW, WHETHER IT WISHES US WELL OR ILL, THAT WE SHALL PAY ANY PRICE, BEAR ANY BURDEN, MEET ANY HARDSHIP, SUPPORT ANY FRIEND, OPPOSE ANY FOE TO ASSURE THE SURVIVAL AND THE SUCCESS OF LIBERTY.

"LET BOTH SIDES UNITE TO HEED IN ALL CORNERS OF THE EARTH, THE COMMAND OF ISAIAH -- 'TO UNDO THE HEAVY BURDENS,.. AND LET THE OPPRESSED GO FREE.'"

--From the Inaugural Address of
President John F. Kennedy

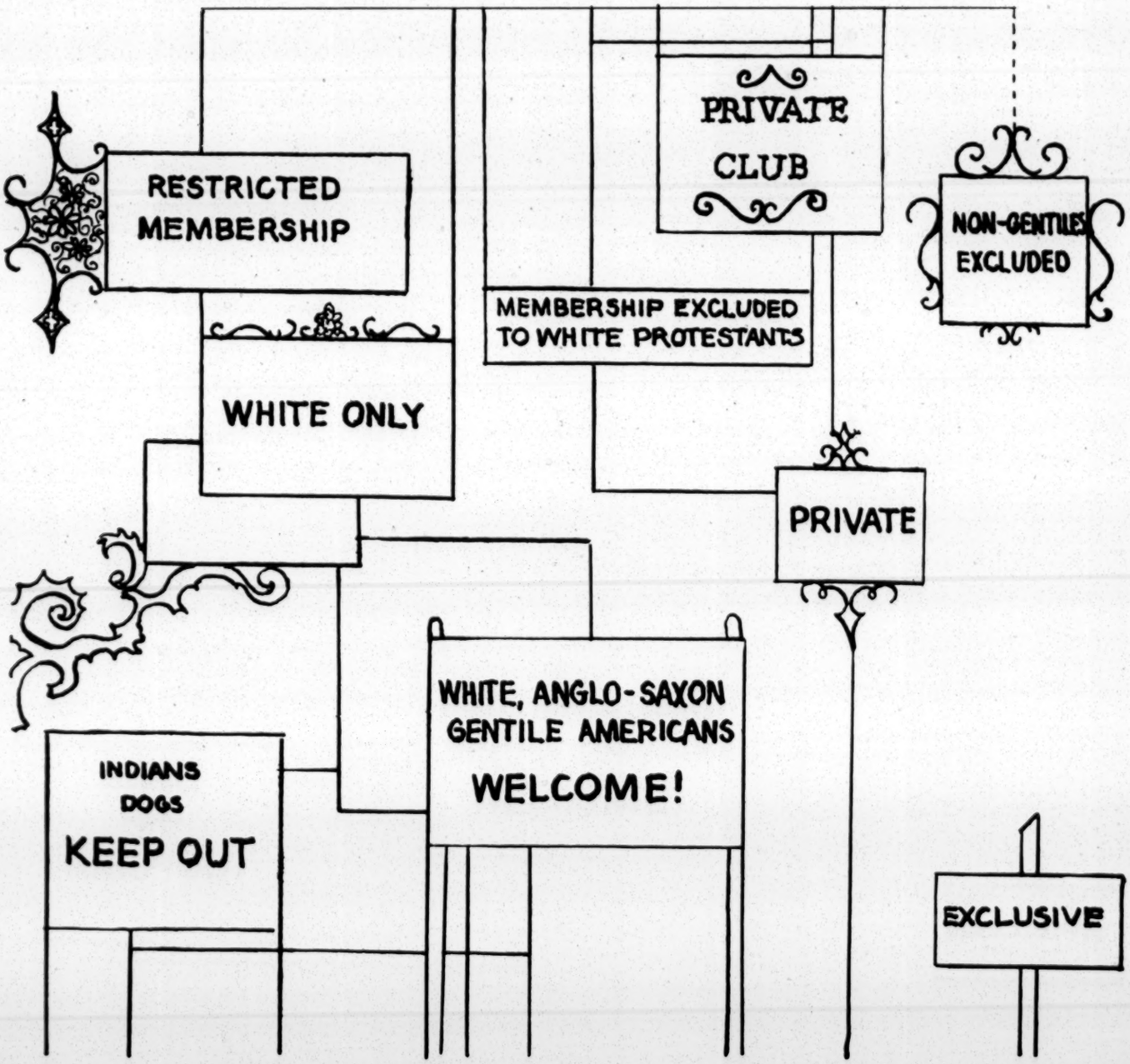
INTER-FAITH CONFERENCE

- A Confrontation of

"THE EVILS WE DEPLORE"

FEBRUARY 26, 1965 - 10:30 A.M.

THE TEMPLE, 1589 Peachtree St., N.E.



Abou Ben Adhem (may his tribe increase!):
Awoke one night from a deep dream of peace,
And saw within the moonlight in his room,
Making it rich, and like a lily in bloom,
An angel writing in a book of gold;
Exceeding peace had made Ben Adhem bold,
And to the presence in the room he said,
"What writest thou?" The vision raised its head,
And with a look made of all sweet accord,
Answered, "The names of those who love the Lord."
"And is mine one?", said Abou. "Nay, not so,"
Replied the Angel. Abou spoke more low,
But cheerily still, and said, "I pray thee, then
Write me as one who loves his fellow-men."
The Angel wrote and vanished; the next night
It came again with a great wakening light,
And show'd the names whom love of God hast blest
And lo! Ben Adhem's led all the rest.

--Leigh Hunt
(1784-1859)

P R O G R A M

10:30 - 12:45

PRAYER - (In Unison)

O God of boundless might and incomprehensible glory, infinite compassion and measureless love to man; look down upon us as we gather for this hour of self-searching of the inner recesses of our hearts.

Show us the riches of Thy mercy and tenderness, and make us worthy, with a pure heart, and a contrite spirit, with hallowed lips and lives that have no need to be ashamed to pray unto Thee. AMEN.

GREETINGS - Rabbi Jacob M. Rothschild

PURPOSE - Mrs. M. E. Tilly

PLAY - "Some of My Best Friends" - (Youth Group)

Elizabeth Edwards
James Price
Serelda Smith
Patrick Tracy
Patsy Wise

"THE EVILS WE DEPLORE" - (Speakers)

Mrs. Ella Mae Brayboy
Mrs. Betty Cantor
Mrs. Edw. G. Holmes
Mr. Gordon Patton
Rev. Henry Steins

DISCUSSION GROUPS - "Save us from weak resignation
To the evil we deplore."

LEADERS -

Mrs. Boone M. Bowen #4
Mrs. Thos. G. Brockman #5
Miss Estelle Clemmons #2
Mrs. Phil Narmore #1
Mrs. Stanley Rawn #3
Mrs. I. Wilen #6

REPORTERS - Mrs. Bruce Fanguy #1
Mrs. K. Kaplin
Mrs. W. Stomler ~~Mrs. R. N. McLemore~~, Jr. #2
Mrs. Nobbie Morgan — #6
Mrs. Jack Patterson — #3
Mrs. H. A. Rubin #4

SUMMARY - Rev. Don McEvoy

CLOSING PRAYER - (In Unison)

Eternal Spirit of good will,
Help us to keep our hearts warm with affection,
And with a spirit of forgiveness and brotherly cooperation,
And with zeal to promote good will among men. AMEN.

PARTICIPATING ORGANIZATIONS:

Atlanta Diocese of Catholic Women
B'nai B'rith
National Conference of Christians and Jews
Southern Regional Council
United Church Women

PLANNING COMMITTEE:

Mrs. J. W. E. Bowen
Mrs. Edw. P. Faust
Mrs. J. C. Howard
Rev. Don McEvoy
Mrs. Phil Narmore
Mrs. Stanley Rawn
Mrs. M. E. Tilly

PROGRAM COVER:

Designed and drawn by

Miss Marge Manderson

Lettered by

Mrs. Sue Rusche

February 26, 1965
Atlanta, Georgia

File

"A Charge To Keep We Have"

WORKBOOK ON WHAT TRANSPIRED
MARCH 22-23, 1967

The Workshop of The Fellowship of The Concerned

The Charge To Us From The President of Our Country:

It is the citizen who will finally determine whether the agencies of law enforcement and criminal justice are staffed and nourished by first-rate skills and modern equipment.

It is the citizen who maintains and enlarges respect for law and order.
It is the interaction of the citizen and the community — their common dedication to public order — which is the most powerful deterrent of crime.

It is the citizen who will determine whether streets will be safe to walk, whether homes will be secure, whether property rights will be respected, whether integrity and honest dealing will govern relationships between men.
We can control crime if we will.

We must act boldly, now, to treat ancient evils and to insure the public safety.

—From Message to Congress
"Safe Streets and Crime Control"

I N D E X

Page

"A CHARGE TO KEEP WE HAVE"..... 1-3

Miss Thelma Stevens, Assistant Secretary
Section of Christian Social Relations
Board of Missions, The Methodist Church

RECOMMENDATIONS..... 4

Voted by the Fellowship of the Concerned
March 23, 1967
Thus we "charged ourselves to a big task"

"TO REDEEM THE WORST, TO BETTER THE BEST"..... 5

Reprint from Time Magazine
Summary of the President's Message to Congress

REPORT OF DISCUSSION GROUPS..... 6-7

"Behold the Turtle He Makes Progress Only When
He Sticks His Neck Out" --James B. Conant

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SERVICE IN THE PROCESS OF CRIMINAL
JUSTICE..... 8-10

OBSERVERS PROGRAM..... 11

EMORY UNIVERSITY VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION ALCOHOL
PROJECT..... 12-13

--Mr. Bruce Herrin

PROJECT ON CRIME AND CORRESTIONS --Mr. John Boone..... 14

EXCERPTS FROM PANEL DISCUSSION..... 15-19

--Mrs. Betty Cantor, Moderator

THE WORSHIP SERVICES..... 20-21

"A CHARGE TO KEEP WE HAVE"

By Thelma Stevens

(A Message to Participants in the Workshop of the Fellowship of the Concerned.)

"To be a troubler in Israel" is the calling of every person concerned with the wellbeing of God's children. A "troubler" in Isarel is not afraid to undertake the difficult, the unpopular and whay may seem too frequently to be impossible. Throughout history there have been concerned women whose courage, sensitivity, knowledge of the facts and understanding of the needs moved the world forward.

Mrs. Tilly, herself, with her own indomitable courage, her great knowledge and understanding of the injustices that beset our land, and her fearless creative effective involvement where suffering is greatest, illustrates in action today God's calling to be a "troubler in Israel!" She must have had something extra special in mind for all of us, when she said: "I want you to help us all see our responsibility and define our duty, as church women, to know what is happening in the courts." I doubt if I would have been presumptuous enough to say yes to such a mandate if any one except Mrs. Tilly had asked me!

Let me try to be as specific as I know how to be in trying to put in words a mandate to action that every person present understands or we would not have come to the meeting. We are all concerned with justice in the courts because the meaning of democracy is at stake. But even much more important, we are concerned with justice in the courts because we believe that God's children of every color and creed, of every station in life, have the right to equal protection under the law without fear of injustice and violence.

Citizens have a responsibility! Some one has said that "Responsibility that's real is duty." The Fellowship of the Concerned has functioned over the years because concerned committed women translated their duty as citizens into compassionate fearless bold action to effect change wherever injustices and violations of human dignity existed.

The primary focus of our concern in this conference is not necessarily with crime in general as important as that is. This concern must be focused by sheer necessity specifically on justice in the courts as the issues concern race and human freedom with dignity in the south today. The flagrant violations of the rights

of persons of color and their supporters in courts is a travesty of justice, a blot on our much boasted democracy, and in total conflict with every worthy and relevant religious principle in which our faith is rooted. We have no recourse but to act if there is integrity in our witness.

The idea of justice in the courts started the ball rolling some fifteen years ago when "The Fellowship of the Concerned" was born. But 1967 is different! The whole world is watching us! The revolution among us in the U.S.A. has gathered momentum that will grow in its demand for freedom, justice and equality for all the people. Every part of our behaviour is on trial. Nothing less than full opportunity to walk and work and live in dignity and freedom will ever be accepted by the participants in the revolution.

March 21st, 1967 was designated by the U.N. General Assembly as world-wide "Eliminate Discrimination Day." This means in the U.S.A. too! More than fifty new nations have gained independent statehood in the last 20 years. These nations and some fifty or sixty other nations in the U.N. (total membership in 1967 is 121) will observe in 1968 the 20th Anniversary of the Adoption by the U. N. of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. As our own nation participates there hopefully will grow new understanding of our responsibility in the world community where the achievement of human dignity is the chief cornerstone of peace.

"Injustice" in the Courts, in some parts of the south, has become a devastating symbol of U.S.A. across the world. Punishment of murderers has in some instances become a farce. Not enough citizens have become "troublers in Israel!"

In the U.S.A. and across the world the demand for freedom and power has become a slogan of destiny for many, with a time schedule that turns upside down "long range plans" that have characterized the postponement tactics of the traditional past. "Freedom - Now" means justice before the law or else there is no freedom. In the face of such fear ravaged change we have increasingly moved into a climate where violence beyond anything this nation has known has become a ground swell across the nation. Some parts of the south are more devastated because there the "law of the land" is being flouted by law enforcement power in the states.

In the face of this kind of challenge let me list a few premises:

1 - Law is neither enacted nor enforced unless the voting citizens demand it.

2 - Community organization to achieve power for the dispossessed needs the full support of concerned courageous citizens in thousands of local communities.

3 - The middle class power structure is scared to death, and this fear finds one of its most overt expressions in law enforcement and court decisions.

4 - Law enforcement and court integrity are the most crucial, the most difficult, and the most urgent issues or questions before us as concerned church women seek ways of witnessing as <u>responsible citizens.</u>

5 - The united voices calling to action and the visible presence of women of all faiths and races in the courts and wherever the law is flouted will go far toward determining just and fair procedures by the powers that seem to prevail.

In summary we may well ask <u>how can we act effectively in 1967 and in the crisis years immediately ahead</u>?

Even as <u>we</u> move <u>now</u> we must <u>prepare ourselves</u> and <u>enlist other concerned women</u>:

---To know the facts and understand them.

---To develop the skills of effective participation. Experience is often a great teacher.

---To enlist the community power structures for justice.

---To influence state political power. Women are voters with power!

---To make our voices heard in Washington on issues such as civil rights, law enforcement, and anti-poverty programs.

To be a "troubler in Israel" means working to break the old patterns that all too often have become the walled-in symbols of "our (so called) American Way of Life". It means <u>acting</u> with integrity to make real the religious faith we profess! This "Charge To Keep We Have" ever before us!

RECOMMENDATIONS

Voted by The Fellowship of the Concerned, March 23, 1967

Thus we "charged" ourselves to a big task.

1. It is recommended that the Fellowship of the Concerned encourage women in every state to safeguard the legal services available and that guidelines for action be gotten from the Civil Liberties Union, and N. A. A. C. P.

2. To have the women's groups in every community, to become alert about the qualifications of their judges and to, observe the process of justice in their courts.

3. Find out what kind of facilities exist in our respective states for taking care of problem children--children who go through the courts. Find out what steps can be taken to alleviate these situations.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

1. To provide a simple handbook of orientation and procedures for effective court action, with a training film strip, if possible.

2. That refresher periods be planned when we can come together to check up on what we have done and get further direction for future action.

TO REDEEM THE WORST, TO BETTER THE BEST

IN two messages to Congress last week, President Johnson put before the country major measures involving the youth of America. His proposals to combat crime ranged far beyond the problems of youth to consider curbs on all manner of violence in American society, but they vitally concerned the young because so large a proportion of crime is committed by them. His message on youth itself discussed how to nourish achievement, open opportunities and channel youthful energies into law-abiding pursuits. The gist of the President's messages:

CRIME

The "Safe Streets and Crime Control Act of 1967" would give the Federal Government little new authority and not even the germ of a national police force. But it would provide the funds ($350 million in the next two years) to induce city and state police forces, courts and correctional agencies to come to grips with the problem. Washington would give 90% of the money needed to finance modernization plans, foot 60% of the bill for crime-deterrent innovations, some of the more interesting of which have been suggested by Los Angeles' new police chief, Thomas J. Reddin (*see* THE LAW). It would also provide 50% of the construction cost of crime laboratories, community correction centers and police academies.

One innovation, said L.B.J., might be the appointment of community "service officers," who would know and maintain close relations with people in neighborhoods. With their contacts in the slums, they could alert authorities to trouble, help stave off riots. Juvenile delinquents might also be rehabilitated more successfully in their home communities than in reform schools; a five-year California experiment along this line, said the President, has shown "dramatically impressive" success in turning errant youths from all-too-promising careers in crime.

Startling Facts. The President relied heavily on data accumulated during an 18-month study that is to be published later this week by the National Crime Commission headed by Under Secretary of State (and former Attorney General) Nicholas deB. Katzenbach. As summarized in his message, the report presented some startling new facts about crime. Some of them:

▶ Fifteen-year-olds commit more serious crimes than those in any other age group, with 16-year-olds close behind. Youths under 18 account for more than half of all burglary arrests.

▶ Relatively few major crimes are interracial. For the most part, criminals prey upon their own race and economic group.

▶ The cost of white-collar crime, such as embezzlement, consumer frauds and petty theft from businesses, "dwarfs" that of all crimes of violence. Property losses from both kinds of crime total more than $3 billion a year.

▶ More than 7,000,000 people come into contact with some agency of criminal justice each year. More than 400,000 are behind bars in any one day.

▶ At least half of the aggravated assaults, burglaries and larcenies are probably never reported. In some communities, only one-tenth may show up on police records.

▶ One-third of all arrests—2,000,000 a year—are for drunkenness. If it were treated as a social problem, suggested Johnson, rather than a crime, the criminal enforcement apparatus would be relieved of a huge burden, leaving more time for more serious concerns.

The drive on crime would be left largely to the states and cities, but the President did ask Congress once again for passage of a firearms-control act, which would be one of the cheapest, yet probably one of the most effective crime-fighting tools. "Further delay," he said, "is unconscionable." And along with new guarantees of personal safety, he asked for a guarantee of personal privacy in a bill aimed at outlawing all wiretapping and electronic bugging, both private and public, except when national security is involved. In this request, the President is at odds with some important members of Congress, who favor limited wiretapping and bugging privileges for police forces.

YOUTH

Yet hitting at crime from above, said Johnson, is not enough. "To speak of crime," he said, quoting the Crime Commission, "only in terms of the work of the police, the courts and the correctional apparatus alone is to refuse to face the fact that widespread crime implies a widespread failure by society as a whole." A much broader assault must be directed at the underground causes, and L.B.J. outlined such an assault in his youth message. For crime is often one visible effect of poverty, and economic deprivation in youth sows a huge harvest of blighted promise and lost opportunity.

Johnson's list of the country's neglect of its youth was exhaustive. Some 14.5 million young under 17 live in families too poor to feed and house them adequately. One million will drop out of school this year, most to join the ranks of the unemployed. More than 3.5 million poor children who need medical help do not receive it and nearly two-thirds of all poor children have never visited a dentist. At least ten nations have lower infant mortality rates than the U.S.; if the U.S.'s rate were as low as Sweden's, 40,000 babies that now die each year would be saved.

The President noted nonetheless that the U.S. has sharply stepped up its aid to the young in recent years, from $3.5 billion for all federal programs benefiting young people in 1960 to more than $11.5 billion in the budget now before Congress. Much more, he said, needs to be done. Head Start, the intensive educational program for poor pre-schoolers, should be widened so that it can help more very young children (three-year-olds) and older children, who often lose momentum when they enter regular classrooms. A not unimportant side benefit of Head Start gives medical and dental care to many children who otherwise would never see the inside of a doctor's or dentist's office. "In short," said L.B.J., "for poor children and their parents, Head Start has replaced the conviction of failure with the hope of success." Under Johnson's proposal, $135 million would be added to the $337 million already budgeted in the next fiscal year for the program, probably the most popular that the "War on Poverty" has introduced, and a particular Johnson favorite.

Pilot Program. The President urged that payments to the three million children who now receive social security —because the family breadwinner has died, retired or is disabled—be increased by an average 15%, at a cost of $350 million. Average benefits now, he noted, are only $52 a month. He also proposed a pilot program to ensure that 100,000 children in poverty areas can visit a dentist and 500,000 be examined by a doctor in the next year. To take care of the babies that are yet to be born, Johnson asked for legislation authorizing ten pilot centers to train health workers, look into the problems of child health, and provide care for 180,000 needy children and 10,000 mothers. There are in the U.S. today, he pointed out, only 12,000 trained pediatricians and 13,000 obstetricians, "far too few to provide adequate medical care."

The total cost of all his proposals would be $650 million. But in a number of them, some small and experimental, Johnson was clearly pointing the way to bigger programs he hopes to initiate in post-Viet Nam years, when there will be more room in the budget for the new social-welfare measures that he longs to add to those already under the umbrella of the Great Society. Meanwhile, in both its youth and its crime programs, the Johnson Administration aims to redeem the worst and to better the best.

Courtesy Time The Weekly Newsmagazine; Copyright Time Inc., 1967

REPORT of Discussion Groups

"BEHOLD THE TURTLE, HE MAKES PROGRESS ONLY WHEN HE STICKS HIS NECK OUT."

It was interesting to find this on Dorothy Tilly's program. I have known two other women who dared to use the Turtle: Mrs. C. N. Richardson from Florida usually wears a Turtle pin on her dress and can tell some tall tales about turtles. Margaret Applegarth, used to spend some time in Georgia, which she did right after finishing her book "Moment by Moment" and you may remember in this book she has a chapter headed "A TENDER TURTLE IS A TENDER TURTLE". She quotes St. Augustine when he said: "They that sit at rest while others take pains are tender turtles, and buy their quiet with disgrace." After reading the five reports and talking with the reporters I am sure that we are not "Tender Turtles." The question of the day was: How many have visited the jails? Not as many as might have been expected but more jails will be visited. Mrs. Donohoo told of a plan that the women of the Christian Church had to visit the jails the first of October. This is a set time with something definite for the women to look forward too. She hoped that all women would join in this effort so that it might become a Church Women project -- think what it could mean for an army of women to visit the jails at the same time!

WHAT POSITIVE THINGS CAN WE DO?:

Work together with groups of similar interest in writing letters to the editor and public officials. Arousing interest by visiting "Child Centered Agencies." (Florida Church Women United worked with all groups to ban the sale of alcohol on beaches during the influx of Easter students.) Visit children's Court with personal followup of the offender. Serve on the Jury. Look into the Jury. Get a list of the Jury. Make a court survey. See the records--although it will not be easy in many cases. Work hard for Legal Service Clinics. Each person must go home with a real concern to take definite action. Begin with May Fellowship Day--when we are thinking of "Community Concerns and How all can Share."

(Do not obey because it is the Law--But obey because it is Right. Remember, Mr. Durr Said: "This is the Law--can we say--This is right.")

The Church is very respectable--some want to keep it so. Will we be the "Tender Turtle" and let it remain just a respectable church? Nightclubs, ball games, etc. are integrated -- Look at your own church--see the respectability.

Proper desegregation comes from working together--not just talking together.

Flash radio and tv comments are needed--these will do a great deal for the prisons and courts--and to change ATTITUDES--ATTITUDES are important and often need CHANGING.

INFORMATION--coming from the leaders here--needs to come back to Mrs. Tilly.

INFORMATION--about the conditions in your local communities. NOTHING IS WORTH MUCH UNTIL IT IS LOCAL.

"BEHOLD THE TURTLE, HE MAKES PROGRESS ONLY WHEN HE STICKS HIS NECK OUT"

We need to go back into our communities--committed to the task of doing something about the evils all around us. Let us remember St. Augustine:

"THEY THAT SIT AT REST WHILE OTHERS TAKE PAINS ARE TENDER TURTLES, AND BUY THEIR QUIET WITH DISGRACE."

The recommendations from one of the groups seem to give us the tool with which we need to work. (See Recommendations)

Mrs. John Patton
Reporter for Discussion Groups

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SERVICE
IN
THE PROCESS OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Several weeks ago, the Project on Crime & Corrections of the Southern Regional Council proposed to enlist the cooperation of the Fellowship of the Concerned - United Churchwomen - to prepare a booklet based on a survey of arrest and detention procedures in the Southern Region as they bear on misdemeanant offenders.

After a preview of the national survey of the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice was reviewed, more attention was focused on the very poor provisions for the administration of criminal justice (law enforcement, probation and parole, and corrections) in the South. (Some of the data abstracted from the survey, and some of the more than 200 recommendations, are attached).

We realized that we were asking the Fellowship to venture out into unknown territory because few persons, lay or professional, are able to acquaint themselves fully with the arrest, judicial and correctional processes. Therefore, we secured the services of a member of the California Bar, Mr. Ronald Sievers, who is a VISTA Volunteer, to organize a pilot experience so that you would have some understanding of the problems that you will encounter in the study process.

After two meetings with some of the members of local religious organizations, the following women either visited local institutions or gathered as much data as possible from jail and court records. Some of these participants will apprise you of their experiences.

Mrs. John Golden
Mrs. Byron Kirkland
Mrs. Jack Patterson
Mrs. James Leak
Mrs. Marshall Solomon
Mrs. Herbert Slotin
Mrs. Jane Scherago
Mrs. Philip Shulhafer

Perhaps the worst problem encountered was the nature and variety of the records and the limited data that are available. Also, most apparent were the attitudes of suspicion that had to be overcome.

We were interested in the types of misdemeanors committed; the age, sex and race of the defendant; geographic distribution; the use of bail, detention or release on own recognizance; sentences, and time between arrest and disposition, (A copy of the schedule that we used in collecting the data is attached).

We ran into a number of problems, and we made mistakes. However, we learned that such a study is possible, with group understanding and conviction to see it through.

PROBLEMS:

1. Often, the Police Department would not cooperate and open records to use despite the fact that in Georgia, by law, these records are open to inspection by the public. Thus, it appears that a group undertaking the survey would have to invest a lot of know-how, pressure and influence in gaining access to "public records."

2. Lack of time of volunteers. The work probably would be done by volunteers. The work can be tedious as it is mainly a job of copying from records. Moreover, because of the poor methods of record-keeping sometimes used, the work can be very time-consuming.

3. Orientation was also a problem. Before the project is initiated in any particular area, the volunteers should be fully orientated to the job. The volunteers should be given a clear definition of the types of crimes they are interested in (this will vary by state) plus a questionnaire should be provided which will correspond to the records available to the volunteers. The volunteers would need professional guidance from a judge, attorney, police official or other person who is familiar with a particular agency of department.

4. It was found that the records kept are often incomplete. However, the effort would be worthwhile if it were only able to expose such situations.

A study similar to this (The Westchester Misdemeanant Survey), was published by the National Council on Crime and Delinquency in 1966. The data were collected by women volunteers.

The Westchester Survey was a first step toward bringing light into the darkness that now obscures most of American crime. Misdemeanor, as a legal term, covers the vast catalogue of criminal violations punishable by a fine or imprisonment in a local

jail or other institution as against the more serious violations, felonies, punishable by death or confinement in a state prison. The latter are studied and debated, but very little data are available to show how misdemeanants are dealt with, although they account for at least 9 out of every 10 arrests.

To find out what happened to misdemeanant offenders in Westchester from arrest to final disposition and from this information to make recommendations for improvements in the system was the starting point of the survey. The project relied primarily upon public police and court records. Information gathered was supplemented by interviews with police chiefs, judges and other government officials. It is this pattern that we hope to follow in our own effort.

A survey of misdemeanant procedures in the Southern Region would constitute the foundation upon which many service-relevant programs could be developed. Additionally, it would help to validate the assumptions that are proposed relative to youth detention and treatment and to identify gaps in service and record-keeping procedures.

WORKSHOP ON COURTS

Prepared by Mrs. Wm. Wood, Vice President,
League of Women Voters of the United States

Observers Program

Some selective process should be used in recruiting observers. Personal appearance and demeanor are important. Those willing to participate should --

1) Conduct themselves in a polite, well-mannered way.

2) Be willing to sit through proceedings and refrain from making remarks or engaging in conversation with those nearby while the Court is in session.

3) Act like a fair-minded person.

It is wise for observers to work in teams of two. This makes it possible to check with one another when any report is written.

When observing in the Courts the following should be kept in mind:

1) Trials are open. However, any judge has power to exclude the public and to have part of the hearing in private.

2) Know the procedures in the Court to be visited. Attorneys can be helpful in briefings on this.

3) Know the Court schedule -- what cases are coming up, the time the Court opens, etc.

4) Many courtrooms have limited space. Get there in time to get a seat near the front so you can hear. Do not expect special favors in having a seat saved. If offered, do not accept a Judge's invitation to sit on the bench.

5) Areas of interest:
   a. Judge's demeanor toward the person before the Court
   b. Bail
   c. Legal Counsel
   d. Jury Selection
   e. Sentencing, fines, etc.

6) Observe several times with the same judge presiding.

7) Observe procedures under more than one judge.

From material furnished by --

Mr. Bruce Herrin, Assistant Director
Emory University-Vocational Rehabilitation Alcohol Project

Skid Row has long been recognized as the bilge of our communities. The derelict inebriates who reside there represent perhaps the lowest form of humanity--they have been virtually ignored, not only by the average citizen, but by the very public officials who are charged by statute with caring for them.

Early last year two test cases were tried in two U. S. Court of Appeals. The first was the DeWitt Easter case in the District of Columbia, and the second was the Joe Drive case in North Carolina. Favorable decisions were handed down. It was found that alcoholism is an illness and that it would constitute cruel and unusual punishment for a sick person to be convicted and punished for exhibiting a symptom of his illness in public, and it was further established that the essential common law element of criminal intent is lacking when an alcoholic becomes intoxicated.

Emory University-Vocational Alcohol Project

January, 1967

"The Alcohol Project and the Community Council of Atlanta Area Inc. completed their joint preparation of a comprehensive community treatment and rehabilitation program.

"A special unit for twenty-four patients of the Project was established in the Salvation Army Men's Lodge at 339 Luckie St., N.W. The Project staff give special treatment services for these patients and the unit will be expanded to care for up to 200 patients.

"Dr. Charles Conner, the leading authority on group therapy in the Emory University, Department of Psychiatry, is having regular weekly group therapy training sessions with seven clinical chaplains in St. Jude's Halfway House."

At the City Prison Farm a mobile rehabilitation team from the Project conducts a daily screening of each inmate entering the Prison Farm. Each one who volunteers and is selected is being treated and rehabilitated while still in prison. He may be given the drug, Antabuse, a stong deterrent to drinking, as well as other medications. He is assured of arrangements for meeting his physical needs following his release from prison.

Interagencies representation at the bi-monthly meetings of the Project are:

Fulton County Department of Family and Children Services
Alcoholic Rehabilitation Service, Georgia Clinic
Georgia State Employment Service
Mayor's Committee on Crime and Delinquency
An attorney
Director of Public Health Nursing, Fulton County Health Department
Public Welfare Social Service, Economic Opportunity Atlanta, Inc.
Director of Nursing, DeKalb County Health Department
Department of Psychiatry, Emory University
Department of Housing and Urban Development,
Suicide Prevention Center,
Director, DeKalb County Health Department
Commissioner of Health of Fulton County.

It is easy to understand why these agencies are interested.

It will take a community of effort among all public officials and interested private groups to make a revolutionary program of this kind become meaningful.

The Project has received $304,968 from the U. S. Rehabilitation Administration for the first year and $33,885 from Fulton County.

THE PROJECT ON CRIME AND CORRECTIONS OF THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, MR. JOHN BOONE, DIRECTOR, COOPERATED WITH THE FELLOWSHIP OF THE CONCERNED IN THE PROGRAM PRESENTATION

Mr. Ron Sievers, a VISTA Volunteer, presented and interpreted the results of a local survey on law enforcement and judicial procedures in misdemeanor cases. He pointed to the disproportionate number of Negroes that, the survey indicated, become involved in the processes of criminal justice at this level and suggested that a regional-wide survey might well reveal an even greater racial disparity, both in arrest and sentencing. However, there were some indications that these differences in handling were more a matter of class prejudice than social discrimination. In other words, the poor cannot afford to pay fines, and a higher percentage of Negroes than whites are poor. The project suggested to the Fellowship that a survey of this type all over the South would be a valuable contribution both to public education and to the encouragement of official interest in reform.

The two films, "The Scar Beneath" and"The Odds Against," shown together, would seem to be an excellent instrument for public education on the problems and prospects in the areas of prison reform and criminal rehabilitation.

The women were advised to familiarize their members with the results of the National Survey on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice. This may be secured from the Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. 20402. Price $2.25.

Some local groups also seem determined to do something about procedures in relation to children in trouble.

Project staff members participated as resource persons in the discussion groups.

FROM MRS. CLIFFORD DURR, THE REPORTER

The two movies, "The Odds Against" and "The Scar Beneath" were extremely moving, one about a young boy who had no help and became a hardened criminal and whose life was ruined and another who through help, parole officers who were sympathetic and kind saved his life and he became a good member of society. The picture of prison life, the feeling of confinement, the horror of boredom, the long stretch of time that prisoners feel were both grippingly and beautifully presented. Mr. Boone spoke after the pictures and told something of his experiences working with prisoners. These two pictures were the most compelling and gripping and saddening aspects of the meeting.

Mrs. Betty Cantor, Community Consulatant, Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith served as moderator of the Panel Discussion -

"PROCEDURES OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE IN THE SOUTHERN REGION: CORRECTION OR DEFECTION"

In introducing the panelists, Mrs. Cantor said she was dispensing with the usual amenities. A sense of urgency pervaded the meeting and the subject at hand required days not hours for exhaustive study that could lead to action.

In summary: Mr. Clifford Durr described the environing atmosphere of lackluster content, the moral vacuum that undergirds Southern justice...

Mrs. Ruby Hurley gave us an overview of Southern justice - or rather lack of justice wh which characterizes our Southern institutions...

Mr. Michael Horowitz asked - "Are our ideals about law really workable?" Our churches perpetuate the status quo and made the comfortable more comfortable...

Mrs. Henry J. Toombs has been the prophet of what can be done... "Never," she says, "underestimate what woman - what you can do."

Mr. Hershal Sausier and Mr. Stewart Werner described what the ideal penal institution can be and have outlined plans for better cooperation between the judiciary and the executive arm of government...

Each of us is aware that she is the uncomfortable one in a comfortable church, the uncomfortable one in a society that fails to love justice. In our workshops we will explore how to undermine comfort based on the status quo. We must search for the remedy to injustice in our local communities, we must reach outside of our own community until justice is a reality throughout the land. We must of a necessity right our wrongs by committing ourselves to specific programs of action.

FROM PANEL MEMBER, MR. CLIFFORD J. DURR, ATTORNEY,
Montgomery, Alabama

In general I think our criminal procedures are basically good, but the remark made by St. Paul 19 centuries ago is most applicable today:

"The Law is good if a man use it lawfully."

All too often today we see the techniques and the apparatus of the Law used as instruments of lawlessness.

I do not go along with the idea that morality cannot be legislated. On the contrary, it seems to me that the Law is an embodiment of the morality growing out of the experience of people through the generations and even centuries. Murder is immoral, it is also illegal. The Law has not stopped murder but it has certainly deterred it. However, Law cannot hold up indefinitely if its only basis is rigid enforcement. It will ultimately collapse unless it has an undergirding of accepted morality.

The 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments to the United States Constitution have been a basic part of the "Supreme Law of the Land" for a century. If we should lay the Civil Rights acts of 1964 and 1965 beside the Civil Rights Act of 1875, we will see that legislatively, at least, we have made little headway in protecting the rights of all citizens against injustice and inequality of treatment. Had the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments been enforced and lived up to, there would have been no Civil Rights Acts of 1964 and 1965 for there would have been no need for them. Given the full protection of the guarantees of due process of law and the equal protection of the laws, set out in the 14th Amendment, and the equality in voting rights set out in the 15th Amendment, Negroes could by now have gined for themselves most, if not all, of the rights now so carefully spelled out in the current Civil Rights legislation.

There is a human tendency, when faced with a problem, to say "Let's pass a law" and once the law is passed to say "Now that is taken care of," and relax. This is exactly what happened following the Civil War. In the spirit of moral fervor immediately following that war good legislation was put on the books. Then the moral fervor died down and people went about their normal business of making a living, raising families, and looking after themselves. As a result of the Tilden-Hayes compromise Reconstruction was brought to an end and the newly freed men, from economic necessity, soon found themselves back in a state of economic bondage not too different from the chattel slavery from which they had been emancipated. Then came the "Black Codes' and then the disenfranchising provisions written into

the State Constitutions with little or no protest, notwithstanding the oaths of office taken by all governmental officials, state and federal to support and defend the Constitution of the United States.

Mr. Justice Holmes, in his dissenting opinion, in the shocking Frank case which originated right here in Georgia, in the early part of this century, made the observation that "The verdicts of juries are very likely to be impregnated by the environing atmosphere." His observation is equally applicable to the judgements of courts and certainly to the behavior of our law enforcement officials. As important as the law is, it cannot escape the "environing atmosphere" in which it operates.

It is rather interesting to note that the moral leadership of this country for the past quarter of a century has come largely from the United States Supreme Court in its day to day struggles with the issues of individual rights, while little but silence has come from our white Southern colleges and universities and our churches have all too often served only as the glue that holds the status quo together. Through lack of moral leadership a moral vacuum was created and this, I believe, is the source of the violence, bitterness and turmoil which has been tearing the South to pieces during the past decade and a half. After a long period of strife we now have a surprising amount of compliance with the Civil Rights Acts of 1964 and 1965. It is now reasonably safe for a Southern white person to say, "We must observe the Law because all of this turmoil and violence hurts business," or to say, "It impairs the 'image' of the South as a desirable location for industry," but we have not yet reached the point where we can safely say "We must observe the Law not only because it is the law but because it is morally right."

We are still all too timid about facing up to the old fashioned issues of right and wrong. We still have quite a way to go in creating the "environing atmosphere" in which justice can flourish. It is in this field that you members of the Fellowship of the Concerned have in the past and still continue to make your valuable contribution.

FROM THE NOTES OF MRS. CLIFFORD DURR, OUR REPORTER

Mrs. Ruby Hurley, Director of the Southeastern Regional Office of N.A.A.C.P., a member of the panel, spoke out of years of experience, and with some bitterness, about the lack of justice for Negroes, how murder has been condoned time and time again when it only affected Negroes. She also spoke of the great gap in white people's knowledge about Negroes and the stereotypes they used instead.

Mr. Michael Horowitz, Associate Professor, University of Mississippi School of Law, panelist, asked the question, "Can America live up to its own Laws,?" he asked if our own smug notions of our own righteousness can be made to come true. He gave illustration after illustration of how we had not lived up to our professions of equal justice and he especially pointed out the fact that most Negroes, and most poor people, come to know the law at its lowest level--Justice of the Peace. He spoke of the fact that JPs often make their living out of fees instead of making a salary and they they need a large volume of arrests and victims to make a living. (President Johnson's Committee on Law Enforcement and Administration of Justice, suggests that the Justice of Peace--rural counterpart of the lower court--be abolished. Today the JPs operate in 35 states.) He said this was often true of Sheriffs and other officers of the Law and each woman should go home and see if this bad situation was true in her own city or county.

Mrs. Henry J. Toombs told in the most glowing way, full of indignation and outrage, what was done to juvenile delinquents. How the young people who run into trouble with the law are scarred and wounded for life and how each community must make it a part of their concern to see that these young people are not turned into permanent criminals.

Mr. Werner, Staff Consultant, Georgia Committee on Crime and Delinquency, then spoke and plead withe the group there, and with all interested citizens, to look behind the crime to the perpetrator and in judging him to consider the background and the disadvantages. He really plead for mercy for people convicted of crime and especially young people.

By Herschel Saucier, Assistant Dir.
Division for Children and Youth
State Department of Family and
Children Services

Largely through the efforts of the women of Georgia the state became disturbed about the some 6,000 children each year being detained in common jails and rallied support for the financing of a statewide juvenile detention system which is well on its way toward completion. The first regional detention center built and operated by the Division for Children and Youth will open in Albany and begin receiving children in May, 1967. The Waycross center will open sometime in June, followed by the Rome and Sandersville Centers in September. The Augusta center, where construction began later, should open sometime in November. The sixth and last regional center should be completed in Gainesville early in the Spring of 1968.

These regional centers will receive delinquent juveniles who need secure custody pending court disposition from counties and towns within a fifty mile radius of the center. In addition to providing a more appropriate facility to hold juvenile offenders that might otherwise be held in jail, the regional centers will provide short-time diagnostic and treatment services for these children in trouble, which in some instances will enable the child to return to his own home with probation or social services being provided. Without such detention facilities some of these same juveniles would be committed to the state institutions.

The last phase toward developing a statewide juvenile detention system was financed by the 1967 General Assembly, with a $500,000 appropriation to help finance the juvenile detention services by seven urban counties who have already built county detention facilities. To receive state financing the county detention facilities must agree to make a limited amount of their space available to provide detention care to juveniles from surrounding counties at no cost to the county. With the inclusion of the county detention facilities as a part of the statewide system through making some their space available to surrounding counties, any child needing detention care within the State of Georgia will be within approximately fifty miles of a facility and program especially designed for the care of juvenile offenders.

WORSHIP SERVICES

Without any announcement the workshop began when the wonderful, beautiful voice of Mrs. Martin Luther King, Jr. sang her solo, "How Great Thou Art."

She also gave the challenge in song --

The voice of God is calling
It summons unto men; as once He spoke in Zion,
So now He speaks again.
Whom shall I send to succor my people in their need?
Whom shall I send to loosen the bonds of lust and greed?

Mrs. W. H. Clark with her strong sweet voice led the group in its answer.

We heed, O Lord, Thy summons, and answer here are we!
Send us upon Thine errand, let us Thy servants be.
Our strength is dust and ashes, our years a passing hour;
But Thou canst use our weakness to magnify Thy power.

Thus, we committed ourselves -- "A Charge To Keep We Have" -- in song.

On Thursday morning, Dr. Evelyn Green, Executive Secretary, Board of Woman's Work, Presbyterian Church in the U. S., led the worship, bringing the oracles of Amost to apply to our present day problems.

<u>From the notes of Mrs. Durr, our reporter</u>:

"She (Miss Green) talked on the need of churchmen to speak up and stand up. She begged us not to trample on the 'weak' and that we should not 'ignore the poor man's claim.'" We should 'set justice on her feet again' and temper justice with mercy."

Those of us who heard the worship service of Mrs. H. M. Russell, President of the Woman's Society of Christian Service, Southeastern Jurisdiction, The Methodist Church, will never forget her quotation from Bishop Welch, the 102 year old Bishop of The Methodist Church, when he was asked "what is the greatest Christian virtue?" His answer "Compassion! I don't mean pity! Pity looks down; compassion looks across - person to person. Pity is as cold as sea water. Compassion is as warm as fresh milk."

Again, from the notes of Mrs. Durr

"The workshop ended with a short talk by Coretta King who had used her lovely voice time and time again to sing for us. This time she recited Langston Hugh's lovely poem, My Life Ain't Been No Crystal Stair.

"She told of the terrors whe had gone through, her home bombed, her husband stabbed. She told of the sleepless nights, the fears for her children and how finally she had come to realize that in her husband's fight for justice she had finally come to accept the fact that if this fight brought death to her or to her family, she would have to accept it, that there was no turning back. She spoke simply and with dignity and compassion but she spoke with firmness and total commitment, when once she had set her hand to the orr there was no turning back, and this was true for all of us.

"She also spoke of the moral support such groups as the Fellowship of the Concerned had been to her and of the personal support Mrs. Tilly had given to her.

"And it was on this note of personal commitment, personal determination to see that justice was done, that the meeting adjourned.

Southern F[illegible], Inc.
5 FORSYTH STREET, N. W[illegible] A 30303
522-8[illegible]

PAUL ANTHONY
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

A Council to attain the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South

May 4, 1967

Dear Friends:

As many of you know, the workshop of the Fellowship of the Concerned was held at the Atlantan Hotel on March 22-23.

The general subject was -- "Procedures of Criminal Justice In the Southern Region: Correction or Defection." As the hours went by we so committed ourselves "to right the wrongs" that it seemed necessary to make this workbook, based on what transpired in those two days.

The tile just had to be "A Charge To Keep We Have." Miss Thelma Stevens gives us our frontis piece. Please study it -- pages 1-3.

Page 4, we"charged" ourselves by a unanimous vote. We must keep this trust.

The workshop was based on the President's message to Congress in his "Safe Streets and Crime Control." The best summary of this we could find was in Time magazine, February 17th edition. We are most grateful to Time, Inc. for giving us permission to have 150 off-set copies made. See page 5, "To Redeem the Worst, To Better the Best." Read the "startling facts," 7,000,000 people come into contact with criminal justice each year. Fifteen-year-olds commit more serious crimes than any other group, etc.

Pages 6-7 gives the report of the discussion groups. "Behold the Turtle, He makes progress only when he sticks his neck." Stick your neck out.

Pages 8-10, "Opportunities for service in the process of criminal justice" calls for visits to courts and is followed by the "observers program" given to us by the Vice-President of the League of Women Voters of the U.S. and it gives us a pattern of courtesy as we sit in the courts.

Pages 12-13 refers again to the Time summary. We read that "one-third of all arrests--2,000,000--are for drunkeness." Mr. Bruce Herrin gives us some hoepful signs. Courts of Appeals in the District of Columbia and North Carolina have ruled that alcohol is an illness and "it would constitute cruel punishment" for a sick person to be convicted and punished. Here we have a big job to do. Let's feel it is another "Charge to Keep" and talk to judges and people about these decisions.

On page 14 you will see that there are films you may use.

We must surely remember, at all times, "A Charge to Keep We Have."

You will get much from the panel discussions. Keep the workbook for bedside reading -- and rise in the morning to get busy "Righting the Wrongs."

Sincerely,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

MET:rh

Children Behind Bars

Case History of a Future Criminal

David Johnson* was eleven years old when he was arrested for burglary. In the county jail, he awaited trial for over two months, housed in the common cell with alcoholics, sexual perverts and thieves.

The Department of Family and Children's Services asked the judge to place the boy in its jurisdiction so that he might be put in a juvenile home. The Superior Court judge refused, stating that in his opinion the child was incorrigible.

At the boy's trial, a man stood next to him and told him when to say "Guilty." The boy says that he had never seen the man before and no one told him that this was his lawyer, assigned by the judge to protect his rights. The boy thought he was a police officer.

David was sentenced to four years and assigned by the State Bureau of Corrections to Alto Industrial Institute, a prison for youthful offenders. By the time he got to Alto, he had had his 12th birthday, so he was not the youngest inmate.

No attempt was made, either before the trial or during it, to determine the boy's mental capacity. In prison, psychological tests revealed his mental age as between seven and eight years old.

Once in his dormitory section, the boy was found swinging a shovel. He explained that some of the bigger inmates were trying to "punk" him (commit a homosexual assault) and that he had to protect himself. So ended his first night in prison.

Is This Treatment Necessary?

What happened to David Johnson is by no means unique. During 1965-66, over 500 children of juvenile court age were sent to prisons instead of juvenile homes.

Many people comfortably assume that because Georgia has a juvenile court law, all children under a certain age are automatically tried in juvenile court. That this is not the case is attested by the hundreds of young people—many of them first offenders—who are sentenced as adult criminals.

This could not happen in two-thirds of the United States. A juvenile cannot be tried as

*Fictitious name

an adult for a non-capital crime in thirty-four states.

One reason for the situation in Georgia is the lack of juvenile courts in every jurisdiction. Another is the refusal of some Superior (criminal) Court judges to turn the juvenile offender over to the juvenile court. Thus, in one Superior Court jurisdiction, a boy of fifteen, who committed a robbery, can be tried as an adult. In another, a boy of the same age, committing a robbery, may be tried as a juvenile. Often, a prison sentence is a matter of local geography.

The ACLU Interest

The American Civil Liberties Union of Georgia has long been concerned with the treatment of juveniles in this state.

First, we know that many indigent juveniles tried as adults are, as in the case above, given only perfunctory representation—representation which robs them of their rights, instead of safeguarding them. A juvenile's liberty is as precious to him as an adult's. Further, even in the informal atmosphere of a juvenile court, the rights of the juvenile to bail, speedy trial and representation must be protected.

Second, we take the position that sentencing a child to adult prison is cruel and unusual punishment in violation of the 8th Amendment of the Constitution. The broadening concept of what is cruel and unusual punishment includes the imprisonment of juveniles in adult prisons, particularly in view of the homosexual activities, endemic to such institutions.

Some commitments of juveniles may be challenged legally on these grounds. But a legal challenge is a partial solution at best. As the ACLU of Georgia's president put it:

"There are hundreds of David Johnsons in prisons all over Georgia, and every night, like David, they cry themselves to sleep. The answer to their cries lies not only in individual legal action, although the *ACLU of Georgia serves notice that it stands ready to test each and every case*. The answer lies in an aroused citizenry which will demand that no child of juvenile court age can be incarcerated in an adult prison."

What You Can Do

Don't take it for granted that every child who gets in trouble is being handled by experts who know what is best for him.

Find out in your county how many children have been tried in adult court.

Make it a project of your Church group, your civic or social club to learn about these children: how long have they awaited trial? Are they being kept in the county jail before trial with alcoholics, perverts or hardened criminals? Are they being represented—truly represented—by lawyers? Why are they in criminal, not juvenile court?

When you have the facts, talk them over with the Family and Children's Services Department and the Superior Court judge in your community. Find out the circumstances which led to their imprisonment.

Ask your Grand Jury to recommend creation of a juvenile court if there is not one in your county. Enlist other community leaders in protesting children in prison.

A Letter From an Ex-Convict

Some months ago we received a letter from a man who has spent most of his life —starting as a juvenile offender in an adult prison—behind bars. Here are some excerpts:

"Prisons have lessons to teach the young. They learn that the spirit has no place here. They will learn work without meaning, play without fun, eating without taste. The night-soiled reality of prison fosters a negative personality, and when released, he cannot deal with the challenge of freedom after existing in a vacuum of punishment.

"And so the Davids are drafted into the ranks of convict sub-society by the indifference of the rest of us. Antagonized, troubled, without much human feeling, they drift from a painful yesterday and a hostile today toward a hopeless tomorrow."

Surely, we can promise our troubled youngsters something better than this bleak future. Won't you try to help?

American Civil Liberties Union of Georgia

53 Fairlie Street, N.W. ■ Atlanta, Georgia 30303

The South of the Future

A Statement of Policy and Aims of the Southern Regional Council December 12, 1951

EIGHT years ago, the Southern Regional Council was born out of the conscience and high resolve of a democratic nation at war. Today, in another period of international tension, we are faced with a renewed challenge to provide leadership and direction in a troubled region. It is essential that we assess clearly and wisely the role that the Southern Regional Council is to perform in this critical time.

We do not believe in the exclusive validity of any single approach or any single organization. There is not only room, but a desperate need for a wide variety of programs concerned with broadening democracy through legal, economic, legislative, religious, and educational means. Moreover, such programs are needed on all levels — national, regional, state, and local. Every group, like every individual, should chart its course with due regard for the special contribution it is fitted to make.

THE ROLE APPROPRIATE to the Southern Regional Council is evident in its origin and make-up. The Council's main asset is and has always been the people of the South who understand and want the full practice of democracy, and who at the same time know intimately the old evils that burden the South, and their causes. From such people is the Council's membership drawn. They have wanted a regional organization, not out of any provincial desire to separate the South's problems from the nation's, but out of the conviction that such an organization has unique advantages. It can express the best and often neglected elements of Southern

thought and conscience; it can serve as a convincing demonstration of Southerners working together as fellow citizens without regard to race; and it can tap local resources and initiative often inaccessible to agencies outside the region.

The Council seeks to be a practical organization, emphasizing working solutions rather than spectacular pronouncements. Indeed, that philosophy is basic to an organization which hopes to open closed minds and substitute reason for prejudice.

The Council, by its very nature, is not a "mass pressure" organization. The number of persons in the South who are able and willing to reject the taboos on interracial effort in their own communities is growing, but it has not yet reached mass proportions. Meanwhile, the Council's membership can function effectively as enlightened citizens acting through the civic life of their communities in behalf of our common principles. Their methods are the established ones of conference, fact-finding, and persuasion.

The Council takes no part in political activity. However, it can and does consult with public agencies and officials and makes its influence felt for truly representative government.

THE COUNCIL'S FUNCTIONS may be briefly summed up as follows:

To serve as a meeting ground for citizens of all races, occupations, and religious persuasions.

To present the facts about the region, and their implications, through newspapers, radio, magazines, pamphlets, and other public media.

To counteract appeals to prejudice and violence by demagogues, professional bigots, and hate organizations.

To provide a program adaptable to local need in both the relatively backward and the relatively advanced areas of the South.

To translate appropriate research findings from universities and other centers to the practical situations with which the

action program will be concerned.

To give special emphasis to the development of leadership among promising young Southerners of all races.

To convene, by interest group, key persons in the various fields of Southern life, so that steps to genuine integration may be representatively agreed upon.

To stimulate local initiative to work for local solutions in full democracy, so that legislation and judicial rulings may be translated into justice for the individual in his everyday life.

The basic machinery necessary to enable the Council to work effectively at these tasks is: (1) trained, competent, professional persons of both races working in each Southern state as agents of improvement in public life; and (2) staff in a central office of the Council to direct and service the field people.

THE DECLARED PURPOSE of the Southern Regional Council is "to attain through research and action the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the region." This objective has lost none of its timeliness since it was first adopted. Although the past eight years have brought notable progress in the South, the job remaining is a vast one, and the pressures of national and international events demand an even speedier advance. Many of our institutions continue to make unfair and unwarranted distinctions between citizens solely on the basis of race. Outmoded traditions, unjustified fears, and ancient prejudices continue to exact a heavy toll on the unity, productiveness, and integrity of our society.

It is the ultimate hope and aim of the Council that it may help in bringing solution to regional problems that transcend the question of race — problems economic, social, ethical, which affect impartially people of all races. But, for the present, the unique liability under which the South labors arises out of an unreasoning racial disharmony. The first task of informed and conscientious Southerners is to strive

to create here the atmosphere in which artificial distinctions and discriminations based upon race will no longer persist. Only when that goal has been attained will the energies of enlightened men be fully released for the great task of realizing all our potential resources, natural and human.

THE SOUTH OF THE FUTURE, toward which our efforts are directed, is a South freed of stultifying inheritances from the past. It is a South where the measure of a man will be his ability, not his race; where a common citizenship will work in democratic understanding for the common good; where all who labor will be rewarded in proportion to their skill and achievement; where all can feel confident of personal safety and equality before the law; where there will exist no double standard in housing, health, education, or other public services; where segregation will be recognized as a cruel and needless penalty on the human spirit, and will no longer be imposed; where, above all, every individual will enjoy a full share of dignity and self-respect, in recognition of his creation in the image of God.

Equal opportunity, truly defined, includes all this and more. We have no illusion that it can be realized in the South quickly or easily or perfectly. Nor do we imagine that the Southern Regional Council can play more than a modest but creditable part toward its achievement. Yet it is the ideal toward which we strive and, short of which, we have a duty to remain dissatisfied. For it is nothing less than the American ideal.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

63 Auburn Avenue, N. E. • Atlanta 3, Georgia

Southern Regional Council
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AVENUE
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

GEORGE S. MITCHELL,
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

MEMORANDUM

October 22, 1956

From: Rufus E. Clement, Chairman, Executive Committee

To: Members of the Southern Regional Council

Subject: Proposals re Future of SRC

The Executive Committee, at its meeting of September 20-21, considered at length the orientation and emphasis of the Southern Regional Council's program in the period ahead. Staff members had submitted, in the form of a memorandum, proposals which were worked over by the Committee in great detail. At the conclusion of these deliberations, the Executive Committee voted unanimously to "approve in principle the suggestions made in the staff memorandum of September 12, 1956, to the effect that the Southern Regional Council move toward, and arrive at, by September 1957, a program which places major emphasis upon a centralized regional operation rather than, as heretofore, a state program."

The present memorandum, drafted by the staff at the direction of the Executive Committee, sets out the proposals and the considerations which led us to submit them to the full Council for decision. I hope that you will

find the opportunity to acquaint yourself thoroughly with this material so that our discussion at Williamsburg may reflect the most thoughtful judgments of everyone present.

End of Present Grant Program

The current three-year period of aid from the Fund for the Republic, which expires on September 30, 1957, has been largely devoted to decentralizing the SRC movement in terms of both use of funds and program emphasis. The original expectation was that once the legal principle of integration was established, the problems of adjustment would break down according to widely varying local circumstances. Thus the energies and resources of SRC have been largely directed to subsidizing and servicing state affiliates. Within the three-year grant period, SRC has sought to create strong, professionally staffed, self-supporting, integrated agencies in the 12 Southern states.

By October 1, 1957, this objective will have been achieved in considerable part. In a few states, the present affiliates have failed to get off the ground, and one or two others might not survive the withdrawal of major subsidy by SRC. But, in most cases, the state groups should be expected to have reasonably effective programs and enough fund-raising competence to continue -- though the first few years would be difficult for many of them.

In view of the special difficulties arising from the development of powerful, officially sanctioned resistance in the South, we believe the three-year state organization effort will represent a creditable achievement. But we also believe that the efforts of the state organizations alone cannot meet the critical challenge of this period in the South. A renewal of program through regional staff is also essential.

SRC in a Time of Crisis

Since May 1954 and particularly within the past year, a national crisis has been precipitated by political and private reaction to the Supreme Court's school decision. We will not attempt a lengthy analysis of these developments, which are well known to people in SRC, but we list a few of the highlights.

What began as attitudes of defiance in four deep South states has become a "united front" by eight states. This defiance is manifested not only in official actions and utterances directed at the Supreme Court and its decision, but has also taken the turn of oppressive measures against Negroes or whites within the states who favor a positive or even a more moderate course of action.

Accompanying this official posture have been the phenomenal growth of the White Citizens Councils and other resistance movements, set-backs in the churches and the labor movement, the deterioration of political campaigns, and in general conformity or silence by the more responsible elements in the South. The example set by state office-holders and others in high places has stirred excitable rank and file Southerners to violence in several instances - even in areas in Tennessee, Texas, Kentucky, and West Virginia where integration should have been expected to proceed without a ripple.

All of this has presented grave problems in national and international terms. The impact of this Southern revolt on the prestige of the United States abroad, particularly among Asians and Africans, is of great concern to every thoughtful American. Domestically, the assaults on the authority of the Supreme Court, respect for law and order, and recognition of the rights of minority group citizens are major threats to the national welfare.

It has been observed by the New York Times and others that what is needed is a mobilization of all the constructive forces the country can muster to deal with the problem of segregation wisely and effectively. Unfortunately, such a mobilization has not taken place - largely because of confused national opinion about the workability of desegregation, about the extent and depth of resistance in the South, and about the potentialities of Negro citizens.

The Citizens Councils and several Southern state governments are making an extensive and expensive effort to sway national opinion. The effectiveness of these efforts to sell the racial "status quo" are evident in various ways: The U. S. News and World Report has given major support to pro-segregation views, most notably through popularization of one psychologist's thesis that Negroes are inherently less intelligent than whites. Such nationally syndicated columnists as Dorothy Thompson and Walter Lippman have argued that the trend toward integration should be slowed or halted. The platforms of both major political parties failed to endorse the Supreme Court's school decisions.

In short the climate of opinion has worsened not only in the South, but in the rest of the nation as well. And instead of merely local problems arising out of local opposition to integration, we are confronted by a renewal of pro-segregation activity that is regional in its leadership and national in its impact. A measure of this fact was the nearly unanimous adoption of the "Southern Manifesto" by Southern members of Congress. It is true, of course, that some of the Congressmen signed under duress. But the fact that such duress was possible indicates the power of the monolithic approach.

This situation imposes a tremendous responsibility on the SRC. As the one South-wide body with experience, professional skills, and reputation in

the field of race relations, we must perform on a broader and more effective scale than ever before. And we must recognize that we are dealing with causes and effects which are truly nation-wide in their impact.

Our task, as we see it, includes but goes far beyond the stimulation of local action to deal with matters of desegregation and democratic racial relations at the community level. We must play a greater role in establishing a broad national and Southern climate of opinion in which positive local efforts can succeed. We must assume more of the leadership in educating and rallying those national forces whose action or inaction at this time is crucial.

Indeed, it is doubtful that the Southern Regional Council can secure further major financing unless it develops program aimed at meeting these broader needs.

Relationship with State Organizations

SRC, with the generous aid of the Fund for the Republic, has made an extensive and valuable contribution to the growth of skill and organization in the several Southern states. Our state affiliates, against sizable odds, have shown gratifying development. Given a workable climate of opinion and influence, they can contribute greatly in the years ahead to the orderly implementation of integration within their respective states.

However, their effectiveness - indeed, their survival - is imperiled by national and regional developments on which they can have little influence. If we are to protect our investment in them, we must necessarily apply the resources and skills of SRC to this broader arena of opinion and practical forces. To do this will require basic reassessment of our financing, organizational structure, and program emphasis.

Proposed Future Relationship

In the light of prevailing circumstances, it is our judgment that SRC should now plan for a period after October 1, 1957, of approximately three years of increased effort as a regional organization carrying on program activities through its own staff.

During the last two and one-half years, we have devoted most of our resources to building and assisting the state affiliates. We have, necessarily, had to forego the development and execution of many program activities by the regional staff. Under the proposed plan, SRC would maintain a cooperative and helpful relationship with the state organizations but it would undertake itself a number of functions that are now performed either sketchily or not at all.

Such a reorientation would be best accomplished if the current grant period ending September 30, 1957, were completed according to the terms originally set in 1954. This means that the state organizations would continue to work to become more autonomous, and that their relationship with SRC would thenceforth be one of cooperation between independent organizations of similar purpose and goals. It is intended that in every way practicable there will be a continued close relationship between the SRC and the state organizations particularly in regard to program service, financial grants-in-aid and counsel on fund raising.

Future Financial Aid to State Groups

We recognize that a measure of continuing financial aid from SRC to all or some of the state organizations would be warranted. Therefore, we should undertake to secure funds for this purpose, though the amount procurable would undoubtedly be on a smaller scale than heretofore. Instead of the method of outright subsidy which we have used, the method of assistance would more closely resemble that of grants-in-aid. A state organization would submit its request to SRC, justifying such an allotment on the basis of a proposed program and evidence of organizational effectiveness

sufficient to carry out the program proposed. SRC would judge each such request on its merits and take favorable or unfavorable action accordingly. The customary safeguards against the use of such funds for political or other improper purposes would, of course, be taken. Once such a grant-in-aid had been made, the responsibility for fulfillment of its commitment would rest squarely on the policy body of the state group.

Such a revision in the relationship between SRC and the state groups would require certain by-law changes, including alteration of the present arrangement for election of some SRC board members by the state organizations.

Structure of SRC

A reorientation of SRC along the lines described above would necessitate some redefinition of the present staff structure. Present positions and staff duties are largely geared to the needs of the current state organization effort. In taking on more direct program functions, it would be necessary to supplement the existing staff and to redefine the responsibilities and duties of some of the present staff members. We are not attempting here to propose a detailed reorganization of this kind. That could best be done perhaps by a special sub-committee of Executive Committee members working closely with the staff.

Functions of SRC

The following types of activity represent new or heightened program emphases which the Council might undertake:

1) Consultant services to established public and private agencies

The consultant service project under the direction of John Hope II has so far been used as a service exclusively to the state affiliates. It has proved to be an extremely effective technique. Already we contemplate making

these services available to interested private groups and public bodies concerned with desegregation, the expectation being that such groups would bear the cost of the consultant services to them. In the next phase of the Council's work, broader use of the consultant services deserves high priority. The range of consultants available should be increased to include educators, police officials, public administrators, and others with first-hand experience in integrating communities. SRC's role would be that of "broker" between community leadership and those experts whose counsel would be most helpful. These services should be provided free, if necessary, in those situations which are likely to produce the most effective results.

2) Coordination of Agency Leadership

SRC now has more opportunities than it can grasp to advise and coordinate the leaders of national, Southern, and local groups concerned with race relations. In the coming period, SRC should take the initiative in bringing together such leadership for joint thinking and planning, and in stimulating needed activities. This will take staff time, travel, and resources that have not been available in the past. The arguments for extending this function are very strong. SRC has information and insights that are not available to other agencies and groups, and it commands the respect of a host of such organizations of many different types. The effective mobilization of the religious, labor, civic, and other agencies should be a major part of the desegregation effort.

3) Speakers

Several of the staff members and officers of SRC are now heavily in demand for speaking engagements. In this case too the demand is greater than the supply, and the potential demand is greater yet. Many of these occasions

are invaluable opportunities to express our general point of view to important segments of the public. In the coming period, we should recognize assistance to groups in securing speakers as an important organizational function. In order to make the best possible use of speakers without unduly diverting from other activities we should systematically draw on our lay leadership. The selection and briefing of persons available for speaking engagements would be a staff function.

4) Free Distribution of Materials

SRC has in the past produced little in the way of free literature. Our budget alone has made it essential for us to sell our materials to interested people and groups, however worthy the use to which they are to be put. We should seek the resources to enable us to distribute without cost literature that will serve a specific, effective purpose and for which no purchasers are available. We do not conceive of broadside or indiscriminate distribution of free literature as a worthwhile method. More strategic uses, however, are often possible but must be forgone because there is no ready way for the cost to be borne from non-SRC sources. It should be noted here that the White Citizens Councils and other resistance groups are making wide-spread distribution of free material, with telling results.

5) Interpretation and Application of Social Science Findings

There is a considerable body of social science findings with positive implications for action in the South today. This knowledge is having little practical effect, mainly because of the communications gulf between academic social scientists and the lay public. SRC is peculiarly well fitted to bridge this gap. Working in collaboration with the social scientists and their professional organizations, we could play a key role in getting their insights interpreted through popular media and brought to bear in local situations.

Our consultant service program is a valuable beginning in this direction, but the precedent needs to be greatly extended and raised to the national level. To carry out this role we must be prepared to expend a substantial amount of staff time and effort, as well as some money.

6) Expanding present functions

Many of the activities now carried on by the central office should be intensified or, if temporary, continued on a regular basis. An outstanding example of this is the work with church women directed by Mrs. M. E. Tilly; the need for more funds and wider impact of this program is already recognized.

Another example of a different sort is the fact-finding program now being carried on under a special nine-months grant from the Fund for the Republic. The results of this program are now coming in and will be aired through SRC publications and general publicity. These findings should serve to shed new light on the nature of the South's problems and promising approaches to their solution. This special fact-gathering and interpretation should be a continuing part of SRC's program.

Additional examples in this category would be intensified work with the press, television, and other mass media; conferences of Southern leadership; and work with the college students and other young people in the region.

7) Finances

It will take much more detailed planning before there can be meaningful estimates of the budget that would be required to carry out a program of the sort here outlined for a three-year period. A rough estimate would be no less than $200,000. annually. In the last fiscal year, SRC raised approximately $60,000. from sources other than the Fund for the Republic. During the coming fiscal year, October 1956 - October 1957, we must exceed our past performance by a goodly margin. If we are successful in raising the larger amount from

other sources required for our operation in 1956-57 we believe that the Fund for the Republic will be more receptive to our request for future aid. By the same token, they will probably expect similar performance from us in subsequent years.

These facts, coupled with the resignation of the present Executive Director, make urgent the assumption of greater responsibility for fund-raising by officers and members of the Council.

It is also to be hoped that in financing the Council for a future period it will be possible to secure funds on a flexible basis, and that rigid allocations of funds for pre-determined purposes can be avoided. The situation in the South today is an extremely fluid one, subject to rapid and unpredictable changes. Our program and financing should be readily adaptable to these changes in need that cannot be anticipated far in advance.

Nothing said here is intended to conflict with the Council's wholehearted follow-through of the third and last year of the state organization program, which began October 1, 1956. If this general proposal should be approved, however, it might well be possible in the weeks and months just ahead to begin developing some of the additional functions contemplated and seeking additional financing for them.

* * *

(Not printed at Government expense)

EXCERPTS FROM

Congressional Record

United States of America

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 85th CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

July 10, 1957

PROPOSED CIVIL RIGHTS LEGISLATION—THE JURY TRIAL AMENDMENT

Mr. DOUGLAS. Mr. President, the Senate Committee on the Judiciary has adopted an amendment to S. 83, the civil-rights bill, providing for jury trials in all contempt cases which might arise under the provisions of the bill.

I may say in all kindness, without reflection upon the motives of any Senator, that this particular amendment is designed to weaken and destroy the effectiveness of the civil-rights bill and, in particular, to destroy those sections which would help to guarantee the right of Negroes to vote.

I have secured for the information of Members of Congress—and I ask unanimous consent to have it made a part of the RECORD at the conclusion of my remarks—a memorandum prepared by the Research Office of the Southern Regional Council, which I received from the Legislative Reference Service of the Library of Congress, concerning Negro voter registration in 11 Southern States. In most cases classified by county. I shall include in the RECORD the explanation of how the figures were gathered and some comments on their accuracy, all of which I ask unanimous consent to have printed at an appropriate point in the RECORD.

GEORGIA

County	Nonwhite population over 18, 1950	Negroes registered, 1956
Appling	1,356	1,068
Atkinson	897	408
Bacon	558	8
Baker	1,819	0
Baldwin	8,461	2,487
Banks	229	32
Barrow	1,235	413
Bartow	2,404	702
Ben Hill	2,659	918
Berrien	1,107	738
Bibb	25,993	5,140
Bleckley	1,588	39
Brantley	451	175
Brooks	4,603	707
Bryan	1,269	885
Bulloch	4,755	1,795
Burke	8,797	399
Butts	2,168	1,414
Calhoun	3,232	126
Camden	2,062	1,556
Candler	1,494	1,174
Carroll	3,578	939
Catoosa	183	129
Charlton	772	12
Chatham	38,272	9,720
Chattahoochee	1,510	8
Chattooga	1,030	1,020
Cherokee	473	320
Clarke	6,249	2,866
Clay	2,148	97
Clayton	2,070	275

The Montgomery Advertiser

Published Every Week Day By THE MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER Established 1828

Entered at the Post Office at Montgomery Ala as Second Class Matter Under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879

R. F. HUDSON ..... Chairman of Board
R. F. HUDSON JR. ..... Publisher
GROVER C. HALL JR. ..... Editor-In-Chief
J. FRED THORNTON ..... Associate Editor
WILLIAM H. McDONALD ..... Assistant Editor

Alabama's Negro Vote By Counties

The rock bottom race issue in the South is not race mixing in schools, but the registration of Negro voters. In the Senate debate over providing jury trial in the civil rights bill, the enemies of jury trial saw away at the theme that white Southerners would not vote for conviction and Negroes are excluded from juries because they are not qualified voters. Senator Paul Douglas of Illinois argued last week:

> We believe that in the interest of justice . . . this cause will be better aided by having the judges, who are Southern whites, who come from Southern communities, and who share the mores of those communities, but who are somewhat insulated from improper pressure by life tenure, make the decisions, than by having cases tried by juries chosen from carefully culled jury lists, which either completely or preponderantly exclude Negroes.

In this connection, Senator Douglas had inserted into the *Congressional Record* a county-by-county breakdown on the number of Negro voters in Alabama. His figures were supplied by the Southern Regional Council. There is no perfectly accurate count of Negro voters, but this compilation is perhaps as accurate as any available:

County—	1950 potential Negro Voters	1956 number of Negroes registered
Autauga	4,042	73
Baldwin	4,493	625
Barbour	7,158	220

Birmingham Post-Herald

A SCRIPPS-HOWARD NEWSPAPER — TELEPHONE 53-5381

JAMES E. MILLS President — Editor JOHN W. FRIERSON

Douglas Blasts Alabama Juries

BY GENE WORTSMAN
Post-Herald Correspondent

WASHINGTON, June 12 — Sen. Paul Douglas (D., Ill.), warming up to the civil rights fight, yesterday lambasted Southern juries and customs, particularly those in Alabama.

He said low registration of Negro voters in Alabama and other Southern states "is the very reason" why civil rights legislation is needed.

Douglas' remarks were printed in full in today's Congressional Record.

Accompanying his statements was a county-by-county breakdown of the number of Negro residents in 11 Southern states in 1950 and the number of Negro voters in those counties in 1956.

Douglas said the Legislative Reference Service of the Library of Congress obtained figures for him from the research office of the Southern Regional Council.

Citing Alabama, Douglas declared:

"There were 516,245 Negro males and females over the age of 21 who were entitled to vote; but the number of Negroes registered was 53,356, or 10.3 per cent."

He said Southern states vote fewer people by percentage than other regions.

Alabama, with 28.5 per cent of the population voting, ranks 46th, followed by South Carolina and Mississippi.

His figures showed in part:

Jefferson County with 121,667 Negroes had 7000 Negro voters; Calhoun with 8304 had 1800; Cherokee, 736 had 250; Chilton, 2027 had 350; Cleburne, 380 had 60; Colbert, 4519 had 291; Cullman, 249 had 81; Etowah, 7672 had 2000.

Fayette, 1497 had 326; Franklin, 700 had 200; Lamar, 1204 had 100; Lauderdale, 4022 had 495; Lee,

Douglas Takes On South

A View That the Senator Is Emerging As Chief Champion of Civil Rights Bill

By JAMES RESTON
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 11— Senator Paul H. Douglas, Democrat of Illinois, is emerging as the most effective advocate of the Eisenhower Administration's civil rights bill in the Senate.

The white-thatched professor from the Middle West is contending with another powerful orator in the Democratic party, Senator Sam J. Ervin Jr. of North Carolina, for domination of what promises to be the most acrimonious debate of the session.

Every few days now, Senator Douglas appears on the floor armed with heavy catalogues of facts, to prove that the Negro in the South is being deprived of his right to vote in Federal elections.

The New York Times

ESTABLISHED 1851 REG. U. S. PAT. OFF

"All the News That's Fit to Print"

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher 1896-1935

Richmond Times-Dispatch

DAVID TENNANT BRYAN, *President and Publisher*

VIRGINIUS DABNEY, *Editor* JOHN H. COLBURN, *Managing Editor*

Thursday, August 21, 1958

A Race Agency and the Facts

Inaccurate statements as to its origins of the Southern Regional Council of Atlanta appeared recently in THE TIMES-DISPATCH, and should be corrected. They appeared — inadvertently, we are sure—in one of the series of articles by EDWARD B. SIMMONS of the New Bedford, Mass., *Standard-Times* concerning Communist efforts to incite racial strife in the United States.

MR. SIMMONS stated in the article appearing in our paper on August 5 that the Southern Regional Council, established in Atlanta in 1944, was an "offshoot of the old Southern Conference for Human Welfare, which was dissolved in 1948 after twice being described by the Federal Government as 'Communist front.'" He also said: "'The Communist *Daily Worker* openly boasted that JAMES E. JACKSON, chief of the Southern branch of the U. S. Communist party, was a co-founder of the Regional Council."

Taking these two charges in order, the Southern Regional Council was not an offshoot of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare. It was established in response to an appeal from respected Southern Negro leaders, who met at Durham, N. C., in October, 1942, on the call of DR. GORDON B. HANCOCK, of the Virginia Union faculty here, and DR. P. B. YOUNG, of Norfolk, publisher of the Norfolk *Journal and Guide*. These Negro leaders did not ask for the elimination of segregation in the schools or anywhere else; they asked that "separate but equal" be made a reality.

Responding to their appeal, a group of white leaders met in Atlanta in the spring of 1943, and expressed a desire to cooperate. Out of this grew the Southern Regional Council. The Council was the successor to the Commission on Interracial Cooperation, founded in 1919 by leading churchmen. To repeat, it not only was no "offshoot" of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare; it was criticized in some quarters because it was more conservative than that organization and suspected of being in competition with it.

We must remember, too, that when the Southern Conference for Human Welfare was established in 1938, it was not suspected of having any Communist connections, and many well-intentioned and patriotic Southerners participated in its early meetings. A number of these later joined the Southern Regional Council when they discovered the true purposes of the Conference for Human Welfare.

As to the allegation of the Communist *Daily Worker* that JAMES E. JACKSON, chief of the Southern branch of the U. S. Communist party, was a "co-founder of the Southern Regional Council," there is nothing to support this.

A JAMES E. JACKSON is listed as having attended the Durham meeting of Negro leaders in October, 1942, but is not mentioned by the Norfolk *Journal and Guide* as having been on the committee which drew up the statement then issued. JACKSON did not participate in the meetings of white and Negro leaders in 1943 and 1944 which led to the establishment of the Southern Regional Council, and he was not at any time an officer, director, or member of that agency. The *Daily Worker's* statement that he was a "founder" is as unreliable and inaccurate as nearly everything else in that Communist sheet.

The late DR. HOWARD W. ODUM, noted and respected member of the University of North Carolina faculty, was the first president of the Council. He was succeeded in 1945 by PAUL D. WILLIAMS, prominent Catholic layman of Richmond and co-founder of the Catholic Committee of the South, who served until 1951. MR. WILLIAMS was succeeded in that year by MARION A. WRIGHT, South Carolina attorney, former chairman of the South Carolina Library Board and past president of the University of South Carolina Alumni Association.

It should be emphasized that SRC worked within the framework of "separate but equal" for seven years, and did not announce for integration until 1951.

While we disagree strongly and completely with its present position on this issue, we feel obligated to point out, in fairness, that it was in no sense Communist in its origins. The Southern Regional Council was established because of a sincere desire on the part of white and Negro leaders in the South to eliminate many of the disabilities and discriminations from which Negroes were suffering.

It was hoped that if these could be substantially lessened, the colored South would not look to the colored North for leadership. Insufficient progress was made, unfortunately, and the NAACP moved in and launched its drive for the complete elimination of segregation — sooner than it probably would have done if SRC's accomplishments had been larger.

That is where we stand today.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

(Not printed at Government expense)

Congressional Record

United States of America

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 86th CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

Southern Regional Council

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

OF

HON. RICHARD BOLLING

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, March 2, 1959

Mr. BOLLING. Mr. Speaker, a sense of fairness impels me to insert the following editorials from two respected southern papers. These editorials from the Richmond Times-Dispatch and the Chattanooga Times discuss certain attacks on the good name of the Southern Regional Council and deserve the careful attention of every fairminded citizen regardless of his views:

[From the Richmond Times-Dispatch, Aug. 21, 1958]

A RACE AGENCY AND THE FACTS

Inaccurate statements as to its origins of the Southern Regional Council of Atlanta appeared recently in the Times-Dispatch, and should be corrected. They appeared—inadvertently, we are sure—in one of the series of articles by Edward B. Simmons, of the New Bedford (Mass.) Standard-Times, concerning Communist efforts to incite racial strife in the United States.

Mr. Simmons stated in the article appearing in our paper on August 5 that the Southern Regional Council, established in Atlanta in 1944, was an "offshoot of the old Southern Conference for Human Welfare, which was dissolved in 1948 after twice being described by the Federal Government as Communist front." He also said: "The Communist Daily Worker openly boasted that James E. Jackson, chief of the southern branch of the U.S. Communist Party, was a cofounder of the regional council."

Taking these two charges in order, the Southern Regional Council was not an offshoot of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare. It was established in response to an appeal from respected southern Negro leaders, who met at Durham, N.C., in October 1942, on the call of Dr. Gordon B. Hancock, of the Virginia Union faculty here, and Dr. P. B. Young, of Norfolk, publisher of the Norfolk Journal and Guide. These Negro leaders did not ask for the elimination of segregation in the schools or anywhere else; they asked that "separate but equal" be made a reality.

Responding to their appeal, a group of white leaders met in Atlanta in the spring of 1943, and expressed a desire to cooperate. Out of this grew the Southern Regional Council. The council was the successor to the Commission on Interracial Cooperation, founded in 1919 by leading churchmen. To repeat, it not only was no offshoot of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare; it was criticized in some quarters because it was more conservative than that organization and suspected of being in competition with it.

We must remember, too, that when the Southern Conference for Human Welfare was established in 1938, it was not suspected of having any Communist connections, and many well intentioned and patriotic southerners participated in its early meetings. A number of these later joined the Southern Regional Council when they discovered the true purposes of the Conference for Human Welfare.

As to the allegation of the Communist Daily Worker that James E. Jackson, chief of the southern branch of the U.S. Communist Party, was a cofounder of the Southern Regional Council, there is nothing to support this.

A James E. Jackson is listed as having attended the Durham meeting of Negro leaders in October 1942, but is not mentioned by the Norfolk Journal and Guide as having been on the committee which drew up the statement then issued. Jackson did not participate in the meetings of white and Negro leaders in 1943 and 1944 which led to the establishment of the Southern Regional Council, and he was not at any time an officer, director, or member of that agency. The Daily Worker's statement that he was a founder is as unreliable and inaccurate as nearly everything else in that Communist sheet.

The late Dr. Howard W. Odum, noted and respected member of the University of North Carolina faculty, was the first president of the council. He was succeeded in 1945 by Paul D. Williams, prominent Catholic layman of Richmond and cofounder of the Catholic Committee of the South, who served until 1951. Mr. Williams was succeeded in that year by Marion A. Wright, South Carolina attorney, former chairman of the South Carolina Library Board and past president of the University of South Carolina Alumni Association.

It should be emphasized that SRC worked within the framework of "separate but equal" for 7 years, and did not announce for integration until 1951.

While we disagree strongly and completely with its present position on this issue, we feel obligated to point out, in fairness, that it was in no sense Communist in its origins. The Southern Regional Council was established because of a sincere desire on the part of white and Negro leaders in the South to eliminate many of the disabilities and discriminations from which Negroes were suffering.

It was hoped that if these could be substantially lessened, the colored South would not look to the colored North for leadership. Insufficient progress was made, unfortunately, and the NAACP moved in and launched its drive for the complete elimination of segregation—sooner than it probably would have done if SRC's accomplishments had been larger.

That is where we stand today.

[From the Chattanoga (Tenn.) Times, Dec. 20, 1958]

MATTHEWS AND THE SRC

The Arkansas Legislative Council, concluding that a Communist plot is substantially responsible for the Little Rock desegregation crisis, has aired some charges so grossly unjust as to recall the McCarthyist nightmare.

There was J. B. Matthews, himself a former Communist-front leader, declaring that the Southern Regional Council had Red sympathizers in its ranks.

Just 20 years ago, Mr. Matthews was accusing Shirley Temple of aiding the Bolsheviks. The former chief counsel of the Dies committee is primarily remembered, however, for his July 1953 article in the American Mercury labeling "at least 7,000 Protestant clergymen" as "party members, fellow travelers, espionage agents, partyline adherents, and unwilling dupes." The protest,

from President Eisenhower and others, was so strong that Senator Joe McCarthy, who by then had carried his campaign of vilification directly to the White House, was forced to fire Mathews, whom he had just hired as executive director of his subcommittee.

In the Little Rock hearings, other familiar names in the business of smear were trotted out. The Southern Regional Council was a frequent target, though no one dared go so far as to impugn its motives as a whole.

The SRC, as is well known, is made up of foremost southern educators, clergymen, business, labor, and professional leaders. A discussion and research group, it was organized in 1943, as a result of Negro leaders' efforts to see that the "separate but equal" doctrine in southern education be made a reality. It grew also out of the Commission on Interracial Cooperation, founded in 1919 by leading churchmen.

Since then it has favored gradual compliance with the Supreme Court's decision, but even so staunchly segregationist a newspaper as the Richmond Times-Dispatch recently said: "The Southern Regional Council was established because of a sincere desire on the part of white and Negro leaders in the South to eliminate many of the disabilities and discriminations from which Negroes were suffering."

Now the Arkansas Legislative Council, with never a peep about the role of its own Governor Faubus, concludes on the word of former Communists, who are professional name-callers, and others, most of them from out of the region, that little more than a Red plot is the cause of their difficulties.

500090—69801

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1959

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, BOSTON, SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1959

Southerner Airs Moderate Views

By John Lofton

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Sumter, S.C.

A quiet Southern voice has, in recent months, been appealing to a steadily wider audience to yield to "reason" on the integration question.

The voice is that of James McBride Dabbs, president of the interracial Southern Regional Council and author of the recent book, "The Southern Heritage," which has been widely acclaimed as a classic statement on the American racial dilemma.

In the wake of the interest stirred up by the book, Mr. Dabbs has addressed TV and lecture hall listeners from Little Rock to Atlanta, from Pittsburgh to New York. And he feels that he is reaching minds not only in the nation but in his own region.

Mr. Dabbs has qualities that establish confidence in the part of the country in which he lives. He is a farmer—a man who is occupationally and genealogically rooted in the soil of the South.

He comes from forebears on both sides who have lived in South Carolina for 150 years. His 14-room columned house near Sumter, S.C., was built in 1860 by his slave-owning maternal grandfather as the seat for an estate of some 10,000 acres.

Calls Self Farmer

After more than 20 years in the fields, Mr. Dabbs thinks he has earned the appellation "farmer," despite the fact that from 1925 to 1937 he headed the English department of Coker College in nearby Hartsville. He forsook the campus for the furrow because he felt that, "if you don't meet people where they make their bread and butter, you get cut off from life."

In the controversy over schools, Mr. Dabbs says his forte is persuasion rather than pressure. But while he sees his own role as that of persuader, he doesn't think the term "moderate" clearly differentiates him from such groups as the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, which has been called "extremist" by some commentators.

His goal and that of the NAACP, he says, are the same—obedience of the law of the land. They are distinguishable only by their methods: persuasion and pressure. And persuader Dabbs is ready to acknowledge that only consistent pressure, steadily applied by the NAACP and other forces, will produce compliance with the law in the hard core South.

Liberal Unity Sought

If Mr. Dabbs's personal efforts and those of the Southern Regional Council are effective, the extent of the pressure necessary to produce results will be diminished. As Mr. Dabbs envisages his current objective it is to "unite lonely liberals" across the South.

While his book has provided a philosophy for such southerners, the organization which he heads is providing a vehicle through which they can work. The Southern Regional Council is a body of some 70 prominent southerners representing both races and the major religious faiths of a 13-state region.

Though not itself a mass membership organization, the council is the guiding force behind biracial human relations councils now established in 12 states. In these local groups white and Negro citizens work together toward a goal which the council has described as "a South . . . where segregation will be recognized as a cruel and needless penalty on the human spirit, and will no longer be imposed."

Through its 14-member staff the council conducts research and surveys, provides community educational and consultative services, promotes specific programs of action aimed at eliminating second class citizenship for Negroes. Its Atlanta headquarters serves as a coordinating agency and a clearinghouse from which some 200,000 pamphlets are distributed annually.

So far Mr. Dabbs has encountered no vocal neighborhood opposition to his stand, nor has he been threatened or penalized during a 14-year period of expressing a viewpoint which, locally, is thoroughly unorthodox. His background and his experience bar the kind of challenge that is usually hurled at proponents of integration.

He was born in 1896 only a mile from his present home, was educated in local schools and at the University of South Carolina. He has lived in rural South Carolina all his life except for intervals as a field artillery officer in France during World War I and as a graduate student at Clark University and later at Columbia. He married within his home state and sent his three daughters and two sons to local schools.

Negroes Predominate

Negroes make up nearly 60 per cent of the population of Sumter County, where he lives. (One of the defendant school districts in the historic desegregation case is in neighboring Clarendon County.) He has dealt with Negroes as employees, as tenants, and as sharecroppers on his farm.

Two Negroes now sharecrop cotton and tobacco on his place. (Neither lives on the farm. Both, in fact, own their own homes; one owns farm land in addition.)

Mr. Dabbs attributes his basically optimistic attitude toward the South to his religious outlook—he is an active Presbyterian layman—and to a feeling that desegregation is the humane side of the controversy, the side of the future.

Success Expected

While he foresees enough missionary work to keep him busy the rest of his life, he expects all of the South eventually to yield with as much grace as it can muster—the border states first and finally South Carolina and Mississippi.

Conceding that some southern apprehensions about race are genuine, Mr. Dabbs seeks to allay these by a scholarly presentation of the findings of modern social science. But he has deft barbs for what he considers to be patent sophistries.

Mr. Dabbs visualizes the South as having an opportunity to set a new pattern for the nation in community living, because it is just now getting a real start in industrialization and can consciously plan its urban institutions, whereas in the North urban-industrial molds are fixed.

If Mr. Dabbs should persuade enough of his countrymen to adopt this vision of the New South, he could become the most important regional spokesman since John C. Calhoun. Not since that other South Carolinian gave the Old South its philosophical charter for a stratified society has the region veered perceptibly from the course he set for it.

NEWS RELEASE
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

JAckson 2-8764

FOR RELEASE:

Sunday, December 6, 1959

The Southern Regional Council today called for an urgent effort to "get the issue of school desegregation out of the courts and into the hands of responsible educators."

The 80-member council of white and Negro Southerners, dedicated to the improvement of race relations, issued a policy statement on the school question from its Atlanta headquarters.

It proposed that Southern communities redefine the problem as "How best to educate all our youth?" rather than how to bar Negroes from white schools.

The Council also expressed opposition to the use of pupil placement as "a political device to evade or thwart desegregation."

It said: "When placement is not guided by professional concern and criteria, but is designed to perpetuate racial separation, its use will only prolong the South's unrest."

The council declared that much of the South's political leadership, while eager for economic progress, has "seceded from reality" on the school issue. "Not for long," it warned "can this contradiction be kept from blighting the South's economic chance, its moral vigor, and its once great capacity to supply statesmen for the country."

In contrast, the council cited more than 200 Southern school districts where desegregation was started voluntarily. It added: "They give witness to the fact that where responsible leaders take the initiative, desegregation can be handled by Southerners without turmoil or court decrees."

THE FULL TEXT OF THE STATEMENT FOLLOWS:

STATEMENT OF THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

What is right for the South to do has become what is practically urgent for the South to do. During the five years since the Supreme Court's decision in the School Segregation Cases, vast transformations have occurred throughout the world. One has only to recall the advent of space explorations; the fearsome developments in military weapons; the incredible industrialization of China; the growing economic and technological power of the Soviet Union; the emergence of African and Asian nationalism; or the formidable increase of the earth's population.

During these same years, the South has straddled the realities of the twentieth century. Its zeal for economic progress has kept pace with the times. But much of its political leadership, in vain adherence to the unconstitutional practice of segregation, has seceded from reality.

Not for long can this contradiction be kept from blighting the South's economic chance, its moral vigor, and the remnants of its once great capacity to supply statesmen for the country. Nor can the damage be kept from invading the self-interest of every Southerner -- the business man whose operations are endangered by the decay of law and order, the worker and consumer whose fortunes depend on the health of the economy, the youth whose education is threatened by interruption. Unless thoughtless resistance to both law and reality can be outgrown, the region will be a liability to the nation and the cause of human freedom which the South has believed itself to love.

Fortunately, there is a growing understanding that school closings, violence, demagoguery, and the products of defiance come with a price tag. The South has moved far in recent years toward reclaiming its economic equality with the rest of the nation; only the ignorant or the self-serving would willingly risk destroying that progress. To avoid that danger, however, realism alone compels us to discard our outworn myths and prejudices and face up to the imperatives of change.

AN URGENT OBJECTIVE is to get the issue of school desegregation out of the courts and into the hands of responsible educators.

Southern communities need to redefine their school problem. Instead of "How can we keep Negroes out?" or "How few can we admit?", they need to consider, "How best can we educate all our youth?" By revising the question, one moves from an emotional to a professional problem, to be solved primarily by educators; and that is as it should be.

For example, we strongly oppose the use of so-called pupil placement as a political device to evade or thwart desegregation. When placement is not guided by professional concern and criteria, but is designed to perpetuate racial separation, its use will only prolong the South's unrest.

In the present climate there can be value in plans, such as that of Louisville, which permit both Negro and white students relatively easy transfer out of assigned schools. But plans which put on the Negro child and parent the total social and psychological burden of achieving desegregation are unjust and patently intended to escape the law. It is indefensible that children should have to run the gauntlet of hostile officials in order to enjoy their rights under law.

THE AMERICAN LEGAL SYSTEM assumes that when the law has been declared in a case, all persons in similar situations will comply, even though not parties to the case. Neither American constitutionalism nor the common law contemplates an endless web of litigation for the spreading of every legal concept. Nor is this the path to rewarding human relations.

Irresponsible political leadership has decreed this ordeal of litigation, and in some states this leadership is so far unwilling or unable to undo the obstruction it has caused. But positive local leadership has been available in certain areas of the South. In six Southern states, more than 200 school districts have initiated desegregation without conflict and without the compulsion of a specific court order. Hesitant and limited though many of these changes have been, they are at least beginnings toward voluntary compliance with the law. They give witness to the fact that where responsible leaders take the initiative, desegregation can be handled by Southerners without turmoil or court decrees.

Those communities which have desegregated, whether voluntarily or through court order, are now free, as they never before have been, to solve the problems of race relations. They can do so by adopting the only approach that has ever had realistic promise -- that is, by treating their Negro citizens as individuals, not as impersonal "problems." Instead of submitting themselves grudgingly to court direction, they can control their destinies by moving on their own initiative to end segregation in good faith.

THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL was conceived sixteen years ago out of the conviction that Southerners themselves must ultimately work out democratic solutions to the South's problems. We cannot -- any more than the rest of the world's people -- control the global pressures which bear in upon us and dictate the inevitability of change. But we can and must be accountable for the way in wiich we respond to these historic forces of our time.

We remain convinced that the South, out of its long experience and abundant kindliness, will someday set an example

for every part of the world where persons of different color live together. The way to begin is with white and Negro citizens planning together school systems that will respect the personality and rights of each student, and to do this as one phase of a general movement to end segregation in all public life.

Thus will we hasten the time when Southerners are distinguished from each other by individuality, not by race, and are bound to each other by a consciousness, not of color, but of common humanity.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
OF THE
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

A Review of Program Activities During 1961

February 1962

Not for publication or quotation
without permission.

ANNUAL REPORT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

1 9 6 1

My predecessor was wont to have his Annual Report in your hands in November. In this as in many things it has been hard for me to emulate.

The year 1961 brought important changes in the leadership of SRC. Dr. Rufus E. Clement, for many years Chairman of the Executive Committee, resigned that post in January 1961. John H. Wheeler, of Durham, was elected as his successor. In March, Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director since 1957, resigned, and the staff direction of the Council was entrusted to me. I know that I speak also for John Wheeler in acknowledging the great contributions made by Dr. Clement - still an active member of the Executive Committee -, and by Harold Fleming - still the Council's good friend and valued co-worker.

New members of the Executive Committee are H. Franklin Williams, Vice-President of the University of Miami; and Stephen J. Wright, President of Fisk University. They succeed the Rev. Duncan Hunter and L. D. Milton, both of whom have served the Council long and devotedly.

The past year in the South measured up in interest and excitement to the dizzying marks set by its forerunners. From crowded events to select a few as chief is, at best, a clumsy attempt to predict the future. One can,

nevertheless, say with some confidence that four developments dominated the year's events. The federal government was incomparably more active than ever before. School desegregation was entirely peaceful, and in Tennessee and Virginia began to advance beyond token dimensions. A noticeably more moderate political climate gained and spread, to everywhere except Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi, and South Carolina; even in Louisiana, Baton Rouge was induced to tolerate school desegregation in New Orleans. The Freedom Ride into Alabama and Mississippi, important in itself, introduced what have become two new patterns of challenge and response: direct action against segregation led by organized staffs; more sophisticated techniques of police suppression.

These were the trends and occurrences within which the Council's activities took place during 1961.

Field Programs

A game of semantics has been popular in recent years, played around the terms "integration", "desegregation", and "race mixing". The word "desegregation" has been preferred by the South's liberals and moderates, both because it seemed more palatable to many and because it is, in fact, the most accurate in describing what has been taking place. The good old English word "mix" has been taken over by the segregationists, and put to use as an epithet.

Yet it is clear that the only realistic solution to the South's - and the nation's - racial ills is neither a topys-turvy mixing nor a grudging desegregation, but a wholesome integration of the talents, the strengths, the dreams of neighbors in a community, of fellow-citizens in the nation. To this end the obstructions of law and custom have to be overcome, and the civil rights struggle is doing that. But beyond civil rights is the opportunity to build in the South a decent, satisfying human community.

The state and local Councils on Human Relations are dedicated to that end. Through combined labors in the civil rights campaign, their Negro and white members are learning now the values of the integrated society which has to be woven here in the South. During 1961, the Councils grew in number, in activity, and in influence. Membership was up from 4700 in 1960 to 6400, and there are now some 65 local councils. Funds raised locally (exclusive of any foundation grants or SRC grants-in-aid) increased from $50,335 to $56,626. With the help of SRC's Director of Field Activities, Paul Rilling, promising beginnings were made in the formation of a Council in Mississippi and first steps were taken in Louisiana; in Texas, the other state without an active state Council, the Houston Council grew steadily. Exceptionally able staff persons were found to fill vacancies in Alabama, Georgia, and Virginia. Special foundation grants permitted Georgia

to appoint an associate staff director, and Tennessee to put into effect a very interesting plan of enlarged staff services.

There are places in the Deep South where local Councils still feel constrained to meet secretly. The Fairfax County (Va.) Council conducts integrated youth camps. These contrasts reflect the differences of the region. Within the contrasts there is a similar need for racial cooperation in ending discrimination and in integrating the energies of the South.

Our interests in this field are expressed not only through the state Councils, but through the overlapping organization of southern church women into the Fellowship of the Concerned, led by SRC's and the South's indomitable Mrs. M. E. Tilly. The Fellowship's annual meeting in November was the largest in years. Speakers included the Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr. and Bishop John O. Smith, of the North Georgia Conference of the Methodist Church. State meetings of the Fellowship were held in Florida and Georgia. Despite a broken hip and the saddest of family trials, Mrs. Tilly continues her great captaincy of the southern conscience.

The third principal field program is quite different. The Southern Leadership Project is a quiet ministry of realism among economic, educational, and civic leaders of the South. Benjamin Muse, who has led the Project since its inception in early 1959, and his associates have been

remarkably successful in establishing dialogue with decision makers, supplying them with information, linking them into communication with their counterparts in other locales of the region. This valuable program began in 1961 a concentrated focus on the Deep South states.

Col. Muse's book, Virginia's Massive Resistance, was published by Indiana University Press, and received wide and favorable reviews. Many copies of the book, written as a part of the Leadership Project, have been selectively distributed throughout the South.

Other field activities are less a matter of program than of service. Officers as well as staff members are involved in numerous conferences, in speech making, and in unending and fruitful conversations with other agencies and persons working in the race relations field. SRC acts as the secretariat for the Southern Interagency Conference, which quarterly brings together the agencies conducting human relations and civil rights programs.

The Voter Education Project

An extraordinary amount of staff time, energy, and thought were given to the development of what will be one of the most ambitious projects in SRC's history. The Voter Education Project will place SRC in the role

of allocating substantial sums of money to other civil rights groups for the support of their voter registration work, and of coordinating their efforts. Our involvement will be designed and limited in such a way as to serve our traditional research interest in voting patterns. The Project's beginning waits now on receipt of a requested advance ruling from the Treasury that it is consistent with our tax-exemption charter. Note is made of it here, however, because the planning of it bulked so large in our 1961 activities.

One by-product of the planning stage of the Project has been a phenomenon that appears throughout our other affairs as well. The Council has always enjoyed close and friendly relations with allied agencies. During 1961, with the emergence into prominence of some relatively new groups, SRC was tested as perhaps never before in its capacity to be a trusted co-laborer and resource for all. Numerous informal relationships, as well as the heavy demands of the Voter Education Project, obligate SRC to make its unique contribution to the maintenance of both momentum and responsibility, and the minimizing of inevitable friction, within the civil rights movement.

Research

In January 1961 the Council brought out The Federal Executive and Civil Rights. Few if any of our

publications have been as useful. Not only was press attention excellent, but the report was gratifyingly well received by the new Administration.

Shortly after publication, an officer and three staff members of the Council were among a small group of Southerners called to Washington for a conference with the Attorney-General on civil rights issues, and a subsequent meeting with the Vice-President.

A Special Report in May, The Freedom Ride, also got wide-spread comment. Because the report asked certain questions about the practicality of the Freedom Ride, although indicating at the same time a basic approval, some of our friends had reservations about it. SRC staff read and heard of these reservations. The staff's conviction has not lessened on the crucial point, which is that the Council has achieved a reputation for informed, objective interpretation of events in the South, and it is our constant responsibility to merit that reputation. It is essential that the Council maintain its intellectual independence, and for the Council it would be out of character to register its interpretations and judgments covertly. We were gratified, therefore, by the observation of the Atlanta Constitution's editor, in his daily column, that we had "not dodged self-searching, which is a requirement of responsible liberalism."

Under the able guidance of Research Director James A. Moss, other publications were released during 1961. The entire list is as follows:

Pamphlets

Houston: The Negro and Employment Opportunities in the South. Based on a survey by Art Gallaher, Jr., Associate Professor of Anthropology and Sociology, University of Houston. (The first of a series of employment studies in southern cities.)

Notable Addresses

Haywood N. Hill, This I Believe

Daniel C. Thompson, The Case for Integration

Special Reports

Mary Ellen Goodman, Sanctuaries for Tradition: Virginia's New Private Schools

The Freedom Ride

The Student Protest Movement: A Recapitulation

Leadership Reports

L-23 - Desegregation in Higher Education

L-24 - From an address by Malcolm Bryan, President of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta,---on the Importance of Maintaining Law and Order to Secure Outside Capital Investment

L-24A- New School Laws in Georgia

L-25 - New Census Look at Cities and Race (Reprinted from the Washington Post)

L-26 - From an address by General Lucius D. Clay, Chairman of the Board, Continental Can Company, etc.

L-27 - The Hard or the Easy Way?

L-28 - Organizations Supporting the Student Protest Movement.

L-29 - ---A resolution passed at the recent annual meeting of the American Anthropological Association ---

Miscellaneous

The Federal Executive and Civil Rights.

A brief special mention is due Dr. Haywood Hill's This I Believe. Demand has been so great that, after an initial printing of 12,000 copies, we have printed 50,000 more and our stock now is low.

Reaction to Crisis

By its nature, the Council can be of only limited usefulness during a crisis, and sometimes can only despairingly recognize that it can do nothing until the storm abates. Whether and how we can act depends partly on the situation, partly on the resources we have. During 1960, the Southern Leadership Project

helped substantially to hasten solution of lunch-counter controversies in several places. In 1961, New Orleans and Albany (Ga.) provided examples of what SRC can do, and also cannot do. In both of the illustrations it will be noted that SRC worked with and through a Human Relations Council or other like-principled group.

In New Orleans, for the second year in a row, SRC conducted special programs, aiding and advising the work of local groups concerned with orderly desegregation. Special foundation grants permitted the preparation and distribution of educational materials. SRC's Director of Field Activities spent much of his time during the Summer in New Orleans, helping to plan and coordinate the citizens movement which this year made a decisive contribution to peaceful desegregation. (Similar program was conducted in Atlanta.)

When the disorders of Albany began in early December we noted the complete absence of communication between the white and Negro sections, and we saw also a hope that some could be started. The Director of the Georgia Council on Human Relations, Mrs. William C. Pauley, after consultation with SRC staff, went to Albany. Patient, skilled mediation on her part (only momentarily halted by her arrest, and quick release on the Mayor's instruction) got negotiations started. After two days these collapsed, and the large march

and more arrests took place. SRC's Director of Field Activities then went to Albany, in company with an Anti-Defamation League representative. The two of them, through hours of quiet labor, brought about the resumption of negotiations, and were channels for messaging back and forth until an agreement was reached. Throughout this critical period, SRC staff in Atlanta was in almost continual phone communication with persons active in Albany and with the press which was covering the event. Mrs. Pauley returned to Albany in January, and worked closely with the Negro movement in framing and presenting its case before the City Commission. She has since remained close to the situation.

In the meantime, because we thought the Albany crisis enclosed so many pregnant issues that needed to be understood, we engaged Professor Howard Zinn, Spelman College historian, to write a report. He worked through his Christmas holiday and the report was released in early January. We chose not to give it a press release because, in this case, our aim was not to add a news factor but to deepen the understanding of those actively involved in crisis, or required by their positions to interpret it or react to it. For the same reason, we wanted the report done before the crisis ended.

Within days of release and distribution, the Albany police chief - criticized in the report - ordered a number of extra copies. The Negro movement in Albany sent for 400. And comments from other sources, such as the following, indicated that the report was serving its purpose:

from a wire-service reporter

> I must admit you have out-reported newsmen on the job.---Many of the features of the report were news to me - a reporter who arrived in Albany December 11. Having covered Freedom Rides in Jackson, Mississippi and racial developments in McComb, Mississippi before Albany - the report is something I have longed to do myself.----

from the editor of a national weekly

> That report of yours is a completely first-rate document.

from an official of an American Embassy in the Far East

> We read it aloud one night until after midnight.---The report is the best kind of history - the only meaningful journalism-----

from a Methodist clergyman in Baton Rouge

> I hereby request that a similar type report be made on the Baton Rouge situation.----

(Finally, this discussion should note that the Director of the Southern Leadership Project had been quietly and effectively at work in Birmingham even before year's end; the enveloping dilemma of that city is a matter of constant attention, and of liaison with

the Alabama Council and consultation with responsible authorities.)

New South

Miss Margaret Long joined the staff in July, and under her editor-ship New South has been rejuvenated. It is our hope to make of it a magazine of intellectual vigor, and this can be possible only if it is interesting to read. Margaret Long is a gifted writer herself, adroit at attacking half-truths, an authentic voice of the South whom we are delighted to have with us.

Brief Mention

The number of foreign visitors received by the Council jumped greatly, and somewhat bewilderingly. The Council welcomes these people, despite the inroads on our time. They come to our offices with varying, but almost always alarming, degrees of ignorgance and distorted opinion about the South; we try to give them an accurate interpretation.

Two special research projects are being administered. James McBride Dabbs is pursuing certain studies in southern history. Dr. M. Robert Coles, a psychiatrist, is exploring the effects of school desegregation on the personalities of the involved students.

Organization and Administration

New Council Members elected at the Annual Meeting in November will bring fresh ideas and vigor. They are Mrs. Vivion Brewer, civic leader in Little Rock; A.D. Beittel of Jackson, President of Tougaloo Christian College; the Rev. Theodore R. Gibson, pastor of Christ Episcopal Church of Miami; the Rev. M.D. McCollom, Orangeburg, (S.C.); John P. Nelson, Jr., attorney and Catholic lay leader of New Orleans; Lucius H. Pitts, President of Miles College, Birmingham; David H. Scull, businessman and prominent Quaker, Annandale, (Va.); Andrew M. Secrest, editor of the Cheraw (S.C.) Chronicle; and the Rev. Kelly M. Smith, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Nashville. One other elected in November has requested that his term not begin as yet. The terms of S.E. Duncan, A.G. Gaston, Harry Golden, and Bishop M. L. Harris ended, and their colleagues regretfully saw them leave.

Finances, as always, claimed their share of attention. Stocks received by the Council were sold. The generous, unexpected, and unbudgeted bequest of the William Emerson Estate, paid to the Council in portions between 1958 and final payment in 1961, was converted into a modest reserve fund and invested in the Common Stock Fund of the Trust Company of Georgia. Expenditures are kept in forecast in order to permit placing funds whenever possible in the savings account and in short term governments. The experienced judgment and watchfulness of Finance Committee

Chairman, L.D. Milton, has been of invaluable assistance.

In these as in all other administrative matters, I wish to acknowledge my personal indebtedness to the Council's Secretary-Treasurer, Mrs. Ruth House Alexander; and to Paul Anthony, Executive Assistant.

Contributors to the Council have continued to give generously. Particularly noteworthy in this Annual Report is the assistance, granted for the first time in 1961, of the Rockefeller Foundation.

The Council depends on these friends who largely finance its work. It depends also on the services of a dedicated and skilled staff. My regard for these friends who are my fellow staff-members may be inferred when I say that I believe President Dabbs spoke their spirit and their resolve when he concluded his address at the Annual Meeting with these words:

> We live in a world where the position of the person grows increasingly precarious. Urban, industrial life tends to obliterate him; totalitarian government tends to obliterate him. Beyond these present dangers lies the ominous future, in which, if we do not destroy ourselves, we shall inevitably build units far greater than our national states, at the last perhaps a world state. What becomes of the person in such a comprehensive net?
>
> The South cannot solve these problems. It is possible, however, for the South to see more truly what it is: whites and Negroes who have suffered history together, and who in this enforced relationship have learned more wisdom than they know. The nation needs this wisdom. We need the exhilaration that comes from sharing it.

Leslie W. Dunbar

March 2, 1963

Sister M. John Mark, I.H.M.
Marygrove College
Monroe Campus
Monroe, Michigan

Dear Sister Mark:

In reply to your request for information about the Council, we are sending you, under separate cover, both information regarding the Council and several of our publications so that you can look them over and get an idea of the kinds of research and information we publish. We hope you will find these helpful.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Administrative Assistant

Mailed separately:
SRC Origin and Aims
The Changing South
Congressional Record reprint
The Annealing of the South
The Negro and the Ballot
Albany
The Federal Executive and Civil Rights
Executive Support of Civil Rights
New South, November-December, 1962

MA
photography

MARYGROVE COLLEGE
MONROE CAMPUS
MONROE, MICHIGAN

March 27, 1963

Director
Southern Regional Council Incorporated
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue N E
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir,

In our teacher training program, we are studying the sociology of the city and attempting to show the specific services provided for certain groups by organizations in the United States.

We are interested in obtaining information regarding the work of your organization on behalf of the Negro in urban America. We would appreciate any available information in the form of brochures, annual reports, handbooks, or other media which would help us in understanding the objectives, organization, program, and progress of your group in relation to this problem.

We are most grateful for your assistance in helping to acquaint us with the situation of the Negro in America and to work for better inter-racial understanding and harmony.

Very sincerely yours,

Sister M. John Mark, I. H. M.

Sister M. John Mark, I.H.M.
Marygrove College
Monroe Campus
Monroe, Michigan

April 11, 1963

Mr. Frank A. Williams, Jr.
Box #587
Springfield College
Springfield, Mass.

Dear Mr. Williams:

Your letter to Mr. Dunbar has been referred to me for reply. I am sending you some of our publications, some materials about our organization, and a list of our publications. The enclosures answer most of your questions.

Regarding enclosure C, the state councils are now autonomous, electing their own officers and managing their own affairs and programs. This is because a local group is more able to judge what it can do and how it can accomplish its objectives. The Council maintains liaison with the state councils through a field representative and periodic meetings of the state directors. The Council also channels foundation grants to the councils, and they in turn make financial and program reports each quarter.

The Council has been increased from 80 to 90 members, all Southerners in the past two years, and five additional members will be added in 1963 and 1964 to bring the membership to one hundred. This is in order to bring in some of the many new leaders in the civil rights and human relations fields.

In regard to your question No. 3, perhaps it should be added that we believe progress in the civil rights movement has been brought about by the Negro action groups; we also believe the Council has an important role in social change through interpretation, research and publication, and consultative services.

Regarding question No. 4, in the case of the Voter Education Project, the Council has the responsibility of administering foundation grants to the many voter education field workers (see enclosure E).

If, after you have read the materials we are sending, you have any more questions, please write again.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Administrative Assistant

Enclosures:
A - Origin and Aims
B.- The South of the Future
C - Congressional Record reprint, Origin and Aims
D - " " " , excerpts
E - News Release, Voter Education Project, March 29, 1962
F - Report of the Executive Director, 1962

Mailed separately:
New South, Sept., Oct., November-December, 1962
The Changing South
Racial Violence and Law Enforcement
Albany
The Federal Executive and Civil Rights
Executive Support of Civil Rights
The Annealing of the South

Mr. Frank A. Williams, Jr.
Box #587
Springfield, College
Spfld., Mass.

MA please reply (this probably one of Hans Spiegel's students)

Director, Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

April 8, 1963

Dear Sir:

I have chosen your organization for my topic in a class presentation the first week in May and would greatly appreciate your sending me any available information regarding the history of the Council.

If, in determining the material to send me, you would consider the following areas, it would be most helpful:

1) What were the needs that prompted the founding of the organization?

2) What changes does the organization wish to effect?

3) What implicit and explicit assumptions does the organization make about the process of social change?

4) What methods does the organization employ to bring about change?

a. need for interpretation to news media, government, politics
b. need for research - primarily brought about by the initiative of the Negro action groups;
c. interpretation education through publications + consultations
c. State Councils - in the case of VEP also handling formulating of voter education field workers

Sincere thanks for your cooperation in this matter.

Very truly yours

Frank A. Williams

FRANK A. WILLIAMS, JR.

FAW:mlr

Enclosed:
Origin and Aims
Congressional Record, Origin and Aims
" " excerpts
The South of the Future

Mailed separately:
News release, VEP
" " school desegregation
" " Albany Report
The Changing South
New South, November-December, 1962
Employment Study: Atlanta
The Negro and the Ballot

April 18, 1963

Miss Sally Frye
708 W. Vermont
Urbana, Illinois

Dear Miss Frye:

Your letter to Mr. Fleming has been referred to me for reply. For the past two years, Mr. Fleming has been executive vice president of the Potomac Institute in Washington, D. C.

Enclosures A through D answer your questions on origin, aims, philosophy, and some means of achieving these goals. Regarding enclosure B, the state councils are now autonomous, electing their own officers and managing their own affairs and programs. This is because a local group is more able to judge what it can do and how it can best accomplish its objectives. The Council maintains liaison with the state councils through a field representative and periodic meetings of the state directors. The Council also channels foundation grants to the councils, and they in turn make financial and program reports each quarter.

The Council has been increased from 80 to 90 members in the past two years, and five additional members will be added in 1963 and 1964 to bring the membership to one hundred.

We believe that progress in the civil rights movement has been brought about by the Negro action groups; we also believe the Council has an important role in social change through interpretation, research and publication, and consultative services--all considered educative.

Under separate cover we are also sending a selection of news releases and sample publications with a publications list, so that you may see the kinds of research and publishing we do.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright
Administrative Assistant

MB pls reply

Received 4/15/63 mw

708 W. Vermont
Urbana, Illinois
April 3, 1963

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I recently became aware of your organization and the fine work it is doing, and I am writing to request some detailed information about it. Specifically, I am anxious to receive any or all of the following: statements of your philosophy or ideology, statements of the group's goals or aims, methods of achieving these goals, formal bylaws, public relations releases or other persuasive materials, and any other relevant historical and current materials. I appreciate any consideration you can give this request. Thank you very much.

Sincerely,

Sally Frye

Sally Frye

May 21, 1963

Mr. Bruce L. Clayton
827 Louise Circle
Durham, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Clayton:

Your letter of May 16th has been referred to me for reply. Under separate cover we are sending you the requested publications, plus two others which we think will interest you and a publications list.

The Council is no longer a membership organization. When the state councils on human relations were set up, they became membership groups affiliated with the Southern Regional Council. They have since become autonomous groups, but still maintain liaison with the Council. We appreciate your interest, and are always eager to win friends and to distribute our materials.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Mailed separately:
Dunbar, "The Annealing of the South"
Price, The Negro and the Ballot (plus later registration figures)
The Federal Executive and Civil Rights
Southern Student Newspaper Opinion on the University of Mississippi
New South, Oct. 1962
" " November-December, 1962 (note later registration figures)

MA please reply

RECEIVED
MAY 20 1963

827 Louise Circle
Durham, North Carolina
May 16, 1963

Director, Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Several of your publications have been brought to my attention recently and have impressed me very much. I would like some information on your organization, and if possible, copies of these pamphlets or a list of those distributed by your group.

The publications that especially interested me are: "The Annealing of the South," by Leslie W. Dunbar, reprinted from The Virginia Quarterly Review; The Negro and the Ballot in the South by Margaret Price; The Federal Executive and Civil Rights; and a folder reprinting reactions of Southern university students to the crisis at Oxford, Mississippi.

I am very interested in your organization and would appreciate information on membership in addition to the favors I have asked above.

Sincerely,

Bruce L. Clayton

Bruce L. Clayton

May 21, 1963

Mr. Bayard Rustin
War Resisters League
5 Beekman Street
New York 38, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Rustin:

Since we are a little pressed for time, we are enclosing several of our printed materials which will give you the information you will need in preparing a vignette on the Council, for use in your 1964 calendar.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosures:
Aims and Purpose
South of the Future
VEP press release

WAR RESISTERS LEAGUE

AFFILIATED WITH THE WAR RESISTERS INTERNATIONAL

5 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK 38, N. Y. CORTLAND 7-4592

Edward P. Gottlieb
Chairman

Charles Bloomstein
Igal Roodenko
Vice-Chairmen

Orlie A. H. Pell
Treasurer

Bayard Rustin
Executive Secretary

Ralph Di Gia
Administrative Sec'y

David McReynolds
Field Secretary

Jim Peck
Publicity Director

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Bent Andresen
David Berkingoff
Roy Finch
Robert Gilmore
Scott Herrick
Roget Lockard
Thelma Mielke
Ann Morrissett
A. J. Muste
Lester Packer
Antonio Ramirez
Arlo Tatum
Jay Nelson Tuck
George Willoughby

NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

Winslow Ames
Albert Bigelow
Jack Bollens
James Bristol
Donald Calhoun
Ken Calkins
Miriam K. Cornelius
Henry Hitt Crane
David Dellinger
Bertha Faust
Nelson Fuson
Larry Gara
Walter Gormly
Gordon Graves
Richard Gregg
C. H. Hamlin
William Huntington
George Houser
Russell Johnson
Herbert Kelman
Roy Kepler
Brad Lyttle
Helen Mears
John Mecartney
Tracy D. Mygatt
Otto Nathan
Scott Nearing
Theodore Olson
Robert Pickus
George Reeves
Dorothy Rick
Lawrence Scott
Mulford Sibley
Oliver Stone
William Sutherland
Lyle Tatum
Denny Wilcher
Frances Witherspoor
George Yamada

16 May 1963

M.A. - please reply. Say "yes" but need early

RECEIVED MAY 20 1963

Leslie W. Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St. NW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar,

I wrote to you April 29 asking for material for the 1964 WRL calendar. We have not received this material from you, and the calendar should be in the hands of the printer very soon.

I realize how busy you are, but I do think the calendar will make a real contribution and therefore feel it important to have this material soon. I would very much appreciate your sending it to me at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

Bayard

Bayard Rustin

BR:hc

WAR RESISTERS LEAGUE

AFFILIATED WITH THE WAR RESISTERS INTERNATIONAL

5 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK 38, N. Y. CORTLAND 7-4592

Edward P. Gottlieb
Chairman

Charles Bloomstein
Igal Roodenko
Vice-Chairmen

Orlie A. H. Pell
Treasurer

Bayard Rustin
Executive Secretary

Ralph Di Gia
Administrative Sec'y

David McReynolds
Field Secretary

Jim Peck
Publicity Director

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Bent Andresen
David Berkingoff
Roy Finch
Robert Gilmore
Scott Herrick
Roget Lockard
Thelma Mielke
Ann Morrissett
A. J. Muste
Lester Packer
Antonio Ramirez
Arlo Tatum
Jay Nelson Tuck
George Willoughby

NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

Winslow Ames
Albert Bigelow
Jack Bollens
James Bristol
Donald Calhoun
Ken Calkins
Miriam K. Cornelius
Henry Hitt Crane
David Dellinger
Bertha Faust
Nelson Fuson
Larry Gara
Walter Gormly
Gordon Graves
Richard Gregg
C. H. Hamlin
William Huntington
George Houser
Russell Johnson
Herbert Kelman
Roy Kepler
Brad Lyttle
Helen Mears
John Mecartney
Tracy D. Mygatt
Otto Nathan
Scott Nearing
Theodore Olson
Robert Pickus
George Reeves
Dorothy Rick
Lawrence Scott
Mulford Sibley
Oliver Stone
William Sutherland
Lyle Tatum
Denny Wilcher
Frances Witherspoon
George Yamada

Rec'd 5/6/63

TA admin. plan

1923.

April 29, 1963

Dear Mr. Dunbar,

I am sending you under separate cover a 1963 WRL calendar in case you do not have one at hand, so that you can see just how we describe the individuals therein. For our next calendar we plan to do a similar treatment of groups and I hope you will be kind enough to give me some assistance in preparing it.

The 1964 calendar will be dedicated to 53 institutions that have existed or that now exist in the United States which have contributed to justice, peace and freedom in our society. We hope to get someone of the caliber of James Baldwin to write an introduction showing the integral relationship between the various areas of endeavor if a new and creative society is to emerge and describing the interaction of these various institutions with one another in the past.

We are seriously considering including the Southern Regional Council in the 1964 calendar. Therefore, would you please send us three typewritten pages about the organization which we can use as a work sheet in drawing up a vignette.

I would appreciate receiving this material as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

Bayard Rustin

Bayard Rustin

2010 Ruth Street
Leesville, Louisiana
June 8, 1963

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am presently preparing an academic paper for graduate study in government on private organizations which are working to promote civil liberties. Library materials on the subject have been exceedingly hard to uncover. So would you please send me some of your publications which explain the purpose of your organization, your activities and historical background.

Unfortunately, I am hard-pressed for time as this report must be delivered on Friday, June 14. Therefore, I must ask you to send this information via airmail. Any help you can give me will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Ellen O'Brien

Ellen O'Brien

6-12-63
mA

Box 9237 Duke Station
Durham, N.C.
June 9, 1963.

Mrs M.G. Albright,
Southern Regional Council.
Dear Mrs Albright,

I am interested in the work of the Southern Regional Council and, as an historian, would like to receive a list of the publications which this body has made. Any other material which the Council distributes I would be interested in. Please inform me of any costs involved.

Sincerely Yours,

Michael Bassett

6-12 63
MA

June 13, 1963

Mr. A. T. Fishman
12 E. Palm Avenue
Redlands, California

Dear Mr. Fishman:

Your letter to Mr. Dunbar has been referred to me for reply. I am enclosing some information about our organization and the publications list you requested.

The Council, in the past two years, has been increased from 80 to 90 members (all southerners) and five additional members will be added in 1963 and 1964 to bring the membership to one hundred. This is in order to bring in some of the many new leaders in the civil rights and human relations fields.

Our latest activity has been in the area of voter education, through the Voter Education Project.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosure:
SRC Origin and Aims
VEP news release
Congressional Record reprint
Publications list

MA

12 E. Palm Ave., Redlands, Calif.
6-6-63

Dr. Leslie Dunbar,
Southern Regional Council,
5 Forsythe St.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Dr. Dunbar:

In conversation with Rev. Martin England in Detroit recently, he gave me your name and address. I am interested in activities in the field of race relations and will appreciate it if you can let me have some information about the activities of your council. And if there are any publications available, I shall be glad if I may have a list of them.

Very truly yours,

A.T. Fishman

A.T.Fishman

8-5-63

RALPH McGILL

Atlanta Constitution

Bridging the Dividing Gulf

Perhaps the oldest and most consistently reliable source of information about the South's sociological and interracial problems is the Southern Regional Council. The Council, and its predecessor, the Commission on Interracial Cooperation, have been active since 1919. In that year a group of the South's Christian leaders decided an organization was needed to encourage and make possible the exchange of ideas and the foundation of mutual trust between the two races.

Because of the great gulf between the two races, one of the many pieces of folly thereby produced was that people living in the same city almost never knew what the other wanted, needed, felt or believed. There was no bridge of communication between them. (In many areas of the South there is none now. The hasty effort to create interracial committees in cities suddenly confronted with problems is illustration of how long there has been no communication.) For more than 20 years the Southern Regional Council has provided the one central source of factual, statistical information in the tortuous advance of conscience and law in the South.

Field Broadened

By 1940 it was apparent that the growing acuteness of the race issue required that the Commission broaden its field of operation. Prime mover was the distinguished Howard Odum, professor of sociology at the University of North Carolina. His monumental book, "Southern Regions," was a secular bible to young Southerners of the 1930's, when the old cotton South obviously was dying, and they strove to know and understand the complexities and contradictions of their region. Inspiration flowed from Odum. Chapel Hill became a sort of Delphic oracle. In those years Professor Arthur Raper produced "Preface to Peasantry," "The Tragedy of Lynching," and many other articles. Professor Rupert Vance contributed "Human Factors in Cotton Culture" and "Human Geography of the South." There was then, as now, an excitement in being a participating Southerner.

In 1944 the Southern Regional Council was chartered. The Commission on Interracial Cooperation merged with it. The new board consists of some 80 Southerners. They are drawn from the major religious faiths, from both races, and 13 states are represented.

From its beginning the Southern Regional Council has been dedicated to research and to the principle that fair, open and well-informed discussion and dialogue are invaluable to advancement and understanding.

Council's Research

Since 1944 the Council has provided consultative services to private and official agencies. It has carried on research and published its findings. (Its percentage of error has been practically nil.) It has become, and is, a clearing house for other agencies working with Southern problems.

Since it did provide honest discussion and factual information, it was attacked by all the forces of dishonesty and reaction. It was, of course, denounced as Communist inspired. It also was declared to be—as it was not—a successor to the controversial Southern Conference for Human Welfare. There was never any connection, however remote. This accusation persisted for years from Klans, White Citizens Councils, and from extremist right wing groups. It finally died away. Now it is revived as these same groups, facing the inevitability of change, again resort to trying to prove that all those who support equality before the law for all citizens are Communists or the stooges of Communists.

But as one looks back at the long road the South has come, the Southern Regional Council, which grew out of need, emerges as one of the beacons that has lighted the way and made factual discussion easier. It has been, and is, exciting to be a Southerner. But luckiest of all is the young Southerner. His political and spiritual leaders, national, state and local, are on trial before him. Never before has he had so good a chance to see them for what they are—or are not . . . and to make up his mind.

September 19, 1963

Mr. John Biauscci
Stanford Law Review
School of Law
Stanford University
Stanford, California

Dear Mr. Biauscci:

Sorry for the delay in replying to your letter, which was referred to me. Enclosed is a brief account of both SRC and the Voter Education Project, a project of SRC. I am also enclosing one of our publications lists to give you an idea of the sort of things we publish. We would be pleased to send your professor those dealing particularly with civil rights if you think this would be helpful to him in his visiting professor role at Harvard.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosure:
Origin and Aims
VEP press release
Publications list

Memo from **JEAN T. LEVINE**

8-22-63

Montez:

Do you agree with me that a letter from you describing the SRC, with a description of VEP as a project of SRC would be more helpful to this student than a letter from us? I think I have some copies of the original press release on VEP if this would be helpful to you.

Let me know.

Jean

Stanford Law Review
School of Law
Stanford University
Stanford, California
19 August 1963

Voter Education Project
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I am a third year law student engaged in research work for a Stanford University law professor. In the coming school year he will be teaching at Harvard Law School as a visiting professor. He intends to give a seminar there in civil rights, focussing on the problem of private discrimination. To aid him in preparing his seminar materials he has asked me to inquire into the identity, nature, and purposes of organizations and agencies in the United States that are involved in civil rights work. Miss Jeannette Harris of the American Civil Liberties Union, suggested that I contact your organization for information. Therefore I would be very interested in any literature or materials that you have available describing the activities, functions, purposes, etc., of your organization.

I would very much appreciate your sending me any of these materials or in directing me to where they can be found, I would also be interested in any information you might have on other similar agencies or organizations or on sources of information about them.

I will be grateful for your cooperation in this project.

Sincerely,

John Biauscci

John Biauscci

JWB: dsd

September 19, 1963

Miss Olga Finke
2835 Cascade Road, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30311

Dear Miss Finke:

Thank you for your very interesting letter. Information on SRC is enclosed. You will note that we are no longer a membership organization and our only large meeting of the year is for the Board of Directors.

The Council used to be a membership organization, when it first began, but after the organization of state councils on human relations in the southern states, these groups took over the membership function and have expanded it. There is in Atlanta both the Georgia Council on Human Relations office and the Atlanta Council on Human Relations office. (Both are in the telephone book.) All city councils are affiliated with the state group, but work primarily in their own city. The state groups cover the entire state. Depending on your interest (and you might wish to telephone each office for more information), you would, I am sure, be welcome in either office as a volunteer worker. There are many committees, there is office work, there is all sorts of activity.

Because of your experience in teaching pre-school children to read, you might be interested in teaching people to read who never had the opportunity to go to school. The Councils do not do this, but you could find opportunities in this field through the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (ask for Mr. Harry Boyte) or Quaker House might have a suggestion. They work with children, particularly in the summer and I believe one afternoon a week during the other part of the year.

Do investigate some or all of these possibilities. A volunteer of your spirit is always needed and appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

2835 Cascade Road, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30311

September 17th, 1963

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Would you please give me some information regarding your organization. Do you have public meetings? If so would you send me your programs. Also, do you seek volunteers who might offer their services to assist in one way or another?

I am a retired civil service employee and am interested particularly in assisting to the best of my ability minority groups in Atlanta. Have also had experience with pre-school children, using the Montessori Method for teaching the elements of reading, writing and arithmetic. I might be able to give one or two afternoons a month to serving.

It will be appreciated if you could suggest to me where I might find a need for the kind of volunteer service which I could contribute.

Sincerely yours,
Olga Finke
Olga Finke

September 19, 1963

Dr. M. Wax, Sociology
Emory University
Atlanta 22, Georgia

Dear Dr. Wax:

The Southern Regional Council is no longer a membership organization. When the state councils on human relations were organized, they became membership groups. The structure of the Council is explained in the enclosed mimeographed sheet.

There is a Georgia Council on Human Relations (in the telephone book) and an Atlanta Council on Human Relations (ditto). All city groups are affiliates of the state group. I would suggest that you telephone or write and ask that they send you membership information.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosure:
L-1
Publications list

Please send membership information.

Dr. M. Wax, Sociology
Emory University
Atlanta 22, Georgia

L-1
Public calendar list
New South Freedom

October 8, 1963

Mr. John W. Biasucci
Stanford Law Review
School of Law
Stanford, California

Dear Mr. Biasucci:

Enclosed is a short resume of the Council's origins and aims, and a policy statement. Our list of current publications is also enclosed for your information.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosed:
Origin and aims
Policy statement
publications list

MA

Stanford Law Review
School of Law
Stanford University
Stanford, California
September 7, 1963

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Gentlemen:

It has come to my attention that your organization is one that is active in the racial problem today. I am interested in inquiring into the nature, purposes and identity of all organizations in the United States that are engaged in such an effort. Therefore I would be very interested in any literature or materials that you have available describing the nature, purposes, activities, functions, etc., of your organization.

I would very much appreciate your sending me any of these materials or in directing me to where they can be found. I would also be interested in any information that you might have on other similar organizations or on sources of information about them.

I will be grateful for your cooperation in this project.

Sincerely,

John W. Biasucci

John W. Biasucci

October 14, 1963

Miss Lois Eby
National Student Young Women's Christian Asso'n
2 Lexington Avenue
New York 22, N. Y.

Dear Miss Eby:

Enclosed is a brief resume of the Origin and Aims of the Southern Regional Council. Membership of the Council has increased from 80 to 90 members (all southerners) since this was mimeographed, and five additional members will be added in 1963 and 1963 to bring the membership to one hundred. This is in order to bring in some of the many new leaders in the civil rights and human relations fields.

Our latest activity has been in the area of voter education, through the Voter Education Project (see enclosed news release).

Our latest publications list is enclosed.

The Council did organize Human Relations Councils in the southern states; these councils have now become autonomous, electing their own officers and running their own programs. There is continuing liaison between these councils and SRC, through our director of field activities. He visits the counsils by their request for consultation on program activities. However, you could not include them as "regional offices" and so I do not list them. If you wish to include them in your report as "cooperating organizations" you may do so, and a copy of the list is enclosed.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures: Aims and Origin
VEP news release
list of state councils
publications list

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

YWCA

National Student Young Women's Christian Association of the U. S. A.

600 LEXINGTON AVENUE
NEW YORK 22, N. Y.
PLAZA 3-4700
CABLE: EMISSARIUS, N. Y.

Chairman
OLGA SEASTROM
Pennsylvania State University

Vice Chairmen
CHRYSTAL KELLOGG
Southwestern College
KATHLEEN MILLER
Oklahoma State University
ALMA SENIORS
Tuskegee Institute

Chairman Administrative Committee
MRS. WILLIAM GENNÉ

Executive
MRS. MARGARET EDMUNSON NORTON

Associate in Administration
ODILE SWEENEY

Associates
JEAN M. WHITTET
Program Development
RUTH SHINN
Personnel and Training
ANNIE-KATE GILBERT
National Support

Consultant in Human Relations
CELESTINE L. SMITH, ED. D.

Administrative Assistant
HELEN BAIRD

President, National Board
MRS. ARCHIE D. MARVEL

General Secretary
EDITH M. LERRIGO

October 10, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear sir:

The National Student Christian Federation has asked us to compile a list of some organizations whose goals are concerned primarily with the struggle for Negro equality and racial understanding in the United States. We would like to include your organization in the list. We would appreciate your aiding us in providing accurate and helpful information by sending us a list of your regional offices or contacts and their addresses, plus any available information about the history, purpose, program, and publications of your organization.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Lois Eby

Lois Eby

LE:dj

YWCA ®

October 14, 1963

Miss Bonnie Brydon
Box 24
Edinboro, Pa.

Dear Miss Brydon:

The Council is not an action organization; a brief resume of the Origin and Aims is enclosed, along with a news release on our latest activity, the Voter Education Project, and a current publications list.

If you note anything in the publications list that you think to be of especial value to your workshop dealing with tutoring and teaching, you may order them by checking the list.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Box 24
Edinboro, Pennsylvania
October 10, 1963

Southern Regional Council
65 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs,

Could you please send me all available information on your organization and its local state and national policies. Also information pertaining to the part its playing in "Developing Open Communities" and the Negro Revolution in the United States today.

This information is needed in preparation for a workshop. A ny literature you would have on work projects for the summer or the academic year would be extremely helpful; especially those dealing with tutoring and teaching as the group consists maily of future teachers. If you have printed material or kits a sample would be greatly appreciated as materials for the group could be ordered later. Due to a lack of time your immediate consideration of this letter will be sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours

Bonnie Brydon

Bonnie Brydon

October 15, 1963

Dr. Sarah Martin Pereira
Professor of Spanish
District of Columbia Teachers College
Harvard and 11th Streets, N.W.
Washington 9, D. C.

Dear Professora Peireira:

Regarding the basic tenets and philosophy of the Southern Regional Council, the enclosed will give you an idea of our work, aims, and convictions. The publications list will give you an idea of the kinds of pamphlets we publish. If you would like a few sample copies, we would be pleased to send them to you.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosed:
Origin and Aims
The South of the Future
VEP news release
Publications list

2725 13th Street, N. E.
Washington 18 D. C.
October 6, 1963

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3 Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am writing to make inquiry concerning the basic tenets and philosophy of the Southern Regional Council. I am a subscriber to your publication NEW SOUTH and am interested in learning something of the principles and convictions or perhaps the manifesto of the SRC.

If you have any printed material which I could obtain so that I might have a full picture of your work, aims, and convictions, I would be very grateful.

Very sincerely yours,

Sarah M. Pereira

(Dr.) Sarah Martin Pereira
Professor of Spanish
District of Columbia Teachers College,
Harvard and 11th Streets, N. W.
Washington 9 D. C.

October 30, 1963

Mr. Donald Adamek
Bird Island
Minnesota 55310

Dear Mr. Adamek:

We are mailing you several things that will help you with your topic on the Council as a part of the year's study of "Civil Rights and the Role of the Negro."

A short resume of the Council's origin and aims is enclosed, along with our current publications list to give you an idea of the kinds of publications we research and publish. The Council has been increased from 80 to 90 members in the past two years, and five additional members will be added in 1963 and 1964 to bring the membership to 100. All are Southerners, and all are active in some phase of the civil rights movement.

We believe that progress in the civil rights movement has been brought about by the Negro and interracial action groups; we also believe the Council has an important role in social change through interpretation, research and publication, and consultative services--all considered educative. We have the most extensive files (since 1944) on race and race relations in the country, and they are open to anyone interested in this field. The news media (national and local) call on us daily for information and interpretation; writers and researchers consult with us by telephone, letter, and make personal visits to use our files. Our professional staff is in constant demand as speakers and as consultants to groups interested in civil rights and human relations.

Our latest project (and one of the most important) is described in the enclosed press release. The Negro action groups, working in cooperation with the Voter Education Project, have been responsible for at least 115,000 new Negro registrants and for saving an estimated 15,000 from being purged from voting lists. This during a period of intense resistant to voting registration in many of the areas where the field workers were engaged in education and other types of action, April 1962 - March 1963.

Regarding your last paragraph, we thank you for your expressed confidence in us, but the civil rights situation in the United States (both North and South) is too complicated for any one organization to solve the problem as of today! With all of us who are interested in seeing that the U. S. Constitution really applies equally to all persons, and that citizenship and opportunities for education, jobs, health etc. are open to all, --with all of us working together perhaps this can be accomplished soon. We hope so, and we will, of course, continue to work toward that end.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate
(Magazine)

P.S. If your library subscribes to the New York Times, may I suggest that you look up and read the following: Aug. 25, 1963, "What the Marchers Really Want"; and Aug. 18, 1963, "An N.A.A.C.P. Lawyer Answers Some Questions."

Regarding putting your librarian on our mailing list, may I suggest that the library subscribe to New South, our monthly magazine ($2.00 per year) which periodically lists all our recent publications. In that way, she could write for any which she thought would be helpful to current school studies.

Oct. 22, 1963
Bird Island, Minn.

Dear Gentlemen:

At the present time our Senior Social Problems class at St. Mary's High School is studing the topic "Civil Rights and the Role of the Negro". As an assignment I have been asked to write to your group and request free materials on the history, purpose and activities of your group in order that we might further out knowledge on the problem of Civil Rights. If possible could I please have my material by November 5 or sooner.

Any help that you can give me will be deeply appreciated and I hope that your group will progress forward and solve the Civil Right problem of today

Yours Truely,
Donald Adamek
Bird Island,
Minnesota. 55310

P.S. Our school librarian would like to be placed on your mailing list.

St Mary's High School
Bird Island
Minnesota 55310

October 30, 1963

Mr. Daniel Schwebel
66 Crescent Drive
New Providence, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Schwebel:

For your Sociology term paper on the effect of the Southern Regional Council, I am sending you several things: 1) past: see Congressional Record reprint. At the end of 1957 the state councils organized by the Council became autonomous. They have since elected their own officers, engaged their own directors, and planned their own programs. This is because the Council believes that each local group can best solve local problems. 2) the "origin and aims" and organizational outline briefly describes out present set up with one exception--the Council has been increased from 80 to 90 persons in the past two years and five additional members will be added in 1963 and 1964 to bring membership up to 100. All are Southerners and all are active in some phase of the civil rights movement.

Our latest project is the Voter Education Project, which studies the causes of low voter registration in the South to ascertain the most effective methods for increasing the southern electorate. The Project works cooperatively with other (action) groups such as the N.A.A.C.P., the National Urban League, C.O.R.E., Southern Christian Leadership Conference, and the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee. These groups maintain field representatives in areas of low voter registration and conduct programs of registration education and encouragement. The program has been endorsed by the chairmen of the Democratic and Republican National Committees, as well as a number of private organizations interested in a more democratic franchise. These include the American Friends Service Committee, the American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress, the National Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice, the National Catholic Welfare Conference, the National Council of the Churches of Christ, and the Negro American Labor Council. ~~From~~ April 1962 through March, 1963 the Negro action groups, in cooperation with the Voter Education Project, have been responsible for at least 115,000 new Negro registrants and for saving an estimated 15,000 from being purged from voting lists.

Our present activities are directed toward a role in social change through interpretation, research and publication, and consultative services---all considered educative. We have the most extensive files (since 1944) on race and race relations in the country, and they are open to anyone interested in this field. The news media (national and local) call on us daily for information and interpretation; writers and researchers consult with us by telephone, letter, and make personal visits to use our files. Our professional staff is in constant demand as speakers, and as consultants to groups interested in civil rights and human relations.

The enclosed publications list will give you an idea of the kinds of research we do and publish and distribute.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Daniel Schwebel
66 Crescent Drive
New Providence, N.J.

Dear Sir:

I am a Senior in New Providence High School, New Providence, New Jersey. My Sociology Term Paper pertains to the effect of your organization "The Southern Regional Council." I would appreciate receiving any literature you have available pertaining to the formation of your organization, the work it has done in the past, as well as your functions of today.

Thank you,
Daniel Schwebel

autumnum
1957

November 19, 1963

Miss Linda G. Washburn
1759 North Dunlap
St. Paul 13, Minn.

Dear Miss Washburn:

For your paper in your graduate course in sociology, we are sending you the requested information on the Council. We are in process of editing a new printed pamphlet describing the Council, but unfortunately it is not yet ready for distribution. I think the enclosed will answer most of your questions.

(1) a brief resume of the Council: Origin and Aims
(2) more detailed information on our history (other information now out of date)
(3) copy of information for new publication re our present program

As to how well we are succeeding....that is a difficult question to answer. Perhaps the enclosed copy of our publications list will give a partial answer, plus the program information. We believe progress in the civil rights movement has been brought about chiefly by the Negro action groups; we believe the Council has an important role in social change through interpretation, research and publication, and consultative services.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosures:
Origin and Aims
Reprint from Congressional Record
copy of program information
Publications list

1759 North Dunlap
St. Paul 13, Minn.
November 16, 1963

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I am in the process of writing a paper for a graduate course in sociology at the University of Minnesota on "The Reduction of Prejudice and Discrimination: Strategies With Major Emphasis on Changing Situations." I find that I am lacking certain information concerning your organization and would appreciate your help in answering the following questions: (1) What is the approach and program of the Southern Regional Council, (2) What problems do you face, and (3) How well are you succeeding in your aims.

Thank you for your co-operation.

Sincerely yours,
Linda Washburn
Miss Linda G. Washburn

November 20, 1963

Father Francis J. Daly, S.J.
West Baden College
West Baden Springs, Indiana

Dear Father Daly:

For your paper on the history purpose, and accomplishments of the Southern Regional Council for a discussion group at your college, we are sending you the requested information on the Council. We are in process of editing a new printed pamphlet describing the Council. Since it is not ready for distribution, I will have to send you several things from which you can gather the information for your paper; a brief resume of the origin and aims of SRC, a longer and more detailed history (please note the remaining information is now out-of-date, although true at the time), a copy of program information that is current.

As to our accomplishments, perhaps the enclosed publications list plus the program information will give you some idea of how we work and why it is difficult to list concrete accomplishments. We believe progress in the civil rights movement has been brought about chiefly by the Negro action groups; we believe the Council has an important role in social change through interpretation, research and publication, and consultative services--all considered educative. The Voter Education Project (see program) works cooperatively with other groups and organizations. These have field representatives, and they have been responsible, from April 1962 through March, 1963 (the first year of the two-year project) for at least 115,000 new Negro registrants and for saving an estimated 15,0000at least from being purged from voting lists. The project has been endorsed by the chairmen of the Democratic and Republican National Committees, as well as a number of private organizations interested in a more democratic franchise. These include the American Friends Service Committee, the American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress, the National Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice, the National Catholic Welfare Conference, the National Council of the Churches of Christ, and the Negro American Labor Council.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)

Enclosed:
Origin and Aims, Cangressional Record reprint, copy "program"

WEST BADEN COLLEGE
WEST BADEN SPRINGS
INDIANA

November 17, 1963

The Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Rm. 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Gentlemen:

I am writing a short paper on the history, purpose, and accomplishments of the Southern Regional Council for a discussion group at our college and I would greatly appreciate any information you could send me. I know it will be very useful for all of us.

I cannot pay for this material since I have no funds allotted for this purpose but I will appreciate anything you can send me. Also if you have any literature on the history of the American Negro I would be very grateful for it. Thank you for your time and consideration.

In Christ,

Francis J. Daly, S.J.

Francis J. Daly, S.J.

November 27, 1963

Mr. Steve Daniels
1810 North Sixth Street
Sheboygan, Wisconsin

Dear Mr. Daniels:

In reply to your letter requesting information on the Council, and the "various methods and pressures" used by us to ensure civil rights for the Negro, I should tell you first that we are not an action organization, but, by the terms of our charter, educative.

The enclosed "origin and aims" will give you briefly the outline of our organization and what we do. We are, unfortunately, out of our publications lists, but I am enclosing a copy of the current one so that you may note the kings of fact-finding research we do and the variety of publications we release. These are used by all persons and organizations interested in civil rights to reinforce their own programs. Our publications are much used by the various governmental bureaus and departments, and are quoted on the floor of the national legislature.

Sincerely yours,

Montez G. Albright (Mrs.)
Research Associate

Enclosures:
Origin and Aims
copy of publications list

1810 North 6th Street
Sheboygan, Wisconsin
November 21, 1963

Southern Religious Council
Harold C. Fleming Executive Sec.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen

As I am writting a paper on the subject of civil rights, to be more precise, "What steps are being taken to extend civil rights to the Negro?", I hope to soliciate help from your organization. I am interested in the various pressures and methods used by your group to ensure civil rights for the Negro. Pamphlets or other publications you put out will be a great deal of help. Any other form of information you could extend to me and my associates would be more than welcome.

I sinerely appreciate your prompt attention to the letter and would appreciate your prompt reply.

Sinerely yours

Steve Daniels

Steve Daniels
1810 North 6th Street
Sheboygan, Wisconsin